



This is a digital copy of a book that was preserved for generations on library shelves before it was carefully scanned by Google as part of a project to make the world's books discoverable online.

It has survived long enough for the copyright to expire and the book to enter the public domain. A public domain book is one that was never subject to copyright or whose legal copyright term has expired. Whether a book is in the public domain may vary country to country. Public domain books are our gateways to the past, representing a wealth of history, culture and knowledge that's often difficult to discover.

Marks, notations and other marginalia present in the original volume will appear in this file - a reminder of this book's long journey from the publisher to a library and finally to you.

Usage guidelines

Google is proud to partner with libraries to digitize public domain materials and make them widely accessible. Public domain books belong to the public and we are merely their custodians. Nevertheless, this work is expensive, so in order to keep providing this resource, we have taken steps to prevent abuse by commercial parties, including placing technical restrictions on automated querying.

We also ask that you:

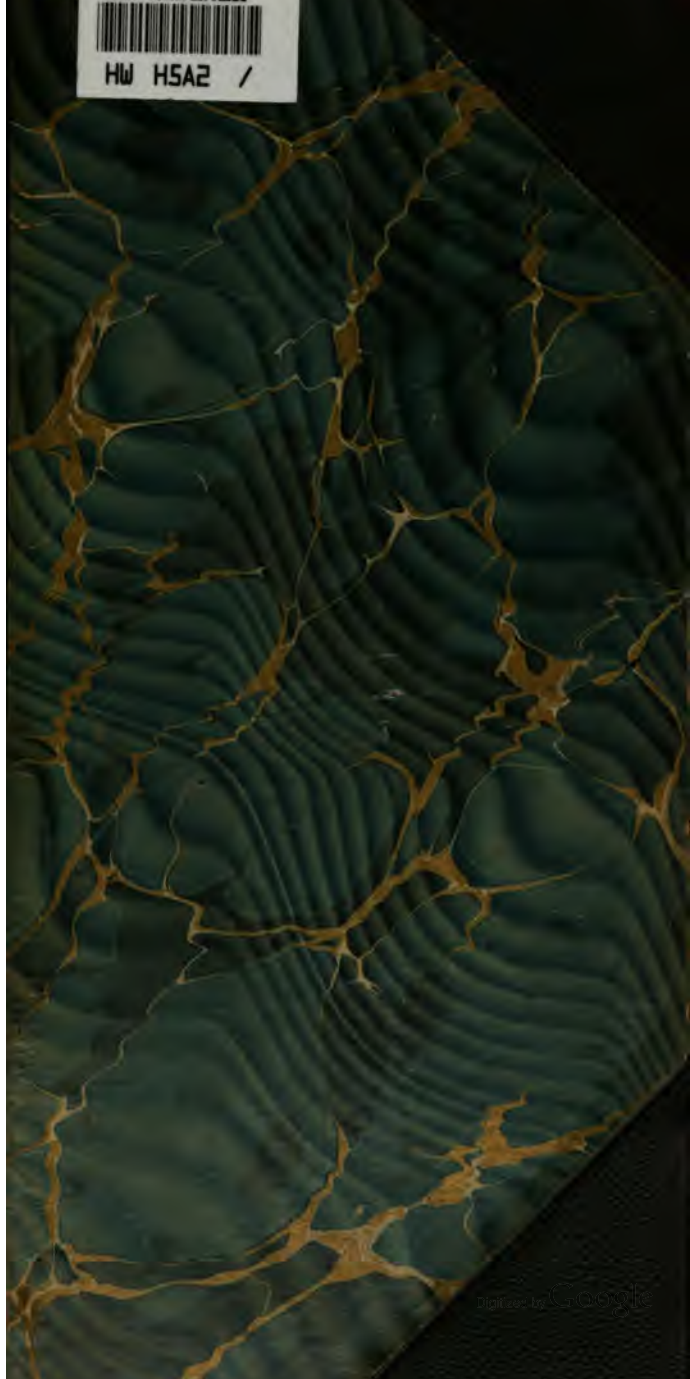
- + *Make non-commercial use of the files* We designed Google Book Search for use by individuals, and we request that you use these files for personal, non-commercial purposes.
- + *Refrain from automated querying* Do not send automated queries of any sort to Google's system: If you are conducting research on machine translation, optical character recognition or other areas where access to a large amount of text is helpful, please contact us. We encourage the use of public domain materials for these purposes and may be able to help.
- + *Maintain attribution* The Google "watermark" you see on each file is essential for informing people about this project and helping them find additional materials through Google Book Search. Please do not remove it.
- + *Keep it legal* Whatever your use, remember that you are responsible for ensuring that what you are doing is legal. Do not assume that just because we believe a book is in the public domain for users in the United States, that the work is also in the public domain for users in other countries. Whether a book is still in copyright varies from country to country, and we can't offer guidance on whether any specific use of any specific book is allowed. Please do not assume that a book's appearance in Google Book Search means it can be used in any manner anywhere in the world. Copyright infringement liability can be quite severe.

About Google Book Search

Google's mission is to organize the world's information and to make it universally accessible and useful. Google Book Search helps readers discover the world's books while helping authors and publishers reach new audiences. You can search through the full text of this book on the web at <http://books.google.com/>



HW H5A2 /



WISH VS THE WIND SOUTH



DANIEL B. FEARING
NEWPORT R.I.



TWENTY-SIXTH YEARLY EDITION.

THE
ANGLER'S DIARY

AND

Tourist Fisherman's Gazetteer

OF THE

RIVERS AND LAKES OF THE WORLD.

By J. E. H. C.

EDITOR OF "PRACTICAL HINTS RELATIVE TO FISHING AND SHOOTING,"
AND AUTHOR OF "THE NATURALIST'S AND GAME PRESERVER'S
ACCOUNT BOOK AND DIARY," ETC.

PRICE EIGHTEENPENCE.

LONDON

HORACE COX,

"THE FIELD" OFFICE, BREAM'S BUILDINGS, CHANCERY LANE, E.C.

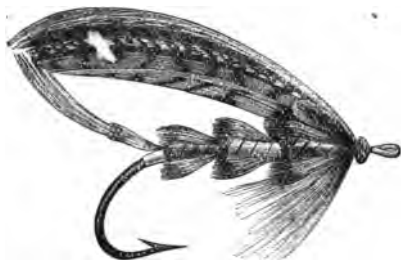
1892.

Digitized by Google

1892 *fr*
CHAS. FARLOW & CO.

191, STRAND, LONDON, W.C.,

MANUFACTURERS OF FIRST-CLASS RODS AND TACKLE.



SALMON FLIES A SPECIALITY



**THE "FRANCIS" TROUT
FLY BOOK.**

This book contains the names of 36 most useful patterns, arranged according to the seasons in which they should be used, and with full printed instructions; 7in. long, 4in. wide; either Roan or Russia. With one fly of each pattern sewn in.



**THE "TEST" EYED TROUT
FLY AND CAST BOX.**

Regd. No. 91,683.

Size, 6in. long, 3½in. wide, ¾in. deep when closed. Weight, about 6oz. Will hold four to five dozen Flies, Casts, and Tweezers.

New Illustrated Catalogue for 1892 Gratis.

CHAS. FARLOW & CO. 191 STRAND, LONDON W.C.

Scott Adie,

REGENT STREET,
CLOAK MAKER TO THE ROYAL FAMILY,
FOR GOLFING AND SHOOTING GOWNS AND SUITS.



WATERPROOF HIGHLAND CAPES,
ULSTERS,
TRAVELLING COATS,
TRAVELLING WRAPS,

SCOTCH TWEEDS,
ISLE OF HARRIS HOMESPUNS,
ST. KILDA HOMESPUNS.
SHETLAND HOMESPUNS.

MOST SUITABLE CLOTHS FOR FISHING, SHOOTING, AND
TOURING, &c.

HAND-KNIT STOCKINGS AND SOCKS.

SHAWLS, WRAPS AND PLAIDS, TRAVELLING RUGS.
HIGHLAND SUITS, IN ALL THE CLANS, MADE TO
ORDER.

PATTERNS OF MATERIALS SENT FREE.

THE ROYAL SCOTCH WAREHOUSE,
115 AND 115A, REGENT STREET, LONDON, W.
Telegraphic Address "SCOTT ADIE" London.



CUILFAIL HOTEL,

PASS OF MELFORT,

NEAR OBAN.

FIRST-CLASS TROUT FISHING. Season, 1st of April till end of September.

Gentlemen residing at Cuilfail Hotel have the privilege of fishing on several first-rate Lochs, some of which are annually stocked by the hotel keeper with the famous Loch Leven and Fontinalis, or Great American Brook, Trout, from the Howietoun Fishery, Stirling, which has greatly improved the trout fishing. Mr. McFadyen has Boats and steady Boatmen for the use of anglers.

There is excellent Deep-sea Fishing, and delightful Sea-bathing. The Scenery around is magnificent. The famous Pass of Melfort, which is very grand, is within a few minutes' walk of the Hotel; altogether a very healthy, charming place.

A HANDSOME NEW BILLIARD ROOM

(30ft. by 22ft.), has been added to the Hotel, on the ground floor, and the old billiard room converted into bedrooms.

A DARK ROOM has been added to the Hotel for the convenience of Amateur Photographers for developing negatives.

Lawn Tennis, Hot and Cold Baths, and all Conveniences connected with Hotels.

FAMILIES CAN BE BOARDED BY THE WEEK OR MONTH.

POSTAL DELIVERY DAILY.

It would be as well for Gentlemen to write beforehand so as to secure rooms. Luncheons always ready on arrival of coaches to and from Oban, Ford, and Lochawe. Charges strictly moderate.

POSTING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

ROUTE :—Per Caledonian Railway to Oban, thence per Coach daily in season ; or by steamer Columba from Glasgow or Greenock to Ardrishaig, thence per Royal Mail Coach daily, through magnificent Highland scenery.

ADDRESS :—

JOHN MCFADYEN, Cuilfail Hotel, Kilmelford, Argyllshire, N.B.

TELEGRAPH OFFICE, KILMELFORD, 20 yards from Hotel.

FRANCIS M. WALBRAN,
PRACTICAL ANGLER, ARTISTIC FLY DRESSER,
 AND MANUFACTURER OF
RODS, REELS, LINES, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
HIGH-CLASS FISHING TACKLE.

THE NORTHERN
ANGLERS' DEPOT,



19, NEW STATION ST.
LEEDS, YORKS.

Just published, 182 pages, crown quarto,

PISCATORIAL HINTS
BY WELL-KNOWN WRITERS.

CONTENTS—A Trout Angler's Reverie, by R. B. Marston. Pike and Perch Fishing, by Alfred Jardine. Loch Fishing, by E. M. Tod. Salmon Fishing, by Wm. Murdoch. Minnow and Prawn Fishing for Salmon, by Andrew Murray. Grayling Fishing, by F. M. Walbran. Also full Lists of Flies and Mounted Casts for the different Months. Rods, Reels, Lines, Hooks, Waterproof Goods, &c., &c. Over 200 Illustrations.

Sent to any address on receipt of three penny stamps to pay postage.

Address—Walbran's Northern Anglers' Depot, 19, New Station-street, Leeds.

Telegrams—"Walbran, Leeds."

F. M. W. has the honour of dressing flies and supplying rods and tackle to very many leading anglers, and, as he employs only the very best of materials and the most skilled labour, has the utmost confidence in soliciting the patronage of anglers generally.

SPECIALITIES.

- The "DETACHED BADGER" BUILT CANE FLY ROD, £5 5s.
- The "DETACHED BADGER" SPECIAL GREENHEART FLY ROD, £2 2s.
- The "DETACHED BADGER" MAYFLY TIN FOR EYED FLIES, 6s.
- The "DETACHED BADGER" EYED FLY BOX, 5s.
- The "DETACHED BADGER" CAST DAMPER BOX, 3s. 6d.
- The "DETACHED BADGER" LANDING NET, Telescope Handle, Gun Metal Knuckle Joint, best strong Tan Net, Leather Sling, 25s.
- The "DETACHED BADGER" DRY FLY REEL, 20s.
- The "DETACHED BADGER" INTERCHANGEABLE FLY BOOK, with spare leaves, 15s.

The above articles are all made according to exact patterns supplied by Mr. F. M. Halford, author of "Floating Flies" ("Detached Badger" of the *Field*), and are of the very best make and finish. F. M. W. has registered the above special Trade Mark for the above specialities only; his other well-known manufactures are protected by the "Otter" Trade Mark.

The Northern Angler's Depot is the largest establishment for the retail sale of Anglers' Requisites *only* in the United Kingdom. Every Novelty is stocked as soon as brought on the market.

ALL LETTERS TO BE ADDRESSED TO FRANCIS M. WALBRAN.

TELEGRAMS—"WALBRAN, LEEDS."

P. D. MALLOCH, FISHING TACKLE MANUFACTURER, 209, HIGH STREET, PERTH, N.B.

**MANUFACTURER OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF SUPERIOR FISH-
ING RODS, REELS, LINES, FLIES, AND TACKLE SUITABLE
FOR ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.**

MALLOCH'S NEW PATENT CASTING REEL.



Any Angler can learn to cast well with it with half an hour's practice; it can be used where coiling on the ground is impossible; it will cast a longer line and a lighter bait than a Nottingham reel; it is used for minnow, prawn, and bait fishing of every kind. 4½in., 32s.; 4¾in., 30s.; 4in., 28s.; 3½in., 21s. The 4½in. and 4¾in. are used for Mahseer fishing; the 4in. and 3½in. are used for Salmon and Trout and all kinds of coarse fishing. 120 yards line, suitable for the casting reel, 16s. 100 yards, 12s. Rods suitable for casting with this reel, 21s. 25s., 30s. each.

MALLOCH'S PATENT FLY CASE.

**SALMON, GRILSE, SEA TROUT, LOCH AND RIVER FLIES MADE TO
PATTERN OR DESCRIPTION ON THE SHORTEST NOTICE.**

ILLUSTRATED PRICE LIST POST FREE TO ANY ADDRESS.

Telegraphic Address, MALLOCH, PERTH.

Prize Medals Awarded National Fisheries' Exhibition, Norwich, 1881; International Fisheries' Exhibition, Edinburgh, 1882. The Highest Awards at the Great International Fisheries' Exhibition, London, 1883; Gold Medal for General Collection of Rods and Tackle; Gold Medal for Flies; Gold Medal for Salmon Reels; Gold Medal for Trout Reels; Medal for Trout Rods; Medal for Salmon Rods; Special Money Prizes for Salmon and Trout Reels; Special Money Prize for Salmon Flies; Six Diplomas of Honour; Silver Medal Bolton, 1889, for Casts of Fish.

TO SALMON ANGLERS IN IRELAND.

Salmon Flies for every river throughout the country.



All Standard Patterns kept in stock. Specials tied and forwarded same day as order is received.

Inventors and Sole Manufacturers of "Flexible Grip" Salmon and Trout Rods (as used by R. B. Marston, Esq., Editor *Fishing Gazette*, and leading Anglers throughout the Kingdom); the "Ulster" Silk Lines; the "Semper Flexilis" brand of Waterproof Fishing Goods; the "Perfect" Brogues; the "Egeria," "Quickstep," and "Shore" Sea Fishing Baskets; Goat's Hair Sea Flies; Self-fastening Drift Leads, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF SILKWORM GUT.

General Catalogue, 66 pages, illustrated with over 100 woodcuts, and containing Fishing Calendar, and new Fishery Map of Ireland specially drawn for this work, by J. Bartholomew, F.R.G.S., post free 3 stamps.

Supplementary List for 1892, containing particulars of all the New Goods, Post Free.

Annual Gut and Cast Line List (for 1892), Post Free.

Samples of the noted "Ulster" Waterproof Lines, mounted on card, 2d., Post Free.

JOS. BRADDELL & SON,

Manufacturers of Prize Medal Fishing Tackle, BELFAST.

The *Farmer's Gazette* says: "Messrs. Braddell are the largest fishing tackle makers in Ireland; their flies and baits are well known and deservedly prized by sportsmen in all parts."

Established 1811.

TO ANGLERS.

JOHN ENRIGHT AND SON,
GREENHEART FISHING ROD MAKERS,
Castle Connell, near Limerick, Ireland.

N.B.—REELS AND LINES TO MATCH BALANCE OF RODS.
NO AGENTS.



FISHING LINES, FISHING GEAR, FISHING NETTINGS.

DAVID REID & CO., 7, HILTON STREET, MANCHESTER.

GAME and FOWLING NETTINGS, from 3d. per yard. SALMON and FISHING NETTINGS, for sea and inland fisheries. RABBIT NETTINGS.—Our improved first-class FLAX NETS, with patent kink-proof runners, from 20s. per 100 yards complete. PHEASANT and POULTRY NETS, for pen and cover, from 2d. per yard. LAWN TENNIS NETS, and for Sports. GARDEN NETTINGS, for seed, fruit trees, plants, frost, birds, 1d. per yard.

HIGHEST
AWARDS
EVERY-
WHERE.



15 MEDALS
and
5 SPECIAL
AWARDS.

HEARDER & SON, FISHING TACKLE MAKERS, 195, UNION STREET, PLYMOUTH.

SPECIALITIES IN SEA AND RIVER TACKLE.

**INVENTORS OF THE CELEBRATED "DEVON" MINNOW,
"PLANO CONVEX" MINNOW.**

Never-failing Trout and Salmon Flies for every District.

DOUBLE WORM BAITS FOR TROUT, PERCH, &c.

TWO-JOINT GREENHEART RODS.

THREE-JOINT SOLID CANE OR HICKORY RODS.

**Otter and Beam Trawls, Trammels, and all kinds of Gear
for Sea Fishing at Home and Abroad.**

ESTABLISHED 1770. CONTRACTORS TO H.M. GOVERNMENT.

ILLUSTRATED GUIDE TO FISHING AND CATALOGUE GRATIS.

**GEORGE JAMES EATON, CHAMPION FLY FISHERMAN,
OF STARKHOLMES, MATLOOK-BATH, DERBYSHIRE, THE ONLY PRACTICAL
FLY TYER AND FISHERMAN IN DERBYSHIRE**

(For River Reports on the Derbyshire Wye and Derwent, see the London "Sportsman,"
weekly—on Wednesdays—for reliable information. No connection with any other
newspaper).

RESPECTFULLY invites Noblemen and Gentlemen to try his Standard
FLIES for the present season. No flies sent or made up but what he himself has
proved sure killers. A trial is all that is required from gentlemen that can fish to prove
whether they may be genuine or not. Patronised by some of the best fishermen of the
day. All flies dressed on the best Kendal hooks. Prices: Point Flies, 2s. 6d. per dozen.
Dropper Flies, 2s. per dozen. Orders punctually attended to. Terms cash.

BUXTON, DERBYSHIRE.

JOHN BANKS, PRACTICAL ANGLER and FISHING TACKLE MAKER,
respectfully invites Noblemen and Gentlemen to try his Flies, which have proved the
most killing in Derbyshire; also patronised by many Noblemen and Gentlemen in England,
Scotland, and Wales. One trial is earnestly requested to prove the fact. Price 2s. per doz.
Rods, Reels, Lines, of the best quality; Casting Lines, extra fine. Orders by post receive
prompt attention. Terms cash. N.B.—All Flies dressed on the premises by Mrs. Banks.

**JOHN D. BASTARD,
PRACTICAL ANGLER and FISHING TACKLE MAKER,
TORRINGTON, NORTH DEVON.**

**SALMON, Peal, and Trout Flies from the most useful patterns. Improved
Devon Minnows. Rods, Reels, and Lines of the best make. Gut Collars and Casting
Lines of the finest quality. A good assortment, which has been proved during several
seasons in England, Ireland, Scotland, and Wales. Stock of Feathers, &c.**

**S. M. PATRICK, FISHING TACKLE MAKER, 5, North-street, Scar-
borough. Maker of Split Cane Salmon and Trout Fly Rods, 16ft. 6in. to 12ft., £2 2s.
GOLD MEDAL FISHERIES EXHIBITION, 1883, FOR SALMON RODS.
Established 1847.**

Advertisements.

SALMON AND TROUT FISHING.—IRELAND.

WILLIAM HAYNES, FISHING TACKLE MANUFACTURER, 63, Patrick-street, Cork. Sole Inventor and Patentee of the "Archer" Spinner, also the "Blarney" Prawn Tackle. Maker of the celebrated Bullt Cane and Greenheart Salmon and Trout Rods. Tackle Cases fitted for all parts of the world. Send for Catalogue.

MOY FISHERY, BALLINA, MAYO, IRELAND.

JIM HEARNES, Fisherman, &c., successor to the late Pat Hearnès; holder of Two Diplomas of Honour from the late Fishery Exhibition, London—one for excellence in Salmon and Trout Flies, and the second for general exhibit of Fishing Tackle. Fly-tyer to his Excellency Earl Spencer, &c. A splendid Assortment of SALMON and TROUT RODS. Boats and attendance for lakes or river. Flies tied to match all waters. Ample experience of Scotch and Welsh waters. Salmon, Grilse, Sea and Brown Trout, and Pike Fishing free. For further information write or wire **JIM HEARNES, Fisherman, Ballina, Co. Mayo, Ireland.**

BALA, NORTH WALES.

THE FIRST ESTABLISHED FISHING TACKLE BUSINESS IN WALES.

M. ROBERTS, PRACTICAL ANGLER, 82 and 84, High-street, keeps the largest and best assorted stock of Fishing Tackle in the Principality. Rods and Baits for Hire. Ticket depôt for the Llechweddhen and Tynycornel preserves. Established by the late G. Jones. Lake Fishing Free.

English Hotels and Fisheries.

THE GLOBE FAMILY AND COMMERCIAL HOTEL, TORRINGTON.

S. G. TAPLEY, PROPRIETOR.

TOURISTS and Commercial Gentlemen visiting this picturesque neighbourhood will find this Hotel replete with every home comfort. Spacious Sitting, Commercial, and Ladies' and Gentlemen's Coffee Rooms. Capital Billiard Room (newly erected), with splendid Table by Thurston, London. Lawn Tennis. Lofly and well-ventilated Bedrooms.

Good Post-horses and Carriages of every description. The Globe Omnibus meets all trains.

N.B.—Visitors staying at this Hotel are granted Free Tickets for Salmon and Trout Fishing over many miles of preserved water.

CHRISTCHURCH, HANTS.

GOOD PIKE, Perch, Roach, and Dace Fishing, free to Visitors staying at NEWLYN'S HOTEL. Man, boat, and bait generally to be obtained on payment for same. Good boating in the harbour. Hotel accommodation first class.

N. S. NEWLYN.

SALISBURY.

THE WHITE HART HOTEL, nearly opposite the Cathedral. The largest and principal Hotel in the city. This old-established first-class Hotel contains every accommodation for Families and Tourists. A Ladies' Coffee Room. Billiard and Smoking Rooms and spacious Coffee Rooms for Gentlemen. Table d'Hôte daily, during the season, from 6 to 8.30 p.m., at separate tables. Carriages and horses on hire for Stonehenge and other places of interest. Excellent stabling, loose boxes, &c. Tariff on application to **H. T. BOWES, MANAGER, Posting-Master to Her Majesty.**

RUTLAND ARMS HOTEL, BAKEWELL.

WILLIAM GREAVES has authority to grant permission to Gentlemen staying at his Hotel to **ANGLE** seven miles in the River Wye, from Bakewell to Fillyfoot Bridge. Ladies' Coffee Room. Omnibus meets every train.

THE SWAN INN, Hand Bridge, London Road, Newbury. Proprietor, **W. E. BAXTER.** Good accommodation for Anglers and Bicyclists. The Swan is twenty minutes' walk from Newbury Station, on the bank of the Lamborn Trout stream, and close to many of the best swims in the Kennet. There is a splendid stock of Trout in the Lamborn, and, a very large stock of Trout both in size and numbers having been turned in this season, good sport may be expected. The Lamborn and six miles of the Kennet are strictly preserved by the Newbury and District Angling Association. Season Tickets to include Kennet and Lamborn, £2 2s. Day Tickets—Lamborn 5s., Kennet 2s. 6d. The fly only to be used on the Lamborn.

English Hotels and Fisheries—*continued.*

CAPITAL LAKE AND RIVER FISHING (FREE)

WHEN AT

SUN HOTEL, Pooley Bridge, near Penrith. Conveyance will meet parties at Penrith (L.N.) or Langwathby (M.) on receipt of telegram or letter. Wire "Sun, Pooley Bridge, Penrith."
J. T. ELLIOTT, Proprietor.

BLACK SWAN HOTEL, PICKERING.

BEST IMPORTED WINES, Spirits, and Cigars. Livery Stables for Fifty Horses. Anglers, Visitors, &c., conveyed to all parts. Further particulars and competent guides if required. Charges moderate. Well-aired Beds.
See PICKERING. B. B. LONGHORN, PROPRIETOR.

OULTON BROAD FISHERY, LOWESTOFT

(Preserved under the Norfolk and Suffolk Fisheries Act).

QUARTERS, WHERBY HOTEL, Mutford Bridge; beautifully situated. G. MASON, Proprietor. Established nearly a century. Boats 2s., and full bait 1s. per day; men provided. Terms for stopping visitors on application. Gravel and sandy soil.

SALMON ANGLING on the RIVER TRENT, at King's Mills, Weston-on-Trent, and Shardlow, near Nottingham, commenced Feb. 1, 1891. Tickets, at £5 5s. and £2 2s. each, for the Season can be obtained of the Lessee, Mr. T. WOOD, 9, Chapel Bar, Nottingham. The £5. 5s. tickets include eight miles of the river on each side. The Salmon run large, averaging 30lb. weight. All the fish were in splendid condition, and showed first-rate sport. Only a limited number of tickets issued. The Lessee will be glad to give every information. No tickets issued to Professional Fishermen.

CULMSTOCK, DEVON.

DUNN'S RAILWAY HOTEL, close adjoining the River Culm, noted for good Trout Fishing. Every accommodation for Anglers at moderate charges. Station close to the Hotel. B. DUNN, Secretary Culm Fishing Club, Culmstock.

SOUTH MOLTON, N. DEVON.

GEORGE HOTEL.—This old-established Commercial and Family Hotel is replete with every convenience and accommodation, and especially adapted for Sporting Gentlemen, being in the midst of good Salmon Fishing and capital private and free Trout Fishing on the rivers Mole, Nymph, and Bray. Further particulars and tariff of the Proprietor,
S. P. KELLAND.

GROVE FERRY, on Kentish Stour, near Canterbury, Ramsgate, and Margate. Good Boach and Pike Fishing, also Trout, Perch, and Bream. Season tickets 21s. Hon. Sec., F. W. Lucy, Canterbury. Day tickets for coarse fish only, 1s., from Hon. Sec., or Mr. Kernan, Ship Inn, Up-street, five minutes from Grove Ferry, where good accommodation can be obtained.

THE Earl of Carnarvon grants his Trout Fishing, five miles in Rivers **EKE** and **BABLE** (Free), to visitors to the **CARNARVON ARMS HOTEL**, Dulverton Station. A good stretch of fine water has been obtained by the proprietor in addition. The hotel is quite in the country, near the rivers, and five hours from London. Fine scenery, bracing air, good water and drainage. Moderate charges; tariff card.

EYNSHAM.

SWAN HOTEL.—Superior accommodation for Anglers, at moderate charges. Excellent Fishing in the Thames, Evenlode, and Windrush. The state of the water and full particulars of fishing on application to—W. B. HOWE, PROPRIETOR.

TROUT FISHING, over ten miles preserved water (season opens March 3); good rough shooting, otter hunting, lovely scenery. Drewston House, Drewsteignton, S. Devon.—Terms for board, residence, and sport, apply DAUBENY.

FREE FISHING ON RIVERS EKE AND BABLE.

LAMB HOTEL, Dulverton, and **WHITE HORSE HOTEL** and **CROWN INN**, Exford, West Somerset. Superior accommodation for Anglers, Tourists, and Families. Nearly thirty miles of fishing in above rivers and tributaries on open, association (eight miles of river Bable below and above Dulverton is association), and private waters; free tickets issued at these Hotels. Posting. Beautiful moorland scenery.—Address J. H. TARR, Proprietor, Dulverton.

English Hotels and Fisheries—*continued.*

LYNMOUTH, NORTH DEVON.

THE LYNDAL and "TORS PARK" HOTELS, under the same Management. Beautifully situated, and commanding some of the best sea and land views in the North of Devon. Lighted with electric light, and all latest improvements. The proprietor has secured about 20 miles of the best Trout and Salmon Rivers in the neighbourhood, commencing to fish outside the Hotels, and including the Brendon and Badgeworthy streams; also the right of Shooting over 2000 acres. Gentlemen staying at the Hotels will have the privilege of Free Tickets.

Billiard Room, &c. Cheap Boarding Terms.

Write for Tariff, showing position of Hotels. All coaches stop at the Hotels to put down and take up passengers. Lighted with the Electric Light.

WILLIAM BEVAN, Proprietor.

SHOBDON TROUT & GRAYLING FISHING CLUB.

GENTLEMEN desirous of becoming MEMBERS of the above Club, which comprises Lord Bateman's preserved Fisheries in the River Lugg, between Mortimer's Cross and Aymestrey Court, in the Kenwater and Pinsley Rivers, at the Wegnalls Estate, near Leominster, are requested to send their names to W. LAYBE, Secretary, Shobdon, Herefordshire.

The Club is limited to Thirty Members, at £3 3s. subscriptions, and each Subscriber receives a Member's Ticket (available to March 25, 1893) and Four Visitors' Tickets.

OLD WELSH HARP FISHERY.

ON the Edgware-road, five miles from Marble Arch. Midland Railway to Welsh Harp Station, and Omnibus service from West-end. 350 acres of water. Boats, &c. Pike, carp, bream, perch, roach fishing, &c. Annual Subscription, £1 1s. Fishing with live bait, 2s. 6d. per day; bottom fishing, 1s. per day. Punts, &c., 2s. 6d. per day. All kinds of bait always on hand. Messrs. WARNER.

ROLLE HOTEL, BUDLEIGH SALTERTON, DEVON.

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT.

FAMILY and COMMERCIAL. Tennis Lawn and Garden sloping to the sea. Moderate Tariff. Posting. Stabling and Loose Boxes. Omnibuses meet principal Trains at Exmouth.

Good Deep-sea Fishing and Trouting in the River Otter. For ticket apply Proprietor.

NORTHUMBERLAND ARMS, FELTON.

THOMAS DODDS begs to inform Anglers that he has permission to give Parties staying at the Hotel free Tickets to fish over the water at Welden Bridge belonging to Rev. R. Burden; likewise some miles of water belonging to the Duke of Northumberland. Acklington Station. Conveyances, when ordered, from the Hotel.

THOMAS DODDS.

NORFOLK BROADS.

SWAN HOTEL, Stalham.—This old-established Hostelry is situated in midst of the charming Broad district of Norfolk, is in close proximity to Barton Broad, Stalham Broad, and the River Ant, where first-class angling can be obtained free. Visitors will find every accommodation at the above Hotel, combined with comfort and moderate charges.

EDWARD GARRETT, Proprietor.

THE CANTERBURY STOUR FISHERY PROTECTION ASSOCIATION preserves three miles of the famous Kentish Stour, annually restocked with an average of 1500 Two-year-old Trout. One hour and twenty minutes from town. Subscriptions, £4 4s.; entrance fees, £4 4s.; limited to twenty non-resident and twenty resident members.—F. C. NASH, Hon. Sec., 3, The Parade, Canterbury.

Irish Hotels and Fisheries.

**FISHING and SHOOTING
IN IRELAND.**

ERREFF RIVER and TANYARD LAKE ; first-class waters ; well stocked. Salmon and Red Trout, 10s. a day, 50s. a week, £8 a month. Other Salmon and Brown Trout Fishing Free.

**LARGE TRACTS OF GROUSE SHOOTING TO LET.
WINTER SHOOTING.**

APPLY **ROBERT McKEOWN, LEENANE HOTEL, CO. GALWAY.**

**BALLINAHINCH FISHERY.—GLENDALOUGH HOTEL, VIA GALWAY,
IRELAND.**

THE above Hotel is situated in the very centre of the far-famed Ballinahinch Fishery. Parties leaving London in the evening will arrive at Glendalough the following evening at six o'clock. Postal and Telegraph Office within ten minutes' walk of the Hotel. There are two Mails every day. Write or wire for particulars to **H. MULLARKEY.**

BUTLER ARMS HOTEL, Waterville, Co. Kerry (patronised by his Excellency Lord Zetland).—This Hotel has been greatly enlarged and improved; additional Bedrooms facing the Sea, large Sportsmen's Coffee Room, Commercial Room, and Private Sitting Rooms, newly Furnished; comfortable airy Bedrooms. Anglers and Tourists will find most comfortable accommodation at this nicely situated Hotel. Charges strictly moderate. Posting in all its branches. **P. McELLIGOTT, PROPRIETOR.**

N.B.—Boats can be engaged for fishing in the Lake and on the Bay. Early and late fishing (both are equally good), from Feb. 1 to Oct. 15. Salmon and White Trout fishing free.

IMPERIAL AND ROYAL HOTELS, BALLINA (CO. MAYO), IRELAND.

Patronised by his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant.

PERSONS staying at the above Hotels will find good accommodation, with moderate charges, and every facility rendered by the Proprietor to insure good sport for Anglers. Some of the best free casts on the Moy within three minutes' walk of these Hotels. First-class Cars and Boats for the day always ready. The Hotel Omnibus attends all trains. **WILLIAM FLYNN, Proprietor.**

CO. DONEGAL.

ANGLERS staying at the **NESBITT ARMS HOTEL, Ardara**, can have good Trout Fishing on all the rivers and lakes in the neighbourhood at 7s. 6d. per week, or 2s. 6d. per day, each. Two rods will get permission to fish for Salmon and Sea Trout on the River Owennea at 7s. 6d. per day each, or a party of two can have the fishing at 30s. per week each. Excellent accommodation to be had at the Hotel.

Genuine Homespunns can be had here for Fishing and Shooting Suits.

MACK'S ROYAL HOTEL,

FAMILY and COMMERCIAL, Galway. GEORGE MACK, Proprietor.
The Hotel Omnibus attends all trains and steamers free of charge.
Posting in all its branches.

IRELAND.—SHANNON, KILLALOE, CO. CLARE.

SALMON, PEAL, and TROUT Fishing on the Shannon, the Mayfly fishing on Lough Derg with the natural fly attracting numerous visitors each season. Peal fishing is at its best in June, and a second rise of the Mayfly frequently occurs in August. Anglers will find comfortable quarters and moderate charges at the long-established **ROYAL HOTEL**. Reliable fishermen and boats can be secured on application to Miss **HURLEY**, Royal Hotel, Killaloe. N.B.—Salmon fishing on preserved waters to be let at intervals.

Irish Hotels and Fisheries—continued.

**LOUGH CONN HOTEL,
CROSSMOLINA, CO. MAYO.**

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO ANGLERS AND TOURISTS.

THE Proprietor has much pleasure in announcing that he has acquired the beautiful and modernly built Mansion "Errew House," three miles from Crossmolina, a postal and telegraph station, and nine miles from Foxford and Ballina, both stations on the M.G.W. Railway. This exquisite Mansion will in future be known as the LOUGH CONN HOTEL, and visitors will be interested to know that the best possible accommodation shall be afforded them, as this charmingly situated Mansion, built some twelve years ago at a cost of upwards of £10,000, contains a grand billiard room, as well as bath rooms and lavatories supplied with hot and cold water, suites of apartments, &c., &c. It stands on a promontory, which practically divides Lough Conn (12,600 acres in area) into two equal parts, and is immediately surrounded by the choicest Salmon and Trout Casts on this famous lough, and it has also attached to it some nice shooting. Boats and vehicles always at hand.

Application as to terms and information addressed to the Proprietor shall receive prompt attention.

ANGLING IN THE WEST OF IRELAND.—THE MOY, LOUGHS CONN AND CULLIN (BALLINA).

SALMON, Trout, and large Pike Fishing (Free) in the best pools and casts on river and lakes. For particulars and reliable information as to prospect of sport, state of water, and run of fish, write or wire to FRANK HEARNS, Fishing Tackle Maker, Ballina, Co. Mayo, Ireland. Good boats and experienced boatmen on river and loughs.

MOY HOTEL, BALLINA.

FIRST CLASS for Anglers. Charges moderate. Also Runagry House, on the shores of Lough Conn. Splendid Salmon and Trout Fishing. Good Pike Fishing and rough Shooting until December. Good boats and men.

G. MURTAGH, PROPRIETOR.

SALMON, GRILSE, AND TROUT FISHING—KILLALOE, IRELAND.

GOOD FISHING on lake and river. Splendid dapping on lake during Mayfly season. Most comfortable, healthy apartments; house facing river. Boats. Good fishermen.—Particulars, route, &c., from P. M. GRACE, Ayle Vane, Killaloe, Ireland.

THE ROSSE'S FISHERY.

ANGLING TOURISTS visiting Dungloe can have the best accommodation and attention at Mr. Maurice Boyle's HOTEL. This Hotel has a very healthy situation, and commands a fine view of Dungloe Bay and surroundings, and has perhaps on this account, as well as the careful attention paid in every respect to visitors, secured a very liberal patronage.

M. BOYLE.

GARRACLOON LODGE, LOUGH CONN.—IMPORTANT TO ANGLERS.

MRS. MCHALE begs to announce to her numerous customers that she has ENLARGED her HOUSE, and can now accommodate Five or Six Gentlemen, and has also Two Sitting Rooms. Anybody staying at above Lodge will find accommodation comfortable and charges moderate. Boats and Boatmen on moderate terms.—Apply Mrs. ELIZA MCHALE, Garracloon Lodge, Lough Conn, Ballina.

Advertisements.

Irish Hotels and Fisheries—continued.

FREE ANGLING.—LOUGHS CONN AND CULLIN (BALLINA).

SALMON, Trout, Pike, Char, and large Gillaroo in the Lakes.—**THOMAS CLARKE and SONS** respectfully beg leave to inform Tourists and Anglers that they have accommodation suitable for Ladies and Gentlemen. First-class boats and boatmen. From their long and continual practice they have discovered the deep and shallow waters, together with their sandy, stony, muddy, and gravel bottoms, and best haunts for finding fish. Terms moderate.—Apply to **T. CLARKE and SONS**, Fishermen, Lough Conn Lodge, Ballina, Mayo, Ireland.

Scotch Hotels and Fisheries.

PATRONISED

GLENORCHY.

BY ROYALTY.

INVERORAN HOTEL,

Ten Miles from Tyndrum Railway Station.

DUNCAN A. FORBES respectfully intimates that he has taken a lease of the above Hotel, which has been newly furnished and greatly improved. Tourists and Gentlemen staying at the Hotel are allowed the privilege of fishing (free of charge) on nine miles of the beautiful River Orchy, one of the best Salmon Rivers in the West of Scotland. Splendid Trout Fishing on different Lochs and part of the River Baw. Lawn Tennis is now added to this Hotel. Boats on Loch Tulla and Loch Bule, free of charge. First-class Post Horses and Carriages. A daily waggonette is now established between Tyndrum and Inveroran, from June 1st to October 1st. Passengers can be forwarded at coach rate, providing there are four passengers to Glencoe, Ballachullish, or Glenetive. Waggonette leaves Inveroran at 8 a.m., arrives at Tyndrum 9.45; leaves Tyndrum 11.15 a.m., arrives at Inveroran at 1 p.m. Magnificent scenery in the neighbourhood, such as Blackmount Deer Forest, Auchastilich Falls, Achallider Castle, and Ben Doran, &c.

SUTHERLANDSHIRE.

FORSINARD HOTEL, **SUTHERLANDSHIRE.**

THIS HOTEL, which is within one minute's walk of Forsinard Railway Station, is within fishing distance of the famous Lochs Badden, En-Buar, Jubilee, Leir, Olachen Geal, Coorach, Na-Sealg, and Acon. **BOATS FREE.** Salmon Fishing on the Halladale River.

Anglers leaving London at 8 p.m. can reach this Hotel at 4.4 next evening.

Gentlemen will greatly oblige by writing for charges and particulars of fishing.

Charges as moderate as any hotel in the North.

POSTING.

GEO MURRAY, Proprietor.

ABERFOYLE.

BAILIE NICOL JARVIE HOTEL.

FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATION FOR VISITORS.

Boats on Loch Ard and Loch Chon for Fishing and Pleasure. Coaches to and from the Trossachs daily in connection with Steamer on Loch Katrine and Trains at Aberfoyle.

BILLIARDS. GOLF. LAWN TENNIS. POSTING.

RAILWAY STATION, POST AND TELEGRAPH OFFICES WITHIN TWO MINUTES' WALK OF THE HOTEL.

JAMES BLAIR, Proprietor.

Scotch Hotels and Fisheries—continued.

L A I R G.

SUTHERLAND HOTEL,
L A I R G.

BEAUTIFULLY SITUATED CLOSE TO LOCH SHIN.

Good Fishing on Lochs Shin, Beannoch, Fourloch, Crakel,
and other Lochs.

FINE GOLF COURSE ON HOTEL GROUNDS.

Coaches leave the Hotel daily for Lochinver, Scourie,
Durness, and Tongue.

POSTING AND JOB HORSES.

FURTHER PARTICULARS ON APPLICATION.

J. A. BUTTERS, Proprietor.

THE
KENMURE ARMS HOTEL,
NEW GALLOWAY, N.B.

FISHING, BOATING, POSTING.

THE above Hotel has been rebuilt and fitted up with every convenience, and is under entirely new management. Visitors will find this district a most charming health resort, and Anglers have abundance of water (granted by special privilege to the Hotel) on which to ply their "gentle art." Salmon, Trout, Pike, and Perch abound.

Telegrams, "Bantock, New Galloway."

DALMALLY, LOCH AWE.

GOOD FISHING for TROUT, FEROX, PIKE, and PERCH, can be obtained by staying at the DALMALLY and LOCH AWE HOTELS. Boats on the loch. Excellent Salmon Fishing on the River Orchy. Fishing free. Also near railway station at Dalmally. A magnificent new addition has been added to Loch Awe Hotel. Great alterations have been done at Dalmally Hotel.

Full particulars can be had upon application to **DUNCAN FRASER, PROPRIETOR.**
Post town, Dalmally. Telegram Office.

DEESIDE HYDROPATHIC ESTABLISHMENT,

HEATHCOT, NEAR ABERDEEN, N.B.

Resident Superintendent **DR. STEWART.**

PATIENTS and Visitors staying at the Deeside Hydropathic Establishment, Heathcot, near Aberdeen, have the privilege of preserved Salmon and Trout Fishing in the River Dee, as it runs through the estates of Heathcot and Ardoe, a distance of about two miles.

Scotch Hotels and Fisheries—continued.

PORTSONACHAN HOTEL, LOCHAWA.

MOST centrally situated for Anglers. Free Fishing on Lochawa, &c. Steam Launch communication to Lochawe Station twice daily, and Hotel boats towed. Telegraph Office now open in Hotel. Telegraph Address, Cameron, Port Sonachan. Terms moderate. **THOMAS CAMERON, PROPRIETOR.**

RIVER TWEED.

BUCCLEUCH ARMS HOTEL, St. Boswell's. Pleasantly situated on St. Boswell's Green, one mile from station, and within three minutes' walk of Tweed. Four miles excellent Trout Fishing free. First-class accommodation. Charges moderate. Posting in all branches. Trains met by order. **T. GRINHAM.**

PERTHSHIRE.—LOCH TAY.

BEN LAWERS HOTEL, situated within a few minutes' walk of Lawers Pier, is the most central Hotel for Salmon and Trout Fishing on Loch Tay. Comfortable rooms. Moderate charges. Good boats; experienced boatmen. Conveyances on hire. **ALEXANDER STEWART, PROPRIETOR.**

FREE SALMON AND TROUT FISHING.

GENTLEMEN residing at the BREADALBANE ARMS HOTEL, Aberfeldy, have five miles of the Tay for Salmon and Trout Fishing, and Loch-na-Craig for Trout, both, with use of boat, FREE. **ALEXANDER NICOL, LESSER.**

Welsh Hotels and Fisheries.

TO ANGLERS.

BEAR HOTEL, CRICKHOWELL, BRECONSHIRE.

This Hotel is situated in the centre of the lovely Valley of Crickhowell, noted for its picturesque scenery and excellent Trout Fishing. It has every accommodation for Tourists and Anglers, has two miles of private water, considered the best Trout and Salmon Fishing in Wales, reserved for visitors staying at the Hotel. Limited number of rods. For particulars apply to the Proprietress, Mrs. JAMES.

NORTH WALES.

VALE OF CONWAY.

(The Best Salmon Fishing in North Wales.)

THE EAGLE'S HOTEL, LLANRWST,

HAS EVERY ACCOMMODATION, WITH NEW COFFEE ROOM.

FISHING TICKETS CAN BE HAD AT THE BAR,
'BUS MEETS ALL TRAINS.

R. WYNNE, Proprietor.

Welsh Hotels and Fisheries—*continued.*

PENIARTH ARMS HOTEL, **MALLWYD, DINAS MAWDDWY,** **MERIONETHSHIRE.**

THE Hotel is within one mile of Dinas Mawddwy Telegraph and Railway Stations, twelve miles from Dolgelly, eighteen miles from Bala, fourteen miles from Lake Vyrnwy, six miles from Cemmes Road Station (Cambrian Railway), and twelve miles from Cann Office; it is also within a short distance of Arran, Mawddwy, and Cader Idris, and is situated in the midst of most beautiful scenery.

All Gentlemen staying at the above Hotel are at liberty to fish in the celebrated Salmon and Trout streams Dovey and Cleifion, also a good lake.

Good Shooting to be had over 2000 acres of land, and well-broken dogs supplied.

POSTING.

This old-established and well-known Family and Commercial Hotel is replete with all the necessary accommodation for the comfort of Tourists and others.

TOM STEADMAN, Proprietor.

TROUT FISHING.—ARTHOE HALL HOTEL.

GOOD TROUT in preserved lakes and streams; boats kept on lakes. The above is free to visitors staying in the Hotel. Good Sea Fishing. Salmon and Sewin Fishing in neighbourhood. Boating, Bathing, Tennis. Terms moderate.—Apply PROPRIETOR, Arthoe Hall Hotel, Dolgelly, N. Wales.

FISHING QUARTERS on the famous River Usk.—**ANGEL HOTEL,** Abergavenny. Sufficient private water for eight salmon rods, also near the Abergavenny Association water and Upper Usk Association. Charming drives to Raglan, Llanthony Abbey, Crickhowell, and unsurpassed mountain scenery.

JOHN PRICHARD, PROPRIETOR.

LLANMYNECH.

CCROSS KEYS HOTEL. Pretty border village. Lovely Welsh scenery from the Rocks. Very healthy spot, high and dry. Good fishing: Vyrnwy and Tanat. Vyrnwy runs at foot of village. Harriers; Shooting. Breidden Hills five miles; Llanwyddyn Lake (Liverpool Waterworks) twenty-two miles. Every accommodation. Rail, Posting, Telegraph, &c. Moderate charges.—Proprietress, Miss MORTON (late of the Adelphi Hotel, Liverpool).

BULL'S HEAD FAMILY and COMMERCIAL HOTEL, and Posting House, Bala. An omnibus meets every train. Boats for the use of visitors on the lake.
Mrs. EVANS, PROPRIETRESS.

LLANDYSSUL, WALES.

GOOD Salmon and Trout Fishing in the River Teify; over two miles preserved for visitors at the PORTH HOTEL. Comfortable accommodation and moderate charges. For further particulars apply to **DANIEL EVANS, PROPRIETOR.**

Advertisements.

DAY'S BRITISH AND IRISH FISHES.

In 2 vols., imperial 8vo., cloth, price 2 guineas, by post £2 3s. 6d.

THE FISHES OF GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND.

BY FRANCIS DAY, F.L.S., F.Z.S., &c.

The Standard Work for Zoological Students, Fishculturists, Fishermen, and the Public. The value of this grand work is much increased by nearly TWO HUNDRED PLATES and WOODCUTS.

Mr. Day has personally delineated every Species from Nature, and incorporated many discoveries of recent times.

London: HORACE COX, "The Field" Office, Bream's Buildings,
London, E.C.

DAY'S SALMONIDÆ.

In 1 vol., imperial 8vo., cloth, price 1 guinea, by post 21s. 6d.

With 12 Coloured Plates and many Woodcuts.

BRITISH AND IRISH SALMONIDÆ.

BY FRANCIS DAY, C.I.E., F.L.S., AND F.Z.S.

This work is an exhaustive treatise on the Salmonidæ of the British Islands, and will be interesting to the Fisherman, as well as a text-book to the Scientific Ichthyologist. The reduced price will place it within the reach of all.

*A Few Copies to be had, beautifully bound in Whole Calf, Full Gilt,
price 35s.*

London: HORACE COX, "The Field" Office, Bream's Buildings,
London, E.C.

SECOND EDITION. Large post 8vo., price 5s., by post 5s. 3d.

ANGLING.

BY THE LATE

FRANCIS FRANCIS,

Author of "A Book on Angling," "By Lake and River," "Hot-Pot," &c.

London: HORACE COX, "The Field" Office, Bream's Buildings,
London, E.C.

Advertisements.

In post 8vo., with Illustrations, price 3s. 6d., by post 3s. 9d.

THE PRACTICAL MANAGEMENT OF FISHERIES.

A BOOK FOR PROPRIETORS AND KEEPERS.

By the late **FRANCIS FRANCIS,**

Author of "Fish Culture," "A Book on Angling," "Reports on Salmon Ladders," &c.

CONTENTS.

Chap.

- I.—Fish and Fish Food.
- II.—How to Grow Fish Food and how to Make Fishes' Homes.
- III.—On the Management of Weeds and the Economy of Fishing.
- IV.—The Enemies of Trout and how to Circumvent them.
- V.—The Artificial Incubation of Ova.

Chap.

- VI.—On the Bearing of Fry and the Conduct of Ponds, Stews, &c.
- VII.—Some Hatcheries.
- VIII.—Coarse Fish.
- IX.—On Salmon and Trout Ladders and Passes.
- APPENDIX.—Notes, &c.

London: **HORACE COX,** "The Field" Office, Bream's Buildings, London, E.C.

In crown 8vo., price 3s. 6d., by post 3s. 9d.

ANGLING REMINISCENCES.

By the late **FRANCIS FRANCIS.**

CONTENTS.

- A Christmas Retrospect; Luck; Loch Tay; The Angler's Wish; Spring Salmon Fishing; Grayling Fishing; Barbel Fishing; Covert Shooting; Fly Fishing for Ladies; Saint Mayfly; My First Salmon; The Mayfly Mess; A Month in the West; Trout Fishing; In and Out Dales; Up and Down; Tom Bowers's Christmas.

London: **HORACE COX,** "The Field" Office, Bream's Buildings, London, E.C.

Crown 8vo., profusely Illustrated, price 2s. 6d., by post 2s. 9d.

GIPSY TENTS, AND HOW TO USE THEM.

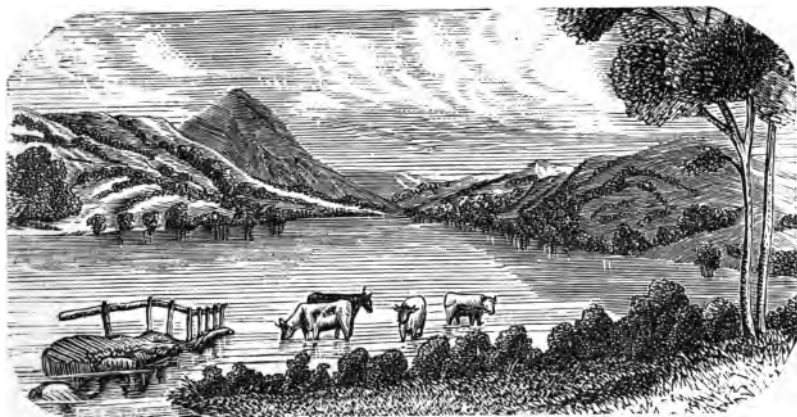
A HANDBOOK FOR AMATEUR GIPSIES.

By **G. R. LOWNDES.**

London: **HORACE COX,** "The Field" Office, Bream's Buildings, London, E.C.

BALA LAKE.

WHITE LION ROYAL HOTEL, BALA, NORTH WALES.



THIS Hotel has this season been **RE-BUILT** and **RE-FURNISHED** throughout, and no expense has been spared to provide every comfort and convenience to visitors.

Board, Lodging, and Attendance, from October to May, except Easter week, 49s. per week. Easter week, and the remaining months, 63s. per week. "Boots," 3d. per head per day, the only extra.

The fishing has much improved in the past six or seven years from the rigid observance of the close time, and the preservation insisted upon by the landed proprietors. (See page 132.) Tickets may now be had for the Trewern at this hotel, 1s. 6d. per day.

Pleasure boats are kept for the use of visitors to this hotel.

Bala, from its elevation above sea level (about 700 feet), and its lake four and a half miles long, affords a beneficial change of air not to be found elsewhere in the kingdom. Epidemics are unknown.

Bala is the Nearest Station to the Vyrnwy Lake, which is well worthy of a visit. The scenery in the neighbourhood is both beautiful and grand.

Any inquiries respecting the neighbourhood, private lodging accommodation, &c., will receive prompt attention from the Proprietor, if stamp is inclosed.

WILLIAM OWEN.

THE
ANGLER'S DIARY
AND
TOURIST FISHERMAN'S
GAZETTEER
OF THE
RIVERS AND LAKES OF THE WORLD;
TO WHICH ARE ADDED
FORMS FOR REGISTERING THE FISH TAKEN
DURING THE YEAR.

By J. C. B. C.,

EDITOR OF "FACTS AND USEFUL HINTS RELATING TO FISHING AND SHOOTING."

LONDON:
HORACE COX,
"THE FIELD" OFFICE, BREAM'S BUILDINGS,
CHANCERY LANE, E.C.

THE
HISTORY OF HOWIETOUN.

CONTAINING A
FULL DESCRIPTION
OF THE VARIOUS
HATCHING-HOUSES AND PONDS, AND OF THE EXPERIMENTS
UNDERTAKEN FROM 1873 TO 1886.

AND ALSO OF
THE FISH CULTURAL WORK,
AND THE
MAGNIFICENT RESULTS OBTAINED.

BY
Sir J. RAMSAY-GIBSON-MAITLAND, Bart.,
F.L.S., F.G.S., F.Z.S., &c., &c.

HOWIETOUN FISHERY,
STIRLING, N.B.,

Is now the largest piscicultural establishment in the world, producing over twenty millions trout ova yearly. Stocking water by means of artificial redds sown with eyed ova has been most successful. For Price List of two year-old and yearling trout, and of ova, apply to

J. R. GUY,
HOWIETOUN FISHERY, STIRLING.

CONTENTS.

RIVERS, AND THE NEAREST RAILWAY STATIONS :		
England	page	v
Ireland		xliii
Scotland		xliii
Wales		xliv
CLOSE SEASONS AND ANGLING LICENCES :		
England and Wales		lv
Ireland		lvii
Scotland		lvii
LIST OF CONTRACTIONS		lix
FISHING STATIONS IN THE UNITED KINGDOM :		
England		1
Ireland		107
Scotland		118
Wales		130
FISHING STATIONS IN AFRICA		153
FISHING STATIONS IN AMERICA :		
Canada		154
Central America		157
Newfoundland		157
United States		157
West Indies		157
FISHING STATIONS IN ASIA :		
Asia Minor		157
India		157
Japan		159
Mauritius		159
FISHING STATIONS IN EUROPE :		
Austria		160
Belgium and Luxembourg		161
Danubian Principalities		162
Denmark—Iceland		162
France		163
Germany		168
Holland		171
Italy		171
Norway and Sweden		171
Russia		179
Spain and Portugal		180
Switzerland		180
FISHING STATIONS IN AUSTRALASIA		182
ADDENDA		184
MEMORANDA.		

***Every Purchaser of the FISHING GAZETTE is INSURED
against Accident while Travelling on a Railway, also in
case of Death from Drowning.***

TO ANGLERS.

If you are an Angler, or Owner of Water which is or might be valuable as a Fishery, or are in any way interested in Fishing, send 2d. in stamps to the Manager of the FISHING GAZETTE, St. Dunstan's House, Fetter Lane, London, for a copy of the current Number of

THE

FISHING GAZETTE

A JOURNAL FOR ANGLERS.

Edited by R. B. MARSTON, Hon. Treasurer of the Fly Fishers' Club, &c.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY, PRICE 2d.

Subscription, 10s. 6d. per Annum.

The GAZETTE contains every week Twenty folio pages of Original Articles on Angling of every kind. The Paper has recently been much enlarged and improved, and Illustrations appear nearly every week.

"Under the editorship of Mr. R. B. Marston the *Gazette* has attained a high standing."—*Daily News*.

"An excellent paper."—*The World*.

London: SAMPSON LOW, MARSTON, and Co., Ltd., St. Dunstan's House, Fetter-lane, Fleet-street.

Can be obtained through all Bookstalls and Newsagents.

Entirely New Work, now ready, demy 8vo., cloth extra, price 12s. 6d.
post free.

HOW TO TIE SALMON FLIES

BY CAPTAIN HALE,

EAST LANCASHIRE REGIMENT.

**A Treatise on the Methods of Tying the various
kinds of Salmon Flies.**

Illustrated by about Seventy Wood Engravings from Photographs by Mr. C. O'Meara, specially taken for this work, and containing the Dressings of Forty Salmon Flies. Price 12s. 6.

Published by SAMPSON LOW, MARSTON, and Co., Ltd., Proprietors of *The Fishing Gazette*, St. Dunstan's House, Fetter-lane, London, E.C.

RIVERS AND THEIR STATIONS.

ENGLAND.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.			STATIONS.
ADUR (Sussex)	.....	.....	Burgess Hill, Hassock Gate, Henfield, Bill- inghurst, Grinstead, Partridge Green, Steyning, Bramber, New Shoreham.
AIRE .....	.....	.....	Calton Bridge, Gargrave, Skipton.
ALDE .....	.....	.....	Saxmundham.
	<i>Ore</i>	<i>Framlingham</i>	
		<i>Pond</i>	Framlingham.
		.....	Parham, Marlesford.
		.....	Snape.
	<i>Saxmundham Brk.</i> .....	.....	Saxmundham, Snape.
		.....	Aldborough, Orford.
ALLER .....	.....	.....	Porlock.
ALNE .....	.....	.....	Alnwick.
ALPHINGTON ..	.....	.....	Exeter.
	<i>Adder Water</i> ..	.....	Exeter.
ARUN (Sussex)	.....	.....	Horsham.
	<i>Channel Brook.</i> ..	.....	Horsham.
	.....	.....	Itheringfield, Slynfold, Rudgwick, Billing- hurst, Haslemere, Pulborough.
	<i>Rother</i> .. .....	.....	Liss, Petersfield, Rogate, Elstead, Liphook, Midhurst, Petworth, Pulborough.
	.....	.....	Amberley, Arundel, Ford, Goring, Ang- mering, Little Hampton.
AVON (Devon).	.....	.....	Brent.
AVON (Hants).	.....	.....	Devizes, Woodborough, Porton, Salisbury.
	<i>Wylde</i> .. .....	.....	Warminster, Heytesbury, Codford, Wylde, Wishford, Wilton.
		<i>Nadder</i>	Shaftsbury, Tisbury, Dinton, Wilton.
	.....	.....	Salisbury.
	<i>Winterbourne...</i> ..	.....	Graley, Porton, Salisbury.
	<i>Chalk Stream...</i> ..	.....	Tisbury.
	.....	.....	Downton, Braemore, Fordingbridge, Ring- wood, Christchurch.
AVON (Somset.)	.....	.....	Tetbury, Minety.
	<i>Dauntsey Brook</i> ..	.....	Dauntsey.
	<i>Thunder Brook</i> ..	.....	Wootton Bassett, Dauntsey.
	.....	.....	Chippenham.
	<i>Marden</i> .....	.....	Calne, Chippenham.
	<i>Corsham Lake.</i> ..	.....	Corsham.
	.....	.....	Melksham, Holt.
	<i>Seende Brook</i> ..	.....	Devizes, Seende, Westbury, Melksham.
	<i>Bias</i> .. .....	.....	Westbury, Frome, Trowbridge.
	.....	.....	Bradford, Freshford.
	<i>Frome</i> .....	.....	Witham, Frome.
		<i>Lechlere Water</i>	
	<i>Freshford Brook</i> ..	.....	Binegar.
	.....	.....	Freshford.
	<i>Norton Brook</i> ..	.....	Limpley.
		<i>Chilcompton</i>	
		<i>Brook</i>	Hallatrow, Midsomer Norton.
	.....	.....	Chilcompton, Midsomer Norton.
		<i>Wellow Brook</i> ..	Radstock, Wellow, Midford.
	.....	.....	Hallatrow, Wellow, Midford.
	.....	.....	Limpley.
	.....	.....	Bathampton.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
AVON (cont.) ..	<i>Bow Brook</i>	Box, Bathampton.
.....	.....	Bathampton.
.....	<i>Boyd</i>	Bath, Weston, Twiverton, Kelston, Saltford.
.....	.....	Yate.
.....	<i>Feltham Brook</i>	Mangotsfield.
.....	.....	Warmley, Britton.
.....	<i>Chew</i>	Keynsham.
.....	.....	Hallatrow, Clutton.
.....	<i>Clutton Brook</i> ..	Clutton.
.....	.....	Pensford, Keynsham.
.....	<i>Siston Brook</i> ..	Mangotsfield, Warmley, Britton.
.....	.....	Brislington.
.....	.....	Bristol.
AX .....	.....	Wookey, Lodge Hill.
.....	<i>Stoke Lakes</i> ..	Draycot.
.....	<i>Cheddar Water</i> ..	Cheddar.
.....	.....	Axbridge.
.....	<i>Loxton Brook</i> ..	Winscombe.
AXE .....	.....	Misterton, Crewkerne.
.....	<i>Chard Brook</i> ..	Chard.
.....	.....	Chard Junction, Axminster.
.....	<i>Yarty</i>	Ilminster, Axminster.
.....	.....	Colyton, Colyford.
.....	<i>Coly</i>	Honiton, Seaton Junction, Colyton.
.....	.....	Honiton, Colyton.
.....	<i>Offwell Brook</i> ..	Colyford.
.....	.....	Seaton.
BAIN .....	.....	Horncastle.
BALINGLEY ...	<i>Hullington Hall Lake</i> ..	Castle Rising.
BASSEN-	.....	Peel Wyke.
TRWAITE LAKE	.....	Romford, Rainham.
BEAME (Essex).	<i>Dagenham Lake</i> ..	Rainham.
BEAULIEU ....	.....	Beaulien.
BEELA .....	.....	Milnthorpe.
BENACRE BROAD	.....	Southwold.
BERRY WATER	.....	Ilfracombe.
BIDEFORD BEK.	.....	Aure.
.....	<i>Blackpool Brk.</i> ..	Speechhouse, Aure.
BILLOW BROOK	.....	Berkeley.
BLACKANTON ..	.....	Slapton Ley.
.....	<i>Slapton Ley</i> ..	Slapton Ley.
BLACKPOOL ..	.....	Stoke Flemming.
BLACKWATER	.....	Saffron Walden, Braintree, Kelvedon,
(Essex).	.....	Witham.
.....	<i>Pod's Brook</i> ..	Braintree, Bulford, Witham.
.....	.....	Wickham, Langford, Malden.
.....	<i>Chelmer</i>	Dunmow, Felsted, Chelmsford
.....	<i>Cann</i>	Chipping Ongar, Ingatestone, Chelmsford,
BLAKENEY ....	.....	New Walsingham. [Langford, Malden.
BLYTH	<i>Haveringham</i> ..	Halesworth.
.....	<i>Park Lake</i> ..	Halesworth.
.....	<i>Wisset Brook</i> ..	Wenhamston.
.....	.....	Southwold.
.....	<i>Stoven Brook</i> ..	Southwold.
.....	.....	Southwold.
BOLDEE	.....	Holmsley, Lyndhurst, Brockenhurst.
(Hants).	.....	Lymington.
BOSCASTLE BEK.	.....	Forraburay.
BRADING	.....	Wroxhall, Horringford, Newchurch,
(I. of W.).	.....	Brading, Alverstone, Sandown.
BRANSCOMBE ..	.....	Beer.
BRAUNTON	.....	Mortehoe Station, Braunton.
.....	<i>Knowle Water</i> ..	Braunton.
BREAM .....	.....	Victoria, Bridges.
.....	<i>Luxulion Water</i> ..	Bridges.
.....	.....	St. Blazey, Par.
BREEDY .....	.....	Burton Bradstock.
BRITT .....	.....	Toller, Bridport.
.....	<i>Aster</i>	Porstock, Bridport.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.			STATIONS.
BRIXHAM .....	.....	.....	Brixham.
BRUE .....	.....	.....	Bruton.
.....	<i>Cambe</i> .....	.....	Bruton.
.....	.....	.....	Cole.
.....	<i>Shepton Brook</i> .....	.....	Cole.
.....	.....	.....	Castle Carey.
.....	<i>Evercreech Brk.</i> .....	.....	Evercreech, Evercreech Junction, Castle
.....	.....	.....	Glastonbury. [Carey.
.....	<i>Wootton Brook</i> .....	.....	Pennard, Glastonbury.
.....	.....	.....	Meare.
.....	<i>Godney Brook</i> .....	.....	Shepton Mallet, Wells, Polsham, Meare.
.....	.....	.....	Shapwick, Edington, Woolavington, High-
			bridge.
BUDE .....	.....	.....	Holaworthy, Bude.
BUDOAK WTR. .....	.....	.....	Falmouth.
BURE	<i>Melton Pk. Lake</i> .....	.....	Hindolvestone
.....	<i>Thurning Hall</i> .....	.....
.....	<i>Lake</i> .....	.....	Corpusty.
.....	.....	.....	Corpusty.
.....	<i>Appletree Plan-</i> .....	.....	Aylsham.
	<i>tation Ponds</i> .....	.....	Cromer.
	<i>{ Aldborough Beck</i> .....	.....
	<i>{ Aldborough Mill</i> .....	.....	Aylsham.
	<i>{ Pond</i> .....	.....
	<i>Barningham</i> .....	.....
	<i>Park Lake</i> ..	.....	Corpusty.
	.....	.....	Corpusty.
	<i>Blickling Lake.</i> .....	.....	Aylsham.
	.....	.....	Aylsham.
.....	<i>{ Gunton Beck</i> .....	.....	Gunton.
	<i>{ Gunton Pk. Lake</i> .....	.....	Felmingham, Buxton.
	<i>{ Gunton</i> .....	.....
	<i>{ Stoke Beck</i> .....	.....
	<i>{ Perch Pond and</i> .....	.....
	<i>{ Mill Pond Heath</i> .....	.....
	<i>{ Plantation</i> ..	.....	North Walsham.
	<i>{ Scotton Pond</i> ..	.....	Worstead.
	<i>{ Stoke</i> .....	.....	Buxton.
.....	.....	.....	Coltishall, Wroxham
	<i>Spixworth Beck</i> .....	.....	Drayton.
	<i>Brickfield Broad</i> .....	.....	Wroxham.
	<i>Belaugh Broad.</i> .....	.....	Wroxham.
	<i>Little Belaugh</i> .....	.....
	<i>Broad</i> .....	.....	Wroxham.
	<i>Bridge Broad.</i> ..	.....	Wroxham.
	<i>Knapes Water.</i> ..	.....	Wroxham.
	<i>Wroxham Brd.</i> ..	.....	Wroxham.
	<i>Hoveton Gt. Brd.</i> ..	.....	Wroxham.
	<i>Salhouse Broad</i> ..	.....	Salhouse.
	<i>Decoy or Wood-</i> .....	.....
	<i>bastwick Brd.</i> ..	.....	Salhouse.
	<i>Little Hoveton</i> ..	.....
	<i>Broad</i> .....	.....	Wroxham.
	<i>Hoveton Brook.</i> ..	.....	Wroxham.
	<i>Hoveton Hall</i> ..	.....
	<i>Lake</i> .....	.....
	<i>Burnt Fen Brd.</i> ..	.....	Wroxham.
	<i>King's Water.</i> ..	.....	Wroxham.
	<i>Hoveton Broad</i> ..	.....	Wroxham.
	<i>Little Broad</i> ..	.....	Salhouse.
	<i>Ransworth Brd.</i> ..	.....	Salhouse.
	<i>Ant</i> .....	.....
	<i>Antingham</i> .....	.....
	<i>Ponds</i> .....	.....	North Walsham.
	<i>Dilham Lake</i> ..	.....	Horning.
	<i>Worstead House</i> ..	.....
	<i>Lake</i> .....	.....	Worstead
	<i>Stalham Broad</i> ..	.....	Stalham
	<i>{ Barton Broad.</i> ..	.....	Catfield.
	<i>{ Beeston Hall</i> ..	.....
	<i>{ Lake</i> .....	.....	Wroxham.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
BURE (cont.) ..	<i>Oliver Broad ..</i>	Wroxham.
	<i>Peaty Mill Dam</i>	Salhouse.
	<i>Walsham Broad</i>	Salhouse.
	<i>Hundred Stream</i>	
	<i>or Thurne ..</i>	<i>Martham Broad</i> Martham.
		<i>Horsey Mere ..</i> Martham.
		<i>Hickling, Chapman, & Whitley Broads ..</i>
		<i>Wormack Brd.</i> Potter Higham.
		Acle.
	<i>Muck Fleet....</i>	<i>Ormsby, Rollesby, & Fulby Broads.....</i>
	<i>Turnstall Dyke</i>	<i>Acle Decoy....</i>
		Ormsby.
		Acle.
		Yarmouth.
BURY BROOK..		Cheriton.
CARELON		Ruan Minor.
	<i>Croft Pascoe Pool</i>	Ruan Minor.
	<i>Leech Pool</i>	Ruan Minor.
CALDER		Blackburn, Castleford.
CALDEW		Carlisle, Dalston, Heasket Newmarket.
CAM BROOK		Dursley, Cam, Dursley Junction.
	<i>Ham Brook ..</i>	Dursley Junction.
	<i>Slimbridge Brk.</i>	Frocester.
		Bodmin.
		Bodmin.
	<i>Kirland Water</i>	Bodmin.
	<i>Lanivet Water</i>	Victoria, Bodmin.
	<i>Withiel Water..</i>	Wades Bridge.
	<i>Kestle Water ..</i>	Wades Bridge.
		Wades Bridge.
	<i>Manscove Brk.</i>	Wades Bridge.
	<i>Combe Water..</i>	Wades Bridge.
CAPEL BROOK..		Capel, Bentley.
	<i>Stutton Mill</i>	
	<i>Pond.....</i>	Manningtree.
CAREY.....		Castle Carey, Sparkford, Langport, Bridgewater.
CHAR		Charmouth.
CLIST		Hele, Broad Clist.
	<i>South Brook ..</i>	Whimble, Broad Clist
	<i>Halbrook</i>	Broad Clist.
		Topsham.
	<i>Greendale Brook</i>	Topsham.
COLNE		Yeldham, Hedingham, Halstead.
	<i>Gosfield Brook..</i>	<i>Gosfield Hall Lake.....</i>
		Halstead.
		Colne.
		Colne.
	<i>Pebmarsh Brook</i>	Chapple, Colchester.
		Woolaston.
CONE BROOK		Coniston, Torver.
CONISTON LAKE		Acklington, Felton, Harbottle, Holystone,
COQUET		Bothbury, Weldon Bridge, Warkworth.
CORFE.....		Wareham.
	<i>Byle Brook....</i>	Wareham.
		Poole.
		St. Mawes.
CORYNACK ..		Costar.
COSTAR		Burnham, Southend.
CROUCH AND ROACH (Essex)		
CRUGSILLACK		Veryan.
CUCKMARE....		Hailsham, Berwick.
DARENTH		Dunton Green, Sevenoaks, Otford, Shoreham, Eynesford, Dartford.
(Kent).		Orpington, St. Mary's Cray, Bexley, Crayford, Dartford.
	<i>Cray</i>	Fawley.
DARK WATER		Ashburton, Buckfastleigh, Staverton, Totnes, Dartmouth.
DART (Devon)		

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
DAWLISH .....	.....	Dawlish.
DEBEN .....	.....	Debenham.
.....	Potford Brook	Wickham Market.
.....	.....	Wickham Market.
.....	Ash Abbey Decoy	Wickham Market.
.....	.....	Melton, Woodbridge.
.....	Fyn	Bealings.
.....	.....	Bealings.
.....	Playford Mere	Bealings.
.....	Otley Brook ..	Bealings.
.....	.....	Woodbridge.
DEE	Afon-yr-Wynt ..	Llannwchlllyn.
.....	Dufrdwy	Llannwchlllyn.
.....	Torch	Llannwchlllyn.
.....	{ Bala Lake	Llannwchlllyn.
.....	{ Llafar	Llannwchlllyn.
.....	{ Rhydwen	Llannwchlllyn.
.....	{ Bala Lake	Bala.
.....	.....	Bala.
.....	Tryweryn	Arenig.
.....	Llyn Trywerryn ..	Arenig.
.....	Llyn Arenig ..	Arenig.
.....	{ Gelyn	Arenig.
.....	{ Llyn Arenig- bach	Arenig.
.....	{ Hescyn	Arenig, Frongoch.
.....	{ Llyn Hescyn ..	Arenig.
.....	.....	Frongoch, Bala.
.....	Cornant	Bala.
.....	Meloch	Bala.
.....	Hirnant	Bala.
.....	.....	Bala.
.....	Cynmerig	Bala.
.....	Calettwr	Llanderfel.
.....	.....	Llanderfel, Llandicillo.
.....	Candlog	Llandicillo.
.....	Llyn Mynyddod ..	Llandicillo.
.....	Llynor	Llandicillo.
.....	.....	Cynwyd.
.....	Trystion	Cynwyd.
.....	Alwen	Bettws-y-Coed.
.....	Llyn Alwen	Cerrig-y-Druidion.
.....	Llyn-dau-Ychen ..	Denbigh.
.....	{ Brenig:	Llanfihangel Glyn-Myfyr.
.....	{ Llyn Llynbrân ..	Llanfihangel Glyn-Myfyr
.....	.....	Maerdy.
.....	Derwyd	Cerrig-y-Druidion.
.....
.....	Geirw	Llanderfel.
.....	{ Merddor	Maerdy.
.....	{ Llyn Grwyni ..	Maerdy.
.....	{ Geirw	Maerdy.
.....	Ffranan	Gwyddelwern.
.....	Dwr	Corwen.
.....	.....	Corwen.
.....	Trewyn	Corwen.
.....	Camlack	Corwen.
.....	Llechog	Corwen.
.....	.....	Carrog.
.....	Morwynston	Carrog.
.....	.....	Glyndyfrdwy, Berwyn.
.....	Berwyn	Berwyn.
.....	.....	Llangollen, Trevor, Cefn.
.....	Wynnstay Park ..	.....
.....	Lakes	Ruabon, Cefn.
.....	Ceirlog	Carrog.
.....	Chirk Pk. Lake ..	Chirk.
.....	.....	Chirk.
.....	Morias	Prysgwaen.
.....	.....	Cefn.
.....	Shell Brook	Ellesmere.
.....	Chywedog ....	.....
.....	Llyn-Mawr-y- Mynydd	Brymbo.
.....	.....	Wrexham.

The Angler's Diary.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
DEE (cont.) ..	Saddle Brook ..	Wrexham.
	Wrexham Brook	Wrexham.
Worthenbury Bl.	Llyn Bedydd ..	Bettisfield.
	Hammer Hall	
	Lake	Bettisfield.
	Hammer Mere	Bettisfield.
	Bettisfield Park	
	Lakes	Bettisfield.
Halghton Mill		
Ponds		Fenns Bank
	Halghton Brook	Ellesmere.
	Sarn	
	Wolersacre	
	Mill Pond	Whitchurch.
	Dirtwich Mill	
	Pond	Whitchurch.
.....		Holt.
Alyn		Eyearth.
	Rhys	Eyearth.
	Llyn Cuffyngy	Eyearth.
		Rhyd-y-Mwyn
	Fechlas Brook	Rhyd-y-Mwyn.
		Mold, Llong.
	Ferrig	
	Llyn-y-Mynydd-	
	du	Llong.
	Llyn Neyn	Llong.
	Ferrig	Llong.
		Hope.
	Eadyn	Brymbo, Hope.
.....		Gresford, Rosset, Holt.
		Rosset.
Pulford Brook		
Holywell Edge		Malpas.
Mill Pond ..		Broxton.
Holywell		Tattenhall.
	Keys Brook ..	Chester.
Eaton Hall Lakes		Chester.
.....		Keswick.
DERWENT		
(Cumberland)		
DERWENT (York).		Ayton, Hackness, Scarborough, Yeding-
DOUB		Kearsney, Dover. [ham Bridge.
DUDDEN		Broughton-in-Furness, Green Road, Sile-
DUNSTER BROOK		Dunster. [croft, Kirkby.
EDEN		Appleby, Armathwaite, Brampton, Brough,
		Carlisle, Kirkby Stephen, Penrith,
		Temple Sowerby, Guardbridge.
EHEN		Egremont.
ELLEN		Aspatria, Ireby.
EMS		Emsworth.
EMME		Ivy Bridge.
	Ugborough Brk.	Kingsbridge Road.
ESK (Cum'land).		Drigg, Ravenglass.
ESK (York) ..		Whitby.
EWB		Burngullow.
EXE (Devon) ..		Dulverton.
	Quarum	Dulverton.
	Hadeo	Dulverton.
	Barle	Dulverton.
		Dulverton.
	Danes Brook ..	Dulverton.
	Brushford Brk.	Bampton.
	Belbrook	Venn Cross, Morebath, Bampton
	Bampton Brook	Tiverton.
.....		Tiverton.
	Loman	Tiverton.
	Dart	Tiverton.
	Butterleigh Brk.	Tiverton.
.....		Hele.
	Culm	Hemyock, Culmstock.
		Ufenlme.
	haldon Brook	

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
EXE (cont.)	<i>Kentisbere Brk.</i>	Ufculme, Tiverton Junction, Collumpton.
	<i>Ashford Brook</i>	Collumpton.
	<i>Langford Brook</i>	Tiverton Junction, Collumpton.
	.....	Collumpton.
	<i>Creedy</i>	Hele.
	.....	Crediton.
	<i>Yeo Brook</i> ..	Crediton.
	<i>Sandford Brook</i> ..	Crediton.
	<i>Spreyton Water</i> ..	Bow, Crediton.
	.....	St. Cyres.
	<i>Shobrook Brook</i> ..	St. Cyres.
	.....	Exeter.
FAL.....	.....	St. Columb, Grampound.
	<i>Gwendra Water</i> ..	Grampound.
FOWEY .....	.....	Bodmin.
	<i>St. Neot</i>	Liskeard.
	<i>Temple Brook</i> ..	Bodmin Road.
	.....	Bodmin Road.
	<i>Milton Brook</i> ..	Bodmin Road.
	.....	Lostwithiel.
	<i>Red Brook</i>	Lostwithiel.
	<i>Leign</i>	Lostwithiel.
	<i>Trebant Water</i> ..	Fowey.
	<i>Pont Brook</i>	Fowey.
	.....	Fowey
FROME (Dorset) .....	.....	Toller, Malden Newton Grimston, Dorchester.
	<i>Crane</i>	Everashot, Dorchester.
	.....	Moreton, Wool, Wareham
FROME .....	.....	Yate, Iron Acton.
(Bristol).	<i>Laden</i>	Wickwar, Tytherington.
	.....	Filton.
	<i>Bradley Brook</i> ..	Thornbury, Filton.
	.....	Fishpounds.
	<i>Stoke Park Lake</i> ..	Fishpounds.
	.....	Stapleton Road, Bristol.
FROME (Glo'ster) .....	.....	Stroud, Brimscombe.
	<i>Slean Brook</i> ..	Stroud.
	<i>Painswick Brk.</i> ..	Wooton, Stroud.
	<i>Nailsworth Brk.</i> ..	Nailsworth, Woodchester, Stroud
	.....	Stonehouse.
GIPPING	<i>Wetherden Lake</i> ..	Haughley, Stowmarket.
	<i>Rattlesden Brk.</i> ..	Stowmarket.
	.....	Needham Market.
	<i>Bos Mere</i>	Needham Market.
	.....	Claydon, Bramford, Ipswich.
	<i>Flowton Brook</i> ..	Ipswich.
GLAVEN	<i>Selbrigg Pond</i> ..	Holt.
	<i>Holt Mill Pond</i> ..	Holt.
	<i>Pond Hills</i>	Holt.
	<i>Thornage Brk.</i> ..	Holt, Gunthorpe, Thursford, Hull.
	.....	Holt.
GLEN AND TILL .....	.....	Kirknewton, Wooler. (See Till, Scotland.)
GNETA ..	.....	Keswick.
GULVALE BRK. .....	.....	Penzance.
GWITHIAN ....	.....	Cambourne.
	<i>Gwinear Brook</i> ..	Gwinear.
HAMBLE .....	.....	Bishops Waltham, Botley
HARTLAND AB- .....	.....	Hartland.
BEY STREAM. .....	.....
HAYLE .....	.....	Gwinear.
	<i>Germoe Brook</i> ..	St. Earth.
	.....	St. Earth, Hayle.
	<i>Gwinear Water</i> ..	Hayle.
HELFOED ....	.....	Constantine.
	<i>Trecoos Brook</i> ..	Constantine.
	<i>Gweek Water</i> ..	Helston, Constantine.
HELSTON .....	.....	Pool, Helston.
HOBBER .....	.....	Blackburn, Clithero, Ribchester.

The Angler's Diary.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
HOLBROOK BRO.	.....	Bentley.
	Tottinstone	
	Place Lakes..	Bentley.
HOLLAND BRO.	.....	Thorpe.
HOLYWELL BRO.	.....	New Quay.
HOPE BROOK..	.....	Longhope, Westbury.
IDLE	Poulter	Langwith.
	Langwith	
	Lodge Lake ..	Langwith.
	Welbeck Park	
	Lakes	Whitwell.
	Carburton Forge	
	Lake	Worksop.
	Chumber Park	
	Lake	Checker House
	Poulter	Tuxford.
	Meden	Terversall.
	.....	Terversall.
	Car Ponds	Shirebrook.
	.....	Mansfield Woodhouse.
	Park Hall Lake	
Thoresby Park		
Lake .....	.....	Ollerton.
Meden .....	.....	Tuxford.
Maun	Bath Wood Lake	Sutton.
King's Mill Reservoir .....	.....	Sutton.
Maun .....	.....	Mansfield.
	Coldwell Brook.	Mansfield.
	.....	Mansfield Woodhouse.
	Vicay Water ..	Mansfield Woodhouse.
	.....	Ollerton.
	{ Rainsworth Brk }	Mansfield.
	{ Rainsworth Pnd }	Mansfield.
	{ Foul Evi Brook }	Mansfield.
	{ Inkersall Dam.. }	Farnsfield.
	{ Rufford Dam.. }	Ollerton.
	{ Bevercotes Brook }	Tuxford.
	.....	Tuxford.
	.....	Retford.
.....	.....	Retford.
Babsworth Hall		
Lake .....	.....	Retford.
.....	.....	Ramskill, Scrooby, Bawtry.
Ryton .....	.....	Worksop.
	Manor Park	
	Lake	Worksop.
	.....	Chequer House, Ramskill.
	Old Coates Dyke	Botheram.
	Laughton Pond.	Kiveton Park.
	{ Spont Dyke.. }	
	{ Moor Mill	
	{ Dam	Shireoak.
	{ Carlton Lake.	Worksop.
	{ Langold Lake	Worksop.
	{ Spont	Ramskill.
	{ Oldcoates	Ramskill.
	.....	Scrooby.
	Seriby Pt. Lake	Ramskill.
	.....	Bawtry.
.....	.....	Tickhill, Rossington.
.....	Sandbeck Park	
.....	Lake	
	{ St. Catharine's	
	{ Well Stream.. }	
	{ Crookhill Hall	
	{ Lake	Conisborough.
	.....	Firmingley.
	.....	Crowle, Aithorpe.
	.....	Brentwood, Rainham.
INGERSBURN ...	.....	Alreaford, Itchen Abbas, Winchester.
ITCHEN (Hants)	.....	Bishopstoke, Southampton.
KENN (Devon)	.....	Exminster, Starcross.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
KENN (Somset.) .....	.....	Bourton, Nailsea, Clevedon.
KENT .....	.....	Kendal.
KESTLE .....	.....	St. Columb.
.....	Tredinick Wtr.	Grampond.
.....	.....	New Quay.
KINGSBRIDGE .....	.....	Kingsbridge.
BROOK .....	.....	.....
KINTON BROOK	Bizley Decoy	Ipswich.
.....	Ponds	Woodbridge.
.....	.....	Bishopston.
KITTLE BROOK .....	.....	Luton, New Mill End, Harpenden, Wheat-
LEA (Essex) .....	.....	hampstead, Hatfield, Hertford.
.....	Mimram	Welwyn, Hertford.
.....	Beane	Stevenage, Hertford.
.....	Rib	Buntingford, Westmill, Braughing.
.....	.....	Braughing.
.....	.....	How Street, Hertford.
.....	Ash	Ware.
.....	.....	Hadham Cross, Widford, Ware.
.....	Stort	St. Margaret's, Hoddesdon.
.....	.....	Stanstead, Bishop Stortford, Sawbridge-
.....	Pinsey Brook ..	worth, Harlow.
.....	.....	Takeley, Harlow.
.....	Cobbin's Brook ..	Burnt Mill, Roydon, Hoddesdon.
.....	.....	Broxbourne, Cheesunt, Waltham.
.....	.....	Waltham.
LITTLE AVON .....	.....	Enfield, Angel-road, Park Station, Totten-
.....	Oiseworth Brook ..	ham, Lea Bridge, Stratford.
.....	Tortworth Brk.	Wickwar, Charfield.
.....	.....	Charfield.
LOOE	Waterley Brook ..	Wickwar.
.....	.....	Berkeley.
LYNE .....	.....	Dursley, Berkeley.
LYDNEY BROOK .....	.....	Llakeard, Menheniot.
LYN	Oare Water ..	Kirkby Lonsdale, Lancaster.
.....	Badgworthy Wtr. ..	Lydney.
.....	.....	Lynmouth.
LYNE .....	.....	Lynmouth.
LYVENNET .....	.....	Lynmouth.
MADRON BROOK .....	.....	Bewcastle, Bolton.
MANACCAH BRK. ....	.....	Crosby Ravensworth.
MARAZON WTR. ....	.....	Pensance.
MARDYKE .....	.....	Manaccan.
MARSHLAND .....	.....	Marazon.
MAWGAM	Whitemaster ...	Purfleet.
.....	.....	Hartland.
MEDINA(I.ofW.) .....	.....	St. Columb.
MEDWAY(Kent) .....	.....	St. Columb.
.....	Eden	Blackwater, Shide, Newport, Cowes.
.....	Tees	East Grinstead, Hartfield, Withyham,
.....	Beult	Tunbridge Wells, Groombridge, Tun-
.....	.....	bridge.
MELLINGBORE .....	.....	Edenbridge, Chiddingstone, Tunbridge.
MEON (Hants) .....	.....	Yalding.
MOULTRE .....	.....	Tunbridge Wells, Yalding.
MOUNTON BRK. ....	.....	Headcorn, Staplehurst, Yalding.
MULLION BRK. ....	.....	Watlingbury, East Farleigh, Maidstone,
NEDDEN BROOK .....	.....	Aylsford, Snodland, Rochester.
NEN	Fawsley Brook Fawsley Park Lake	St. Columb, New Quay.
.....	Streok Dunslund Reservoir	Petersfield, Fareham.
.....	.....	Guardbridge.
.....	.....	Chepstow, Portakewet.
.....	.....	Mullion.
.....	.....	Portakewet.
.....	.....	Weedon.
.....	.....	Weedon.
.....	.....	Daventry.

The Angler's Diary.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
NEW (cont.) ..	Middlemore Reservoir	Daventry.
.....	.....	Crick, Weedon.
Horstone Brk. ....	.....	Weedon.
Weston Brook .....	.....	Piddington, Northampton.
.....	.....	Northampton.
.....	Maidwell Dale and Maidwell Hall Lakes... ..	Lampport Hall Lake
.....	.....	Lampport.
.....	.....	Brixworth.
Calendar Brook .....	.....	Brixworth.
.....	.....	Spratton.
.....	.....	Spratton.
Stowe Brook ..	.....	Lampport, Spratton.
Pittsford Brook	Faxton Hall Ponds	Brampton.
.....	.....	Brampton.
Moulton Brook .....	.....	.....
Althorp Brook	Althorp Park Lakes	Althorp Park, Brampton.
.....
Dallington Hall Lake .....	.....	Northampton.
Abington Park Lake .....	.....	Northampton.
Billing Brook ..	Overstone Park Lake	Northampton, Billing.
.....	.....	Billing.
Sywell Brook ..	Sywell Pk. Pond } Sywell Mill Pond }	Wellingborough, Castle Ashby.
.....	.....	Castle Ashby.
Ashby Brook ..	Castle Ashby Park Lakes..	Castle Ashby.
.....	.....	Wellingborough.
Ise	Kilmarsh Lake	Kilmarsh, Desborough, Rushton, Ged- dington, Kettering, Burton, Finedorn.
.....	Finedorn Hall Lake	Finedorn.
.....	Dickens Mill Pond	Wellingborough.
.....	.....	Ditchford, Higham Ferrers, Ringstead, Thrapston.
Harpers Brook .....	.....	Weldon, Thrapston.
.....	.....	Thorpe, Oundle.
Southwick Pond .....	.....	Oundle.
.....	.....	Elton.
Elton Prk. Lake .....	.....	Elton.
Willow Brook ..	Dene Park Lake	Weldon.
.....	Blatherwycke Park Lake..	King's Cliff.
.....	.....	King's Cliff.
.....	.....	Nassington, Wansford.
Withering Brk. ..	Easton Lake ..	Stamford.
.....	.....	Wansford.
.....	.....	Castor.
Billing Brook..	.....	Castor.
.....	.....	Overton.
.....
Milton Park Lakes .....	.....	Peterborough.
.....	.....	Peterborough, Guyhirne, Wisbeach.
Old River ....	.....	Ramsey.
.....	{ Holme Brook Caldecot Pond..	Holme, Ramsey.
.....	Wiston Brook..	Huntingdon, Ramsey.
.....	Ramsey Mere..	Ramsey.
.....	.....	March, Wisbeach.
Muscal River or Cats Water..	.....	Peterborough, Eye Green, French Drove, Tydd St. Mary's.
.....	.....	Ferry, Tydd St. Mary's, Sutton Bridge.

Rivers and their Stations.

xv

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
NEW RIVER ..	.....	Hertford, Hoddesdon, Broxbourne, Chess- bunt, Waltham, Enfield, Winchmore Hill, Wood Green, Hornsey, Torrington Park, [London.]
NEWTOWN ...	.....	Newtown.
NIDD .....	.....	Knareborough, Pateley Bridge.
NORTH TYNE ..	.....	Tarsett.
OLD DON RIVER	.....	Crowle.
OLVESTON .....	.....	New Passage.
OTTER.....	.....	Taunton, Honiton.
	<i>Pennythorn Brk.</i>	Honiton.
	<i>Blanacombe Brk.</i>	Honiton.
	<i>Aulescombe Brook</i>	Honiton.
.....	.....	Ottery Road, Ottery St. Mary.
.....	<i>Saithwater Brook..</i>	Ottery St. Mary.
.....	.....	Tipton.
OUSE (Great)..	<i>Biddlesdon Park</i>	Brackley.
.....	<i>Lakes</i>	Brackley.
.....	.....	Buckingham.
.....	<i>Stow Lakes.</i> ..	Buckingham.
.....	.....	Brackley.
.....	<i>Claydon</i>	Claydon.
.....	<i>Cottisford Pond</i>	Claydon.
.....	<i>Claydon Farm</i>	Buckingham.
.....	<i>Pond, Middle</i>	Swanbourn.
.....	<i>Claydon Pond</i>	Stoney Stratford.
.....	.....	Stoney Stratford.
.....	<i>Whaddon Lake</i>	Wolverton.
.....	.....	Helmedon, Wappenham.
.....	<i>Whittlewood Forest</i>	Blakesley.
.....	<i>Lakes</i>	Towcester, Wolverton.
.....	<i>Tove</i>	Newport Pagnell.
.....	.....	Dunstable, Leighton Buzzard.
.....	<i>Blakesley Brook</i>	Woburn, Leighton Buzzard.
.....	.....	Leighton Buzzard.
.....	.....	Fenny Stratford.
.....	.....	Woburn.
.....	<i>Crawley Brook</i>	Newport Pagnell.
.....	.....	Olney, Turvey, Harrold, Sharnbrook,
.....	.....	Oakley, Bedford, Tempsford.
Ivel .....	.....	Baldock, Arlesey.
	<i>Hir</i>	Hitchin, Arlesey.
	<i>Tod</i>	Harlington.
	<i>Tingrith House</i>	Amphill.
	<i>Lakes</i>	Shefford.
	<i>Flitwick Park</i>	Shefford.
	<i>Lakes</i>	Shefford.
	<i>Tod</i>	Amphill.
	<i>Gull Brook</i>	Arlesey.
	<i>Compton Brk</i>	Biggleswade.
	<i>Wrest Park</i>	
	<i>Lakes</i>	
	<i>Tod</i>	
.....	
.....	<i>Sutton Brook..</i>	
.....	<i>Gamlingay Prk.</i>	Gamlingay.
.....	<i>Lake</i>	Sandy.
.....	
.....	<i>Southill Brook</i>	Southill.
.....	<i>Southill Park</i>	
.....	<i>Lake</i>	
.....	<i>Old Warden Prk</i>	
.....	<i>Lake</i>	

The Angler's Diary.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
OUSE (Gt.) (cont.)	.....	Blunham.
.....	.....	St. Neots.
.....	Kym	Kimbolton.
.....	Warren Fish- pond	Kimbolton.
.....	Gallow Brook ..	St. Neots.
.....	.....	Huntingdon.
.....	Alconbury Brk.	Huntingdon.
.....	.....	St. Ives, Swavesey, Earith, Stretham, Thetford.
.....	Cam..... Debben Hall Lakes	Newport.
.....	.....	Newport, Saffron Walden, Great Chester- ford, Whittleford, Shelford.
.....	Bourn	Linton, Pampisford, Shelford.
.....	Rhee	Ashwell, Meldreth.
.....	Wimpole Park Lake	Old North Road Station.
.....	Rhee	Harston.
.....	Bourn	Lords Bridge.
.....	.....	Cambridge, Waterbeach
.....	Bottisham Load	Fulbourn, Waterbeach.
.....	Swaffham Load	Waterbeach.
.....	.....	Ely.
.....	Lark	Bury St. Edmunds.
.....	Livermere Park Lakes	Ingham.
.....	Ampton Park Lake	Bury St. Edmunds.
.....	Culford Park Lake	Saxham.
.....	Linnet	Saxham.
.....	Ickworth Park Lake	Mildenhall.
.....	Cavenham Brk.	Kenet.
.....	Kent	Littleport.
.....	Mildenhall	Littleport.
.....	Drain	Littleport.
.....	Old Craft River	Bottisdale.
.....	Little Ouse.... Redgrave Park Lake	Shurston.
.....	Ixworth	Ixworth.
.....	Drinkstone Prk. Lake	Ixworth.
.....	Stowlangtoft Hall Lake	Thetford.
.....	Euston Pk. Lake	Harling, Thetford.
.....	Thet	Brandon, Lakenheath.
.....	.....	Hilgay.
.....	.....	Hilgay.
.....	Sams Cut Drain	Watton.
.....	Wissey or Stoke River	Watton.
.....	Heath Mere ..	Watton.
.....	.....	Holm Hale.
.....	Saham Mere ..	Brandon.
.....	Erneford Brook	Brandon.
.....	Buckenham	Stoke Ferry.
.....	House Pt. Lake	Stoke Ferry.
.....	Toff's Mere	Stoke Ferry.
.....	Didlington Hall Lake	Downham Market.
.....	Barton Brook..	Hilgay.
.....	Stradset Hall Lake	Downham Market, Magdalen, King's Lynn.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
OUSE (Gt.) (cont.)	<i>Nar or Letchy</i>	Litcham, Swaffham, Narborough, King's
	<i>Gawood River..</i>	King's Lynn. [Lynn.
OUSE (Sussex)		Buxted, Isfield, Uckfield, Lewes, Glynd,
		Newhaven.
OUSE (York) ..		York, Cattal.
PARACOMBE		Linton.
PARRET		Crewkerne.
	<i>Hinton Brook ..</i>	Crewkerne.
		Martock.
		Ilminster.
	<i>Icle</i>	Langport.
		Sherborne.
	<i>Yeo</i>	Milborne Port, Sherborne.
	<i>Milbourne Brk.</i>	Yetminster.
	<i>Yet</i>	Yeovil Junction.
		Sutton Bingham, Evershott, Yeovil
	<i>Evershott Brook</i>	Yeovil [Junction.
		Sparkford, Marston Magna.
	<i>Sparkford Brk.</i>	Martock, Langport.
		Hatch.
	<i>Hatch Brook ..</i>	Athelney.
		Wiveliscombe, Wellington.
	<i>Tone</i>	Wiveliscombe, Milverton.
	<i>Milverton Brook</i>	Wiveliscombe, Bishops Lydiard, Milverton,
	<i>Norton Brook ..</i>	Norton Fitzwarren.
		Bishops Lydiard, Taunton.
	<i>Kingston Brook</i>	Taunton.
		Black Brook ..
	<i>Durston Brook</i>	Durston
		Athelney
		Bridgwater
PENRYN		Penryn.
PERRAN		Scorrier Gate.
	<i>Gwenna Brook</i>	Perran
		Perran.
	<i>Trevedra Brk.</i>	Perran.
	<i>Stithians Water</i>	Perran.
PETHERICK		St. Columb, Padstow.
PEVENSEY ..		Pevensay.
PETTERIL		Carlisle, Plumpton, Southwalte.
PIDDLE		Grimston, Moreton, Wool.
	<i>Milton Park Lakes</i>	Blandford.
		Wareham.
	<i>Decoy Pond ..</i>	Wareham.
PILNING BROOK		Pilning, New Passage
PLYM		Bickley.
	<i>Meavy</i>	Harrowbridge, Bickley.
		Marsh Mills.
	<i>Tory Brook ..</i>	Bickley, Plymton, Marsh Mills.
		Plymouth.
POLGLAZE BAK.		Tregony.
POLPERRO BAK.		Polperro.
POLWHEVERILL		Constantine.
PORHCOTHAN		St. Columb.
RAVENSBOROUGH		Bromley, Catford Bridge, Lee, Lewisham.
RIBBLE		Blackburn, Chatburn, Elston, Preston,
		Ribchester.
ROCKLE		Wareham, Poole.
RODING (Essex)		Dunmow, Takeley, Chipping Ongar.
		Chipping Ongar.
	<i>Crispy Brook ..</i>	Chigwell Lane, Loughton, Buckhurst Hill,
		Woodford, George Lane, Leytonstone,
		Ilford.
ROMAN RIVER..		Marks.
	<i>Birch Hall Lake</i>	Marks.
	<i>Laver Brook ..</i>	Wyvenhoe.
		Wyvenhoe.
ROTHER (Kent)		Ticehurst, Etchingham, Robert's Bridge,
	<i>Tillingham Water</i>	Rye. [Rye.
	<i>Brede</i>	Battle, Winchelsea, Rye.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
RYE .....	.....	Hovingham, Helmsley, Nunnington, Salton.
SCALBY BECK..	.....	Scalby.
SEATON .....	.....	Liskeard, Menheniot.
SEVERN .....	.....	Llanidloes.
	<i>Brochan</i>	Llangurig.
	{ <i>Dulas Brook</i> ..	Llangurig.
	{ <i>Tylwch</i>	Tylwch.
	.....	Llanidloes.
	<i>Clywedog</i>	Llanidloes.
	<i>Llwyd</i>	Llanidloes.
	<i>Biga</i>	Llanidloes.
	<i>Llyn Dero-</i>	
	<i>nydion</i>	Llanidloes.
	.....	Dolwen.
	<i>Ebyr</i>	Dolwen.
	<i>Berthin</i>	Dolwen.
	.....	Llandinam, Caersws.
	<i>Taramon</i>	Carno.
	<i>Relaf</i> ..	Caersws.
	<i>Ceryst</i> ..	Llanidloes.
	.....	Caersws.
	<i>Garno</i>	Carno.
	<i>Pwll-ilydan</i> ..	Carno.
	<i>Cledau</i>	Carno.
	<i>Cernog</i>	Carno.
	<i>Llyn-Du</i>	Pont-y-ddolgoch.
	.....	Pont-y-ddolgoch.
	<i>Tarw</i>	Pont-y-ddolgoch.
	<i>Llyn-Tarw</i>	Scafell.
	<i>Fachwen Pool</i> ...	Scafell.
	<i>Hafren</i>	Newtown.
	.....	Newtown, Abermule.
	<i>Mule</i>	Kerry, Abermule.
	.....	Montgomery.
	<i>Rhiw</i>	Carno.
	<i>Llyn-y-bugail</i> ...	
	{ <i>Mawr</i>	Pont-y-ddolgoch.
	{ <i>Llyn Mawr</i>	Montgomery.
	.....	Forden.
	.....	Lyddham.
	<i>Camlad</i>	Kerry.
	<i>Caerbitra</i>	Kerry.
	<i>Locks Brook</i> ..	Kerry.
	{ <i>Hailesford Brk.</i>	
	{ <i>Martin Pool</i> ..	Forden.
	.....	Forden.
	.....	Welshpool.
	<i>Sylvan Brook</i> ..	Welshpool.
	.....	Buttington.
	<i>Trewern</i>	Middletown.
	.....	Criggion.
	<i>Bets Brook</i>	Pool Quay, Criggion.
	<i>Maerdy Brook</i> ..	Arleen, Criggion.
	.....	Llandrinio, Ferry.
	<i>Vyrnwy</i>	Bala.
	<i>Lake Vyrnwy</i> ..	
	<i>Ennant</i>	Lake Vyrnwy Hotel.
	<i>Hirddu</i>	Lake Vyrnwy Hotel.
	<i>Cedig</i>	Lake Vyrnwy Hotel.
	<i>Marchant</i>	Lake Vyrnwy Hotel.
	<i>Cuny</i>	Lake Vyrnwy Hotel.
	<i>Dysnant</i>	Lake Vyrnwy Hotel.
	<i>Llwydiarth</i>	Llanfyllin.
	<i>Cringae</i>	
	{ <i>Einion</i>	
	{ <i>Llyn-hir</i>	Carno.
	<i>Graheyddau</i> ..	Carno.
	{ <i>Bane</i>	Dinas Mowddwy.
	{ <i>Ysguthan</i>	Dinas Mowddwy.
	{ <i>Torch</i>	Dinas Mowddwy.
	{ <i>Llechog</i>	Dinas Mowddwy.
	{ <i>Catham</i>	Dinas Mowddwy.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.	STATIONS.
SEVERN (cont.)	
{ <i>Llyn - y - bu-gail</i>	Dinas Mowddwy.
<i>Banw</i>	Can-office.
{ <i>Eira</i>	Llanbrynmair.
{ <i>Cannon</i>	Llanbrynmair.
{ <i>Llyn Gwyd-dior</i>	Llanbrynmair.
{ <i>Cledau</i>	Cerno.
{ <i>Nydwydd</i>	Can-office.
{ <i>Gwylyferyn</i>	Can-office.
{ <i>Llyn Gwyl-feryn</i>	Can-office.
{ <i>Einion</i>	Can-office.
{ <i>Llyn-hir</i>	Can-office.
{ <i>Llyn - Gran-wyddau</i> ..	Can-office.
<i>Banw</i>	Llanfair.
<i>Llyn-du</i>	Llansantffraid.
.....	Llansantffraid.
{ <i>Cain</i>	Llanfyllin.
{ <i>Llechweedd</i> ..	Llanfyllin.
<i>Cain</i>	Llanfechan.
<i>Bugan</i>	Llanfechan.
<i>Cain</i>	Llansantffraid.
<i>Tamat</i>	Llangynnog.
{ <i>Goch</i>	Llangynnog.
{ <i>Llyn-Pennan</i> ..	Llangynnog.
<i>Eiarth</i>	Llangynnog.
<i>Hirnant</i>	Llangynnog.
{ <i>Moch</i>	Llanrhaiadr-yn-Mochnant.
{ <i>Llyn - llyne-caws</i> ..	Llanrhaiadr-yn-Mochnant.
{ <i>Diagynfa</i>	Llanrhaiadr-yn-Mochnant.
<i>Twrch</i>	Llanrhaiadr-yn-Mochnant.
{ <i>Cynllaith</i>	Oswestry.
{ <i>Llyn Rhyddwyn</i> ..	Oswestry.
{ <i>Llyn Moelin</i> ..	Llangedwyn.
<i>Tamat</i>	Llan-y-blodwell.
.....	Llanymynech.
{ <i>Morda</i>	Oswestry.
{ <i>Aston Lake</i>	Oswestry.
<i>Wear Brook</i> ..	<i>Sandford Hall</i>
<i>Pond</i>	Kinnerley.
<i>Onslow Hall</i>	
<i>Lake</i>	Hanwood.
<i>Perry</i>	Gobowen, Whittington.
<i>Halston Hall</i>	
<i>Lakes</i>	Whittington.
.....	Rednall.
<i>Shelyocke Lake</i>	Rednall.
.....	Basechurch.
{ <i>Warbrook</i>	Basechurch.
{ <i>Berth Pool</i>	Basechurch.
<i>Birch Grove</i>	
<i>Pool</i>	Basechurch.
<i>Marton Pool</i> ..	Basechurch.
{ <i>Fennymere Pool</i>	Basechurch.
.....	Leaton, Shrewsbury.
<i>Raddle</i>	<i>Onslow Hall</i>
<i>Lake</i>	Hanwood, Shrewsbury.
<i>Rea</i>	Minsterley.
<i>Minsterley Brk.</i>	Minsterley.
.....	Pontesbury.
<i>Habberley Brk.</i>	Pontesbury.
.....	Hanwood.
<i>Yockleton Brk.</i>	Westbury, Yockleton, Hanwood.
<i>Longdean Brk.</i>	Yockleton.
{ <i>Meole Brook</i> ..	Yockleton.
{ <i>Bomer Pool</i> ..	Yockleton.

The Angler's Diary.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
SEVERN (cont.)	.....	Shrewsbury.
	Almond Pool..	Shrewsbury.
	Black Pool....	Shrewsbury.
	Hencott Pool..	Shrewsbury.
Sundown Brook	.....	Yarton, Hadnall.
	Sundown Castle	
	Lakes	Shrewsbury.
Tern	Maer Hall Lake	Whitmore.
.....	.....	Norton.
	{Hemp Mill Bk.	
	{Daisy Lake....	Market Drayton.
.....	.....	Market Drayton.
	Coal Brook....	Market Drayton.
	Buntingsdale	
	Hall Lake ..	Market Drayton.
	{Basle Brook ..	
	{Sandford Hall	
	{Pool.....	Prees.
	{Big Pool.....	Adderley.
	{Old Pool.....	Market Drayton.
	{Stych Pool....	Market Drayton.
	{Cloverley Pond	Market Drayton.
	{Morden Mill	
	{Pond	Market Drayton.
.....	.....	Hodnet.
	Salter's Brook..	Hodnet.
.....	.....	Peplow.
	Allford Brook..	Peplow.
	Polford Brook..	Peplow.
	Meess	
	{White Stich	
	{Lake	Shiffnal.
	{Aquadale Mere	Newport.
	{Chetwyns Park	
	{Pond	Newport.
	{Lomeo Brook..	Newport.
	{Elerton Bk..	
	{Heywood	
	{Ponds	Market Drayton.
	{Canal Re-	
	{servoir....	Market Drayton.
	{Showed Pond	Newport.
	{Meess	Peplow.
.....	.....	Crudgington.
	{Strine	Newport.
	{Brockton Brk.	Newport.
	{Wildmore	
	{Pool.....	Newport.
	{Minton's Pool	Newport.
	{Limekiln Pool	Newport.
	Preston Brk...	Hadley.
	Strine	Crudgington.
	Beanhill Brook	Crudgington.
.....	.....	Walcott.
	Roden	
	White Meer ..	Ellesmere.
	Black Meer....	Ellesmere.
	Colemere.....	Ellesmere.
	Croze Meer ..	Ellesmere.
	Roden	Wem.
	Prees Brook ..	Wem.
	Hawkstone	
	Park Lake..	Wem.
	Roden	Walcott.
.....	.....	Shrewsbury.
.....	.....	Berrington.
Bell Brook ....	.....	Berrington.
Cound Brook..	.....	Church Stretton, Le Botwood, Dorrington,
	Row Brook....	Berrington. [Condover, Berrington.
	Aston Brook ..	Berrington.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
SEVERN (cont.)	Langley Brook	Le Botwood.
	Langley Pond..	
	Acton Burnell	
	Park Lakes..	Cressage.
	Harnage	
	Grange Pond	Cressage.
.....	.....	Cressage.
	Hughley Brook	Presthorpe, Much Wenlock.
	Leighton Brook	Cressage.
.....	.....	Buildwas.
	Farley Brook..	Much Wenlock, Buildwas.
.....	.....	Ironbridge, Coalport, Linley
	Linley Brook..	Linley.
	Wiley Pl. Lakes	Linley.
	Worff	Shiffnal.
	Burlington Pool	Shiffnal.
	New Pool	Shiffnal.
	Forge Pool....	Shiffnal.
	Norring Brook	Shiffnal.
	Weston Park	
	Lakes	Shiffnal.
	Tong Brook..	Shiffnal.
	Cowley Wood	
	Pond	Shiffnal.
	Norton Meer	Shiffnal.
	Badger Brook..	Albrighton.
	Snowdon Pool..	Albrighton.
	Stratford Brook	Albrighton, Linley
	Claverley Brk.	Linley.
.....	.....	Linley.
	.....	Bridgenorth.
	Mor Brook....	Much Wenlock.
	Beggar Hill Brk.	Much Wenlock.
.....	.....	Hampton.
	.....	Hampton, Alverley.
	Borle Brook ..	Bridgenorth, Alverley.
.....	.....	Upper Arley, Bewdley.
	Dowles Brook..	Alverley, Wyre, Bewdley.
.....	.....	Stourport.
	Gladder Brook	Stourport.
	Stour	Halesowen, Cradley.
	Gades Green	
	Reservoir ..	Dudley.
	New Pool	Cradley.
.....	.....	Stourbridge.
	Pensnett Chase	
	Reservoirs ..	Brierley Hill.
	Smestow	Wolverhampton.
	Wombourne...	Wolverhampton.
	Himley Park	
	Ponds	Stourbridge.
	Common Pool..	Stourbridge.
	Philley Brook..	Stourbridge.
.....	.....	Kidderminster.
	Hoo Brook	Churchill, Kidderminster.
.....	.....	Stourport.
	.....	Stourport.
	Dick Brook....	Stourport.
	Sharpley Pool	Stourport.
	Frog Pool	Stourport.
	Shrawley Brook	
	Witley Court	
	Ponds	Stourport.
	Sakcary	Bromsgrove.
	Spadbourne Bk.	Bromsgrove.
	Hen Brook	Droitwich.
.....	.....	Droitwich.
	Body Brook ..	Droitwich.
	Hampton Brk.	Droitwich.
	Dovedale Brook	Thurtlebury.
.....	.....	Worcester.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.	
SEVERN (cont.)	.....	Worcester.	
<i>Tem</i> .....	.....	Knucklas, Knighton, Bucknall, Leintwar-	[dine.
<i>Clun</i> .....	.....	Clun.	
<i>Lower</i> .....	.....	Clun.	
<i>Clun</i> .....	.....	Broome.	
{ <i>Kempton Brk.</i> .....	.....	Broome.	
{ <i>Acton Pool</i> ..	.....	Clun.	
<i>Clun</i> .....	.....	Hopton Heath.	
<i>Redlake Brook</i> ..	.....	Bucknall, Hopton Heath.	
<i>Clun</i> .....	.....	Leintwardine.	
<i>Allox Brook</i> ..	.....	Leintwardine.	
<i>Burrington Pool</i> ..	.....	Leintwardine.	
.....	.....	Broomfield.	
{ <i>Onny</i> .....	.....	Lyddham.	
{ <i>Marsh Pool</i> .....	.....	Lyddham.	
{ <i>Shelve Pool</i> .....	.....	Lyddham.	
{ <i>Black Brook</i> .....	.....	Lyddham.	
{ <i>Onny</i> .....	.....	Lyddham, Eaton.	
{ <i>Eaton Brook</i> ..	.....	Le Botwood, Eaton.	
{ <i>Onny</i> .....	.....	Plowden.	
{ { <i>Quenny Brk.</i> ..	.....	Marsh Brook.	
{ { <i>Eaton Brook</i> ..	.....	Longville, Harton Road.	
{ <i>Onny</i> .....	.....	Craven Arms, Onibury, Bromfield.	
{ <i>Decoy Pools</i> ..	.....	Bromfield.	
.....	.....	Ludlow.	
{ <i>Corve</i> .....	.....	Prethorpe.	
{ <i>Thonglands</i> ..	.....	Ludlow.	
{ <i>Brook</i> .....	.....	Ludlow.	
{ <i>Tugford Brook</i> ..	.....	Ludlow.	
{ <i>Pye Brook</i> .....	.....	Ludlow.	
{ <i>Ludford Park</i> ..	.....	Ludlow.	
{ <i>Lakes</i> .....	.....	Woolferton.	
.....	.....	Woolferton.	
{ <i>Brimfield Brk.</i> ..	.....	Easton Court.	
.....	.....	Easton Court.	
{ <i>West Brook</i> ..	.....	Ludlow.	
{ <i>Cadmores Brook</i> ..	.....	Ludlow.	
{ <i>Ledwyck</i> .....	.....	Ludlow.	
{ <i>Downton Hall</i> ..	.....	Ludlow.	
{ <i>Lakes</i> .....	.....	Ludlow.	
{ <i>Dogditch Brook</i> ..	.....	Ludlow.	
{ <i>Cay Brook</i> .....	.....	Ludlow.	
{ <i>Wooton Pool</i> ..	.....	Ludlow.	
{ <i>Ledwyck</i> .....	.....	Tenbury	
.....	.....	Tenbury	
{ <i>Kyre</i> .....	.....	Tenbury.	
{ <i>Kyre Pool</i> .....	.....	Tenbury.	
{ <i>Corn Brook</i> ..	.....	Newnham Bridge.	
.....	.....	Cleobury Mortimer.	
{ <i>Rea</i> .....	.....	Cleobury Mortimer.	
{ <i>Cleobury Brook</i> ..	.....	Neen Sollers.	
{ <i>Rea</i> .....	.....	Neen Sollers.	
{ <i>Ranhall Brook</i> ..	.....	Neen Sollers.	
{ <i>Hopton Brook</i> ..	.....	Neen Sollers.	
{ <i>Rea</i> .....	.....	Newnham Bridge.	
{ <i>Bickley Pools</i> ..	.....	Newnham Bridge.	
{ <i>Piper's Brook</i> ..	.....	Newnham Bridge.	
{ <i>Stanford Park</i> ..	.....	Newnham Bridge.	
{ <i>Lake</i> .....	.....	Knightswick.	
.....	.....	Knightswick.	
{ <i>Sapey Brook</i> ..	.....	Leigh Court.	
.....	.....	Colwall, Malvern, Leigh Court	
{ <i>Leigh Brook</i> ..	.....	Bransford.	
.....	.....	Worcester, Bransford	
{ <i>Laughern Brk.</i> ..	.....	Worcester.	
.....	.....	Upton-on-Severn, Ripple, Tewkesbury.	
.....	.....	Tewkesbury.	
{ <i>Ripple Brook</i> ..	.....	Defford.	
{ <i>Croome Park</i> ..	.....	
{ <i>Lakes</i> .....	.....	

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
SEVERN (cont.)	Avon	Naseby Reserv. Naseby, Kilworth, Stamford, Lilbourne.
	Yelvertoft Brk.	Lilbourne.
	Swift	Clifton, Rugby.
	.....	Kilworth, Lutterworth, Rugby.
	.....	Brandon, Stoneleigh.
	{ Sow	Bedworth, Exhall
	Breach Brook ..	Exhall.
	{ Sow	Foleshill.
	Marches Brook.	Foleshill.
	{ Sow	Coventry.
	Withy Brook ..	Coventry.
	{ Coombe Brk.	Brinklow.
	Burdon Pool	Brinklow.
	{ Coombe Park.	
	Lake	Brinklow.
	Sherbourne....	Coventry.
	{ Sow	Stoneleigh.
	.....	Leamington.
	{ Leam	Braunston.
	Rains Brook ..	Rugby.
	{ Leam	Birdingbury.
	
	{ Itchene	
	Stove-ton House	
	{ Lake	Fenny Compton.
	Ham Brook.	Fenny Compton.
	{ Itchene	Harbury, Southam.
	Leam	Leamington.
	.....	Warwick.
	Warwick Pk. Lake	Warwick.
	Thelesford Brk.	Stratford-on-Avon.
	{ Dene	Kington.
	Coombe Brook	
	{ Lakes	Kington.
	.....	Stratford-on-Avon.
	{ Stour	Shipston.
	Compton Brook	Shipston.
	{ Kneze Brook ..	Campden, Blockley, Shipston.
	Ealington Park	
	{ Lake	Shipston.
	Stour	Stratford-on-Avon.
	.....	Milcote, Salford Priors.
	{ Arrow	Alvechurch, Redditch.
	Hewell Grange	
	{ Lake	Redditch.
	Ipsley Lodge	
	{ Pond	Redditch.
	Arrow	Studley, Congleton, Alcester.
	{ Alne	Henley-in-Arden.
	Edstone Brk.	Hatton, Bearley Cross.
	{ Alne	Alcester.
	Rugley Park	
	{ Lake	Wixford.
	Arrow	Wixford, Salford Priors.
	{ Ban Brook....	Salford Priors.
	.....	Harrington.
	Wickham Brook	Harrington.
	.....	Ensham.
	Isborne	Hinton, Ensham.
	.....	Pershore.
	{ Wyre	Inkberrow.
	Whitsun Brook	Pershore.
	{ Wyre	Pershore.
	.....	Deford.
	{ Bow Brook	Alcester.
	Dean Brook ..	Alcester.
	{ Bow Brook	Spetchley, Pershore.
	Stoulton Brook	Spetchley.
	{ Spetchley Park	
	Lake	Spetchley, Pershore.
	{ Bow Brook....	Deford.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
SEVERN (cont.)	.....	Bredon, Tewkesbury.
	<i>Carant Brook</i> ..	Tewkesbury.
	<i>Swilgare</i>	Prestbury, Cleve, Tewkesbury.
	<i>Titie Brook</i> ..	Tewkesbury.
	<i>Chelt</i>	Cheltenham, Gloucester.
	.....	Gloucester.
	<i>Longford Brook</i>	Gloucester.
	<i>Broadboard Bk.</i>	Gloucester.
	<i>Leadon</i>	Ledbury.
	<i>Dogberry Pools</i>	Ledbury.
	<i>Canal Reservoir</i>	Ledbury.
	.....	Dymock.
	<i>Preston</i>	Dymock.
	.....	Upleadon.
	.....	Upleadon.
	{ <i>Clynch Brook</i> ..	
	<i>Eastnor Castle</i>	
	<i>Lakes</i>	Ledbury.
	<i>Newent Brook</i> ..	Newent, Upleadon.
	.....	Gloucester.
	<i>Twiver</i>	Gloucester.
SHEEPHILL Bk.	.....	Buda.
SID .....	.....	Sidmouth.
SPOKES MILL	.....	Hartland.
STACKPOLE Bk.	.....	Cheriton.
ST. ALLEN ....	.....	Truro.
	<i>Boswallack Wtr.</i>	Truro.
	<i>Tregarethan Wtr.</i>	Truro.
	<i>Sevecock Water</i>	Chancewater, Truro.
	<i>Tresillian Water</i>	Grampound Road.
	<i>Trelasick Brook</i>	Grampound Road.
	<i>Kestle Water</i> ..	Grampound Road.
	<i>Woodland Brk.</i>	Truro.
ST. AUSTELL ..	.....	St. Austell.
	<i>Clissy</i>	Burngallow, St. Austell.
STEEPING RIVER	.....	Spilsby, Halton Hologate, Thorpe, Wain- [feet.
ST. GERMAN'S ..	.....	Liakard, Menheniot, St. Germans.
	<i>Cad</i>	Launceston.
	<i>Trewartha Wtr.</i>	Launceston.
	.....	St. Germans.
STOUR (Kent).	.....	Ashford, Westonhanger, Wye, Chilham,
	<i>Little Stour</i> ..	Chartham, Canterbury, Sturry, Grove Ferry
	.....	Bekesbourne, Grove Ferry.
	.....	Minster, Sandwich.
STOUR (Dorset)	.....	Witham, Gillingham.
	<i>Shreen</i>	Gillingham.
	<i>Ledden</i>	Gillingham.
	<i>Fern Brook</i> ..	Shaftsbury.
	.....	Gillingham.
	<i>Cale</i>	Wincanton, Temple Combe.
	<i>Bow Brook</i> ...	Temple Combe.
	.....	Stalbridge.
	<i>Lidden</i>	Sturminster Newton, Stalbridge.
	<i>Divelish</i>	Sturminster.
	<i>Iwerne</i>	Blandford.
	.....	Sturminster, Shillington, Blandford, Spet- [isbury.
	<i>Tarrant</i>	Spettisbury.
	.....	Bailey Gate, Wimborne.
	<i>Allen</i>	Verwood, Wimborne.
	<i>Blackwater</i> ...	Wimborne.
	.....	Hern Bridge.
	<i>Moors</i>	Verwood, Hern Bridge.
	.....	Christchurch.
STOUR (Suffolk)	.....	Haverhill, Sturmer.
	<i>Albery Brook</i> ..	Haverhill, Sturmer.
	<i>Birdbrook</i>	Sturmer.
	.....	Stoke, Clara, Cavendish.
	<i>Glenaford Brk.</i>	Melford.
	.....	Melford.
	<i>Melford Brook</i>	Melford.
	<i>Bardfield Brook</i>	Sudbury.

Rivers and their Stations.

XXV

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
STOUR (Suffolk)	<i>Assington Mill Pond</i>	Sudbury, Bures.
	<i>Boxford</i>	Bures.
	<i>Brett</i>	Nayland.
	<i>Brettenham Pk. Lake</i>	Sudbury, Nayland.
	<i>Lavenham Brk.</i>	Lavenham.
		Cockfield, Lavenham.
		Hadleigh.
		Manningtree.
SWALE		Richmond.
TAMER		Plymouth.
	<i>Bude Reservoir</i>	Plymouth.
	<i>Fox Water</i>	Plymouth.
	<i>Holsworthy Wtr.</i>	Plymouth.
	<i>Claw</i>	Plymouth.
	<i>Bear Water</i>	Plymouth.
	<i>Yealm</i>	Launceston.
	<i>Cancer Water</i>	Launceston.
	<i>Wilsey Brook</i>	Launceston.
	<i>Cowdery Water</i>	Launceston.
	<i>Carey</i>	Launceston.
	<i>Kingsford Wtr.</i>	Launceston.
	<i>Attery</i>	Launceston.
	<i>Lyd</i>	Lidford, Coryton.
	<i>Lew</i>	Bridestow, Lidford.
	<i>Mary Stow</i>	Coryton.
	<i>Thistle</i>	Lifton.
	<i>Laudno Water</i>	Bridestow, Lifton.
	<i>Ivy</i>	Launceston.
	<i>Penpont Water</i>	Launceston.
	<i>Tavy</i>	Tavistock.
	<i>Rattle</i>	Lidford.
	<i>Wolmer</i>	Lidford.
	<i>Lamerton</i>	Mary Tavy.
	<i>Walcombe</i>	Mary Tavy.
		Tavistock.
		Tavistock.
		Mary Tavy, Tavistock, Horrabridge.
		Bickley.
TAW		Saltaah, Plymouth.
	<i>Teal Water</i>	Okehampton.
	<i>Lapford Water</i>	Okehampton.
	<i>Braddford Brk.</i>	North Tawton, Lapford.
	<i>Washford Brk.</i>	Bow.
		Morchard Road.
	<i>Hollowcombe Wtr.</i>	Lapford.
	<i>Little Dart</i>	Aggesford.
	<i>Sturcombe</i>	Aggesford.
		East Anstey.
		East Anstey.
	<i>Tiddywater</i>	Aggesford.
	<i>Yeo</i>	Aggesford.
	<i>Molland Water</i>	South Molton Road.
	<i>Mole</i>	East Anstey, Molland.
	<i>Knowstone Wtr.</i>	Molland.
	<i>Littlecot Brook</i>	South Molton.
	<i>Bray</i>	Castlehill, South Molton.
	<i>Chittlehampton</i>	Portsmouth Arms, Umberleigh.
	<i>Yarncombe Bk.</i>	Chapeltown.
	<i>Swinbridge Wtr.</i>	Chapeltown.
	<i>Kentisbury Wtr.</i>	Portsmouth Arms, Chapeltown.
	<i>Muddiford Bk.</i>	Swinbridge, Chapeltown.
		Barnstaple.
		Barnstaple.
		Barnstaple.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS
TEES .....	.....	Dinsdale.
TEIGN (Devon) .....	.....	Moreton Hampstead, Lustleigh.
.....	Bovey	Lustleigh, Bovey.
.....	.....	Teigngrace, Newton, Teignmouth.
TEST (Hants). .....	.....	Overton, Whitechurch, Itchen Abbas, Ful- lerton Bridge. [Bridge.
.....	Anton	Andover, Goodworth Clatford, Fullerton
.....	.....	Stockbridge, King Somborne, Motisfont,
.....	Lyndhurst Brk.	Romsey, Redbridge.
.....	.....	Lyndhurst, Redbridge.
THAMES .....	.....	Southampton.
.....	Churn	Tetbury-road.
.....	Ray	Cirencester.
.....	Byde Mill Brook	Swindon, Purton.
.....	Cole	Shrivenham.
.....	.....	Swindon, Shrivenham.
.....	Coise	Leechlade.
.....	Leach	Shipton, Fairford, Lechlade.
.....	.....	Lechlade.
.....	Charney Brook	Bampton.
.....	Windrush	Bampton.
.....	Dickler	Bourton-on-the-Water.
.....	.....	Stow, Bourton-on-the-Water.
.....	.....	Witney.
.....	Evenlode	Yarnton.
.....	.....	Adlestrop, Chipping Norton, Shipton,
.....	Glyme	Ascott, Charlbury, Handbrough.
.....	.....	Handbrough.
.....	Cherwell	Oxford.
.....	.....	Byfield, Copredy, Fenny Compton, Ban-
.....	.....	bury, Aynho, Somerton, Heyford, Kirt-
.....	Ray	lington, Woodstock-road, Islip.
.....	.....	Bicester, Islip.
.....	.....	Oxford.
.....	.....	Abingdon.
.....	Ock	Abingdon.
.....	.....	Culham, Appleford.
.....	Thame	Aylesbury, Liddington.
.....	.....	Wallingford, Goring, Pangbourne, Read-
.....	Kennet	ing.
.....	.....	Marlborough, Hungerford, Kintbury, New-
.....	Embourne	bury, Thatcham, Midgham, Aldermaston.
.....	.....	Newbury, Midgham, Aldermaston.
.....	.....	Theale, Reading.
.....	Loddon	Shiplake, Twyford.
.....	.....	Basingstoke, Mortimer.
.....	Blackwater	Farnborough, Blackwater, Sandhurst.
.....	Whitewater	Winchfield.
.....	.....	Twyford.
.....	Bull Brook	Bracknell, Twyford.
.....	.....	Henley, Marlow, Bourne End, Cookham.
.....	Wye	West Wycombe, High Wycombe, Lond-
.....	.....	water, Woburn, Cookham.
.....	.....	Maidenhead, Windsor, Datchet, Wraysbury.
.....	Coise	Harpenden, St. Alban's, Park Street, Elis-
.....	.....	tree, Radlett, Watford Junction, Watford,
.....	.....	Rickmansworth.
.....	Gade	Hemel Hempstead, Box Moor, Berkhampt-
.....	.....	stead, King's Langley, Rickmansworth.
.....	Chess	Rickmansworth.
.....	.....	Uxbridge, West Drayton, Wraysbury
.....	.....	Staines, Chertsey, Weybridge.
.....	Bourne Brook	Ascot, Virginia Water, Woking, Weybridge.
.....	Wey	Alton, Farnham, Liphook, Haslemere
.....	.....	Tongham, Milford, Godalming, Witley,
.....	.....	Cranley, Bramley, Shelford.
.....	Tillingbourne ..	Gomahall, Shelford.
.....	.....	Guildford, Woking, Pirbright, Weybridge.
.....	.....	Shepperton, Sunbury, Hampton, Hampton
.....	.....	Court.

ENGLAND—continued

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
THAMES (cont.)	Mole	Crawley, Three Bridges, Horley, Rowfant, Merstham, Red Hill, Holmewood, Betchworth, Dorking, Box Hill, Leatherhead, Esher, Moulsey, Hampton Court.
.....	.....	Thames Ditton, Kingston.
.....	Hog's Mill River	Ewell, Epsom, Malden, Kingston.
.....	.....	Teddington.
.....	Colne	Ashford, Feltham, Teddington.
.....	Yedding Brook	Twickenham, Richmond, Isleworth.
.....	Brent	Southall, Twickenham, Isleworth.
.....	.....	Brentford.
.....	.....	Hendon, Welsh Harp, Willesden, Hanwell, Brentford.
.....	Wandle	Kew, Mortlake, Barnes, Chiswick, Hammersmith, Putney, Wandsworth.
.....	.....	Croydon, Carshalton, Mitcham, Merton Wandsworth.
TORRIDGE ....	.....	London.
.....	.....	Bideford.
.....	Sockington Wtr.	Bideford.
.....	Floodmead Wtr.	Bideford.
.....	Waldon	Torrington.
.....	Whiteligh Brk.	Torrington.
.....	Buckland Brook	Torrington.
.....	Lew	Oakhampton
.....	.....	Oakhampton
.....	Ashbury Brook.	Oakhampton
.....	Wagaford Brk.	Oakhampton
.....	Marshford Brk.	Oakhampton.
.....	.....	Oakhampton.
.....	Venton Brook..	Oakhampton.
.....	Oakment.....	Bridestow, Oakhampton.
.....	Erbourne Wtr.	Sampford Courtney, Tawton.
.....	Merton Brook	Torrington.
.....	Woolley Brook	Torrington.
.....	.....	Torrington.
.....	Langtree Brook	Torrington.
.....	Hunshaw Water	Torrington.
.....	Laidland Water	Torrington.
.....	Alvington Brk.	Bideford.
.....	.....	Bideford.
.....	Wear Water	Bideford.
TOWAN .....	.....	Perranzabuloe.
.....	Golla Water	Perranzabuloe.
TOWSINGTON ..	.....	Exminster.
TREDRAWL WTR.	.....	Forraburry.
TRENT	Black Bull Reservoir	Black Bull.
.....	.....	Milton.
.....	Fozley Brook..	Black Bull, Ford Green, Milton.
.....	.....	Bucknall, Stoke.
.....	Fowler Brook..	Tunstall, Burslem, Hanley, Stoke.
.....	.....	Fenton, Trentham.
.....	Lyme	Newcastle, Trentham.
.....	Northwood Brk. ....	.....
.....	Racecourse Pond	Newcastle.
.....	Keel Hall Park .....	.....
.....	Lakes	Trentham.
.....	Trentham Park .....	.....
.....	Lakes	Trentham.
.....	Hanchurch Farm .....	.....
.....	Ponds	Trentham.
.....	Park Hall Lake	Longton, Trentham.
.....	Longton Brook . ....	.....
.....	Trentham Park	Trentham.
.....	Lake	Barlaston.
.....
.....	Barlaston Park .....	.....
.....	Lake.....	Barlaston
.....	.....	Stone.
.....	.....	Stone.
.....	Filly Brook .....	.....
.....	Moddershall Bk.	Moddershall
.....	.....	Mill Ponds ..
.....	.....	Stone.
.....	.....	Weston.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.	STATIONS.
TRENT (cont.) <i>Gayton Brook</i> ..	Weston.
.....	Great Haywood.
.....	Eccleshall.
<i>Sow</i>	Eccleshall.
{ <i>Offley Brook</i> ..	
{ <i>Oatland Lake</i> ..	
{ <i>Cop Mere</i>	
{ <i>Mease</i>	Whitmore.
{ <i>Whitmore Park</i>	
{ <i>Lake</i>	Whitmore.
{ <i>Hatton Mill</i> ..	Standon.
{ <i>Bromley Brk.</i>	Standon.
{ <i>Bromley Mill</i>	Standon.
{ <i>Podmore Pool</i>	Standon.
{ <i>Mease</i>	
{ <i>Mease House</i>	
{ <i>Ponds</i>	Standon.
{ <i>Swinerton</i>	
{ <i>Park Lake</i> ..	Stone.
{ <i>Mease</i>	Norton Bridge.
.....	Great Bridgeford, Stafford.
<i>Chamford Brk.</i>	Stafford.
{ <i>Penk</i>	
{ <i>Chillington Pt.</i>	
{ <i>Pool</i>	Codsall.
{ <i>Penk</i>	Codsall.
{ <i>Mossley Mill</i> ..	Bushbury.
{ <i>Penk</i>	Four Ashes
{ <i>Saredon Brk.</i>	
{ <i>Up. & Lower</i>	
{ <i>Brindley</i>	
{ <i>Pool</i>	
{ <i>Furnace Pool</i>	Hednesford.
{ <i>Hendesford</i>	
{ <i>Pool</i>	
{ <i>Saredon</i>	Cannock.
{ <i>Hatherton</i>	
{ <i>Hall Lake</i> ..	Cannock.
{ <i>Saredon</i>	Four Ashes.
{ <i>Penk</i>	Brewood, Penkridge.
{ <i>Whiston Brk.</i>	
{ <i>Eaton Water</i> ..	Gnosall.
{ <i>Whiston</i>	Penkridge.
{ <i>Galey Brook</i> ..	Penkridge.
{ <i>Galey Reser-</i>	
{ <i>voir</i>	Galey.
{ <i>Pillaton Brk.</i>	
{ <i>Pottall Re-</i>	
{ <i>servoir</i> ..	Cannock.
{ <i>Pottall Pools</i> ..	Cannock.
{ <i>Manstey</i>	
{ <i>Wood Pnds</i>	Penkridge.
{ <i>Pillaton</i>	Penkridge.
{ <i>Keeper's Pts. &</i>	
{ <i>Park Pool</i> ..	Penkridge.
{ <i>Penk</i>	Stafford
{ <i>Kingston Brook</i>	
{ <i>Ingestre Park</i>	
{ <i>Pool</i>	Ingestre or Weston.
{ <i>Kingston Pool</i> ..	Stafford.
{ <i>Titchall Pk. Pool</i>	Stafford.
{ <i>Sherbrook Brk.</i>	
{ <i>Upper, Middle,</i>	
{ <i>and Lower</i>	Bugeley.
{ <i>Sherbrook Pts.</i>	
.....	Great Haywood.
.....	Colwich.
<i>Oakedge Park</i>	
<i>Ponds</i>	Colwich.
.....	Bugeley.
<i>Colton Brook</i> ..	Bugeley.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
TRENT (cont.)	Rising Brook ..	Bolands Pool.. Hednesford.
		New Coppice Pool Rugeley.
		Rugeley.
		Armitage.
	How Brook....	Armitage.
	Blythe	Blythe, Creswell, Leigh.
		Birchwood Park
		Lake
		Leigh.
		Grindley, Abbots Bromley.
		Abbots Bromley.
		Tad Brook....
		{ Bromley Brook
		{ Bagots Park
		{ Lakes
		{ Part Brook....
		{ Armitage.
	Bourne Brook..	{ Coneyhill Pond Hammerwich.
		{ Ashmore Brook Lichfield.
		{ Ben Brook
		{ Armitage.
		{ Alrewas.
		{ Abbots Bromley.
		Swarbourne Bk. Newboro' Lake
		{ Ltn Brook
		{ Byrley Park
		{ Lake
		{ Snee Pool
		{ Burton.
		{ Walton.
		{ Alrewas.
		{ Lichfield.
		{ Wichnor.
		{ Langley Green.
		{ Oldbury.
		{ Oldbury Pond..
		{ Wednesbury, Bescott Junction.
		{ Sneyd Brook ..
		{ Sneyd Pool
		{ Sneyd Brook ..
		{ Ford Brook....
		{ Pelsall, Walsall, Bescott Junction.
		{ Newton Road.
		{ Red House Hall
		{ Pond
		{ Forge Pond ..
		{ Newton Road.
		{ Perry Barr.
		{ Barr Pk. Lakes
		{ Newton Road.
		{ Aston.
		{ Aston.
		{ Aston.
		{ Perry Barr. ..
		{ Aston.
		{ Aston.
		{ Aston.
		{ Lifford.
		{ Rea
		{ Bourne Brook
		{ Frankley Pond
		{ Halesowen.
		{ Bourne
		{ Harborne Mill
		{ Lifford.
		{ Rea
		{ Birmingham.
		{ Cannon Hill Lake
		{ Birmingham
		{ Edgbaston Re-
		{ servoir
		{ Birmingham.
		{ Birmingham.
		{ Thimble Mill
		{ Smethwick
		{ Birmingham.
		{ Reservoir
		{ Birmingham.
		{ Rotten Park
		{ Birmingham.
		{ Reservoir..
		{ Birmingham.
		{ Aston.
		{ Castle Bromwich.
		{ East Brook....
		{ Sutton Coldfield.
		{ Bracebridge Pt.
		{ Sutton Coldfield.
		{ Blackroot Pool.
		{ Longmore
		{ Sutton Coldfield.
		{ Mill
		{ Sutton Coldfield.
		{ Powell's Pool
		{ Sutton Coldfield.
		{ Windley Pool
		{ Sutton Coldfield.
		{ East Brook....
		{ Castle Bromwich.
		{ Whitacre Junction.

*The Angler's Diary.***ENGLAND—continued.****RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.**
TRENT (cont.)**STATIONS.**

<i>Blythe</i>	Knowle.
<i>Earlwood Reservoir</i>	Solihull, Knowle, Hampton.
<i>Blythe</i>	
<i>Packington Pk.</i>	
<i>Lakes</i>	Hampton.
<i>Coleshill Pool</i> ..	Coleshill.
<i>Blythe</i>	Coleshill.
<i>Cole</i>	Lifford.
<i>Tullerford</i>	
<i>Mill</i>	Solihull.
<i>Inkford Brk.</i>	Solihull.
<i>Cole</i>	Stichford.
<i>Utterly Bk.</i>	
<i>Kineton Reservoir</i> ..	Solihull.
<i>Utterly</i> ..	Marston Green.
<i>Cheinsley</i>	
<i>Wood Pds.</i>	Coleshill.
<i>Cole</i>	Coleshill.
<i>Blythe</i>	Whitacre Junction.
<i>Arley Brook</i> ..	Arley, Shustoke, Whitacre.
.....	Kingsbury.
<i>Langley Brook</i> ..	
<i>Langley Hall</i>	
<i>Ponds</i>	Sutton Coldfield.
<i>Middleton Hall</i>	
<i>Lake</i>	Sutton Coldfield.
<i>Gallows Brook</i> ..	
<i>Canwell Hall</i>	
<i>Pond</i>	Sutton Coldfield.
.....	Wilnecote.
<i>Bourne Brook</i> ..	
<i>Bourne Pool</i> ..	Sutton Coldfield.
<i>Crane Brook</i> ..	
<i>Biddulph's Pl.</i>	Cannock.
<i>Brownhill's</i>	
<i>Reservoir</i> ..	Brownhills.
<i>Drayton Manor</i>	
<i>Lakes</i>	Wilnecote.
<i>Bourne</i>	Wilnecote.
.....	Tamworth.
<i>Anker</i>	Nuneaton.
<i>Griff Brook</i> ..	Bedworth.
<i>Sedgwood Pl.</i>	
<i>and Arbury</i>	
<i>Park Lake</i> ..	Stockingford.
<i>Griff</i>	Nuneaton.
<i>Anker</i>	Atherstone.
<i>Sence</i>	Hugglescote, Heather.
<i>Blower's Brk.</i>	Heather.
<i>Sence</i>	Shakerstone.
<i>Bosworth Bk.</i>	Market Bosworth.
<i>Tweed</i>	Shenton.
<i>Duckery in</i>	
<i>Bosworth</i>	
<i>Park</i> ..	Shenton.
<i>Anker</i>	Polesworth, Tamworth.
<i>Freeford Brook</i>	
<i>Swintham Hall</i>	
<i>Lakes</i>	Lichfield.
<i>Freeford Hall</i>	
<i>Lakes</i>	Lichfield.
.....	Wichnor.
<i>Mease</i>	Ashby-de-la-Zouch, Snarston, Measham.
<i>Willesley Park</i>	
<i>Lake</i>	Ashby-de-la-Zouch.
<i>Seal Brook</i>	
<i>Ower Seal Reservoir</i>	Ower Seal.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
TRENT (cont.)	<i>Barrat Pool ..</i>	Over Seal.
.....	.....	Croxhall, Wichnor.
.....	.....	Walton.
.....	<i>Tatenhill Lake</i>	Burton.
.....	.....	Burton.
.....	<i>Dove.....</i>	Longnor, Hartington.
.....	<i>Mannyfold</i>	Longnor.
.....	<i>Blackbrook</i>	Longnor
.....	<i>Elkstone Brook</i>	Longnor
.....	<i>(Hamps</i>	Leek.
.....	<i>Lower Acre</i>	
.....	<i>(Ponds</i>	Leek.
.....	<i>Mannyfold</i>	Ilam.
.....	.....	Ashbourne.
.....	<i>Bradbourne Bk.</i>	Ashbourne.
.....	.....	Clifton.
.....	<i>(Henmore.....</i>	
.....	<i>Hopton Hall</i>	
.....	<i>(Lakes</i>	Wirksworth, Ashbourne, Clifton.
.....	.....	Norbury.
.....	<i>Calwick Brook</i>	Norbury.
.....	.....	Rochester.
.....	<i>Churnet</i>	Leek.
.....	<i>Rudyard Reserv.</i>	Leek.
.....	<i>(Endon Brook</i>	
.....	<i>(Stanley Mill</i>	Endon.
.....	<i>(Wetley Pond</i>	Cheddleton.
.....	<i>Churnet</i>	Cheddleton.
.....	<i>West Brook....</i>	Cheddleton.
.....	<i>Consall Hall</i>	
.....	<i>Lake</i>	Froghall.
.....	<i>Ipsstone Lake ..</i>	Froghall.
.....	<i>Churnet</i>	Froghall.
.....	<i>Dark Mill</i>	Froghall.
.....	<i>Churnet</i>	Oakamoor, Alton.
.....	<i>(Halford Brk.</i>	
.....	<i>Woolton</i>	
.....	<i>(Grange Lake</i>	Norbury.
.....	<i>Churnet</i>	Denston, Rochester.
.....	<i>Teau Brook ..</i>	Cheadle, Uttoxeter.
.....	.....	Uttoxeter.
.....	<i>Stoneyford Brk.</i>	Uttoxeter.
.....	.....	Marchington.
.....	<i>Somershall</i>	
.....	<i>Brook</i>	Marchington.
.....	.....	Sudbury.
.....	<i>Sudbury Brook</i>	Sudbury.
.....	<i>Cubley Brook..</i>	Tutbury.
.....	.....	Tutbury.
.....	<i>(Fleam or Little</i>	
.....	<i>Dove</i>	Tutbury.
.....	<i>Rolleston Hall</i>	
.....	<i>Lake</i>	Tutbury.
.....	.....	Egginton.
.....	<i>Longford Brook</i>	
.....	<i>Yeldersley Pond</i>	Ashbourn.
.....	<i>Shirley Park ..</i>	Ashbourn.
.....	<i>(Bradley Brk.</i>	
.....	<i>(Bradley Lakes</i>	Ashbourn.
.....	<i>Limbersitch Bk.</i>	Tutbury.
.....	<i>Longford.....</i>	
.....	<i>Egginton Hall</i>	
.....	<i>Lakes</i>	Egginton.
.....	.....	Willington.
.....	<i>Etwell Brook..</i>	Mickleover.
.....	<i>Radburn Pond</i>	
.....	.....	Etwell, Egginton, Willington.
.....	<i>Repton Brook..</i>	Swadlincote.
.....	<i>Hartshorn Pnds.</i>	Swadlincote.
.....	<i>Screw Mill</i>	Swadlincote.
.....	<i>Glover's Mill ..</i>	Swadlincote.
.....	<i>Repton Mill ..</i>	Swadlincote.

ENGLAND—continued.

TRENT	RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES. (cont.)	Bretby Park	STATIONS.
		Lakes	Swadlincote.
		Repton Park	
		Lake	Willington.
	Foremark Brk..	Repton Rocks	
		Pond	Swadlincote
		Foremark Pnds.	Willington.
	Foremark Hall		
	Pond		Willington.
.....			Chellaston.
	Breedon Brook.	Coleorton Pnds..	Ashby-de-la-Zouch, Worthington, Tong, [Melbourne.
		{ Carr Brook ..	
		{ Dogkennel Pool.	Worthington.
		Stanton Hall ..	
		Ponds	Worthington.
		Calke Park Pds.	Worthington.
		Carr	Melbourne.
.....			Weston.
	Donnington Park		
	Lake		Weston.
.....			Castle Donnington
	Derwent		Ashopton.
		Little Howden	
		Brook	Ashopton.
		Westend	Ashopton.
		Abbey Brook ..	Ashopton.
		Mill Brook	Ashopton.
		{ Ashop	
		{ Lady Clough Brk.	Glossop.
		{ Fair Brook	Ashopton.
		Alport	Glossop.
		Ashop	Ashopton.
		Lady Burk	Ashopton.
		{ Now	Hayfield, Chapel-en-le-Frith, Castleton.
		{ Peaks Hole Wtr	Castleton.
		{ Bradwell Brook	Castleton.
			Hathersage.
		Hood Brook ..	Hathersage.
		Highlow Brook	Hathersage.
		Benbage Brook	Dronfield, Hathersage.
			Baslow.
		{ Bar Brook	Baslow.
		{ Black Leach Bk.	Baslow.
			Edensor, Rowsley.
		Wye	Buxton, Millers Dale, Monsal Dale, Ash- ford, Bakewell, Rowsley.
			Darley.
		{ Synhope Brook	
		{ Flash Dam	Darley.
			Matlock.
		Bentley Brook..	Matlock.
			Cromford, Whatstandwell.
		Alderwasley	
		Ponds	Whatstandwell.
			Ambergate.
		{ Amber	Matlock, Stretton.
		{ Stretton Brook.	Stretton.
		Amber	Wingfield.
		{ Normanton	
		{ Brook	Alfreton.
		{ Westwood Bk.	Westhouse, Alfreton.
		Birches Brook .	Alfreton.
		Batterley	
		Reservoir	Ripley.
		Amber	Ambergate.
			Belper.
		Black Brook ..	Belper.
			Duffield.
		Ecclesbourne ..	Wicksword, Iddridgehay, Hazlewood, Little Eaton. [Duffield.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
TRENT (cont.)	{ <i>Holbrook Brook</i>	Kilburn, Coxbench.
	{ <i>Smailey Mill ..</i>	Coxbench.
	{ <i>Holbrook</i>	Little Eaton.
	{ <i>Allastry Hall</i>	
	{ <i>Pond</i>	Little Eaton.
	{ <i>Ferryby Brook..</i>	Breadsall, Derby.
	{ <i>.....</i>	Derby.
	{ <i>Cutler Brook ..</i>	
	{ <i>Kedleston Park</i>	Duffield, Derby.
	{ <i>Lake</i>	Derby.
	{ <i>Chaddesden Brk</i>	Spondon.
	{ <i>Locko Pk. Lake</i>	Spondon, Borrowash, Draycott.
	{ <i>.....</i>	
	{ <i>Eleaston Park</i>	Draycott.
	{ <i>Lake</i>	Sawley.
	{ <i>.....</i>	Sawley, Trent.
.....	{ <i>.....</i>	
Soar	{ <i>Leicester Grange</i>	Hinckley.
	{ <i>Lake</i>	Ullsthorpe.
	{ <i>Claybrook Mill.</i>	
	{ <i>Normanton Brk</i>	
	{ <i>Kirkby Hall</i>	Desford.
	{ <i>Lake</i>	
	{ <i>Normanton Hall</i>	
	{ <i>Lake</i>	Narborough.
	{ <i>Normanton Brk</i>	Narborough.
	{ <i>.....</i>	Narborough.
	{ <i>Whetstone Brk.</i>	Narborough.
	{ <i>Billesdon Brook</i>	Glen Magna.
	{ <i>Wiston Hall</i>	
	{ <i>Lake</i>	Glen Magna.
	{ <i>Billesdon</i>	Blaby, Narborough.
	{ <i>.....</i>	Leicester.
	{ <i>Braunstone Hall</i>	
	{ <i>Lake</i>	Leicester.
	{ <i>Willow Brook..</i>	Leicester.
	{ <i>Ingersby Brook</i>	Leicester.
	{ <i>Wreake or Eye</i>	Wissendine.
	{ <i>Edmondthorpe</i>	
	{ <i>Hall Pond</i>	Wissendine.
	{ <i>Leesthorpe Pnd.</i>	Wissendine.
	{ <i>Stapleford Pk.</i>	
	{ <i>Lake</i>	Saxby.
	{ <i>Wreake</i>	Saxby.
	{ <i>Saxby Brook ..</i>	Saxby.
	{ <i>Wreake</i>	Melton Mowbray.
	{ <i>Melton Brook</i>	
	{ <i>Goadby Mar-</i>	
	{ <i>wood Lake</i>	Scalford.
	{ <i>Melton</i>	Melton Mowbray.
	{ <i>Wreake</i>	Ashfordby.
	{ <i>Welby Pond ..</i>	Ashfordby.
	{ <i>Wreake</i>	Frisby.
	{ <i>Saxelby Pond..</i>	Grimstona.
	{ <i>Wreake</i>	Brooksby, Rearsby.
	{ <i>Ox Brook ..</i>	Rearsby.
	{ <i>Ragdale Hall</i>	
	{ <i>Pond</i>	Rearsby.
	{ <i>Queniboro' Bk.</i>	Syston.
	{ <i>Ashby Brook.</i>	Syston.
	{ <i>Wreake</i>	Syston.
	{ <i>Barkby Brook</i>	Syston.
	{ <i>Hungerton</i>	
	{ <i>Pond</i>	Syston.
	{ <i>.....</i>	Syston.
	{ <i>Rothley Brook..</i>	Desford.
	{ <i>Gabriel Pool ..</i>	Desford.
	{ <i>Rothley</i>	Rathy, Glenfield.
	{ <i>.....</i>	Mount Sorrel, Barrow-on-Soar.
	{ <i>Quorndon Brk..</i>	Glenfield, Barrow-on-Soar.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
TRENT (cont.)	.....	Loughborough.
	Walton Brk. ..	Loughborough.
	Stanford Hall	
	Lake	Loughborough.
	{ Dishley Brook ..	Coalville.
	{ Carr Brook ..	
	{ Old Reservoir	Swannington.
	Garendon Park	
	Lake	Loughborough.
	Dishley	Loughborough.
	.....	Hathern.
	{ Osgathorpe Brk.	
	Coleorton Ponds	Ashby-de-la-Zouch.
	{ Dixworth Brk.	
	{ Langley Priory	
	{ Pond	Tong.
	Osgathorpe	Hathern.
	.....	Kegworth.
	Kington Brook.	Kegworth.
	.....	Trent.
	.....	Eaton Junction.
	.....	Pinxton.
Erewash	Brookshill Hall	
	Lakes	Pinxton.
	.....	Pye Bridge, Codnor Park.
	Golden Valley	
	Reservoir ..	Codnor Park.
	.....	Eastwood.
	Aldercar Hall	
	Lakes	Eastwood.
	Loscoe Dam ..	Eastwood.
	.....	Newthorpe.
	Gilt Brook	Ilkestone.
	.....	Ilkestone, Stanton.
	Nut Brook	West Hallam, Stanton.
	.....	Sandiacre, Eaton Junction.
	.....	Attenborough, Beeston.
Tottle Brook ..	Bilborough Cul.	Radford, Beeston.
Fairham Brk. ...	.....	Widmerpool, Beeston.
.....	.....	Nottingham.
Leen	Upper & Lower	
	Lakes, New-	
	stead Abbey ..	Linby.
	Papplewick Mill	Linby.
	Forge Mill	Bulwell.
	.....	Bulwell, Basford.
	Nuthall Lake ..	Kimberley.
	Day Brook	Basford.
	.....	Radford, Nottingham.
	.....	Colwick, Radcliffe.
Thurbeck .....	.....	Plumtree.
	Roclaveston	
	Manor Lake	Edwalton.
	.....	Radcliffe.
	.....	Burton Joyce.
Cocker Beck ..	.....	Lowdham, Burton Joyce.
Dover Beck ....	.....	Lowdham, Burton Joyce.
.....	.....	Bleasby, Fiskerton.
Greet	Kirklington	
	Moor Ponds	Southwell.
	Edingly Cotton	
	Mill Pond ..	Farnsfield.
	Kirklington	
	Hall Lake	Southwell.
	Halam Beck ..	Southwell.
	.....	Southwell, Bollestone, Fiskerton.
	.....	Newark.
Pingley Dyke ..	.....	Newark.
Devon	Kimpton Re-	
	servoir	Redmile.

Rivers and their Stations.

XXXV

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
TRENT (cont.)	Croxtan Pk Lake	Scalford.
	Woolsthorpe	
	Lake	Redmile.
	.....	Bottesford.
	Smite	Upper Broughton.
	Dalby Brook ..	Upper Broughton.
	Smite	Barnston, Aslacton.
	Whipling	Barnston.
	Smite	Bottesford.
	.....	Cotham.
	Car Dyke	Bingham, Cotham.
	.....	Newark.
	.....	Carlton.
	.....	Carlton.
	Crosby Dyke ..	
	Cowarth Pool &	
	Mons Pool &	
	Collingham	
	Pond	Carlton.
	.....	Sutton.
.....	Gorton Brook ..	Skelmires Pond
	Fleet and Black	
	Pool	Sutton.
	Grassthorpe Brk.	
	.....	Crow Park, Sutton.
	.....	Torksey.
	Foss Dyke Na-	
	vigation	
	.....	Torksey.
	.....	Marton, Gainsborough.
	.....	Bedruth.
	.....	New Quay.
	.....	Felton, Lea Mills.
	.....	Saffron Walden.
	.....	Berwick.
	.....	Hexham, Riding Mill, Tarnett.
	.....	Patterdale, Penrith, Pooley Bridge.
	.....	Aygarth, Borrowbridge, Leybourne,
	.....	Ripon, Tanfield, Hawes.
USK .....	.....	Devynock.
	Hydfer	Devynock.
	Clydach	Devynock.
	Cray	Cray, Devynock.
	Seant	Devynock.
	.....	Devynock.
	Cilieni	Devynock.
	.....	Devynock.
	Llandellor Brk.	
	.....	Devynock.
	.....	Aberbran.
	Bran	Aberbran.
	Yacir	Aberbran.
	.....	Brecknock.
	Hondau	Brecknock.
	Tarett	Brecknock.
	Llyn-cwm-Lluch	
	.....	Brecknock.
	Cynrig	Brecknock.
	.....	Tal-y-Llyn Junction.
.....	Mehascia	Tal-y-Llyn Junction.
	.....	Tal-y-Bont.
	.....	Torpanlan, Tal-y-Bont.
	Alwynd	Tal-y-Bont.
	Dufferyn	Tal-y-Bont.
	Hogwy	Tal-y-Bont.
	Rhiangoll	Tolgath, Gilwern.
	.....	Gilwern.
	.....	Tolgath, Gilwern.
	Grwyne	Gilwern.
	Clydach	Gilwern.
	.....	Govilon.
	Wenarth	Govilon.
	.....	Govilon.
	Forge Pond ..	
	.....	Abergavenny.
	Gavenny	Llandhangel, Abergavenny.
	.....	Penpergum.
	Llanover Brook	
	Llangattock Bk.	
	.....	Penpergum.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
USK (cont.)....	Llanarth Brook	Nantyderry.
.....	.....	Nantyderry, Usk.
.....	Onwy	Bigswear, Llandenny.
.....	Raglan Brook..	Raglan, Llandenny.
.....	Pill Brook	Llandenny.
.....	.....	Usk.
.....	.....	Caerleon.
.....	Lloyd	Blaen Afon, Cwm Afon, Abersychan, Pontypool, Panteg, Pontrhydyran, Pontnewydd, Cwmbran, Caerleon.
.....	Douglas Brook ..	Llanternan, Cwmbran.
.....	.....	Newport.
VEWLYN BROOK .....	.....	Penzance.
WANSEBECK ..	.....	Morpeth.
WARBURN .....	.....	Holmsley.
WASHFORD....	.....	Roadwater, Combe Row, Washford, Watchet.
WASTWATER...	.....	Netherwastdale, Wastwater.
WAVENEY	Diss Mere	Diss.
.....	Eye Brook	Eye.
.....	.....	Harleston, Homersfield, Bungay.
.....	Ditchingham	.....
.....	Hall Lakes ..	Bungay.
.....	.....	Geldeston, Beccles.
.....	Oulton Brook..	Mutford, Lowestoft.
.....	Fitzton Decoy..	Mutford.
.....	Lake at Villa..	Mutford.
.....	.....	Somerleyton, Haddiscoe.
.....	Fittton Decoy..	Haddiscoe.
.....	New Cut	Haddiscoe.
.....	.....	Belton.
.....	Breydon Water	Belton.
.....	.....	Yarmouth.
WEAVER	Moss Mere	Malpas.
.....	Capel Mere ..	Malpas.
.....	Cholmondeley	.....
.....	Mere	Wrenbury.
.....	.....	Wrenbury.
.....	Marbury Brook	Malpas.
.....	Brets Mere....	Malpas.
.....	Bickley Mill ..	Malpas.
.....	Bar Mere	Malpas.
.....	Oss Brook	Whitchurch.
.....	Oss Mere	Whitchurch.
.....	Marbury Mere..	Whitchurch.
.....	Marbury Mill..	Whitchurch.
.....	Sales Brook ..	Combermere
.....	.....	Mere
.....	.....	Wrenbury.
.....	.....	Audlem.
.....	Adderley Brook	Adderley.
.....	New Pool	Adderley.
.....	Adderley Hall	Adderley.
.....	Lakes	Adderley.
.....	The Mere ..	Audlem.
.....	.....	Audlem.
.....	Birch Hall Brk.	Woodfall Pool
.....	Artle Brook ..	Madeley Manor
.....	.....	Park Lakes...
.....	Bowsey Mill Pond	.....
.....	Madeley Brook	.....
.....	Madeley Mill	.....
.....	Pond	Madeley
.....	Wrinehill Mill	.....
.....	Pond	Madeley.
.....	.....	Nantwich.
.....	How Beck ....	.....
.....	Doddington Pk.	.....
.....	Lakes	Nantwich.
.....	Baddiley Brook	Baddiley Mere
.....	.....	Wrenbury.
.....	.....	Nantwich.
.....	Cheer Brook ..	Nantwich.
.....	.....	Worleston.
.....	Pool Brook	Harleston Lake
.....	.....	Nantwich.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
WEAVER (cont.)	Wistaston Brk.	Madeley.
	Little Mere ..	Madeley.
	Bailey Mere ..	Basford.
	Bailey Hall Lake ..	Basford, Crewe.
	Swill Brook ..	Basford, Crewe.
	Ingleway Brk.	Basford.
	Batterley Mere	Crewe.
	Monney Mere	
	Crewe House	
	Lakes	Crewe.
	Ingleway Brk.	Crewe.
	.....	Worleston.
	.....	Minshull Vernon.
	Ash Brook	Delamere.
	Oak Mere	
	Oulton Brook ..	Delamere.
	Fish Pool	Beeston.
	Oulton Mill Pond	
	Bedsworth Mill	
	Pond	Winsford.
	Wettenhall Brk.	
	Tilston Hall	
	Lake	Beeston.
	.....	Minshull Vernon.
	Storks Hill Lake	Winsford.
	.....	Winsford.
	Whitgate Brook	
	New Church	
	Common Pnds.	Cuddington.
	Petty Pool	Cuddington.
	.....	Winsford.
	.....	Northwich.
	Dane	Buxton.
	Folly Brook ..	Bosley.
	Bosley Reservoir	Bosley.
	.....	Rushton, Bosley.
	Cow Brook	Rode.
	Great Oak Res.	Rode.
	Rode Reservoir	Bosley.
	Cow Brook	Congleton.
	.....	Congleton.
	Biddulph Brook	Congleton.
	Dairy Brook ..	Congleton.
	.....	Holmes Chapel.
	Bag Mere	Congleton, Holmes Chapel.
	Midge Brook ..	Congleton, Holmes Chapel.
	.....	Middlewich.
	Wheelock	
	Moreton Hall	
	Lake	Congleton.
	Wheelock	Sandbach.
	Betchton Brook	Sandbach.
	Hassall Brk.	
	Alsager Pond	Alsager.
	Lawton Bk.	
	Lawton	
	Hall Lake	Alsager.
	Lawton	
	Mere	Alsager.
	Rode Hall	
	Lake	Alsager.
	Lawton Bk.	Alsager.
	Hassall Brk.	Sandbach.
	Foul Brook ..	
	Winterley	
	Mill Pond	Crewe.
	Foul Brook ..	Sandbach.
	Wheelock	Minshull Vernon, Middlewich.
	Croco	Holmes Chapel, Middlewich.
	Sanderson's	
	Brook	Middlewich.
	.....	Northwich.

The Angler's Diary.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.			STATIONS.
WEAVER (cont.)	Norcot Brook ..	Cogshall Lake..	Northwich.
	Rudworth Brk.	Pickmere Mere	Northwich.
		Rudworth Mere	Northwich.
	Kincham Brk.	Toft Hall Lake	Plumley.
		Nether Tabley Lake	Plumley.
		Waterless Brk.	Northwich.
		{ Birch Brook	Northwich.
		{ Arley Hall Lake	Northwich.
		Peover Brook..	
		Garsworth Mill Pond	Macclesfield.
		Thornecroft Hall Lakes..	Macclesfield.
		Chelford Mere	Chelford.
		{ Reed's Mere.	Macclesfield.
		{ Capesthorpe Hall Lake	Macclesfield.
		Peover.....	Chelford.
		Astle Hall Lake	Chelford.
		{ Bug Brook ..	
		{ Henbury Hall Lake	Macclesfield.
		{ Old Hall Lake	Macclesfield.
		{ Bug	Chelford.
		{ Over Peover Hall Lake	Chelford.
		Peover.....	Plumley.
	.....	.....	Lostock Chapel.
		Crow Brook ..	Holmes Chapel.
	.....	.....	Northwich.
	.....	.....	Acton.
	Bent Brook....	Flax Mere	Delamere.
		Cuddington Bk.	
		Cuddington Mill Ponds.....	Delamere.
	.....	.....	Acton.
	.....	.....	Frodsham.
WEIR .....	.....	.....	Bishop Auckland.
WELCOMBE ..	.....	.....	Hartland.
WELLAND ....	.....	.....	Market Harborough.
	Saddington Brk.	Saddington Reservoir.....	Kibworth.
	.....	.....	Market Harborough.
		Gumley Pond..	} Kibworth or Lubenham.
		Gumley Hall Ponds }	
	Hardwick Brook	.....	Kibworth.
.....	.....	.....	Ashley.
	Medbourne Brk.	.....	Ashley.
.....	.....	.....	Rockingham.
	Eye Brook ....	.....	East Norton, Rockingham.
.....	.....	.....	Seaton, Wakerley, Ketton.
	Chater	Wuthcote Hall Lake.....	E. Morton, Manton, Luffenham, Ketton
.....	.....	.....	Stamford.
	Gwash .....	.....	Manton.
		Burley Pk. Lake	Oakham.
		Exton Pk. Lake	Stamford.
	.....	.....	Ryhall, Stamford.
	.....	.....	Uffington, Tallington, Market Deeping,
			St. James Deeping, Crowland, Cowbit,
			Spalding, Surfleet.
	Glen .....	.....	Corby, Little Bytham, Essendine.
		.....	Bourn.
		{ Edenham Brook	Corby.
		{ Grimsthorpe Pk.	Braceborough Spa.
		{ Edenham.....	Bourne, Counter Drain, Pinchbeck, Sur-
WENNING ....	.....	.....	Clapham.
			Clapham.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
WHAPLODE RIVER .....	.....	Whaplode.
WHARFE ... ..	.....	Arthington, Bolton, Grassington, Ilkley Bridge, Kilsney, Otley, Pool.
WILLITON ... ..	.....	Williton.
WINDERMERE .....	.....	Ambleside.
WISKE (York) .....	.....	Thirsk.
WITHAM.....	.....	Ponton.
.....	.....	Ponton.
.....	.....	Ponton.
.....	.....	Ponton.
.....	.....	Ponton.
.....	.....	Grantham.
.....	.....	Grantham.
.....	.....	Barkston.
.....	.....	Barkston.
.....	.....	Barkston.
.....	.....	Hougham.
.....	.....	Grantham.
.....	.....	Grantham, Sedgbrook.
.....	.....	Claypole, Harmston.
.....	.....	Caythorpe.
.....	.....	Leadenham.
.....	.....	Leadenham.
.....	.....	Leadenham.
.....	.....	Navenby, Harmiston.
.....	.....	Hykeham, Lincoln.
.....	.....	Lincoln.
.....	.....	Lea, Stow Park.
.....	.....	Lea.
.....	.....	Saxelby.
.....	.....	Washingbrough.
.....	.....	Branston, Washingbrough.
.....	.....	Five Mile House.
.....	.....	Langworth, Snelland.
.....	.....	Snelland.
.....	.....	Snelland.
.....	.....	Langworth.
.....	.....	Langworth.
.....	.....	Five Mile House.
.....	.....	Five Mile House.
.....	.....	Bardney.
.....	.....	Bardney, Southry.
.....	.....	Horncastle.
.....	.....	Horncastle.
.....	.....	Southry.
.....	.....	Stixwould, Kirkstead, Tattenhall, Dog- [dyke.
.....	.....	Louth.
.....	.....	Horncastle.
.....	.....	Horncastle.
.....	.....	Woodhall Spa.
.....	.....	Tattenhall, Dogdyke.
.....	.....	Langrick, Boston.
.....	.....	Donington, Swinehead, Boston.
.....	.....	Woodbury Road.
.....	.....	Southwold.
.....	.....	Southwold.
.....	.....	Llangurig.
.....	.....	Llangurig.
.....	.....	Llangurig.
.....	.....	Pant-y-dwr, St. Harmon.
.....	.....	Rhayader.
.....	.....	Rhayader.
.....	.....	Llangurig.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
WYE (cont.) ..	{ Gungy	Llangurig.
	{ Llyn Gungy ..	Llangurig.
	{ Hirin	Rhayader.
	{ Llyn Cerrig =	
	{ Llywdion-uchaf	Rhayader.
	{ Llyn Cerrig =	
	{ Llywdion-isaf ..	Rhayader.
	{ Clearwen	Strata Florida.
	{ Figen	Strata Florida.
	{ Llyn Fryddyn- fach	Strata Florida.
	{ Llyn Fryddyn- fawr	Strata Florida.
	{ Llyn-du	Strata Florida.
	{ Llyn-fgen-felan	Strata Florida.
	{ Brwynog	Strata Florida.
	{ Llyn Gynon ..	Strata Florida.
	{ Arban	Doldowlod.
	{ Garw	Doldowlod.
	{ Llyn Garw....	Doldowlod.
	.....	Rhayader.
	.....	Doldowlod, New Bridge.
Hirnant .....	.....	Newbridge.
Ithon	Llyn Dwr	Newtown.
	Cam-ddwr	Llangynllo.
	.....	Pen-y-bont.
	Arau	Llangynllo, Dobau, Pen-y-bont.
	Llandegley Brk.	Pen-y-bont.
	{ Clywedog	Pen-y-bont.
	{ Fishpool	St. Harmon.
	{ Crych Brook ..	St. Harmon.
	{ Camllo	Pen-y-bont.
	{ Dulas	St. Harmon, Pen-y-bont.
	{ Llyn Gwyn....	Doldowlod.
	.....	Llandrindod.
	Hawddwy	Llandrindod.
	.....	New Bridge.
	.....	Builth Road.
Dulas .....	.....	Builth Road.
	.....	Builth.
Irfon	Gwessin	Llanwrtyd.
	Calant	Llanwrtyd.
	.....	Llanwrtyd.
	Cerdin	Llanwrtyd.
	Cledau	Llanwrtyd.
	.....	Llangammarch.
	Dulas	Llangammarch.
	Annell	Llangammarch.
	Camddwr	Llangammarch.
	{ Cammarch	Llangammarch.
	{ Cnyfflad	Llangammarch.
	{ Eion	Llangammarch.
	.....	Garth.
	{ Dulas	Garth.
	{ Gwennest	Garth.
	.....	Cilmeri.
	Cneiddon	Builth.
	Chwefru	Doldowlod, Builth.
Dihonw .....	.....	Garth, Builth.
	.....	Aberedw.
Edw .....	.....	Pen-y-Bont.
	Llyn Melan ..	New Radnor.
	Camnant	Builth.
	{ Rhulan	Aberedw.
	{ Llyn Pools	Aberedw.
	{ Bail's Brook ..	Builth.
	Llyn Cawr	Aberedw.
	.....	Aberedw.
	.....	Erwood.
Llogin	Llyn Llogin ..	Erwood.
Bach-howey Bk.	.....	Aberedw.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
WYE (cont.) ..	Llyn Llanbychllyn	Aberedw.
.....	.....	Erwood.
Cunrtg .....	.....	Erwood.
.....	.....	Boughbrood, Glasbury.
Llyfnt .....	.....	Tal-y-Bont.
Llangorse Lake	.....	Tal-y-Llyn.
.....	Cwm Brook ..	Trefelinon,
Llyfnt .....	.....	Trefelinon, Talgarth.
.....	Enig	Talgarth.
.....	Dulas	Talgarth.
.....	Treffrud Brook	Talgarth.
.....	.....	Three Cocks Junction, Glasbury.
.....	.....	Hay.
Dulas Brook ..	.....	Hay
.....	.....	Whitney, Eardisley.
Upcot Brook ..	.....	Almeley.
.....	Ilolywell Brook	Eardisley.
Letton Lake ..	.....	Almeley, Kinnerdaley.
.....	.....	Credenhill.
Gage .....	.....	Tram Inn.
.....	.....	Hereford.
Withy Brook ..	.....	Hereford.
Lugwas Brook ..	.....	Moorhampton, Credenhill, Hereford.
Redbrook ....	.....	Holme Lacey.
Lug .....	.....	Llangynllo.
.....	Graig Brook ..	Dolan.
.....	Graig Pool	Dolan.
.....	Bledlla Brook ..	Llangynllo
.....	.....	Presteign.
.....	Boulli Brook ..	Presteign.
.....	Summargill Bk.	New Radnor, Presteign.
.....	Black Brook ..	New Radnor, Presteign.
.....	.....	Kingland, Leominster.
.....	Pinusley Brook ..	.....
.....	Shobdon Pk Lakes	Pembroke, Kingland, Leominster.
.....	Ridgemore ....	.....
.....	Croft Castle	.....
.....	Ponds	Eye, Leominster.
.....	Stretford Brook	.....
.....	Puddleston Brk.	.....
.....	Puddleston Lakes	.....
.....	Cogwell Brook ..	Leominster.
.....	Arrow .....	.....
.....	Maun Pools ..	Aberedw.
.....	Cwm Illa Brook	Whitney.
.....	Arrow	Kington.
.....	Gilwern Brook	Dolhler.
.....	Cynon Brook ..	Dolhler.
.....	Hales Brook ..	Dolhler.
.....	Gilwern	Stanner, Kington.
.....	Arrow	Titely, Pembroke, Leominster.
.....	Stretford Brook	Moorhampton.
.....	Tippets Brook ..	Pembroke.
.....	Stretford	Leominster.
.....	.....	Ford.
.....	Humber Brook	Leominster.
.....	Hampton Park	.....
.....	Lake	Ford.
.....	Humber	Ford.
.....	Marston Brook	Ford.
.....	.....	Dinmore.
.....	Derndale Brook	Moreton.
.....	.....	Moreton, Hereford.
.....	Sutton Brook ..	Moreton, Hereford.
.....	.....	Holme Lacey.
.....	Frome	Bromyard.
.....	Inkstone Brook	Bromyard.
.....	Linton Brook ..	Bromyard.
.....	Frome	Ashperton.
.....	Leddon	Bromyard, Ashperton.
.....	Frome	Stoke Edith, Holme Lacey.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
WYE (cont.) ..	<i>Pentelous Brook</i> <i>Devereux Park</i> <i>Lakes</i>	Ashperton, Holme Lacey.
.....	.....	Fawley.
.....	<i>Wriggle Brook</i>	Fawley.
.....	<i>Sollers Brook</i>	Fawley.
.....	.....	Rosa.
.....	<i>Rudhall Brook</i>	Mitcheldean Road, Rosa.
.....	.....	Kerne Bridge.
.....	<i>Castle Brook</i> ..	Mitcheldean Road.
.....	.....	Simmonds Gate.
.....	<i>Garrau</i>	Pontrilas.
.....	<i>Llanwarne Brk.</i>	Fawley.
.....	<i>Trewarthen Pool</i>	Rosa.
.....	<i>Lammarch Brk.</i>	Rosa.
.....	<i>Luke Brook</i> ..	Kerne Bridge.
.....	.....	Kerne Bridge.
.....	.....	Monmouth.
.....	<i>Monnow</i>	Hay, Pandy.
.....	<i>Eseley Brook</i> ..	Hay, Pandy.
.....	<i>Olchon Brook</i> ..	Hay, Pandy.
.....	.....	Pandy.
.....	<i>Honddu</i>	Glasbury, Llanfihangel, Pandy.
.....	.....	Pontrilas.
.....	<i>Rowlston Brook</i>	Pontrilas.
.....	<i>Dore</i>	Hay, Pontrilas.
.....	<i>Worm Brook</i> ..	.....
.....	<i>Allenmore</i>	Tram Inn.
.....	<i>House Ponds</i>	Devereux, Pontrilas.
.....	<i>Worm Brook</i> ..	Pontrilas.
.....	<i>Dulas Brook</i> ..	.....
.....	<i>Blackbrook</i>	.....
.....	<i>Blackbrook</i>	.....
.....	<i>House Ponds</i>	Pontrilas.
.....	.....	Monmouth.
.....	<i>Trothy</i>	Abergavenny.
.....	<i>Full Brook</i>	Pandy, Abergavenny.
.....	<i>Mynachdy Brk.</i>	Abergavenny.
.....	.....	Dingestow.
.....	<i>Llunon</i>	Dingestow.
.....	<i>Nant-y-fuchan.</i>	Dingestow.
.....	.....	Monmouth.
.....	.....	Redbrook, Bigsweir, Tintern, Chepstow.
.....	.....	Yarmouth.
YAR (L. of W.).	.....	Hardingham.
YARE .....	.....	Hardingham.
.....	<i>Blackwater</i>	Wymondham.
.....	<i>Bass</i>	Wymondham.
.....	<i>Tiffey</i>	Wymondham.
.....	<i>Dyke Beck</i>	Kimberley.
.....
.....	<i>Kimberley Park</i>	.....
.....	<i>Lake</i>	Kimberley.
.....	<i>Hackford Brook</i>	Kimberley.
.....	<i>Sea Mere</i>	Hingham.
.....	<i>Wicklewood</i>	.....
.....	<i>Mere</i>	Kimberley.
.....	<i>Kettering Hall</i>	.....
.....	<i>Lakes</i>	Hethersett.
.....	<i>Beacon Hall</i>	.....
.....	<i>Lakes</i>	Swainthorpe.
.....	<i>Carlton Lodge</i>	.....
.....	<i>Lakes</i>	Swainthorpe.
.....	.....	Norwich.
.....	<i>Lese</i>	Forncett, Florden, Swainthorpe, Norwich.
.....	<i>Wensum</i>	Fakenham, Ryburgh, North Elmham.
.....	.....	[Lenwade.
.....	<i>Blackwater</i>	.....
.....	<i>Black Lake</i>	Cawston.
.....	<i>Blackwater</i>	Reepham, Lenwade.
.....	<i>Haverigland</i>	.....
.....	<i>Lake</i>	Cawston.

ENGLAND—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
YARE (cont.) ..	.....	Attlebridge, Drayton, Helleston.
	<i>Costessey Brook</i>	Yoxham.
	<i>Horningham</i>	
	<i>Pond</i>	Attlebridge.
	<i>Costessey</i>	Helleston.
.....	.....	Norwich.
.....	.....	Withingham, Brandall.
.....	.....	Brandall.
.....	<i>Surlingham Brd.</i>	Brundall.
.....	<i>Pumpstead Hall</i>	Buckenham.
.....	<i>Lakes</i>	Buckenham.
.....	<i>Strumpshaw Brd.</i>	Buckenham.
.....	<i>Rockland Broad</i>	Buckenham.
.....	.....	Buckenham.
.....	<i>Buckenham Brd.</i>	Buckenham.
.....	<i>Hasingham Brd.</i>	Buckenham.
.....	.....	Cantley.
.....	<i>Chet</i>	Norwich.
.....	<i>Brook Hall Lake</i>	Loddon, Cantley.
.....	.....	Reedham, Yarmouth.
.....	.....	Cornwood.
YALM .....	.....	Congresbury.
YEO .....	.....

IRELAND.

RIVER.	STATIONS.	RIVER.	STATIONS.
<i>Balkinabinch</i>	Roundstone.	<i>Laune</i>	Cara Lake, Killyarney, Killorglin, Rossbeigh.
<i>Bandon</i>	Bandon, Ballineen.	<i>Lee</i>	Cork, Macroom.
<i>Bann</i>	Coleraine.	<i>Liffy</i>	Naas.
<i>Barrow</i>	Goresbridge.	<i>Maine</i>	Killorglin.
<i>Blackwater</i>	Dromore, Fermoy, Lismore,	<i>Mannion</i> ..	Kilmurphy.
<i>Blackwater</i>	Kenmare. [Mallow.	<i>Moy</i>	Ballina.
<i>(Lesser).</i>		<i>Owenduff</i> ..	Bangor.
<i>Blarney</i>	Blarney	<i>Owena</i>	Ardara, Glenties.
<i>Bundross</i>	Bundoran.	<i>Owenmore</i> ..	Bangor.
<i>Bush</i>	Bushmilla.	<i>Owvane</i>	Inchageelagh.
<i>Cara</i>	Cahiriveen, Glencar Killorglin, Rossbeigh.	<i>Roughy</i>	Kenmare.
<i>Clady</i>	Gweedore.	<i>Shannon</i> ...	Carrick, Castle Connell, Donagh, Killaloe, Limerick, Longford, Meelick, Shannan Bridge.
<i>Clunagh</i>	Cahiriveen.		
<i>Crat</i>	Ballyshannon, Belleek.	<i>S. Bride</i>	Crookstown.
<i>Erris</i>	Leenan.	<i>(Cork).</i>	
<i>Feale</i>	Abbey Feale.	<i>Suir</i>	Cahir, Carrick, Kilaheolan.
<i>Fearlagh</i> ..	Cahiriveen.	<i>Westmeath</i>	Mullingar.
<i>Fleek</i>	Killyarney.	<i>Lakes.</i>	
<i>Glengariffe</i> ..	Glengariffe.		
<i>Ilan</i>	Baltunore, Skibberagh.		
<i>Keeran</i>	Cahiriveen.		

SCOTLAND.

RIVER.	STATIONS.	RIVER.	STATIONS.
<i>Atteridge</i>	Oykel Bridge.	<i>Fleet</i>	Kirkcudbright, Mound, Dro-
<i>Aunan</i>	Ecclesfechan, Lochmaben,	<i>Forth</i>	Tarbet. (more.
	Moffat.	<i>Gala</i>	Stow.
<i>Awe</i>	Dalmally, Inveroran, Loch	<i>Garry</i>	Invergarry, Kinloch Rannoch.
	Awe, Taynult.	<i>Grudie</i>	Durine Inn.
<i>Begie</i>	Huntley.	<i>Helmsdale</i> ..	Helmsdale.
<i>Carron</i>	Argay.	<i>Isla</i>	Meikleour.
<i>Cassley</i>	Oykel Bridge.	<i>Lochy</i>	Banavie.
<i>Dee</i> (Aber-	Aboyne, Balater, Braemar.	<i>Loch Lomond.</i>	Inverarnan, Tarbet.
<i>Deveron</i> ...	Huntley.	<i>Moffat</i>	Moffat.
<i>Dionard</i>	Durine Inn.	<i>Ness</i>	Inverness.
<i>Don</i>	Alford Bridge, Inverurie.	<i>Orchy</i>	Dalmally, Inveroran.
<i>Earn</i>	St. Fillans.	<i>Rannoch</i>	Kinloch Rannoch.
<i>Echoig</i>	Kilmun.	<i>Shin</i>	Lairg, Overskeck.
<i>Erick</i>	Blairgowrie, Dalwhinnie.	<i>Shiel</i>	Shiel House.
<i>Est</i> (Dum-	Canonby, Langholm.	<i>Spern</i>	Banavie, Loch Laggan.
<i>tries).</i>		<i>Spey</i>	Craigellachie, Fochabers,
<i>Evan</i>	Moffat.		Kingussie.
<i>Ewe</i>	Gairloch.	<i>Teith</i>	Callender.

SCOTLAND—continued.

RIVER.	STATIONS.	RIVER.	STATIONS.
Thurso	Brawl Castle, Thurso.	Tummel	Kinloch Rannoch, Pitlochrie, Tummel Bridge.
Tull	Etal. (See England.)	Tweed	Clovenford, Inverleithen, Kelso, Peebles, Sprouston, (See England.)
Tay	Aberfeldy, Birnam, Crian- larich, Dalglish, Dunkeld, Grandtully, Kenmore, Kil- lin, Logierait, Lulb, Melk- leour, Perth, Stanley, Weem.	Yarrow	St. Mary's Loch.
		Ythan	Newburg, Ellon.

WALES.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.

STATIONS.

ABER	<i>Llyn-an-Afon</i>	Aber.	
	<i>Aber-fawr</i>	Aber.	
AERON	<i>Llyn Eiddwen</i>	Tregaron.	
	<i>Llyn Fawod</i> ..	Tregaron.	
	<i>Telyn</i>	Tregaron.	
	<i>Gwenffrud</i>	Port Llanio.	
	<i>Maurig</i>	Derry Ormond.	
	<i>Rheaffallen</i> ..	Derry Ormond.	
	<i>Nant-y-fergy</i> ..	Derry Ormond.	
	<i>Gelli</i>	Lampeter.	
	<i>Gerwen</i>	Lampeter.	
	<i>Cilcennin Brook</i>	Aberaeron.	
	<i>Mudr</i>	Aberaeron.	
AFON (Glámorg.)	.....	Aberaeron.	
	<i>Cerrog</i>	Cymmer.	
	.....	Cymmer.	
	<i>Gwynau</i>	Aberafon.	
AFON-Y-GARTH	.....	Aberafon.	
ALAW	<i>Llyn Llynean</i> ..	Mostyn.	
	.....	Llanerchymedd.	
	.....	Valley Station.	
ALLAN .....	.....	Valley Station.	
ARTH	<i>Llyn March</i> ..	St. David's.	
	<i>Bran</i>	Llanrhytyd.	
	.....	Aberaeron.	
	.....	Aberaeron.	
ARTHO	<i>Llyn Dywarchen</i>	Talarnau.	
	<i>Llyn Ciddow</i>		
	<i>fach</i>	Talarnau.	
	<i>Ciddow</i>	Talarnau.	
	<i>Llyn Ciddow</i>		
	<i>mawr</i>	Talarnau.	
	<i>Bychan</i>	Llyn y Mor- wynion	
	<i>Llyn-cwm bychan</i>	Llanbedr.	
	.....	Llanbedr.	
	<i>Llyn Gloywlyn</i> ..	Llanbedr.	
	<i>Naulcol</i>	Llyn Howel	
	.....	Llyn-cwm-hosau	
	.....	Llyn-y-fer-fedden	
	.....	Llanbedr.	
	<i>Hafod y Llyn</i> ..	Llanbedr.	
BRAINT	<i>Llyn Llwydiarth</i>	Beaumaris.	
	.....	Llanfair, Llangelinwen.	
	<i>Llyn Gorsddu</i> ..	Llangelinwen.	
BRAWDY BRK.	.....	Brawdy.	
CADOXTON RIV.	.....	Cadoxton.	
CARSWICH ....	.....	Talarnau.	
CAREW BROOK	.....	Saundersfoot, Carew.	
CARN .....	.....	Templeton, Loveston.	
	<i>Langdon Brook</i>	Bogelly, Loveston.	
CASTLE MARTIN	.....	Pembroke.	
BROOK.	.....	
	<i>Orielton Lakes</i>	Pembroke.	
	.....	Castle Martin.	
CEFNI .....	.....	Llangwyllog, Llangefni.	
	<i>Llanfryn Brk.</i>	Llangefni.	
CEMNAES	<i>Llyn Felin-nant</i>	Rhos-Goch.	
	<i>Llanflyn Lakes</i>	Llanfechell.	
	.....	Llanfechell.	

Rivers and their Stations.

xl

WALES—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
CLEDDAU	Marlet Brook ..	Rosebush.
	Wallis Brook ..	Rosebush.
	Pelcombe Brook ..	Haverfordwest.
	.....	Haverfordwest.
	Caplett Brook ..	Haverfordwest.
	Denant Brook ..	Haverfordwest.
	Milling Brook ..	Haverfordwest.
	Eastern Cleddau ..	Crynanich.
	Corwyn	Maenelochoog.
	.....	Derwen, Nantclwyd, Eyearth.
OLWYD	Llanfan Brook ..	Eyearth.
	.....	Ruthin, Rhewl, Llanrhaidr.
	Clywedog	Nantclwyd, Ruthin.
	Cyffylliog Brk. }	Ruthin.
	Mysllyg	Ruthin.
	Ladur	Ruthin.
	.....	Rhewl.
	Llewesog	Llanrhaidr.
	.....	Llanrhaidar.
	.....	Denbigh.
	Lliwen	Denbigh.
	.....	Bodfari.
	Wheeler	Caerwys, Bodfari.
	.....	Trefnant.
	Bach	Trefnant.
	.....	St. Asaph.
	Elwy	Llanrwst.
	Dyffryn-gallt.. }	Llanrwst.
	Llyn Chwyth .. }	Llanrwst.
	Dyffryn-gallt.. }	Llanrwst.
	Derfyn	Llanrwst.
	Faunog	Tal-y-Cafn.
	Llyn Faunog } }	Llanfair Talhaiarn.
	Melan	Llanfair Talhaiarn.
	.....	Aled
	Llyn Aled }	Llanrwst.
	Llyn Nîvel frech }	Llanrwst.
	Hyrdd	Denbigh.
	Llyn Creiniog.. }	Llanfair Talhaiarn.
	Dennant	Llanfair Talhaiarn.
	Aled	Llanfair Talhaiarn.
	Merchion	Trefnant.
CONWAY .....	.....	Trefnant, St. Asaph.
	.....	Rhyddlan.
	Heigy	St. Asaph, Rhyddlan.
	Gole	Abergele, Rhyl.
	.....	Rhyl.
	Llyn Conway ..	Ffestiniog.
	Scrw	Ffestiniog.
	.....	Arenig or Bettws-y-Coed.
	Cleitur	Arenig or Bettws.
	Merchawyr	Bettws-y-Coed.
.....	Laethog	Bettws.
	Llyn-y-Chort ..	Bettws.
	Cadnant	Bettws.
	.....	Bettws.
	Eidda	Bettws.
	Huch	Bettws.
	Machno	Llyn-y-firth.
	.....	Manod, Bettws.
	Ledr	Dolwyddelan.
	.....	Grisian.
	Llyn Darnogen ..	Dolwyddelan or Pen-y-Gwryd.
	Llymian	Dolwyddelan.
	Dyffryn-odd ..	Dolwyddelan.
	Ystumian	Dolwyddelan, Pant-y-Pant.
	Llyn-y-rebel ..	Bettws-y-Coed.
	.....	Capel Curig.
	Llugwy	Llyn Llugwy ..

WALES—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
CONWAY (cont.)	<i>Gwryd</i>	
	<i>Llyn-y-Cwm</i>	
	<i>Ffynnon</i>	Pen-y-Gwryd.
	<i>Mymbyr Lakes</i>	Capel Curig.
	<i>Llyn Goddion-duon</i>	Capel Curig.
	<i>Llyn Pen Craig</i>	Llanrwst or Bettws.
	<i>Llyn Helst</i>	Bettws-y-Coed.
	.....	Bettws-y-Coed.
	<i>Llyn-y-Parc</i> ..	Llanrwst or Bettws.
	.....	Llanrwst, Trefriw.
CRAFNAI	<i>Llyn Crafnant</i>	Capel Curig or Trefriw.
	<i>Llyn Bodgymwydd</i>	Capel Curig or Llanrwst.
	<i>Llyn Bychan</i> ..	Capel Curig or Llanrwst.
	<i>Llyn Geirionydd</i>	Trefriw.
	.....	Trefriw.
	<i>Llyn Cwtyd</i> ..	Capel Curig.
	<i>Porth-lwyd</i>	Bethesda or Capel Curig.
	<i>Llyn Eglstan</i> ..	Capel Curig.
	<i>Tal-y-Bont</i>	Bethesda.
	<i>Llyn Melynllyn</i>	Bethesda or Capel Curig.
DńS	<i>Llyn Dulyn</i> ..	Bethesda or Capel Curig.
	.....	Tal-y-Cafn.
	<i>Llyn Sybert</i> ..	Tal-y-Cafn.
	<i>Ro</i>	Tal-y-Cafn.
	.....	Tal-y-Cafn.
	<i>Hiraethlyn</i>	Tal-y-Cafn.
	.....	Glan Conway.
	COWBRIDGE RIV.	Ystrad, Cowbridge.
	CRIGYLL	Tye-Croes.
	<i>Gwalchmai Lake</i>	Tye-Croes.
CYMERAN	<i>Llyn Strydan</i>	Tye-Croes.
	.....	Tye-Croes.
	<i>Llyn Faelog</i> ..	Tye-Croes.
	<i>Caradog</i>	Tye-Croes.
	.....	Glan Conway.
	DARON	Aberdaron.
	DISSILLIO	Llandissillio Gogo.
	DOVEY	Dews-y-Nant.
	<i>Llyn Dyfi</i>	Dinas Mowddwy.
	<i>Parnrhyd</i>	Dinas Mowddwy.
DńS	<i>Cowarch</i>	Dinas Mowddwy.
	.....	Dinas Mowddwy.
	<i>Geryst</i>	<i>Llyn Figan and</i>
	.....	<i>Llyn Fach</i> ..
	<i>Cleision</i>	<i>Clycedog</i>
	.....	<i>Tafolog</i>
	.....	<i>Llyn Coch-hyead</i>
	.....	Dinas Mowddwy.
	<i>Angell</i>	Aber Angell.
	.....	Aber Angell.
DńS	<i>Llyn Llecoediog</i>	Aber Angell.
	<i>Mynach</i>	Aber Angell.
	.....	Cemmaes, Cemmaes Junction.
	<i>Twymyn</i>	Llanbrynmair.
	.....	Llanbrynmair.
	.....	Cemmaes Junction.
	<i>Gwidol</i>	Cemmaes Junction.
	<i>Dylas</i>	<i>Llyn Bugetlyn</i> ..
	.....	<i>Glaslyn</i>
	<i>Ortal</i>	Machynlleth.
DńS	<i>Dulas</i>	Machynlleth.
	.....	Machynlleth.
	.....	Aber Angell.
	<i>Llefent</i>	Aber Angell.
	<i>Corys</i>	Tal-y-Llyn.
	.....	Machynlleth, Gilan Dyfi.
	<i>Llymanti</i>	Machynlleth, Gilan Dyfi.
	<i>Eilon</i>	Gilan Dyfi.
	.....	Llanarth.
	DROWY	Llanfairfechan.
DU	.....	Amlwch.
	DULAS	Amlwch.
	<i>Paint Pools</i> ..	Llanerchymedd, Penrhoslligwy.
	<i>Llyn Metis</i> ..	Beddgellert, Brynkir.
	
	DWYFAUB	
	<i>Istralllyn</i>	<i>Llyn Cwm</i>
	.....	<i>Istralllyn</i>
	<i>Llyn Du</i>	Portmadoc.
	.....	Portmadoc.
DńS	.....	Brynkir.
	
	
	
	
	
	
	
	
	

xlvii

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.

STATIONS.

d 2

WALES—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
GLASLYN	<i>Llyn Glaslyn</i> ..	Pen-y-gwryd.
	<i>Llyn Llydaw</i> ..	Pen-y-gwryd.
	<i>Llyn Tegyr</i>	Pen-y-gwryd.
	<i>Llyn Gwynant</i> ..	Pen-y-gwryd.
	<i>Llyn Eiddo</i>	Beddgelert.
	<i>Llynian Cwm</i> ..	Beddgelert.
	<i>Llyn-y-Ddinas</i> ..	Beddgelert.
	.....	Beddgelert.
	<i>Colwyn</i>	Beddgelert.
	<i>Nant-y-Mor</i> ..	Beddgelert.
	<i>Llyn Llŷgi</i>	Beddgelert.
	<i>Llyn Biscuall</i> ..	Beddgelert.
	<i>Llyn-y-Ardau</i> ..	Beddgelert.
	<i>Hafod-y-Llyn</i> ..	Beddgelert.
	<i>Llyn Ddyffys</i> ..	Tan-y-Grisiau.
	<i>Croesor</i>	Tan-y-Grisiau.
	<i>Llyn-cwm-y-foel</i>	Portmadoc.
	<i>Dulif</i>	Portmadoc.
	.....	Carnarvon.
GLYNPHAW ..	.....	Rosebush.
GWAEN	<i>Walen</i>	Rosebush.
	.....	Fishguard.
GWENDRAETH- FACH .....	.....	Nantgaredig, Kidwelly.
GWENDRAETH- FAWL .....	.....	Llandybie.
	<i>Llyn Llerh-wen</i> ..	Llandybie.
	.....	Kidwelly.
GWYFAI	<i>Llyn-y-Gadr</i> ..	Rhyddu.
	<i>Llyn Glas</i>	Snowdon Ranger.
	<i>Llyn Goch</i>	
	<i>Llyn-y-Nadroedd</i>	
	<i>Llyn-fynnon-y-Gwas</i>	
	<i>Llyn Cwellyn</i> ..	Snowdon Ranger.
	.....	Bettws Garnon, Llanwndla.
	<i>Vennu</i>	Llanwndla.
HYGRIAN ..	.....	Llanfairynghornwy.
KENFIG .....	.....	Cefn, Pyle.
KILVELDY BAR.	.....	Begelly.
LLANON .....	.....	Llansantffraid.
LLIFON .....	.....	Groes-lon.
LLIGWY	<i>Llyn Llwyn-cwm</i>	Penrhoslligwy.
LLIERDI .....	.....	Llanellay.
LLIW .....	.....	Gors, Llŵchwr.
	<i>Lesser Lliw</i> ..	Llŵchwr.
LLWYD .....	.....	Llwyngwrll.
LLWYNOG .....	.....	Conway.
LLYFNI	<i>Llyn-y-dywar-chen</i>	Rhyddu.
	<i>Llynmen Nantlle</i>	Nantlle.
	<i>Llyn-fynnonau</i>	Nantlle.
	<i>Llynian-cwm-silyn</i>	Nantlle.
	.....	Pen-y-groes.
	<i>Dulyn</i>	Pen-y-groes.
LLWCHWR	<i>Llyn-cwm-dulyn</i>	Llandybie, Cross Inn.
	<i>Llandybie Brook</i>	Derwydd Road, Llandybie, Cross Inn.
	<i>Lash</i>	Cross Inn.
	.....	Panttyffyn Junction.
	<i>Alwyd</i>	Panttyffyn Junction.
	<i>Anman</i>	Bryn-aman, Garnant.
	<i>Garnant</i>	Garnant.
	<i>Pedol</i>	Garnant.
	.....	Cross Inn, Panttyffyn.
	<i>Dulas</i>	Pont-ar-duais.
	<i>Gwili</i>	Pont-ar-duais.
	.....	Panttyffyn, Pont-ar-duais.
	<i>Trasarch</i>	Llangenych.
	.....	Llangenych.

WALES—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
LLWCHWR (cont.)	Llwhchr.	
MAWDDACH ..	Llyn Crych-y- wayen	Drws-y-nant.
	Gelrwo	Tyn-y-groes.
	Gain	Tyn-y-groes.
	Llyn Gelli-gain.	Tyn-y-groes.
	Eden	Tyn-y-groes.
	Llyn Tergla ..	Tyn-y-groes.
	Llyn Graig- ddrog	Talsarnau.
	Ddu	Tyn-y-groes.
	Llyn ddu	Tyn-y-groes.
	Llyn-y-bi	Tyn-y-groes.
	Llyn-y-frau ..	Tyn-y-groes.
	Llyn Pen-y- gaulloyd	Tyn-y-groes.
.....	.....	Tyn-y-groes.
Wnion .....	.....	Drws-y-nant.
	Harnog	Drws-y-nant.
	Cwm-ochr	Drws-y-nant.
	Ciddow	Drws-y-nant.
	Ficko	Drws-y-nant.
.....	.....	Pont Newydd.
	Ddybfn	Dolgelly.
	.....	Dolgelly.
	Llyn Aras	Dolgelly.
.....	.....	Penmaenpool.
	Mynach	Llyn Cwm Mynach
	Gadr	Llyn Gadr
	Llyn Gafr	Llyn Gwernan
	Llechan	Penmaenpool.
	Llyn-y-wylfa ..	Arthog.
	Goetref	Barmouth.
	Craigennan....	Llyn Gri
	Llyn Craigennan	Arthog.
.....	.....	Barmouth.
MULLOCH BRK.	.....	St. Ishmael's.
NANT-FFYNNON	.....	Colwyn.
NANT-Y-GROES	.....	Colwyn.
NEATH .....	.....	Glyn Neath.
	Llisa	Glyn Neath.
	Hepste	Hirwann.
	Nedd	Glyn Neath.
.....	.....	Resolven, Aberdylas.
	Dylas	Crinant, Aberdylas.
.....	.....	Neath.
	Clydach	Pont-ar-dawe, Neath.
NEAVE .....	.....	Crymmych Arms.
	Biron	Crymmych Arms.
	Duad	Newport.
	.....	Newport.
	Clydach	Newport.
NORTHOP BRK.	.....	Flint.
OGMORE .....	.....	Blackmill, Tondy.
	Llynvi	Cimmer, Maestog, Llangonoyd, Tondy.
.....	.....	Bridgend.
	Evenay	Pencoed, Bridgend.
OGWEN	Llyn Lloer ..	Capel Curig.
	Llyn Ogwen ..	Capel Curig or Bethesda.
	Llyn Bochwyd	Capel Curig.
	Llyn-y-Cwm ..	Capel Curig or Bethesda.
	Llyn Ixwell ..	Capel Curig or Bethesda.
	Berthan	Bethesda.
	Caseg	Llyn Caseg....
	Llafer	Bethesda.
.....	.....	Bethesda.
	Ffridd-las	Bethesda.
	March	March-Llyn- mawr
	March-Llyn- bach	Llanberria.
	.....	Llanberria.

The Angler's Diary.

WALES—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
OGWEN (cont.)	.....	Bethesda.
.....	.....	Bangor.
PENMAEN BRK.	.....	Killy, Penmaen.
PENMAE	.....	Manorbeer, Lamphey, Pembroke.
PERIS	.....	Llansantffraid.
RHEIDOL	.....	Machynlleth.
.....	<i>Llyn Llygad</i> ..	Devil's Bridge.
.....	<i>Llygnant</i> ..	Devil's Bridge.
.....	<i>Llechweidmawr</i>	Devil's Bridge.
.....	<i>Rhyddlau</i> ..	Devil's Bridge.
.....	<i>Castell</i> ..	Devil's Bridge.
.....	.....	Devil's Bridge.
.....	<i>Myherin</i> ..	Devil's Bridge.
.....	<i>Llynnon Jenan</i>	.....
.....	<i>{ Rhyddnant</i>	.....
.....	<i>Llyn Rhyddnant</i>	Devil's Bridge.
.....	<i>Llyn Lon</i> ..	Devil's Bridge.
.....	<i>Melynddar</i> ..	Aberystwyth.
.....	<i>Glan Rheidol Lake</i>	Aberystwyth.
.....	.....	Aberystwyth.
RHIW	.....	Conway.
RICKSTON BK.	.....	Walwyns Castle.
ROSEMARKET BK.	.....	Johnston, Rosemarket, New Milford.
RUMNEY	.....	Rhymney, Pontlottyn, Tyr-Phil, Bargoed.
.....	<i>Crinlach</i> ..	Ffoe-rhin, Darran, Bargoed.
.....	.....	Pengarn, Hengoed, Bedwas.
.....	<i>Ceffyl</i> ..	Caerphilly, Bedwas.
.....	<i>Glydyr</i> ..	Caerphilly, Bedwas.
.....	.....	Church Road, Rhywderin, Cardiff.
SEIONT	<i>Owm-llas Lakes</i>	Llanberria.
.....	.....	Llanberria.
.....	<i>Llyn Peris</i> ..	.....
.....	<i>Llyn Padarn</i> ..	Llanberria.
.....	<i>Lluch</i> ..	Llanberria.
.....	<i>Llyn-dur Arddu</i>	Llanberria.
.....	<i>Llyn Dwythuch</i>	Llanberria.
.....	.....	Caernarvon.
SOCH	<i>Cofan</i> ..	Llangian.
.....	<i>Bodlas</i> ..	Llangian.
SOLVA BROOK	.....	Solva.
TAF	.....	Crymmych Arms, Clogue, Llanfarnach,
.....	.....	Rhydowen.
.....	<i>Gravil</i> ..	Rhydowen.
.....	.....	Llanglydwen, Login.
.....	<i>Marlas</i> ..	Narberth.
.....	<i>Gwaithmoak</i> ..	Narberth.
.....	<i>Lease</i> ..	Whitland.
.....	.....	Whitland.
.....	<i>Whitland</i> ..	Login, Whitland
.....	<i>Feni</i> ..	Whitland.
.....	<i>Cajer</i> ..	St. Clare.
.....	.....	St. Clare.
.....	<i>Gynin</i> ..	Llanfarnach.
.....	.....	Llanfarnach.
.....	<i>{ Llechwedd</i> ..	Llanfarnach.
.....	<i>{ Aser</i> ..	Llanfarnach.
.....	.....	St. Clare.
.....	<i>Dewi</i> ..	St. Clare.
.....	<i>Cynwyl</i> ..	Cynwyl.
.....	<i>Cynnen</i> ..	Brauwydd Arms.
.....	.....	Laugharne.
TAFF	<i>Taff-fawr</i> ..	Dolygaer, Pontesticill, Pant, Cefn.
.....	.....	Cefn.
.....	<i>Barygaed Taf</i> ..	Merthyr, Traed-y-rhiw, Quakers' Yard.
.....	.....	Quakers' Yard.
.....	<i>Cynon</i> ..	Aberdare Junction.
.....	.....	Hirwann, Llyndeged, Aberdare, Aberaman
.....	<i>Aman</i> ..	Aberaman.
.....	.....	Mountain Ash, Aberdare Junction.
.....	<i>Gelli</i> ..	Aberdare Junction.
.....	.....	Pont-y-Prydd.
.....	<i>Rhondda</i> ..	Treherbert, Istrad-y-Fodwo, Pont.
.....	<i>Rhondda Fychan</i>	Aberdare, Pont.
.....	.....	Pont-y-Prydd.
.....	.....	Treforest, Walnut Tree, Llandaff, Cardiff

WALES—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.		STATIONS.
TAFE	<i>Llyn Fan-fawr</i>	Penwyllt.
	<i>Byfre</i>	Penwyllt.
	<i>Hafys</i>	Penwyllt.
	<i>Llech</i>	Colbren.
	<i>Glaidd</i>	Penwyllt.
	<i>Cys</i>	Ystal-y-fera.
	.....	Ystal-y-fera.
	<i>Torch</i>	Gwys.
	<i>Gwyg</i>	Gwys.
	.....	Ynys-y-geinon, Pont-ar-dawe, Glais.
TRIWI	<i>Clydach</i>	Glais.
	.....	Morriston, Landora.
	<i>Ffyndrod</i>	Landora.
	.....	Swansea.
	<i>Llyn Teifi</i>	Strata Florida.
	<i>Llyn Ifer</i>	Strata Florida.
	<i>Llyn Egnant</i>	Strata Florida.
	<i>Llyn Gron</i>	Strata Florida.
	<i>Llyn-y-Gorian</i>	Strata Florida.
	<i>Egnant</i>	Strata Florida.
.....	<i>Mwyro</i>	Strata Florida.
	.....	Strata Florida.
	<i>Glasfford</i>	Strata Florida.
	<i>Rhuest</i>	Strata Florida.
	<i>Marchnant</i>	Strata Florida.
	<i>Gwyddyl</i>	Strata Florida.
	<i>Iffur</i>	Strata Florida.
	<i>Llyn Maer</i>	Tregaron.
	<i>Camddwr</i>	Tregaron.
	<i>Fulbrook</i>	Tregaron.
.....	.....	Tregaron.
	<i>Nant-y-Groes</i> ..	Tregaron.
	<i>Llyn Cruignant</i> ..	Strata Florida.
	<i>Berwyn</i>	Tregaron.
	.....	Pont Llanio.
	<i>Carfan</i>	Pont Llanio.
	<i>Brentg</i>	Pont Llanio.
	.....	Derry Ormond.
	<i>Clynedog</i>	Derry Ormond.
	<i>Cynon</i>	Lampeter.
.....	<i>Goy</i>	Lampeter.
	.....	Lampeter.
	<i>Dulas</i>	Derry Ormond, Lampeter.
	<i>Granell</i>	Llan-y-Byther.
	<i>Llyn Pencarreg</i> ..	Llan-y-Byther.
	.....	Llan-y-Byther.
	<i>Celliog</i>	Maes-y-Crugian.
	<i>Cathal</i>	Llan-y-Byther.
	.....	Maes-y-Crugian.
	<i>Cletwr</i>	Maes-y-Crugian.
.....	<i>Cletwr-fach</i> ..	Maes-y-Crugian.
	<i>Geyron</i>	Maes-y-Crugian.
	<i>Cinen</i>	Maes-y-Crugian.
	<i>Cerdin</i>	Llandysail.
	<i>Ythan</i>	Llandysail.
	.....	Llandysail.
	<i>Twelli</i>	Pen-Caber.
	<i>Gweddel</i>	Llandysail.
	.....	Llandysail.
	<i>Bydref</i>	Llandysail.
.....	<i>Gernos</i>	Newcastle Emlyn.
	.....	Newcastle Emlyn.
	<i>Cert</i>	Newcastle Emlyn.
	<i>Bedw</i>	Newcastle Emlyn.
	<i>Dulas</i>	Newcastle Emlyn.
	<i>Cych</i>	Newcastle Emlyn.
	<i>Bowy</i>	Newcastle Emlyn.
	<i>Mamog</i>	Newcastle Emlyn.
	<i>Connud</i>	Cardigan.
	<i>Irfod</i>	Cardigan.
.....	.....	Cardigan.
	<i>Ffrywydd</i>	Cardigan.

The Angler's Diary.

WALLES—continued.

RIVERS AND THEIR TRIBUTARIES.			STATIONS.
TRIFI (cont.) ..	<i>Llyn Llwyd</i> ..	.....	Cardigan.
TOWY	<i>Llyn Ddu</i> ..	.....	Strata Florida.
	<i>Llyn Gorast</i> ..	.....	Strata Florida.
	<i>Camddwr</i> ..	.....	Tregaron.
	<i>Doethlam</i> ..	.....	Tregaron.
	<i>Llyn Berwyn</i> ..	.....
	<i>Doethlam-fach</i> ..	.....
	<i>Pysgotwr</i> ..	.....	Pontllanio
	<i>Pysgotwr-fach</i> ..	.....
	<i>Gwenfrawd</i> ..	.....	Cynghordy.
	<i>Rhaiadr</i> ..	.....	Cynghordy.
	<i>Gwenlas</i> ..	.....	Llandovery.
	<i>Dernant</i> ..	.....	Llandovery.
	.....	.....	Llandovery.
	<i>Bran</i> ..	.....	Cynghordy.
	<i>Crychan</i> ..	.....	Cynghordy.
	<i>Gwddertig</i> ..	.....	Llandovery.
	<i>Gwenst</i> ..	.....	Llandovery.
	.....	.....	Llandovery.
	.....	.....	Llanwrda.
	<i>Ynys</i> ..	.....	Llanwrda.
	<i>Dulas</i> ..	.....	Llanwrda.
	.....	.....	Llangadock.
	<i>Morles</i> ..	.....	Llangadock.
	<i>Sefn</i> ..	.....	Llangadock.
	<i>Llechdawdd</i> ..	.....	Llangadock.
	<i>Sefn Isaf</i> ..	.....	Llangadock.
	<i>Sawdde</i> ..	.....	Pen-y-wyllt.
	<i>Llyn-y-fan-fach</i> ..	.....	Llangadock.
	<i>Buartharch</i> ..	.....	Llangadock.
	<i>Dyfnant</i> ..	.....	Llangadock.
	<i>Sawdde fechan</i> ..	.....	Llangadock.
	<i>Clydach</i> ..	.....	Llangadock.
	.....	.....	Llangadock.
	.....	.....	Glanrhyd, Talley Road.
	<i>Dulas</i> ..	.....	Talley Road.
	<i>Tallaris</i> ..	.....	Talley Road.
	<i>Llyn Taliaris</i> ..	.....	Talley Road.
	.....	.....	Llandilo.
	<i>Cerruen</i> ..	.....	Derwydd Road, Llandilo.
	.....	.....	Golden Grove.
	<i>Cyfyng</i> ..	.....	Golden Grove.
	.....	.....	Llanarthney.
	<i>Dulas</i> ..	.....	Llanarthney.
	<i>Sannan</i> ..	.....	Nantgaredig.
	.....	.....	Pont Llanio.
	<i>Cothi</i> ..	.....	Pont Llanio.
	<i>Mancoed</i> ..	.....	Pont Llanio.
	<i>Twrch</i> ..	.....	Lampeter.
	<i>Cwmpedol</i> ..	.....	Llanwrda.
	<i>Rannell</i> ..	.....	Llanwrda.
	<i>Vellindur</i> ..	.....	Talley Road.
	<i>Talley Lakes</i> ..	.....	Talley Road.
	<i>Gorlech</i> ..	.....	Nantgaredig.
	<i>Marles</i> ..	.....	Nantgaredig.
	.....	.....	Abergwill.
	<i>Gwili</i> ..	.....	Llanpumpaint, Cynwyl.
	<i>Dwad</i> ..	.....	Cynwyl.
	.....	.....	Branwydd Arms, Abergwill.
	.....	.....	Caermarthen.
	<i>Pibwr</i> ..	.....	Nantgaredig, Caermarthen.
	.....	.....	Llandisilio Gogo.
TYDI .....	.....	.....	Llangybi, Chwilog, Afon Wen.
WEN .....	.....	.....	St. Mark's.
WEPRE BROOK .....	.....	.....	Traws-Coed, Llanrhystyd.
WYBAI	<i>Mabus</i> ..	.....	Llanrhystyd.
	<i>Tryal</i> ..	.....	Llanrhystyd.
	<i>Carrog</i> ..	.....	Dyffryn.
YSGETHIN	<i>Llyn</i> ..	.....	Dyffryn.
	<i>Llyn Bodlyn</i> ..	.....	Dyffryn.
	<i>Llyn Irdryn</i> ..	.....	Dyffryn.



LAKE VYRNWY HOTEL, NORTH WALES.

This Hotel overlooks the splendid sheet of water (1100 acres) formed for the supply of Liverpool, and which was well stocked with Loch Leven trout early in 1889.

FLIES AND CASTS TO SUIT WATER SOLD AT HOTEL.

RESULT OF SEASON 1891—4143 Trout, weight 3664½lb.

**SEASON COMMENCES (1892) MARCH 26.
FLY FISHING ONLY.**

Tickets, 4s. per day or £1 per week (miles of shore fishing). Boats (if used), with one man, 5s. per day; with two men, 8s. 6d. per day. Anglers requiring boats are requested to give a few days' notice, the number of boats being limited.

HOTEL TARIFF ON APPLICATION.

POSTAL AND TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS,

**LAKE VYRNWY HOTEL, N. WALES, via OSWESTRY,
THENCE PER PRIVATE WIRE.**

Nearest and Best Approach, LLANFYLLIN, 12 miles, Cambrian Railway.

Trains Met by Appointment.

N.B. To render the lake independent of the natural supply, a well planned series of ponds has been formed for TROUT CULTURE, which are really worth visiting by all interested in the subject.

Apply **MANAGER.**

BY HER MAJESTY'S ROYAL LETTERS PATENT.
 BY APPOINTMENT TO
 HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF WALES, K.G.
Scafe's Patent FISHING BROGUE.
 THE "REDSPINNER."



The "Field" of Aug. 2,

1890, says:

Mr. Scafe has applied the principle of his leather and rubber combination to fishing brogues with excellent results. That the sole of the brogue should EN-ABLE THE ANGLER TO MOVE ABOUT ON SLIP-PERY BOULDERS WITH CONFIDENCE AND MAKE A LEAP FROM ROCK TO ROCK WITHOUT JAR-RING THE SYSTEM ARE POINTS OF VITAL CON-SIDERATION. THE SCAFE BROGUE has these distinct recommendations, and to them must be added the extraordinary durability of the sole."



THE LEATHER & RUBBER BOOT CO. (Scafe's Patent), Ltd.,
 104, New Bond-street, London, W.; 65 & 66, Chancery-lane, London, E.C.;
 and 20, Albion-street, Leeds.

CLOSE SEASONS AND ANGLING LICENCES.

NOTE.—S, salmon; T, trout; C F, coarse fish; m, month; w, week; d, day; f, fortnight.

ENGLAND AND WALES.

For all English rivers (except as below) and for Scotch Eak the close time for salmon is from Nov. 2 to Feb. 1, and for trout Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; coarse fish from March 15 to June 15.

NOTE.—The word Salmon includes all migratory Salmonidae.

- AVON (DEVON)**, including Erme. *Close time*: S, Erme, Nov. 30 to April 4; rest of district, Nov. 30 to May 1; gaff, Oct. 1 to March 31; T, Oct. 1 to last day of Feb.; C F, none. *Licences*: S, 20s.; T, 10s.; w, 5s.; d, 2s.
- AVON AND STOUR (HANTS)**, including Wily, Lidden, and other tributaries, except in Somerset. *Close time*: S, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; T, above Amesbury Bridge, Oct. 15 to March 31; between Bickton Mill and Amesbury Bridge, Oct. 1 to March 31; C F, none. *Licences*: S, 20s.; T, 5s.
- AVON (SOMERSET)**, includes Chew, Frome, Ax, Brue, Parret, Isle, Tone, Yeo, Wilts and Berks Canal (west of Swindon), Taunton and Bridgwater Canal. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 7s. 6d.; T, 2s. 6d.; m, 1s.; d, 6d.
- AXE**, including Yarty, Bredy, Brit, and Char. *Close time*: S, Nov. 20 to April 30; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 20s.; T, 2s. 6d.
- AYRON**. *Close time*: S, Nov. 15 to Feb. 14; T, Oct. 1 to March 15; *Licences*: S, 20s.; 4 w, 10s.; w, 5s.; T, 2s. 6d.
- CAMEL**, including Heyl and all rivers on north coast of Cornwall. *Close time*: S, Dec. 1 to April 30; T, Oct. 1 to March 15; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 10s.; T, 3s.
- CLEDDY**, including East and West Gwaen. *Close time*: S, Nov. 1 to Feb. 1; T, Sept. 29 to March 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 10s. 6d.; T, 3s. 6d.; w, 2s. 6d.; d, 1s.
- CLWYD AND ELWYD**, including Aled. *Close time*: S, Nov. 15 to May 15; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 28; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 20s.; T, 4s. 6d.; w, 2s.
- CONWAY**, including Ledar, Llwgy, Llyn Conway. *Close time*: S, Nov. 15 to April 30; gaff, Nov. 1 to April 30; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, £1; m, 10s.; w, 3s.; d, 1s.; T, 1s.; d, 6d.
- COQUET**. *Close time*: S, Nov. 1 to Jan. 31; gaff, Oct. 1 to Jan. 31; T, Nov. 1 to March 3; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 5s.; T, above Thrum Mill, 1s.
- CUMBERLAND (WEST)**, including Calder, Ehen (below Ennerdale Lake), Eak, Irt, Wastwater, Bieng, Mite. *Close time*: S, Nov. 14 to March 10; gaff, Nov. 1 to June 30; T, Oct. 1 to March 10; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 15s.; m, 5s.; d, 2s. 6d.; T, 2s. 6d.; m, 1s.
- DART**, including East Dart, Webbern, Slapton Lea. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to March 1; gaff, Nov. 1 to April 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 28; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, £1; w, 7s. 6d.; T, 10s.; d, 2s.
- DEE**, including Alwen, Alyn, Ceriog, Gairw, Lliw, Treverrynn, Twrch, Bala Lake. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to March 31; T, Oct. 14 to Feb. 14; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 20s.; w 10s.; d, 5s.; T, none.
- DERWENT (CUMBERLAND)**, including Bassenthwaite, Derwentwater and Loweswater, Crummocwater, Buttermere, St. John's Beck (below Millgill), Naddle Beck (below Roughhow Bridge), Greta, Cocker, Marron. *Close time*: S, Nov. 15 to March 10; gaff, Nov. 15 to June 30; T, Sept. 15 to March 10. Crummock and Buttermere, Nov. 1 to June 30. C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 20s.; to Sept. 15, 10s.; m, 10s.; any part of district, except River Derwent, between Ouse Bridge and sea, 10s.; m, 5s.; w, 2s. 6d.; T, 5s.; m, 2s. 6d.; above Ouse Bridge, d, 1s.
- DOVEY**, including Artro, Dulas, Dysynni, Mawddach, Glaslyn, Lery, Prysor, Bychan, Llyn Glyn. *Close time*: S, Nov. 30 to April 30; gaff, Oct. 21 to May 30; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 10s.; m, 5s.; w, 2s. 6d.; d, 1s.; T, none.

England and Wales—continued.

- DWYFACH**, including Dwyfawr, Erch, Loch. *Close time*: S, Nov. 15 to March 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 21s.; T, 7s.; m, 5s.; w, 2s.
- EDEN**, including Eden (below Kirkby Stephen), Petterill (below Wreay Bridge), Calder (below Hawksdale Bridge), Eamont (below junction with Lowther), Irthing (below boundary of Cumberland), Crodundle, Wampool, Waver. *Close time*: S, in Solway below Old Sandsfield, Sept. 10 to Feb. 10; elsewhere in district, Nov. 16 to Feb. 15; gaff, Nov. 16 to June 30; T, Oct. 16 to last day of Feb.; C F, none. *Licences*: S, for whole district, 21s.; above Armathwaite Bay, 10s.; w, 5s.; single-handed rods in Duke of Devonshire's sedge water 5s.; T, 2s. 6d.; w, 1s.
- ESK** (YORKS), including Glaisdale. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 10s.; w, 5s.; d, 2s. 6d.; T, 1s. 6d.
- EXE** (DEVON), including Barle, Culm, Fordton, Chist. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to March 1; gaff, Oct. 1 to April 30; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 20s.; T, 2s. 6d.; w, 1s.
- FOWEY**, including St. Neots, Fal, Looe, and all streams on south coast of Cornwall. *Close time*: S, Dec. 1 to April 30; T, Oct. 1 to March 15; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 10s.; T, 3s.
- FROME**, including Piddle, Corfe, Fleet. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 20s.; T, none.
- KENT AND BELA**, including Crake, Coniston Water, Duddon, Kent, Mint, Sleddale, Leven, Esthwaite, Grasmere, Windermere, Troutbeck, Winster. *Close time*: S, Nov. 15 to March 31; gaff, Nov. 1 to June 1; T, Oct. 2 to March 1, in Windermere and Coniston Oct. 2 to March 31; C F, March 15 to June 15, except for pike. *Licences*: S, 10s. w, 5s.; T, 2s. 6d.
- LEA**, including tributaries. *Close time*: S and T, Sept. 2 to May 1; pike, March 1 to August 1; C F, April 1 to June 1.
- LUNE**, including Cocker, Conder, Keer, Wenning, Hindburn, Greta, Rother, Wyre. *Close time*: S, Nov. 15 to March 1; T, Oct. 2 to March 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 20s.; for Wyre, Keer, Cocker, Conder, Wenning, Greta, and tributaries, 5s.; T, 2s. 6d.
- NORFOLK AND SUFFOLK**, including Ormesby Broad, River Thurne, Hickling Broad, Horsey Mere, Maratham Broad, South Walsham Broad, Upton Broad, Whittlecamere Broad, Higham Broad, North Walsham and Dilham Canal, Banworth Broad, Hoven Broad, Wroxham Broad, River Ouse, Wissey and Nar, River Waveney, Fritton Broad, Lake Lothing, River Yare, River Wensum, Breydon Water, Surlingham Broad, Rockland Broad. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Sept. 10 to Jan. 25; C F, March 1 to June 30. *Licences*: None.
- OGMORE**, including Llynvi, Ewenny. *Close time*: S, Nov. 15 to April 30; T, Sept. 30 to last day of Feb.; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 21s.; m, 10s. 6d.; T, none.
- OTTER**. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 20s.; T, none.
- OUSE** (SUSSEX). *Close time*: S, Nov. 1 to April 1; T, Oct. 2 to March 31; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 5s.; T, none.
- RHYMEY**. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to April 1; gaff, Nov. 2 to April 30; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 10s. 6d.; T, 1s.
- BIBBLE AND HODDER**, including Calder, Douglas. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; gaff, Nov. 2 to April 30; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 20s.; T, 2s. 6d.
- ROTHER** (SUSSEX), including Tillingham, Brede. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1. *Licences*: none.
- SEIONT**, including Braint, Cefni, Gwrfai, Cwm Llyn, Llynfi, Llyn-y-Nantle, Llanberis Lakes. *Close time*: S, Nov. 15 to March 1; gaff, Nov. 2 to March 1; T, Oct. 2 to March 1; Braint and Cefni, Oct. 15 to March 1; char, Oct. 22 to March 1; Braint and Cefni, Oct. 22 to March 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 21s.; m, 10s. 6d.; w, 5s.; d, 2s. 6d.; Cefni, Braint, and Llynfi, 10s. 6d.; T, 5s.; w, 2s. 6d.; d, 2s.
- SEVERN**, including Avon (except in Warwickshire), Little Avon, Frome, Leadon, Teme, Bea, Corve, Olun, Onny, Stour, Worl, Roden, Tern, Mees, Perry, Vernieu, Tanat, Banw, Elnion, Rhwi, Taranon, Garno, Olwydog, Tylweh, Gloster and Berkeley Canal, Birmingham and Worcester Canal (west of Alvechurch). *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 2 to March 1; C F, except pike, the whole district below Vernieu mouth, in the counties of Salop, Stafford, Worcester, and Gloucester, and the Avon, where it flows through Worcester and Gloucester, March 15 to June 15. Pike may be killed anywhere, and at all times. Above Vernieu mouth C F are unpreserved. *Licences*: S, 10s.; T, 1s.
- STOUB** (KENT), including Lesser Stour. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to May 1, T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 20s.; T, none.
- TAFF AND ELY**, including Rhondda. *Close time*: S, Nov. 15 to April 30; gaff, Nov. 2 to May 31; T, Sept. 20 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 10s. 6d.; T, 2s. 6d.
- TAMAR AND PLYM**, including Inney, Atery, Carey, Tavy, Lynher, Yealm, Bude Canal. *Close time*: S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences*: S, 7s. 6d.; T, none.
- TAW AND TORRIDGE**, including Yeo, Bray, Little Dart, Okement. *Close time*: S, Nov. 16

England and Wales—continued.

- to March 31; gaff, Nov. 16 to May 31; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences:* S, 21s.; T, none.
- TEES**, including (Tees below Maize Brook) Leven, Skerne, Greta, Lune. *Close time:* S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences:* S, 25s.; T, 1s.
- TEIFI**, including Cych, Cery, Nevern, Wirral. *Close time:* S, Oct. 20 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 1 to Feb. 28. *Licences:* S, 20s.; non-residents only, 10s. 6d.; fortnightly ditto, 5s.; T, 2s. 6d.
- TEIGN (DEVON)**, including Wrey. *Close time:* S, Nov. 1 to March 2; gaff, Sept. 2 to April 30; T, Oct. 1 to March 2; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences:* S, 20s.; m, 5s.; w, 2s. 6d.; d, 2s.; T, 2s. 6d.
- THAMES**. *Close time:* Smelts, March 25 to July 25; lamperns, April 1 to Aug. 23; eels, March 15 to June 15; other freshwater fish, March 15 to June 15. *Licences:* none.
- TOWY**, including Gwith, Cothi, Cennen, Taff, Loughor, Ammon, Gwendraeth Fach, Gwendraeth Fawr. *Close time:* S, Nov. 2 to March 15; T, Oct. 2 to March 1; C F, none. *Licences:* S, 21s.; T, 2s. 6d.
- TRENT**, including Ancholm, Idle, Soar, Wreak, Derwent, Wye, Churnet, Dove, Mease, Anker, Blyth, Tame, Ludd, Withernean, Birmingham and Fazely, Ashby-de-la-Zouch, and Essington and Wynley canals. *Close time:* S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences:* S, 10s.; T, for rod and line, season 2s. 6d.; weekly, 1s.; any other instrument, 10s.
- TYNE**, including Derwent, Devil's Water, Allen Water, South Tyne, North Tyne, Bede-water. *Close time:* S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences:* S, 20s.; South Tyne, above Warden, 5s.; Bede and North Tyne, above Bedemouth, 10s.; T, 2s. 6d.; m, 1s.
- USK AND EBBW**, including Afon, Llwyd, Honddu, Yscir, Bran, Tarratt, Cynrig. *Close time:* S, Nov. 2 to April 1; gaff, below a line from north boundary, along E. watershed of Honddu to Llanvaes Bridge, along E. watershed of Tarratt to S. boundary of district, Nov. 2 to April 30; above that line, Sept. 2 to April 30; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 14; C F (except eels), March 15 to June 15. *Licences:* S, 20s.; T, 1s.
- WEAB**, including Bedburn, Browney. *Close time:* S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1; C F, March 15 to June 15. *Licences:* S, 5s.; T, 1s.
- WYE**, including Monnow, Trothy, Lug, Arrow, Ithon. *Close time:* S, Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; gaff, Nov. 2 to March 14; T, Oct. 2 to March 1; C F, none. *Licences:* S in Wye below Llanwrthwl Bridge and all waters below Bullth Bridge, 20s.; other parts, 10s.; T, 1s.
- YORKSHIRE** (rivers flowing into Humber), including Aire, Calder, Derwent, Don, Hull, Ouse, Wharfe, Nidd, Ure, Swale, Wiske, Barnsley Canal. *Close time:* S, Nov. 16 to last day of Feb.; gaff, Nov. 2 to April 30; T, Oct. 2 to March 15; C F (except pike), March 15 to June 15. *Licences:* S, 20s.; T, 1s.

IRELAND.

CLOSE TIME FOR SALMON AND TROUT.

All dates inclusive.

The universal charge for a Salmon licence in Ireland is 20s., available for the whole country.

- BALLINA**—Sept. 16 to Jan. 31. *Exceptions:* River PALMERSTON or CLOONAGHMORE, tidal, Nov. 1 to Jan. 31; fresh, Nov. 1 to May 31; River EASKEY, Nov. 2 to Jan. 30.
- NOTE**.—Angling for trout is also prohibited in River MOY during April and May, except in Loughs Conn and Cullen.
- BALLINAKILL**—Nov. 1 to Jan. 31. Rivers LOUISBURGH, Nov. 1 to May 31; OAR-BOWNISKY, Nov. 1 to June 30.
- BALLYCASTLE**—Nov. 2 to Jan. 31; cross lines, Sept. 29 to March 15. River BUSH, Oct. 1 to Jan. 31.
- BALLYSHANNON**—Oct. 10 to Feb. 28. River BUNDUFF, Oct. 1 to Jan. 31. River BUNDOWES, Oct. 1 to Dec. 31; River ERNE, Oct. 1 to Feb. 28.
- BANGOR**—Oct. 1 to April 30. Rivers GLENAMOY and OWENGARVE, Nov. 1 to April 30, Rivers BURRISHOOLE, OWENDUFF, BALLYVEENY, and BALLYBOY, and ACHIL ISLAND, Nov. 1 to Jan. 31; Rivers OWENMORE and MUNHIM, Oct. 1 to Jan. 31.
- BANTRY**—Nov. 1 to March 16.
- COLEBAINE**—Oct. 20 to March 15; cross lines, Sept. 29 to March 15. Rivers BANN, MAINE, SIX-MILE WATER, MOYOLA, and BALLINDERBY, Nov. 1 to Feb. 28.
- CONNEMARA**—Oct. 16 to Jan. 31. Rivers CASHLA, DOOHULLA, BALLINAHINCH, SCREEB, and INVEB, Nov. 1 to Jan. 31.
- CORK**—Oct. 13 to Feb. 15. Rivers between Ballycotton and Barry's Head, Oct. 12 to Jan. 30.
- DUBLIN**—Nov. 1 to Jan. 31. Broadmeadow and Ward Rivers, Oct. 14 to Feb. 1.
- DROGHEDA**.—Aug. 4 to Feb. 12.
- DUNDALK**—Oct. 1 to Jan. 31. Between south side of River Fane and Donaghadee, Nov. 1 to Feb. 28. Between Clogher Head and Ballaghan Point, Aug. 20 to Feb. 12.

Ireland—continued.

- GALWAY**—Oct. 16 to Jan. 31. Rivers CASHLA, DOOHULLA, SPIDDAL, BALLINAHINCH, CRUMLIN, SCREBB, and INVER, Nov. 1 to Jan. 31. River OUGHTERARD, Sept. 30 to Jan. 31.
- KENMARE**—Nov. 1 to March 31.
- KILLARNEY**—Nov. 1 to March 31. Between Inch Point and Canglass Point, Oct. 16 to Jan. 31. Between Canglass Point and Bolus Head, Sept. 15 to June 1. Between Bolus Head and Lamb Head, Oct. 15 to Feb. 1. River MAINE, Nov. 1 to March 31.
- LETTERKENNY**—Nov. 2 to Jan. 31. River CRANA, Nov. 1 to Feb. 28. Rivers OWENNA and OWENTOCKER, Oct. 1 to March 31.
- LIMERICK**—Nov. 1 to Jan. 31. Rivers FEALE, GEALE, and CASHEN, Nov. 1 to March 15; River MAIGUE, Oct. 1 to Jan. 31; Dunmore Head to Kerry Head, Oct. 1 to March 31; Loop Head to Hags Head, Oct. 1 to April 30; River MULCAIR, Nov. 1 to Jan. 31.
- LISMORE**—Oct. 31 to Feb. 1.
- LONDONDERRY**—Oct. 10 to April 1; cross-lines, Sept. 29 to April 14. River CULDUFF, Oct. 15 to March 1.
- SKIBBEREEN**—Nov. 1 to March 16.
- SLIGO**—Oct. 1 to Jan. 31. River DRUMCLIFFE and Lake GLENCAR, Oct. 20 to Jan. 31. GRANGE RIVER, Nov. 1 to Jan. 31.
- WATERFORD**—Oct. 1 to Jan. 31. River SUIR, Oct. 16 to Jan. 31.
- WEXFORD**—Oct. 1 to March 14. River SLANEY, Sept. 30 to March 1.

SCOTLAND.**CLOSE TIME FOR SALMON.**

All dates inclusive.

For all rivers (except as below)—Nov. 1 to Feb. 10.

- ADD, ARAY, ECKAIG, N. ESK, S. ESK, FYNE, RUEL, SHIRA**—Nov. 1 to Feb. 15.
- ANNAN**—Nov. 16 to Feb. 24.
- BEAULY, DUNBEATH, LOSSIE, NAIRN, NESS, SPEY, KYLE OF SUTHERLAND**—Oct. 15 to Feb. 10.
- BEEVIE, CARBADALE, FLEET (SUTHERLAND), FLEET (KIRKCUDBRIGHT), GABNOCK, GIBVAN, INVER, IOBSA, IRVINE, LAGGAN, LUCE, SORN, UGIE, URB, YTHAN, and all rivers in HARRIS, BENNECULA, and N. and S. UIST and of ORKENY**—Nov. 1 to Feb. 24.
- BOBGIE, HALLADALE, HOPE, NAVAR, STRATHY**—Oct. 1 to Jan. 10.
- DRUMMACHLOY (BUTE), GLENMORE (BUTE)**—Oct. 16 to Feb. 15.
- ESK (DUMFRIES)**—Nov. 2 to Feb. 1; T, Oct. 2 to Feb. 1.
- FINDHORN**—Oct. 11 to Feb. 10.
- HOPE AND POLLA OR STRATHBEG**—Sept. 11 to Jan. 10.
- NITH**—Nov. 16 to Feb. 24.
- SHETLAND ISLANDS**—Nov. 16 to Jan. 31.
- STINCHAR**—Nov. 16 to Feb. 24.
- THURSO**—Sept. 15 to Jan. 10.
- TWEED**—Dec. 1 to Jan. 31.
- TAY**—Angling, Oct. 16 to Jan. 14.
- URR**—Nov. 30 to Feb. 24.

NOTE.—There is no close time for trout and char in Scotland, except on the Esk.

LIST OF CONTRACTIONS.

NOTE.—The final R. signifies railway. (c.s.) refers the reader to the CLOSE SEASONS.

A. & B.R.....	Aylesbury and Buckingham.	F.R.	Furness.
A. & R.R.....	Andover and Redbridge.	G. & H.R.....	Guildford and Horsham.
A. & T.R.	Ashburton and Totnes.	G.J.R.	Gosport Junction.
A. & R.R.	Ashford and Ramsgate.	G. & R.R.	Guildford and Reigate.
A.B.R.	Aylesbury Branch.	G.E.R.	Great Eastern.
A.R. & S.R.	Andover, Romsey, and Southampton.	G.N.S.B.	Great North of Scotland.
B.R.	Buntingford.	G.N.R.	Great Northern.
B. & B.R.....	Bristol and Birmingham.	G.S. & W.R. ...	Great Southern and Western.
B. & C.D.R.....	Belfast and County Down.	G.W.R.....	Great Western
B. & D.R.	Braintree and Dunmow.	H. & G.R.....	Horsham and Guildford.
B. & E.R.....	Bath and Evercreech.	H.B.R.	Henley Branch.
B. & H.R.....	Berks and Hants.	Hm. B.R.....	Horsham Branch.
B. & M.T.J.R. ...	Brecknock and Merthyr Tydfil Junction.	H.R.	Highland
B. & N.C.B.....	Belfast and Northern Counties.	H.J.R.	Hampstead Junction.
B. & R.R.....	Basingstoke and Reading.	H. & T.R.	Hallisham
B. & St. M.R....	Buntingford and St. Margaret's.	H. & W.R.....	Hastings and Tunbridge.
B. & K.R.	Berwick and Kelso.	K. & R.R.....	Hertford and Ware.
B.H. & B.R. ...	Belfast, Holywood, and Bangor.	K. & R.R.....	Kensington and Richmond.
Bl. & R.R.	Bristol and Radstock.	K.R.	Killarney.
B-on-the-W.E....	Bourton-on-the-Water.	L. & B.R.	London and Brighton.
Bk. R.	Berwick.	L. & D.R.....	Leatherhead and Dorking.
B.B.	Ballycastle.	L. & K.R.	Leominster and Kington
C. & B.E.....	Cork and Bandon.	L. & N.W.R....	London and North-Western.
C. & G.W.R. ...	Cambrian and Great Western	L. & S.R.....	London and Southampton.
C. & G.W.U.R....	Cheltenham and Great Western Union.	L. & S.W.R. ...	London and South-Western.
C. & H.R.	Chester and Holyhead.	L.B. & S.C.R....	London, Brighton, and South Coast.
C. & M.R.....	Cork and Macroom.	L.B.R.	Leatherhead Branch.
C. & S.R.....	Crewe and Shrewsbury.	L.C. & D.R. ...	London, Chatham, and Dover.
C. & T.B.....	Clonmel and Thurles.	L.T.	Lower Thames.
C. & Y.R.	Cork and Youghal.	L.V.R.	Llynvi Valley.
C.M. & P.R.....	Coleford, Monmouth, and Pontypool.	L.W.E. & O.R.	London, Woodford, Epping, and Ongar.
C.N.R.	Chipping Norton.	m.	Miles.
C.R.	Cumbrian.	M.B.R.....	Marlow Branch.
Cr.E.....	Cirencester.	M.G.W.R.	Midland Great Western.
C.W.R.....	Central Wales.	M.R.	Midland.
Cam. R.	Cambrian.	Mm. R.....	Macroom (Ireland).
Cook. R.	Cookstown.	M. & A.R.	Matlock and Ambergate.
Cor. R.	Cornwall.	M. & C.R.	Manchester and Chatburn.
D. & B.J.R.	Dublin and Belfast Junction.	M. & D.R.	Minster and Deal.
D. & S.R.....	Devon and Somerset.	M. & N.R.	Moreton and Newton.
D.t.	Daily Ticket.	M.K.R.....	Mid-Kent.
E.	East.	M.T.	Middle Thames.
E. & C.R.....	Epsom and Croydon.	M.T. & A.B. ...	Merthyr, Tredegar, and Abergavenny.
E. & E.R.....	Exeter and Exmouth	M.W.R.	Mid-Wales.
E. & L.R.....	Epsom and Leatherhead.	N.A. & H.R. ...	Newport, Abergavenny, and Hereford.
E.R.	Eastern.	N.	North.
E. & W.J.R.....	East and West Junction.	N. & B.J.R.....	Northampton and Banbury Junction.
E.V. & B.C.R. ...	Eden Valley and Barnard Castle.	N. & B.R.	Newcastle and Berwick.
		N. & C.R.....	Newcastle and Carlisle
		N. & L.R.	Nottingham & Leeds.

LIST OF CONTRACTIONS—*continued.*

N. & S.W.J.O....	North and South Western Junction.	S.Dm. R.	South Durham.
N.E.R.	North-Eastern.	S.D.R.	South Devon.
N.E.R. (I.)	North-Eastern (Ireland).	S.E.R.	South-Eastern.
N.K.R.	North Kent.	S.R.	Skey.
N.R.	Newhaven.	S.V.R.	Severn Valley.
O. & B.R.	Oxford and Birmingham.	S.Wls.R.	South Wales.
O.B.R.	Oxford Branch.	T.R.	Tralee.
O.R.	Oxford.	T. & C.W.R. ...	Taff and Central Wales
O.V.R.	Ogmore Valley.	T. & M.R.	Thirak and Malton.
O.W. & B.R. ...	Oxford, Winalow, and Bletchley.	T. & S.R.	Tilbury and Southend.
P.A. & F.R.	Pirbright, Aldershot, and Farnham.	T.W. & H.R....	Tunbridge Wells and Hastings.
P. & L.R.	Preston and Longridge.	U.T.	Upper Thames.
P. & P.R.	Parsonstown and Portunna.	W.A. & T.B.R....	Wycombe, Aylesbury, and Thame Branch.
P. & T.R.	Plymouth and Tavistock.	W. & E.G.R. ...	Witney and East Gloucester
P.C. & B.R.	Portsmouth, Chichester, and Brighton.	W.R.	Whitehaven.
P.D.R.	Portsmouth Direct.	W. & F.R.	Whitehaven and Furness.
R.R.	Rusbon.	W. & L.R.	Waterford and Limerick.
R. & H.R.	Rye and Hastings.	W. & R.R.	Watford and Rickmansworth.
R. & R.R.	Reading and Reigate.	W. & S.R.	Wilts and Somerset.
S.	South.	W. & T.V.R. ...	Whitland and Taff Vale.
St.A.R.	St. Andrews.	W. & W.R.	Worcester and Wolverhampton.
S.R.	Sevenoaks.	W.C. & K.J.R...	Waterford Central and Kilkenny Junction.
S. & A.R.	Shrewsbury and Aberystwith.	W.M.R.	West Midland.
S. & C.R.	Settle and Carlisle.	W.S. & W.R. ...	Wilts, Somerset, and Weymouth.
S. & D.R.	Southampton and Dorset.	W.V.R.	Waveney Valley.
S. & H.R.	Shrewsbury and Hereford.	Y.H. & L.R....	York, Harrowgate, and Leeds.
S. & L.R.	Southampton and London.	Y.R.	Youghal.
S. & W.R.	Staines and Wokingham.		
S. & Y.R.	Salisbury and Yeovil.		

THE ANGLER'S DIARY

AND TOURIST FISHERMAN'S GAZETTEER.

A LIST OF FISHING STATIONS IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

ENGLAND.

- Abbots Bromley**, n.a. **Bugeley**, 4 m. (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Bromley brook, Blythe, 1 m. S.W. (*c.s. Trent.*) Tad brook, 2 m. W. Purl brook, 2 m. S.E. Swarbourne brook, 4 m. S.E. Lin brook, 5 m. S.E. *Lakes*: Bagots Park, 2 m. N. Lake by Newborough, 4 m. N.E. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Aberbeeg** (Monmouth).—W.V.R. Ebwy; trout. (*c.s. Usk.*) Ebwysfach; trout. (*c.s. Usk.*) *Lakes*: Ponnd-y-Coed-Coe (2 m.) (*See Newport.*)
- Abercarne** (Monmouth).—W.V.R. Ebwy; trout, salmon. (*c.s. Usk.*) (*See Newport.*)
- Abercillery** (Monmouth).—W.V.R. Ebwysfach; trout. (*c.s. Usk.*) (*See Newport.*)
- Abergavenny** (Monmouth).—N.A. and H.R. Usk; salmon, trout; preserved by the United Usk Fishing Association for 3 m., salmon and trout rod licences 20s. and 1s., per Messrs. Harrison, stationers. There are 20 salmon and trout s.t. issued; 5 of these are reserved for persons living 20 m. from the town, at 63s. salmon, 20s. trout (fly, worm, minnow, gentle); 10s. trout (fly only); d.t., salmon and trout, 5s., trout 2s. 6d.; dace fishing, no close time, 5s.; ladies and boys under 15 half price. *Salmon* fishing begins April 2, ending Nov. 1; *trout* Feb. 15, and ending Oct. 1. The gaff must not be used before May 1. Minnow fishing for trout begins April 2, and no artificial minnow must exceed 1½ in. in length. Trout fishermen must have a bag or basket for their fish; no dogs. Sec., R. W. Bigg, Esq., Laurels, Llanfoist, Abergavenny. (*See Usk; Brecon.*) (*c.s.*) Gavenny; trout. (*See Newport.*) (*c.s. Usk.*) Mynachdy brook, 3 m. Trothey, 5 m.; trout (*c.s. Wye*). Full brook, 5 m. Honddu, 5 m.; trout. Monnow 7 m.; trout; both reached by rail. (*See Chepstow.*) Grwyne, 6 m.; plenty of small trout. (*See Newport.*) *Hotels*: Angel, Greyhound. The proprietors have salmon tickets for the free use of their visitors in Usk.
- Aberystwyth** (Monmouth).—E.V.R. Liwyd; trout, salmon. (*See Newport.*) (*c.s. Usk.*)
- Abingdon** (Berks).—G.W.R. Thames and Ock; pike, perch, tench, chub, and roach. *Inns*: Queen's, Crown and Thistle, Lion. *Fishermen*: Hyde and Trinder. (*c.s.*) (*See London. M.T.*)
- Ackington** (Northland).—N.E.R. On Coquet; trout. (*See Rothbury, Weldon Bridge, Felton.*) The owner of Felton Park will sometimes grant leave for a day. (*c.s.*)
- Acle** (Norfolk).—G.E.B. Bure; bream, roach, pike, perch; the half tides are so numerous that a good day's sport is doubtful. Muck Fleet. *Lakes*: Acle Decoy, 1 m. S. Walsham Broad, 4 m. N.W. *Inns*: Queen's Head and King's Head. (*c.s. Norfolk.*) (*See Yarmouth.*)
- Acton** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Weaver. Cuddington brook. Bent brook, 1 m. W. (*See Frodsham.*)
- Addlestrop** (Gloucester).—W. & W.R. Evenlode here rises in a lake. (*See London, U.T.*)
- Adderley** (Cheshire).—G.W.R., L. & N.W.R. Adderley brook. *Lakes*: Adderley Hall lake. The Mere. New pool at Shavington, 1 m. S.W. New pool, Old pool, and Big pool (3 m. S.W.) (*See Frodsham; Gloucester.*)
- Albrighton** (Salop).—S. & B.R. Wool (3 m. W.) *Lakes*: Patshull Lake (3 m. S.) Chillingham Pool (3 m.; good fishing). Snowdon pool (¾ m. S.W.) (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)

- Alcester** (Warwick).—M.R., G.W.R. Arrow; pike, perch, chub, dace, roach, bream, few trout; good fishing below, belonging to Mr. Scott; d.t., 1s., from the Fish Hotel. Wixford. Aine. Bow brook (7 m. N.W.) *Lakes*: Bagley Park lake (2 m. S.) (See *Inkberrow*; Gloucester.) *Hotel*: Swan.
- Aldeburgh** (Suffolk).—E. Sfk. R. Alde. Bass can be taken from the jetty. (See *Orford*.) *Hotels*: Brudenall, White Lion.
- Aldermaston** (Berks).—B. & H.R. Kennett; roach, dace, perch, pike, trout; preserved by Hig'ord Burr, Esq., of Aldermaston Park. Emburne; trout. (See *London, M.T.*)
- Alderney**.—Mr. Wilcocks says: "Sea fish of all kinds may be taken from any steep rock. Excellent pollack and other fishing outside the harbour. Strangers should not venture outside alone. Corbet is an excellent fisherman. With the rod, from the breakwater, may be taken whiting, pollack, mackerel, gar fish, occasionally bass and sea bream; this latter also from the steep rocks under the fort. The pollack and pout are the chief fish caught from the rocks or pier in the winter, and they are to be taken, more or less, all the year round, the pout more particularly, by throwing out a ground line; the pollack with a lightly-leaded line, with or without a float, according to local circumstances. The breakwater runs out into water 100ft. deep or more. The other fish to be taken is the atherine or sand smelt which may be caught with a paternoster and a 4oz. or 4oz. lead, hooks No. 8 and 9, and a piece of rag worm for bait, ½ in. long, on each hook. It is especially a winter-feeding fish, but takes best after dark, under a lamp. Under the fort during a fine summer evening, towing a casting line with three or four flies, and 20yds of line out; or a line with rock or lug worm bait, with a ½ lb. lead, or even without any lead at all, will be successful in taking pollack. You would also catch congers by throwing out a ground line, baited with a piece of a sucker (*Octopus vulgaris*), or a small pout, piece of pollack, or other fresh fish. On sandy bottoms, in the bays, in rough weather in summer and autumn, when there is a good surf, a throw-out or ledger line baited with sucker (here called *pieuvre*), with squid (termed *conée*), or cuttle fish (*seche*), will occasionally take large ground bass, from 6lb. to 14lb. Bass are sometimes plentiful, and are found in the strong tides of the Singe passage, where they are whiffed or trailed for with a small eel or other fish bait. There is a good hotel here.
- Alfreton** (Derby).—M.R. Normanton brook. Westwood brook, 1 m. N.E. Amber, 2 m. W.; trout, grayling. Erewash, 3 m. S.E. at **Pye Bridge**. *Lakes*: Butterley reservoir, 3 m. S. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Almeley** (Hereford).—H. H. & B.R. Upcott brook. Letton lake brook. *Lakes*: Newport Park. Upcott. (See *Chepstow*.)
- Alnwick** (Northland.).—G.N.R. On Aine; trout. The Duke of Northumberland preserves the water running through Hulne Park. Leave may sometimes be obtained. (See *Wooler*.) Mr. Burrell, of Broom Park, 7 m. from here, has some good trouting on the Aine.
- Alresford** (Hants).—L. & S.W.R. Itchen; trout; preserved. (See *Southampton*.) The fishing belongs to Lord Ashburton, Lady Rodney of the Grange. Close to the town Mr. Dunn, below to Mr. Marks, the Baroness Von Zant, and the Tichborne family. *Lakes*: Alresford pond; pike, perch; preserved by the Gresham Angling Society; pike fishing very good, and an unmitigated curse to the Itchen, into which the pond drains.
- Alrewas** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Trent; chub, dace, roach, pike, trout. (c.s.) Alrewas brook. Swarbourne brook, 2 m. N.W. Tame, 2 m. S.E.; chub, dace. (c.s. *Trent*.) Mease, 3 m. S.E. (c.s. *Trent*.) Pessal brook, 4 m. S.E. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Alsager** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Hassall brook. Lawton brook, 1 m. N.E. *Lakes*: Alsager pond. Lawton Hall, 2 m. E. Lawton mere, 2 m. N.E. Rode Hall, 2 m. N.E. (See *Frodsham*.)
- Althorpe** (Lincoln).—M.S. & L.R. Idle; Idle is formed by the confluence, at Twyford Bridge by Elkealey, 4 m. N.W. from **Tuxford** or 4 m. S. from **Betford**, of Poulter, Meden, and Mann. Poulter rises in Whaley Mill, 2 m. N. from **Langwith**, and, 2 m. down, waters the lake at **Langwith Lodge**. 4 m. down Poulter the outflow of the lakes in **Welbeck Park**, ½ up and 3 m. S.E. from **Whitwell**, joins on left bank. 1 m. below Poulter waters a large lake at **Carburton Forge**, 5 m. S. of **Worksop**, and 2 m. down it waters the large lake in **Clumber Park**, 3 m. S.W. from **Cheokor House Station**. Poulter runs to Twyford Bridge in 5 m. Meden rises above **Terversall**, and, 1 m. down, is joined on left bank by a brook draining the Car Ponds by **Ault Hucknall**, 3 m. N.W. from **Terversall**. Meden runs 1 m. to **Pleasley** and 4 m. to **Sookham Chapel**, 1 m. S.E. from **Shirebrook**. Here a brook joins on right bank, draining the lake at **Park Hall**, 2 m. N.E. from **Mansfield Woodhouse**. Meden runs 2 m. to **Warsop**, and, 5 m. down, waters the large lake at **Thoresby Park**, 3 m. N.W. of **Ollerton** (n.e. **Tuxford**, 6 m.). Meden runs to **Bottomsall**, 3 m., and Twyford Bridge, 3 m. Mann rises in a lake by **Bath Wood** at **Sutton**, runs 1 m. to the **King's Mill reservoir**, 1 m. N.E. from **Sutton**, and thence to **Mansfield**, 2 m. Here **Coldwell brook**, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Mann, in 2 m., runs 1 m. E. of **Mansfield Woodhouse**, and, 4 m. down, 3 m. E. from **Mansfield Woodhouse**, is joined on right bank by **Vicay water**, 4 m. long. Mann runs 3 m. to **Ollerton**, and here **Rainworth brook** joins on right bank. **Rainworth** rises in a pond 1 m. above **Rainworth**, 4 m. S.E. from **Mansfield**, and here, by the railway, it is joined on right bank by **Foul Evil brook**, 2 m. long, and which drains two ponds. **Rainworth** runs 3 m. to **Inkersall dam**, 3 m. N.W. of **Farnsfield Station**, and, 4 m. down, waters **Rufford dam**, 1 m. S. from **Ollerton**. Thence to Mann is 1 m. Mann runs 6 m. to **Houghton**, 3 m. N.W. of **Tuxford**, and here **Bevercotes beck**, 5 m. long, joins on right

bank. Close to the junction on left bank are Houghton Decoy and the lower ponds. Mann runs to Twyford Bridge, 2 m. The united streams, taking the name of Idle, runs 5 m. to **Bedford**, and, 2 m. down, is joined on left bank by a beck, 5 m. long, which waters Babworth Hall lake, 1 m. W. of **Bedford**. Idle runs 7 m. to **Mattersey**, 2 m. E. of **Banskill**, **Scrooby** 4 m., and **Bawtry** 2 m. Here Ryton joins on left bank. Ryton rises above **Worksop**, where the outflow of the lake at Manor Park, 2 m. S.W., joins on right bank. Ryton runs 5 m. to **Chequer House**, and Blyth, 3 m. W. of **Banskill**, 5 m. Here Oldcoates dyke joins on left bank. Oldcoates rises above Maltby, 8 m. E. of **Rotherham**, and 2 m. down, at Roche Abbey, receives the draining of Loughton pond, 6 m. N.E. of **Kiveton Park**. Oldcoates runs 7 m. to Blyth. Here Spont dyke joins Oldcoates on right bank. Spont rises in Moor Mill dam, 2 m. S.W. of **Shireoak**, runs by that station, and, 3 m. down, waters the lake at Carlton, 3 m. N.W. of **Worksop**. 3 m. down Spont, the outflow, 2 m. long, of the lake at Langold, 5 m. N. of **Worksop**, joins Spont on left bank. Spont joins Oldcoates just below, and Oldcoates joins Ryton, 1 m. down, at Blyth. Ryton runs to **Scrooby** 7 m. and Idle and **Bawtry** 1 m., receiving the outflow of the lake in Serby Park, 2 m. N.W. of **Banskill** midway. 4 m. below **Bawtry** Idle loses some of its waters in the Marther drain, 6 m. long, connecting Idle with Trent at **Misterton**. 2 m. down Idle, at Idle step, the bulk of the river is diverted into an artificial cut, called New Idle drain. 5 m. down Idle, Torne river joins on left bank. Torne rises in the lakes in Sandbeck Park, 2 m. S. of **Tickhill** (n.s. **Bawtry**, 4 m.), runs in 3 m., 1 m. E. of **Tickhill**, and 5 m. down, **Rossington**, being 1 m. off on right bank, St. Catharine's Well stream, or Warmworth beck, join on left bank. St. Catharine rises in the pond at Crookhill Hall, by Edlington, 1 m. S.W. of **Conisborough**, and is 7 m. long. Torne runs to **Rossington** 2 m., 3 m. to Auckley (n.s. **Finningley**, 2 m.), and joins Idle 7 m. down. At this point Idle is divided into three streams. Idle north drain, an artificial cut, runs 4 m. to Durtness Bridge, **Crowle** station 2 m., and joins Trent 4 m. below, 1 m. below **Althorpe**. The new Idle river, another artificial cut, takes a similar course, joining the north drain at Newbridge. The original stream of the Idle, after a winding course, joins the North Idle drain at Durtness Bridge. (c.s. *Trent*.)

Althorp Park (Northton).—L. & N.W.R. Althorp brook. *Lakes*: Althorp Park. (See *Witbeach*.)

Alton (Hants).—S.W.R. Wey; trout. (See *London L.T.*) *Ian*, Swan.

Alton (Stafford).—M.R., L. & N.W.R., and G.N.R. Churnet; trout, grayling; fishing spoilt by Leek drainage. (c.s. *Trent*.) *Lakes*: Alton Park lakes, 1 m. N. (See *Gainsborough*.)

Altrincham (Cheshire).—G.N.R., M.R., and L. & N.W.R. Close to the station is Nicolls Pool, preserved by a club at Manchester.

Aivechurch (Worcester).—M.R. Arrow. *Lakes*: Great Bittle Reservoir (1½ m. N.W.) (See *Gloucester*.)

Alverley (Salop).—S.V.R. Severn; salmon, trout, chub, dace, pike, &c. Borle brook (1 m. W.). *Lakes*: Kinet pools (3 m. S.W.) (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)

Ambergate (Derby).—M.R. Derwent; grayling, trout, pike, coarse fish. (c.s. *Trent*.) *Amber*: same fish. *Lakes*: Alderwasley ponds, 2 m. N.W. Butterley reservoir, 4 m. E. *Hotel*: Hart Arms, where fishing can be had. (See *Gainsborough*.)

Amberley (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. Arun; pike, bream, roach, carp, &c. (See *Little Hampton*.) Fishing good.

Ambleside (on Windermere).—L. & N.W.R. Pike, perch, and a few large trout in the lake. There are a few trout in the Rothery River, running into the lake here. We believe a small fee is required for fishing. This stream rises in the hills above Grasmere, runs through Codale and Easdale tarns, lake Grasmere, and Rydal water, and joins Windermere at Ambleside. There are pike and plenty of perch in Rydal. There are a few trout in the stream joining Rydal and Grasmere; this is also preserved as above. There are a few pike and plenty of perch, and a few trout in Grasmere, but they are much fished. There are plenty of small trout in the stream which runs into Grasmere. The higher up you go the better the fishing. Easdale Tarn lies some 3 m. in the hills above Grasmere. There are some trout and plenty of good perch. Codale Tarn lies near Easdale, and contains some good trout and fine perch. (c.s. *Leven*.)

Ampthill (Beds).—M.R. and L. & N.W. Tod (3 m. S.) *Lakes*: Flitwick Park Lakes. (3 m. S.) Wreat Park Lakes (5 m. S.E.) (See *King's Lynn*.)

Andover (Hants).—L. & S.W.R. On the Anton; trout and grayling. (See *Southampton*.) *Hotel*: Star and Garter, White Hart. The principal landowners, in addition to the smaller men, are the representatives of the late J. Rawlinson, Esq., Mr. J. Lywood, the Vicar of Goodworth Clatford, Mr. Tremayne, Colonel Stuart, executors of late Sir W. Heathcote, J. Symonds, Esq. This is as far as Testcombe Bridge, where the Anton joins the Test. — Dupressé, Esq., of Lymington, holds most of the water once forming the Anton Club.

Angel Road (Midx.).—G.E.R. (See *Park*.) On Lea; dace, roach, chub, perch, jack, barbel, bream, carp. (See *Stratford*.) Mr. Jackson preserves the water. Tickets, 2s. with troling; 10s. 6d. without, and is a day without troling. The next fishing station above is at **Ponder's End** and **Enfield** (G.E.R.).

Angmering (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. On tributary of Arun and Patching pond. (See *Little Hampton*.)

Appley (Westland).—M.R. On Eden. Salmon, trout, chub. Visitors at the Tufton Arms have 10 m. of good water open to them. From Warcop to Appley the river is strictly preserved, and from Appley to Kirkbythore. The owners of the fishing grant a limited

- number of tickets at a small rate. (c.s.) A tributary of Tees, Maisebeck, not many miles away, gives good trouting early in the season.
- Appledore** (N. Devon).—Very good bass fishing at times in summer, on flowing tide. Station, Instow. Although there is excellent sea fishing in Bideford Bay, outside Appledore Bar, the tides are so strong, and the bar often so dangerous, that it is much better to fish the bay from Clovelly. (See *Hartland*.)
- Appleford** (Oxford).—O.B.R. Thames. (See *London, M.T.*)
- Argoed** (Monmouth).—S.R. Sirhowey; trout. (See *Newport*.)
- Arlesley** (Beds).—G.N.B. Ivel. Hir; trout. (See *King's Lynn*.)
- Arley** (Warwick).—M.K. Arley brook. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Armthwaite** (Cumberland).—S. & C.R. Eden; salmon and trout. (See *Carlisle*.) Preserved by the Carlisle Association. *Hotel*: Red Lion. Fishing free to visitors. (c.s.)
- Armitage** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Trent; roach, chub, pike, trout. (c.s.) How brook, Bourne brook, 2 m. S.E. Ben brook, 2 m. S.E. Blythe, 3 m. N.E. (c.s. *Trent*.) Swarbourne brook, 5 m. N.E. at Yoxall. *Lakes*: Beaudesert Park lake, 4 m. S.W. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Arthington** (York).—N.E.B. Wharfe; trout, grayling. (See *Olley*.) (c.s. *York*.) *Hotel*: Wharfedale.
- Arundel** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. Arun. (See *Little Hampton*.) For fishing go to Amberley or Pulborough.
- Ascot** (Berks).—S. W.R. (See *London, L.T.*) In 3 m. are Bull brook, Harmans, Englemore, Sunninghill Park, Sillwood Park, Virginia Water, Broomhill, Charters, Hall Grove, Bagshot Park, Swinley Lodge, ponds.
- Ascott** (Oxford).—W. & W.R. On Evenlode. (See *London, U.T.*)
- Asfordby** (Leicester).—M.R. Wreak; roach, bream. (c.s. *Trent*.) *Lakes*: Welby pond 2 m. N. Saxelby pond, 3 m. N. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Ashbourne** (Derby).—L. & N.W.R. G.N.R., N.S.R., and M.R. Henmoor; trout, grayling. Bradbourne brook. Dove, 1 m. W.; trout, grayling; preserved for 3½ m. by the Hirdsgrove Fishing Club of 30 members; entrance 4l. 4s.; s.t. 4l. 4s.; sec., G. M. Bond, Esq., Alrewas House, Ashbourne. (c.s. *Trent*.) Mannyfold, 5 m. N.W. at Ilam. Bradley brook, 5 m. S.E. by Brailsford. Hamps, 6 m. N.W. at Calton. *Lakes*: The dam and another pond at Bradley, 3 m. E. Yeidersley pond and Shirley Park lakes, 3 m. S.E. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Ashburton** (Devon).—T. & A.R. On Dart; trout and salmon. *Hotels*: Golden Lion and London. (See *Dartmouth*.) Fishing for a slight fee. Apply to landlady, Golden Lion. Fishing extends from Holne Bridge down to Totnes, and from New Bridge up to Dartmeet. (c.s.)
- Ashby-de-la-Zouch** (Leicester).—M.R., L. & N.W.R. Mease. (c.s. *Trent*.) *Lakes*: Willesley Park lake, 1 m. S.W. Asby Woods reservoir, 4 m. W. Barrat pool, 4 m. S.W. Colcordon ponds, 3 m. E. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Ashford**, n.s. *Longstone*, 1 m. (Derby).—M.B. Wye; trout, grayling; preserved by the Duke of Devonshire. (c.s. *Trent*.) *Hotel*: Devonshire Arms. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Ashford** (Kent).—S.E.R. On Stour; pike, roach, &c. To fish the Stour above Ashford apply to the millowners. A short distance below Wye is a portion of the old river, cut off by the railway. Here are some jack, &c.; but it is much fished. In Eastwell Park (H. A. Campbell, Esq.) there is a large lake; pike, tench, roach, perch. Leave may sometimes be obtained. Good fishing can be had also at Hothfield-place (Lord Hothfield). (See *Sandwich*.) (c.s.) *Hotel*: Saracen's Head.
- Ashford** (Middlex).—S.W.R. On branch of Colne. Thames (2 m.). (See *London, L.T.*)
- Ashley** (Leicester).—L. & N.W.R. Melbourne brook. Welland, 1 m. S. (See *Spalding*.)
- Ashopton**, n.s. *Sheffield*, 12 m. (Derby).—M.R. Derwent; trout, grayling; preserved below Yorkshire bridge, where the Derwent Fly-fishing Club water (sec., H. Hutchinson, Esq., Storth Lodge, Randmoor, Sheffield) begins (see *Hathersage*), free above for some distance, thence to its source preserved by the Duke of Norfolk. (c.s. *Trent*.) Ashopt; trout. Ladybower brook. Mill brook, 2 m. N. Now, 2 m. S. Alport, 5 m. N.W. Abbey brook, 5 m. N. Little Howden brook, 6 m. N. Westend, 7 m. N.W. *Hotel*: Ashopton Inn, where accommodation and fishing for some miles can be had both in Derwent and Ashopt; d.t. 3s. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Ashperton** (Hereford).—W. & H.B. Frome (2½ m.). Leddon (2½ m.). *Lakes*: Devereux Park lakes (4 m.). (See *Chepstow*.)
- Ashwell** (Herts).—G.N.B. Rhee. (See *King's Lynn*.)
- Askrigg** (York).—*Hotel*: Robinson's. Yore; trout, grayling; preserved by Wensleydale Angling Association for 5 m.; s.t. 10s. 6d., d.t. 2s. 6d.; fishing good. Bain; trout; preserved as Yore for 4 m. *Lakes*: Seamerwater; trout; preserved as above. (See *Hawes, Richmond*.)
- Aslooten** (Notts).—G.N.B. Smite. Whipling river. Car dyke, 2 m. N.W. Devon, 4 m. E. at Bottford. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Aspatia** (Cumberland).—L. & N.W.R. Ellen; trout.
- Aston** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. Tame (c.s. *Trent*.) Rea, 1 m. S.E. *Lakes*: Aston Park. Lower Witton pool, 1 m. N. Upper Witton pool, 2 m. N. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Athelney** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Parret. Tone. (See *Brigwater*.) (c.s. *Avon*.)
- Atherstone** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. Anker (c.s. *Trent*.) Sence, 1 m. N.E. Tweed, 2 m. N.E. *Lakes*: Abbey pond and Black pool, 1 m. W. The reservoir, 2 m. S. (See *Gainsborough*.)

- Attenborough** (Notts).—M.R. Trent; salmon, chub, roach, pike, perch, bream, barbel. (c.s.) Erewash, 1 m. W. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Attlebridge** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Wensum. (c.s. N. and S.) Costessey brook, 4 m. S. *Lakes*: Haverlingland, $\frac{3}{4}$ m. N. Hopground lake, Horningham, 4 m. S. (*See Yarmouth*.) (c.s. Norfolk.)
- Audlem** (Cheshire).—G.W.R. Weaver. Adderley brook. Birchall brook, 2 m. N.E. *Lakes*: Woodfall pool, 2 m. N.E. (*See Frodsham*.)
- Aure** (Gloucester).—Bideford brook, which rises in Abbot's Wood, runs 4 m. to Blakeney (n.s. Aure, $\frac{1}{2}$ m.), where Blackpool brook joins on right bank. Blackpool rises 1 m. E. of Speckhouse, and is 6 m. long. Bideford brook runs 2 m. to Aure, and joins Severn estuary 1 m. down.
- Axbridge** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Ax; trout and coarse fish. Ax rises N. of Wookey (G.W.R.), $\frac{1}{2}$ m. from Wells (G.W.R.), runs to Lodge Hill (G.W.R.) and Westbury 4 m. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down, a stream joins on right bank, which drains the decoy lakes at Stoke (n.s. Draycot, $\frac{1}{2}$ m.). 2 m. down, at Bartlett's Bridge, a road leads to a decoy on right bank 1 m. away. 3 m. down Ax, Cheddar Water joins on right bank. Cheddar rises by Cheddar, and 2 m. down waters a decoy on left bank standing almost on the banks of Ax. 1 m. down Ax is Cradle Bridge, and Axbridge $\frac{1}{2}$ m. off on right bank. Ax runs in $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to Lower Wear Bridge, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by Loxton Brook, which rises above Max Mill near Winscombe, and is 3 m. long. To 2 m. down Ax the tide flows. Bleadon is 3 m. down on right bank, Uphill (n.s. Weston Junction, $\frac{1}{2}$ m.) 4 m., and the sea 2 m. (*See c.s. Avon*.)
- Axminster** (Devon).—L. & S.W.R. On Axe and Yarty; trout and salmon. Above Axminster troutling is good; preserved by Lord Henley, C. Langdon, Esq., and W. H. Evans, Esq. Below Axminster salmon fishing is fair; m.t., 15s.; s.t., 30s.; can be had for a portion of the water from Miss Pulman. Yarty is preserved. The best flies are the blue dun, March brown, blue upright and red palmer. Miss Pulman will afford all information. (*See Seaton*.) (c.s.)
- Aylesbury** (Bucks).—A. & B.R. & A. & B.R. Thame; coarse fish. (*See London, M.T.*) There is some fair coarse fishing in the Aylesbury Branch Canal.
- Aylesford** (Kent).—S.E.R. (*See Rochester*.) On Medway.
- Aylsham** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. and G.N.R. Bure. Aldborough beck, 3 m. N. Gunton beck, 3 m. E., at Felmingham. *Lakes*: Apple Tree Plantation ponds, 4 m. N.W. Aldborough Mill pond, 5 m. N. Bleckling lake, 2 m. N.W. (*See Yarmouth*.)
- Aynho** (Oxford).—O. & B.R. Cherwell; trout. Swere. *Lakes*: Astrop House. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Aysgarth** (York).—L. & H.R. On Yore and Burton Beck. Trout, grayling. The hotel is good. There is a good deal of free fishing here, fairly good. There are clubs at Askrigg and Hawes; s.t. 10s., d.t. 2s. 6d., preserving 12 m. of water down to the junction of Bain with Yore. Below Aysgarth some salmon are sometimes found. Lord Bolton preserves a good length; leave sometimes may be had from his agent. 5 m. from Aysgarth is Seamerwater Tarn; trout. (c.s. York.)
- Ayton** (York).—On Derwent. 5 m. below Hackness (*see Hackness*). Below Ayton are many chub and pike; above, trout and grayling; preserved by Derwent Angling Club; d.t. 5s., from Mr. Patrick, gunmaker, Scarborough. (c.s. York.)
- Bailey Gate** (Dorset).—S. & D.J.R. Stour; pike, perch; good fishing, preserved by Stour Fishery Association. Hotel: Churchill Arms, where the landlord can sometimes obtain a day's fishing by giving three or four days' notice. (*See Christchurch*.) (c.s. Avon.)
- Bakewell** (Derby).—M.R. Wye; trout, grayling; preserved above Bakewell Bridge by the Duke of Devonshire, below to Fillyport Bridge, 7 m., the landlord of the Rutland Arms has the privilege, free to visitors at hotel from March 20 (*see Advertisement*); m.t., 25s.; w.t., 10s. 6d.; d.t., 2s. 6d.; no minnow fishing or wading. (c.s. Trent.) Derwent, 2 m. N.E. at Edensor. (c.s. Trent.) (*See Baslow*; *Gainsborough*.)
- Baldock** (Herts).—G.N.R. Ivel. (*See Kings Lynn*.)
- Bampton** (Oxon).—G.W.R. On Thames and Charney brook. (*See London, U.T.*)
- Bampton** (Devon).—D. & S. R. Exe (2 m. W.), trout and salmon; preserved by the Tiverton Association; at only, 2s. Beldbrook; preserved. Batherham brook; trout; free. Hotel: White Horse. (*See Tiverton and Exeter*.)
- Banbury** (Oxon).—O. & B.R. and N. & B.J.R. Cherwell. *Lakes*: Wroxton Abbey, 3 m. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Barcombe** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. Ouse; trout, pike, perch; d.t. 1s. from the miller. (*See Newhaven*.) (c.s.)
- Bardney** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Witham. Tile House beck, 1 m. N. Stainfield brook, 3 m. N. (*See Boston*.)
- Barking** (Essex).—G.E.R. On Roding. This stream rises 4 m. N.W. of Dunmow, and in 3 m. crosses the railway, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. west of Takeley, and runs 15 m. to Chipping Ongar. Crispsey brook, 18 m. long, here joins Roding on the right bank. The Roding next runs in 11 m. to Chigwell Lane, Loughton $\frac{1}{2}$ m., Buckhurst Hill 1 m., Woodford $\frac{1}{2}$ m., George Lane Station $\frac{1}{2}$ m., Wanstead $\frac{1}{2}$ m. (n.s. Lortonstone, 1 m.), Ilford 2 m., and Barking is 2 m. The Roding here runs into Barking Creek.
- Barkston** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Witham. Honnington beck, 1 m. N. *Lakes*: Syston Park. (*See Boston*.)
- Barlston** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Trent, 1 m. W. (c.s.) *Lakes*: Barlston Park, 1 m. N. (*See Gainsborough*.)

Barnard Castle.—On Tees, Greta, Balder, and many brooks; trout. (*c.s.*)

Barnes (Middx.).—S.W.R. Thames, and lakes in Richmond and Wimbledon Parks, 3 m. (*See London, L.T.*)

Barnethy Junction (York).—M.S. & L.R. In the large ponds near here is some good perchling. The sides are very shallow, so it is necessary to throw out a long line.

Barnstaple (Devon).—G.W.R. and S.W.R. Taw; salmon, trout. (*c.s.*) Taw rises close by Okement, on the slopes of Okement Hill (n.s. **Okehampton**, 6 m.), runs 7 m. to South Tawton (n.s. **Okehampton**, 3 m.). 2 m. down, Teal water, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Taw runs 4 m. to **North Tawton** (N.D.R.), and 8 m. down (n.s. **Lapford**, N.D.R., 3 m. off) is joined on right bank by Lapford water. Lapford rises S. of **Bow** (D. & C.R.), runs 2 m. to Zeal Monachorum, and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by Braddiford brook, which rises E. of **Morchard Road** (N.D.R.), and is 3 m. long. 1 m. down, at **Lapford** (N.D.R.) Washford brook, 10 m. long, joins Lapford on right bank. Lapford runs 3 m. to Taw. Taw runs to **Eggesford** 3 m. (tickets), and 2 m. down, near Chulmleigh, is joined by Hollowcombe water. 5 m. long, on left bank; and Little Dart on right bank. Little Dart rises 5 m. S. of **East Anstey** (D. & S.R.) on Rackenford Moor, runs 2 m. to Rackenford, and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by Sturcomb river, which rises 4 m. S. of **East Anstey**, near the Little Dart, and is 5 m. long. Little Dart runs 1 m. to Witheridge, Chulmleigh 9 m. (n.s. **Eggesford**, N.D.R., 2 m.), and Taw 2 m. 2 m. down Taw, Tiddy-water, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. down Taw, at **South Molton Road Station** (tickets), Yeo river joins on right bank. Yeo rises by **East Anstey**, and 6 m. down, at **Molland** (D. & S.R.), is joined on right bank by Molland water, 3 m. long. 5 m. down Yeo, Mole joins on right bank. Mole rises 3 m. N. of North Molton, and 3 m. below that place, at the **South Molton Station** (D. & S.R.), is joined on right bank by Flitton water, 4 m. long. Mole runs to **South Molton** 1 m., and Yeo 1 m. 2 m. down Yeo is Knowstone water, which rises 4 m. S.W. of **East Anstey**, runs 7 m. to Bishops Nympton (n.s. **Molland**, 3 m.), and 3 m. down joins Yeo. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Yeo, Littlecot brook, 7 m. long, joins on left bank. 4 m. down Yeo, Bray river joins on right bank. Bray rises on the slopes of Bratton Down, runs 6 m., and is joined on left bank by a stream 4 m. long. 2 m. down Bray, a stream 3 m. long joins on right bank. 1 m. down Bray is **Castlehill** (D. & S.R.). 5 m. down Bray, Nadder water, which rises by **South Molton** and is 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Yeo is 1 m. on, and runs to Taw in 5 m. Taw (private to Barnstaple) runs to **Portsmouth Arms** (N.D.R.) 3 m., **Umblesleigh** (N.D.R.) 6 m. 2 m. on, Chittlehampton brook, which rises by Chittlehampton and is 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Taw is **Chapelton** (N.D.R.), and here Yarncombe brook joins on left bank. Yarncombe rises by Hign Bickington (n.s. **Portsmouth Arms**, 4 m.), and is 6 m. long. Taw runs 3 m. to Tawton, where Swimbridge water joins on right bank. Swimbridge rises by **Swimbridge** (D. & S.R.), and is 6 m. long. Taw runs 2 m. to **Barnstaple**. Here a stream joins on right bank, which rises by Kentisbury, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by a stream working a mill 1 m. up. 5 m. down, a stream 5 m. long joins on left bank, running by Bratten Flemming. 1 m. down, a stream joins on left bank, working a mill 2 m. up. 5 m. down is Barnstaple. 2 m. below Barnstaple, Muddiford brook, which rises by Bittadon and is 8 m. long, joins Taw on right bank. The estuary is now reached. Good fishing for bass and grey mullet.

Barnstone (Leicester).—L. & N.W.R., G.N.R. Whipling river. Smite 1 m. W. (*See Gainsborough.*)

Barrow-on-Soar (Leicester).—M.R. Soar; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, bream, carp, tench. (*c.s. Trent.*) Quorndon brook; trout; strictly preserved by the owners of Bradgate Park. Walton brook, 2 m. N. (*See Gainsborough.*)

Barras (Westland).—S.D.R. Angell Beck; trout.

Basechurch (Salop).—S. & C.R. Perry (1 m. W.). Severn (5 m. S.); chub, dace, pike, trout, salmon. *Lakes:* Birch Grove pool ($1\frac{1}{2}$ m. N.E.). Berth pool (2 m. N.E.). Fennymere pool (2 m. N.E.). Marston pool (3 m. N.E.) (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)

Bashford (Notts).—M.R., G.N.B. Leen. Day brook. Wistaston brook. Swill brook. 1 m. W. Ingleyway brook, 2 m. E. *Lakes:* Balterley mere. $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. E. Doddington Park, 2 m. S.W. Bettley Hall, 3 m. S.E. Nuthall lake, 3 m. N.W. Monneley mere, 3 m. N.E. (*See Frodsham; Gainsborough.*)

Basingstoke (Hants).—S.W.K. Newram springs, a series of ponds, the source of Lodden, are near here. Pike, trout. Strictly preserved.

Baslow, n.s. Bakewell, 3 m. (Derby).—M.R. Derwent; trout, grayling; preserved by the Duke of Devonshire from New bridge above to Rowsley bridge below. *Hotel:* Wheat-sheaf, where fishing can be had; season-ticket holders can fish as they please; d.t., 2s. 6d. (fly only); trout fishing begins April 1, ends Sept. 30; minnow fishing from July 1; grayling fishing begins June 15 and ends March 15. Anglers are expected to patronise the Wheat-sheaf, **Baslow**; Chatsworth, **Edensor**; or the Peacock, **Rowsley**. (*c.s. Trent.*) Bar brook. Black Leach brook. Wye at **Bakewell**, 3 m. S.W. (*c.s. Trent.*) (*See Gainsborough.*)

Bassaleg (Monmouth).—W.V.R. Ebwy; trout, salmon. (*c.s. Usk.*) (*See Newport.*)

Bath (Somerset).—G.W.R. On Avon; roach, pike, perch, chub, very large gudgeon; fishing free. Some fine trout may be taken at Shawford, between Bath and Frome, and also in a brook which joins the river here; the fishing is, we believe, free. Fair troutling in Woolley brook. Leave can be had sometimes from Mr. Shackie, Manor Farm, Woolley.

- and from the millers. *Lake*: Batheaston reservoir; trout; leave from the Bath Corporation. (*See Bristol*.) (*c.s.*) *Hotels*: Royal and York.
- Bathampton** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (*See Bristol*.) Avon; good all-round fishing; preserved by Col. Skrine. Box brook; trout, roach; preserved by Mr. Bennett of Bathford. St. Catharine's brook; trout; strictly preserved by Mr. Fuller, wine merchant, Broad-street, Bath.
- Battle** (Sussex).—T.W. & H.R. On Brede and lakes at Beech Mill, Battle Abbey, Catsfield Green, Peppering Powder Mills. (*See Rye*; *St. Leonards*.) At Mountfield, 4 m. off, is a large lake belonging to Rev. W. Margesson. (*c.s. Rother*.)
- Bawtry** (York).—G.N.R. Idle. (*c.s. Trent*.) Ryton. (*See Althorpe*.)
- Bealings** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Fyn. Otley brook. *Lake*: Playford mere. (*See Woodbridge*.)
- Beasley Cross** (Warwick).—G.W.R. (*See Henley in Arden, Gloucester*.) Edatone brook. *Lakes*: Large lake at Wootton Warwen (2½ m. N.).
- Beaufort** (Monmouth).—W.V.B. Ebwy; trout. (*c.s. Usk*.) (*See Newport*.)
- Beaulieu** (Hants).—S. & D.R. On Beaulieu. This stream rises in a pond 1 m. N. of old Beaulieu-road Station, now abandoned. In 4½ m. it is joined on right bank by a stream draining a pond 2 m. up, and which is 1½ m. S. of Beaulieu-road Station. These streams hold small trout. Beaulieu runs in 2 m. to Beaulieu; 5 m. down, a stream 4 m. long joins on right bank, which drains Hatchet Mill pond, 1½ m. from Beaulieu. The river joins the sea 3 m. on.
- Beccles** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Waveney. (*See Yarmouth*.) (*c.s. Norfolk*.)
- Bedford**.—M.R. and L. & N.W.R. Ouse; coarse fish except barbel; preserved by Bedford Angling Association from Kempston 2 m. above, to Willington 5 m. below, except some free water about the town; s.t. 5s., d.t. 1s., except for jack and perch. (*c.s. N. and S.*) *Hotels*: Swan, George, Lion. (*See King's Lynn*.)
- Bedwas** (Monmouth). R. & N.R. Rumney; trout, salmon; preserved. (*c.s.*) Ceffyl-Glydyr. (*See Cardiff, Wales*.)
- Bedworth** (Leicester).—C. & N.R. Sow. (*See Gloucester*.)
- Bedworth** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. Griff brook. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Beer** (Devon) (n.s. *Seaton*, 2 m.).—2½ m. W. from here runs Branscombe brook, 3 m. long, joining the sea near the village.
- Beeston** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Wettenhall brook, 1 m. N.E. Oulton brook, 4 m. N.E. *Lakes*: Tilston Hall, 1 m. N.E. Oulton Mill and Oulton Hall lake, 4 m. N.E. (*See Frodsham*.)
- Beeston** (Notts).—M.R. Trent; salmon, chub, roach, pike, perch, bream, barbel; free below on left bank, but preserved on right bank; s.t. 10s. (*c.s.*) Tottle brook. Leen, 2 m. N.E. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Bekesbourne** (Kent).—L.C. & D.R. On Little Stour; roach, trout; preserved by a club. (*See Sandwich*.) (*c.s. Stour*.)
- Bellingham** (Northland).—N.B.R. North Tyne; trout, salmon. *Hotel*: Railway, where fishing can be had.
- Belper** (Derby).—M.R. Derwent; grayling, pike, trout, coarse fish. (*c.s. Trent*.) Black brook. Holbrook brook, 2 m. S.E. Ecclesbourn, 3 m. W. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Belton** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Waveney, 1 m. Yare, 2 m. *Lakes*: Breydon Water. Fritton Decoy, 2 m. S.; leave required; boats at Fritton Hall. (*See Yarmouth*.) (*c.s. Norfolk*.)
- Bentley** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Holbrook brook. Capel brook, 2 m. S. Holbrook rises 4 m. above Bentley, where it waters the lakes in Tattingstone Place, running thence 4 m. to Stour estuary.
- Berkeley** (Gloucester).—M.R. Little Avon; coarse fish, trout. Waterley brook. Little Avon rises S.E. of Wickwar, runs 3 m. to that town, and 3 m. to Charfield. Here Osleworth brook joins on right bank. Osleworth (trout; preserved for most part by Mr. Rolt, of Osleworth Park), rises in a lake by Boxwell, and 4 m. down, at Alderley, is joined by Alderley brook on left bank. 1 m. down, the outflow of 3 lakes by Wotton-under-Edge (n.s. *Charfield*, 2 m.) joins on right bank. 3 m. down, Osleworth joins Little Avon. 3 m. down Avon, Tortworth brook joins on left bank. Tortworth rises 2½ m. W. of Wickwar by Cromhall, and 2 m. down waters the lake in Tortworth Park (pike, perch, carp, tench, bream; leave from Earl Ducle in the absence of the family); thence to the Avon is 3 m. Avon runs 4 m. to Berkeley, where Waterley brook joins on right bank. Waterley rises 2 m. S.E. of Dursley, and is 9 m. long. 2 m. below Berkeley is the Severn estuary. The fishing below Charfield is preserved by Lords Ducle and Fitzhardinge. (*c.s. Severn*.) Close by the station rises Billow brook, which runs thence 3 m. to the estuary.
- Berkhamstead** (Herts).—L. & N.W.R. (*See London. M.T.*) In the Grand Junction Canal are a few trout, and plenty of perch, dace, roach, jack, and tench.
- Berney Arms** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Yare. Waveney, 1 m. S.E. (*See Yarmouth*.)
- Berrington** (Salop).—S.V.R. Severn (1 m. N.); chub, dace, pike, trout, salmon. Cound's brook (1½ m. S.W.); trout; private. Tern (2½ m. N.). Beil brook (3 m. N.E.). Row brook (3 m. S.). Acton brook (3 m. S.). (*See Gloucester*.) (*c.s. Severn*.)
- Berwick** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. On Cuckmere river. Carp, &c. This stream rises in a series of ponds in Heathfield Park and neighbourhood, and in 1 m. runs into a large lake at Nettlesworth, close to Warbleton village, where it is joined by a small brook, which drains some ponds in Backington Wood, close to Heathfield; 2½ m. on, a stream 2 m. long joins on left bank, which drains some mill ponds 1 m. to the east of Warbleton. 4 m. on, at

Hellinly village (n.s. **Hailsham**, H.R., 2 m.), a stream joins on right bank, which rises 1 m. east of Waldron in a series of ponds, and in 3 m. is joined by a small brook on left bank, which drains a pond 1 m. up at Horeham. 1½ m. down, a stream joins on right bank, which rises in a large pond on Hawkhurst Common, 1¼ m. W. of Waldron, and is 3 m. long; 4 m. brings this brook to Cuckmare. Cuckmare now runs in 7 m. to Berwick, and in 8 m. to the sea, passing Aldfriston, Littleington, and West Dean.

Berwick-on-Tweed.—N.B.R. Whitadder joins Tweed 1½ m. from here. Tron, sea and brown. *Hotel:* King's Arms; very comfortable. The Whitadder from Edington Mill, 1½ m. from the Tweed, up to **Chirnside Bridge** railway station, or Allanton Bridge (called indifferently), is good. The lower waters of the Whitadder may be fished from the following stations: Hutton, 7 m. from Berwick, small inn and lodgings in the village; Allanton, 2 m. further on; Chirnside, opposite side of the bridge. The upper waters, from Abbey St. Batham's, 4 m. from **Grant's House** Station, and 7 m. from Preston Bridge, and the Cottage, 5 m. from Dunse. There are several burns containing trout. Very little of the water is preserved, and none of the lower water. Till enters Tweed 2½ m. above **Worham** (B. & K.R.), 9 m. from **Berwick**. *Hotel:* Victoria. Trout fishing on Tweed is free, and a day or two's salmon fishing can sometimes be had from the lessees of the fisheries, on payment. The Collingwood Arms, at **Cornhill** (B. & K.R.), 5½ m. farther up the line, is very comfortable. There is a good inn at Yetholm, on Bowmont. The fishing for the first 6 m. above Tilmouth is very good. There are several good salmon casts. The lower portion of the water belongs to F. Blake, Esq., Tilmouth House, and the Earl of Tankerville has a portion at Heaton; Mr. Tait, of Shellacrae, ½ m. on the opposite side, and the Earl of Erroll, 4 m. of the upper part. The whole is strictly preserved, but a day's fishing may sometimes be obtained. Just below the village of Etal is The Pool, good for salmon and whiting. Mr. Laing preserves the water at Etal. There is very good pike fishing in the lower part of Till at Ford. The best flies are—*sea trout*, wing, grey mallard; hackle and body, black; red shoulders and orange tip. Again, dun turkey wing, red and black body, orange tip; in a black water, white wing, black or blue body, and orange tag. Trout flies must be large in spring, woodcock wing; red hackle; large March brown; black wing and hackle; black gnat; hare's ear; a red spinner with partridge wing (good in the end of April). In May, Holland's fancy; black and red hackle; landrail and black gnat. In autumn use yellow Sally; coachman; alder fly; landrail.

Bescott Junction (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Tame. (*c.s. Trent*.) Sneyd brook. Ford brook. *Lakes:* Pond by railway. (*See Gainsborough.*)

Betchworth (Surrey).—R. & R.R. Mole, and lakes at Tranquil Dale and Fanchford Place. (*See London, L.T.*)

Bettisfield (Salop).—L. & N.W.B. *Lakes:* Bettisfield Park, 1½ m. N. Llyn Bedydd, 2 m. N.E. Hanmer mere, 2½ m. N. Hanmer Hall lake, 3 m. N. (*See Chester.*)

Bewcastle (Cumberland).—On the Lyne. Sea trout, whiting, &c.

Bewdley (Worcester).—T.V.R. Severn; salmon, trout, grayling, chub, dace, pike, &c.; fishing free. Dowles brook (1 m. N.); trout. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s.*)

Bexley (Kent).—N.K.R. (*See Dartford.*) Cray. Darent (3 m.); trout. *Lakes:* Dartford Powder Mills, 3 m. Lamb Abbey, 1½ m. Preserved by the landowners.

Bicester (Oxford).—O.W. & B.R. Ray. Lake, Middleton Park, 3 m. (*See London, M.T.*)

Bickleigh (Devon).—G.W.R. Plym. Meavy. Tavy (4 m.); trout, sea trout, salmon. Tory brook (4 m.); trout. (*See Plymouth.*) Fishing in Plym, Meavy, and Tavy preserved by Plym Fishery Board, who grant tickets. (*c.s. Tamer.*)

Bideford (Devon).—S.W.R. Torridge. Trout, salmon. (*c.s. Taw.*) Torridge rises on the Ditchin Hills 3 m. from Hartland (n.s. **Bideford**, 13 m.), runs 3 m., and is joined on right bank by Sockington water, 3 m. long. 6 m. down Torridge, Floodmead water, which rises by Woodfardisworthy and is 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Torridge runs to Putford 2 m., Bulkworthy 2 m., Newton Petrock 3 m. 3 m. down, at Bradford, Waldon river joins on right bank. Waldon rises by Brailworthy, runs 4 m. to Sutcombe, Milton Damerel 2 m., and Torridge 5 m. Torridge runs 2 m., and is joined on right bank by Whiteleigh brook, 4 m. long. Torridge runs 4 m. to Sheepwash, where Buckland brook, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Torridge runs 7 m., and is joined on the right bank by Lew river. Lew rises by Beworthy, runs 2 m., and is joined on right bank by a stream 2 m. long. 2 m. down Lew, Ashbury brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank, and Waggafor water, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. 3 m. down Lew, Marshford brook joins on right bank. Marshford rises 3 m. N.W. of **Oakhampton** (D. & C.R.), runs 2 m. to Inwardleigh, and Lew 3 m. Lew runs 3 m. to Hatherleigh (n.s. **Oakhampton**, 9 m.), and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by Venton brook, 4 m. long. 1 m. down, Lew joins Torridge, Hatherleigh being 2 m. distant, 2 m. down Torridge, Oakment river joins on right bank. Oakment rises close to the Dart, in the centre of Dartmoor (n.s. **Bridestow**, D. & C.R., 4 m.), runs 9 m. to **Oakhampton**, where East Oakment joins on right bank. East Oakment rises close to the parent stream, runs 4 m., and is joined by a branch on left bank 4 m. long. 5 m. down is **Oakhampton**. Oakment runs 6 m. to Exbourne on right bank, and Jacobstow on left bank, and 4 m. down at Monks Oakhampton (n.s. **Tawton**, D. & C.R., 6 m.), Hatherleigh being 3 m. off on left bank, Exbourne water joins on right bank. Exbourne rises near **Sampford Courtney Station** (N.D.R.), runs 3 m. to Exbourne, and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by a brook which runs through **Sampford Courteney** and is 4 m. long. Exbourne runs in 3 m. to Okement. 3 m. down, Okement joins Torridge. 5 m. down Torridge, at Merton

- (3 m. off the river), Merton brook joins on left bank. Merton rises on Merton Moors, runs 3 m., and is joined by a branch 2 m. long, which rises in Berry Moor. Merton is 1 m. down, and Torridge 2 m. 7 m. down Torridge, Woolley water joins on right bank. Woolley rises by St. Giles's, runs 2 m., and is joined on left bank by a brook 4 m. long, rising by Kiborough. 3 m. down is Torridge. **Torrington** (N.D.R.) is 3 m. on. Here Langtree brook, 4 m. long, and which rises by Langtree, joins on left bank. Torridge runs 3 m. to Wear Giffard, where Hunshaw water, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 4 m. down, Laidland water joins on left bank. Laidland rises 6 m. W. of **Torrington**, runs 6 m., and is joined on left bank by Alwington brook, 5 m. long. Laidland runs 3 m. to Torridge, which runs to **Bideford** 3 m. Here two streams join Torridge—one on left bank, 3 m. long, and one on right bank, Wear water, 5 m. long. Bass may be caught in the tidal part of the river by a large red palmer. (*See Hartland*.)
- Biggleswade** (Beds).—G.N.R. Ivel; coarse fish except barbel; a good centre for fishing. Sutton brook (3 m.). (*See King's Lynn*.)
- Bigweir** (Monmouth).—B. & M.R. Wye; chub, dace, pike, perch, salmon. Olway (3 m.); trout; preserved. (*See Chepstow, Newport*.) (c.s.)
- Billing** (Northon).—L. & N.W.R. Nen; pike, perch, bream, tench, &c.; preserved by Nen Angling Society. (*See Northampton; Wisbeach*.)
- Billinghurst** (Sussex).—L. B. & S.C.R. Arun and Adur. (*See Little Hampton; New Shoreham*.)
- Binegar** (Somerset).—S. & D.J.R. (*See Bristol*.) Lakes: Lechmere water; pike, carp, perch, roach; preserved.
- Bingham** (Notts).—G.N.R. Car dyke. Smite, 3 m. E. Trent, 3 m. N.W.; chub, roach, pike, perch, barbel. (c.s.) Whipling river, 4 m. E. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Bingley** (York).—M.R. Aire; trout, coarse fish; preserved by the Bingley Fishing Club hence up to **Keighley**, where the rights of the Keighley Club begin. Below **Bingley** the Saltaire Club preserves down to where pollutions begin.
- Birdingbury** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. Leam. Itchens (2 m. W.) (*See Gloucester*.)
- Birmingham** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R., M.R., G.W.R. Rea. Lakes: Cannon Hill lake. Edgbaston reservoir. Tumble Mill pond. Smethwick reservoir. Rotten Park reservoir. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Bishop Auckland** (Durham).—Weir; salmon, trout.
- Bishops Castle** (Salop).—B.O.B.R. Onny (1 m. N.); trout, chub, grayling, pike; preserved by the Plowden Fishing Club of fourteen members from **Eaton** above to **Hordeley** below. Camlad (3 m. N.W.); trout, grayling. (*See Plowden, Gloucester*.) (c.s. Severn.)
- Bishops Lydeard** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (*See Bridgwater*.) Norton brook; trout.
- Bishops Stortford** (Herts).—G.E.R. (*See Stratford*.) On Stort; pike; preserved from a short distance below Stanstead to Stortford by Mr. Walter Gilbey, who occasionally gives leave.
- Bishopstoke** (Hants).—L. & S.W.R. Itchen; trout, grayling; Mr. Tankerville Chamberlayne, of Cranbury Park, issues a limited number of tickets for his water, 5½ m.; 20s. for trout season, 10s. for grayling; trout fishing from April 10 to Sept. 10; grayling Sept. 10 to Feb. 10. Its subscription is not filled up, a limited number of weekly and daily tickets are let. Apply to Spiers and Pond, Junction Hotel. Hotel: Junction. (*See Southampton and Winchester*.)
- Bishops Waltham** (Hants).—G.J.R. Hamble; trout. (*See Botley*.) Hotel: Crown.
- Bitton** (Gloster).—L. & S.W.R. Boyd; trout; preserved by land and mill owners. Stiton brook; trout, perch; leave from landowners. Lakes: Golden Valley pond; reserved. (*See Bristol*.)
- Blaby** (Leicester).—L. & N.W.R. Billiesden brook. Soar, 1 m. W. (c.s. Trent.) (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Blackbull** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Foxley brook. Trent, 1 m. E. (c.s.) Lakes: Reservoir, 1 m. N. Reservoir, 1 m. E. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Blackburn** (Lancs.).—L. & Y.R. Ribble, Hodder, and Calder. Salmon and trout. There are now no fish in Calder. (c.s. Cumberland, Eden, and Hodder.)
- Blackwater** (Hants).—S.E.R. Blackwater. Hotel: Royal Swan. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Blackwood** (Monmouth).—S.R. Sirhowey; trout; trout rod licences of Mr. Edwards. (*See Newport*.) (c.s. Usk.)
- Blain Afon** (Monmouth).—E.V.R. Llwyd; trout. (c.s. Usk.) (*See Newport*.)
- Blaina** (Monmouth).—W.V.R. Ebwyfach; trout. (c.s. Usk.) (*See Newport*.)
- Blakesley** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. Blakesley brook. (*See King's Lynn*.)
- Blackford** (Dorset).—S.W.R. and M.R. Stour and Iwerne; pike, perch, &c. Fishing good. (c.s. Avon.) (*See Christchurch and Wareham*.)
- Blasby** (Notts).—M.R. Trent, 1 m. S.E. at Hazlewood; perch, roach, dace, barbel, chub, pike; free on both sides, but Mr. Cox, the landlord of the inn, charges 6d. for fishing from the island, whence there is good barbeling. (c.s.) (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Bloxwich** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Sneyd brook. Lakes: Sneyd pool. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Blockley** (Worcester).—G.W.R. Knee brook. (*See Gloucester*.)
- Blunham** (Beds).—L. & N.W.R. Ouse (1 m. W.); coarse fish except barbel; good jacking; Mr. King, of Roxton, owns the west side, and Mr. Elliott, of Blunham, the south; preserved also by a society of fifty members; sec., Mr. C. Forge, 12, Adde-street, Wood-street, E.C. Ivel; coarse fish except barbel; preserved by Mr. Elliott. (*See King's Lynn*.)
- Blythe** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Blythe. (c.s. Trent.) Tean brook, 4 m. S.E. at Upper Tean. Lakes: Whympey wood ponds, 2 m. N.E. by Dilthorne. (*See Gainsborough*.)

Bodmin (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Camel; trout, sea trout, salmon; fishing mostly free. Kirilund water. Lantivet water. (See Wadesbridge.) Fowey (3 m.); sea trout, brown trout, salmon; fish small, banks wooded, river somewhat injured by clay water, wading advisable. (c.s.) *Hotel*: Royal.

Bognor (Sussex).—There is good sea-fishing from the rocks at low water for whiting, coal fish, &c. In July and August there is good sport with the "brazen." Grey mullet abound in the shallow water between Felpham and Little Hampton Harbour. The fishing westward is not so good for an amateur. *Hotels*: Royal Norfolk, Bedford.

Bolton (Cumberland).—On the Lyne. Sea trout, whiting, &c.

Bolton (York).—M.R. Wharfe; trout, grayling; by staying at the Devonshire Arms and Red Lion, Bolton Bridge, Skipton, fishing can be had free from Bolton Bridge up the river for 6 m. The very finest tackle must be used. (See *Kilnsey and Ilkley*.) Fly fishing only permitted from April 1 to Oct. 1. (c.s. *York*.)

Borrowash (Derby).—M.R. Derwent; pike, coarse fish, grayling, trout; here the Derby Society's water ends. (See *Derby*.) (c.s. *Trent*.) *Lakes*: Elvaston Castle lake, 1 m. S. (See *Gainsborough*.)

Borrowbridge (York).—N.E.R. Yore. Pike, perch, and a few trout and grayling.

Bosley (Cheshire).—M.R. Dane. Folly brook, 5 m. N.E. *Lakes*: Bosley reservoir. (See *Frodsham*.)

Boston (Lincoln).—G.N.E. Witham; pike, perch, chub, tench, rudd, and bream. Witham rises some 10 m. above **Great Ponton**, and 2 m. above that place is joined on left bank by Cringle brook, 5 m. long. At **Ponton**, Stoke brook, which rises in some ponds above Wyvill, runs 4 m. to Stoke Mill pond, and joins Witham 2 m. below, on left bank. Witham runs to **Grantham** 5 m. 2 m. below, the drainage of the lakes in Belton Park, 1 m. up, joins on right bank. Witham runs to **Barkston** 2 m., and here is Syston Park lake on the right bank. 1 m. below, Honington beck, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Witham runs 2 m. to **Kougham**, and 2 m. below is joined on left bank by Foston beck. Foston, under the name of Old Beck, rises in the lakes at Denton House, 4 m. S.W. from **Grantham**, runs 1 m. to the Canal reservoir, and reaches **Sedgbrook** in 3 m., joining Witham 6 m. below. Witham runs 6 m. to **Claypole**, Beekingham 6 m., Bassingham 6 m., and 6 m. down at Fishhouse, **Harmston** being 2 m. off on right bank, Brant joins on right bank. Brant rises by Brandon, 2 m. W. of **Claythorpe**, and 3 m. down, at Stragglethorpe, is joined on the right bank by a brook draining some ponds at **Leadenham Hall** by **Leadenham**, 3 m. up. 1 m. down Brant, by Broughton on Brant, 2 m. W. of **Leadenham**, Sand beck, 6 m. long, joins on left bank. Brant runs to Skinnard, 2 m. W. of **Havenby**, 3 m., Blackmoor Causeway 3 m., where **Harmston** is 1 m. off on right bank, and 1 m. below joins Witham. Witham runs to **Hykeham** 2 m., and **Lincoln** 4 m. Here Foss Dyke navigation, joining Trent with Witham, joins on left bank. A railway runs alongside this waterway, and 2 m. E. of **Saxelby Tilt** joins it on the N. bank. Tilt rises above Upton 3 m. S.E. of **Lea**, and 4 m. down, 3 m. N.E. from **Stow Park**, is joined on left bank by a brook 5 m. long draining Fillingham lake 8 m. W. of **Lea**. Tilt runs to Tilt Bridge 3 m., 4 m. S.E. of **Stow Park**, and 4 m. down joins Foss Dyke. Witham runs to **Washingbrough** 3 m., and 1 m. below is joined on right bank by Washingbrough brook, which rises by **Branston** in Branston Hall ponds, and is 5 m. long. Witham runs to Fiskerton or **Five Mile House**, 1 m., and 3 m. down, at Barling's Lock, is joined on left bank by Langworth. Langworth rises in Hackthorne Hall pond, 7 m. N.W. of **Langworth**, and 5 m. down, just below Snarford Bridge, 2 m. N.W. of **Snelland**, is joined on left bank by Frithorpe brook, 5 m. long. Langworth runs 2 m. to Stainton, where Snelland brook, which rises 5 m. above **Snelland** and is 8 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Langworth, at **Langworth**, Clay brook, 10 m. long, joins on left bank. Langworth runs 4 m. to Barlings Abbey, just below which, on left bank, Stainfield brook, 6 m. long, joins on left bank. Langworth joins Witham 1 m. down. 1 m. down, Tile House beck, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Witham runs to **Bardney** 1 m., and **Southy** 3 m. Here Tupholme brook joins on left bank. Tupholme rises in Stourton Hall ponds 5 m. N.W. from **Horncastle**, runs 3 m. to Gauntby Hall lakes, 5 m. N.W. of **Horncastle**, and joins Witham 5 m. down. Witham runs to **Stixwold** 1 m., **Kirkstead** 2 m., **Tattershall** (1 m. E.) 3 m., **Dogdyke** 2 m. Here Bain joins on left bank. Bain rises above Brough on Bain, 7 m. W. of **Louth**, and 3 m. below, by Donnington, is joined on right bank by the drainings of Benniworth pool and another pond $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up. These ponds are 8 m. N. of **Horncastle**. Bain runs to Goulsby 2 m., Hemlingby 3 m., **Horncastle** 3 m. 5 m. down, at Haltham, 3 m. E. of **Woodhall Spa**, Haltham beck, 6 m. long, joins on left bank. Bain runs to **Tattershall** 4 m., and **Dogdyke** and Witham 2 m. Witham runs to **Langrick** 6 m., and **Boston** 5 m. Here Hammond beck joins on right bank. Hammond rises 4 m. above **Donington**, runs 4 m. to **Swinehead**, and 2 m. below divides into two parts, Old and New Hammond beck, which runs to **Boston** and Witham in 5 m. Witham joins the sea 3 m. below. The Boston Angling Club preserves Witham and adjacent fen drains; subscriptions voluntary. *Hotel*: Peacock.

Botedale (Suffolk).—N.s. **Mellis**, 4 m. Little Ouse. *Lakes*: Redgrave Park Lake. (See *King's Lynn*.)

Botley (Hants).—S.W.R. Hamble; sea trout and trout. Hamble rises in a large pond (good piking) by **Bishops Waltham Station** (G.J.R.), and in 1 m. is joined on left bank by the mill-stream from the corn mill at that town. $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. on is **Botley**. Here are some

- ponds holding pike in Botley Grange. 6 m. below is Southampton Water. The fishing is mostly private, but leave may sometimes be obtained.
- Bottisford** (Leicester).—G.N.R. Devon. Smita, 3 m. N.W. at Orston. Carr dyke, 5 m. N.W. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Bourn** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Edenham brook, 2 m. N.W. Glen, 3 m. S. (*See Spalding.*)
- Bourne End** (Bucks).—G.W.R. Thames: roach, pike, perch. Wye; polluted. (*See London, M.T.*) *Fisherman*: Barber. *Hotel*: Railway Hotel.
- Bournemouth** (Hants).—S.W.R. Stour (3 m.); pike, perch, chub, roach, &c.; the Stour Fishery Club preserves the river from the Sheep Wash, Ilford Bridge, to Wick Ferry, Christchurch; s.t. 3*l.* 10*s.*, q.t. 1*l.* 10*s.*, m.t. 20*s.*, w.t. 10*s.*, d.t. 3*s.* 6*d.*, salmon 5*s.*; baits can be obtained from the proprietor; no gorse fishing for pike allowed. Season begins August 1, ends Feb. 28; roach, from July 1 to March 31; tench, August 1 to March 31; dace, May 1 to Feb. 28; chub, June 16 to March 15; perch, July 16 to Feb. 28; proprietor, J. G. Tigwell, 1*l.* Arcade, Bournemouth; preserved by private owners elsewhere. Good fishing half hour by rail in Avon at Ringwood. (*See Ringwood.*) Some fishing from the pier and in the bay.
- Bourton** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Kenn. (*See Clevedon.*)
- Bourton-on-the-Water** (Glo'ster).—G.W.R. On Windrush and Dickler. (*See London, U.T.*) Trout.
- Bovey** (Devon).—G.W.R. (*See Teignmouth.*) Bovey and Teign. The fishing in Bovey is preserved above Bovey Bridge by the landowners; below by the Lower Teign Fishing Association; tickets at the Union. Teign preserved by the same association. (*c.s. Teign.*) *Lakes*: Tottilford and Kennick reservoir, 3 m.; trout; preserved by the Torquay Local Board, who issue a limited number of tickets; apply only to Briscoe Hooper, Esq., Clerk to the Board, Torquay. *Hotels*: Union and Dolphin.
- Bow** (Devon).—S.W.R. Spreyton water; trout. (*See Exeter.*) Lapford water. (*See Barnstaple.*)
- Box** (Wilts).—G.W.R. (*See Bristol.*) Box brook; trout; preserved by Col. Northey, Bath.
- Box Hill** (Surrey).—S.W.R. and L.B. & S.C.R. Mole. (*See London, L.T.*) *Hotel*: Burford Bridge Hotel. The river runs through the hotel orchard and garden (where visitors only can fish) through private grounds to Leatherhead.
- Boxmoor** (Herts).—L. & N.W.R. On Gade; trout, pike; preserved by Sir A. Cooper, Mr. Halsey, and Earl Brownlow. *Hotel*: Bell, at Two Waters. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Braceboro' Spa** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Edenham brook. Glen, 2 m. S.E. Welland, 4 m. S. at Stamford. (*See Spalding.*)
- Brackley** (Northton.).—L. & N.W.R. Ouse. (*c.s. N. and S.*) *Lakes*: Biddlesdon Park (4 m. N.W.). Cottisford pond (5 m. S.) (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Bracknell** (Berks).—L. & S.W.R. There is a large mill pond at East Hampstead. (*See London, M.T.*) Harman's pond is near.
- Bradford-on-Avon** (Wilts).—G.W.R. (*See Bristol.*) On Avon; perch, roach, dace, chub, trout, &c.; preserved by Bradford-on-Avon Angling Association for 3 m.; a.t., 1*l.*; m.t., 2*s.* 6*d.*; w.t., 1*s.* 6*d.*; d.t., 6*d.* *Hotel*: Swan. (*c.s.*)
- Braemore** (Hants).—S.W.R. Avon. (*See Christchurch.*) Sir E. Halse preserves the trout fishing; wood. He sometimes gives leave for a day, on a proper introduction. (*c.s.*)
- Braintree** (Essex).—G.E.R. (*See Maldon.*) On Brain and Blackwater. The Brain is strictly preserved; pike, perch, dace, roach, tench. 4 m. off is Stisted Hall pond, of 50 acres; pike, carp, and tench. Leave from O. S. Onley, Esq., Stisted Hall, Braintree; W. C. Rayner, Esq., Lyons Hall, Bocking; H. S. Kingale, Esq., St. Ruwald's Club, Colchester; J. E. Tabor, Esq., Bovingdon Hall, Braintree. Gosfield lake, 5 m.; leave from Miss Lowe, Gosfield Hall. Gosfield Place pond; leave from Miss Sparrow, Gosfield Place. *Hotel*: Horn.
- Bramber** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. On Adur. (*See New Shoreham.*)
- Bramford** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Gipping; roach, perch, pike, tench; preserved from Blakenham 3 m. above to Bca Hall 2 m. below by Gipping Angling Society. (*See Ipswich.*)
- Bramley** (Surrey).—H. & G.R. Wey. Bream, roach, dace. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Brampton** (Camland.).—N.E.R. On Irthing and Gelt; trout. Preserved by the Brampton Angling Association; sec., C. Cheesbrough, Esq.; a.t., 5*s.* Good accommodation at the Howard's Arms Hotel and White Lion, Brampton. The rivers are about 1 m. from the inn, Tindale Tarn is 6 m., Talkin Tarn 1 m., off, holding pike, perch, and trout.
- Brampton** (Northton.).—L. & N.W.R. Neu. Moulton brook. Althorp brook, 2 m. S.W. (*See Wisbeach.*)
- Brandon** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Little Ouse; pike and coarse fish; there is a good stretch of free water, and elsewhere fishing easily obtained. *Lakes*: Toffs mere (5 m. N.E.). Buckenham House Park pond (6 m. N.E.). (*See King's Lynn.*) (*c.s. Norfolk.*) *Hotel*: Ram.
- Brandon** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. Avon; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, bream; preserved by R. J. Beech, Esq., on right bank for 4 m.; let to the Coventry Angling Club. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*) *Inn*: Royal Oak.
- Branford** (Worcester).—W. & M.B. Teme; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, grayling, trout; preserved hence up to Broadwas Church by a society, a.t. 10*s.*, d.t. 2*s.* 6*d.* (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Branston** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Washingbrough brook. Witham, 1 m. N. *Lakes*: Branston Hall. (*See Boston.*)

- Braughing** (Herts).—B. & St.M.R. (*See Stratford*.) On Rib and Quin trout, coarse fish. Preserved.
- Braunston** (Northton).—N.a. **Orick**, 5 m. Leam. Bain's brook (4 m. N.W.) (*See Gloucester*.)
- Braunton** (Devon).—S.W.R. Braunton water. Braunton rises 1 m. S. of **Mortehoe Station** (N.D.R.), runs 1 m. to West Down, and 2 m. down is joined on left bank by Fullabrook, 3 m. long. **Braunton** is 3 m. on. 1 m. below, Knowle water, 6 m. long, joins on left bank.
- Breadsall** (Derby).—G.N.R. Ferryby brook. Derwent, 1 m. W. (*c.s. Trent*.) *Lakes*: Allestry Hall lake, 1 m. N.W. Kedleston Park lake, 3 m. W. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Bredon** (Worcester).—M.R. Avon; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, bream. Severn (4 m.); roach, pike, perch, bream, &c. (*See Gloucester*.) (*c.s. Severn*.)
- Brent** (Devon).—G.W.R. Avon; trout. There is a good hotel and free fishing. Avon rises on Dartmoor, and 7 m. down is joined on right bank by Red brook, 3 m. long. 2 m. down Avon is **Brent**, and 2 m. below, Black brook, 2 m. long, joins on left bank. Avon runs 2 m. to Diftford, 1 m. to Bickham Bridge, below which the fishing is preserved (d.t. 1s., of any of the Plymouth tackle shops, at the inns, or of the keepers), Newhouse 2 m. (good inn), Loddswell 4 m. (*1m*: Turk's Head), where Woodleigh Brook, 7 m. long, joins on left bank. 3 m. down Avon is Aveton Giffard, to which the tide flows; the sea is 4 m. down. The best flies coch-y-bondhu, blue upright, red spinner. (*c.s*.)
- Brentford** (Middx.).—S.W.R. and G.W. & B.R. Thames and Brent. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Brent Knoll** (Somerset).—G.W.R. *Lakes*: East Brent ponds, a series of ponds holding pike, perch, carp, tench, rudd; permission from the farmers.
- Brentwood** (Essex).—G.E.R. There are some ponds in Thorndon Hall Park belonging to Lord Petre. Pike, perch, &c. in Weald Hall. The large lake of Fitzwater is some 2½ m. off.
- Brewood**, n.s. **Four Ashes**, 2 m. (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Penk. Saredon brook, 3 m. S.E. Whiston brook, 4 m. N.W. *Lakes*: Chillington Park pool, 3 m. S.W. Galeys reservoir, 4 m. N.E. Calf Heath ponds, 4 m. E. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Bridestow** (Devon).—G.W.R. Lew. (*See Plymouth*.) Oakment; trout. Thistle brook (3 m.); trout. (*See Bideford*.) (*c.s. Taw*.)
- Bridges** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Bream. Luxullon brook. (*See Par*.) (*c.s. Fowey*.)
- Bridgnorth** (Shrops).—S.V.R. Severn; uace, trout, chub, pike, perch, salmon; fishing free. Worf (1 m. W.). Mor brook (3 m. S.W.). Claverley brook (4 m. E.). Borle brook (4 m. S.). Stratford brook (5 m. N.E.) (*See Gloucester*.) (*c.s*.)
- Bridgwater** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Parret; roach, salmon, few trout. Carey. Parret rises by **Crewkerne**, runs to West Chinnock, where a stream 3 m. long joins on right bank; 1 m. on Hinton Brook joins on left bank. Hinton rises in a pond in Hinton House Park (Lord Paulet), by Hinton St. George (n.s. **Crewkerne**, 3 m.), and 2 m. down, at Merriot, is joined on right bank by a stream working a mill 1 m. up. Hence to Parret is 3 m. 1 m. down Parret, a stream 4 m. long joins on left bank, which rises in some ponds in Hinton House Park, and works two mills. Parret runs in 2 m. to South Petherton (n.s. **Martock**; 3 m. down a stream joins on right bank which rises 2 m. E. of **Martock**, and is 4 m. long, working two mills. Parret runs to Kingsbury 1 m.; 2½ m. below, Isle joins on left bank. Isle rises S. of **Ilminster** (G.W.R.), and after working two mills passes by that town, and working three mills in 4½ m., is joined at Puckington, on left bank, by a stream which rises 3 m. W. of **Ilminster**, and is 5 m. long. Isle runs in 2 m. to Isle Abbot, and 2 m. down is joined on left bank by a stream which rises S.W. of **Hatch** (G.W.R.), and is 6 m. long. 4 m. on Isle joins Parret. Parret runs in 2 m. to **Langport** (G.W.R.). Here Yeo joins on right bank. Yeo rises 3 or 4 m. N. of **Sherborne** (S.W.R.), and is joined at that place by Milborne brook which rises by **Milborne Port** (S.W.R.), and in 3 m. waters the large lake in Sherborne Park. Yeo runs in 4 m. to Bradford Abbas, where Yet joins on left bank. Yet rises 4 m. S. of **Yetminster** (S. & W.R.), where a stream joins on right bank 3 m. long. Yeo is 2 m. down. Yeo now runs in 1½ m. to **Yeovil Junction** (S.W.R.). Here Evershot brook joins on left bank. Evershot rises 4 m. S. of **Sutton Bingham** (S.W.R.), 1 m. below which a stream joins on right bank which rises in a lake at Melbury Sampford (n.s. **Evershot**, S. & W.R.), and is 6 m. long. 1½ m. on a stream joins on left bank, which works a mill 1 m. up. Yeo is ½ m. on. Yeo runs in 1 m. to **Yeovil** (G.W.R.), 2 m. below a stream joins on right bank working a mill 1 m. up; 4 m. down Yeo, Sparkford brook joins on right bank. Sparkford rises in a mill pond 4 m. N.E. of **Sparkford** (G.W.R.), near North Cadbury, and in 3 m. is joined by a small brook working a mill. **Sparkford** is 1 m. on. Sparkford runs to Queen's Canal 1 m., and 3 m. down is joined on the left bank by a stream which rises by **Marston Magna** (G.W.R.) and is 5 m. long. ½ m. on Sparkford joins Yeo. Yeo now runs to Ilchester (n.s. **Martock**, G.W.R., 5 m.), Long Sutton 4 m., **Langport** and Parret 4 m. Here a small stream joins Yeo on right bank rising in Paradise mill pond 1½ m. up. Parret now runs through the moors, and 2½ m. down is joined on left bank by a stream which drains seven or eight large ponds in West Sedge Moor. 1 m. down Parret, Hatch brook joins on left bank. Hatch rises ½ m. N. of **Hatch Station** (G.W.R.), runs 4 m. when it passes 1 m. S. of North Curry. 1 m. down, a stream joins on right bank, draining a large pond ½ m. up on Sedge Moor, and joins Parret 4 m. on. Parret runs in 2 m. to Chapel and Borough Bridge (n.s. **Athelney**, G.W.R., 1½ m.). Here Tone joins on left bank. Tone rises above Clatworthy 3 m. from **Wiveliscombe** (D. & S.R.), and 3 m. down passes 2 m. W. of

Wiveliscombe, runs to **Wellington** (G.W.R.) 12 m. Here a stream joins on right bank, which works a mill 1 m. up. 3 m. down, at Bradford, a small stream joins on right bank, holding trout. 1 m. down, Milverton brook joins on left bank. This stream rises 1 m. N.E. of **Wiveliscombe** and in 1½ m. is joined on right bank by a stream, which rises in Wimorleigh Mill 1½ m. S. of **Wiveliscombe** and is 3 m. long. Milverton brook runs in 1½ m. to **Milverton** (D. & S.R.), and Tone 4 m. ½ mile down Tone, a stream, which rises at West Buckland 3 m. up, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Tone, Norton brook joins on left bank. Norton rises in Tolland Mill 3 m. N.E. of **Wiveliscombe**, runs 3½ m. to Halse (n.s. **Bishops Lydeard**, G.W.R., 1½ m., or **Milverton** 2 m.), **Norton Fitz-warren** (G.W.R.) 4 m., and Tone ½ m. 1 m. down Tone, at **Bishops Hull**, Kingston brook joins on left bank. Kingston brook rises 3 m. N. of Kingston (n.s. **Taunton**, G.W.R., 2½ m.); 2 m. below Kingston a stream joins on right bank, which rises by **Bishops Lydeard** and is 4 m. long. Tone is 1½ m. below the junction. Tone runs in 2 m. to **Taunton**, 2½ m. below, Black brook joins on right bank. Black brook rises by Trull (n.s. **Taunton** 2 m.), and is 6 m. long. 2 m. down Tone, at Creech St. Michael, a stream joins on left bank, which rises by West Monkton (n.s. **Durston**, G.W.R., 2 m.) and is 3 m. long. Tone runs in 6 m. to **Athelney** (G.W.R.) and Parret 1½ m. Parret runs in 6 m. to **Bridgwater**. Here a stream joins on left bank, which rises in the lake in Enmore Castle Park 4 m. from **Bridgwater**, and 2 m. down is joined by a stream on the right bank, which works a mill 1½ m. up. The main stream runs to Dureigh and its mill 2 m. and **Bridgwater** 2 m. At Cannington, 3 m. from **Bridgwater**, runs a stream which rises 5 m. S.W. of Cannington, working several mills, and joins the Parret estuary 2 m. below. At Otterhampton, 4½ m. from **Bridgwater**, a stream joins the Parret estuary, which rises in a mill pond at Fiddington and is 3 or 4 m. long. (c.s. *Avon*.)

CAREY River rises at **Castle Carey**, G.W.R. runs to Babenty 6 m. (n.s. **Sparkford** 4 m.). 3 m. below a stream joins on left bank, which rises at South Barrow 1 m. from **Sparkford** and is 5 m. long. Carey passes in 1 m. within 2 m. N. of **Ichester**, and runs in 4 m. to **Somerton** (n.s. **Langport** 4 m.), and in 5 m. enters **Sedge Moor**, where it joins King's Sedge drain, and after a run of 12 m. joins Parret on right bank 3 m. below **Bridgwater**.

Bridlington (York).—Angling for billet from the pier, many pollack at Flamborough Head, and a variety of sea fish in the offing.

Bridport (Dorset).—G.W.R. (See *Burton Bradstock*.) On Britt and Asker. Trout (c.s. *Aze*.) Britt rises in a mill pond by Beaminster (n.s. **Toller**, W.S. & W.R., 6 m.) One m. down, a stream joins on right bank, working a mill or two by Stoke Abbots, 1½ m. up. Six m. down is **Bridport**. Here Asker joins on left bank. Asker rises by **Forstock** (W.S. & W.R.), and is 6 m. long. Britt joins the sea 2 m. below **Bridport**. Britt is preserved by the landowners and farmers, who frequently give leave. Asker is preserved by the farmers. Fishing good. Bass fishing from the pier head with squid or cuttle bait. A rod and floated line might be used sometimes with success in rather rough weather. Mackerel, pollack, and pout are caught near the Pollack-stone. Hotel: Bull.

Brierley Hill (Stafford).—G.W.R. Stour (3 m. S.). Smestow (5 m. W.). Lakes: Pensnet Chase Reservoir, Old Park Ponds (2 m. W.). Askew Bridge Pond (3 m. N.W.). Himley Park lakes and Common Pool (4 m. N.W.). (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)

Brighton (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. Sea bream and other fish may be caught off here, and bass sometimes from the pier. In the Ouse, not far from Barcombe, for several miles up, there is fair fishing for roach, chub, perch, and eels, and good pike fishing.

Brinscombe (Gloucester).—G.W.R. Frome; coarse fish. (See *Stonehouse*.)

Brinklow (Warwick).—T.V.R. Combe brook. Lakes: Burdon Pool (5 m.) (See *Gloucester*.)

Bristolington (Somerset).—G.W.R. (See *Bristol*.) On *Avon*. (c.s.)

Bristol.—G.W.R. & M.R. On *Avon*. *Avon* rises in Shipton Mill Head 1 m. S. of **Tetbury** (G.W.R.), runs 5 m. to **Malmesbury** (n.s. **Minety**, 8 m.; jack, perch, roach; preserved). Here a stream joins on right bank, which rises in a mill pool by Great Sherston, is 8 m. long, and works six mills. 1 m. below **Malmesbury** a stream joins *Avon* on left bank, which rises in **Seven Island Pond** 5 m. from **Minety**, and is 9 m. long. 1 m. up from its junction with *Avon* a stream joins it on right bank, which rises in **Bredon pond**, 3 m. from **Minety**, runs 4 m., where the outflow from the ponds in **Charlton Park** (pike, perch, carp; leave from Mr Sotheron Estcourt), 2 m. from **Malmesbury**, joins on right bank, and 1 m. on joins the main stream. *Avon* now flows to **Dauntsey** 4 m. Here Thunder brook joins on left bank. Thunder rises in a mill pool 4 m. S. of **Wootton Bassett**, passes by that town, and in 1½ m. is joined by a stream on left bank 1 m. long, rising in a pond at **Tockenham Wick**, 1 m. from **Dauntsey Station**. 1 m. on a stream joins on right bank, rising in a pond 1½ m. up. From hence to *Avon* is 6 m. *Avon* runs to **Chippenham** 10 m., passing **Christian Malford** midway (good fishing; preserved by Sir H. Meux). At **Chippenham**, **Marden** river joins *Avon*. **Marden** rises at **Calstone Willington**, 3 m. S.E. of **Calne**, and in 1½ m. is joined on right bank by **River brook**, which works a mill 1 m. up. 1 m. down **Marden** a stream 1½ m. long joins on left bank, working a mill. 1 m. below **Calne** is the outflow on left bank of the large lake in **Bowood Park** (pike, perch, carp, tench, roach; leave from Lord Lansdowne). 1 m. below, **Fisher's brook** joins on right bank, which rises 2 m. N. from **Calne**, and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by a stream 4 m. long, rising in **Whitcombe Mill** 4 m. N. of **Calne**. 1 m. down, **Marden** is reached, and **Marden** runs in 4 m. to *Avon*. 5 m. below **Chippenham** *Avon* receives on right bank the outflow of **Corsham Park Lake**, 3 m. up (n.s. **Corsham**). 1 m. on, at **Lavock**

(pike, perch, roach; preserved; leave may sometimes be had from C. H. Talbot, Esq., Lacock Abbey), a stream joins on right bank, 2 m. long, which works three or four mills; 2½ m. on, a stream joins on left bank 4 m. long, which drains the lakes in Spy Park (n.s. **Caine**). 1 m. on is **Melksham**, 1 m. below which a stream joins on right bank, draining a pond 1 m. up. At **Holt** a stream joins on left bank, which rises by Urchfont (n.s. **Devizes**, 4 m.). In 1 m. a stream 1 m. long joins on right bank, which rises in a mill pond at Mustead, 2 m. E. from **Devizes**. The main stream now runs in 5 m. to Worton, where a stream 5 m. long joins, which rises in Knowlum's Pond, 1 m. S. of West Lavington (n.s. **Devizes**, 6 m.), and works several mills. The main stream now runs in 3 m. to Bullington (n.s. **Seend**, 3 m.), where a stream 4 m. long joins on left bank, and which rises in a mill pool by Edington (capital tench fishing) (n.s. **Westbury**, 4 m.). 1 m. down the main stream, a stream joins on right bank, which rises in Snake Mead Mill by **Devizes**, and in 2 m. is joined on right bank by a stream which rises in Roundaway Mill, 1 m. from **Devizes**. 3½ m. down, at Bide Mill, 1 m. from **Seend**, a stream joins on left bank, which rises in Drew's pond, 1 m. S. of **Devizes**, and is 5 m. long. 1 m. on, the main stream is reached, which runs to Sennington (n.s. **Melksham**, 3 m.) 3 m., and Avon 2 m. 3 m. below **Holt** Bias joins Avon on left bank. Bias rises in a mill pond S. of **Westbury**, and in 3 m. is joined on left bank by a stream which rises in Berkley House Park lake (n.s. **Frome**), and is 5 m. long. At the junction of the above with the parent brook a stream 1 m. long joins on left bank, which drains a pond by North Bradley. Half a mile down, a brook joins on right bank, which runs from **Westbury**, working two or three mills, and is 3 m. long. Hence to **Trowbridge** is 3 m. Here a stream joins on left bank, which rises in a pond 3 m. up. Avon is 1½ m. down from **Trowbridge**. Avon runs in 2 m. to **Bradford**, **Freshford** 2 m. Here Frome river (trout and coarse fish) joins on left bank. Frome rises in the lake at New Hitchling, 1½ m. S. of **Witham**, and is joined at that place on right bank by the outflow of the lake in **Witham** Park, 1½ m. up. 3½ m. down Frome, a stream joins on right bank, which rises in Bradley Mill Pool 1 m. N. of Malden Bradley, and is 3 m. long. Frome runs in 2 m. to **Frome**, and is here joined on right bank by the brook which drains the lake in Longleat Park (trout, roach, dace, perch, pike; Lord Bath), 5 m. from **Frome**, and also the mill pool at Corsley, 3 m. from **Frome**. 1 m. below **Frome** Cale joins Frome on left bank. This stream rises in Lechmore water (n.s. **Binegar**, 1½ m.), and in 4 m. is joined on right bank by a stream which works a mill 1 m. up. 1 m. on, at Caleford, a stream, working a mill 1 m. up, joins on left bank. Cale in 2 m. waters the lakes in Mell's Park, and 2 m. below, at Elm, a stream 2½ m. long joins on right bank, which rises in a pond by Little Elm. 2 m. on is the Frome. 1 m. down Frome the outflow of the large lake at Orchardleigh, 2 m. from Frome, joins on left bank. Frome runs to Beckington 1½ m., Road 2 m. (preserved by Avon and Tributaries Angling Association, and then by the owner of Farleigh Castle), Farleigh 3 m. (preserved hence to Avon by Avon and Trib. A.A.), **Freshford** and Avon 3 m. Avon now runs to **Limpley** 1 m., 1 m. below which Midford brook joins on left bank, which rises in the lake in Stone Easton Park (n.s. **Hallatrow**), runs 2½ m. to **Midsummer Norton**, where a stream joins on right bank, which rises in a mill pond by **Chilcompton** 2 m. up. The main stream flows to **Radstock** 1 m., **Wellow** 4 m., 1 m. below which a stream joins on right bank, which rises in the mill pool at Norton St. Philip, and is 2 m. long. The main stream flows to **Midford** 2 m., where a stream joins on left bank, which rises by **Hallatrow**, runs 6 m. to Combe Hay (n.s. **Wellow**, 1½ m.), and **Midford** 2½ m. Avon is 1½ m. down. Avon runs in 3½ m. to **Bathampton**. Here Box brook and St. Catharine's brook join on right bank. Box is some 7 or 8 m. long, works several mills. Box is midway. St. Catharine's (trout) works some mills, and is 5 or 6 m. long. Avon runs in 2½ m. to **Bath**, **Weston** and **Twiverton** 1 m. Just above the city Woolley brook joins on right bank. Woolley rises above Langridge (trout), runs to Swanswick (trout, leave from H. G. Bush, Esq., solicitor, Bath), Woolley (trout, leave from Mr. Shackell, Manor Farm), Larkhall, and Lambridge (leave from the millers). 1 m. below Bath, Newton brook joins Avon on left bank, which rises in Priston mill, and is 4 m. long. 2 m. down Avon the outflow of the lakes in Newton Park, 1 m. up, joins on left bank. Avon runs in 1 m. to **Kelston** and **Saltford**. 3 m. down, Boyd river joins on right bank. Boyd rises by Dodington (n.s. **Yate**, 7 m.), and in 4 m. at Doynton (trout; private), is joined on right bank by Feltham brook, which rises above Pucklechurch (n.s. **Mangotsfield**, 2 m.), and is 3 m. long. Boyd, in 1½ m., waters the lake in Wick Court (n.s. **Warmley**, 2 m.), and flows to **Bitton**, 3 m., and Avon, 1 m. Avon runs to **Keynsham**, 2 m. Here Chew river joins on left bank. Chew rises at Chewton Mendip (n.s. **Hallatrow**, 4½ m.), runs to West Harptree 4 m. (n.s. **Clutton**, 5 m.) (fair troutling; preserved), Chew Stoke 4 m. (good troutling; preserved). Here a stream joins on right bank, which rises by Stowey Mill, 3 m. off (n.s. **Clutton**, 2½ m.). Chew runs to Chewton Magna 2 m. (roach, trout, perch; private; the Bristol Waterworks Co. here own a reservoir holding perch, roach, trout; d.t. 8s. 6d., limited issue); and here a stream joins on left bank, which works the powder mills at Winford 2 m. up. Chew 2 m. down is joined on left bank by a stream working a mill 2 m. up. 1 m. down Chew is **Fensford**. 1 m. down, the outflow of the lakes in Hound-street Park, 1½ m. up, joins on right bank. Hence to **Keynsham** and Avon is 5 m. 1 m. down Avon, Slaton brook joins on right bank. Slaton rises by **Mangotsfield**, runs to **Warmley** 2 m., **Bitton** 2½ m., and Avon 1 m. Avon in 4 m. is joined on left bank by a brook rising above **Brislington** 2 m. up. Avon reaches **Bristol** in 2 m. (c.s.) Ashton brook, 5 m. long, joins Avon at **Long Ashton Station** on left bank.

- FROME** river here joins Avon on right bank. Frome rises by Chipping Sodbury (n.s. *Yate*, 2 m.), runs 5 m. to *Yate*, 3 m. to *Iron Acton* (preserved below by Clifton Angling Society). 1 m. down, Laden river joins on right bank. Laden rises by *Wickwar*, and in 4 m. passes 1 m. E. of *Tytherington*, and 4 m. down joins Frome. 4 m. down, Frome (n.s. *Filton*, 3 m.) Bradley brook joins on right bank. Bradley (trout and coarse fish) rises by *Alveston* (n.s. *Thornbury*, 3 m.), runs 4 m., and is joined on right bank by *Stoke brook*, 3 m. long. Bradley joins Frome 4 m. down. 3 m. down Frome the drainings of the *Duchess pond* in *Stoke Park*, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. np, joins on right bank (n.s. *Fish Ponds*, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ m.). 2 m. down Frome is *Stapleton Road Station*, and 2 m. down is *Bristol*. In *Grosvenor pond* is good jacking; leave from T. E. M. Marsh, Esq., *Grosvenor*.
- Brixham** (Devon).—G.W.R. *Brixham brook*. This stream runs by *Churston Ferrers*, and is 3 m. long. Many large bass are caught at the trawlers' moorings. Dabs and mackerel in the bay, pollack along the rocky shore to *Bury Head*, and beyond, especially at and around the *Cod Rock*; enormous shoals of bass are often seen here, from high water and during the ebb. Bream and conger also round this rock. (See also *Paignton* and *Torquay*.)
- Brixworth** (Northton).—L. & N.W.R. *Nen*. *Calender brook*. (See *Wisbeach*.)
- Broad Clist** (Devon).—S.W.R. *Clist*. *South brook*. *Halbrook brook*. (See *Topsham*.)
- Brookenhurst** (Hants).—S. & R.R. (See *Lymington*.)
- Bromfield** (Salop).—S. & H.R. *Teme*; grayling, trout, chub, pike; permission from Lord Windsor, of *Oakley Park*. *Onny*; trout, grayling, chub, pike; strictly preserved. *Corve* (1 $\frac{1}{2}$ m. E.); trout, grayling. *Pyr brook* (4 m. N.). *Lakes*: *Decoy Pool* (1 $\frac{1}{2}$ m. S.W.) (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Bromley** (Kent).—L.C. & D.R. On *Ravensbourne*. (See *Lewisham*.)
- Bromsgrove** (Worcester).—B. & G.B. *Salwarp*; trout. *Spadabourne brook*. *Lakes*: *Tardibegge reservoir*; pike, perch; d. t. is, including boat, from the keeper. (See *Gloucester*.)
- Bromyard** (Hereford).—B.R. *Frome*. *Inkstone brook*. *Linton brook* (3 m.). *Leddou* (4 m.). (See *Chepstow*.)
- Brooksbys** (Leicester).—M.R. *Wreak*; roach, bream, chub; preserved by the owner of *Brooksbys Hall*. (c.s. *Trent*.) *Lakes*: *Ragdale Hall lake*, 3 m. N. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Brooms** (Salop).—C.W.R. *Clun*; trout, grayling. *Kempton brook*. (See *Clun*; *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Brough** (Westland).—The river *Eden* runs near. *Salmon* and *trout*. (c.s.)
- Broughton-in-Furness** (Lanca).—L. & N.W.R. and M.R. On *Duddon*. *Trout*, *salmon*. This stream rises on the *Westmoreland* border. After 2 m., *Guiseale Gill* joins on the right bank. 1 m. on a small stream runs in on the left bank which flows out of a small hill tarn. *Mossdale Beck*, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. on, joins on the right bank. *Cockley Beck*, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. further on, joins on the left bank. Some 4 m. on a considerable burn joins on the right bank, and 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ m. beyond that *Tarn Beck* joins on the left bank. *Tarn Beck* rises on the side of *Seathwaite Fell*, and, after a short course, runs into *Seathwaite tarn*. 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ m. from the lake, *Long House Gill* joins *Tarn Beck* on the left bank, and on the same side, but 1 m. on, a beck joins, which runs out of a hill loch. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. beyond this, *Tarn Beck* joins *Duddon*. From this point some 3 m. down, *Crosby Gill*, some 5 m. in length, joins *Duddon* on the right bank. On the same side about 1 m. on, *Hole House Gill* joins *Duddon*. This stream rises in a hill loch near *Fox Crag*, and has a course of about 4 m. From the junction of *Hole House Gill* and *Duddon* to the junction of *Logan Beck* with *Duddon* on its right bank, is some 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ m. 2 m. beyond this point, and close to the town of *Broughton-in-Furness*, the river *Stickle* joins *Duddon* on the left bank. This river rises in the slopes of *Dunnerdale*, and, after passing through a small tarn in a course of 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ m., is joined on the left bank by *Apple Tree Worth Beck*; 1 m. beyond this junction a fair beck joins on the right bank. This beck, some 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ m. from its junction, on the left side going up stream, is joined by a small streamlet, which drains a small tarn lying under *Stickle Pike*. From the junction of this stream with *Stickle* to the junction of *Stickle* with *Duddon* at *Broughton-in-Furness* is some 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ m. Leave may be sometimes had for the lower portion of the river. At *Ulpha*, 4 m. off, is a comfortable inn, *The Traveller's Rest*. Leave to fish is freely granted on application to *Mr Gunson*. *Seathwaite tarn* (trout and char) and *Devoke water* (large trout) can also be fished from here. Below this point the *Duddon* runs into the estuary. Roads run by the banks of all the streams.
- Brownhills** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R., M.R. *Crane*, 1 m. N.E. *Lakes*: *Cannock Chase reservoir*, 1 m. N. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Broxbourne** (Herts).—G.E.R. (See *Stratford*; *Cheshunt*; *London*.) *New River*. *Lea*; trout, pike, barbel, perch, dace, chub, roach, tench, carp; preserved from *Currant Tree Island*. *Hotel*: *Crown*, where tickets can be had; s.t., 42s., bottom and jack fishing; 21s., troutling. D.t., bottom, 1s.; jack, 2s.; trout, 5s.; trout fishing commences on April 1st, ends August 31st. No person may fish with more than one rod and line. From the 1st of March to the 15th of August no ledger fishing with worms is allowed, nor must any lob-worm or fish bait be used except by trout subscribers during that time. No fishing for jack allowed from March 15th to August 14th. No gorge fishing between August 1st and October 31st. No roach or dace to be taken between May 15th and June 15th. No perch to be killed between March 31st and June 15th. The fishing from *Currant Tree Hole* to the *Aqueduct Lock* at *Broxbourne* is private.
- Broxton** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. *Holywell brook*, 1 m. W. (See *Chester*.)
- Brundall** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. *Yare*; roach, bream, perch; preserved by a society at *Norwich*. (c.s. *N. and S.*) At *Coldham Hall*, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. from *Brundall*, is a good inn and good

- fishing, preserved as above. *Lakes*: Surlingham Broad, leave from Mr. Pratt. (*c.s. N. and S.*) Plimptstead Hall lakes, 2 m. N. (*See Yarmouth.*) (*c.s. Norfolk.*)
- Bruton** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Brue; trout; preserved. (*c.s. Avon*) Cambe. (*See High-bridge.*)
- Buckenhams** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Yare; bream, roach, perch, pike; boats at the inn; fishing free. The mouth of Hasingham Dyke is a good spot. (*c.s. N. and S.*) *Lakes*: Stumpsham Broad, 1 m. N.W. Buckenhams Broad and Hasingham Broad, 1 m. S.E.; preserved by T. Tuck, Esq., and Sir B. Beauchamp. Rockland Broad, 1½ m. S.W. on other bank of river, free. (*c.s. N. and S.*) (*See Yarmouth.*)
- Buckfastleigh** (Devon).—G.W.R. Dart; trout, salmon; fishing free from Holne bridge above to Totnes below, except in a portion near here. (*c.s.*) (*See Dartmouth.*)
- Buckhurst Hill** (Essex).—L.W.E. & O.R. On Roding. (*See Barking.*) Fishing very poor.
- Buckingham**.—L. & N.W.B. Ouse; preserved by the farmers; leave readily obtained apply, previously by letter, at hotel. (*c.s. N. and S.*) Claydon, 6 m. *Lakes*: At Stowe (4 m. N.W.) *Hotel*: White Hart. (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Bucknell** (Salop).—C.W.R. Teme; trout, grayling, chub; preserved by the landowners. *Brook*: Brook; trout. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Bucknell** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.B. Trent. (*c.s.*) *Lakes*: Brookhouse mill pool. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Bude** (Cornwall).—(N.A. *Holsworthy*, 10 m.) *Hotel*: Falcon. On Bude. Bude rises by Week St. Mary (n.s. *Holsworthy*, 11 m.), runs 3 m., and is joined by Longford brook on right bank, 3 m. long. Bude runs 3 m. to Marhamchurch (n.s. *Holsworthy*, 7 m.), and 1 m. down, Stratton brook joins on right bank. Stratton rises a mile above Stratton (n.s. *Holsworthy*, 9 m.), and is 5 m. long. Bude runs to Bude 2 m., and joins the sea 1 m. down. By staying at the hotel fishing can be had in the canal reservoir, 8 m. off. 4 m. N. of Bude runs Shephill brook, 5 m. long. There is some sea fishing.
- Budeigh Salterton** (Devon).—Good sea-fishing. Whiting, pollack, mackerel, and pout, locally known as "blains," are caught within from five minutes' to half an hour's distance from the beach. Shoals of bass are often found off the harbour's mouth at Otterton Ledge and at the Foot Clout Rock, and, if not too rough, in breezy weather, will take a fly. Mussel bait is fetched from Lymptone, on the Exe, and small fresh-water eels for pollack fishing are procurable with a finely-meshed shrimp net under stones inside the Otter mouth. Many whiting are caught late in autumn in Ladram Bay towards Sidmouth. For fishing, apply to James Rogers; and for lodgings or furnished houses to Mr. H. Stickland. Troutling in the Otter can be had by staying at the Rolle Arms Hotel (*see Advertisement*), which has one transferable ticket. (*See Ottery.*)
- Buldwias** (Salop).—S.V.R. Severn; pike, perch, chub, trout, grayling, dace, salmon; fishing free. Farley brook. Leighton brook (2½ m. W.). *Inns*: Buldwias Bridge Inn. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s.*)
- Bulford** (Essex).—G.E.R. On Pod's brook. (*See Maldon.*)
- Bulwell** (Notts).—M.R. Leen. *Lakes*: Forge Mill pond, 2 m. N. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Bungay** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Waveney. (*c.s. N. and S.*) *Lakes*: Ditchington Hall, 2½ m. N. (*See Yarmouth.*)
- Buntingford** (Herts).—On B. & St. M.R. (*See Stratford.*) On Rib; trout fishing very good, mostly preserved by — Some, Esq., of Aspeden.
- Bures** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Stour; pike, perch, roach, carp, dace, bream, tench; preserved by Sudbury Angling Society from above *Sudbury* to 4 m. below Bures at Weston Mill. *Lakes*: Assington Mill pond, 4 m. N.E. (*c.s. N. and S.*) (*See Manningtree.*)
- Burgess Hill** (Sussex).—L.C. & D.R. On Adur; trout. (*See New Shoreham.*)
- Burngallow** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Clisay. (*See St. Austell; St. Ewe.*)
- Burnham** (Essex).—On Crouch. This stream rises near the village of Great Burnstead, 14 m. down, a stream joins on the left bank, which rises near Woodham Ferris, and has a course of 4 m. From hence to Burnham is 12 m. 2 m. below Burnham, Roach joins Crouch. Roach rises near Rayleigh, and in 4 m. reaches Rochford (n.s. *Southend*, 5 m.), where a small brook joins on the right bank. 10 m. down Roach joins Crouch, and 3 m. on the sea.
- Burnsall** (York).—Wharfe. Ouse; trout and grayling. Preserved for 7 m. by the Apple-treewick, Barden, and Burnsall Angling Club of fifty members. Entrance, 6s.; s.t. 4s., and 4 day tickets for friends. Troutling begins April 1, and ends Sept. 30. Grayling fishing (members only) April 1 and Jan. 31; d.t. 5s.; from the sec., Mr. T. J. Critchley, Brook-street, Ilkley, York; Mr. J. Ramsden, New Inn, Appletreewick; Mr. S. Lister, of Barden Tower; and F. W. Binns, Red Lion Inn, Burnsall. (*c.s. York.*)
- Burnt Mill** (Essex).—G.E.R. Stort; pike, roach, &c. (*See Stratford.*)
- Burslem** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. M.R., G.N.R. Fowler brook. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Burton** (Northton).—M.R. Ise. (*See Wisbeach.*)
- Burton Bradstock** (n.s. *Bridport*, 3 m.). On Bredy. Bredy rises at Little Bredy (n.s. *Dorchester*, 7 m.), runs 3 m. to Little Cheney, and Burton Bradstock, 5 m. (*See c.s. Axe.*)
- Burton-on-Trent** (Stafford).—M.R., G.N.R., L. & N.W.R., N.S.R. Trent; roach, dace, pike, perch, chub, barbel; fishing free from Stapenhill bridge to Burton bridge; the Wet-moor fishing, next below, is preserved by Mr. Smith, the tenant; s.t. 10s., d.t. 1s. (*c.s.*) Dove, 3 m. N.E.; coarse fish, pike, trout, grayling. The Sudbury and Rolleston water in Dove, which holds grayling, trout, and coarse fish, is preserved by the Burton-on-Trent Angling Association; hon. sec., Mr. R. Clarke; s.t. 40s. Mr. J. C. Perfect issues salmon and trout licences. (*c.s. Trent.*) Rolleston brook, 4 m. N. *Lakes*: Tatenhill lake, 3 m. S.W.

- Rolleston Hall lake, 4 m. N. Drakelow Hall lake, 4 m. S. Six lakes in Bretby Park, 4 m. S.E. Three mill ponds at Hartshorn, 5 m. S.E. Byrkley Lodge pond, 5 m. W. Repton Park lake, 5 m. N.E. on S. side of Trent. Foremark ponds, 6 m. N.E. *Hotels:* Three Queens, Station, Midland, George, and Saracen's Head. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Burton Joyce** (Notts).—M.R. Trent; pike, chub, roach, salmon. (c.s.) Cocker beck. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Bury St. Edmund's** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Lark; dace and coarse fish; free. Linnet (*See King's Lynn.*) *Hotel:* Angel.
- Bushbury** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. *Lakes:* Moseley Mill pond, 1 m. N.E. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Buxted** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. (*See Newhaven.*) Ouse; trout; good fishing. (c.s.)
- Buxton** (Derby).—M.R., L. & N.W.E. Wye; trout; preserved for 4 m. down; d.t. 1s. 6d., from Mr. Banks, fish-tackleist, 37, Spring-gardens (*See Advertisement*); only fly allowed. (c.s. Trent.) Gos, 4 m. N.W. Dane, 4 m. S.W. (*see Frodsham*). Dove, 5 m. S.E., at Glutton mill. (c.s. Trent.) Mannyfold, 6 m. S.E., at **Longnor**. *Hotels:* Shakespeare, St. Ann's, Crescent, George. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Buxton** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Bure. *Lake:* Scotton pond, 2 m. N.E. (*See Yarmouth.*)
- Byfield** (Warwick).—E. & W.J.R. On Cherwell. (*See London, M.T.*) There are two reservoirs near here.
- Caerleon** (Monmouth).—N.A. & H.R. Uak; salmon, trout. Llwyd. (*See Newport.*) (c.s.)
- Caine** (Wilts).—G.W.R. (*See Bristol.*) On Marden (coarse fish). River brook. Fisher's brook. *Lake* in Bowood Park; pike, perch, carp, tench, roach; leave from Lord Lansdowne.
- Calton Bridge** (York).—On Aire. Trout. Preserved by the Craven Angling Club.
- Cam** (Gloucester).—M.R. Cam Brook. (*See Dursley.*)
- Cambourne** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Gwythian brook. Gwythian rises by **Cambourne**, runs 6 m., and is joined on left bank by Gwinear brook, which rises 2 m. S.E. of **Gwinear Station** (G.W.R.), and is 5 m. long. Gwythian runs to the sea in 2 m. (c.s. Camel.)
- Cambridge**.—G.N.R. and G.E.R. Cam; coarse fish; preserved hence to Littleport on the Ouse below Ely by the Cambridge and Ely Angling Society, s.t. 2s. 6d., non-residents, 5s.; hon. secs., W. Purchas, Esq., Cambridge, A. C. Allen, Club Inn, Ely, R. J. Leach, Littleport, and W. Howlett, Newmarket, from whom tickets can be had. Below Baitabite Locks the fishing for pike, &c., is very fair, and the farther down you go the better. Good fishing for pike in the South Level Cut two days a week. Baits from D. Banham, Jesus Sluice, W. Agger, Market-place, Cambridge, or J. Morley, Ditton. There is trout fishing at Linton, 9 m. off; leave must be obtained from a Fellow of Pembroke College. (*See King's Lynn.*) *Hotels:* Castle, Hoop, Bull, Red Lion.
- Campden** (Gloucester).—G.W.R. (*See Shipston, Gloucester.*) Kneze brook.
- Cannock** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Saredon brook. Penk, at Penkridge, 5 m. N.W. *Lakes:* Hatherton Hall lake, 1 m. W. Biddulphs pool, 2 m. E. Marston Wood ponds, 3 m. N.W. Pottal reservoir and Pottal pools, 3 m. N. Galey reservoir, 4 m. W. Norton reservoir, 4 m, S.E. Cannock Chase reservoir, 4 m. S.E. Park pool and Keepers' pool, Teddesley Park, 5 m. N.W. Upper, middle, and lower Sherbrook pools, 6 m. N. Moseley Court pond, 6 m. S.W. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Canterbury** (Kent).—L.C. & D.R. and S.E.R. *Hotels:* The Rose, Fleur de Lis, Fountain, Fleece, Saracen's Head, and The Falstaff. (*See Sandwich.*) On Stour; trout, pike, perch, roach, tench; preserved by the Stour Fishery Association from Shalmsford to Canterbury. Trout fishing begins April 1 and ends September 15. Coarse fishing at any time. For trout, only the artificial fly is allowed, and the dead natural or artificial minnow. No trout may be killed under 13in. long, or salmon or salmon trout under 3lb. No dogs. Each member has six tickets for friends. (c.s.) The Stour Fishery Protection Association preserves Stour from Whitehall dyke above Canterbury to **Sturry**; s.t. 84s.; season April 1 to September 15, fly only, or dead minnow; no dogs; hon. sec., F. C. Naah, Esq., 3, The Parade, Canterbury (*see Advertisement*). The Fordwich and Grove Ferry Angling Club preserves the Stour from Fordwich Bridge to Plucks Gutter, Stourmouth; hon. sec., F. W. Lucy, Esq., 2, Lower Bridge-street, Canterbury (*see Advertisement*); trout season from April 1 to Sept. 15; pike and roach, good; trout to be killed by fly or minnow only; s.t. (only) 21s., for coarse fish, d.t. 1s.
- Cantley** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Yare; pike, roach, bream, perch; breaming good; fishing free. Inn: Red House. (*See Yarmouth.*) (c.s. Norfolk.)
- Capel** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Capel brook. (*See Manningtree.*)
- Carlisle** (Cumbria).—L. & N.W.R. and M.R. On Eden, Caldew, and Petteril. Salmon, trout, chub. *Hotels:* County and Station, Great Central, Bush, Victoria, and Red Lion. Eden rises in the E. of Westmoreland, and is 65 m. long, passing **Kirkby Stephen**, below which Soulby, Bela, and Brough Becks join. Eden now flows past Musgrave (fishing free), Warcop (fishing free), to **Appleby**, **Temple-Sowerby**, and Carlisle. Best months for salmon, March, April, September, and October. The Caldew and Petteril are better for trout. Leave can be had in several parts of the Eden from the Carlisle Angling Association; s.t. for strangers 42s., salmon and trout; w.t. 20s. and trout 10s. The association have four different stretches of water. Mr. J. B. Slater, Carlisle, is secretary. Good quarters at the Crown Inn, Wetheral, 4 m. from Carlisle, on the banks of the Eden, at its best part.
- Carlton** (Notts).—G.N.R. Trent; chub, roach, pike, perch, barbel. (c.s.) Crosby dyke *Lakes:* Mons pool and Cowarth pool, 2 m. E. (*See Gainsborough.*)

- Carshalton** (Surrey).—E. & C.R. Wandle; trout. Fishing very good, but preserved. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Castle Ashby** (Northton).—L. & N.W.R. Nen; pike, perch, bream, tench, &c.; preserved by Nen Angling Society (*see Northampton*). Sywell brook. 1 m. W. Ashby brook, 1 m. S.E. *Lakes*: Castle Ashby Park, 2 m. S. (Lord Northampton); jack, &c.; preserved. Sywell Mill, 3 m. N.W. Sywell Park, 5 m. N.W. *Inn*: Railway. (*See Wisbeach*.)
- Castle Bromwich** (Warwick).—M.R. Tame. (*c.s. Trent*.) East brook. *Lake*: Plankbrook Forge pond, 1 m. N. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Castle Carey** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Brue; trout, roach; preserved. (*c.s. Avon*.) Evercreech brook. (*See Highbridge*.)
- Castle Donnington** (Leicester).—M.R. Trent, 1 m. N. at Shardlow; pike, perch, roach, dace, barbel, salmon; preserved; s.t. 42s., from Mr. Wood, Chapel Bar, Nottingham; or Peach and Son, St. Peter's-street, Derby. *Hotels*: Castle Arms, where tickets can be had, and Railway. (*c.s.*) (*See Weston*.) Derwent, 3 m. N. (*c.s. Trent*.) Breedon brook, 3 m. S.W. at Tong. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Castleford** (York).—L. & N.W.R., G.N.R., M.R. On Calder. Dace, roach, chub, &c. (*c.s. Cumberland*.)
- Castlehill** (Devon).—S.W.R. Bray; trout. (*c.s. Tav.*) (*See Barnstaple*.)
- Castle Rising** (Norfolk).—n.s. North Wootton, 2 m. Babingley river, which rises in the lake at Hillington Hall, and is 9 m. long.
- Castleton**, n.s. **Chapel-en-le-Frith**, 6 m. (Derby).—L. & N.W.R. and M.R. Peaks Hole water. Now, 2 m. E.; trout, grayling; preserved by Peak Forest Angling Club. Bradwell brook, 2 m. S.E. Derwent, 4 m. E. (*c.s. Trent*.) (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Castor** (Northton).—L. & N.W.R., G.N.R. Nen; pike, perch, bream, chub, &c.; preserved by Lords Huntley and Fitzwilliam, who will give an occasional day. Billing brook. *Lakes*: Old Field pond, 1 m. N.E.; tench; free. Milton Park, 2 m. N.E.; preserved. (*See Wisbeach*.)
- Catfield** (Norfolk).—S.E.R. Ant. Barton Broad, 1 m. W. Wormack Broad, 2 m. S. by Ludham. Catfield Broad, 2 m. S.W. (*See Yarmouth*.) (*c.s. Norfolk*.)
- Catford Bridge** (Kent).—M.K.R. On Ravensbourne. (*See Lewisham*.)
- Cattal** (York).—Y.H. & L.R. On Ouse. Good coarse fishing. (*c.s. York*.)
- Cavendish** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Stour; pike, perch, roach, carp, dace, bream, tench. Glemsford Brook, 2 m. E.; same fish; preserved from Glemsford down by the Sudbury Angling Society. (*c.s. N. and S.*) (*See Manningtree*.)
- Cawston** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Blackwater brook. *Lake*: Blackwater, 1½ m. N. Haveringham lake, 2 m. S. (*See Yarmouth*.)
- Caythorpe** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Brant, 2 m. W. (*See Boston*.)
- Chancewater** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Sevecock water. (*See Truro*.)
- Chapel-en-le-Frith** (Derby).—M.R., L. & N.W.R. Now, 4 m. N.E. (*See Castleton; Gainsborough*.)
- Chapelton** (Devon).—S.W.R. Taw; private. Yarncombe brook. Chittlehampton brook (2 m.). Swimbridge water (3 m.). (*c.s.*) (*See Barnstaple*.)
- Chapple** (Essex).—G.E.R. Colne. (*See Colchester*.)
- Chard** (Somerset).—S.W.R. (*See Seaton*.)
- Chard Junction** (Somerset).—S.W.R. On Axe. Mr. Langdon, Parrock Lodge, Chard, preserves the fishing, and sometimes gives leave. (*See Seaton*.) (*c.s. Axe*.) *Hotel*: Tytherleigh Arms.
- Charfield** (Gloucester).—M.R. Little Avon; trout and coarse fish; preserved by Mr. Long. Bleworth brook. Ozeleworth brook, 2 m.; trout; preserved. (*See Berkeley*.) (*c.s. Severn*.)
- Charmouth** (Dorset).—On Char; trout. Char is some 7 m. long, and works two or three mills. (*See c.s. Axe*.) General sea fishing.
- Charlbury** (Oxford).—W. & W.R. On Evenlode. (*See London, U.T.*)
- Chartham** (Kent).—On A. & R.R. On Stour; trout, jack, perch, roach, &c. (*See Sandwich*.) Here begins the water belonging to the Stour Fishery Association. 3 m. of the river belongs to C. S. Hardy, Esq. *Inn*: Railway Tavern. (*See Canterbury*.) (*c.s.*)
- Chathburn** (Lancs).—On Ribble. Fishing fair. Tickets from Pendle Hotel. (*c.s.*)
- Cheadle**, n.s. **Blythe**, 3 m. (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R., G.N.R., and M.R. Tean. Blythe, 3 m. S.W. Churnet, 3 m. N.E. (*c.s. Trent*.) *Lakes*: Whympey Wood ponds, 2 m. N.W. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Checker House** (Notts).—M.R. Ryton. Poulter 2 m. S. *Lakes*: Clumber Park, 3 m. S.W. (*See Althorpe*.)
- Chedder** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Ax. Chedder water. *Lakes*, decoy (*See Axbridge*.) (*c.s. Avon*.)
- Cheddleton** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. and M.R. Churnet; trout, grayling; fishing injured by Leek drainage. (*c.s. Trent*.) Endon brook, 1 m. N.W. West brook, 1 m. S.E. *Lakes*: Pond by Wetley, 3 m. S. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Chelford** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Peover. Bug. *Lakes*: Astle Hall lake, Reed's mere, and Capesthorpe Hall lake, 2 m. S.E. Over Peover Hall lake, 3 m. S.W. Wicken Hall mere, 3 m. S.E. (*See Frodsham*.)
- Chellaston** (Derby).—M.R. Trent, 1 m. S.W. at Swarkstone; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, barbel, salmon; preserved on S. side up to Willington by Sir F. Bardett; s.t., coarse fish 10s. 6d., ditto and salmon 21s., from Mr. Newbold, of King's Newton, and Mr

Peach, of Derby; below, Sir V. H. Crews owns 1 m. and then the King's Mill Fishery commences. (*See Weston.*) (c.s.) *Lakes:* The Moor's ponds by Stanton, 3 m. S.W. (*See Gainsborough.*)

Chelmsford (Essex).—G.E.R. Cann. Chelmer; pike, perch, roach dace, carp, tench, and, below Boreham, bream; fishing good, leave from farmers and lords of manors. (*See Maldon.*) There is a large pond at the Nunnery, Boreham, 3m. from Chelmsford, containing carp, tench, and roach; permission from Mr. Sparks, the land steward, on the estate. 4 m. from Chelmsford is Mill Pond, belonging to Col. Tufnell Tyrrel, of Boreham House; leave to fish can be obtained. *Hotels:* Saracen's Head, White Hart.

Cheltenham (Gloucester).—G.W.E. Chelt. Swilgate (2 m. N.E.). *Hotels:* Plough, Queen's, Lamb. (*See Gloucester.*)

Chepstow (Monmouth).—Wye. Trout, salmon, chub, pike, dace. Moun-ton brook. (*See Portskewet.*) Wye rises on the slopes of Plymlomon, 10 m. above **Llangurig** (M.W.R.). 4 m. down, Tavenig, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. 5 m. down Wye, Bidno, 6 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Wye is **Llangurig**. Wye runs 8 m., and is joined on left bank by Marteg, which rises 4 m. above **Pont-y-dwr** (N.W.R.), runs to **St. Harmon** (N.W.R.) 2 m., and Wye 4 m. Wye runs 3 m. to **Rhayader** (M.W.R.) Here a stream joins on left bank, which runs out of Glan Llyn, 1½ m. up. 2 m. down Wye, Elan joins on right bank. Elan rises in Llyn Helygen (n.s. **Llangurig**, 6 m. cross country), and 4 m. down is joined on right bank by Gwny, which rises in a lake (Llyn Gwny) 8 m. up. 1 m. S.W. of Llyn Helygen. 2 m. down Elan, Hirin joins on right bank. Hirin rises in Llyn Cerrig Llwydion Uchaf (n.s. **Rhayader**, 9 m.), runs in 1½ m. to Llyn Cerrig Llwydion Isaf, and 4 m. down joins Elan. 8 m. down Elan, Clearwen joins on right bank. Clearwen rises 6 m. E. of **Strata Florida** (M. & M.R.), runs 2 m., and is joined on left bank by Figen, which rises in Llyn Fyrdwyn-fach (n.s. **Strata Florida**, 7 m.), runs ½ m. to Llyn Fyrdwyn-fawr. ½ m. below this lake a stream 1 m. long joins on right bank, rising in Llyn-du, ½ m. S.E. of Llyn Fyrdwyn-fawr. Figen runs in 1 m. to Llyn Figen-felan (n.s. **Strata Florida**, 8 m.), and 3 m. down joins Clearwen. 2 m. down Clearwen, Brywnog, which rises in Llyn Gynon (n.s. **Strata Florida**, 7 m.) and is 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Clearwen runs 3 m., and is joined on right bank by Arban, 3 m. long (n.s. **Doldowlod**, M.W.R., 8 m.), 3 m. down Clearwen, Garw, which rises in Llyn Garw (n.s. **Doldowlod**, 9 m.) and is 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 3 m. down Clearwen, at Capel Naut-gwylh, is Elan, which runs 4 m. to Wye. Wye runs 2 m. to **Doldowlod**, 5 m. to **New Bridge** (M.W.R.). 1 m. below, Hirnant, 4 m. long, joins on right bank, and Ithon on left bank. Ithon rises in Llyn Dwr (6 m. S. of **Newtown** (O. & N.R.), runs 6 m. to Abergwenlas Inn (n.s. **Pen-y-bont**, C.W.R., 10 m., or **St. Hermon**, M.W.R., 8 m.), Llanno 4 m., Llanbister 1½ m. 2 m. down, Cam-ddwr joins on left bank. This stream rises above the pound and alehouse 5 m. W. from **Llangynllo** (C.W.R.), and is 5 m. long. Ithon runs to **Pen-y-bont** (C.W.R.), and here Arran joins on left bank. Arran rises 3½ m. W. of **Llangynllo**, on the road to the alehouse above mentioned, runs to **Doban** (C.W.R.) 7 m., and Ithon 2 m. 2 m. down Ithon, Llandegley brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank, and 5 m. down Ithon, at Llanbadarn, 1 m. from **Pen-y-bont**, Clywedog joins on left bank. Clywedog rises in Fish pool 4 m. E. from **St. Harmon** (M.W.R.), and 4½ m. down is joined on left bank by Crych brook, 5 m. long. 5 m. down Clywedog is Ithon and **Pen-y-bont**. 1 m. down Ithon, Camllo, 4 m. long, joins on right bank, and 1 m. down Ithon again, Dulas joins on right bank. Dulas rises by Wherby 4 m. S.W. of **St. Hermon**, and 4 m. down, at Nantmel, is joined on the right bank by a brook 1 m. long, draining Llyn Gwyn (3 m. N.W. from **Doldowlod**, M.W.R.). Dulas joins Ithon 3 m. down, Ithon runs to **Llan-drindod** (C.W.R.) 3 m., and 2 m. down, at Dissarth, is joined on left bank by Hawddwy, 3 m. long. 3 m. down, Ithon joins Wye by **New Bridge**. 4 m. down Wye, at **Builth Road** (M.W.R.), Dulas, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Wye runs to **Builth** 2 m. Here Irton joins on right bank. Irton rises on the Bryn Garw range, runs 6 m. to Llanfangel Abergwessin, where Gwessin, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down, Calant, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Irton runs to **Llanwrtyd** 4 m., and 2 m. down by the railway is joined by Cerdin, 5 m. long, on left bank. 1 m. down, Cleddan, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Irton runs 3 m. to **Llangammarch** (preserved by the Llangammarch Wells Angling Association). Here Dulas, 8 m. long, joins on right bank. 1½ m. down, Annell, 3 m. long, joins on right bank, and Camddar, 4 m. long, on left bank. Cammarch joins ½ m. down on left bank. Cammarch rises on Coraiganduan, runs 5 m., and is joined on right bank by Cnyffad, 4 m. long. 3 m. down Cammarch, Elnon, 3 m. long, joins on right bank, and 2 m. down Cammarch joins Irton. Irton runs 2 m. to **Garth**. Here Dulas joins on left bank. Dulas rises 8 m. N. from **Garth**, and 4 m. down is joined on left bank by Gwenwest, 4 m. long. Irton runs to **Cilmeri** 4 m. (C.W.R.), and 2 m. below, close to **Builth**, is joined on right bank by Cueddion, 2 m. long. 1 m. down Irton, Chwefrn joins on left bank. Chwefrn rises 4 m. S.W. of **Doldowlod** (M.W.R.), runs 4 m. to Llanafan-fawr, and 5 m. to Irton, which joins Wye just below at **Builth**. 2 m. down Wye, at Llanfared, Dihonw joins Wye on right bank. Dihonw rises 3 m. S.W. of **Garth** (C.W.R.) at Ffrwd-wen, and is 6 m. long. Wye runs 3 m. to **Aberedw** (M.W.R.). Here Edw joins on left bank. Edw rises at Rowton 2 m. S. of Llandegley, 3 m. from **Pen-y-bont** (C.W.R.), and 3 m. down, at Rhos-maen, is joined on left bank by a stream 2 m. long, which drains Llyn Melan, 4 m. S.W. of **New Radnor** (L. & K.R.), at Llan-

fhangel-nant-Melan. Edw runs 2 m. to Bettws Disserth, and 2 m. below, at the Hundred House, Camnant, which rises 4 m. N.E. of **Builth**, and is 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 3 m. down Edw is Oregina, and 1 m. down, at Glan Edw, Rhulen brook, 2 m. long, which rises in the Llyn pools 5 m. N.E. from **Aberedw**, joins on right bank. Edw runs to Llanbadaen-y-Garreg 2 m., and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by Ball brook, which rises by Pen-blaen, 2½ m. from **Builth**, and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by a stream 2 m. long, which drains Llyn Cawr, and another tarn 3 m. N. from **Aberedw**. 1 m. down is Edw, which runs in 2 m. to **Aberedw** and Wye. Wye runs to **Erwood** (M.W.R.) 3 m. Here Lloglin joins on right bank, running out of Llyn Lloglin. 6 m. up, 1 m. down Wye, Bach-howey brook joins on left bank. This brook rises near Pant, 6 m. from **Aberedw**, and 5 m. down at Llanddewi-fach is joined on right bank by a stream which rises in 2 small pools on Llanbedr Hill 2½ m. E. of **Aberedw**, runs 1 m. to Llyn Llanbychlllyn (n.s. **Aberedw** or **Erwood** 3 m.), and 1 m. down joins Bach-howey; Wye is 3 m. down. Wye runs 1 m. and is joined on right bank by Cunrig, 5 m. long. Wye runs to **Boughrood** (M.W.R.) 2 m. and **Glasbury** (H.H. & B.R.) 4½ m. Here Llyfni joins on right bank. Llyfni rises at Middlewood 2 m. E. of Llansaintffraid or **Taly-bont** (B. & M.T.Y.R.), and runs 2 m. to Llyn Saffada or Llangorse, 1 m. E. of **Taly-Llyn Junction** (M.W.R.), 3 m. down at Llandeivallog, Cwm brook, 2 m. long joins on left bank, and **Trefeinon** (M.W.R.) is 1 m. on. Llyfni runs to **Talgarth** (M.W.R.) 3 m. Enig here joins Llyfni on right bank and Dulais brook on left bank. Enig is 4 m. long, and is joined close to the town by 2 short branches. Dulais is 7 m. long, and 2 m. from Talgarth is joined on left bank by Treffrdw brook, 5 m. long. Llyfni runs 2 m. to **Three Cocks Junction** (H.H. & B.R.), and 1 m. down joins Wye at **Glasbury**. Wye runs to **Hay** (H.H. & B.R.) 5 m. (where Dulas brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank), and **Whitney** (H.H. & B.R.) 5 m. 6 m. down, at Willersley (N.S. **Mardisley** 1 m.), Upcot brook joins, which rises in the lakes in Newport House Park and Upcot, by **Almeley** (H.H. & B.R.), runs 1 m., and is joined on right bank near **Mardisley** (H.H. & B.R.), by Holywell brook, 2 m. long. Upcot runs to Wye 2½ m. 1 m. down Wye, by Letton, Letton Lake, which rises by **Almeley**, runs 2 m. to **Kinnersley** (H.H. & B.R.), and Wye, 5 m., joins on left bank. Wye runs to Monnington 4 m., **Credenhill** (2 m. off the river, H.H. & B.R.), 6 m. 2 m. down, near Eaton Bishop, Gage brook joins on right bank. Gage rises by Kingston, 3 m. W. from **Tram Inn Station** (N.A. & H.R.), and is 4 m. long. Wye runs to **Hereford** 4 m. Here Withy brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank, and Sugwas brook on left bank. Sugwas brook rises 1 m. N.W. of **Moorhampton** (H.H. & B.R.), runs 6 m. to **Credenhill** (H.H. & B.R.), and Hereford 5 m. 3 m. down Wye, Red brook, 3 m. long, joins on right bank, and 1 m. down Wye is **Holme Lacy**, and 1 m. below, Lugg joins on left bank at Mordiford. Lug rises in a pool on Pool Hill 5 m. above **Llangynllo** (O.W.R.), and 3 m. below that place is joined on right bank by Graig brook, which rises in Graig Pool 3 m. E. of **Dolaw** (C.W.R.), runs 2 m. to Bledla, just below which Bledla brook joins on left bank, which rises in a pool 2 m. S.W. of **Llangynllo**, and is 3 m. long. Craig runs to Lug 2 m. Lug runs 6 m. to **Presteign**, where Boullibrook, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. down Lug, Summerhill brook joins on right bank. Summerhill rises by Llanfihangel-nant Melan, 4 m. above **New Radnor**. At **New Radnor** it is joined on left bank by Black brook, 3 m. long. Summerhill runs 4 m. to Knill, 3 m. to **Presteign** (1 m. off on N. bank), and 2 m. down joins Lug. Lug runs to Kinsham 2 m., Mortimer's Cross 5 m. (trout, grayling; preserved by Shobdon Court Club of 30 members; s.t., 3l. 3s.; sec., W. Laver, Esq., Shobdon, Hereford); **Kingsland** 2 m., and **Leominster** 4 m. Here Pinsley brook joins on right bank, Ridgmore brook and Stretford brook on left bank. Pinsley rises in two branches in the 4 lakes in Shobdon Park (Lord Bateman), 2 m. from **Pembridge**, runs 4 m. to **Kingsland**, and Lug 4 m. Ridgmore rises in a series of ponds by Croft Castle, runs to **Eye** 3 m., and **Leominster** 4 m. Stretford brook rises by Cornford 5 m. N.E. from **Leominster**, runs 3 m., and is joined on left bank by Pudleston brook, which drains the lake at Pudleston 2 m. up. Stretford runs 4 m. to **Leominster**, where Cogwell brook, which rises above Kimbolton, and is 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 2 m. down Lug, Arrow joins on right bank. Arrow rises in Mann pools, lying 1½ m. N.E. of the Llyn pools, 6 m. N.E. of **Aberedw**, runs 3 m., where it is joined by a stream 3 m. long on left bank. 3 m. down Arrow, at Newchurch, 4 m. from **Whitney**, Cwm-illa brook, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Arrow runs 8 m. to **Kington**, where Gilwern brook joins on left bank. Gilwern rises 6 m. above **Dolhier**, where it is joined by Cynon brook, 3 m. long, on left bank, and Hales brook, 2 m. long, on right bank. Gilwern runs to **Stanner** 2 m., and **Kington** 2 m. Arrow runs to **Titley** 2 m., **Pembridge** 5 m., Eardisland 3 m. (there are coarse fish below here), Monkland 3 m. (fishing poor, but decent quarters, strictly preserved by Capt. Curtis), and Broadward Bridge, 1½ m. from **Leominster**, 2 m. Here Stretford brook joins on right bank. Stretford rises by Weobly (n.s. **Moorhampton**, 3½ m.), and 5 m. down, at Stretford, is joined on left bank by Tippetts brook, which rises 2 m. S. of **Pembridge**, and is 6 m. long. Stretford joins Arrow 5 m. down. Arrow runs in 1 m. to Lug, which runs to **Ford** 1 m., and 2 m. down, at Hampton Court, is joined on left bank by Humber brook, which rises 4 m. above Steens Bridge, 3 m. from **Leominster**, runs 4 m. to the lake in Hampton Park, and 1 m. to Lug. 1 m. down Lug, Marston brook, which

rises by Marston Chapel, 4 m. from **Ford**, and is 4 m. long, joins on left bank. **Lug** runs to Bodenham 1 m., **Dinmore** (S. & H.R.) 1 m., **Malden** 3 m. Here **Derndole** brook, which rises by **Kings Pion** and is 6 m. long, joins on right bank. **Lug** runs to **Moreton-on-Lug** (S. & H.R.) 1 m., and 4 m. down at **Lug Bridge**, 2 m. from **Hereford**, is joined on left bank by **Sutton** brook, which rises by **Ullingswick**, runs 5 m. to **Sutton St. Nicholas** (n.s. **Moreton-on-Lug**, 2½ m.), and **Lug** 3 m. 4 m. down **Lug**, at **Hampton Bishop**, (n.s. **Holme Lacy**, 2 m.), **Frome** joins on left bank. **Frome** rises 8 m. above **Bromyard** (B.R.), where it is joined on right bank by **Inkstone** brook, 5 m. long. **Frome** runs 3 m., and is joined on left bank by **Linton** brook, 2 m. long. **Frome** runs to **Bishops Frome** 3 m. and **Stretton Grandison** 4 m. (n.s. **Ashperton**, W. & H.R., 2½ m.). Here **Leddons** joins on right bank. **Leddons** rises by **Grendon Bishop** 4 m. W. from **Bromyard**, runs to **Stoke Lacy** 5 m. (n.s. **Bromyard**, 4 m.), and **Frome** 6 m. **Frome** runs to **Yarkhill** (n.s. **Stoke Edith**, W. & H.R., 1 m.), and **Lug** 5 m. **Lug** runs to **Mordiford** 1 m. (n.s. **Holme Lacy**, 2 m.), and here **Pentelow** brook joins on left bank, rising in 3 lakes in **Devereux Park** (n.s. **Ashperton**, W. & H.R., 4 m.), and is 4 m. long. Just below **Mordiford** **Lug** joins **Wye**. (The best flies for **Lug** and tributaries are **March** brown, blue duns of various shades, **grannam**, **coch-y-bonddhu**, and **willow fly**.) **Wye** runs to **Fownhope** 3 m., **Fawley** (H.R. & G.R.), to the N., 5 m., and 2 m. down, **Wriggle** brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. **Wye** runs to **Sellock Ferry** 2 m., and **Fawley** to the S. 2 m. 1 m. down, **Sollers** brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. **Wye** runs to **Boss** (H.R. & G.R.) 6 m. Here **Rudhall** brook joins on left bank. **Rudhall** rises by **Mitchelean Road Station** (H. & G.R.), and is 8 m. long. **Wye** runs to **Kerne Bridge** (B. & M.R.) 5 m., where **Castle** brook, rising in some ponds at **Weston-under-Penyard**, 2 m. from **Mitchelean Road Station**, and is 5 m. long, joins on left bank. **Wye** runs to **Simmonds Gate** (B. & M.R.). Here the river makes a large horseshoe, and at the head of the curve, 2 m. down (n.s. **Kerne Bridge**, 2 m.), **Garron** joins on right bank. **Garron** rises by **Orcop** (n.s. **Pontrilas** (N.H. & H.R., 6 m.), and 6 m. down is joined on left bank by **Llanwarne** brook, which rises by **Llanwarne** (n.s. **Fawley**, H.R. & G.R., 5 m.). 3 m. down, the outflow of **Trewarthen** pool, ½ m. up, joins on left bank (n.s. **Boss**, 7 m.). 4 m. down is **Garron**. 1 m. down, at **Llangarron**, **Lammerch** brook, 2 m. long, joins on right bank (n.s. **Boss** or **Kerne Bridge**, 5 m.). 5 m. down **Garron**, **Luke** brook, which rises by **Everston**, 4 m. from **Boss**, and is 4 m. long, joins on left bank (n.s. **Kerne Bridge**, 2 m.). **Garron** runs to **Wye** 1 m. **Wye** runs back again 2 m. to **Simmonds Gate**, and reaches **Monmouth** in 6 m. **Monnow** and **Trothy** here joins **Wye**. **Monnow** rises by **Craswall Chapel**, 6 m. S.E. from **Hay**, runs to **Longtown** (n.s. **Pandy**, N.A. & H.R., 5 m.), and here **Eesley** brook joins on left bank. **Eesley** rises on **Cusop Hill**, 5 m. S.E. from **Hay**, runs 4 m. to **Michaelchurch Eesley**, and **Longtown** 4 m. 1 m. down **Monnow**, at **Clodock**, 4 m. from **Pandy**, **Olchon** brook joins on right bank. **Olchon** rises on the N.E. slopes of the **Black Mountains**, 8 m. from **Hay**, runs 3 m. to **Llanvynno** and 3 m. to **Clodock**. **Monnow** runs to **Pandy** 4 m. Here **Honddu** joins on right bank. **Honddu** rises on the W. slope of the **Black Mountains** (n.s. **Glasbury**, 7 m.), runs 3 m. to **Capel-y-fân**, **Llanthony** 4 m. (here tickets can be had for a length of water from the **Llanthony Abbey Inn**, which has two tickets attached), **Llanfhangell** (W.A. & H.R.), 6 m., and **Pandy** 2 m. **Monnow** runs 4 m. to **Langua**, 1 m. from **Pontrilas** (N.A. & H.R.), and here **Rowlston** brook, 2 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down **Monnow**, at **Pontrilas**, **Dore** joins on left bank. **Dore** rises 2 m. above **Dorston**, 5 m. E. from **Hay**, runs to **Peterchurch** 3 m., and **Pontrilas** 8 m. Here **Worm** brook joins on left bank and **Dulas** brook on right bank. **Worm** brook rises in the ponds at **Allenmore House**, 1 m. N. from the **Tram Inn Station** (N.A. & H.R.), runs to **Devereux** (N.A. & H.R.) 4 m.; here a stream joins on right bank, draining a pond 2 m. up. 4 m. down is **Pontrilas** and **Dore**. **Dulas** brook is 5 m. long. **Dore** joins **Monnow** just below. **Monnow** runs 8 m. to **Skenfrith** (fair fishing, accommodation at the inn), where **Black** brook, which rises in some ponds at **Black-brook House**, 6 m. from **Pontrilas**, and is 3 m. long, joins on right bank. **Monnow** runs to **Rockfield** 6 m. and **Monmouth** 3 m. Here **Trothy** joins **Wye** on right bank. **Trothy** rises 2 m. above **Llanfetherline**, 5 m. N.E. from **Abergavenny**, and is here joined on right bank by **Full** brook, which rises 2 m. S.E. of **Pandy** by **Great Campstone**, and is 3 m. long. 4 m. down **Trothy**, **Mynachdy** brook (trout), which rises by **Llanddewi Skirrid**, 3 m. N.E. of **Abergavenny**, and 4 m. down by **Llanvapley** is joined by a brook on right bank 3 m. long. 1 m. down, **Mynachdy** joins **Trothy**. **Trothy** runs to **Llantillio** 2 m., **Llanfhangell** **Istern** **Llewertt** 3 m. (n.s. **Dingestow**, 4 m.). Here **Llunon** (trout), 4 m. long, joins on left bank. **Trothy** runs 1 m., and is joined on right bank by **Nant-y-fuchan**, 3 m. long (n.s. **Dingestow**). **Trothy** runs to **Dingestow** 2 m., and **Monmouth** and **Wye** 5 m. **Wye** runs to **Bedbrook** 2 m., **Bigweir** 5 m., **Tintern** 3 m., and **Chepstow** 8 m. The best flies for trout in **Wye** are **Mayfly**, **Carshalton** cocktail, **March** brown, **coch-y-bonddhu**, and duns of various shades; orle, orange palmer, spider, and rough red palmer. The **Wye** salmon flies are chiefly made with bitter hackle wing, with a greenish yellow (blue dun dyed yellow) hackle from head to tail, and a pretty full body of orange floss silk, one golden pheasant topping over the bittern's wing; tail, sprigs of bright red parrot or ibis, mixed with a like amount of wood-duck. The same fly with a lemon-yellow body or blue dun hackle and silver tinsel is good. Then salmon-coloured bodies with the same wings and hackle varied. The **Welsh** fly, made with brown turkey or bittern wing, is the best

general fly that can be used. Sometimes the body and hackle are varied from the real blue cock's hackle and tawny body to bright yellow or red with claret body; but the yellow brown wing remains the same. The Butcher, Priest, and Blue Doctor are now commonly used.

Chertsey (Surrey).—S.W.R. (See *London, L.T.*) Thames; pike, perch, chub, roach, trout. *Hotels*: Crown, Chertsey Bridge, Cricketers, Railway, and Swan. *Fishermen*: J. Foulter, H. Purns, W. Galoway, J. Hallett, T. Taylor, T. Taylor, jun. Good fishing also in Abbey River, a branch which runs out of Thames at Laleham, and runs in at Chertsey.

Cheshunt (Herts).—G.E.R. (See *Stratford*.) On Lea and New River. The King's Weir Fishery on the old river Lea from the end of the Government Powder Mill stream, **Waltham**, to the **Broxbourne** Fishery, is preserved. It is very good. (See *London, Waltham, and Broxbourne*.)

Chester.—L. & N.W.R., G.W.R., M.R. Dee. Dee, under the name of Lliw, rises in the Merioneth hills, 8 m. above **Llanwchillyn**, and 4 m. from its source (4 m. above **Llanwchillyn**) is joined on left bank by Afon-yr-Wynt, 3 m. long. At **Llanwchillyn**, Dwrfdwy, 5 m. long, joins Lliw on right bank. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below Twrch, 6 m. long, joins Lliw on right bank. 3 m. up Twrch, above the railway, a stream joins on left bank, draining Llyn Uiwbran 3 m. S. of **Llanwchillyn**. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down, Lliw runs into Bala lake. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down the lake, 2 m. from **Llanwchillyn**, Llafar, 5 m. long, joins on left bank, and on the opposite side of the lake, 2 m. from **Llanwchillyn**, Rhydwen, 4 m. long, runs in. Bala lake is 3 m. long, and at the lower end lies Bala, and here the river takes its proper name. At Bala Tryweryn joins Dee on left bank. Tryweryn rises in Llyn Tryweryn, 3 m. above **Arenig**, and 1 m. below **Arenig** is joined on right bank by a brook draining Llyn Arenig 1 m. up. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below, at Pont-a-Gelyn, Gelyn, which rises in Llyn Arenig-bach, $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. N. of **Arenig** station, and is 3 m. long, joins on right bank (see *Arenig*). Tryweryn runs 3 m., when Hescyn, which rises in Llyn Hescyn, and is 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Tryweryn runs to **Frongoch** 1 m., and here two streams, each 3 m. long, joins, one on left bank and one on right bank. Tryweryn runs to **Bala** and Dee 3 m. 1 m. down Dee, 1 m. N.E. of **Bala**, at Llanfer, Corguant, 2 m. long, joins on left bank, and 1 m. further on, on same side, is Meloch, 4 m. long. On the opposite side of Dee, 2 m. from Bala, Hirnant, 5 m. long, joins the main stream. 2 m. up from the junction of Hirnant and Dee, Cymmerig, 2 m. long, joins Hirnant on left bank. Dee runs 2 m., when Caletwr, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Dee runs 1 m. to **Llandderfel**, and **Llandicillo** 3 m. Here Cendiog, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Dee a stream joins on left bank, 2 m. long, draining Llyn Mynyliod, 3 m. N. of **Llandicillo**. At the same spot, but on right bank of Dee, 1 m. N.E. of **Llandicillo**, Llynor, 4 m. long, runs in. Dee runs 2 m. to **Cynwyd**, where begins the water preserved by Corwen Fishing Association, and here Trystion, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Dee, at Llangar, Alwen joins on left bank. Alwen rises in Llyn Alwen 9 m. E. of **Bettws-y-Coed**. 5 m. down it is joined on right bank by outflow of Llyn-dau-Ychen $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up, 3 m. N. of **Cerrig-y-Druidion**, and 2 m. further down is joined on left bank by Brenig, which rises in Llyn Llynbran 9 m. S.W. from **Denbigh**, and is 6 m. long. Alwen runs to **Llanfihangel Glyn Myfyr**, 6 m. W. of **Derwen**. Here Derwydd, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Alwen runs to Bettws Gwerful Goch, 3 m. W. of **Gwyddelwern**. 2 m. down Alwen, at **Maerdy**, 5 m. W. of **Corwen**, Geirw joins on right bank. Geirw rises 5 m. W. of **Cerrig-y-Druidion**. 10 m. N.W. of **Corwen**, runs to 1 m. S. of the place, and 3 m. down is joined on the right bank by a brook 5 m. long, which runs down by Llangwin, 8 m. N.W. from **Corwen**. 2 m. down Geirw, Merddwr, which rises in Llyn Grwyni, 3 m. N. from **Llandderfel** and is 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down, Geirw joins Alwen at **Maerdy**. Alwen runs 3 m., when Ffranan, 4 m. long, joins on right bank 1 m. below the Druid Inn, and 1 m. down, Alwen joins Dee at Llangar. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Dee, Dwr, which rises above **Gwyddelwern** and is 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Dee runs to **Corwen** 1 m. Here Trewyn, 2 m. long, joins on left bank, and Camladd, 2 m. long, on right bank. Dee runs 1 m. to Llanantffraid, and here Llechog, 2 m. long, joins on right bank. Dee runs to **Carrog** 1 m., where the C.F. Association ends and the Glyndwr Society begins, and here Morwynion, 7 m. long, joins on left bank. Dee runs to **Glyndyfrdwy** 3 m., **Berwyn** and **Llantistilio** 6 m. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below, Berwyn, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Dee runs to **Llangollen** 1 m. (and 2 m. above the town the G. Society's fishing ends, and the Llangollen Trout and Grayling Preservation Society begins). **Trevor** 4 m., **Cefn** 2 m. (here ends the L.T. and G.P. Association's fishing), and 2 m. down is joined on left bank by a stream draining the lake at Wynnstay Park by **Euabon** 1 m. up. $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Dee, 2 m. from **Cefn** station, Ceiriog joins on right bank. Ceiriog rises in the hills 4 m. S. of **Carrog** (a bridle path leads to it), runs to Llanarmon 3 m., Llanantffraid Glyn Ceiriog, 3 m. S. of **Llangollen**, 5 m., and 5 m. down, at Castle Mill, is joined on left bank by the outflow, 1 m. long, of the lake in Chirk Park. Ceiriog runs to **Chirk** 2 m., and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by Morlas, which rises by Selattyn, 2 m. S.W. of **Frysgwaen**, runs by **Frysgwaen**, and joins Ceiriog 3 m. below. 1 m. down, Ceiriog joins Dee. 3 m. down Dee, Shell brook, which rises 2 m. N.W. of **Ellesmere** and is 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Dee runs to Overton 2 m. (n.s. **Euabon** or **Ellesmere**, each 5 m.), runs to Bangor 5 m. (n.s. **Wrexham**, 5 m.). 1 m. down Dee, Mill brook, 3 m. long, joins on right bank, and 1 m. below, at Pickhill Hall, 5 m. E. of **Wrexham**, Clywedog joins on left

bank. Clywedog rises in Llyn Maur-y-Mynydd, 5 m. S.W. of **Brymbo**, or 7 m. W. of **Wrexham**, runs 3 m. to Miners, and 5 m. down, 1 m. S. of **Wrexham**, is joined on right bank by Saddle brook, 5 m. long. 1 m. down Clywedog, 1 m. S.E. of **Wrexham**, Wrexham brook, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Clywedog runs to Dee 6 m. Dee runs 1 m., when Worthenbury brook joins on right bank. Worthenbury rises in Llyn Bedydd, 2 m. N.E. of **Bettisfield**. 1 m. below, the outflow of Hanmer Hall lake, 3 m. N. of **Bettisfield**, joins on left bank. 2 m. down Worthenbury the outflow of Hanmer mere, 2½ m. N. of **Bettisfield**, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Worthenbury a stream joins on left bank, draining the lakes at Bettisfield Park, 1½ m. N. of **Bettisfield**. Worthenbury runs 3 m. to Haighton Mill and ponds, 6 m. N.W. from **Fenn's Bank**. Here Haighton brook, which rises 2 m. above Penley, 4 m. N. of **Ellesmere**, and is 5 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. down Worthenbury, at Worthenbury, Sarn joins on right bank. Sarn rises in Wolfesacre Mill pond, 2 m. N.W. of **Whitchurch**, runs 1 m. to Dirtwich Mill pond, 3 m. N.W. of **Whitchurch**, and joins Worthenbury 7 m. down. Worthenbury runs 1 m. to Dee. Dee runs 7 m. to Holt (n.s. **Rossett**, 2 m.), and 2 m. down Alyn joins on left bank. Alyn rises above Llandegla (*Im*, Crown), 7 m. N. of **Llangollen**, or 6 m. E. of **Eyeath**. Here Rhys, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 3 m. down, at Llanarmon, 5 m. E. of **Eyeath**, or 5 m. S.E. of **Ruthin**, a brook 2 m. long joins on right bank, which drains Llyn Cyffynny, 7 m. S.E. of **Ruthin**, or 7 m. E. of **Eyeath**. Alyn runs 3 m. to Llanferres, 6 m. E. of **Ruthin**, and **Rhyd-y-Mwyn** 6 m. Here Fechlas brook, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Alyn runs to **Mold** 3 m., **Llong** 3 m. Here Terrig joins on right bank. Terrig rises in Llyn-y-Mynydd-du, and Llyn Neyn, ½ N. of it, runs 3 m. to Nerquis, and **Llong** and Alyn 2 m. Alyn runs to **Hope** 5 m., and 2 m. below, at Gwastad Bridge, is joined on right bank by Gadyn, which brook runs down in two branches, each 3 m. long, to within 1 m. N.W. of **Brymbo**, and 3 m. down joins Alyn. Alyn runs to **Gresford**, 4 m., **Rossett**, 2 m., and Dee, 2 m. Dee runs to Radley, 3 m., and here Pulford brook, which rises 4 m. above Pulford, 1 m. N.E. of **Rossett**, and is 7 m. long, joins on left bank. Dee now waters Eaton Hall Park for 3 m., receiving the drainings of the lakes there. Midway through the park Holywell brook joins on right bank. Holywell rises in Edge Mill ponds, 2 m. N. of **Malpas**, runs 3 m. to 1 m. W. of **Broxton**, and 4 m. down is joined on right bank by Keys brook, which rises above **Tattenhall** and is 4 m. long. Holwell runs to Aldford, 2 m., and Dee, 1 m. After leaving Eaton Hall Park, Dee runs 4 m. to **Chester**. (c.s.)

Chichester (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. The canal; pike, perch, bream, roach; the "basin," a large pond at the end of the canal by the city, is a good spot; fishing free. There are a few small brooks in the neighbourhood holding trout, but strictly preserved. At Aldingbourne Mill pond good roach, carp, bream, and perch fishing can be had at 1s. a day.

Chigwell-lane (Essex).—L.W.E. & O.R. On Roding. Fishing very poor. (*See Barking*.)

Chilham (Kent).—A. & R.R. On Stour. Fishing may be obtained from the mill owners (*See Sandwich*). Inns: Alma and Woolpack. (c.s.)

Chilcompton (Somerset).—G.W.R., S.W.R. (*See Bristol*.)

Chippenham (Wilts).—G.W.R. (*See Bristol*.) On Avon and Marden; coarse fish. Above the mill there is good pike, perch, and chub fishing in the deep water; and below the mill are a few trout, and plenty of dace and roach; preserved by land and mill owners, who often give leave. (c.s.)

Chipping Norton (Oxon).—C.N.R. On a tributary of Evenlode. (*See London, U.T.*)

Chipping Norton Junction (Oxon).—W. & W.R. On Evenlode. (*See London, U.T.*)

Chipping Ongar (Essex).—G.E.R. (*See Maldon and Barking*.) On Roding and Cripsey brook; poor fishing.

Chiswick (Middx.).—K. & R.R. Thames. (*See London, L.T.*) In the lake in Lord Morley's park is good pike fishing, strictly preserved.

Christchurch (Hants).—S.W.R. On the Avon and Stour. Salmon, pike, perch, roach, tench, dace. Very strictly preserved. Hotel: Newlyn's Family (*see Advertisement*). Fishing free to visitors at the hotel, except for salmon. Avon rises in Wilts, at Bishops Gannings, 4 m. from **Devizes**, runs 5 m. to Beachingstoke (n.s. **Woodborough**, 1 m.). Here a stream joins on left bank which works two mills, 1 m. up. ¼ m. down Avon a stream joins on right bank, working two mills 1 m. up. 4 m. down Avon is Upavon; Enford, 4 m.; Nether Avon, 3 m. (good trouting, preserved by the farmers); Amesbury (n.s. **Porton**), 7 m. (trout and grayling strictly preserved by Sir E. Antrobus); Wilsford, 2 m.; Great Durnford, 1½ m.; Stratford, 6 m.; **Salisbury**, 2 m. Here the Wylye and Winterbourne join, one on the left bank, the other on the right bank. Wylye rises by Hill Deverill Mill, 4 m. s. of **Warminster**, and in 2 m. is joined on left bank by the outflow of the Shire Water lake 1 m. up. 2 m. on Wylye touches **Warminster**, 1 m. off; runs 3 m. to **Keytesbury**; **Codford**, 3½ m. Here a stream joins on the left bank, which rises beyond Chiltern St. Mary, and is 4 m. long. Wylye runs in 4 m. to **Wylye**. (1½ m. above begins the Wilton Flyfishing Club water.) 4 m. below, Winterbourne, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Wylye runs to **Wishford**, 1 m.; **Wilton**, 3 m. (Here ends the W.F.C. water.) Nadder here joins Wylye. Nadder rises at Nadder Head Lake, by **Shaftesbury**, and in 5 m. is joined on right bank by the outflow of five large ponds in Wardour Park. 1 m. on, a small stream, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Nadder runs in 1½ m. to **Tisbury**. Here the outfall from the large lake at Fonthill Giffard, 1 m. up, joins on right bank.

Nadder runs to **Dinton**, 6 m., **Wilton**, 7 m., and **Wylie**, 1 m. **Wylie** joins the **Avon** at **Salisbury** in 4 m. **Winterbourne** rises beyond **Cholerton** (n.s. **Grately**), 3 m., runs through **Wilbury Park** to **Newton Toney**, 3 m., **Porton**, 4 m., **Winterbourne**, 1 m., **Salisbury**, 6 m. **Avon** now runs to **Nunton**, 4 m., where the **Chalk Stream** joins on right bank. **Chalk Stream** rises near **Alvediston** (n.s. **Tisbury**, 5 m.), runs to **Broad Chalk**, 5 m., **Toney Stratford**, 4 m., **Avon**, 5 m. **Avon** runs to **Downton**, 5 m., **Braemore**, 4 m., **Fordingbridge**, 4 m. Here a stream (trout, grayling; leave from the owner of West Park) runs down from **Demerham**, 4 m. long, working two mills, joins **Avon** on right bank. **Avon** runs to **Ibbesley**, 4 m., **Ellingham**, 1 m. Here **Black Water**, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. **Avon** runs to **Kingwood**, 5 m. Here two streams join on left bank, rising in the **New Forest**, and are 8 m. long and 6 m. long. **Christchurch** is 10 m. on. Here the landlord of the **King's Arms** preserves a good stretch of water, including the junction of the **Stour**. The roach run very large. Boat and man can be had. Above and adjoining the hotel water some good coarse fishing can be had at 10s. per day, including boat and man. (See c.s. **Avon**.) The local flies on the **Avon** are the **March brown**, **grannam**, **sand-fly**, **alder**, **green** and **grey drakes**, **orange flies**: an artificial grasshopper for grayling. (c.s.)

STOUR rises in **Stour Head ponds** (n.s. **Witham**), runs 6 m. to **Gillingham**. Here **Shreen** water joins on left bank. **Shreen** rises at **Mere**, 4 m. from **Gillingham**, and works 2 mills. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below, at **Acliff Mill**, **Ledden** joins **Stour**. **Ledden** rises 5 m. E. of **Gillingham**, and 3 m. down is joined on left bank by **Fern brook**, which rises in **Lashmere pond**, 1 m. N.W. of **Shaftesbury**, and is 4 m. long. **Ledden** now runs in 1 m. to **Stour**. **Stour** runs to **Fifehead Magdalen** 4 m., 3 m. below **Cale** river joins on right bank. **Cale** rises by **Wincanton**, runs 6 m. to **Temple Combe**, $\frac{1}{4}$ m. off, and 3 m. down is joined on left bank by **Bow brook**, which rises 2 m. N. of **Temple Combe**, and is 6 m. long, working some mills. **Stour** runs in 2 m. to **Stalbridge**, 1 m. off, where a short stream working a mill 3 m. up, joins on right bank. 1 m. down **Stour Lidden** river joins on right bank. **Lidden** rises some 8 m. S.W. of **Sturminster Newton**, in **Stoke Mill**, and 2 m. down is joined by a stream on left bank 3 m. long. 5 m. down **Lidden** a stream 6 m. long joins on left bank, which works a mill or two. 3 m. down, **Lidden** reaches **Stour**. 1 m. down **Stour**, **Divellish** river joins on right bank. **Divellish** rises at **Fifehead Neville**, $\frac{3}{4}$ m. from **Sturminster**, and is 5 m. long. 1 m. down **Stour** is **Sturminster**. 3 m. down **Stour**, at **Manston**, a stream joins on left bank, which rises at **Melbury Abbas**, 2 m. S. from **Shaftesbury**, runs 6 m. to **West Orchard**, where a short stream joins on right bank. Hence to **Stour** is $\frac{1}{4}$ m. 1 m. down **Stour** a stream, which rises by **Fontmell Magna**, 5 m. up, working some mills, joins on left bank. **Stour** runs in 3 m. to **Shillington**. 5 m. down, at **Stowerpalme**, **Iwerne** river joins **Stour** on left bank. **Iwerne** rises by **Iwerne Minster**, and is some 5 m. long, turning a mill or two. **Stour** runs in 4 m. to **Blandford**, 5 m. to **Spettisbury**. Here **Tarrant** river joins on left bank. **Tarrant** rises by **Tarrant Gunville**, runs 4 m. to **Tarrant Monkton**, and **Stour** 5 m. **Stour** runs to **Bailey Gate**, 3 m., **Wimborne Minster**, 8 m. Here **Allen** river joins on left bank. **Allen** rises in **St. Giles's Park**, 2 m. from **Cranborne** (n.s. **Verwood**), and 3 m. down, after working four mills, is joined on right bank by the outflow of the large lake at **More Critchell**. Hence to **Wimborne** is 7 m. Three m. down **Stour**, **Blackwater**, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. **Stour** runs in 7 m. to **Holdenhurst** (n.s. **Hern Bridge**, 2 m.). Here **Moors** river joins on left bank. **Moors** rises by **Cranborne**, runs 10 m., and is joined on right bank by a stream which rises in a lake by **Queen's Wood** (n.s. **Verwood**, $\frac{3}{4}$ m.) and is 7 m. long. **Moors** runs to **Hern Bridge**, 4 m., and **Stour** 1 m. 5 m. on, **Stour** joins **Avon** at **Christchurch** (preserved by **Stour Fishery Club**, see **Bournemouth**.) (See c.s. **Avon**.) The sea fishing at **Christchurch** is good. The time to fish for mackerel with lines in the **Bay** is **July** and **August**, on the first of the ebb tide running over the **Christchurch Reef** east and west, where pollack may also be taken earlier in the season. Bass in the harbour's mouth. The **Stour** is now most rigidly preserved.

Churchill (Worcester).—G.W.R. **Churchill** brook, feeding numerous mill ponds. Hoo brook (1 m. S.) (See **Gloucester**.)

Church Road (Monmouth).—R. & N.R. **Runney**; trout, salmon; preserved. (c.s.) (See **Cardiff, Wales**.)

Church Stretton (Salon).—S. & H.R. **Cound's** brook; trout; private. **Quenny** brook (2 m. S.). **Heath** brook ($\frac{1}{4}$ m. E.) (See **Gloucester**.)

Churnside Bridge.—Tweed and Whiteadder. Trout and salmon. (See **Berwick**.)

Cirencester (Gloucester).—G.W.R., M. & S.W.J.R. **Hotel**: **King's Head**. On **Churn**; few trout below, above more plentiful. There are many trout streams near, mostly private. At **Cricklade** is pike fishing. (See **London, U.T.**) In **Lord Bathurst's** park is a large lake; pike, perch, &c.

Clacton (Essex).—G.E.R. (See **Thorpe**.) **Hotels**: **Royal**, **Osborne**.

Clapham (York).—On the M.R., near **Lancaster**. **Hotel**: **Flying Horseshoe**, close by the station; accommodation good. The **Wenning** and several other streams are in the immediate neighbourhood, to fish which the landlord can obtain leave. (c.s. **Lune**.)

Clare (Suffolk).—G.E.R. **Stour**. (c.s. N. and S.) (See **Manningtree**.)

Claydon (Bucks).—L. & N.W.R. **Claydon** brook. **Lakes**, **Claydon Farm** and **Middle Claydon ponds** (2 m. S.). (See **King's Lynn**.)

Claydon (Suffolk).—G.E.R. **Gipping**; roach, perch, pike, tench; preserved from above at **Blakenham** to **Boss Hall**, 5 m. down, by **Gipping Angling Society**. (See **Ipswich**.)

- Claypole** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Witham. Sand beck, 3 m. E. (*See Boston*.)
- Cleeve** (Gloucester).—M.R. Swilgare. (*See Gloucester*.)
- Clebury Mortimer** (Salop).—T. & R.R. Rea; trout, grayling; private. (*See Gloucester*.) (*c.s. Severn*.)
- Clevedon** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Kenn. 1½ m. off. Kenn rises in a mill pond on Bakewell Common, near **Bourton** Station (G.W.R.), runs 2 m. to **Nailesea** (G.W.R.), Kenn 6 m., and the sea 2 m. By staying at the Battle Axes Inn, Wrexall, fair trout and coarse fishing can be had. The drainings of Nailesea Moor here join the sea. This water course rises by **Flax Bourton** (G.W.R.), and runs 3 m. to Jacklands Bridge, where the two main drains commence, called Middle Yeo and Land Yeo, which run to **Clevedon** in 6 m.
- Clifton** (Derby).—M.R. Dove; trout, grayling. (*c.s. Trent*.) Hanmoor; trout, grayling (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Clifton Mill** (Warwick).—R. & S.R. Avon; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, bream. Swift (2 m. W.) (*See Gloucester*.) (*c.s. Severn*.)
- Clitheroe**.—(*See Ribchester*.) 3 m. from here is Hodder Bridge Inn, on the Hodder. Trout-fishing fair, but more and sprog fishing good in the season. Tickets at the inn, which is fairly comfortable. Mytton Bridge Inn is 2 m. from the **Whalley** station; here fishing on both Hodder and Ribble can be had. Redpump, 4 m., and Whitewell 10 m. from Clitheroe, both on the Hodder, comfortable inns, where permission can be had, few trout, but very good for morda and sprods after a flood, especially **Whitewell**. Ramabottom, of Clitheroe, sells suitable flies. The salmon fishing in September and October is good. (*c.s. Ribble*.)
- Clun** (Salop).—(N.s. **Burne**, 8 m.) Clun; trout, grayling; private, but leave may often be had. Lower Bedlake brook (¾ m. S.); trout. **Lakes**: Acton Pool (4 m. W.) (*See Gloucester*.) (*c.s. Severn*.)
- Clutton** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (*See Bristol*.)
- Coalport** (Salop).—S.V.R. Severn; pike, roach, chub, dace, salmon. **Lakes**: Willey Park lakes (¾ m. S.W.) (*See Gloucester*.) (*c.s. Severn*.)
- Coalville** (Leicester).—M.R. Dishley brook, 2 m. N. at Whitwick. Sence, 2 m. S. at **Hugglescote**. **Lakes**: Old reservoir, 4 m. N.E. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Cookfield** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Lavenham brook. (*See Manningtree*.)
- Codford** (Wilts).—G.W.R. On Wylfe; trout, grayling; preserved by the owner of Ashton Gifford. (*c.s. Avon*.)
- Codnor Park** (Derby).—M.R., G.N.R. Erewash. **Lakes**: Golden Valley reservoir. Buttery reservoir, 3 m. W. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Codsall** (Stafford).—G.W.R. Penk, 1 m. N. **Lakes**: The pool, Chillington Park, 2 m. N.W., good fishing. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Colchester** (Essex).—G.E.R. Colne. Crockle, 1 m. E. Roman River, 3 m. S. Colne rises 5 m. above **Yeldham**, runs 4 m. to **Hedingham**, **Halstead** 3 m. 2 m. down, Gosfield brook, 6 m. long, which drains the lake at Gosfield Hall, 3 m. S.W. of **Halstead**, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Colne, at **Colne**, Peblmarsh brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Colne runs to **Chapple** 3 m., and **Colchester** 10 m. 1 m. below, Crockle brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. (*See Nayland*.)
- Cole** (Somerset).—S. & D.J.R. Brue; trout; preserved. Shepton brook. (*See Highbridge*.) (*c.s. Avon*.)
- Coleshill** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. Blyth (*c.s. Trent*.) Cole. Ulverley brook, 2 m. S.W. Tame, 2 m. N. (*c.s. Trent*.) Alley brook, 2 m. N.E. **Lakes**: Maxtoke Park lakes, 2 m. W. Colehill pool, 2 m. S. Chelmsley Wood ponds, 2 m. S.W. Packington Park lakes, 4 m. S.E. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Collingham** (Notts).—M.R. Trent, 2 m. W.; pike, roach, dace, chub, grayling. (*c.s.*) **Lakes**: Collingham ponds, Cowarth pool, Mons pool, and Black pool, 1 m. N.W. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Colne** (Essex).—G.E.R. Colne. Peblmarsh brook. (*See Colchester*.)
- Coltishall** (Norfolk).—G.E.R.—Bure. Sprixworth beck, 3 m. S. (*See Yarmouth*.)
- Colwall** (Worcester).—G.W.R. Leigh brook (or Cradley). Good trouting; leave from Mr. Cook, of Leigh Court. (*See Gloucester*.)
- Colwich** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Trent; roach, chub, pike, trout; fishing very good; preserved by Mr. L. Morgan. (*c.s.*) Sherbrook brook, 3 m. W. Colton brook, 3 m. N.E. Sow, 4 m. W.; roach, pike, chub. Blyth, 5 m. E. (*c.s. Trent*.) **Lakes**: Oakedge Park lakes (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Colwick** (Notts).—M.R. Trent; pike, perch, roach, chub, salmon. (*c.s.*) (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Colyford** (Somerset).—S.W.R. (*See Seaton*.) Axe and Coly; trout, salmon. (*c.s.*)
- Colyton** (Somerset).—S.W.R. (*See Seaton*.) Axe; trout, salmon; preserved by Sir W. E. Pole, Bart., and others. (*c.s.*) Coly; trout; good, but reserved. Shute brook; trout; preserved by Sir W. E. Pole. **Hotel**: Colcombe Castle, where fishing can be had in Sir W. Pole's water for a limited number of rods.
- Combe Bow** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (*See Watchet*.)
- Condover** (Salop).—S. & H.R. Conud brook; trout; private. **Lakes**: Bomer pool; pike, perch, rudd, roach, bream; preserved, but leave may sometimes be had. (*See Gloucester*.)
- Congleton** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Dane. Biddulph brook. Dairy brook, 1 m. W. Wheelock, 2 m. S.W. Midge brook, 3 m. N. at Marton. **Lakes**: Moreton Hall, 2 m. S.W. Bag mere, 4 m. W. (*See Frodsham*.)
- Congleton** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. and G.W.R. Arrow; pike, perch, chub, roach, dace, bream, and a few trout. (*See Gloucester*.)

- Congresbury** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Yeo rises by Blagdon (n.s. Sandford, G.W.R., 6 m.), runs to Wrington 4 m. (good trouting; preserved by C. L. F. Edwards, Esq. of The Court, Axbridge, to Iwood), and **Congresbury** 2½ m. The tide flows to this point. The sea is 6 m. down. The fishing (trout, eels, and flat fish) is preserved by J. E. Jefferies, Esq., of Yeo Bank, Congresbury, from Iwood down, who sometimes gives leave on application. (c.s. Avon.) *Lakes*: Congresbury pond; rudd, carp, perch; leave from the station-master, G.W.R.
- Conisborough** (York).—G.N.R. Warmsworth beck or St. Catharine's Well stream, 1 m. S.W. *Lakes*: Crookhill Hall, 1 m. S.W. (See *Althorpe*.)
- Coniston**.—On Furness line. A mile off is Coniston Lake. Close by the village runs Church Beck, rising in Lavers Water, 2 m. off; ½ m. down from this tarn a small stream joins close by Coniston Copper Works. This stream runs out of Low Water Tarn 1 m. in the hills on the right; ½ m. on from this stream a decent burn joins on the left bank. At Coniston a small burn joins on the right bank, running out of a small hill loch ½ m. off. Church Beck runs into Coniston lake about 1 m. from the village. Close to Church Beck, Yew Dale Beck joins the lake. This stream rises in the Silberthwaite High Fells, and flows in about 2 m. to High Yew Dale, where a small stream joins on the left, running out of Low Tarn and two small nameless lochs N.W. of Low Tarn. After leaving High Yew Dale a course of 3 m. takes the beck to Coniston lake, which it enters at the boat house ¼ m. north of the outfall of Church Beck. We now start from the head or north end of the lake, where there is an inn, and go down the lake or southwards. Coniston lake is about 7 m. long. At the very head of the lake a small burn runs in, which runs out of a tarn 2 m. off on Hill Fell. 5 m. down, Torver Beck joins on the right hand. (See *Torver*.) (c.s. *Kent*.)
- Constantine** (Cornwall).—(n.s. *Fenryn*, 6 m.) Constantine brook; trout. This brook rises some 3 m. above Constantine, where it is joined by a brook 3 m. long. 2 m. down Constantine joins the estuary of Helford river (c.s. *Fowey*). 2½ m. W. runs Helford river. HELFORD rises by Polgrean, runs 2½ m. to Penglaize Mill (the nearest point to **Constantine**), and 1½ m. down is joined on left bank by Trecoos brook, which rises by Trecoos 1½ m. W. of **Constantine**, and is 2 m. long. ½ m. down Helford, Gweek water joins on right bank. Gweek rises 3 m. N.E. of **Helston**, and is 5 m. long. 1 m. down is the estuary. Trout in Helford above Gweek.
- Cookham** (Berks).—W.A. & T.B.R. Thames. (See *London*, M.T.) Lord Boston preserves one of the back waters below the bridge; leave may sometimes be obtained from Mr. Hepworth, Hedsor. *Hotels*: Ferry and King's Arms. *Fishermen*: Godden, H. Wilder, and B. Jones. Wye; polluted.
- Corby** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Glen. Edenham brook, 3 m. E. *Lakes*: Grimsby Park, 2 m. S.E. (See *Spalding*.)
- Cornhill** (Northland).—B. & K.R. (See *Berwick*.) Tweed and Till. Trout and salmon.
- Cornwood** (Devon).—G.W.R. Yealm; trout; preserved. Yealm rises 4 m. above **Cornwood**, runs 1 m. to the station, and 6 m. to Yealmtun (n.s. *Flympton*, 5 m.). The tide flows to 1 m. below the town, and 1 m. below, Braxton water, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. below on right bank, Ford brook, 2 m. long, joins, and 2 m. down, at Newton Ferrers, Newton brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. The sea is 1 m. on. Good bass and pollack fishing in the harbour and outside.
- Corpusbury** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. and G.N.R. Burs. *Lakes*: Thurning Hall, 3 m. S.W. Barrington Park, 4½ m. N.E. (See *Yarmouth*.)
- Corsham** (Wilts).—G.W.R. (See *Bristol*.) *Lakes*: Corsham Park lake; pike, perch; preserved by Lord Methuen.
- Coryton** (Devon).—G.W.R. Lid; good trouting, but preserved. Lew. Maryston brook, 3 m.; trout. (See *Plymouth*.)
- Cotham** (Notts).—G.N.R. Devon. Car dyke, 1 m. N.W. Smite, 2 m. S. at Shelton. Trent, 2½ m. N.W., at East Stoke (c.s.) Witham, 3 m. S.E., at Bennington. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Coughton** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. Arrow. (See *Gloucester*.)
- Counter Drain** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Glen. Counter Drain. (See *Spalding*.)
- Coventry** (Warwick).—L. & B.R. Sherburne. Low (3 m. N.E.). Withybrook (3 m. N.E.). *Lakes*: Coombe Abbey Lake (4 m. E.); roach, pike, perch, bream; Lord Craven. (See *Gloucester*.) *Hotels*: King's Head, Queen's, Craven Arms.
- Cover Bridge** (York).—Yore and Cover; trout, grayling *Hotels*: Cover Bridge; White Swan, Middleham; Belton Arms, Leybourn.
- Cowbit** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Welland; pike, perch, dace; free. (See *Spalding*.)
- Coxbench** (Derby).—M.R. Holbrook brook. *Lakes*: Smalley Mill pond, 2 m. E. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Cradley** (Worcester).—New Pool. (See *Gloucester*.)
- Cranley** (Surrey).—H. & G.R. (See *London*, L.T.) Wey.
- Craven Arms** (Salop).—L. & N.W.R. and G.W.R. Onny; trout, grayling; private. Quenny brook (2 m. N.). Eaton brook (4 m. N.E.). *Lakes*: Whittleton Pool (1 m. E.) (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Crawley** (Sussex).—H.B.R. Mole. (See *London*, L.T.) Near here are the Buchan HILL ponds; trout; leave from Mr. P. Saillard; also Ifield Mill pond, free; Bewbush Mill pond, leave from Mr. Brown; Three Bridges pond, leave from Mrs. Montifiori; Hazelwick Mill pond, leave from Mr. Coffin. *Hotel*: George.
- Crayford** (Kent).—N.K.R. (See *Dartford*.) On Cray.

- Crudenhill** (Hereford).—H.H. & B.R. Sugwas brook. Wye (2 m.); chub, pike, salmon, dace, perch, trout. (*c.s.*) (*See Chepstow.*)
- Crediton** (Devon).—S.W.R. Credeney; trout; preserved by Sir J. Davie and Sir J. Shelley, Spreyton water; trout. (*See Exeter.*) Hotel: Ship.
- Cressage** (Salop).—S.V.R. Severn; pike, perch, chub, dace, salmon, trout. Langley brook (3 m. S.W.). Leighton brook (3 m. N.E.). Lakes: Harnage Grange pond (3 m. S.W.). Acton Burnell Park lakes (5 m. S.W.). (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s.*)
- Creswell** (Derby).—L. & N.W.R. Blythe. (*c.s. Trent.*) Tean brook, 2 m. E., at Upper Tean. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Crewe** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R., G.W.R. Inglesway brook. Wistaston brook, 1 m. S.W. Foul Brook, 1 m. N.E. Swill brook, 2 m. S.W., at Wistaston. Weaver, 3 m. W.; coarse fish. Lakes: Crewe Hall, 2 m. S.E. Wintleley mill, 2 m. N.E. (*See Frodsham.*)
- Crewkerne** (Somerset).—S.W.R. (*See Seaton.*) Hotel: George. Axe (3 m. off); trout. (*c.s.*) Parret (1 m. off); trout (for a few meadows), roach, dace. (*See Bridgewater.*) (*c.s. Avon.*) Leave must be obtained for both streams from the landowners and millers.
- Crick** (Northampton).—L. & N.W.R. Streck, 2 m. S. Lakes: Middlemore and Dunsland reservoirs (pike, &c.), 3 m. S.W. (*See Wisbeach; Brampton.*)
- Cromer** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Aldborough beck, 5 m. S.W. Lake: Felbrigg Park, 5 m. S.W. (*See Yarmouth.*) Hotel: Bath.
- Cromford** (Derby).—M.R. Derwent; trout, grayling; preserved by Matlock Bath A.A. (*See Matlock.*) (*c.s. Trent.*) (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Croopedy** (Oxford).—O. & B.R. Cherswell. (*See London, M.T.*) Clattercut reservoir lies near.
- Crosby Ravensworth** (Westland).—On Lyvennet. Trout.
- Cross Keys** (Monmouth).—W.V.R. Ebwy, trout, salmon. Sirhowey; trout. (*c.s. Usk.*) (*See Newport.*)
- Crowland** (Lincoln).—n.s. Postland, 3 m. Welland; pike, perch, dace; free. Nen, 2 m. S.E. at Black Horse Mills. (*See Spalding.*)
- Crowle** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Idle North Drain. The new Idle river. (*See Althorpe.*) Old Don river. This stream rises above Crowle, runs 8 m. to Luddington and Trent estuary at Adlingfleet, 6 m. below.
- Crow Park** (Notts).—M.R., G.N.R. (*See Sutton.*)
- Croxhall** (Derby).—M.R. Mease. (*c.s. Trent.*) Pessal brook. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Croydon** (Surrey).—L.B. & S.C.R. and E. & C.R. (*See London, L.T.*) Wandie; trout. Hotel: Greyhound. At Beddington, 2 m. off, the owner of the Snuff Mills sometimes gives leave.
- Crudgington** (Salop).—G.W.R. Tern; a few trout and coarse fish. Strine. Beanhill brook (2 m. S.) (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Crumlin** (Monmouth).—W.V.R. Ebwy; trout, salmon; trout rod licences, 1s, from the post office. (*c.s. Usk.*) Lakes: Ponnd-y-Coed Cae (2 m.) (*See Newport.*)
- Cuddington** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Whitgate brook, 2 m. S. Lakes: Cuddington mill ponds. New Church Common ponds, 2 m. S. Petty pool in New Park, 2 m. S.E. (*See Frodsham.*)
- Culham** (Oxon).—G.W.R. Thames. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Cullompton** (Devon).—G.W.R. Culm; trout. Hotel: Railway. The river is preserved down to Kenaham Mills by the Culm Fishing Association. Season begins Feb. 15, and ends Aug. 31; s.t. 21s. Strangers living 15 m. off can get m.t., 10s. 6d. No wading. Sec., F. Mathews, Railway Hotel. Above it is private. The Culm is the earliest river in Devon (*See Exeter.*) (*c.s. Exe.*) Kentisbere brook. Ashford brook. Fulford water.
- Culmstock** (Devon).—G.W.R. (*See Exeter.*) Inn: Railway (*see Advertisement.*) Culm; trout; the fishing good, and preserved up to **Hemyock** by the Culm Fishing Club. St., 21s.; w.t., 4s.; d.t., 2s. Fishing begins Feb. 1, ends Aug. 31. No trout killable under 6in. No wading. No dogs. Below the river is private; tickets at the inn. (*c.s. Exe.*)
- Cwm** (Monmouth).—W.V.R. Ebwy; trout. (*c.s. Usk.*) (*See Newport.*)
- Cwm Afon** (Monmouth).—E.V.R. Llwyd; trout. (*c.s. Usk.*) (*See Newport.*)
- Cwmbran** (Monmouth).—N.A. & H.B. Llwyd. (*See Newport.*) (*c.s. Usk.*)
- Dalston** (Cumberland).—On the Caldew. Trout.
- Darley** (Derby).—M.R. Derwent; trout, grayling; preserved hence down to **Matlock** bridge by the Darley Dale Angling Club, s.t. 30s., d.t. 2s. for a portion of the water, any fishing can be used. (*c.s. Trent.*) Sydnop brook. Lakes: Mill ponds (2), 1 m. N.E. Flash dam, 3 m. N.E. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Dartford** (Kent).—N.K.R. On Darent; trout, perch, roach, &c. The Darent rises by Westerham, and in 6 m. runs by **Dunton Green**, **Sevenoaks** station, 1 m. (good trouting, preserved by Lord Stanhope); **Otford**, 2 m.; **Shoreham**, 12 m.; **Eynesford**, 4 m., passing Lullingstone (preserved by Sir W. Hart Dyke, who often gives leave); 1½ m. on is **Farningham**, and **Dartford** is 6 m. A mile below Dartford the Cray joins Darent. Cray rises near **Orpington**, and in 1 m. runs by **St. Mary's Cray**; **Bexley**, 4 m., passing St. Paul's Cray and Foot's Cray. From Bexley to **Crayford** is 1½ m.; from whence to the junction of Cray and Darent is 2 m. 2 m. below this junction Darent joins Thames. Bream are in the lake of the Phoenix Paper Mills at Dartford, close by which is the Dartford Creek, conveying the Darent water to the Thames. In the creek are large dace, flounders, pike, and occasionally salmon trout. There is a peculiar blue roach to be found in a small pond on the Dartford marshes. There are many large carp in the pond of Messrs. Pigou and Wilkes' powder mills.
- Dartmouth** (Devon).—G.W.R. On Dart; salmon and trout. Dart rises in the centre

of Dartmoor, and immediately divides into two parts, the East and West Dart. 5 m. brings the East Dart to Post Bridge, where fisherman's accommodation can be had at the inn, and at some lodgings in the village. 4 m. down, Wallabrook joins Dart. This stream rises in Merritt Hill, $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. from Post Bridge, and has a course of 5 m. There are plenty of trout in this stream. Dart next runs in 2 m. to Dartmeet, where it is joined by the West Dart. This stream, when it leaves the parent brook, runs in a course of 5 m. to Two Bridges, where is a nice fishing inn. Two Bridges is $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. from Prince Town, where is the Duchy Hotel, one of the best in the West. At Two Bridges Cowscio brook, 4 m. long, joins Dart. A mile below Two Bridges Black brook joins Dart on the right. This stream rises on Miss Tor, runs by Dartmoor Prison, close to Prince Town, and joins Dart $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. on. All these streams are full of small trout. A mile below, Cherry brook joins Dart on the left bank. This stream rises close to West Dart, and passes the Post Bridge Road 2 m. from Two Bridges, and the same distance from Post Bridge. The stream is 6 m. long, and fishes well. 2 m. down Dart, Swincombe brook joins on the right bank. This stream is 3 m. long, and worth fishing. 3 m. from this point the two Darts meet. Good accommodation can be had here by previous arrangement with Mrs. French, Smith Hill, near Princetown, Devon. Fishing can be obtained in the above rivers and their tributaries by payment; tickets to be obtained at the above inns. Spring and autumn are the best seasons. The best flies are silver grey, willow bud, gnomes, badger, and fernweb. From Dartmeet Bridge to New Bridge, 7 m., the river is preserved on the left bank by Dr. Blackall, of Spitchwick, and on the right by the owner of Holne Chase. A mile down from New Bridge Webbern joins Dart. This stream divides in two parts close to its junction with the Dart. The East Webbern rises near Widecombe, and has a course of 4 m. The West Webbern is 7 m. long; the fishing is free. The Dart next runs for 2 m. through the properties of Mr. Bastard, of Buckland, on the left bank, and Holne Chase, on the right, until Holne Bridge is reached. Leave is sometimes granted. Holne Bridge is 2 m. from Ashburton. Leaving Holne Bridge Dart runs to Buckfastleigh, 3 m. Here a stream joins Dart, 5 m. long, which rises 3 m. north of Ashburton, and flows through that town. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below a brook enters Dart on the right bank, having a course of 6 m. From hence to Staverton is 4 m. 3 m. below Staverton a brook, 5 m. long, joins on the right bank. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below, a stream, 8 m. long, joins on the left bank. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below this again Totnes is reached. From hence to Dartmouth the tide flows. 5 m. below Totnes, on the right bank, a considerable stream joins Dart on right bank. This stream, 12 m. long, after running for 4 m., passes 1 m. south of the village of Rattery, thence to Harborton 3 m., and thence 5 m. to Ashprington at the estuary, where all the estuary fish can be taken freely. There is excellent whiting fishing 7 m. from land. In August there is generally very fair whiting fishing just outside Dartmouth Harbour, abreast of Blackpool Beach in ten fathoms water, about 1 m. from shore. Pollack and bass are to be found near the Mewstone and Eastern Blackstone. At neap tides, in this inner ground, says Mr. Wilcocks, the bottom may be kept with leads of 1 lb. and 2 lb., but towards the springs 2 lb., 3 lb., and 4 lb. must be used with as fine a line as possible. Whiting fishing not good until after midsummer. (c.s.) (See *Stoke Fleming and Stapton Ley.*) *Hotel:* Castle.

Datchet (Bucks).—S.W.R. Thames. (See *London, M.T.*) *Fishermen:* J. Hoare and Lumsden. *Hotels:* Manor House and Royal Stag.

Dauntsey (Somerset).—G.W.R. Avon; pike, perch, roach; preserved. Thunder brook. (See *Bristol.*) (c.s.) *Lakes:* Dauntsey reservoir; pike, perch; leave from Col. Heneage, Dauntsey.

Daventry (Northton).—N.E. Weedon, 5 m. Streck, 4 m. E. *Lakes:* Danalund reservoir; pike, perch, &c. Middlemore reservoir, $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. W.; pike, perch, &c. (See *Wisbeach.*)

Dawlish (Devon).—G.W.R. Haldon water; trout. *Hotel:* London, and others. The brook rises on the slopes of Haldon, and is 6 m. long. Leave from the farmers and mill-owners. Mr. Hoare, of Luscombe, preserves some portion. Dabs, mackerel, pollack, pout, herrings, and sprats, are caught off here in moderate weather. A sand-eel seine is kept. A line thrown off the breakwater pier at the mouth of the brook, and baited with squid or cuttle, will take large bass in rough weather. The squid must be obtained from the mackerel nets. Pollack towards and close to Parson and Clerk rocks, also $\frac{1}{2}$ m. off shore, half-way W.

Deal (Kent).—A few roach and perch in the Richboro' stream, Sandwich. There is good fishing in the evening off the pier for pollack, mackerel, &c., in autumn. (See *Margate.*) *Hotel,* Royal.

Debenham (Suffolk).—N.E. Eye, 9 m. N. Deben. (See *Woodbridge.*)

Defford (Gloucester).—M.R. Avon; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, bream. Bore brook. *Lakes:* Croome Park lakes (3 m. N.W.). (See *Gloucester.*) (c.s. *Severn.*)

Delamere (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R., G.W.R. Brent brook, 1 m. N.E. Ash brook, 2 m. S.E. Oulton brook, 2 m. S. *Lakes:* Flax mere, 1 m. N. Oak mere, 2 m. S.E. Fish pool, 2 m. S. (See *Frodsham.*)

Denston (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R., G.N.R., and M.R. Churnet; trout, grayling: fishing spoilt by Leek drainage. (c.s. *Trent.*) (See *Gainsborough.*)

Derby.—M.R., L. & N.W.R. Derwent; pike, coarse fish, grayling, trout; the borough waters free to the mouth of Chaddesden brook, preserved below to Borrowash by a club; apply to Peach and Son, 10, St. Peter-street, Derby. (c.s. *Trent.*) Cattle brook Chaddesden brook, 2 m. E. *Lakes:* Allestry Hall lake, 3 m. W. Langley Park lakes, 4 m. N.W. Kedleston Park lake, 4 m. N.W. Locko Park lake, 4 m. N.E. Radburn ponds, 4 m. W. (See *Gainsborough.*) *Hotels:* St. James, Midland.

- Desborough** (Northton.).—M.R. Ise. (*See Wisbeach*.)
- Desford** (Leicester).—M.R. Rothley brook. *Lakes*: Gabriel' pool, 3 m. W. Kirkby Hall lake, 4 m. S.W., at Kirkby Mallory. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Devereux** (Hereford).—N.A. & H.B. Worm brook. (*See Chepstow*.)
- Devizes** (Wilts).—G.W.R. On Avon; trout and grayling; preserved by landowners. (*See Christchurch*.) Also several brooks and Drew's pond. (*See Bristol*.) (c.s.)
- Devock Water** (Cumberland.).—Trout. The lake is preserved. *Inn*: The King of Prussia, 2½ m. off. There are several lakes near. Burnmore tarn contains large trout and pike.
- Dewsbury** (York).—G.N.R., L. & N.W.R., and L. & Y.R. The Whitley reservoir, near Dewsbury (trout), and the Broadstones reservoir, near Huddersfield (trout), are preserved by the Dewsbury Angling Club of twenty-five members; hon. sec., D. A. Shaw, Esq., solicitor. Fishing from March 1 to Oct. 1; s.t. 21s. Thirty days' fishing allowed in each reservoir.
- Dingestow** (Monmouth).—R. & M.R. Trothy; trout; preserved. Nant-y-fuchan (2 m.) (c.s. Wye.) (*See Chepstow*.)
- Dinmore** (Hereford).—S. & H.R. Lugg; trout, grayling, pike, perch, chub, dace, roach; fishing decent; preserved by the Bodenham Club, of 30 members, from Bodenham, through Dinmore to Moreton. (c.s. Wye.) Marston brook (2 m.) (*See Chepstow*.)
- Dinsdale-on-Tees**.—Salmon, trout. Tickets, 1l. for salmon fishing on Mr. Surtees' estate can be had by visitors staying at the Sulphur Spa Hotel. (c.s.)
- Dinton** (Wilts).—S.W.R. Nadder; trout, roach, dace. (*See Christchurch*.) (c.s. Avon.)
- Diss** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Waveney. (c.s. N. and S.) *Lakes*: Diss mere. (*See Yarmouth*.)
- Ditchford** (Northton.).—L. & N.W.R. Nen; pike, perch, bream, tench, chub; preserved by Wellingsborough and Higham Ferrers Angling Association hence to Stanwick, 1 m. below **Higham Ferrers**; sec., E. Brummit. (*See Wisbeach*.)
- Dogdyke** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Witham. Rain. (*See Boston*.)
- Donington** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Hammond beck, 1 m. W. (*See Boston*.)
- Dorchester** (Dorset).—G.W.R. and S.W.R. Frome; trout; preserved for 3 m. above and 3 m. below the town by the Dorchester Fishing Club, of 24; Hon. Sec., Capt. Mansel. *Entrance*, 5l. 5s.; s.t., 5l. 5s. The rest of the stream is strictly preserved by the landowners. (c.s.) Crane; trout, dace, roach, pike. (*See Wareham*.) *Hotel*: King's Arms.
- Dorking** (Surrey).—L. & B.R. and S.E. Mole. (*See London, L.T.*) Leave may be obtained from the millers; trout, coarse fish. Very difficult to obtain trouting, which is very good in parts. *Hotel*: White Horse, Red Lion, Star and Garter.
- Dorington** (Salop).—S. & H.R. Cound brook; trout; preserved by the owner of Underhill Hall. Row brook (2 m. E.) (*See Gloucester*.)
- Doublebois** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Fowey; trout. St. Neot; trout. (c.s.) (*See Fowey*.)
- Dover** (Kent).—L.C. & D.R. On Dour. The trouting in Dour is good, and preserved; leave from the miller at Dovercourt. (*See Kearsney*.) There is good sea fishing from the jetty. Mullet, coal whiting, silver whiting, whiting pouts, smelts, dogfish, and rock tench. Lug-worm is the best bait. The wind should be southerly or westerly. Whittings can be taken from the end of the Admiralty Pier, with a long rod, running line, and 3 hooks. Large bass and coal whiting may be taken with worms found between the rocks under the cliffs; codlings and coal whiting from the North Jetty. Mullet and flounders in the harbour.
- Downderry** (Cornwall).—Good pollack and other sea fishing.
- Downham Market** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Ouse; coarse fish except barbel. (c.s. N. and S.) The tide runs to Denver Sluice, 2 m. up. *Lakes*, Stradset Hall Lake (4 m. N.E.). (*See King's Lynn*.)
- Downton** (Hants).—S.W.R. Avon; trout, grayling, and pike; preserved. The landlord of the Bull Inn gives leave for 1½ m. of fishing, principally pike. (*See Christchurch*.) (c.s.)
- Draycot** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Stoke Decoy Lakes. (*See Azbridge*.)
- Draycott** (Derby).—M.R. Derwent; pike, coarse fish, grayling, trout. (c.s. Trent.) Trent, 3 m. S.W., at **Sawley**. (c.s.) (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Drayton** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Wensum. (c.s. N. and S.) Sprixham beck, 2½ m. N.E. (*See Yarmouth*.)
- Driffield**.—Very good trouting on Hull for 10 m., preserved by a club of 20 members; sec., Col. Brooksbank, The Hall, Middleton-on-the-Wolds, Beverley; entrance 10 guineas; s.t. 10 guineas, with six day cards for friends. The riparian owners are Lord Londesborough, Viscount Downe, Sir Tatton Sykes, and Mr. Reynard, each entitled to silver transferable tickets in proportion to the size of their estate. The season commences on the first Tuesday after the 20th of April, and ends on October 1st. Only artificial fly permitted; limited to ten brace per day, and all fish under 11in. to be returned. The best flies are small duns of different shades, and also a light sand fly.
- Drigg** (Cumberland.).—On F.R. Fair fishing in Wastwater, 7 m. off, and in the rivers Ist and Esk. Trout, salmon, salmon trout. St., 10s. *Hotel*: Drigg Hotel. (*See Raven-glass*.) (c.s. Cumberland.)
- Droitwich** (Worcester).—G.W.R. Salwarp; trout above, coarse fish below; leave from the landowners. Body brook. Hampton brook (2 m. N.W.). Dovedale brook (2 m. W.). Henbrook (4 m. N.E.). Severn (6 m. W.); pike, perch, chub, dace, roach, trout, salmon. Dean brook (6 m. E.). *Lakes*: Westwood Park lakes (2 m. W.). (*See Gloucester*.) (c.s. Severn.) *Hotel*: Raven.
- Dudley** (Stafford). G.W.R. *Lakes*: Gades Green reservoir (2 m. S.). Old Park pond (2 m. W.). Pensnet Park lakes (3 m. S.W.). Himley Park lakes, and Common Poo (4 m. W.). (*See Gloucester*.)

- Duffield** (Derby).—M.R. Derwent; pike, coarse fish, grayling, trout; preserved by the Duffield Angling Club; m.t. 7s. 6d., w.t. 5s., d.t. 2s.; hon. sec., E. Barnes, Esq., 1, Railway-terrace, Duffield. (*c.s. Trent.*) Ecclesbourne; preserved as Derwent. Holbrook brook, 1 m. E. Cutler brook, 3 m. S.W. *Lakes*: Allestry Park lake, 2 m. S. Kedlestone Park lake, 3 m. S.W. *Hotel*: White Hart. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Dulverton** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Exe, Haddeo (reserved), Barle, Danes brook (free), Brushford brook. Trout, salmon. *Hotels*: Carnarvon Arms (*see Advertisement*), Red Lion, and Lamb. The troutling in Barle is very good, 5 to 1b. The fishing is preserved on both sides for 8 m.; season commences Feb. 14. Salmon from June, sometimes later. For trout only—s.t., 10s. 6d.; m.t., 5s.; w.t., 2s. 6d.; d.t., 1s.; 10s. 6d. extra for salmon. Tickets at hotels, and from the secretary, J. H. Bere, Esq., who will supply every information. There is plenty of good free fishing. The landlord of the Carnarvon Arms has the right of fishing Lord Carnarvon's water. (*See Exeter and Tiverton.*) Exe, above and below Exe bridge, is preserved by landlord of Carnarvon Arms. Danes brook and Brushford brook preserved *Tackleist*: Heath, High-street.
- Dulwich** (Surrey).—There is a pond here, by the roadside, containing great abundance of carp, but it belongs to Dulwich College, and it is very difficult to obtain leave.
- Dunham** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. (*See Litcham, King's Lynn.*)
- Dunmow** (Essex).—G.E.R. On Chelmer and Koding; a few trout and other fish. (*See Maldon and Barking.*) *Inns*: Saracen's Head, Star, and White Lion. Leave from the landowners.
- Dunstable** (Beds).—G.N.R. & L. & N.W.R. Ousel (4 m. S.W.). (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Dunster** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Dunster brook; trout. Dunster rises in three branches 3 or 4 m. S. of Timberscombe, where the three streams unite, runs to **Dunster** 4 m., and joins the sea 2 m. down. It is mostly preserved by the owner of Dunster Castle.
- Dunton Green** (Kent).—S.E.R. (*See Dartford.*) On Darenth.
- Dursley** (Gloucester).—M.R. Cam brook. Cam rises by Oldpen in a large mill head, and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by the outfall of a lake in Ley Farm. 2 m. down is **Dursley**, Cam 2 m., **Dursley Junction** 2 m. Here Ham brook, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 2 m. down Cam is Slimbridge, and 1 m. down, Slimbridge brook joins on right bank. Slimbridge rises by **Frocester**, and is 5 m. long. 2 m. below the junction is the estuary. Waterley brook. (*See Berkeley.*)
- Dursley Junction** (Glo'ster).—M.R. Cam brook. Ham brook. (*See Dursley.*)
- Durston** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (*See Bridgwater.*)
- Dymock** (Hereford).—N.s. **Ledbury**, 5 m. Leaden. Preston. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Eardisley** (Hereford).—H.H. & B.B. Upcott brook. Holywell brook. Wye (1½ m.); salmon, chub, pike, dace, trout. (*c.s.*) (*See Chepstow.*)
- Earith** (Hunts).—G.E.R. Ouse; coarse fish, except barbel; good free fishing. (*c.s. N. and S.*) (*See King's Lynn.*)
- East Anstey** (Devon).—G.W.R. Yeo. Sturcombe (4 m.). Knowstone water (4 m.). Little Dart (5m.). (*c.s. Tav.*) (*See Barnstaple.*)
- East Farleigh** (Kent).—S.E.R. (*See Rochester.*) On Medway; jack fishing very good. At West Farleigh, Mr. Jackson's lake has a high repute. *Hotel*: Bull.
- East Grinstead** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. On Medway; trout. (*See Rochester.*)
- East Norton** (Leicester).—G.N.R., M.R., L. & N.W.R. Eye brook. Chater, 3 m. N.E. *Lakes*: Witthote Hall, 4 m. N. (*See Spalding.*)
- Easton Court** (Hereford).—H. & B.R. Teme; trout, grayling, chub, dace, pike. West brook. Cadmore brook (1 m. E.). **Ledwych** (1½ m. E.); trout, grayling, chub. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Eastwood** (Notts).—G.N.R., M.R. Erewash. *Lakes*: Alder Car Hall lakes, 1 m. N. Loecoe dam, 2 m. N.W. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Eaton** (Salop).—L. & N.W.R. Onny; trout, chub, grayling; preserved hence down to **Hordeley** by Plowden Fishing Club. (*c.s. Severn.*) (*See Plowden, Gloucester.*)
- Ebbw Vale** (Monmouth).—W.V.R. Ebbw; trout. (*c.s. Usk.*) (*See Newport.*)
- Eccleshall**, n.s. **Norton Bridge**, 3 m. (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Sow; trout. Offley brook. *Lakes*: Oatland pond, 4 m. W. Cop mere, 2 m. W. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Edenbridge** (Kent).—S.E.R. (*See Rochester.*) On Eden; roach, dace, &c.; d.t. 1s., from landlord of the Star. *Hotels*: Star, Station.
- Edensor**, n.s. **Bakewell**, 2 m. (Derby).—M.R. Derwent; trout, grayling; preserved by the Duke of Devonshire from New bridge above to Rowsley bridge below. *Hotel*: Chatsworth, where fishing can be had (*see Baslow.*) (*c.s. Trent.*) Bar brook, 2 m. N.E. Wye at **Bakewell**, 2 m. S.W. (*c.s. Trent.*) (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Edwalton** (Notts).—M.R. Thurbeck. *Lakes*: Roelaveston Manor, 1 m. S.E. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Edington** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Brue; roach, carp, perch, pike; free. (*See Highbridge.*) (*c.s. Avon.*)
- Eggesford** (N. Devon).—S.W.R. On Taw; trout fishing good; d.t., 2s. 6d., at the inn. Hollowcombe water Little Dart; fishing as in Taw. (*c.s.*) (*See Barnstaple.*) *Hotel*: Fox and Hounds, fair bachelor accommodation. A good station for troutling.
- Egginton** (Derby).—G.N.R. Dove; chub, bream, barbel, pike, perch. (*c.s. Trent.*) Longford brook. Trent; 2 m. S.; grayling, pike, chub; d.t. from Mr. Batcliff, Messrs. Bass, Burton-on-Trent. (*c.s.*) *Lakes*: Egginton Hall lake. (*See Gainsborough.*)

- Egremont** (Cumberland).—On Ehen. Sea trout, salmon, brown trout; preserved by a society; s.t. 10s. 6d.; the water is much discoloured by mines, so fly fishing is poor. (c.s.)
- Ellesmere** (Salop).—O.E. & W.R. Shell brook, 2 m. N.W. Haighton brook, 4 m. N. (See *Chesler*.) Roden, 6 m. S.E. *Lakes*: Ellesmere mere; pike, perch, roach, bream, dace; free. Black mere, 1½ m. S.E.; same fish; leave required. White mere, 2 m. S.E.; same fish; leave. Kettle mere, 2 m. S.E.; same fish; leave. Newton mere, 2½ m. S.E.; same fish; leave. Colemere mere, 3 m. S.E.; same fish; leave. Cross mere, 4 m. S.E.; same fish; leave. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Elstead** (Surrey). L. & S.W.R. Western Rother. (See *Little Hampton*.)
- Elston**.—Nearest station **Grimsargh** (P. & L.R.). On Ribble. Good trout, mort, and spud fishing. Leave must be obtained from J. Fletcher, Esq., Leytham. (c.s.)
- Elstree** (Herts). M.R. (See *London, M.T.*). Elstree reservoir; pike, perch, roach, carp, tench; s.t. 1½ ls., with punt 2l. 2s.; d.t. 2s. 6d., with punt 8s., for jack and perch, and ls. for roach; punts to be had; tickets from W. Hunt, Fishery Inn.
- Elton** (Hunts).—L. & N.W.R. Nen; pike, perch, bream, chub, tench, &c.; preserved by Lord Caryfort, who will sometimes give leave. Willow brook. *Lake*: Elton Park (Lord Caryfort). (See *Wisbeach*.)
- Ely** (Cambridge).—G.E.R. Ouse; coarse fish, except barbel; preserved by the Cambridge and Ely Angling Association (see *Cambridge*) from the junction of Cam 3 m. above, to Littleport, 7 m. below. (c.s. *N. and S.*) (See *Cambridge*). Cam 3 m. S.; same fish; preserved by above society from Cambridge above to its junction with Ouse. Tickets from A. C. Allen, Club Inn; baits from W. Harper and C. Appleyard. Lark; 3 m. N.E.; same fish (See *King's Lynn*). *Hotels*: Lamb, Bell
- Emsworth** (Hants).—P.C. & B.R. Ems; trout. Ems rises above Racton, where is good trouting, but preserved; runs 2 m. to West Bourne, where fishing is free, and 2 m. on to **Emsworth**. Bass at the harbour's mouth.
- Endon** (Derby).—M.R. Endon brook. *Lakes*: Stanley Mill pond, 1 m. N. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Evesham** (Warwick).—G.W.R. Avon; chub, pike, perch, bream, roach, dace. Isborne; few trout, but much polluted. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Enfield and Ponder's End** (Middx.).—G.E.R. (See *Stratford and London*.) On New River and Lea; roach, dace, chub, barbel, jack, perch, bream. *Hotels*: Anchor and Pike, Swan and Pike, and Royal Small Arms Hotel. S.t., 10s. 6d.; d.t., 1s. The Ordnance water (Mr. J. C. Stone), containing some good fish, especially chub, comprises the river between the Silent Mill stream and the southernmost boundary of the War Department's property; s.t., 2½s.; d.t., 1s.; jacking to s.t. holders only; tickets at the Royal Small Arms Hotel. Above this is the Old King's Head water, which commences at the Tumbling Bay and ends at Chingford Marsh, rented by Mr Coventry. Chub and barbel are plentiful. S.t. 10s. 6d. Trolling begins Sept. 1st. Minnow fishing allowed to season tickets only.
- Epsom** (Surrey). S.W.R. & E. & C.R. (See *London, L.T.*) There are some ponds on Epsom Common.
- Esher** (Surrey).—S.W.R. Mole; pike, perch, chub, &c.; fishing free. (See *London, L.T.*)
- Essendine** (Rutland).—G.N.E. Glen. Gwash, 1 m. S.W., at **Eyhall**. Edenham brook, 3 m. N.E. (See *Spalding*.)
- Etchingham** (Sussex).—H. & T.R. (See *Rye*.) On Rother. (c.s.)
- Etwall** (Derby).—G.N.R. Etwall brook. Longford brook, 2 m. S.W., at Hilton. Trent, 3 m. S.E., at **Willington**. (c.s.) Dove, 4 m. S.W., at **Tutbury**. (c.s. *Trent*.) (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Evercrech** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Evercrech; carp, perch, roach, trout, pike. (See *Highbridge*.)
- Evercrech Junction** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Evercrech. (See *Highbridge*.)
- Evershot** (Dorset).—G.W.R. (See *Wareham and Bridgwater*.)
- Evesham** (Worcester).—G.W.R. On Avon; pike, perch, bream, roach, dace, chub; preserved by Evesham Fish Preservation Society for 9 m.; a.t. 1s., d.t. 3d.; with trolling, s.t. 2s. 6d.; licences from Mr. Whitford, Bridge-street, Fish and Anchor Inn, Littleton, Evesham, and T. Jackson, Fladbury, Pershore, for fishing from Norton brook to notice board above Chadbury Weir, or from Fladbury Weir to Mr. Faulkner's water; s.t. only for Mr. Faulkner's water 10s.; season begins June 16, ends March 14; no trailing from boats; hon. sec., E. D. Lowe, Esq. Vine-street. *Hotels*: Crown, Northwick Arms, Cross Keys. (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Exall** (Surrey).—S.W.R. Hog's Mill River; trout; leave from landowners. (See *London, L.T.*)
- Exeter** (Devon).—G.W.R. & S.W.R. On Exe; salmon, trout, pike, dace, perch. Exe rises on Ashcombe Hill, in the centre of Exmoor, and runs 6 m. to Exford (trouting very good, and free, n.s. **Dulverton**, 12 m. *Hotel*: White Horse, which has some private fishing.) 6 m. down stream is Winsford (n.s. **Dulverton**, 6 m. *Hotel*: Royal Oak, very comfortable; good free trouting early in the season). 2 m. below at Exton, Quarme Water joins Exe on left bank. Quarme rises 2 m. N. of Exford, and is 7 m. long. Exe flows in 6 m. to Hele Bridge, **Dulverton** being 1 m. distant on right bank. 1 m. below, Haddeo joins Exe on left bank. Haddeo rises some 2 m. E. of Exton, and in 4½ m. is joined on left bank by a stream 3 m. long. 1½ m. down, a stream joins Haddeo on left bank, which is some 3 m. long, running in two streams, which meet at Stert Bridge. Haddeo joins Exe 4 m. down. Lord Carnarvon preserves Haddeo. Exe runs in 1½ m. to Exe Bridge and **Dulverton** Station. Here Barle joins Exe on right bank. Barle rises in the centre of Exmoor, and runs in 3 m. to Simonds bath (n.s. **Dulverton**, 14 m.). Trout numerous but small.

Leave from Mr. Knight, of Simonds bath; (a good inn, but no beer or spirit licence). $\frac{3}{4}$ m. down at Landacre Bridge, Sheardown Water, 4 m. long, joins on right bank (fishing very good, and free). Barle flows in 3 m. to Withypool (n.s. **Dulverton**, 8 m. (leave from Landacre Farm). There is a decent little inn here, and the trouting very good, and free. (Exford and River Exe is 3 m. over the hills from here.) A stream 4 m. long joins Barle here on left bank. 6 m. down Barle, Doune's brook, 6 m. long, joins on right bank (this brook is preserved by the owner of the property, but leave is often given). **Dulverton** is 3 m. down Barle. 2 m. on, Barle joins Exe at Exbridge, where the Tiverton Association rights begin. $\frac{1}{4}$ m. below Exe Bridge, Brushford brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank; preserved. 4 m. down Exe, Belbrook joins on right bank (n.s. **Bampton**, 2 m.). Belbrook is some 7 m. long, and midway is joined on right bank by two short streams. The whole is in private hands. 1 m. down Exe, Bampton brook joins on left bank. Bampton rises above Raddington (n.s. **Venn Cross**, 2 m.), and 5 m. down is joined on right bank by a short stream rising 1 m. E. of **Morebath**. Bampton runs 2 m. to **Bampton**, and $\frac{1}{4}$ m. below joins Exe. This stream is free. There is a decent angling inn at the junction of Bampton with Exe. 6 m. down Exe a short stream joins on right bank, which rises by Culverleigh. **Tiverton** is 1 m. on. Here Loman joins on left bank. Loman is some 9 m. long, and receives a tributary 5 m. long at Uploman. 4 m. down Exe at Bickleigh (here the Tiverton fishing ends) there is a nice little inn—Bickleigh Bridge Inn. There are plenty of dace below the weir, but only trout and salmon above. The fishing hence down to **Thorverton** is preserved by the Up. Exe Fishing Association and the Landowners' Salmon Fishery Association. At Bickleigh, Dart river joins Exe on right bank. Dart is about 9 m. long, and rises above Coombe Mill, 6 m. W. of **Tiverton**. 2 m. down Exe, Butterleigh brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Exe runs in $\frac{1}{4}$ m. to Silvertown (n.s. **Hale**, 3 m.), **Thorverton** (here the Up. Exe Society ends) 1 m., Bramford Speke on right bank, and Stoke Cannon on left bank, 3 m. (Here begins the Lower Exe United Fishing Association, which runs to Cowley bridge.) 1 m. down Exe, Culm river joins on left bank. Culm rises 3 or 4 m. above **Hemyock**, where a stream of the same length joins on left bank. Culm runs $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. to **Culmstock**, and 2 m. down Sheldon brook joins on left bank, 5 m. long. **Ufculm** is 1 m. down Culm, **Tiverton Junction** 2 m., and **Cullompton** 2 m. Here Kentisbere brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Culm, Ashford brook joins on right bank. Ashford rises 1 m. W. of Sampford Peverell (n.s. **Tiverton Junction**, 3 m.), and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by a stream which rises by Halberton (n.s. **Tiverton Junction**, 2 m.). 1 m. down Ashford, and 1 m. from **Cullompton**, Fulford water, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down, Ashford joins Culm. 2 m. down Culm, Langford brook, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Culm is **Hale**, Stoke Cannon 5 m., and Exe 1 m., 2 m. down Exe is Cowley Bridge. (Here the Lower Exe fishing ends, and another association going to Exeter begins; salmon, pike, dace, and few trout. S.t., 5s.) Creedy joins on right bank. Creedy rises 3 or 4 m. above Wood-faridworthy (n.s. **Crediton**, N.D.R.), and 5 m. down is joined on left bank by Yeo brook. 5 m. long. 1 m. down Creedy at Sandford, Sandford brook, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Crediton is $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Creedy. Here Spreyton water joins Creedy on right bank. Spreyton rises by Spreyton (n.s. **Bow**, C.R., 2 m.), runs 6 m., when it is joined at Colbrook by two short streams on either bank. Spreyton runs in 3 m. to **Crediton**, where a short stream joins on right bank; and 1 m. down, Spreyton joins Creedy. Creedy runs 2 m. to **St. Cyres** (N.D.R.), where Shobrook brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. From hence to the junction of Creedy with Exe is 5 m. **Exeter** is 1 m. down Exe. There are plenty of dace, &c., close to the city.

The EXETER SHIP CANAL contains roach, dace, pike, perch, carp, tench, eels, and founders. The best part is the low half beyond Countess Weir, beginning opposite the limekilns on the broadwater. Large carp and tench have been taken here. The roach are also fine. Between Topsham Lock and the nearest drawbridge is a very good spot; $\frac{1}{2}$ m. farther is Turf Lock House, a very comfortable inn. C.s. Mar. 1 to June 15.

Alphington brook joins Exe Estuary on right bank at Alphington, 3 m. S. of Exeter. This brook rises by West Town, and in 2 m. is joined by Adder Water on left bank, which rises by Whitestone, and is 3 m. long. Alphington runs to Ide 1 m. and Alphington 1 m.

Exhall (Warwick).—C & N.R. Sow. Breach brook. (See Gloucester.)

Exminster (Devon).—G.W.R. Towsington brook; few trout. This brook rises by Shillingford, and is 4 m. long.

Exmouth.—Bass are caught here in summer by towing a dead sand-eel in a boat under sail. Flounders and eels, with soft carb bait, especially off Lymptone. Outside the bar, dabs may be taken with mussel bait. Pollack with sand or freshwater eel bait, off Straight Point, where pout, bream and congers are also found. Mackerel fishing is much followed in spring, summer, and autumn under sail. (See Ottery St. Mary.) Hotel: Royal Beacon.

Eye (Hereford).—S. & H.R. Ridgmore brook. Lakes: Croft Castle (3 m.) (See Chepstow.)

Eye (Suffolk).—Eye brook. Waveney, 4 m. N. (See Yarmouth.)

Eye Green (Cambs).—G.E.R. Muscal River. Fen drains. (See Wisbeach.)

Eynesford (Kent).—S.R. (See Dartford.) On Darent; trout, roach, perch, eels, &c.; fishing good; leave may be had occasionally from Sir W. Hart Dyke, of Lullingstone Park. Some fishing can be had at the Plough Hotel; fly only.

Eynham (Oxford).—G.W.R. Thames; chub, perch, pike, &c. Hotels: Red Lion and Swan. (See Advertisements.) (See London, U.T.)

Fairford (Glo'ster).—G.W.R. On Colne; trout. D.t., 2s. 6d. Good fishing, beginning

- April 1st. Fly only. Much of the river is in private hands. Fishing good. *Hotel: Bull.* (See London, U.T., Cirencester.)
- Fakenham** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Wensum. (c.s. N. and S.) (See Yarmouth.)
- Falmouth** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. (See *St. Maw's, Penryn, Manaccan, and St. Keverne.*) 2 m. S.W. at Budock runs Budock water, 3 m. long. (c.s. *Powey.*) *Hotels: Royal, Green Bank.*
- Fareham** (Hants.).—L. & S.W.R. Meon; trout, roach. Meon rises in a mill pond at East Meon (n.s. *Petersfield, P.D.R., 5 m.*), runs to Droxford, 7 m., Wickham, 4 m., Titchfield, 4 m., and 2 m. on joins the sea. From its source to a mile below Wickham the stream is private. Hence to Titchfield (*Hotel, Bugle*) it is preserved by a club of limited members (hon. sec., E. Goble, Esq., solicitor, Fareham); s.t. 5l. 5s. Local flies are March brown, hewthorn, and May fly. Close to the shore is Brownwich Pond, preserved. A stream runs into Portsmouth Harbour here, which rises in Rudley Mill, and in 2½ m. is joined on left bank by the drainage of Creech Pond ½ m. up. 1 m. on is Southwick, where is a large lake at the Priory. 1 m. below a stream joins on right bank, draining a pond 1 m. up. **Fareham** is 3 m. on. This stream is small and private.
- Farnborough** (Hants.).—S.W.R. Near here is a large pond, the source of Blackwater. 2½ m. off are the Fleet Ponds. Fishing good, but reserved for the men at Aldershot. (See London, M.T.)
- Farnham** (Surrey).—S.W.R. Wey; trout. 4 m. S. on Frenchman Common are the Great and Little Ponds; perch, eels. There is an inn close to Abbot's Pond. (See London, L.T.)
- Farningham** (Kent).—L.C. & D.R. On Darenth; trout, roach, perch. (See Dartford.) Fair trouting early in the season, which commences on April 1, by staying at the Lion Hotel, for 1½ m.; fly only. The owner of Franks also preserves a portion of the water.
- Farnsfield** (Notts.).—M.E. Rainsworth brook. *Lakes: Inkersall dam, 3 m. N.W.* (See Althorpe.)
- Fawley** (Hants.).—1 m. off, on Fields Heath, are some small ponds, and one large one. 2 m. off runs the Dark Water. This stream rises in Flash Pond on Beaulieu Heath, runs 1 m. to another pond. Here joins on right bank the outflow from four ponds on the heath, ½ m. up. 1½ m. down the outflow of a pond joins on right bank, ½ m. up. 4 m. down is the sea.
- Fawley** (Hereford).—H.B. & G.B. Wye; salmon, pike, chub, dace, trout. (c.s.) Sollers brook (1 m.). Wriggle brook (2 m.). Llanwarne brook (5 m.) (c.s.) (See Chepstow.)
- Felixstow** (Suffolk).—G.E.B. Col. Tomline will give some fishing in the neighbourhood if properly approached.
- Felmingham** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Gunton beck. (See Yarmouth.)
- Felstead** (Essex).—G.E.R. On Chelmer. (See Maldon.)
- Feltham** (Middx.).—S.W.R. A branch of Colne. Some fishing can be had, at per day, from one Dawes. (See London, L.T.)
- Felton** (Northland.).—On Coquet; trout. *Inn: Northumberland Arms, comfortable* Fishing for 4 m. free to those staying at the inn. Leave to fish in the water below the village can be had for a small sum. Bull trout in spring and autumn. Nearest station, **Acklington.** (See Warkworth.) (c.s.)
- Fenns Bank** (Salop).—L. & N.W.R. Worthenbury brook, 6 m. N.W. Halghton brook, 6 m. N.W. *Lakes: Halghton Mill ponds, 6 m. N.W.* (See Chester.)
- Fenny Compton** (Warwick).—O. & B.R. Ham brook (2½ m. N.), Itchene (3 m. N.). *Lakes: Stoneton House Lake (½ m. N.E.)* (See London, M.T., and Gloucester, L.S.)
- Fenny Stratford** (Bucks).—L. & N.W.R. Ousel. (See King's Lynn.)
- Fenton** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Trent. (c.s.) *Lakes: Pond by railway, 1 m. E.* (See Gainsborough.)
- Ferry** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Nen. Fen drains. (See Wisbeach.)
- Filleigh** (Devon).—G.W.R. Bray; trout; preserved mostly by Sir T. Acland and Lord Poltimore; d.t. (free) from Mr. Riccard, solicitor, South Molton; elsewhere free, except at Castle Hill Park, Lord Fortescue.
- Filey** (York).—First-rate sea-fishing. Good sport can be had with either a white fly or artificial bait for coal fish at the end and along the bridge, which is a ledge of rock running some distance into the sea. Many pollack here.
- Filton** (Glo'ster).—G.W.R. Frome, 3 m.; coarse fish. Bradley brook, 3 m.; trout, coarse fish; leave from the landowners. (See Bristol and Lea Mills.)
- Findern** (Northton.).—M.R. Isc. *Lake: Findorn Hall, 2 m. S.E.* (See Wisbeach.)
- Finningley** (Notts).—G.N.R. Torne, 2 m. N.E. at Auckley. (See Althorpe.)
- Fishponds** (Glo'ster).—M.B. Frome. *Lakes: Stoke Park. Frenchay pond on Frenchay Common; tENCH; leave from W. Perry, Esq., Hambrook. Duchess pond; carp, perch, roach, dace; leave on application to Duke of Beaufort or Admiral Close, Stoke Park. Bitterwell pond, 3 m.; carp; Coal Pit Heath Co.; leave from Mr. G. C. Hewitt, Serridge House, Coalpit Heath, near Bristol.* (See Bristol.)
- Flakerton** (Notts).—M.R. Trent; pike, chub, roach, dace, perch, barbel; preserved below Greet mouth by a club; s.t. 10s.; Sir H. Bromley preserves the opposite side, and is liberal in giving permission. (c.s.) Greet. *Hotel: Bromley Arms, where tickets can be had.* (See Gainsborough.)
- Five Mile House or Flakerton** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Witham. Langworth, 2 m. E. (See Boston.)
- Flamborough** (York).—*Hotel: Ship.* Lodgings can be had. From June to Sept. there is good fly fishing from off the rocks. Billet, pollack, coalfish, are plentiful.
- Flax Bourton** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (See Clevedon.)

Florden (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Lese; good fishing. (*See Yarmouth.*)

Foleshill (Warwick).—C. & N.R. Sow. Marches brook. (*See Gloucester.*)

Ford (Hereford).—S. & H.R. Lug; trout, grayling, pike, perch, dace; Mr. Arkwright, of Hampton Court, preserves 5 m. from Ford to Bodenham; preserved above Ford by the Leominster Club (*see Leominster*). (*c.s. Wye.*) Humber brook (3 m.). Marston brook (4 m.). Lakes, Hampton Park (3 m.). (*See Chesnow.*)

Ford (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. Arun. (*See Little Hampton.*)

Ford Green (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Foxley brook. Trent, 1 m. E. (*c.s.*) (*See Gainsborough.*)

Fordham (Cambs).—G.E.R. Kent (3 m. E.). (*See King's Lynn.*)

Fordingbridge (Hants).—S. & D.R. On the Avon; trout, grayling, perch, &c. Hotel: Greyhound. Mr. Coventry's fishing is now let; elsewhere preserved by Marchioness of Anglesea. (*See Christchurch.*)

Fornceett (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Lese. (*See Yarmouth.*)

Forrabury (Cornwall).—Boscastle brook, 4 m. long, and Tredawl Water (2 m. off) 3 m. long.

Four Ashes (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Saredon brook. Penk, 1 m. W. (*See Gainsborough.*)

Fowey (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Fowey river; trout, sea trout, salmon; preserved, but leave can be had; autumn is the best time. (*c.s.*) Fowey rises 5 m. N. E. of Temple (n.s. **Bodmin**, 7 m.), runs 15 m. to Doublebois, where it is joined on right bank by St. Neot river (n.s. **Liaseard**, 5 m.). St. Neot rises on Bodmin Moor, 4 m. from Temple, and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by the outflow of Dismare pool $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. up. St. Neot runs 6 m. to St. Neot (n.s. **Liaseard**, 6 m.), and Fowey, 3 m. Fowey runs 3 m., and is joined on right bank by Temple brook. Temple rises by Temple, runs 5 m. to Warleggon (n.s. **Bodmin Road**, 6 m.), and Fowey, 5 m. Fowey runs 4 m. to **Bodmin Road** station, where Milton brook, 7 m. long, joins on right bank. Fowey runs 4 m. to **Lostwithiel**, and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by Red brook, which rises in some ponds on Red Moor and Creek, and is 4 m. long. 4 m. down Fowey on left bank is the Laign, which rises 2 m. above Boconnock (n.s. **Lostwithiel**, 3 m.), and is 7 m. long, holding trout. 1 m. down Fowey on left bank is Penpole Creek, into which runs Trebant water, which rises 2 m. E. of Boconnock, and is 7 m. long, holding trout, fishing free. Fowey runs to Fowey, and the sea in 2 m. Into the left side of the harbour opposite the town flows Pont brook, 4 m. long, holding trout, fishing free. There is capital sea fishing of all kinds.

Framlingham (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Ore. Deben, 4 m. S.W. Lake: Framlingham pond. (*See Orford; Woodbridge.*)

French Drove (Cambs).—G.E.R. Muscal river. Fen drains. (*See Wisbeach.*)

Freshford (Somerset).—G.W.R. (*See Bristol.*) Avon; roach, perch, trout, &c. Preserved by the Avon and Tributaries Angling Association (hon. sec., J. T. Justice, Esq., Carlton Chambers, Baldwin-street, Bristol), s.t. 11., d.t., 2s.; obtainable at the New inn. (*c.s.*) Frome; roach, trout.

Frisby (Leicester).—M.R. Wreak; roach, bream. (*c.s. Trent.*) (*See Gainsborough.*)

Frodsham (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. and G.W.R. Weaver. Weaver rises in Moss mere in Cholmondeley Park, 3 m. N.E. of **Malpas**, runs thence to Capel mere, also in the park, and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by the drainage of Cholmondeley mere $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up, 4 m. N.W. of **Wrenbury**. 3 m. down at **Wrenbury**, Marbury brook joins on right bank. Marbury rises in Brat's mere, 4 m. W. of **Malpas**, runs 1 m. to Bickley Mill pond, and just below waters Bar mere, 3 m. S.E. of **Malpas**. 1 m. down, Marbury joins the Ellesmere and Chester canal. 2 m. down, Oss brook joins on right bank, which rises in Oss mere, 2 m. N.E. of **Whitchurch**, and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by the outflow of Marbury mere and Marbury Mill pond, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up, 3 m. N.E. of **Whitchurch**. 2 m. down is Marbury, which runs 1 m. to Weaver. Weaver runs to **Wrenbury** 1 m., and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by Salesbrook, which rises in Combermere mere at Combermere Abbey, 2 m. S. from **Wrenbury**, and is 2 m. long. Weaver runs 3 m. to **Audlem**. Here Adderley brook joins on right bank. Adderley rises in New pool at Shavington, 1 m. S.W. of **Adderley**, and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by the outflow of Adderley Hall lake, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up, and close to **Adderley** station. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Adderley is the outflow of another pond in the park, and 2 m. down, a stream, 1 m. long, joins on right bank, draining "the mere" close by the railway station to the N. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down, Adderley joins Weaver. 4 m. below **Audlem** Birch Hall brook, which rises in Woodfall pool, 2 m. N.E. of **Audlem**, and is 2 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Weaver, Artle brook joins on right bank. Artle rises in two lakes in Madeley Manor Park, 1 m. W. of **Keel**, and 1 m. down waters Bowsey Mill pond, 1 m. N. of **Madeley**. 1 m. down Artle, Madeley brook, which rises in Madeley Mill pond by **Madeley**, and is 2 m. long, joins on left bank. Close to the junction is Wrinehill Mill pond, 2 m. N.W. of **Madeley**. Artle runs 2 m. to Howbeck bridge, 2 m. S.E. of **Wentwich**, and here joins Howbeck, which drains the lakes in Doddington Park, 2 m. up, 4 m. S.E. of **Wentwich** or 3 m. S.W. of **Bassford**. Weaver runs 2 m. to Shrew bridge, where Baddiley brook, which rises in Baddiley mere, 2 m. N. of **Wrenbury**, and is 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Weaver runs to **Wentwich**, 1 m., and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by Cheer brook, 3 m. long, 1 m. E. of **Wentwich**. Weaver runs to **Worleston**, 2 m., and here Pool brook joins on left bank and Wistaston brook on right bank. Pool brook rises in a lake by Hurleston, 3 m. N.W. of **Wentwich**, and is 5 m. long. Wistaston rises in Betley mere, 3 m. N.W. of **Madeley**, runs to Little mere

close by, and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by the outflow of Betley Hall lake, 3 m. S.E. of **Basford**. Wistaston runs 1 m. to **Basford**, Wistaston Old Hall, 1 m. S.W. of **Crew**, 3 m., and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by Swill brook, which rises W. of **Basford**, and is 5 m. long. 1 m. down Wistaston, Inglesway brook joins on right bank. Inglesway rises in Balterley mere, 1 m. E. of **Basford**, runs 2 m. to Monneyley mere, 1 m. to Crewe House lakes, **Crewe** 1 m., and joins Wistaston 2 m. down. Wistaston joins Weaver 1 m. down. Weaver runs to Church Minshall, 2 m. S.W. of **Minshall Vernon** station (1 m. off on E. bank), 4 m., and is here joined on left bank by Ash brook. Ash rises in Oak mere in Delamere Forest, 2 m. S.E. of **Delamere** station, and 4 m. down is joined on right bank by Oulton brook, which rises in Fish pool in Delamere Forest, 2 m. S. of **Delamere**, runs $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. to Oulton Mill, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to Oulton Hall lake, 4 m. N.E. of **Beeston**, and 2 m. down joins Ash. At the junction a stream joins on left bank, working a large mill and pond 1 m. up at Little Budaworth, 5 m. W. of **Winsford**. 2 m. down Ash, Wettenhall brook, which rises in Tilston Hall lake, 1 m. N.E. of **Beeston**, and is 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Ash joins Weaver 2 m. down. 2 m. down, Weaver waters a lake at Stocks Hill, 1 m. S. of **Winsford** and 3 m. W. of **Middlewich**, runs to **Winsford**, 1 m., and 2 m. below is joined on left bank by Whitgate brook, which rises in some ponds on Newchurch Common, 2 m. S. of **Cuddington**, runs 2 m. to Pettypool in New Park, 2 m. S.E. of **Cuddington**, and joins Weaver 2 m. down. Weaver runs 4 m. to **Northwich**. Here Dane joins on right bank. Dane rises on the west slope of Aze Edge, 4 m. S.W. of **Burton**, and 5 m. down is joined on right bank by Folly brook, 4 m. long, 5 m. N.E. of **Bosley**. Dane runs 3 m., when it receives the outflow of Bosley reservoir by **Bosley**. Dane runs in 1 m., 1 m. N. of **Rushton**, 2 m. to **Bosley**, and 2 m. down at Colley Mill is joined on right bank by Cow brook, which rises in Great Oak reservoir, 2 m. N. of **Bode** or 3 m. S. of **Macclesfield**, runs 2 m. to Bode reservoir by **Bode**, and joins Dane 1 m. down. Dane runs 3 m. to **Congleton**, and here Biddulph brook, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. 4 m. down Dane, Dsiry brook joins on left bank, which runs 1 m. W. of **Congleton**, where it waters a mill pond, and joins Dane 2 m. below. Dane runs 2 m. to within 2 m. E. of **Holmes Chapel**, when two streams join on either bank; the left waters Bag mere, 4 m. W. of **Congleton** or 3 m. S.E. of **Holmes Chapel**, and the other Midge brook, on right bank, rises by Marton, 3 m. N. of **Congleton**, and is 5 m. long. Dane runs 2 m. to **Holmes Chapel**, and **Middlewich**, 5 m. Here Wheelock joins on left bank. Wheelock rises in Moreton Hall lake, 2 m. S.W. of **Congleton**, running to **Sandbach**, 5 m. 1 m. below, at Wheelock, Betchton brook, 6 m. long, and Hassall brook join on left bank. Hassall rises in Alsager pond by **Alsager**, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by Lawton brook, which rises in Lawton Hall lake, 2 m. E. of **Alsager**, and 1 m. below is joined by the outflow of Lawton mere and Bode Hall lake, the one on the right bank and the other on the left bank. 2 m. down, Lawton joins Hassall, which joins Wheelock 2 m. down. Wheelock runs 2 m., when Foul brook, which rises in Winterley Mill pond, 2 m. N.E. of **Crewe** or 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ m. S. of **Sandbach**, and is 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Wheelock runs to Forge Mill, 1 m. E. of **Minshall Vernon**, and **Middlewich**, 4 m. Here Croco joins Wheelock on right bank. Croco rises 6 m. above **Holmes Chapel**, and joins Wheelock 4 m. below. At the junction Sanderson's brook, 6 m. long, joins Croco on left bank. Dane runs to **Northwich** and Weaver, 6 m. Here at the salt works, Norcot brook, Rudworth brook, and Kincham brook join on right bank. Norcot is 7 m. long, watering the lake at Cogshall, 2 m. up. Budworth rises in Pickmere mere, 2 m. N.E. of **Northwich**, runs 1 m. to Rudworth mere, 2 m. N. of **Northwich**, and joins Weaver 1 m. down. Kincham rises in the lake at Toft Hall, 3 m. E. of **Plumley**, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by the outflow of Nether Tabley lake, 1 m. N. of **Plumley**. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down, Waterless brook joins on right bank. Waterless rises above Arley, 5 m. N.E. of **Northwich**, and here Birch brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. This brook waters the long lake in Arley Hall Park, close to its junction with Waterless. Waterless runs 4 m. to Kincham. 1 m. down Kincham, Peover brook joins on right bank. Peover rises in a mill pond by Gawsorth, 3 m. S.W. of **Macclesfield**, and 1 m. down, at Siddington, is joined on right bank by the drainage of the lakes at Thornycroft Hall, 3 m. S.W. of **Macclesfield**. 1 m. down Peover is the draining of a small mere on the right bank, 3 m. S.E. of **Chelford**. 2 m. down Peover, a brook, 1 m. long, joins, which drains Reeds mere and Capesthorpe Hall lake, 4 m. W. of **Macclesfield** or 2 m. S.E. of **Chelford**. Peover runs 1 m. to **Chelford** and Astle Hall lake, and here Bug brook joins on right bank. Bug rises in Henbury Hall lake, 3 m. W. of **Macclesfield**, and 1 m. down receives the drainage of the lake at Old Hall, 3 m. W. of **Macclesfield**. Bug runs to **Chelford** in 3 m. Peover runs 6 m. to Nether Peover, and here a brook, 2 m. long, joins on right bank, draining the lake at Over Peover Hall, 3 m. S.W. of **Chelford**. Peover runs 2 m. to **Plumley** and Kincham 1 m. 1 m. down Kincham, at **Lostock Chapel**, Crow brook, which rises above Goostrey, 3 m. N.E. of **Holmes Chapel**, and is 10 m. long, joins on left bank. Kincham runs 2 m. to **Northwich**. Weaver runs 5 m. to Acton Bridge by **Acton**, 2 m. to Dutton railway bridge, and here Bent brook joins on left bank. Bent rises in Flax mere, and another lake, 1 m. W. of **Delamere** station, and 4 m. down, is joined on right bank by Cuddington brook, which rises in some mill ponds at **Cuddington**, and is 8 m. long. Weaver runs 4 m. to **Frodsham**.

Frogghall (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. and G.N.R. Churnet; trout, grayling; fishing spoilt

by Leek drainage. (c.s. *Trent*.) *Lakes*: Dark Mill, 1 m. N. Consall Hall lake, 3 m. N.W. Iptstone lake, 3 m. N. (See *Gainsborough*.)

Frocester (Gloucester).—M.R. Slimbridge brook. (See *Dursley*.)

Frome (Somerset).—G.W.R. (See *Bristol*.) On Frome; fair trouting, leave not to be had. (c.s. *Avon*.) *Lakes* at Berkley House, Orchardleigh; pike, tench, perch; preserved by W. Duckworth, Esq.; leave difficult. Marston Park lake; perch, carp, roach; Lord Cork; leave from the steward.

Fulbourn (Cambs).—G.E.R. Bottesham Load; perch, roach, &c. (See *King's Lynn*.)

Fulleton Bridge (Hants).—S.W.R. On Test; trout; preserved by the owners of Wherwell Priory. (See *Southampton*.)

Gainsborough (Lincoln).—G.N.R. *Trent*; pike, perch, roach, chub. (c.s.) *Trent*: rises in a reservoir by the railway, 1 m. N. from **Black Bull** station, runs 1 m. to a large reservoir 1 m. E. from **Black Bull**. 4 m. down, at **Milton**, Foxley brook joins on right bank. Foxley rises 1 m. above **Black Bull**, runs 3 m. to **Ford Green**, and *Trent* and **Milton**, 1 m. *Trent* runs to **Bucknall**, 2 m., where a short stream, running out of a large mill head, 1 m. up, joins on left bank, and **Stoke**, 2 m. Here Fowler brook joins on right bank. Fowler rises in Bath pool, 7 m. above **Tunstall**, runs thence to **Burslem**, 1 m., **Hanley**, 2 m., and **Stoke**, 2 m. 1 m. down *Trent*, at **Penton**, is the drainings on left bank of a large pond by the railway, 1 m. up. *Trent* runs 2 m. to Hanford, 2 m. N.W. from **Trentham**, and here Lyme joins on right bank. Lyme rises in a couple of ponds on the racecourse, 2 m. N.W. from **Newcastle**, and runs through that place and joins *Trent* 3 m. down. *Trent* runs 1 m. to **Trentham Park**. **Trentham** station being 1 m. off on left bank; here Northwood brook joins on right bank. Northwood rises in Keel Hall Park lakes, 2 m. S.W. from **Newcastle**, and 3 m. down waters a lake in **Trentham Park**; just below this lake a stream joins the outflow on the right bank, draining some ponds at Hanchurch farm, 1 m. up. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down, Northwood joins *Trent*. Just here Longton brook joins *Trent* on left bank. Longton rises in Park Hall lake, 1 m. above **Longton**, and 2 m. down is joined on left bank by a brook 2 m. long, working several mills. Longton runs to **Trentham** station, 2 m., and *Trent*, 1 m. *Trent* now waters the large lake, 1 m. long, in **Trentham Park**. 1 m. down *Trent*, **Barlston** being 1 m. off on left bank, a brook joins on left bank draining **Barlston Park** lakes, 1 m. up. *Trent* runs to **Stone**, 4 m. Here Filly brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank, and Moddershall brook, which rises in Moddershall Mill ponds, 2 m. S.E. from **Stone**, and is 3 m. long, working some mills, joins on right bank. *Trent* runs 7 m. to **Weston**, and here Gayton brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. 5 m. down, at **Great Haywood**, 1 m. N.W. from **Colwich** (fishing very good; roach, pike, chub, trout; preserved below by Mr. L. Morgan), Sow joins *Trent* on right bank. Sow rises 6 m. above **Eccleshall**, n.s. **Norton Bridge**, 3 m. (trout), and is here joined by Offey brook on right bank. Offey rises in Blore Park, runs thence to the lake at Otland, and 1 m. below waters Cop Mere, running thence to **Eccleshall**, 2 m. 4 m. down, Meese brook joins on left bank. Meese rises in the lake in Whitmore park by **Whitmore**, runs 3 m. to Hatton Mill pond, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. N. from **Standon**, runs to **Standon** 2 m., and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by Bromley brook, 3 m. long, which rises in the two large mill ponds at Bromley and in Podmore pool, 3 m. W. from **Standon**. Meese runs 2 m., when a stream joins on left bank, draining the lakes at Meese House, 2 m. S.W. from **Standon**, on the banks of Meese, and also the lakes at Swinerton park, 3 m. W. from **Stone**. Meese runs 3 m. to **Norton Bridge**, and 1 m. down joins Sow. Sow runs 1 m. to **Great Bridgeford**, and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by Clanford brook, 6 m. long. Sow runs to **Stafford**, 1 m. 1 m. down Sow, Penk joins on right bank. Penk rises in The Pool in Chillington Park, 2 m. N.W. from **Codsall**, runs in 2 m., 1 m. N. from that place, and 4 m. down is joined on right bank by a brook, 3 m. long, rising in the large Moseley mill pond, 1 m. N.E. from **Bushbury**. 1 m. down Penk, **Four Ashes** being 1 m. off on right bank, Saredon brook joins on right bank. Saredon rises in Upper Brindley pool, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. N. from **Hednesford**, runs thence to Lower Brindley pool, and thence to Furnace pool, and $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down waters Hednesford pool. Saredon runs 2 m. to **Cannock**, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by the outflow of the lake in Hatherton Hall, 1 m. W. of **Cannock**. Saredon runs 4 m. to **Four Ashes** and Penk, 1 m. Penk runs to **Brewood** (n.s. **Four Ashes**, 2 m.), 1 m., and **Penkridge**, 5 m. Here Whiston brook joins on left bank. Whiston rises 3 m. above Wheaton Aston, and 4 m. down is joined on left bank by Eaton water, which rises by **Gnosall**, and is 7 m. long. 2 m. down, Whiston reaches **Penkridge**. Here also Galey brook, which rises in the reservoir 1 m. E. of **Galey**, and is 4 m. long, joins on right bank. Pillaton brook here joins Penk on right bank. Pillaton rises in Pottal reservoir 3 m. N. from **Cannock** or 3 m. W. from **Penkridge**, and 1 m. down receives on left bank the outflow of Pottal pools $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up. Pillaton runs to Pillaton 2 m., where the outflow of 3 ponds in Manstay Wood joins on left bank, 2 m. from **Penkridge**. 2 m. down, Pillaton joins Penk. 1 m. down Penk, a stream, 2 m. long, joins on right bank, rising in a pond by Bangley, and working two mills. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Penk, the outflow, 1 m. long, of the Keepers' pools and Park pool in Teddesley Park (2 m. N.E. from **Penkridge**) joins on right bank. Penk runs to Sow, 6 m. Kingston brook joins Sow on left bank just below. Kingston rises in Ingestre Park pool 2 m. S.W. from **Ingestre** or **Weston-on-Trent**, waters 3 other pools just below, and runs 2 m. to Kingston pool, 1 m. E. of

Stafford, just on the banks of Sow. 1 m. down Sow on left bank is the outflow of 4 ponds lying close on the banks. 3 m. down Sow on left bank is the outflow of Tixall Park pool, 2 m. up, 4 m. E. of **Stafford**. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down, Sherbrook brook, which rises in the upper, middle, and lower Sherbrook pools, $\frac{3}{4}$ m. W. of **Rugeley**, and is 4 m. long, joins on right bank. Sow runs to Trent 1 m. Trent runs to **Colewich**, 2 m., where the outflow of 3 ponds in Oakedge Park, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up, joins on right bank. Trent runs to **Rugeley**, 4 m. Here Colton brook, 6 m. long, joins on left bank, and Rising brook, which rises in Balads pool, 2 m. N.E. from **Hednesford**, runs 1 m. to New Coppice pool, 2 m. S.W. from **Rugeley**, joins Trent 2 m. below on right bank. Trent runs to **Armitage**, 3 m., and here How brook runs in, which rises in the lake at Beaudesert, 4 m. S.W. from **Armitage**, and joins Trent 4 m. down. 2 m. down Trent, Blythe joins on left bank. Blythe rises 3 m. above **Blithe**, runs 2 m. to **Creswell**, **Leigh**, 4 m. and 2 m. below, is joined on right bank by a stream which drains the lake in Birchwood Park, 2 m. S.W. across country from **Leigh**. Blythe runs 4 m. to **Grindley**, and 5 m. down, **Abbotts Bromley** (n.s. **Rugeley**, 4 m.) being 1 m. off on left bank, Tad brook, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. 3 m. down Blythe, Bromley brook, which rises in the lakes in Bagots Park, runs 2 m. to **Abbotts Bromley**, and Blythe, 3 m., joins on left bank. 1 m. down Blythe, at Hamstall Bidware, 3 m. N.E. from **Armitage**, Part brook, 7 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down, Blythe joins Trent. 3 m. down Trent, at Orgreave, Bourne brook joins on right bank. Bourne, under the name of Bilston brook, rises in Coney mill pond, 3 m. N.W. from **Hammerwich**, and 5 m. down is joined on right bank by Ashmore brook, 3 m. long, and which runs 2 m. N.W. from **Lichfield**. 1 m. below, at Seedy mill, 2 m. S.E. from **Armitage**, Ben brook, 2 m. long, joins on left bank. Bourne runs to Trent in 4 m. 1 m. down Trent, 2 m. N.W. from **Alrewas**, Swarbourne brook joins on left bank. Swarbourne rises in a lake by Newborough, 4 m. N.E. from **Abbotts Bromley**, and 4 m. down is joined on left bank by Lin brook, which rises in the lake in the deer park at Byrkley Lodge, 5 m. west from **Burton**, and is 3 m. long. 1 m. down Swarbourne, the drainage of Luce pool, 1 m. up, and 4 m. N.W. from **Walton**, joins on right bank. 3 m. down, Swarbourne joins Trent, which runs to **Alrewas**, 1 m. Here Alrewas brook, which rises in some mill ponds by **Lichfield**, and is 7 m. long, joins on right bank. Trent runs 2 m. to **Wichnor**, and here Tame joins on right bank. Tame rises in Titford reservoir at **Langley Green**, and 2 m. down waters the pond at **Oldbury**. Tame runs 4 m. to **Wednesbury**, and 1 m. down receives on right bank the outflow of the pond by the foundry, 1 m. up. 1 m. down Tame at **Bescott Junction** is a lake on the left bank, and here Sneyd brook and Ford brook join on left bank. Sneyd rises in Sneyd pool 1 m. N.W. of **Bloxwich**, runs, in 3 m., 1 m. W. of **Walsall**, and joins Tame 3 m. down. Ford brook rises above **Felsall**, runs to **Walsall** 3 m., and Tame 2 m. Tame runs 3 m. to **Newton Road**, and here the outflow of the pond at Red House Hall, 1 m. up, joins on left bank; there is also a considerable lake (Forge pond) on the right bank. Tame runs to **Ferry Barr** 4 m., and here a stream joins on left bank which rises in the lakes at Barr Park, 2 m. E. of **Newton Road**. Tame runs to **Aston**, near **Birmingham**, 2 m., where the outflow of the lake in Aston Park joins on the right bank. Here also joins on left bank the brook which rises in Lodge pool 3 m. N. from **Ferry Barr** station, runs 1 m. to Upper Witton pool, 2 m. N. from **Aston**, and thence in 1 m. to Lower Witton pool, 1 m. N. from **Aston**. 1 m. down Tame, Rea joins on right bank. Rea rises above **Lifford**, where it waters two mill dams, and 3 m. down is joined on left bank by Bourne brook, which rises in a pond by Frankley, 3 m. S.E. from **Halesowen**, and 3 m. down waters the large mill pond at Harborne mill, 2 m. N. from **Lifford**. 2 m. down, Bourne joins Rea. 2 m. down, Rea waters the lake at Cannon Hill, and the reservoir at Edgbaston on the outskirts of **Birmingham**, and running through that town joins Tame at **Aston**. Before doing so, however, it is joined by the outflow of Thimble mill pond, Smethwick reservoir, Rotten Park reservoir, and some other ponds, all lying on the W. side of **Birmingham**. Tame runs 3 m. to **Castle Bromwich**, and here East brook joins on left bank. East brook rises in Bracebridge pool 2 m. N.W. from **Sutton Coldfield**, runs 1 m. to Blackroot pool and 1 m. to **Sutton Coldfield**. Here the outflow of Long Moor mill pond, Powell's pool, and Windley pool, all within a mile of the town, joins on right bank. East brook runs to Plantsbrook forge, where it waters a lake, and 1 m. below reaches **Castle Bromwich**. Tame runs 6 m. to **Whitacre** junction, and here Blythe joins on right bank. Blythe rises in Earlswood reservoir 6 m. W. from **Knowle** station, or 6 m. S.W. of **Solihull**, runs 5 m. to **Solihull**, 3 m. to **Knowle** (1 m. off on right bank), **Hampton** 6 m., and 2 m. down it receives the outfall of the lakes in Packington Park on right bank. 1 m. down Blythe on left bank is the outflow of Coleshill pool 1 m. up (2 m. S. of **Coleshill**), and **Coleshill** is 3 m. down Blythe. 1 m. below, Cole joins on left bank. Cole rises some 2 m. E. of **Lifford**, and at Titterford mill pond, 4 m. W. of **Solihull**, is joined on right bank by Inkford brook 5 m. long. Cole runs 6 m. to **Stichford**, and 4 m. down, 2 m. S.W. of **Coleshill**, is joined on right bank by Ulverley brook, which rises in Kineton reservoir, 2 m. N.W. of **Solihull**, runs 3 m. to **Marston Green**, and Cole 2 m., receiving just above the junction the outflow of the ponds in Chelmsley Wood, 2 m. S.W. from **Coleshill**. Cole runs to **Coleshill**, 2 m., and 1 m. down joins Blythe, which joins Tame 1 m. on at **Whitacre Junction**. Here Arley brook, which rises above **Arley**, runs 2 m. to **Shustoke**, and **Whitacre** 1 m., joins Tame on

right bank. Tame runs 3 m. to **Kingsbury**, and 3 m. down is joined on left bank by Langley brook, which, rising in the ponds at Langley Hall and mill, 2 m. E. of **Sutton Coldfield**, runs 3 m. to Middleton Hall and lake, and 1 m. down joins Tame. 1 m. down Tame, Gallows brook, which rises in a pond by Canwell Hall, 4 m. N.E. of **Sutton Coldfield**, and is 8 m. long, joins on left bank. Tame runs 2 m. to **Wilnescoote**, where Bourne brook joins on left bank. Bourne rises in Bourne pool, 4 m. N.W. of **S. Coldfield**, runs 4 m. to Shenstone, where Crane brook, which rises in Biddulphs pool, 2 m. E. of **Cannock**, runs 1 m. to the large reservoir, 1 m. N. of **Srownhills**, and 5 m. down joins Bourne, which runs to Weeford, 3 m., and 3 m. below waters the lakes at Drayton Manor, 1 m. below which it joins Tame, which runs 2 m. to **Tamworth**, and here Anker joins on right bank. Anker rises by Wolvey, 5 m. above **Muneston**, and here Griff brook joins on left bank. Griff rises by **Bedworth**, and 3 m. down is joined on left bank by a brook 2 m. long, which rises in Seds Wood pool, and other ponds in Arbury park, 1 m. S. of **Stookinford**. Griff runs 2 m. to **Muneston**. Anker runs 6 m. to **Atherstone**, and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by Sence. Sence rises above **Hugglescote**, and 2 m. below, at **Heather** is joined on right bank by Blower's brook, 3 m. long. Sence runs 3 m. to **Shakerstone**, and 2 m. down is joined on left bank by Bosworth brook, which runs 1 m. N. of **Market Bosworth**, and is 4 m. long. 5 m. down Sence, Tweed joins on left bank. Tweed rises above **Shenton**, where the outflow from the duckery in Bosworth Park, 2 m. up, joins on right bank. Tweed joins Sence 5 m. down. Sence joins Anker 1 m. below. Anker runs to **Polesworth** 5 m., **Tamworth** and Tame, 6 m. 7 m. down Tame Freeford brook, which rises in the lakes at Swinfin and Freeford Halls, 2 m. S.E. of **Lichfield**, and is 4 m. long, joins on left bank. 4 m. down, Tame joins Trent. Here also Mease joins on right bank. Mease rises by **Ashby-de-la-Zouch**, runs 6 m. to **Snaraton**, **Measham** 2 m., and 1 m. below is joined on right bank by a brook 3 m. long draining the large lake in Willesey Park, 1 m. S.W. from **Ashby**. 1 m. below at Nether Seal, Seal brook joins on right bank, which rises in the large reservoir by **Overseal**, runs 1 m. to Barrat pool, and Mease 3 m. Mease runs 6 m. to **Harleston**, **Croxhall** 3 m., and Trent 1 m. Trent runs 3 m. to **Walton**, and 2 m. down, the outflow, 2 m. long, of Tatenhill lake, 3 m. S.W. of **Burton**, joins on left bank. Trent runs to **Burton** 4 m., and 3 m. down, Dove joins on left bank. Dove rises 6 m. above **Longnor**, runs 4 m. to **Hartington** (n.s. **Bakewell**, 10 m.). Alstonfield, 1 m. off, on right bank, 4 m., Thorp, 5 m. Here Mannyfold joins on right bank. Mannyfold rises 4 m. above **Longnor**, and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by Blackbrook, 3 m. long. Mannyfold runs 5 m. to Ecton bridge, where Elkstone brook, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Mannyfold runs to Wetton (1 m. off on left bank), 2 m., and 1 m. below is joined on right bank by Hamps. Hamps rises 4 m. above **Onecote**, 5 m. E. of **Leek**, and is there joined by a brook, 2 m. long, draining two ponds at its head at Lower Acre 5 m. E. of **Leek**. Hamps runs 3 m. to Calton, and joins Mannyfold 4 m. below. Mannyfold runs to **Ilam** (n.s. **Ashbourne**, 5 m.), 4 m., and 1 m. down joins Dove. Dove runs 2 m. to Mappleton (good trouting), and 2 m. to Birdsgrove, **Ashbourne** being 1 m. off on left bank (preserved for 4 m. by the Birdsgrove Fishing Club of 30 members; s.t. 4l. 4s.; sec., G. M. Bond, Esq., Alrewas House, Ashbourne), and here Bradbourne brook, 7 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. below, at **Clifton**, Henmoor brook joins Dove on left bank. Henmoor rises in the lake at Hopton Hall, 2 m. S.W. of **Wirksworth**, runs 7 m. to **Ashbourne**, and Dove 2 m. Dove runs 4 m. to **Norbury**, where Colwick brook, 6 m. long, joins on right bank. Dove runs 2 m. to **Becceter**, and 2 m. below is joined by Churnet on right bank. Churnet rises 4 m. above **Leek**, and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by the outflow of Rudyerd reservoir, 3 m. N.W. of **Leek**, **Horton** station, being close on the banks. 4 m. down Churnet, Endon brook joins on right bank. Endon rises in Stanley Mill pond, 1 m. above **Endon**, and 3 m. below is joined on right bank by a brook 4 m. long, which drains a pond W. of Wetley, 3 m. S. from **Cheddleton**. Endon joins Churnet 1 m. down, which runs 1 m. to **Cheddleton**. 2 m. below, West brook, 7 m. long, joins on left bank, 1 m. down Churnet is the outflow on right bank of the lake at Consell Hall, 3 m. N. W. from **Frogghall** station. 1 m. down Churnet the outflow of the lake W. of Ipstone, 3 m. N. from **Frogghall**, joins on left bank. Churnet runs to **Frogghall**, 2 m., and here a brook joins on left bank, which rises in Dark Mill head, 1 m. N. of **Frogghall**. Churnet runs to **Oakamoor**, 4 m., **Alton**, 2 m., and 2 m. down is joined on left bank by Hulford brook, 3 m. long, which feeds the lake at Woolton Grange, half-way down, 2 m. N.W. from **Norbury**. Churnet runs 1 m. to **Denston**, **Becceter**, 2 m., and 2 m. down joins Dove. 2 m. down Dove Tean brook joins on right bank. Tean rises above **Cheadle**, runs 10 m. to **Uttoxeter** (1 m. off on right bank), and joins Dove 1 m. below. Dove runs to Dove-bridge, **Uttoxeter** being 1 m. off on right bank, and 2 m. below is joined on right bank by Stonyford brook, which rises 5 m. above **Uttoxeter**, and joins Dove 2 m. below. 3 m. down Dove by **Marchington** station Somershall brook, 6 m. long, joins on left bank, and Marchington brook, 5 m. long, on right bank. Dove runs to **Sudbury**, 2 m. (preserved by Burton-on-Trent Angling Society), and here Sudbury brook, which rises in a large pond 3 m. above **Sudbury**, joins on left bank. 3 m. down Dove, at Scropton, Cubleigh brook, 9 m. long, joins on left bank. Dove runs to **Tutbury**, 2 m., and 3 m. down by Rolleston is joined on right bank by Fleam or Little Dove, an offshoot of the main stream, which runs by **Tutbury** to Rolleston, where it is joined by Rolleston

brook, 4 m. long, which feeds the lake at Rolleston Hall, 2 m. S.E. from **Tutbury**. Dove runs to **Egginton**, 2 m., and here Longford brook joins on left bank. Longford rises in Yeldersley pond, 3 m. S.E. from **Ashbourne**, and 1 m. down waters the lakes in Shirley Park. Longford runs to Longford, 5 m., and here Bradley brook joins on right bank. Bradley rises in two lakes by Bradley, 3 m. E. from **Ashbourne**, and joins Longford 5 m. down. Longford runs to Sutton, 3 m., where it waters a pond, and 1 m. below is joined on right bank by Limbersitch brook, 5 m. long, 3 m. N. from **Tutbury**. Longford runs to Hilton, 2 m., and Dove, 2 m., watering the lake at Egginton Hall, close to the junction. Dove joins Trent 2 m. down. Trent runs 2 m. to **Willington**, where Etwall brook joins on left bank, and Repton brook on right bank. Etwall rises in a pond by Badburn, 3 m. N.W. from **Mickleover**, and 1 m. down waters another large pond. Etwall runs 2 m. to **Etwall**, **Egginton** 2 m., and 3 m. down joins Trent at **Willington**. Repton rises in two ponds by Hartshorn, 3 m. N.E. of **Swadlincote**, runs 1 m. to Screw Mill pond, 1 m. to Glovers Mill, 2 m. N.E. **Swadlincote**, and 1 m. down at Repton mill, is joined on left bank by the outflow of the six ponds in Brethry Park, 3 m. N. from **Swadlincote**; 1 m. down, Repton waters the lake in Repton Park, 2 m. S.E. of **Willington**, runs 1 m. to Repton, and Trent 1 m. 2 m. down Trent, by Twyford, Foremark brook joins on right bank, which rises in a pond by Repton rocks, 4 m. N.E. from **Swadlincote**, and, 2 m. down, waters four ponds by Foremark, 3 m. S.E. from **Willington**, 1 m. down, Foremark joins Trent. (Trent is preserved hence to Swarkstone; s.t. 21s., from Mr. Newbold, of King's Newton.) 1 m. down Trent on right bank is the overflow of Foremark Hall pond, 3 m. S.E. from **Willington**. Trent runs to Swarkstone (n.s. **Chellaston**, 1 m.), where begins the King's Mill fishery (see *Weston*), and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by a brook draining four ponds on the moor, by Stantin, 3 m. S.W. from **Chellaston**. 1 m. down Trent, by Weston Ferry, Breodon brook joins on right bank. Breodon rises in three ponds, by Coleorton, 3 m. E. from **Ashby-de-la-Zouch**, runs to **Worthington**, 4 m., **Tong** 3 m., **Melbourne** 3 m., and here Carr brook joins on left bank. Carr rises in Dog Kennel pool, and two ponds a mile above it, 2 m. W. of **Worthington**, runs to Staunton Hall ponds, and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by the outflow from seven ponds in Calke Park, 3 m. N.W. from **Worthington**. Carr runs to **Melbourne** and Breodon, 3 m. Breodon joins Trent 1 m. down. Trent runs to King's Mills, 1 m., **Weston** being 1 m. off on left bank, and here on right bank is the lake in Donnington Park. 1 m. down, where the railway crosses, the King's Mill fishery ends, and the Shardlow fishing begins. Trent runs 2 m. to Cavendish bridge and Shardlow (n.s. **Castle Donnington**, 1 m.; salmon, pike, barbel, dace, roach, perch; fishing good; preserved; s.t. 42s., from Castle Hotel, O.D.; Mr. Peach, 10, St. Peters-street, Derby; Mr. Wood, Chapel Bar, Nottingham, lessee of the river from Cuttle brook, including Weston-on-Trent, Kings Mills, and Shardlow; salmon begins Feb. 1.) Trent runs 1 m., where Derwent joins on left bank. Derwent rises in the hills some 12 m. above **Ashopton**, and 6 m. from its source is joined on left bank by Little Howden brook, 2 m. long, and on right bank by the river Westend, 5 m. down Derwent, Abbey brook, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Derwent runs to Derwent Chapel, 3 m., and here Mill brook, 2 m. long, joins on left bank. Derwent runs 2 m. to **Ashopton** (n.s. **Sheffield**, 12 m.); here Ashopton joins on right bank. Ashopton rises on the N. edge of The Peak, and 2 m. down is joined on left bank by Lady Clough brook, 2 m. long, which rises on Alport moor, 5 m. S.E. of **Glossop**. 1 m. down Ashopton, Fair brook, 2 m. long, joins on right bank. Ashopton runs to Alport bridge 2 m., and here Alport joins on left bank. Alport rises on Alport Moor, 6 m. E. of **Glossop**, and is 7 m. long. Ashopton runs 5 m. to **Ashopton**. The high road between **Glossop**, **Ashopton**, and **Sheffield** runs up the Ashopton Valley. At **Ashopton**, Ladybrook brook, 2 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Derwent is Yorkshire bridge, where the Derwent Fly-fishing Club water begins, thence to Mytham bridge 3 m., and here Now joins on right bank. Now rises in the Peak, 4 m. E. of **Hayfield**, runs 2 m. to Barber Booth, 4 m. N.E. from **Chapel-en-le-Prith**, and 7 m. down at Hope, 2 m. E. of **Castleton** (n.s. **Chapel-en-le-Prith**, 6 m.) (preserved by the Peak Forest Angling Club), is joined on right bank by Peaks Hole Water, which runs through **Castleton**, and is 3 m. long. Now runs 1 m., and is joined on right bank by Bradwell brook, 2 m. long, 1 m. down, Now joins Derwent. 2 m. down Derwent, by **Hathersage** (n.s. **Dronfield**, 9 m.), Hood brook, 2 m. long, joins on left bank, 1 m. down Derwent, at Lead mill, Highlow brook, 2 m. long, joins on right bank. Derwent runs 2 m., where Burbage brook, 5 m. long, and running 6 m. W. of **Dronfield**, joins on left bank. Derwent runs to New bridge, 2 m. (here ends the Derwent F.F. Club water, and the Duke of Devonshire's and Subscription water begins), thence 3 m. to **Baslow** (n.s. **Bakewell**, 3 m.) 1 m. below, Bar brook, 6 m. long, joins Derwent on left bank; near this junction Black Leach brook, 4 m. long, joins Bar on left bank. Derwent runs 1 m. to **Edensor** (n.s. **Bakewell**, 2 m.), and **Lowley**, 4 m. Here ends the Duke's subscription water, and Wye joins Derwent. Wye rises above **Buxton**, from whence it is preserved for four miles down by the Buxton Angling Association; from hence Wye runs 4 m. to **Miller's Dale** (private), **Monsal Dale**, 3 m. (Duke of Devonshire), **Ashford** (n.s. **Longstone**, 1 m.) (Duke of Devonshire) 3 m., **Bakewell** 2 m. (here begins the Rutland Arms water), Fillyford bridge 6 m. (here ends the Rutland Arms

water), and 1 m. down Wye reaches **Rowley** and Derwent. Derwent runs to **Darley**, 3 m. (here begins the Darley Dale Club water), and here Sydnopie brook, which rises in Flash dam, 3 m. up, joins on left bank; there are also two large mill ponds up Hall Dale, 1 m. up from the station. Derwent runs to **Matlock Bath**, 3 m. (here the D.D. Club water ends and the Matlock Angling Association begins), and here Bentley Brook, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Derwent runs to **Cromford**, 2 m. (preserved by M.A.A.). **Whatstandwell Bridge**, 3 m. (here the M.A.A. water ends), and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by a brook, 1 m. long, draining Alderwasley ponds, 2 m. S.W. from **Whatstandwell**. Derwent runs 1 m. to **Ambergate**. Here Amber joins on left bank. Amber rises 4 m. N.E. of **Matlock**, above Ashover, and 5 m. down at Ogston Bridge, 1 m. S. of **Stretton**, is joined on left bank by Stretton brook, which rises 5 m. above **Stretton Station**, and joins Amber 1 m. down. Amber runs to **Wingfield**, 3 m., and here Normanton brook and Birches brook join on left bank and right bank. Normanton rises 5 m. above **Alfreton**, and 1 m. above that town is joined on right bank by Westwood brook, which rises 3 m. above **Westhouse**, and joins Normanton 1 m. down. Normanton joins Amber 2 m. below **Alfreton**. Birches brook is 4 m. long. Amber runs 4 m., when a brook joins on left bank, draining Batterley reservoir, 2 m. up, 1 m. N. of **Ripley**. Amber runs 2 m. to **Ambergate** and Derwent. Derwent runs to **Belper**, 3 m., and here Black brook, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Derwent runs 3 m. to **Duffield**, and here Ecclesbourne joins on right bank. Ecclesbourne rises at **Wirksworth**, runs 4 m. to **Idridgehay**, **Hasslewood**, 4 m., and **Duffield**, and Derwent, 2 m. 2 m. down Derwent is **Little Eaton**, and here Holbrook brook joins on left bank. Holbrook rises above **Kilburn**, runs to **Coxbench**, 2 m., and here a brook joins on left bank, draining Smalley mill pond, 2 m. up. Holbrook runs to Derwent, 2 m. Here also the drainage, 1 m. long, of Allastry Hall Park pond, joins on right bank. 2 m. down Derwent, at Darley Abbey, Ferryby brook joins on left bank, which rises above **Breadsall**, and joins Derwent 2 m. down. Derwent reaches **Derby** in 2 m. Here Cutler brook, which rises 5 m. above Kedleston Park, where it waters the large lake (n.s. **Duffield**, 3 m.), runs 2 m., when it receives on right bank a brook draining two ponds by Kirk Langley, 3 m. up, and 2 m. down joins Derwent on right bank. 1 m. down Derwent, where the angling club water begins, Chaddesden brook, which rises in the lake at Locko Park, 2 m. N. from **Spondon**, and is 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Derwent runs to **Spondon**, 3 m., **Borrowash**, 2 m. (here the club water ends), **Draycott**, 3 m., and here the drainings of Elvaston Park lake, 1 m. S. of **Draycott**, joins on right bank, and 3 m. below, Derwent joins Trent. Flies for the Upper Derwent, i.e., from Frogatt bridge, are ash dun, straw dun, dotterel dun, and their spinners, February red, little chap, red clock, furnace, corn crake, April black, wren tail, claret and orange bumbles. Trent runs to **Sawley**, 1 m., **Trent**, 1 m. Here Soar joins on right bank. Soar rises in the lake in Leicester Grange, 2 m. S. of **Hinckley**. 4 m. down, at Sharnford, a brook, 2 m. long, joins on right bank, which rises in Claybrook Mill pond, 1 m. N. from **Ullithorpe**. Soar runs 5 m., when Normanton brook, which rises in Kirkby Hall lake, by Kirkby Mallory, 4 m. S.W. from **Desford**, waters the lake in Normanton Hall, 4 m. N.W. from **Warborough**, joins Soar 4 m. down on right bank. Soar runs 2 m. to **Warborough**. Here Whetstone brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Soar, Billesdon brook joins on right bank. Billesdon rises 8 m. above **Glen Magna**, 1 m. below is the outflow of the lake in Wistow Hall, on the banks of the river. Billesdon runs to **Blaby**, 6 m., and 1 m. down joins Soar, which runs to **Leicester**, 6 m. Here the outflow of Braunstone Hall lake, 2 m. S.W. of **Leicester**, joins on left bank. Just below the town Willow brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank, 2 m. down Soar, at Belgrave, Ingersby brook, 7 m. long, joins on right bank, and 5 m. down at Rothley Paper Mill, Wreak joins on right bank. Wreak, called also Eye, in its upper parts, rises above **Wissendine**, where it is joined on the left bank by the outflow of Edmunthorpe Hall pond 2 m. up, and on the right bank by a stream 3 m. long, draining a pond at Leesthorpe; Wreak, next waters the lake at Stapleford Park, 1 m. S. of **Saxby**, to which place Wreak runs, and here Saxby brook, 7 m. long, joins on right bank. Wreak runs 6 m. to **Melton Mowbray**, here Melton Brook, which rises in the lake at Goadby Marwood 2 m. above **Scaford**, runs thence to Melton, 4 m., joins on right bank. Wreak runs 4 m. to **Ashfordby**, and here a stream joins on right bank draining a pond by Welby 2 m. up. Wreak runs to **Frisby**, 2 m., and 1 m. below, a stream joins on right bank, draining a pond 1 m. above Saxelby (n.s. **Grimston**, 1 m.). Wreak runs to **Brooksby**, 2 m. (preserved by the owner of Brooksby Hall), and 1 m. below at **Bearsby** station (preserved by H. C. Woodcock, Esq.), is joined on right bank by Ox brook, which rises in Ragdale Hall pond and is 4 m. long. 3 m. down Wreak, Queeniborough brook, 9 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. up from its junction with Wreak, Ashby brook, 7 m. long, joins Queeniborough on left bank. Wreak runs to **Syston** 1 m., and here Barkby brook, which rises in a pond by Hungerton and is 8 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down, Wreak joins Soar. 1 m. below, Rothley brook joins Soar on left bank. Rothley rises in two branches above **Desford**, where it is joined on right bank by the drainage of Gabriel pool 2 m. up, runs to **Rathby** 2 m., **Glenfield** 2 m., 1 m. below, the outflow of a large mill pool 2 m. N.W. of **Glenfield**, joins on left bank; Rothley runs to Soar 7 m. Soar runs to **Mount Sorrel** 3 m., and **Barrow-on-Soar** 3 m.; and here Quorndon brook (trout; strictly preserved by the owner of Bradgate Park), which rises above Newtown Linford,

3 m. N.W. of **Glenfield**, and is 9 m. long, joins on right bank. Soar runs to **Loughborough**, 3 m. Here **Walters brook**, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Soar, at **Stanford**, a brook joins on right bank, which drains the lake at **Stanford Hall** 2 m. up, 3 m. N.E. of **Loughborough**. 2 m. down Soar, where the navigation joins, **Dishley brook** joins on left bank. **Dishley** rises above **Whitwick** 2 m. N. of **Coalville**, and 6 m. down is joined on right bank by **Carr brook**, which rises in the **Old Reservoir** 4 m. N.E. of **Swannington**, and is 3 m. long. **Dishley** runs 1 m., when the outflow of the lake in **Garendon Park**, 2 m. W. of **Loughborough**, 1 m. up, joins on right bank. **Dishley** runs to Soar 2 m. Soar runs 2 m. to **Zouch Bridge** and **Mathern**. Here **Osgathorpe brook** joins on left bank. This brook rises in three lakes by **Coleorton**, 2 m. E. of **Ashby-de-la-Zouch**, and 7 m. down is joined on left bank by **Diseworth brook**, which rises in **Langley Priory pond** 1 m. E. of **Tong**, and is 4 m. long. **Osgathorpe** joins Soar, 3 m. below. Soar runs to **Kegworth**, 3 m., and here **Kingston brook**, 9 m. long, joins on right bank. Soar runs 3 m. to **Trent**. **Trent** runs 2 m. to **Eaton Junction**, and here **Erwash** joins on left bank. **Erwash** rises some 3 m. above **Pinxton**, where is the outflow of the lake at **Brookhill Hall** 2 m. N. **Erwash** runs to **Pye Bridge**, 2 m., **Codnor Park**, 2 m., where is the outflow of the reservoir in the **Golden Valley** 1 m. up. **Erwash** runs to **Eastwood**, 3 m., and here join the drainings of the lakes at **Aldercar Hall**, 1 m. N., and of **Loscoe dam**, 2 m. N.W. **Erwash** runs to **Newthorpe**, 3 m., 2 m. W. of which are the three reservoirs at **Shipley Hall**, and 1 m. further W., **Mapperley reservoir**. 1 m. down **Erwash**, **Gilt brook**, 3 m. long, joins on left bank, and 1 m. below is **Ilkeston**, and **Stanton**, 3 m. Here **Nut brook**, which rises above **West Hallam**, 2 m. N. of which is **Mapperley reservoir**, and is 6 m. long, joins on right bank. **Erwash** runs to **Sandiacre**, 2 m., and **Trent**, 4 m. **Trent** runs to **Attenborough**, 1 m., and **Beeston**, 2 m. (here begins the free water on the left bank, but the right bank is preserved). Here **Tottle brook**, which drains **Bilborough Cut**, 2 m. W. of **Radford**, and is 4 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. down **Trent**, **Fairham Brook**, which rises by **Widmerpool**, and is 12 m. long, joins on right bank. **Trent** runs to **Trent-bridge** (where the free water ends) at **Nottingham**, 2 m. Here **Leen** joins on left bank. **Leen** rises in the upper and lower lakes at **Newstead Abbey**, 2 m. N. of **Linby**, and 2 m. down waters the mill pool at **Popplewick**, 1 m. E. of **Linby**. **Leen** runs 3 m. to **Forge Mill dam**, **Bulwell**, 2 m., **Basford**, 2 m. Here a brook joins on right bank draining a lake by **Nuthall** 3 m. up, 1 m. N.E. from **Kimberley Station**. **Day brook**, 3 m. long, here joins **Leen** on left bank. **Leen** runs to **Radford**, 2 m., and **Nottingham**, 3 m. **Trent** runs to **Colwick**, on left bank, 2 m., and **Radcliffe**, on right bank, 5 m., and here **Thurbeck river**, which rises by **Plumtree**, waters the lake at **Rocleston Manor**, 1 m. S.E. of **Edwalton**, and runs 5 m. to **Trent**, joins on right bank. **Trent** runs to **Burton Joyce**, 3 m., and here **Cocker Beck** joins on left bank. **Cocker** rises 2 m. above **Lowdham**, and joins **Trent** 4 m. below. Two miles down **Trent**, **Dover beck**, which rises 7 m. above **Lowdham**, and joins **Trent** 2 m. below joins on left bank. **Trent** runs to **Bleasby** on left bank, 4 m., and **Fiskerton**, 3 m. Here **Greet** joins on left bank. **Greet** rises in two ponds on **Kirklington Moor**, 4 m. N.W. of **Southwell**. 1 m. down it is joined on right bank by the outflow of **Edingley Cotton Mill pond** by **Farnfield**, 2 m. up, and on left bank by the outflow of the lake in **Kirklington Hall**, 3 m. N.W. of **Southwell**. 1 m. down, **Halam Beck**, 3 m. long, joins **Greet** on right bank. **Greet** runs to **Southwell**, 2 m., **Bolleston**, 3 m., and **Trent**, at **Fiskerton Mill**, 1 m. **Trent** runs 5 m., when it divides into two parts. The right hand stream runs through **Newark** in 2 m., and joins the larger stream 2 m. below. The larger stream runs to **Kelham** and **Muckham bridge**, each 2 m. from **Newark**, and joins the right branch, 1 m. below. Just where the waters separate, **Pingley Dyke**, 8 m. long, joins on left bank, and at **Newark**, **Devon river** joins on right bank. **Devon** rises in **Knipton reservoir**, by **Knipton**, 4 m. S.E. of **Redmile**, where a brook joins on right bank, draining the lakes in **Croxton Park**, 2 m. up, 5 m. N.E. of **Scalford**. **Devon** in 1 m. waters the lake at **Woolsthorpe**, 3 m. S.E. of **Redmile**. **Devon** runs 5 m. to **Bottesford**, and 5 m. down by **Shelton** is joined on left bank by **Smite**. **Smite** rises by **Nether Broughton** (n.s. **Upper Broughton**, 1 m.), and 6 m. down is joined on left bank by **Dalbybrook**, which rises by **Upper Broughton**, and is 5 m. long. **Smite** runs to **Barnston** (1 m. off on right bank), 4 m., **Aslahton**, 4 m. Here **Whipling river**, which rises by **Barnston**, and is 3 m. long, joins on right bank. **Smite** joins **Devon** 6 m. down. **Devon** runs to **Cotham**, 2 m., and 3 m. below, at **Hawton**, is joined on left bank by **Car Dyke**. **Car Dyke** rises by **Bingham**, runs to **Sibthorpe** (n.s. **Cotham**, 3 m.), and joins **Devon**, 5 m. down. **Devon** runs to **Newark** and **Trent**, 2 m. Two miles below **Newark** the two branches of **Trent** reunite, and run to **Carlton**, on left bank, 7 m. Here **Crosby Dyke**, 9 m. long, joins on left bank. Just below, the outflow of **Owarth pool** and **Mons pool**, and a pond by **Collingham** joins on right bank. **Trent** runs to **Button** (n.s. **Crow Park**, 2 m.), and here **Girton brook** joins on right bank. **Girton** rises in **Skelmire's pond** on **Thurly Moor**, 2 m. S.E. of **Swinderby**, and is 7 m. long. Where **Girton** joins **Trent** is the outflow of the **Fleet** and **Black Pool**, 1 m. up. 1 m. down **Trent**, **Grassthorpe brook**, 6 m. long, and which runs just N. of **Crow Park Station**, joins on left bank. **Trent** runs 8 m. to **Torksey** (where **Foss Dyke Navigation**, joining **Trent** and **Witham**, joins on right bank), **Marton**, 2 m., **Gainsborough**, 7 m. There are a few fish to 3 m. below **Gainsborough**.

Galey (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Penk, 1 m. W. Lakes: **Galey reservoir**, 1 m. E. (See **Gainsborough**.)

Gamlingay (Cambs.) L. & N.W.R. *Lakes*: Gamlingay Old Park. (See *King's Lynn*.)

Gargrave (York).—On the Aire; trout. Preserved by the Aire Angling Club from Gargrave to Eastburn brook (Hon. Sec., T. H. Dewhurst, Esq., Skipton); above here by private owners. (See *Skipton*.) (c.s. *York*.)

Geddington (Northton).—M.R. *Isle*. (See *Wisbeach*.)

Geldiston (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Waveney. (c.s. *N. and S.*) (See *Yarmouth*.)

George Lane (Essex).—L.W.R. & O.R. On Roding. Fishing very poor. (See *Barking*.)

Gillingham (Dorset).—S.W.R. Stour. Shreen. Ladden. (See *Christchurch*.) Trouting good. (c.s. *Avon*.)

Glasbury (Hereford).—G.W.R. Honddu (7 m.); trout. (See *Chepstow*.)

Glastonbury (Somerset).—G.W.R. Brue; roach, dace, trout; preserved above by R. N. Grenville, Butleigh Court; preserved below to **Shapwick**. Wootton brook. (See *Highbridge*.) (c.s. *Avon*.)

Glenfield (Leicester).—M.R. Rothley Brook. Quornden brook, 3 m. N.W.; trout; preserved by owners of Bradgate Park. *Lakes*: The pool, Grooby, 3 m. N.W. (See *Gainsborough*.)

Glen Magna (Leicester).—M.R. Billesdon brook. *Lake*: Wiston Hall lake. (See *Gainsborough*.)

Glossop (Derby).—G.N.R. and M.R. Lady Clough brook, 5 m. E. Alport, 6 m. E. Ashop, 7 m. S.E. (See *Gainsborough*.)

Gloicester.—G.W.R. Severn. Severn rises 12 m. above **Llanidloes**, and just above the town Brochan joins on right bank. Brochan rises 1 m. N. from **Llangurig**, and 4 m. down is joined on right bank by Dulas brook, which rises 1½ m. E. of **Llangurig**, and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by Tylwch, which rises 5 m. above **Tylwch**, and joins Dulas 2½ m. below. Dulas runs 2 m. to Brochan, which joins Severn ½ m. on. At **Llanidloes**, Clywedog joins Severn on left bank. Clywedog, which is 14 m. long, and is poisoned from its source, is joined 6 m. from its source, on right bank, by Llwyd, 4 m. long (n.s. **Llanidloes**, 8 m.). 1 m. down, Biga, 4 m. long, joins on right bank (n.s. **Llanidloes**, 7 m.). 1 m. down Clywedog, at Heblid, a stream joins on left bank, which drains Llyn Derw-llwydion 1 m. up (n.s. **Llanidloes**, 6 m.). Clywedog runs 8 m. to **Llanidloes** and Severn. Severn runs to **Dolwen** 4 m., and here Ebyr, which rises in Llyn Ebyr 3 m. up, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Severn, at Aber Berthin, Berthin, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. Severn runs to **Llandinam**, 3 m., and **Caerwys**, 3 m. Here Tarannon and Garno join on left bank. Tarannon rises in Llyn Gloyw (4 m. W. from **Carno**), runs 8 m. to Trefeglwys, 3 m. below which, Belaf, 4 m. long, joins on left bank (n.s. **Caerwys**, 2 m.). ½ m. down Tarannon, Ceryst joins on right bank. Ceryst rises 2 m. N. from **Llanidloes**, and is 7 m. long. It is poisoned. 1 m. down Tarannon is **Caerwys** and Severn. Garno rises 4 m. above **Carno**, under the name of Llwyd; at **Carno** it is joined on right bank by Pwll-Llydan, 3 m. long. Cledun, 3 m. long, also joins at this place. 1 m. down Garno, Cerniog, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Garno runs 3 m., when a stream joins 2 m. long, which drains Llyn Du (n.s. **Pont-y-ddolgoch**, 3 m.). Garno runs 1 m. to **Pont-y-ddolgoch**, and Severn 2 m. Severn runs 3 m., when Tarw joins on left bank. Tarw rises in Llyn Tarw, which lies 4 m. N. from **Pont-y-ddolgoch**, and 1 m. E. from Llyn Mawr and Llyn Du, and runs 6 m. to Severn. 2 m. down Severn, at Aberhavesp (n.s. **Scafell**, 1 m.), a stream joins on left bank, which drains Fachwen pool 2 m. up. Severn runs 2 m., when Hafren, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Severn runs to **Hewtown**, 2 m. 3 m. down Severn a stream 10 m. long joins on left bank, and 2 m. down Severn, at **Abermaule**, Mule, which rises 4 m. above **Kerry**, and runs thence 6 m. to Severn, joins on right bank. Severn runs 4 m. to **Montgomery** station, and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by a stream which rises in two or three small ponds 5 m. up. 1 m. down Severn, at Glan Severn (n.s. **Montgomery**, 2 m.), Rhiw joins on left bank. Rhiw rises in Llyn-y-bugail 7 m. N. from **Carno**, runs 8 m. to Tre-ganol, and here Mawr joins on right bank. Mawr rises in Llyn Mawr 2½ m. N. from **Pont-y-ddolgoch**, and close to Llynnen Du and Tarw, runs 6 m. to Llanluggan, and Rhiw 2 m. Rhiw runs to Manafon 2 m., Berriew 6 m., and Severn 1 m. Severn runs 1 m. to **Forden**, where Camlad joins on right bank. Camlad rises in a pond at Lower Bent 1½ m. N. from **Lyddham**, waters a pond at **Lyddham**, runs to Sneed 1 m., Church Stoke 4 m. Here Caerbitra joins on left bank. Caerbitra rises 3 m. E. from **Kerry**, and is 8 m. long. Close to its junction with Camlad, Lacka brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Camlad runs to Chirbury 4 m. 2½ m. below, Halesford brook, which rises in Marton pool (n.s. **Forden**, 5 m. W.), and is 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Camlad runs to **Forden** and Severn in 6 m. Severn runs to **Welshpool** 7 m. Here Sylvan brook, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Severn runs to **Buttington**, 2 m., and 3 m. down, below where the railway crosses the river (**Pool Quay** being 1 m. off on left bank), Trewrn joins on right bank. Trewrn rises by **Middleton**, and is 4 m. long. 5 m. down Severn, **Origion** being 1 m. off on right bank, Bete brook joins on left bank. Bete rises in a lake 3 m. above Guilefield (n.s. **Pool Quay**, 3 m.), and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by a stream which crosses the turnpike-road from **Welshpool** to Guilefield, 2 m. from the former place, and is 5 m. long. Bete runs to **Pool Quay**, 2 m., and Severn, 3 m. ½ m. down Severn, Maerdy brook, 7 m. long, joins on left bank, passing **Arleen en route**. Severn runs to **Llandrinio**, 2 m., **Ferry**, 4 m. Here Vyrnwy joins on left bank. Vyrnwy rises on the slopes of Cefn Coch, 8 m. S.E. from **Bala**, runs 3 m. to Lake Vyrnwy. 1½ m. down the lake, Ennant (trouting preserved by landlord of Lake Vyrnwy Hotel), 4 m. long, joins on right bank, and

1 m. on, Hirddu (preserved as above), 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 2 m. down the lake, Cedig, 5 m. long, joins on left bank (preserved as above in the lower part, and by Sir W. W. Wynne in the upper). $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down the lake, Gwnion, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below is the dam and **Lake Vyrnwy Hotel**. $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. below the dam, Marchnant, 3 m. long, joins Vyrnwy river on left bank. 2 m. down Vyrnwy, Cowny, 5 m. long, joins on right bank; and 1 m. down Vyrnwy, Dyfnant, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 3 m. down Vyrnwy, Llwydiarth joins on left bank. This brook rises 2 m. N.E. above Llanfihangel (n.s. **Llanfyllin**, 6 m.), and 3 m. down is joined on left bank by a brook 1 m. long, draining a pond by Llwydiarth. The brook runs to Vyrnwy in $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. Vyrnwy runs 2 m., when Cringae, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 8 m. down Vyrnwy, Einion joins on right bank. Einion rises in Llyn-hir 9 m. N.E. from **Carno**. 1 m. down, the outflow of Llyn Grahwyddan $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up joins on left bank (n.s. **Carno**, 10 m.) 3 m. down Einion, a brook 4 m. long joins on right bank. 3 m. down Einion, Banw joins on left bank. Banw rises on the slopes of Moel-y-Llyn 8 m. from **Dinas Mowddwy**, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by Yoguthan, 2 m. long. 3 m. down Banw, at Garthbibio (n.s. **Dinas M.**, 12 m.), Twrch joins on left bank. Twrch (good trouting, but preserved for the most part by Sir W. Wynne and Mr. Price) rises on the slopes of Careg-y-fran, 2 m. E. from Llan-y-Mowddwy (n.s. **Dinas M.**, 4 m.), 4 m. down, Llechog, 2 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Twrch, Cathan, which rises in Llyn-y-bugall (trout; preserved, but leave may sometimes be had) 2 m. up, joins on right bank (n.s. **Dinas M.**, 9 m., or can be fished from **Cann-Office**, 7 m.). Twrch runs 4 m. to Garthbibio and Banw. Banw runs 2 m. to Llangadfan and **Cann-Office** (n.s. **Dinas M.**, 12 m.). Here Eira joins on right bank. Eira rises 3 m. N.E. from **Llanbrynmair**, 7 m. down, Cannon, which rises in Llyn Gwyddior (perch, trout), 3 m. up joins on left bank (n.s. **Llynbrynmair**). Eira runs 3 m., when Cledan joins on right bank. Cledan rises 5 m. N. from **Carno**, and is 5 m. long. Eira runs 2 m., when Nydydd, 2 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Eira is **Cann-Office** and Llangadfan. Banw runs 2 m. to Llanerfyl. 1 m. down, Gwylfryn, 3 m. long, which drains Llyn Gwylfryn 2 m. from **Cann-Office**, joins on left bank. Banw runs 4 m., when Einion joins on right bank. Einion rises in Llyn-her (trouting preserved, but leave may be had sometimes) 4 m. S. from **Cann-Office**, and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by the outflow of Llyn Granwyddan (good trouting, but preserved; leave sometimes), $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up. Einion runs 3 m. and is joined on right bank by a brook 4 m. long. 3 m. down Einion is Banw. Banw runs 2 m. to **Llanfair** (n.s. **Welshpool**, 8 m.), and 5 m. down, at Mathynafal Park, is joined on right bank by a stream 3 m. long, draining a pond at Maesmawr, 5 m. N.W. from **Welshpool**. Banw joins Vyrnwy 1 m. down. 1 m. down Vyrnwy, at Meifod, a brook joins on right bank, draining Llyndu $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. up (n.s. **Llansantffraid**, 6 m., or **Welshpool**, 6 m.). From Meiford down to **Llanymynech** the river is preserved by the landowners; leave freely given. (See *Llanymynech*.) Vyrnwy runs 10 m. to **Llansantffraid**, where Cain joins on left bank. Cain rises 6 m. above **Llanfyllin**, 1 m. above which place Llechwedd, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Cain runs to **Llanfechan**, 5 m., and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by Brogan, 8 m. long. Cain runs to **Llansantffraid** and Vyrnwy, 2 m. 1 m. down Vyrnwy, Tanat joins on left bank. Tanat rises 5 m. above **Llangynnog** (n.s. **Llanderfel**, 9 m.), and 4 m. from its source is joined on right bank by Goch, which stream is joined on right bank 3 m. above the junction by a brook draining Llyn Pennan 1 m. up. At **Llangynnog**, Eiarth, 5 m. long, joins Tannat on left bank; it runs by the side of the high road to **Llanderfel**. 3 m. down Tannat, Hirnant, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 4 m. down Tannat, **Llanrhaider-yn-Mochnant** being 1 m. off on left bank, Moch (good trouting, free) joins on left bank. Moch rises in Llyn Llynecaws 6 m. N.W. from **Llanrhaider-yn-M.**, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by Diagynfa, 3 m. long. Moch runs 6 m. to **Llanrhaider-yn-M.**, and 1 m. down joins Tanat. Tanat runs 1 m., when Twrch joins on left bank. Twrch is 3 m. long, and runs 1 m. E. of **Llanrhaider-yn-M.** 1 m. down Tannat again a brook joins on left bank 5 m. long, and running 3 m. E. from **Llanrhaider**. (Good flies for all these streams are light duns, sandfly, red dipper, alder, willow, grannom, iron blue and stone fly. Also the following: *body*, hare's ear and yellow wool mixed; *legs*, freckled dun, with reddish tips. *Body*, mole's fur; *wing*, two small feathers, tipped reddish, taken from the outside of a cock sparrow's wing. *Body*, hare's ear; *legs*, feather from a partridge's back.) Tannat runs to Llangedwyn 3 m. (n.s. **Llanblodwel** or **Llanfechan** 4 m.). *Imm*: Green; comfortable; 3 m. of river preserved by the landlord, all the rest retained by Sir W. Wynne: salmon, trout, pike, grayling.) 3 m. down Tannat, Cynllaith joins. Cynllaith rises 4 m. W. from **Oswestry**, and after running 5 m. is joined at New Mill by a brook on right bank 4 m. long. 1 m. down, near Llanstin, a stream joins on left bank, draining Llyn Rhyddwyn 3 m. up (n.s. **Oswestry**, 5 m. E.). 2 m. down Cynllaith a stream joins, on right bank, the outflow of Llyn Moelin 3 m. up. Moelin lies 4 m. N. from **Llangedwyn**. 3 m. down, Cynllaith joins Tannat, which runs to **Llan-y-blodwell**, 2 m., and joins Vyrnwy 3 m. down. Vyrnwy runs 3 m. to **Llanymynech**, and 3 m. down is joined on left bank by Morda, which, after a course of 3 m., runs 3 m. W. from **Oswestry**, runs 5 m., when it passes again 1 m. S. of that town, and 5 m. down is joined on left bank by the stream 3 m. long which drains the lake at Aston 3 m. S.E. from **Oswestry**. Morda runs 6 m. to Vyrnwy, which joins Severn 5 m. down. 2 m. down Severn, Wear brook joins on left bank. Wear rises in Sandford Hall

pond 3 m. above **Kinnersley**, and joins Severn 3 m. down. Severn runs to Shrawardine 5 m., where is a large lake at Shrawardine Castle (n.s. **Shrewsbury**). and 5 m. down at Mountford Bridge a stream joins on right bank, draining a lake by Onslow Hall 2 m. up (n.s. **Hanwood**, 3 m.). 1 m. down Severn, Perry joins on left bank. Perry rises by **Gobowen**, and 3 m. down, near **Whittington**, the outflow of the lakes at Halston Hall joins on left bank. Perry runs 3 m. to Rednall Mill, **Rednall** being 2 m. off on right bank. 4 m. down, at Wykey, a stream joins on right bank, draining a lake at Shelyocke (n.s. **Rednall**, 3 m. N.W.). Perry runs 5 m. to **Baschurch**, and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by War brook, which rises in Berth pool $\frac{1}{2}$ m. N. from **Baschurch** Station, runs thence in $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to Buch Grove pool, in $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to Marton pool on left bank, and, running through Fennymere pool, joins Perry 3 m. down. Perry joins Severn 3 m. below. Severn runs 4 m. to **Leaton** Station (1 m. off on left bank), and in 7 m. reaches **Shrewsbury**. Here Raddle brook, which rises in Onslow Hall lake 3 m. N. from **Hanwood**, and is 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Just below Raddle, and on same side, Rea joins. Rea rises 7 m. above **Minsterley**, where it is joined on left bank by Minsterley brook, 5 m. long. Rea flows 3 m. to **Pontesbury** (1 m. off on right bank), and here Habberley brook, 6 m. long, joins on right bank. 3 m. down Rea, at **Hanwood**, Yockleton brook joins, which rises 3 m. above **Westbury**, runs 4 m. to **Yockleton**, and Rea 2 m. 2 m. down Rea, at Hooka Gate, Longden brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 2 m. down Rea, at Meole Brace, Meole brook, which rises in Bomer pool 2 m. N. from **Condover**, and is 2 m. long, joins on right bank. Rea runs to **Shrewsbury** 2 m. Close by the station runs a stream draining Almond pool, Black pool, and Hencott pool, 3 m. N. from **Shrewsbury**.

LOWER SEVERN.—3 m. down Severn, Sundorn brook joins on left bank. Sundorn rises in a pond by **Yarton**, runs 4 m. to **Hadnall**, and 3 m. down waters the lakes at Sundorn Castle, joining Severn $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below. Severn runs 6 m. to Aitcham, where a stream joins on right bank, watering two lakes near **Berrington**, and is 2 m. long. 1 m. down Severn, Tern joins on left bank. Tern rises in Maer Hall lake 2 m. S. from **Whitmore**, runs 6 m. to **Norton**, and 3 m. down is joined on left bank by Hemp Mill brook, 3 m. long, and which waters, half-way down, Daisy lake, near Audley Cross 3 m. N.E. from **Market Drayton**. Tern runs to **Market Drayton** 2 m., where Coal brook, 6 m. long, joins on left bank, after watering some lakes by Peats Wood close to the junction. 3 m. down Tern is the outflow of the Buntingsdale Hall lake, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up. 2 m. down, Baile brook joins Tern on right bank. Baile rises in a pool at Sandford Hall 2 m. E. of **Prees**, and 5 m. down is joined on left bank by a brook which rises in Big pool, 3 m. S.W. from **Adderley**. 1 m. down, the outflow of Old pool at Titledy Park, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up, joins on left bank. 2 m. down, **Market Drayton** being 2 m. off on left bank, is the outflow of a pond at Styth Farm, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up. A little lower down, on the same side, a stream joins, which rises in Cloverley pond 5 m. from **Market Drayton**, runs 2 m. to Mordon Mill pond, and 2 m. down joins the main stream, which joins Baile 2 m. down. Baile joins Tern 1 m. down. Tern runs to Stoke-upon-Tern 4 m. (n.s. **Hodnet**, 1 m.). Here Saltern brook, which rises in two ponds by Wardale 4 m. S. from **Market Drayton**, runs 2 m. to the mill-pond at Rose Hill, thence 2 m. to Salter's Mill, and Stoke 1 m., joins on left bank. Tern runs to **Peplow** 3 m., just above which is the outflow of a pond on the right bank. 2 m. below **Peplow**, Allford brook, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Tern runs 2 m. to Great Bolas, where Polford brook, 6 m. long, and which runs 2 m. S.W. of **Peplow**, joins on right bank, and Meess on left bank. Meess rises in the White Stitch lake 5 m. N.E. from **Shifnal**, and 8 m. down runs through Aquadale Meer 2 m. from **Newport**. 2 m. down, Meess receives the outflow of Chetwynd Park pond, close to **Newport**, on left bank, and $\frac{1}{2}$ m. on, Lomeo brook, 7 m. long, joins on right bank. 3 m. down Meess, Ellerton brook joins on right bank. Ellerton rises in Heywood ponds 4 m. S.E. from **Market Drayton**, runs 3 m. to Ellerton Mill pond, and 1 m. below is joined on left bank by a brook 4 m. long running out of the canal reservoir at Great Soundley, 7 m. S.E. from **Market Drayton**. Ellerton passes through Showed Mill pond, and joins Meess 1 m. down. Meess runs 5 m. to Tibberton, and Tern 4 m. Tern runs 3 m. to **Crudgington**, where Strine joins on left bank. Strine rises 3 m. W. of **Newport**, and 4 m. down is joined on left bank by Brockton brook, which rises in Wildmore pool, runs to Minton's pool in $\frac{1}{2}$ m., $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below which the outflow of Limekiln pool joins on left bank. These lakes are close together 3 m. S. of **Newport**. Brockton joins Strine 6 m. down. Strine runs 2 m. to Broad lake, where Preston brook joins on left bank. Preston rises in a lake by **Hadley**, and is 6 m. long. 1 m. down, Strine joins Tern at **Crudgington**. 1 m. down Tern, Beanhill brook, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Tern runs to **Walcott** 5 m., and here Roden joins on right bank. Roden rises in White Meer 2 m. from **Ellesmere**, runs $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to Blackmere, and 1 m. on to Colemere, and 1 m. below is joined on right bank by a brook 3 m. long, draining Crose Mere 4 m. S.E. from **Ellesmere**. Roden runs 8 m. to **Wem**, and 3 m. down is joined on left bank by Prees brook, which rises in **Prees** mill-pool, and is 4 m. long. 1 m. down Roden a brook joins on left bank, draining the large lake in Hawkstone Park 5 m. E. from **Wem**. Roden runs 6 m. to Stanton, 3 m. to Shawsbury (n.s. **Hadnall**, 4 m.) (good trouting, especially in Mayfy season; preserved by Sir V. Corbet and Sir T. Meyrick), and 8 m. down joins Tern at **Walcott**. Tern runs to Severn 5 m. Severn runs 1 m. to Wroxeter (n.s. **Berrington**, $\frac{1}{2}$ m.), a short distance above which Bell brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. down Severn, Cound brook joins on right bank. Cound rises

above **Church Stretton**, runs 5 m. to **Le Botwood**, **Dorrington**, 4 m., watering the pond at Longnor Forge midway, **Condover** 4 m., **Borrington** (1 m. off on left bank) 3 m., and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by **Row brook** 7 m. long. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. on Acton brook joins on right bank. Acton rises in a pond at Hobsley Coppice 1 m. E. of Frodesley (n.s. **Le Botwood**, 4 m.), and is 4 m. long. 1 m. down Cound, Langley brook joins on right bank. Langley rises in Langley pond by Langley (n.s. **Le Botwood**, 5 m.). 2 m. down the outflow of the lakes in Acton Bunnell Park (n.s. **Cressage**, 5 m.) joins on left bank. 2 m. down the outflow of Harnage Grange Pond (n.s. **Cressage**, 3 m.) joins on right bank. 1 m. down, Langley joins Cound, which runs 1 m. to Severn. Severn runs 4 m. to **Cressage**, and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by Hughley brook, which rises 5 m. above Hughley (n.s. **Fresthorpe**, 2 m.), runs 4 m. to **Much Wenlock** ($1\frac{1}{2}$ m. off on right bank), and joins Severn 4 m. down. Severn runs to Leighton 1 m., where Leighton brook, working two or three miles, joins on left bank. Severn runs 3 m. to **Buildwas**, where Farley brook joins on right bank. Farley rises in two ponds in the Marsh 1 m. E. of **Much Wenlock**, and is 5 m. long, working four mills. Severn runs to **Iron Bridge**, 3 m., **Coalport**, 2 m., **Linley**, 3 m. Here Linley brook joins on right bank. Linley rises in the large lakes in Willey Park 3 m. W. from **Linley**, and is 4 m. long. 4 m. down Severn, Worf joins on left bank. Worf rises in a pond in the marsh 3 m. N. from **Shifnal**, runs $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to Burlington Pool, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to New pool, $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. to Forge pool; and 3 m. down at the Pavilion is joined on left bank by Norring brook, which rises in the Moat and two other ponds at Weston Park; and 4 m. down is joined on right bank by Tong brook, which, rising in Cowley Wood pond and Weston Mill pond, waters Norton Meer (n.s. **Shifnal**, $3\frac{1}{2}$ m.), and joins Norring 2 m. down. Worf runs 3 m. to Byton, where a brook, which rises by **Shifnal** 5 m. up, and works several mills, joins on right bank. Worf runs to Stableford 4 m., where Badger brook, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Badger rises in Snowdon pool $3\frac{1}{2}$ S.W. from **Albrighton**. Worf runs 4 m. to Worfield (n.s. **Bridgnorth**, 4 m.), and here Stratford brook joins, which rises in the large lake at Patahull (n.s. **Albrighton**, 3 m.), and running 4 m., is joined on left bank by Claverley brook, 6 m. long. Stratford runs 1 m. to Worf, which joins Severn 4 m. down. Severn runs to **Bridgnorth** 1 m., and 5 m. down at Stermford is joined on right bank by Mor brook. Mor rises 4 m. above Acton Round, $3\frac{1}{2}$ m. S.E. of **Much Wenlock**, where it is joined on left bank by Beggarhill brook, 3 m. long. Mor runs to Morville 3 m., where the outflow of three ponds, 1 to 2 m. to the N., joins on left bank (n.s. **Bridgnorth**, $3\frac{1}{2}$ m.). Mor (trout) joins Severn 8 m. down. Severn runs 2 m. to **Hampton**, 3 m. to **Alverley**, 1 m. below which Borle brook joins on right bank. Borle rises by Upton Cressett, 5 m. W. from **Bridgnorth**, and is 11 m. long. Severn runs to **Upper Harley** 2 m., **Bewdley** 4 m. Just above, at Dowles, Dowles brook joins on right bank. Dowles rises in a series of ponds at Kinlet, 3 m. S.W. from **Alveley**, runs 9 m. to **Wyre**, and Severn 3 m. Just below **Bewdley** the outflow of a large lake close to Bewdley on the W. joins on left bank. Severn runs to **Stourport** 3 m., where Gladder brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank, and Stour on left bank. Stour rises by **Halesowen** in Grange Mill pond. 2 m. down, the outflow from Lutley Mill pond joins on left bank. 2 m. down, at **Cradley**, a brook joins on right bank, running out of Gades Green Reservoir, 2 m. S. of Dudley, and feeding the New pool close to **Cradley** on the W. Stour runs to **Stourbridge** 3 m., where a brook joins on left bank, draining Gig Mill pond and another pond close to Stourbridge on the S. 1 m. down Stour a stream, 2 m. long, joins on right bank, draining the reservoir in Pensnett Chase by **Brierley Hill**. 3 m. down Stour, at Devil's Den, Smeestow joins on right bank. Smeestow rises by Tettenhall, 2 m. N.W. from **Wolverhampton**, runs 7 m. to Trysull, 2 m. below which Wombourne brook joins on left bank, 5 m. long, working several mills. 2 m. down Smeestow, at Hollow Mill, a stream, 5 m. long, joins on left bank, which rises in the ponds in the Old Park, 2 m. W. of **Dudley**, and works several mills. Here also joins at the same place the stream, 3 m. long, draining the ponds in Himley Park, and the common pool by Himley. 2 m. down Smeestow, Philley brook, 5 m. long, and feeding some mills, joins on right bank. Smeestow joins Stour 2 m. on. Stour runs to **Kidderminster**, 10 m. Here a brook, which rises by **Churchill**, and feeds numerous large mill ponds, joins on left bank; it is 6 m. long. 2 m. down Stour, Hoo brook joins on left bank. Hoo rises in a large pond, 2 m. above Bell Broughton (n.s. **Churchill**, 3 m.), and is 8 m. long. Stour runs to **Stourport** and Severn in 3 m. 4 m. down Severn, Dick brook, rising above Heightington, 3 m. W. from **Stourport**, and 9 m. long, joins on right bank; 1 m. above the junction, the outflow of Sharpley Pool, 4 m. S. of **Stourport**, joins Dick on right bank. Just below Weir Ferry, 1 m. down Severn, the outflow of Frog pool, and another pond 1 m. up, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Severn, Shrawley brook, 4 m. long, and which drains the lakes at Witley Court (Lord Dudley), 7 m. from **Stourport**, joins on right bank. 5 m. down Severn, at Hawford, 4 m. N. from **Worcester**, Salwarp joins on left bank. Salwarp rises in Fockbury mill pond, 2 m. N. from **Bromsgrove**, where Spadsbourne brook, 4 m. long, working some mills, joins on left bank. 5 m. down Salwarp, at Upper Warren, Hen brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Salwarp runs to **Droitwich**, 4 m., where Body brook, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. down Salwarp, Hampton brook, 10 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Salwarp, Doverdale joins on right bank. Doverdale runs 2 m. E. of **Thurtlebury**, and is 14 m. long. Salwarp joins Severn 4 m. down. Severn runs 5 m. to **Worcester**. 2 m. below, Teme joins on right bank. Teme

rises some 15 m. above **Knucklas**, runs 3 m. to **Knighton**, **Bucknall**, 6 m., **Leintwardine** (n.s. **Hoptonheath**, 3 m.). Here **Clun** joins on left bank. **Clun** rises 11 m. above **Clun** (n.s. **Broome**, 8 m.). Here **Lower**, 10 m. long, joins on left bank. **Clun** runs to **Clunbury**, 3 m., and **Broome**, 2 m. Here **Kempton** brook, which rises in **Acton** pool, 4 m. N. from **Clun**, and is 8 m. long, joins on left bank. **Clun** runs 2 m. to **Clungunford**, **Hoptonheath**, 2 m. 2 m. down, **Red Lake** brook joins on right bank. **Redlake** rises 10 m. above **Bucknall**, and joins **Clun** 3 m. below. **Clun** runs to **Leintwardine** and **Teme**, 1 m. **Teme** runs 3 m., when **Alloox** brook, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down **Teme** at **Burrington** the outflow of **Burrington** pool, 1 m. up, joins on right bank. **Teme** flows to **Bromfield**, 6 m. Here **Onny** joins on left bank. **Onny** rises in **Marsh** pool, 8 m. up from **Lydham**, and 4 m. down is joined on left bank by a brook draining **Shelve** pool, 2 m. N. (n.s. **Lydham**, 7 m.). 1 m. down **Onny**, **Black** brook, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. **Onny** runs to **Lydham**, 4 m., and **Baton**, 2 m. Here **Eaton** brook, which rises by **Robin Hood's** baths, 4 m. S.W. from **Le Botwood**, and is 10 m. long, joins on left bank. **Onny** runs to **Flowden**, 2 m., and 6 m. down, by **Strefford** bridge. **Quenny** brook joins on left bank. **Quenny** rises 4 m. above **Marsh** **Brook** station, and 4 m. down is joined on left bank by **Eaton** brook, which rises by **Cardington**, 3 m. N.W. from **Longville**, runs 9 m. to **Marton Road**, and 4 m. down joins **Quenny**, which joins **Onny** 1 m. below. **Onny** runs to **Craven Arms**, 1 m., **Onisbury**, 4 m., **Bromfield** and **Teme**, 4 m. Here the outflow of the **Decoy** pools, lying 2 m. to the S.W. of **Bromfield**, joins on right bank. **Teme** runs 3 m. to **Ludlow**, and here **Corve** joins on left bank. **Corve** rises 1 m. S. of **Burton**, 1 m. from **Presthorne**, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by a stream rising in **Letwiche** mill pond 2 m. up (n.s. **Longville**, 2 m.). **Corve** runs 5 m., when **Thonglands** brook, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. **Corve** runs 2 m., when **Tugford** brook, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. 5 m. down **Corve**, at **Culmington**, **Pye** brook, 7 m. long, joins on left bank. **Corve** joins **Teme** at **Ludlow**, 8 m. down (**Corve** is preserved by private owners throughout its length). 2 m. down **Teme** the drainage of the lakes in **Ludford Park**, 1 m. S. from **Ludlow**, joins on right bank. **Teme** runs to **Woolferton**, 4 m., and 1 m. down, **Brimfield** brook, rising in two ponds, and running by **Woolferton** Station, and 6 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down **Teme**, at **Easton Court**, **West** brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down **Teme**, **Cadmores** brook, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down **Teme**, **Ledwyche** joins on left bank. **Ledwyche** rises 4 m. above **Middleton**, 3 m. N.E. from **Ludlow**, and is joined on right bank at that place by the outflow of the lakes at **Downton Hall**, 1 m. up. **Dogditch** brook, 5 m. long, joins also on the left bank. 3 m. down **Ledwyche**, 2 m. S.E. of **Ludlow**, **Cay** brook, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down **Ledwyche** the outflow of **Wooton** pool, 2 m. up, joins on left bank (n.s. **Ludlow** or **Tenbury**, 5 m.). 7 m. down, **Ledwyche** joins **Teme**, which runs to **Tenbury**, 1 m. Here **Kyre** brook joins on right bank. **Kyre** rises 2 m. above **Kyre Magna**, runs through **Kyre Park** just below, receiving the outflow of **Kyre** pool $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up. Thence to **Tenbury** is 5 m. 2 m. down **Teme**, **Corn** brook, 6 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down **Teme**, by **Newnham Bridge**, **Rea** joins on left bank. **Rea** rises 15 m. above **Cleobury Mortimer**, and 5 m. down is joined on right bank by **Cleobury** brook, 3 m. long. Thence to **Cleobury** is 10 m., **Heen Sollers** 6 m., just above which **Banhall** brook, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. below, **Hopton** brook joins on right bank. **Hopton** runs 3 m., when **Hopper** brook, 2 m. long, joins on right bank. Thence to **Rea** is 4 m.; **Rea** runs to **Newnham Bridge**, 2 m., where the outflow of **Bickley** pools, 2 m. up, join on right bank; thence to **Teme** is 1 m. **Teme** runs to **Eastham**, 3 m., where **Pipers** brook (trout) joins on right bank. 6 m. down **Teme**, at **Stanford Bridge**, the outflow of **Stanford Park** lake, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up, joins on right bank. **Teme** runs 12 m. to **Knightsford Bridge**, **Knightswick** being 1 m. off on right bank (the landlord of the **Talbot** has 2 m. of good fishing); and here **Sapey** brook, 7 m. long, joins on right bank. **Teme** runs 3 m. to **Broadwas** and **Leigh Court**, 4 m. Here **Leigh** Brook joins on right bank. **Leigh**, under the name of **Cradley**, rises by **Colwall**, runs 4 m. to **Mathon**, 4 m. W. from **Great Malvern**, and joins **Teme** 10 m. down. **Teme** runs 2 m. to **Bransford**, and 3 m. down, at **Powick** Bridge, is joined on left bank by **Laughern** brook, which is 14 m. long, and passes close on the W. side of **Worcester**, and 2 m. down joins **Teme**, which joins **Severn** 2 m. down. **Severn** runs to **Kempey**, 4 m.; **Upton-on-Severn**, 8 m.; **Ripple**, 4 m.; **Tewkesbury**, 4 m. Here **Ripple** brook, which drains the lakes in **Croome Park**, 3 m. N.W. from **Defford**, joins on left bank. Here also **Avon** joins on left bank. **Avon** rises in the reservoir by **Naseby** (n.s. **Kilworth**, 5 m.), and 3 m. down at **Welford**, 2 m. from **Kilworth**, is joined on right bank by the outflow from another reservoir 1 m. up. **Avon** runs 3 m. to **Kilworth**; **Stanford**, 4 m.; **Lilbourne**, 2 m. Here **Yelvertoft** brook, 6 m. long, joins on left bank. **Avon** runs to **Clifton**, 3 m.; **Rugby**, 3 m. Here **Swift** joins on right bank. **Swift** rises by **Kimcote**, 4 m. N.W. from **W. Kilworth**, runs 4 m. to **Lutterworth** (n.s. **Ullesthorne**, 4 m.), and **Rugby** 8 m. **Avon** runs 10 m. to **Brandon**, and 9 m. below, at **Stoneleigh** (n.s. **Kenilworth**, 3 m.), is joined on right bank by **Sow**. **Sow** rises 3 m. above **Bedworth**, runs 2 m. to **Exhall**, where **Breach** brook, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. **Sow** runs 3 m. to **Foleshill**, where **Marches** Brook, 2 m. long, joins on left bank. **Sow** runs 3 m. to **Sow**, 3 m. from **Coventry**, where **Withy** brook, 6 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down **Sow**, **Coomb** brook joins, which rises in **Burden** pool 5 m. above

Brinklow, runs thence in 3 m. to the lake in Coomb Park, and join Sow $\frac{1}{2}$ m. on. 5 m. down Sow, Sherburne joins on right bank. Sherburne rises 5 m. above **Coventry**, and joins Sow 3 m. below. 2 m. down Sow, a stream joins on right bank 6 m. long, rising in some ponds on Westwood Heath (n.s. **Tile Mill**, 2 m., or **Kenilworth**, 3 m.). 1 m. down, Sow joins Avon, which runs 8 m. to **Leamington**. Here Leam joins on left bank. Leam rises 6 m. above **Braunston** (n.s. **Crick**, 5 m.) and 4 m. down is joined on right bank by Bains brook, 7 m. long, which runs 3 m. S. of **Rugby**. Leam runs to **Birdingbury** 5 m., and 3 m. down, at Martin's, is joined on left bank by Ichene. Ichene rises in a lake at Stoneton House, by Wormleighton (n.s. **Fenny Compton**, 2 m.), and 7 m. down is joined on left bank by Ham brook, which runs 1 m. N. from **Fenny Compton Station**, and is 4 m. long. Ichene runs 3 m. to **Harbury** and 3 m. to **Southam**, and 8 m. down joins Leam, which joins Avon 12 m. down. Avon runs 1 m. to **Warwick**, and 1 m. down is joined by a brook on left bank, which rises in a mill pond at Chesterton, 3 m. W. from **Harbury**, and 7 m. down waters the large lake in Warwick Park on the Avon's bank. Avon runs 3 m. to Barford and Hampton Lacey 5 m. (n.s. **Stratford-on-Avon**, 5 m.). Here Thelesford brook, 7 m. long, joins on left bank. A little below, running through Charlotte Park, Dene joins on left bank. Dene rises by **Kington**, and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by a brook which rises in 3 ponds on Pool Fields, 2 m. N. from **Kington**, and waters the large lakes by Coombrooke, 2 u. N.W. from **Kington**, and joins Dene 1 m. down. Dene runs 8 m. to Avon, which runs to **Stratford**, 7 m. 1 m. below, Stour joins on left bank. Stour rises 12 m. above **Shipston** (n.s. **Campden**, 7 m.), and 7 m. down, at Mitford Bridge, is joined on left bank by Compton brook, 8 m. long. 1 m. down, at Burmington, Knee brook, which rises by **Campden**, runs 5 m. to **Blockley** and 8 m. to Stour, joins on left bank. Stour runs 3 m. to **Shipston**, Halford 5 m., 2 m. below which the outflow of Eallington Park lake, 1 m. up, joins on right bank. 9 m. down, Stour joins Avon. Avon runs to **Millcote** 2 m., Bidford 9 m. (Inns: Pleasure Boat and White Lion; fishing very good), **Salford Priors** 2 m. Here Arrow joins on right bank. Arrow rises by **Alvechurch**, runs 5 m. to **Redditch**, just above which place a stream joins on right bank, draining the lake at Hewell Grange $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. N.W. from **Redditch**. 1 m. down Arrow a brook joins on right bank, draining the pond at Ipsley Lodge, 1 m. S.E. of **Redditch**. Arrow runs to **Studley**, 3 m.; **Congleton**, 3 m.; **Alcester**, 3 m. Here Alne joins on left bank. Alne rises above Lapworth Bridge, 4 m. N. from **Henley-in-Arden** (n.s. **Beasley Cross**, 5 m.), runs 20 m. to Wootton Wawen, 2 m. S. of **Henley**, and 2 m. from **Beasley Cross**. Here Alne waters a large lake, and is joined also on right bank by a brook running down from **Henley**. 2 m. down Alne, at Gray Mill, Edstone brook, which rises by **Matton**, runs 6 m. to **Beasley Cross** and 2 m. to Alne, joins on left bank. Alne runs to **Alcester** 7 m. 2 m. down Arrow the outflow of the lake in Bagley Park, 1 m. N.W. of **Wixford**, joins on right bank. Arrow runs to **Wixford** 1 m., and **Salford Priors** and Avon 3 m. Here Ban brook, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Avon runs 3 m. to **Harvington**, and 2 m. down, by Offenham, Wickham brook joins on left bank. Wickham rises 2 m. above Child's Wickham (n.s. **Hinton**, 5 m.), runs to Badsey 4 m., and Offenham 8 m. Avon runs to **Evesham** 2 m., and here Isborne joins on left bank. Isborne rises by **Winchcombe** (n.s. **Cheltenham**, 8 m., S.W.), runs 12 m. to **Hinton**, and **Evesham** 3 m. Avon runs 7 m. to Cropthorn, **Pershore** 5 m. Here Wyre joins 1 m. above the town on right bank. Wyre rises by **Inkberrow** (n.s. **Alcester**, 6 m.), runs 6 m. to Flyford Flavell, and 5 m. down is joined on left bank by Whitsun brook, which rises above Bishampton (n.s. **Pershore**, 5 m.), and is 6 m. long. Wyre runs to **Pershore** and Avon 8 m. 8 m. down Avon, by **Deford**, Bow brook joins on right bank. Bow rises 7 m. N.W. of **Alcester**, above Feckenham, and 5 m. down is joined on right bank by Dean brook, 3 m. long. Bow runs to Himbleton 1 m., 5 m. to White Ladies' Ashton, 2 m. from **Spetchley**, **Pershore** station 4 m., and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by Stoulton brook, which drains the lake in Spetchley Park, 6 m. up by **Spetchley**. Bow joins Avon 4 m. down at **Deford**. Avon runs 4 m. to **Bredon**, and Severn, at **Tewkesbury**, 4 m. Here Carant brook, 7 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Severn Swilgare joins on left bank. Swilgare rises at **Prestbury**, 2 m. N.E. from **Cheltenham**, runs 4 m. to **Cleve** station, and 5 m. down close by **Tewkesbury**, is joined on right bank by Tisle brook, 5 m. long. 1 m. down, Swilgare joins Severn. 5 m. down Severn by Norton, 5 m. from **Gloucester** Chelt joins on left bank. Chelt rises 4 m. above **Cheltenham**, and runs to Norton 7 m., and Severn 2 m. Severn runs 8 m. to **Gloucester**, just above which Longford brook, 8 m. long, joins on left bank. Close to the junction with Severn, Broadboard brook, 7 m. long, joins Longford on right bank. At **Gloucester**, Leaddon joins Severn on right bank. Leaddon rises 7 m. above **Ledbury**, a mile above which place a stream joins on left bank, 2 m. long, draining the Dogberry pools. 2 m. down Leaddon the drainings of the canal reservoir $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up join on left bank. 1 m. down Leaddon is Dormington, and 2 m. **Dymock** (n.s. **Ledbury**, 5 m.), where Preston river joins, 9 m. long, on right bank. Leaddon runs to Pauntley, 6 m., and 3 m. down at **Upleadon** (n.s. **Gloucester**, 9 m.) is joined on left bank by Clync brook, which rises in Eastnor Castle lake, 2 m. E. from **Ledbury**, and is 11 m. long. Leaddon runs to Hartpur, 3 m., where Newent brook which rises above **Newent** (n.s. **Gloucester**, 10 m.), and is 6 m. long, joins on right bank. Leaddon runs 5 m. to **Gloucester**. Here also Twiver 6 m. long, joins Severn on left bank. (See *Upleadon, Newent.*) (c.s.) Close to the

- town are some pits holding perch, tench, and pike; fishing free. *Hotels*: Bell and Spread Eagle.
- Glynde** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. (See *Newhaven*.)
- Gnosall** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R., G.N.R. Eaton water. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Gobowen** (Salop).—S. & C.R. Perry. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Godalming** (Surrey).—S.W.R. Wey; preserved by a society. (See *London, L.T.*)
- Gomshall** (Surrey).—S.E.R. (See *London, L.T.*) On Tillingbourne; trout. There are some lakes at Albury Park.
- Goodworth Clatford** (Hants).—S.W.R. On Test; trout, grayling. (See *Southampton and Andover*.) The owner of Clatford Mills has extensive rights.
- Goring** (Oxford).—G.W.R. Thames. *Hotels*: Sloane, Miller of Mansfield. *Fisherman*: G. Bartholomew. **Streatley**.—*Hotels*: Swan and Bull. *Fisherman*: J. Saunders. (See *London, M.T.*)
- Goring** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. (See *Little Hampton*.)
- Govilon** (Monmouth).—M.T. & A.R. Usk; trout, salmon. (c.s.) Wenarth. *Lakes*: Forge Pond 2 m. (See *Newport*.)
- Grange Court** (Gloucester).—G.W.R. Hope brook (1½ m.) (See *Westbury*.)
- Grampound** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Fal rises on the E. side of Castle Down (n.s. **St. Columb**, 3 m.), runs 3 m., and is joined on right bank by the outflow of a large lake on Tregoss Moor, close to the river. 1 m. down Fal a stream joins on left bank, which is 2 m. long, and a branch of which drains another pond on Tregoss Moor. Fal runs 5 m. to St. Stephen's, and 2 m. down (n.s. **Grampound Road**, G.W.R., 1½ m.) is joined on left bank by Gwendra Water, 5 m. long, passing St. Stephen's midway. Fal runs 2 m. to **Grampound**, Tregony 2 m., and 6 m. down runs into Falmouth Harbour. (c.s. *Fowey*.)
- Grampound Road** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Tresillian water; trout, grilse. Trelassick brook. (See *Truro, New Quay, Tregony, Verman*.)
- Grantham** (Lincoln).—G.N.E. Witham. Old beck, 4 m. W., at **Sedgebrook**. Devon, 6 m. W., at **Bottesford**. *Lakes*: Belton Park lakes, 3 m. N. Denton reservoir, 3 m. S.W.; pike, perch, bream. Syston Park lakes, 4 m. W., by **Barkston**. Denton House lakes, 4 m. S.W. Belvoir Castle lake, 6 m. S.W. Knipston reservoir, 8 m. S.W. Croxton Park lakes, 8 m. S.W. (See *Boston*.) In the canal are pike, perch, bream. *Hotels*: George, Angel, and Royal.
- Grant's House Station** (Northland).—(See *Berwick*.) Whiteadder; trout.
- Grasmere**.—(See *Ambleside*.)
- Grassington** (York).—On Wharfe; trout and grayling. Preserved by a club. Sec., W. Harker, Grassington, near Skipton. St., 10s.; d.t., 2s. 6d. (See *Kilnsey*.) (c.s. *York*.)
- Grateley** (Hants).—S.W.R. Winterbourne; trout and coarse fish. (See *Christchurch*.) (c.s. *Avon*.)
- Great Bridgford** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Sow. Chamford brook, 3 m. S.W. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Great Chesterford** (Essex).—G.E.R. Cam; pike, roach, &c.; preserved. (See *King's Lynn*.)
- Great Haywood** (Stafford), n.s. **Colwich**, 1 m.—L. & N.W.R. Trent; roach, pike, chub, trout; fishing very good; preserved below by Mr. L. Morgan, above by landlord, Clifford Arms. (c.s.) Sow; roach, pike, chub. Sherbrook brook, 1 m. S.W. Colton brook, 3 m. E. Blythe, 5 m. W. *Lakes*: Tixall Park pool, 2 m. N.W. Oakedge Park lake, 3 m. S.E. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Great Marlow** (Bucks).—M.B.R. Thames; perch, roach, trout, pike, chub. *Hotels*: Anglers, Crown, Railway, Greyhound, George and Dragon. *Fishermen*: H. Rockall, W. and G. Coster, A. Cox, and G. Grove. (See *London, M.T.*)
- Great Ponton** (Lincoln).—G.N.E. Witham. Stoke brook. Cringle brook, 2 m. S. *Lakes*: Stoke Mill pond, 1 m. S. Wyvill ponds, 3 m. W. (See *Boston*.)
- Green Road**.—W. & F.R. Black Beck runs 1 m. off. This stream rises on Thwaites Fell, and in 4½ m. reaches Broadgate. From Broadgate Bridge to Hallthwaites Bridge is 1 m. From Hallthwaites to its junction with the Duddon Estuary is 2 m.
- Grimston** (Leicester).—M.R. Lake: Saxelby pond, 1 m. E. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Grimstone** (Dorset).—G.W.R. Frome, Piddie. Salmon, trout. (See *Wareham*.) (c.s.)
- Grindley** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R., G.N.R. Blythe. (c.s. *Trent*.) Tad brook, 2 m. S.E. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Grintstead** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. On Adur. (See *New Shoreham*.)
- Groombridge** (Kent).—L.B. & S.C.R. (See *Rochester*.) On Medway.
- Grove Ferry** (Kent).—On A. & R.R. and S.E.R. On Stour; perch, roach, tench, jack, trout; preserved by Fordwich and Grove Ferry Angling Club to Plucks Gutter; hon. sec., F. W. Lucy, Esq., 2, Lower Bridge-street, Canterbury; s.t. 21s.; d.t., coarse fish, 1s. (c.s.) Good accommodation at Ship Inn, Up-street. (See *Sandwich; Canterbury*.)
- Guernsey**.—Pollack (here called whiting), mackerel, turbot, &c., are taken. Best season from April to end of July. *Fishermen*: J. Falla, or R. Ferguson. Terms: 10s. per diem. Sea-fishing can be had from the pier at St. Peter's Port, and at St. Sampson's, with rod and ledger lines, for pollack and sand smelts.
- Guildford** (Surrey).—P.D.R. *Hotels*: White Lion. (See *London, L.T.*) Wey; pike, roach, bream; fishing free and decent, but preserved above in parts. At Clandon Park are some lakes, also on Broad Street and Whitmore Commons.
- Gunton** (Norfolk).—C.E.B. Gunton beck. *Lakes*: 3 in Gunton Park (Lord Suffield); pike, &c. (See *Yarmouth*.)

- Guyhirne** (Cambs.).—G.N. & G.E.R. Nen; pike, perch, bream, chub, &c. (*See Wisbeach.*)
- Gwinear** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Hayle; trout. Gwinear water. (*See Hayle.*) (*c.s. Camel.*)
- Gwinear Road** (Cornwall). G.W.R. Gwinear water. (*See Cambourne.*) (*c.s. Camel.*)
- Hackness** (Yorks).—Derwent; trout and grayling. *Hotel*: Everley Arms, where a free ticket for the preserved water can be had. Above Hilla Green Bridge, 3 m. above Hackness, the river is free. From Hilla Green Bridge to Hertford Dale Bridge, below **Ayton** (*see Ayton*), the river is preserved by the Derwent Anglers' Club of 40 members, at 31s. 6d. a year; entrance, 20s. s.t. to strangers recommended by members, 40s; d.t. for ditto, 5s.; to be obtained of Mr. Patrick, gunmaker, **Scarboro'**, 6 m. off. Trout fishing begins April 15, and ends Sept. 30; grayling June 16, and ends March 14. No fish to be killed under 8in., or more than 10 brace killed in one day. No wading nor dogs allowed. There are many chub below **Ayton**. The upper part of the preserve is used for fly only, the lower part for minnow or worm.
- Haddiscoe** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Waveney. New Cut. *Lakes*: Fritton Decoy, 1 m.; leave required; boats at Fritton Hall. (*See Yarmouth.*) (*c.s. Norfolk.*)
- Hadham Cross** (Essex).—B. & St. M.R. (*See Stratford.*) On Ash; a few trout, pike, &c.
- Hadleigh** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Brett. Stour, 6 m. S.; pike, perch, roach, carp, dace, tench. (*c.s. N. and S.*) (*See Manningtree.*)
- Hadley** (Salop).—S.U.R. Preston brook (2 m. N.W.), and a lake in which the brook rises. (*See Gloucester.*)
- Hadnall** (Salop).—L. & N.W.R. Sundown brook. Roden (4 m. E.) (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Hailsham** (Sussex).—H.R. (*See Bervick.*)
- Halesowen** (Worcester).—G.W.R. L. & N.W.R. Stour. *Rea. Lakes*: Grange Mill pond. Sutley Mill pond (2 m. W.). New pool (3 m. N.W.). Frankley pond, 3 m. S.E. (*See Gloucester; Gainsborough.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Halesworth** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Wissett brook. Blyth, 1 m. S. (*See Southwold.*)
- Hallatrow** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (*See Bristol.*) *Lakes*: Stone Easton Park Lake.
- Halstead** (Essex).—G.E.R. Colne. Gosfield brook, 2 m. S. Pebmarsh brook, 3 m. E. *Lake*: Gosfield Hall lake. (*See Colchester.*)
- Hammersmith** (Middx.).—K. & R.R. Thames. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Hammerwich** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Bileston brook, 3 m. N. Ashmore brook, 3 m. N.E. *Lakes*: Coney Mill pond, 3 m. N.W. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Hampton** (Middx.).—S.W.R. Thames. (*See London, L.T.*) *Inns*: Red Lion, Tagg's Island Hotel (where some private fishing can be had), and Bell. *Fishermen*: W. Benn and Son, T. Langshaw and Son, and J. Hedger at Tagg's Island.
- Hampton** (Salop).—S.V.R. Severn; pike, perch, chub, dace, trout, salmon. Borle brook (2 m. W.). Mor brook (2½ m. N.). (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Hampton** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. Blythe. (*c.s. Trent.*) *Lakes*: Packington Park, 2 m. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Hampton Court** (Middx.).—Thames, Mole, the Island Fishery, Hampton Court ponds, and Bushy ponds. *Hotels*: Mitre, King's Arms, Greyhound. *E. Moulsey*. Island, Castle, Thames, and Carnarvon Castle. *Fishermen*: T. Davis, W. and T. Milbourne, J. Hedger, J. Smith, G. Martin. In the Home Park are some ponds; pike, perch, carp, tench; leave from the Master of the Horse's office. Fishing free in Bushy Park ponds.
- Hambrough** (Oxford).—W. & W.R. On Evenlode and Glyme. (*See London, U.T.*) A day's fishing may sometimes be had in the lakes in Blenheim Park from the steward of the Duke of Marlborough.
- Hanley** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R., G.N.R. Trent. (*c.s.*) Fowler brook. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Hanwell** (Middx.).—G.W.R. Brent; fishing poor and free; perch, pike, and chub. (*See London, L.T.*) At Osterley Park are two fine lakes; perch.
- Hanwood** (Salop).—M.B.R. Rea; roach, dace, chub; fishing free. Yockleton brook, Longden brook (2½ m. S.). *Lakes*: Onslow Hall lake (3 m. N.). (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Harbottle** (Northland.).—On Coquet; trout. (*See Warkworth.*) (*c.s.*) Near here is Harbottle Lough; trout.
- Harbury** (Warwick).—G.W.R. Itchen. *Lakes*: Chesterton Mill Pond (3 m. W.). (*See Southam, Gloucester.*)
- Hardingham** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Yare. (*c.s. N. and S.*) Blackwater river. (*See Yarmouth.*)
- Harington** (Warwick).—G.W.R. Avon; chub, pike, perch, roach, dace, bream. Wickham brook (3 m. S.). (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Harleston** (Norfolk).—W.V.R. Waveney, 1 m. S. (*c.s. Norfolk.*) (*See Yarmouth.*)
- Harling** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Thet; private. (*See King's Lynn.*) (*c.s. Norfolk.*)
- Harlington** (Beds).—M.R. Tod, 3 m. N.W.; few coarse fish. *Lakes*: Flagrith House Lake (3 m. N.W.); good fishing, strictly private. (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Harlow** (Essex).—G.E.R. (*See Stratford.*) On Stort; fishing on the towing path is free; leave is freely given for the back waters and mill tails; pike, perch, tench, roach, chub, grayling, rudd, carp, bream, barbel, trout. *Hotel*: Railway. (*c.s.*)
- Harmston** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Witham, 2 m. W. Brant, 3 m. W. (*See Boston.*)
- Harpenden** (Herts).—M.R. & G.N.R. On Lea; fishing can be had from the millers and landowners, who often give permission, and sometimes let the fishing. (*See Stratford and London, M.T.*) *Hotel*: Railway, where all information can be had.

- Harringworth** (Northton).—M.R. Welland. (*See Spalding*.)
- Harrogate** (York).—G.N.R. At Killinghall some fishing can be had in Nidd, we believe.
- Harrold** (Bed.).—N.S. **Sharnbrook**. 4 m. Ouse; coarse fish except barbel; fishing private. (*c.s. N. and S.*) (*See King's Lynn*.)
- Harston** (Cambs). G.N.R. Rhee; coarse fish. Cam, 3 m.; coarse fish. (*See King's Lynn*.)
- Hartfield** (Kent).—L.B. & S.C.R. On Medway. (*See Rochester*.)
- Hartington**, n.s. **Bakewell** or **Bowley**, 11 m. (Derby).—M.R. Dove; trout, grayling. (*c.s. Trent*.) *Hotel*: Charles Cotton (very comfortable), where free fishing can be had above; fishing private below. Mannyfold, 1 m. W.; trout, grayling. Elkstone brook, 4 m. S.W., beyond Mannyfold. Hamps, 7 m. S.W., at Oneoots. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Hartland** (Devon).—(N.s. **Bideford**, G.W.B., 15 m.) Hartland Abbey stream. Spoke's Mill (3 m.). Welcombe (4 m.). Torridge (5 m.). Marshland (6 m.). All hold trout, Marshland especially. *Hotels*: New Inn and King's Arms. Hartland Abbey stream rises 4 m. E. of Hartland, and joins the sea 3 m. down. Spoke's Mill stream rises 2 m. S. of Hartland, and is 4 m. long. Welcombe rises 4 m. S. of Hartland, runs 4 m., and is joined on right bank by a stream 3 m. long. Marshland rises 5 m. S. of Hartland, and is 4 m. long, joining the sea close to Welcombe stream. Fish of all kinds may be killed off the coast and in the fissures of the rocks at low tide. Capital bass fishing with indiarubber sand-eel at times from a boat.
- Harton Road** (Salop).—C.A. & M.W.R. Eaton brook. Quenny brook (3 m. W.). *Lakes*: Lutwiche mill pond (2 m. N.E.). (*See Gloucester*.)
- Harwich** (Essex).—G.E.R. At Dovercourt runs Ramsey brook, 7 m. long.
- Harwood Dale** (York).—9 m. from **Scarborough**. Jagger Howe Beck and Derwent. Trout and grayling; free. (*See Hackness*.)
- Haslemere** (Surrey).—P.D.R. (*See London, L.T.; Little Hampton*.)
- Hassocks Gate** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. (*See New Shoreham*.)
- Hatch** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (*See Bridgewater*.)
- Hatfield** (Herts).—G.N.R. On Lea. The river belongs to the Marquis of Salisbury, who sometimes gives permission. In Hatfield Park is a large lake; pike and coarse fish. (*See Stratford*.)
- Hathern** (Leicester).—M.R. Soar; pike, perch, bream, roach, carp, tench. (*c.s. Trent*.) Osgathorpe brook. Dishley brook, 1 m. S. Kingston brook, 2 m. N.E. *Lakes*: Garenden Park lake, 3 m. S. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Hathersage** (Derby), n.s. **Bakewell**.—M.R. Derwent; trout, grayling; preserved by the Derwent Fly-fishing Club from Yorkshire bridge above to New bridge below, where the Duke of Devonshire's water begins (*see Baslow, Ashopton*). (*c.s. Trent*.) Hood brook; trout. Highlow brook, 1 m. S. Now, 2 m. N.W. Barbage brook, 3 m. S.E. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Hatton** (Warwick).—G.W.R. Edstone brook. (*See Gloucester*.)
- Haughley** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Gipping. *Lake*: Wetherden. (*See Ipswich*.)
- Haverhill** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Albery brook. Stour, 2 m. E. Birdbrook, 3 m. S.E. (*c.s. N. and S.*) (*See Manningtree*.)
- Hawes** (York).—On Ure; trout and grayling. *Inns*: Crown and White Hart. The fishing is preserved for 10 m. from Yore Bridge, near Bainbridge, and all the tributaries in the neighbourhood, by the Hawes and High Abbotsdale Angling Association. Non-residents can fish for—s.t., 10s.; w.t., 3s.; d.t. 1s.; residents, s.t., 5s. No fishing before 6 a.m., or after 8 p.m., except in June, July, and August, when there is no restriction; fishing begins March 16, and ends Oct. 1; see, Beckwith Thompson, Esq., Hawes. Tickets at the Crown. (*c.s. York*.)
- Hawes' Water** (Westland).—Trout and char.
- Hayfield** (Derby).—M.R. Now, 4 m. E. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Hayle** (Cornwall).—G.W.B. Hayle; trout. Hayle rises in Clowance Park (n.s. **Gwinear Road**, G.W.B., 3 m.), runs 4 m., and is joined on left bank by Gormes brook, 3 m. long. Hayle runs to **St. Erth** (G.W.B.), 3 m., and Hayle 2 m. Here Gwinear water, which rises by **Gwinear** (G.W.B.), and is 5 m. long, joins on right bank. The tide flows to this point. (*c.s. Camel*.)
- Hayling Island**.—There is very good fishing from boats in the harbour, all sorts of fish, especially bass. A lady keeps a boarding establishment, and there is a good hotel.
- Hazlewood** (Derby).—M.R. Ecclesbourne. Derwent, 2 m. S.E., at **Duffield**. (*c.s. Trent*.) (*See Gainsborough*.) *Hotel*: Star and Garter.
- Heather** (Leicester).—M.R., L. & N.W.R. Sence. Blower's brook. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Healdorn** (Kent).—S.E.R. (*See Rochester*.) On Beult; trout.
- Heathersett** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Yare, 2 m. N.E. *Lakes*: Ketteringham Hall, 1 m. S. Carlton Lodge lake, 3 m. S.E. Bracon Hall lake, 4 m. S.E. (*See Yarmouth*.)
- Heddingham** (Essex).—G.E.R. Colne. (*See Colchester*.)
- Hednesford** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Saredon brook. *Lakes*: Hednesford pool. Lower Brindley pool, 1 m. N. Furnace pool, 1 m. N. Upper Brindley pool, 2 m. N. Balands pool, 2 m. N.E. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Hele** (Devon).—G.W.R. Exe (2 m. off), salmon, trout, dace, roach; preserved by the Up Exe Fishing Association. Culm and Langford brook; trout. The Culm from here up to Culloompton is preserved by the Culm Fishing Association. (*See Exeter and Topsham*.)
- Hellendon** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Wensum. (*c.s. N. and S.*) Costessey brook. (*See Yarmouth*.)
- Hellifield** (York).—M.B. Ribbles. Pike, salmon, trout, &c. Preserve '.

- Helmedon** (Northton).—L. & N.W.R. Tove. (*See King's Lynn*.)
- Helmsley** (York).—On Rye; plenty of trout; the fishery belongs to Lord Feversham, who will sometimes grant leave for fishing the stream above Helmsley Bridge. Fly and minnow fishing; no worm. Two separate tickets are issued by Mr. McLaughlin, of the Duncombe Park Estate Office. Helmsley; one for the Rye above Rivaluz, and another for the Riccall, Hodge, and Dore, in the Kirby Moorside district. Terms are—six months, 12s.; three months, 7s.; four weeks, 3s.; one week, 1s.
- Helston** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Looe river and Pool; trout. Looe rises 4 m. S. of **Carn Brea Station**, runs 4 m., and is joined on left bank by a brook, 2 m. long. Looe runs 1 m. to Wendron and **Helston**, 3 m. 1 m. down, Looe forms a large lake, 2 m. long, separated from the sea by a sand bar. (*c.s. Fowey*.) (*See Constantine*.) *Hotel*: Angel.
- Hemel Hempstead** (Herts).—L. & N.W.R. Gade; trout; preserved by Sir A. Cooper, Mr. Halsey, Earl Brownlow; there is some free water. (*See London, M.T.*) *Inn*: King's Arms.
- Hemyock** (Devon).—G.W.R. Culm; trout; above here the river is preserved by a fishing association for 5 m.; s.t. 20s., w.t. 4s., d.t. 2s. Below it is preserved to **Culmstock** by the Upper Culm Fishing Club. S.t. 21s.; w.t. 5s.; d.t. 2s. Tickets at the Culm Valley Inn. (*See Exeter*.)
- Hendon** (Middx.).—G.N.R. & M.R. Brent and Welsh Harp Reservoir (*see Advertisement*). *Hotel*: Old Welsh Harp. (*See London, L.T.*) Leave for the Decoy and Tenterden lake by introduction to the proprietors; chub, roach, pike, perch, carp, tench, eels.
- Henfield** (Sussex).—On Adur; dace, &c. (*See New Shoreham*.)
- Hengood** (Monmouth).—B. & B.R. Rumney; trout, salmon; preserved. (*c.s.*) (*See Cardiff, Wales*.)
- Henley-in-Arden** (Warwick).—(n.s. **Beasley Cross**, 5 m.) Aine (1½ m. E.) *Lakes*: a large lake at Wootton Warren (1½ m. S.) (*See Gloucester*.)
- Henley** (Oxford).—G.W.R. Thames. (*See London, M.T.*) *Hotels*: Angel, Red Lion, Catherine Wheel, Royal. *Fishermen*: W. R. and E. Vaughan, the Parrotta, T. Potter, G. Hamilton, E. James, and the Neals. The two mill tails at Marsh Lock are private.
- Hereford**.—G.W.R., L. & N.W.R., and M.R. Wye; salmon, pike, chub, dace, trout, perch, grayling. The Hereford, Bullingham, Rotherwas, Hampton Bishop, and Holm Lacey fisheries, commencing at the Hereford bridge, and terminating at Carey brook, on the Holm Lacey Estate, are preserved, and subject to the following rules and regulations (subject to estate rights): No boats to be used for angling. The river opens for salmon on Feb. 2, ends Nov. 1, and trout March 2 ending Oct. 1. The Hereford, Hampton Bishop, and Rotherwas fisheries are 7 m. in extent, and preserved for angling. Fly fishing, trolling, or bottom fishing with rod and line only allowed. Tickets not transferable, and no fishing on Sunday. The Holm Lacey fisheries commence at Dinedor brook and terminate at Carey brook, a distance of 9 m. Season tickets for the Hereford waters at 10s. for fly fishing, and 5s. for bottom fishing, with rod and line only, are available from the eastern end of the Castle Green, Hereford, on the north side of the river as far as the withy bed just above the Carrois. Hampton waters from Infirmary to Lug's Mouth, north side—s.t., salmon, limited to 6, 12l.; 1 w.t. at 50s.; s.t. trout and grayling, 1l. 1s.; s.t., available for Hereford waters only, 10s.; m.t., 10s. 6d.; d.t., 2s. 6d.; s.t. bottom, 5s. Rotherwas waters, from Hereford to Dinedor brook, south side—s.t. salmon, limited to 3, 10l.; 1 w.t. 40s.; s.t. trout and grayling, 30s.; m.t., 7s. 6d.; d.t., 2s. 6d.; s.t. bottom, 5s. Holm Lacey waters, from Dinedor brook to Carey's brook—s.t. salmon, limited to 6, 3l.; m.t., 1l. 10s., d.t., 5s.; s.t. trout and grayling, 15s.; m.t. trout, 7s. 6d.; d.t., 2s. 6d.; s.t. bottom, 5s. S.t. salmon for both waters, Rotherwas and Holm Lacey, 5l. Tickets issued by, and all information may be obtained from, Mr. J. Knowles, fishing tackle dealer, 18, Broad-street, Hereford; Mr. William Stephens, Wye Bridge (lessee); Mr. C. Hutton, Priory, Hereford. (*c.s.*) Withy brook. Sugwas brook. Red brook (2 m.). Lug (2 m.); pike, perch, and coarse fish. Sutton brook (2 m.). Gaze brook (3 m.). (*c.s.*) (*See Chepstow*.) *Hotels*: Green Dragon, City Arms.
- Hernbridge** (Dorset).—S.W.R. Stour. Moors; both hold pike, perch, chub, roach. Fishing reserved. (*See Christchurch*.) (*c.s. Avon*.)
- Herne Bay** (Kent).—S.E.R. Fine rudd may be taken in the dykes near here.
- Hertford** (Herts).—G.E.R., G.N.R. (*See Stratford and London*). On Lea, Mimram, Beane, Rib, and New River. *Hotels*: Salisbury Arms, Dimsdale Arms, White Hart, Station. Trout, jack, perch, chub. Above Hertford, W. R. Baker, Esq., preserves some 3 m. of good trout water. The fishing in Mimram is preserved. From Laton down there is good trouting—fish running 2lb. or 3lb. Mr. Brown owns some portion of the stream; if properly introduced, leave may be obtained for a day. Below Mr. Brown, Earl Cowper has the right to the junction of Mimram with Lea; this fishing is jealously guarded. The fishing on Beane is good—trout especially; but leave is difficult to obtain. ½ m. of water below Waterford Mills is preserved by R. Smith, Esq. The old river Lea is preserved from the town mill tail to the engine-house in the King's Mead; trout, jack, perch, chub; s.t., 5s., of Mr. E. Oram, St. Andrew's-street, Hertford, or Messrs. Simson, Market-place. The Corporation waters are preserved by Hertford Angling Preservation Society; hon. sec., Mr. W. Claydon, G.E. Station Hotel, who issues a or d. tickets.
- Hesket Newmarket** (Cumberland).—On Caldew; trout. Overwater (8 m.); pike strictly preserved.
- Hexham** (Northland.).—M.R., G.N.R. On Tyne; salmon and trout; the owner of Beaumont Castle preserves some 3 m. of water. (*c.s.*)

- Keytesbury** (Wilts).—G.W.R. Wily; trout; preserved. (*See Christchurch.*) (*c.s.* Avon.)
- Keyford** (Oxford).—O. & B.R. Cherwell. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Higham Ferrers** (Northton).—L. & N.W.R. Nen; pike, perch, bream, tench, chub; preserved by Wellington and Higham Ferrers Angling Association from **Ditchford** above to Stanwick, 1 m. below; there is $\frac{1}{2}$ m. free water. (*See Wisbeach.*)
- Highbridge** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Brue; carp, perch, roach, trout, jack. (*See c.s. Avon.*) Brue rises E. of **Bruton**, where Cambe river, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Brue runs in 1 m. to **Cole**, where Shepton brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Brue runs to **Castle Carey** 2 m., and 2 m. below is joined on right bank by Evercrech brook. Evercrech rises in a mill pond some 2 m. N. of **Evercrech**, and $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down at **Evercrech Junction** is joined on left bank by a stream rising in a mill pond at Milton Cleveland 1 m. from **Evercrech**. Evercrech joins Brue 4 m. down. Brue runs in 6 m. to Baltonbury on right bank, and **Glastonbury** 5 m. Here Wootton brook joins on right bank. Wootton rises by North Wootton (n.s. **Pennard** S.D.R. $2\frac{1}{2}$ m.), and 4 m. down is joined on left bank by a stream rising W. of **Pennard Station**, and is 4 m. long. Wootton runs in 4 m. to **Glastonbury**. Brue runs in diverse channels through the moors for 4 m. to **Meare**, where Godney brook joins on right bank. Godney rises at Crocombe (n.s. **Shepton Mallet**, 2 m.), runs to **Wells** 3 m., **Poisham** 3 m., and Brue 6 m. Brue runs in $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to Westhay Bridge (n.s. **Shapwick**, 1 m.); 3 m. down on left bank is **Edington Station**, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. off the river. Brue runs in 4 m. to **Woolavington** and **Cossington Station** and **High Bridge** $\frac{1}{2}$ m. Brue joins Parret estuary $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below. *Hotel:* Rose and Crown.
- Highgate** (Middx).—G.N.R. There is some fishing in the ponds belonging to the Alexandra Palace. Apply to the manager.
- High Wycombe** (Bucks).—W.A. & T.B.R. Wye; trout. *Hotels:* Lion and White Hart. A portion of the river is preserved by the High Wycombe Angling Association of limited numbers; entrance 31. 3s., s.t. 3s.; apply to the secretary, Mr. W. H. Spicer. There is $\frac{1}{2}$ m. of free water close to the town. A branch runs through the lake in Lord Carlington's grounds trout, pike, perch, carp, roach. Leave is sometimes given. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Hilgay** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Ouse; coarse fish except barbel. (*c.s. N. and S.*) Wissey or Stoke River (*c.s. N. and S.*); Sams Cut Drain; pike, perch, &c. (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Hinckley** (Leicester).—M.R., L. & N.W.R. Soar, 3 m. S.E. (*c.s. Trent*). Anker. 4 m. S.W., at **Muneston** (*c.s. Trent*). *Lakes:* Leicester Grange lake, 2 m. S. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Hindolvestone** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Bure. *Lake:* Melton Park, 1 m. N. (*See Yarmouth.*) (*c.s. N. and S.*)
- Hingham** (Norfolk).—N.s. **Kimberley**, 3 m. Hackford brook. Blackwater, 3 m. N. Yare, 3 m. N. *Lakes:* Sea mere, 1 m. S.E. Heath mere, 2 m. W. (*see King's Lynn*). Wirklewood mere, 3 m. E. **Kimberley Park** lake, 4 m. N.E. by **Kimberley**. (*See Yarmouth.*)
- Hinton** (Warwick).—G.W.R. Isborne; few trout, but the stream is much polluted. (*See Gloucester.*)
- Hitchin** (Herts).—G.N.R. Hir. (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Hoddesdon** (Herts).—G.E.R. (*See Stratford and London.*) On Lea, Stort, and New River. The Lea here is preserved by Cook. His water immediately joins the upper part of the Broxbourne fishery. *Inns:* Fish and Eels. Above Cook's is the Rye House fishery.
- Hodnet** (Salop).—G.W.B. Tern (1 m. E.); a few trout and coarse fish. Salten brook (2 m. E.). *Lakes:* Rose Hill ponds (4 m. N.E.) (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Holbeach** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Whaplode river, 2 m. W. This watercourse rises above **Whaplode**, and is 8 m. long.
- Holly Bush** (Monmouth).—S.B. Sirhowey; trout. (*See Newport.*)
- Holme** (Hants).—G.N.R. Holme brook. *Lakes:* Holme Cuttings, 1 m. S.; jack, tench; preserved. Caldecot pond, 4 m. W. (*See Wisbeach.*)
- Holme Hall** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Ernford brook. (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Holme Lacey** (Hereford).—A. & H.B. Wye; plenty of coarse fish, and a few trout, grayling, and salmon. Lug (1 m.); pike and coarse fish. Frome (2 m.). Penteloe brook (2 m.) (*c.s.*) *Inns:* Green Dragon and Mitre. (*See Chepstow; Hereford.*)
- Holmes Chapel** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Dane; coarse fish, few trout; preserved by landowners. Croco. Crow brook, 3 m. N.E. *Lakes:* Bag mere, 3 m. S.E. (*See Frodsham.*)
- Holmewood** (Surrey).—L. & D.R. (*See London, L.T.*) Ewood Pond is $\frac{1}{2}$ m. off.
- Holmfrith** (York).—L. & N.W.R. *Lakes:* Holmstyes reservoir, $8\frac{1}{2}$ m.; trout; preserved by Huddersfield Angling Association. Blacklake reservoir, 8 m.; trout; preserved as above. Bawshaw reservoir, $9\frac{1}{2}$ m.; trout; preserved as above. (*See Huddersfield.*)
- Holmsley** (Hants).—S.W.R. On Warburn; dace, trout, salmon pike; preserved. Warburn rises near the station, and is about 10 m. long, joining the sea at Key Haven, 6 or 7 m. S.W. of **Lymington**. Another stream rises by the "Rising Sun," by Wootton, $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. from **Holmsley** station, runs 5 m. to Milford, and joins the sea 1 m. down; fishing fair. (*See Lymington.*)
- Holsworthy** (Cornwall).—G.W.B. (*See Bude.*)
- Holt** (Wilts).—G.W.R. (*See Bristol.*) Avon; roach, perch, pike; leave from owners. (*c.s.*)
- Holt** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Glaven. Glaven rises in Selbrigg pond 3 m. E. of **Holt**, runs 1 m. to **Holt Mill** pond, 1 m. S.E. of **Holt**, and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by a stream draining a pond at Pond hills, 3 m. S.E. of **Holt**. Glaven runs 3 m., 2 m. S. of **Holt**.

- when Thornage brook, which rises in the pond at Gunthorpe Hall, 2 m. N.E. of **Thursford** and is 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Glaven runs to **Holt** 2 m., and joins the sea at Cley, 6 m. down.
- Holton Holgate** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Steeping river. (See *Wainfleet*.)
- Holy Stone** (Northland.).—Coquet; trout. Accommodation can be had. (c.s.)
- Homersfield** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Waveney. (See *Yarmouth*.) (c.s. N. and S.)
- Honiton** (Devon).—S.W.R. Otter; trout; preserved. (c.s.) Blunacombe brook. Awlescombe brook. (See *Ottery St. Mary and Seaton*.)
- Hopton Heath** (Salop).—C.W.R. Cinn; trout, grayling; private, but leave may often be had. Redlake brook (2 m. S.); trout. (See *Leintwardine, Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Hordley** (Salop).—L. & N.W.R. Onny; trout, chub, grayling; preserved by Plowden Fishing Club up to **Eaton**. (c.s. *Severn*.) (See *Plowden, Gloucester*.)
- Horley** (Surrey).—L. & B.R. Mole; few small trout above; below, pike, perch, carp, tench, bream, roach. Leave from the millers. By Horley Church is some deep water holding good fish. 2 m. below Horley Mill is a similar stretch of water. (See *London, L.T.*)
- Horncastle** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Bain; trout, roach; preserved. Witham, 7 m. by rail, at **Kirkstead**. Topholme brook, 7 m. N.W. *Lakes*: Stourton Hall, 5 m. N.W. Gannthy Hall, 5 m. N.W. Beninworth pools, 8 m. N. (See *Boston*.)
- Morning** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Ant. *Lake*: Dilham lake (trustees, W. H. Windham, Esq.) (See *Yarmouth*.)
- Hornsea** (York).—N.E.R. Hornsea mere; pike, perch, roach; preserved by Hornsea Mere Co., who grant leave to subscribers and residents at the Hornsea Mere Co.'s Hotel.
- Hornsey** (Middx.).—G.N.R. On New River. (See *London*.)
- Horrabridge** (Devon).—G.W.R. Walcombe; trout. Tavy, 3 m.; trout. (c.s. *Tamier*.) (See *Plymouth*.)
- Horsham** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. Arun; perch, roach, jack. Channel brook; trout. (See *Little Hampton*.) *Hotels*: Bedford, King's Head.
- Horton** (Northton.).—G.N.R. *Lakes*: Rudyerd reservoir. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Hougham** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Witham. Foster beck, 1 m. W. (See *Boston*.)
- Hovingham** (York).—The Rye for 4 m. is preserved by the Ryedale Angling Club of 20 members, who can each introduce a friend for six days in the year. Trout, and a great many grayling. The members of the Club are restricted to artificial fly or minnow; visitors to artificial fly alone. There is some free water a few miles below Hovingham, where grayling are large and numerous, but trout scarce. There are several other small streams in this neighbourhood, Holbeck, Riccal, &c., but partly preserved. *Hotel*: the Worsley Arms, most comfortable.
- Hugglescote** (Leicester).—M.R., L. & N.W.R. Sence. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Huddersfield** (York).—G.N.R. Near here is Broadstone reservoir; trout; preserved by the Dewsbury Angling Club. (See *Dewsbury*.) *Hotel*: Imperial. *Lakes*: Woodside reservoir, 2 m.; fishless. Longwood Compensation reservoir, 3 m.; perch, roach, &c.; preserved by the Huddersfield Angling Association of 100; hon. sec., Mr. G. Sykes, Stamp Distributor, 11, Queen-street, Huddersfield; season, June 16 to March 16. Longwood Top reservoir, 3½ m.; pike, perch; preserved as above; season, June 16 to March 16. Longwood Bottom reservoir, 3½ m.; pike, perch; preserved as above; season, June 16 to March 16. Blackmoorfoot reservoir, 4 m.; pike, perch; preserved as above; season, June 16 to March 16. Deerhill reservoir, 6 m.; roach; preserved as above; season, June 16 to March 16. Blacklake reservoir, 8 m.; trout; preserved as above; season, April 1 to Sept. 30. Holmstye reservoir, 8½ m.; trout; preserved as above; season, April 1 to Sept. 30. Bawshaw reservoir, 9½ m.; trout; preserved as above; season, April 1 to Sept. 30.
- Hungerford** (Berks).—B. & H.R. Kennet; trout. *Hotels*: Bear, Swan. (See *London, M.T.*) The river is preserved by the commons and Sir W. Pearn. There is fair perch, roach, dace, and pike, with an occasional trout, in the canal, free.
- Huntingdon**.—G.N.R. Ouse; coarse fish except barbel. (c.s. N. and S.) Alcabury brook. Winton brook, 4 m. N.E. *Hotel*: George. (See *King's Lynn*; *Wisbeach*.)
- Hykeham** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Witham. (See *Boston*.)
- Hythe** (Kent).—S.E.R. In the military canal are bream, roach, perch, and a few pike. Fishing fair; m.t., 1s. *Hotel*: Swan. In summer, whiting pout are caught amongst the rocks a quarter of a mile from the toll bar on the lower Sandgate road. The fishing at sea from a boat is good. Good jack fishing at **Wye**.
- Idridgehay** (Derby).—M.R. Ecclesbourne. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Ilam**, n.s. **Ashbourne**, 5 m. (Derby).—L. & N.W.R., M.R. Mannyfold; trout, grayling; tickets at Isaac Walton Hotel. Dove, 1 m. E.; trout, grayling; by staying at the Isaac Walton Hotel fishing for 3 m. can be had. (c.s. *Trent*.) Hamps, 4 m. W. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Ilford** (Essex).—G.E.R. On Roding. (See *Barking*.)
- Ilfracombe** (Devon).—L. & S.W.R. (See *Lynton*.) 3 m. off runs Berry water, which rises by Horedown Gate, 4 m. from Ilfracombe, runs 3 m. to Berrynarbor, and the sea 2 m. *Hotels*: Ilfracombe and Royal Clarence. Excellent sea fishing from pier or boat; cod, conger, bass, bream.
- Ilkestone** (Derby).—M.R., G.N.R. Erewash. Gilt brook, 2 m. N. Nut brook, 2 m. S. *Lakes*: Shipley Hall reservoir, 2 m. N.W. Mapperley reservoir, 3 m. N.W. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Ilkley Bridge** (York).—On Wharfe; trout and grayling; the fishing is good below here; preserved from above Ilkley Bridge to Ben Rhydding by the Ilkley Angling Club of 4

- resident members; entrance, 31s. 6d.; s.t., 52s. 6d.; m.t., 30s.; d.t., 5s.; from Mr. T. J. Critchley, Brook-street, Ilkley; hon. sec., J. Green, Esq.; season begins March 15, ends Oct. 2; grayling June 15 to Feb. 15, bottom fishing for coarse fish from Oct. 2 to March 15; no dogs. Good accommodation at the New Inn, Crescent Hotel, and Middleton Hotel. Above, the river is preserved by Mr. C. M. Middleton. (*See Bottom.*) (*c.s. York.*)
- Ilminster** (Somerset).—S.W.R. Yarty. (*c.s. Axe.*) (*See Seaton.*) Isle; trout, pike, and coarse fish; leave may be obtained. (*See Bridgwater.*) (*c.s. Avon.*)
- Ingatestone** (Essex).—G.E.R. On Cann. (*See Maldon.*) About 2½ m. from here is the large lake of Fitzwater.
- Ingestre** (Stafford).—G.N.R. Trent (*c.s.*) Gayton brook. Sow at **Stafford**, 5 m. S.W. Fenk at Baswich, 5 m. S.W. *Lakes*: Ingestre Park pool and Hopton pools, 2 m. S.W. Tixall Park pool, 4 m. S. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Ingham** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Lark, 3 m. W.; dace, &c.; free. (*c.s. Norfolk.*) *Lakes*: Livermore Park and Ampton Park (1 m. E.). Culford Park (2 m. W.). (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Ingleton** (York).—M.B. Greta and Doe; trout; preserved by the Ingleton Angling Association; hon. sec., Mr. S. Worthington, Wheatsheaf Hotel; s.t., 5s.; d.t., 1s., from March 1 to Oct. 1. *Hotels*: Wheatsheaf, Ingleboro', where tickets can be had. No dogs.
- Inkberrow** (Warwick).—(n.s. **Alcester**, 6 m.) Wyre. (*See Gloucester.*)
- Instow** (Devon).—S.W.R. Good sea fishing, and salmon in Torridge; preserved by a society. Tickets are to be obtained. (*See Bideford.*) (*c.s. Taw.*)
- Ipswich** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Gipping; roach, pike, tench, perch. Flowton brook, 1 m. S. *Lakes*: Bixley Decoy ponds, 2½ m. S.E.; strictly private. Gipping rises in a lake at Wetherden, 1 m. N.W. of **Haughley**, runs to **Haughley** 2 m., **Stowmarket** 3 m. Here Rattlesden brook, 7 m. long, joins on right bank. Gipping runs to **Needham Market** 4 m. 1 m. down, the drainage of Bosmere close to the river's bank joins on left bank. Gipping runs 4 m. to **Claydon**, **Bramford** 3 m., and **Ipswich** 4 m. Fishing is free from **Ipswich** up to Boss Hall, 2 m.; thence to Blakenham (close to **Claydon**) the river is preserved by the Gipping Angling Society; family tickets 21s., d.t. 1s., pike 2s. of the keeper; sec., Mr. W. Edgecombe, National Provincial Bank. Flowton brook joins Orwell 1 m. below the town. This brook rises 5 m. above Burstall Bridge, 4 m. W. of **Ipswich**, and runs thence to Gipping 5 m. Good codling, whiting, and flounder fishing below Ipswich. *Hotels*: White Horse, Golden Lion, Crown and Anchor.
- Ireby** (Cumberland).—On the Ellen; trout.
- Iron Acton** (Gloucester).—M.B. Frome; roach, dace, perch, trout; preserved below to Frampton Cottrell by the Clifton Angling Association of 50 members at 21s. a year; hon. sec., J. W. Cundall, 21, Elgin Park, Redland, Bristol. (*See Bristol.*)
- Iron Bridge** (Salop).—S.V.R. Severn; pike, perch, chub, dace, trout, salmon, &c. *Lakes*: Willey Park Ponds (3 m. S.). (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Isfield** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. On Ouse; trout, pike, perch. (*See Newhaven.*) (*c.s.*)
- Isle of Man**.—The sea fishing is excellent for pollack, there called "blockin," mackerel, cod, and codlin, whiting and plaice. The chief bait for ground fish is herring; but lugs, sand-eels, small fresh-water eels, and shellfish are also found there. Whiffing with white and coloured flies and indiarubber sand-eel for pollack and mackerel is followed with success. There is also good fishing in and off Ramsey Bay. Double and treble gut foot links and casting lines are requisite. At sea and along the rocky coast, "bollans" (wrasse) and congers may be taken; good pollack fishing from the Queen's Pier. The small White and Black Water rivers unite their streams and fall into the sea at Douglas. *Hotels*: Mona, Grand. There is trout fishing in this and other streams of the island. There is trouting at Drindale, 10 m. from Douglas. For white trout the season begins on February 9th, and ends in May, to come on again in September. The rivers are nearly all free, and leave is seldom refused. Ramsey is the best head-quarters. *Hotels*: Mitre, Albert, Prince of Wales. At Milntown, 1 m. from Ramsey, there is a good stream; the river Sulby (good for white trout in wet or heavy weather; fishing free, except towards the head, where 1s. a day is charged; tickets at the lodge), The Glen Aldyn, and Rhenabb, with those running through Shennoor, Ballaugh, Little London, Dhooon Glen, and Kirk Michael, are all good. 3 m. from Ramsey are the Ballaglass and Cornice rivers, also good. The Peel and Santon rivers are poisoned. Mr. E. Kelly, of the Market-place, Ramsey, will give every information. Licences for river fishing can be had at Mr. Kelley's; s.t., 7s.; m.t. 5s.; w.t., 2s. 6d.; salmon. 20s.
- Isle of Wight**:
ALVERSTONE.—I. of W.R. (*See Brading.*)
BLACKWATER.—I. of W.R. (*See Cowes.*)
BRADING.—I. of W.R. On Yar; roach, dace, trout; s.t. 10s. 6d., d.t. 1s., at the Anglers' Inn, for 1 m. below Yarbridge. Yar rises in Ford Mill (n.s. **Wroxhall**, 3 m.). 5 m. down a stream joins on right bank, which rises in French Mill 2½ m. up. Yar runs in 1½ m. to **Horringtonford**, 1 m. to **Newchurch**, **Alverstone** 1 m., 1 m. to **Sandown**, and Yarbridge 2 m., joining the sea 4 m. below. Here two streams joins each working a mill at its source. The united streams run in 1 m. to the sea.
COWES.—I. of W.R. On Medina. Medina rises 3 m. above Gutcombe Mill and Park, 1 m. from **Blackwater Bridge**, runs 1 m. to **Stride**, 1 m. to **Newport**, to which the tide flows and joins the sea at Cowes 6 m. below. Mullet may be caught with a small fly on the ebb tide. *Hotels*: Marine, Gloucester, and Crown.
HORRINGTONFORD (I. of W.R.).—(*See Brading.*)
NEWCHURCH (I. of W.R.).—(*See Brading.*)

- NEWPORT** (I. of W.R.).—(See *Cowes*).—There are some large ponds near Carisbrook holding very fine trout; leave may sometimes be had.
- NEWTOWN**.—On Newtown River, which rises in Cambourne Mill, runs to Green Mill, and is 4 m. long.
- RYDE** (I. of W. R.).—There is very good pout and whiting fishing here. Very fair fishing from the jetty; the largest fish are under the timbers.
- SANDOWN** (I. of W.R.).—(See *Brading*). Brading (1 m. N.); trout, roach; preserved by Lady Oglander. There is some free fishing below the bridge; dace, roach. There is a reservoir here holding roach, fishing free.
- STRIDE** (I. of W.R.).—(See *Cowes*.)
- VENTNOR** (I. of W.R.). Fair fishing from the pier when the tide is up; there are plenty of rock tench and flounders.
- WOOTON**.—Wooton Brook here joins the sea; it is 5 m. long.
- WROXHALL** (I. of W.R.). (See *Brading*.)
- YARMOUTH**.—On Yare, which rises in the large lake at Freshwater, 3 m. off. At sea is good pout and whiting fishing.
- Isleworth** (Middx.).—S.W.R. Thames and Yedding Brook. (See *London, L.T.*, and *Richmond, Surrey*.) Fisherman: W. Clarke.
- Islip** (Oxford).—O.W. & B.S.R. Cherwell and Ray. (See *London, M.T.*)
- Itchen Abbas** (Hants).—L. & S.W.R. Itchen; trout. (See *Southampton*.)
- Itchenfield** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. Arun; good pike fishing. (See *Little Hampton*.)
- Ivy Bridge** (Devon).—G.W.R. Erme; trout numerous, but very small. Erme rises on Dartmoor (preserved hence to the sea by the Avon and Erme Fishery Association; d.t. 1s. at the hotel at **Ivybridge**, or the Plymouth tackle shops); runs 8 m. to **Ivybridge**; Ermington 3 m. Here Ugborough brook joins on left bank. Ugborough rises by Ugborough (n.s. **Kingsbridge Road**, G.W.R. 2 m.), and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by Wood brook, 2 m. long. 2 m. down is the Erme. Erme runs 1 m., and is joined on left bank by Shilstone brook, 5 m. long. 2 m. down Erme the tide flows, and here Modbury brook joins on left bank. Modbury rises 1 m. E. of Modbury (n.s. **Ivybridge**, 5 m.), and is 4 m. long. 2 m. down Erme is the sea. (c.s. *Avon*.) Hotel: London.
- Ixworth** (Suffolk).—n.s. **Thurston**, 4 m. Ixworth River. Lakes: Stowlangtoft Hall (2 m.) (c.s. *Norfolk*.) (See *King's Lynn*.)
- Jersey**.—General Information.—There is no fresh water fishing except in a few ponds for carp, tench, eels, &c. The sea fishing is very good. The rock upon which Elizabeth Castle stands in St. Aubin's Bay is a very good spot; bass, mullet, and conger. There is shore fishing for pout, pollack, &c. The rocks about Bouley Bay, Rozel Bay, St. Brelade's, and St. Aubin's are good spots, and red mullet, sole, plaice, &c., can be taken in a trammel net. Fine freshwater eels can be also caught in St. Helier's harbour by ground-lines or a trot, baited with bits of sand-eel or soft crab found under stones. Close to all the insulated rocky shoals which environ St. Aubin's Bay, pollack may be caught, here called whiting. Les Pignonets and Grune du Port rocks near Noirmont Port are favourite spots. Apply to J. de la Mare, or P. Le Ray.
- Kearsney** (Kent).—L.C. & D.R. On Dour; trout. In Kearsney Abbey lake there are some trout; leave from the occupier. (See *Dover*.)
- Keels** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Artle, 1 m. W. Lakes: Madeley Manor, 1 m. W. (See *Frodsham*.)
- Kegworth** (Leicester).—M.R. Soar; chub, roach, pike, perch, bream, carp, tench. (c.s. *Trent*.) Kingston brook. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Keighley** (York).—M.R. Aire; trout, perch, pike, chub, roach; preserved by the Stockbridge and Eastburn Angling Club for 5 m., at—a.t. 10s., d.t. 1s.; hon. sec., E. Town, Esq. The fishing extends up to Kildwick, where the Skipton Club joins (See *Skipton*). From **Keighley** down to **Bingley** Aire is preserved by the Bingley Club.
- Kelston** (Somerset).—M.R. (See *Bristol*.) On Avon; roach, dace, pike, perch, trout; free. Boyd. (c.s.)
- Kelvedon** (Essex).—G.E.R. Blackwater; pike, roach. (See *Maldon*.) There is a fine sheet of water in Braxted Park. Hotels: Star and Fleece and Railway Tavern. 4 m. off is Oldfield Grange pond, belonging to Mr. Felton, of Oldfield Grange, Coggeshall, who will often give permission; pike, perch, carp, tench, and roach.
- Kendal**.—Kent. Trout, mott, spred, salmon. The Kent has two tributaries—the Mint and Sprint; and these, with the Kent, are under the protection of the Kent Angling Society (voluntary subscriptions). Hotels: Commercial, King's Arms, Railway. Good fishing can be had in the canal and in Whinfall and Skelmorgh tarna. Whinfall holds trout, rudd, roach, pike, eels, and perch. A ticket is required to fish the canal. The Kent below Hawes bridge is more or less private, excepting from Sedgwick Suspension Bridge to Force Bridge. Below the latter on the E. side is the Waste, for which leave is willingly given, and this is a good spot for salmon and trout in the autumn. The fishing next below is Levens Park, strictly preserved. Just below on the W. side is the Watering Place; fishing free. Below is the Low Levens fishery; private and good, but tidal. 6 m. from Kendal is Killington reservoir; trout, perch. Hutton beck runs out of the reservoir; trout; Lord Bective's agent will give leave. 4 m. off is Potter Fell tarn; full of trout; preserved, but leave sometimes given. Stanton beck 3 m.; trout.
- Kenilworth** (Warwick).—W. & L.R. (See *Stoneleigh*.) Lakes: Ponds on Westwood Heath (3 m. N.) (See *Gloucester*.)

Kennet (Cambs.)—G.E.R. Kent. (*See King's Lynn.*)

Kerne Bridge (Hereford).—R. & M.R. Wye; chub, dace, pike, perch, salmon, trout. (c.s.) Castle brook. Garran (2 m.); trout. Luke brook (3 m.). Lammerch brook (5 m.). (*See Chepstow.*)

Keswick (Cumberland).—L. & N.W.R. and M.R. Greta; trout, salmon (late in autumn); preserved by Derwent Fishing District Board; sec. T. C. Burn, Esq., Cockermouth. Salmon s.t., 20s.; m.t., 10s.; trout s.t., 5s.; m.t., 2s. 6d., d.t. 1s., to be obtained of Mr. H. Mayson. Lake-road, Keswick; Lodore Hotel and Swan Hotel, Thornthwaite; coarse fishing free. Derwent; trout, salmon; preserved as above. St. John's; trout; preserved as above. Newlands beck; trout. Borrowdale beck; trout. *Lakes*: Thirlmere; perch, pike, trout; preserved by the Manchester Corporation, who issue tickets. Derwentwater; pike, perch, trout; good fishing in May when the Mayfly is in season. Crummock, 9 m.; trout, char; good fly fishing; boats and men can be had at Buttermere and Scale Hill. Ennerdale; trout. Wastwater; trout. Bassenthwaite, 5 m.; pike, perch, trout, salmon; boats and men at the Swan, Thornthwaite, and the Pheasant, Peel Wyke. Overwater; pike; leave from J. S. Williamson, Esq., Whitefield House, or at the Swan. Sty Head tarn; trout. Sprinkling tarn; trout. Tarn-at-Leaves; trout. The above tarns are in Borrowdale. Sour Milk tarn; trout; in Buttermere. Red tarn; trout; Helvellyn. Blea tarn; trout; Wythburn. Spring and autumn are the best times. For lake fishing a good fly is *hook* No. 3 (Kendal); *body*, red worsted or mohair; *wings*, dark blue; *legs*, of a lighter shade. For sea trout a good fly is *hook*, various sizes; *body*, moderately dark blue, with or without gold or silver tag, and ribbed or not; *hackle*, brown or black-red; *wings*, strips of green parrot, tied on as long legs underneath the shoulder, the rest mostly peacock, with a few strips of brown mallard, golden pheasant tippet, and brown turkey. Another good fly has a *body* light blue; *hackle*, brown or black red, with or without gold and silver tag and ribbing; *wings*, mallard and light turkey mixed.

Kettering (Northton).—M.R. Ise; trout; private. (*See Wisbeach.*)

Ketton (Butland).—G.N.R., M.R., L. & N.W.R. Welland. Chater. (*See Spalding.*)

Kew (Surrey).—S.W.R. Thames. (*See London, L.T.*)

Keynham (Somerset).—G.W.R. (*See Bristol.*) On Avon; chub, pike, perch, carp; free. Chew; perch, roach; leave from owners and in parts (d.t. 1s.) can be had. Siston brook; good all-round fishing. (c.s.)

Kibworth (Leicester).—M.R. Saddington brook, 1 m. S. Hardwick brook, 3 m. W. *Lakes*: Saddington reservoir, 3 m. S. Gumley pond and Gumley Hall ponds, 3 m. S. (*See Spalding.*)

Kidderminster (Worcester).—G.W.R. Stour; coarse fish and trout above, polluted below; private. Churchill brook, feeding numerous mill ponds. Severn, 3 m. W.; pike, perch, chub, trout; free. (*See Gloucester.*) (c.s. Severn.) *Hotel*: Lion.

Kilburn (Derby).—M.R. Holbrook brook. (*See Gainsborough.*)

Kilmarrah (Derby).—M.R. Ise. *Lake*: Kilmarrah lake. (*See Wisbeach.*)

Kilnsey (York).—*Hotel*: Tennants Arms. On Wharfe. Trout. The Kilnsey Angling Club of 35 members preserve the water; sec. Capt. Henderson, Scale House, near Skipton, York, entrance fee 2l. 12s. 6d.; subs. 9s. 6d. Fishing very good. Visitors' tickets, from the keepers, 5s. a day. The source of the stream is under the southern brow of Cam Fell, from whence it runs down Langstroth Dale, past the villages of Buckden and Starbottom (where the club rights begin) to Kettlewell. A little below this the river Skiffare joins the Wharfe, and is formed by two streams which unite at the village of Arncliffe. The Skiffare is good, and is preserved by the above club from Hawkewick down. Below the confluence of the waters from Littondale is Kilnsey. The club rights extend to 1 m. below. (*See Bolton.*) (c.s. York.)

Kilworth (Warwick).—R. & S.B. Avon; dace, roach, perch. (*See Naseby and Welford.*) Swift (4 m. W.). (*See Gloucester.*) (c.s. Severn.)

Kimberley (Notts).—G.N.R. *Lakes*: Nuthall lake. (*See Gainsborough.*)

Kimberley (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Hackford brook, Bass, 1 m. E. Dyke beck, 2 m. S.E. Yare, 2 m. N.W. *Lake*: Kimberley Park, 1 m. Wicklewood mere, 2 m. S. Sea mere, 3 m. S.W. by Hingham. (*See Yarmouth.*)

Kimbolton (Hunts) M.R. Kym. *Lakes*: Warren fishpond. (*See King's Lynn.*)

Kingsbridge (Devon).—(N.s. **Kingsbridge-road**, G.W.R., 12 m.) Kingsbridge brook; fishless. This brook is 3 m. long, and forms in addition a long estuary, up which the tide flows to Kingsbridge. 2 m. below Kingsbridge, at Charlton, Buckland brook, 6 m. long, joins on left bank; trout; private. 1 m. down, Chillington water, which rises 3 m. N.W. of Torcross, and is 6 m. long, joins on right bank; trout. Capital sea fishing in the estuary. Good bass fishing at Salstone Rock, half-way between Kingsbridge and Salcombe. Avon, 3 m. N.; trout, salmon. (*See Brent.*) *Hotel*: King's Arms.

Kingsbridge Road (Devon).—G.W.R. (*See Ivy Bridge.*)

Kingsbury (Stafford).—M.R. Tame. (c.s. Trent.) Langley brook, 3 m. N.W. *Lakes*: Middleton Hall lake, 3 m. N.W. (*See Gainsborough.*)

King's Cliffe (Northton).—G.N.R. Willow brook. Welland, 3 m. N.W., at Duddington. *Lake*: Blatherwyck Park (Stafford O'Brian, Esq.), 2 m. W.; pike, carp, bream, &c.; strictly preserved. (*See Wisbeach.*)

Kingsland (Hereford).—L. & K.R. Lug and Pinsley brook; trout, grayling. (c.s. Wye.) The fishing is preserved by the landowners; then comes the stretch preserved by landlord, Royal Oak, **Leominster**, and then 1½ m. of free water to **Leominster**. There are two small inns; lodgings can be had. (*See Chepstow.*)

King's Lynn (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Ouse; coarse fish of all kinds except barbel. Ouse rises in the Biddlesdon Park lakes 4 m. N.W. from **Brackley**, runs to **Brackley** 4 m., Water Stratford 6 m. 2 m. below, a stream joins on the left bank, draining the lakes at Stowe 3 m. up, 4 m. N.W. from **Buckingham**. Ouse runs to **Buckingham** 3 m. 3 m. down Ouse, near Maid's Morton Mill, Claydon river joins on right bank, rising in Cottisford pond, 5 m. S. from **Brackley**, runs 12 m. to **Claydon**, where a stream joins on right bank, draining the ponds at Claydon Farm and Middle Claydon, 2 m. S. from **Claydon**. The stream joins Ouse 7 m. down. 4 m. down Ouse, at Beachampton, a stream joins on right bank, draining a lake at Whaddon, 3 m. N. from **Swanbourn**. Ouse runs 4 m. to **Stony Stratford** (n.e. **Wolverton**, 2 m.). Here a stream joins on left bank, draining the lakes in Whittlewood Forest, 4 m. N.W. from **Stony Stratford**. 2 m. down Ouse, at **Wolverton**, Tove joins on left bank. Tove rises by **Helmedon**, runs 4 m. to **Wappenham**, and 4 m. down is joined by **Blakesley** brook on left bank, which rises above **Blakesley**, and is 7 m. long. Tove runs to **Towcester** 2 m., Stoke lock 2 m. S. of **Roads**, 7 m., and Ouse 8 m. Ouse runs to **Newport Pagnel** 9 m., and here Ousel joins on right bank. Ousel rises by **Eddlesborough** 4 m. S.W. from **Dunstable**, runs 9 m. to **Leighton Buzzard**, where **Battlesden** brook joins on right bank. **Battlesden** rises in the lakes in Woburn Abbey Park, 3 m. S.E. from **Woburn** Station, runs 5 m. to **Battlesden** Park and lakes, 4 m. N.E. from **Leighton Buzzard**, and joins Ousel 4 m. down. 3 m. down Ousel the outflow, 1 m. long, of **Rushmore** pond, 2 m. N. from **Leighton**, joins on right bank. Ousel runs 7 m. to **Penny Stratford**, and 6 m. down is joined on right bank by **Crawley** brook, which runs 3 m. N. of **Woburn** Station, and is 6 m. long. Ousel runs 3 m. to **Newport Pagnel** and Ouse. Ouse runs to **Olney** 8 m., **Turvey** 5 m., **Harrold** (n.e. **Sharnbrook**, 4 m.), 3 m., **Sharnbrook** 5 m. (dickets), **Oakley** 5 m. Here Ouse makes a bend of 4 m., returning to **Oakley**, runs to **Clapham** 2 m. (preserved by Hon. Miss Trevor, of Bromham Hall), **Bedford** 6 m.; **Burford** Bridge, 1 m. W. of **Blunham**, 7 m. (Mr. King, of Roxton, owns the N. side, and Mr. Elliot, of Blunham, the S.), and 3 m. down at **Tempsford** is joined on right bank by **Ivel**. **Ivel** rises by **Baldock**, runs 5 m. to **Arlesey**, where **Hir** joins on left bank. **Hir** rises by **Hitchin**, and is 9 m. long. 3 m. down **Ivel**, at **Langford**, **Tod** joins on left bank. **Tod** rises in the lakes at **Tringrith** House, 3 m. N.W. from **Harlington**, runs 2 m. to **Filtwick** Park and lakes, 3 m. S. from **Amphill**, runs 9 m. to **Shefford**, where **Gull** brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank, and **Compton** brook, 6 m. long, which rises in the lakes of **Wrest** Park, 5 m. S.E. from **Amphill**, on right bank. **Tod** joins **Ivel** 3 m. down. **Ivel** runs to **Biggleswade** 3 m. 2 m. down, **Sutton** brook, which rises in the lake in **Gamlingay** Old Park, close to **Gamlingay**, runs 2 m. to **Potton**, and **Ivel**, 4 m., joins on right bank. **Ivel** runs to **Sandy** 2 m.; and here is **Southill** brook, which rises in the lake in **Southill** Park, near **Southill**, receives the drainings of **Old Warden** Park lake 2 m. down, and 3 m. further joins **Ivel** on left bank. **Ivel** runs to **Blunham** 2 m., and Ouse 3 m. Ouse runs to **St. Neots** 5 m., and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by **Kym**. **Kym** rises above **Kimbolton**, where it is joined by the outflow from the fishpond at the **Warren**, and 9 m. down joins Ouse. 1 m. down Ouse, **Gallow** brook, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Ouse runs 4 m. to **Oxford** and 4 m. to **Huntingdon** (the fishing mostly in private hands). Here **Alconbury** brook, 14 m. long, joins on left bank. Ouse runs 5 m. to **St. Ives**, **Swavesey**, 3 m., **Earith**, 4 m. (and here the **Bedford** level or **Bedford** river leaves the main stream, joining again by **Downham** Market: **Manea** is the only station half-way down). **Stretham**, 10 m., and **Thetford** (n.e. **Stretham**, 2 m.) 2 m. Here **Cam** joins on right bank. **Cam** rises in the lakes at **Debden**, 2 m. E. of **Newport**, passes **Newport**, and runs 4 m. to **Saffron Walden**, where it runs through **Audley End** Park, **Great Chesterford**, 4 m., **Whittlesford**, 4 m., **Shelford**, 3 m. Here **Bourn** joins on right bank. **Bourn** rises 3 m. above **Bartlow**, runs 2 m. to **Linton**, **Fampisford**, 3 m., and **Shelford**, 4 m. 3 m. down **Cam**, at **Trumpington**, **Rhee** joins on left bank. **Rhee** rises at **Ashwell**, runs 10 m. to **Meldreth** (1 m. off on right bank). Here a stream joins on left bank, draining a lake in **Wimpole** Park 4 m. up, 2 m. S. from **Old North Road** Station. **Rhee** runs 4 m. to **Harston**, and **Cam** 3 m. 1 m. down **Cam** at **Trumpington** **Bourn** brook joins on left bank. This stream rises by **Bourn**, runs 8 m. to **Lords Bridge**, and **Cam** 3 m. **Cam** runs to **Cambridge** 3 m. (preserved by Cambridge and Ely Angling Association, hence to below **Ely**), **Waterboach** 6 m., and here **Bottisham** Load, which runs down from **Fulbourn** 9 m., joins on right bank. 1 m. down **Cam** **Swaffham** Load, 6 m. long, joins on right bank. **Cam** runs to **Upware**, 2 m. (good fishing. *Imm*: Five Miles from Anywhere), and 4 m. down joins Ouse. Ouse runs to **Ely** 8 m., 4 m. below, **Lark** joins on right bank. **Lark** rises above **Bury St. Edmunds**, and is here joined by **Linnet**, which rises in the lake in **Ickworth** Park, 3 m. S. from **Saxham**, and is 5 m. long, and 5 m. down at **West Stow** is joined on right bank by a brook rising in the lake in **Livermere** Park, runs thence in 1 m. to the lake in **Ampton** Park, 1 m. W. of **Ingham**, and 3 m. down waters the lakes in **Culford** Park 2 m. W. of **Ingham**, and joins **Lark** 1 m. down. **Lark** runs 3 m. to **Icklingham** where **Cavenham** brook, which rises by **Saxham**, and is 7 m. long, joins on left bank. **Lark** runs 4 m. to **Mildenhall**, and 4 m. below is joined on left bank by **Kent**, which, rising 5 m. above **Kenet**, runs thence 4 m. to **Freckenham** (n.e. **Fordham**, 3 m.), and 2 m. down joins **Lark** near **Ipswich** (n.e. **Fordham**, 3 m.). **Lark** joins Ouse 7 m. down, **Mildenhall** Station being 2 m. off on right bank. Ouse runs 3 m. to **Littleport**. Here **Mildenhall** drain enters on right bank, and **Old Croft** river, 14 m. long, joins on left bank. 3 m. down Ouse, at **Brandon** Creek bridge,

Brandon or Little Ouse joins on right bank. Little Ouse rises in the lake in Redgrave Park by **Botesdale** (n.s. **Mellis**, 4 m.), runs to Hopton, 5 m., Rushford, 5 m., and 2 m. down Ixworth river joins on left bank. Ixworth rises in the lake in Drinkstone Park, 4 m. S.E. from **Thurston**, runs 3 m. to the railway 1 m. W. of Elmswell; 5 m. down at Stowlangtoft the outflow from the lake in Stowlangtoft Hall, 1 m. up joins on right bank. 2 m. on is **Ixworth** (n.s. **Thurston**, 4 m.). The stream now runs to **Pakenham**, 7 m., and, just below, it waters the lake in Euston Park, and 3 m. down joins **Ouse**. **Ouse** runs 4 m. to **Thetford**. Here **Thet** joins on right bank. **Thet** rises 6 m. above **Mailing**, and runs in 10 m. to **Thetford**. Little **Ouse** runs 9 m. to **Brandon**, **Lakenheath**, 3 m., and Great **Ouse**, 9 m. **Ouse** runs to **Hilgay** 5 m., and here **Sam's Cut Drain**, holding pike and perch, and **Wissey** or **Stoke** river joins on right bank. **Wissey** rises in **Heath Mere**, 5 m. E. from **Walton**, runs 6 m. to **Walton**, where the outflow of **Saham Mere**, 1 m. N., joins on right bank. **Wissey** runs to **Hilborough**, 7 m., where **Erneford Brook**, which rises above **Holm-Hall**, and is 10 m. long, joins on right bank. 4 m. down **Wissey**, at **Ickborough**, the drainings of the lakes in **Buckenham House Park** joins on the left bank, being 6 m. N.E. from **Brandon**. 2 m. down **Wissey**, at **Mundford**, a stream joins on left bank, draining **Toff's Mere**, 3 m. up, and 5 m. N.E. from **Brandon**. 2 m. down, **Wissey** receives the drainings of the lake in **Didlington Hall**, which lies almost on the bank of the river, 5 m. S.E. from **Stoke Ferry**. **Wissey** runs 4 m. to **Stoke Ferry**, where **Barton brook**, draining the lake in **Stradest Hall**, 7 m. up, joins on right bank. This lake is 4 m. N.E. from **Downham Market**. **Wissey** runs to **Hilgay**, and **Ouse** in 8 m. **Ouse** runs 1 m. to **Denver sluice**. Here the **Hundred Foot** river joins the **Ouse** immediately below the sluice, and contains all kinds of coarse fish except barbel. Smelts are caught in large quantities. The part of the **Ouse** between **Wissey** and the **Denver sluice** is good. **Ouse** runs 2 m. to **Downham Market**, **Stow** 3 m., **Magdalen**, 3 m., and **King's Lynn**, 8 m. Here **Nar** or **Setchey** joins on right bank. **Nar** (a good trout stream in its upper reaches, but with pike and coarse fish below) rises by **Litcham** (n.s. **Dunham**, 3 m.), runs 6 m. to **Castle Acre**, 4 m. N. from **Swaffham**, **Warborough**, 5 m., and **King's Lynn**, 12 m. 4 m. of **Nar** is preserved by **King's Lynn Association**; trouting begins April 1 and ends Sept. 15; grayling fishing begins Aug. 1, ends Nov. 30; pike fishing begins Aug. 1, ends March 15, except in **Nar** and **Gaywood**, where there is no close time. **Gaywood** river (trout), 7 m. long, also joins **Ouse** on right bank; preserved by the **King's Lynn Angling Association**; hon. secy, **W. J. King, Esq.**, 54, High-street, and **W. Morley, Esq.**, 15, Queen's-street, **King's Lynn**; s.t. 10s. 6d., w.t. 2s. 6d. This association also preserves 7 m. of the **Middle Level Main Drain**; also the pond on the E. side of **Saddlebow-road Bridge** on E. side of railway; also pond on W. side of the bridge; no Sunday fishing; fly only. The **Walks rivulet**, **Long pond**, and **Loke** are free, though under the charge of the association. **Hotels**: **Globe**, **East Anglian**, **Duke's Head**. (c.s. **N. and S.**)

King Sombourne (Hants).—S.W.R. The Test; large trout. (See *Southampton*.)

Kings Langley (Herts).—L. & N.W.R. (See *London, M.T.*) Gade.

Kingston (Surrey).—S.W.R. Thames and Hog's Mill River. (See *London, L.T.*) **Hotels**: **Griffin**, **San**. **Fishermen**: **J. Johnson**, **B. Pope**, **E. Stephens**, and **J. Wilks**.

Kington (Hereford).—L. & K.B. Arrow; trout; preserved by a club below to **Titley**, above by the landowners. (c.s. *Wye*.) **Gilwern brook**. (See *Chepstow*.)

Kington (Warwick).—G.W.B. Dene. Lakes: **Coombroke lake** (2 m. N.W.). Ponds in **Pool Fields** (2 m. N.). (See *Gloucester*.)

Kinnerley (Salop).—L. & N.W.R. Wear brook. **Morda** (3 m. W.) **Severn** (3 m. S.); chub, dace, trout, pike, salmon. **Vyrnwy** (4 m. S.W.); trout, salmon, chub, &c. Lakes: **Sandford Hall lake** (3 m. N.). (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)

Kinnersley (Hereford).—H.H. & B.R. Letton lake brook. (See *Chepstow*.)

Kintbury (Berks).—B. & H.R. Kennett; pike, perch, roach, dace. (See *London, M.T.*)

Kirby Moorside.—N.E.R. This is a good centre from which to fish several streams. **Hotels**: **White Horse**, **King's Head**. Going westward from **Kirby Moorside** is **Hodge Beck**, which rises in **Bransdale**, runs down **Sleightholm Dale** to **Hold Caldron Mill**, where it sinks, rises again at **Howkeld Head**, 1 m. W. of **Kirby Moorside**, and joins the **Dove** 2½ m. S. of it. It contains a great number of trout and grayling at the lower end. Almost all of it can be fished by ticket of **Earl Feversham's** at a small charge. Fly and minnow only. A little further W. is **Riccal Beck**, which rises on the moors, runs down **Riccal Dale**, sinks underground, rises again a mile or two lower at **Harome**, joins **Rye** at **Muscoates**. Contains very many trout and grayling at lower end. River **Dove** rises in **Farndale**, after a run of 8 or 10 m., sinks underground at **Yoadwath Mill**, 1 m. E. of **Kirby Moorside**, rises again at **Keld Holme**, ½ m. S.E. of **Kirby Moorside**, flows past **Edstone**, **Northolme**, and **Salton** into **Rye**, below **East Ness**. Trout and grayling plentiful, the latter below **Keld Holme**. A good deal of Mayfly on this stream. One side at **Dowthwaite Dale** belongs to **Mr. Muizen**. A good deal of it to **Earl Feversham**, who grants tickets, and several freeholders. W.t. is for **Riccal**, **Hodge**, and **Dove**, from **W. G. M'Laughlin, Esq.**, **Duncombe Estate Office**, **Helmsley**, agent to **Lord Feversham**, to whom the greater part belongs.

Kirkby.—(See *Woodland*.)

Kirkby Lonsdale (Westland).—On **Lune**; trout; leave can be had by ticket for 2 m.; apply at **Royal Hotel**. **Hotels**: **Royal** and **Green Dragon**. (See c.s.)

Kirkby Stephen (Westland).—Eden and Angill Beck; trout. Leave to fish from the landowners. Angill Beck can be fished with leave from the occupiers of Angill Castle. (c.s.)

Kirkstead (Lincoln).—G.N.B. Witham. (See *Boston*.)

- Kirknewton** (Northland).—The College and Bowmont here join, and form Glen. (See *Berwick-on-Tweed*.)
- Kirtlington** (Oxford).—O. & B.R. Cherwell. (See *London, M.T.*)
- Kiveton Park** (Notts).—G.N.R. Oldcoates, 6 m. N.E. Lakes: Laughton pond, 6 m. N.E. at Roche Abbey. (See *Althorpe*.)
- Knareborough** (York).—On Nidd; trout, pike, perch, chub, dace, barbel. The fishing is preserved by a club limited to 35 members. Secretary, Mr. Wolstenholme; entrance fee, 2*l.*; annual subscription, 1*l.* 10*s.* A club ticket is provided for use of friends of members. Season commences on March 16th, ends September 15th. No member or other person can fish more than three days a week. (See *York*.)
- Knightwick** (Worcester).—B.B.R. Teme; trout, grayling, chub, perch, pike. Sapey brook. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.) Hotel: Talbot, which has 2 m. of fishing.
- Knowle** (Warwick).—G.W.R. Blyth, 2 m. E. (c.s. *Trent*.) Lakes: Earlswood reservoir, 6 m. W. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Lakenheath** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Little Ouse; pike and coarse fish; fishing easily obtained (See *King's Lynn*.) (c.s. *Norfolk*.)
- Lampport** (Northon).—L. & N.W.R. Nen. Lakes: Lampport Hall, Maidwell Dale and Maidwell Hall, 1 m. W. Faxton Hall, 2 m. E. (See *Wisbeach*.)
- Lancaster**.—On Lune; salmon and trout. Tickets are let by the lessee for a small sum per week. The river flows through Halton, Hornby, Kirtby Lonsdale, Middleton, and Sedborough, near which it rises. (c.s.)
- Langford** (Essex).—G.E.R. On Chelmer. (See *Maldon*.)
- Langley** (Bucks).—G.W.R. In Black Park (Duke of Somerset), and Langley Park (Sir R. Harvey) are some large lakes; pike, perch, and chub. (See *London, M.T.*)
- Langley** (Cheshire).—Trout and perch fishing can be had in the Macclesfield Corporation Waterworks Reservoirs at—*a.* *t.*, two days a week, 1*l.* 1*s.*, one day a week 10*s.* 6*d.*, *d.* *t.* 2*s.*, half day 1*s.* Fishing commences on April 1st, and ends Oct. 8th. Apply to Mr. W. Leather, keeper, Langley.
- Langley Green** (Stafford).—G.W.R., L. & N.W.R. Tame. (c.s. *Trent*.) Lake: Titford reservoir. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Langport** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Parret and Yeo. (See *Bridgwater*.) (c.s. *Avon*.)
- Langriok** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Witham. (See *Boston*.)
- Langwith** (Notts).—M.B. Poulter. Lakes: Langwith Lodge. Whaley Mill, 2 m. N. (See *Althorpe*.)
- Langworth** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Langworth. Clay brook. Snelland brook, 1 m. N. Lake: Hackthorn Hall, 7 m. N.W. (See *Boston*.)
- Lantarnan** (Monmouth).—N.A. & H.R. Dowlas brook 2 m. (See *Newport*.)
- Lapford** (Devon).—S.W.R.—Taw. Lapford water. Washford brook. (c.s.) (See *Barnstaple*.)
- Launceston** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Tamer; trout; preserved by Mr. Coode, Polapit Tamar, Launceston; Mr. Bradshaw, Lilton Park, Launceston; Mr. Kelly Kelly, Tavistock; these gentlemen will often give leave if properly approached. Yeolm; trout. Attery; trout; river very bushy. Cowdrey water, 5 m. Laudno water, 2 m. Inny, 4 m.; trout; preserved by C. Archer, Esq., Trelaske, Launceston, who will give a few days after April 1st. Penpont water, 4 m.; trout. (c.s. *Tamer*.) (See *Plymouth* and *St. Germans*.) Hotels: White Hart and King's Arms.
- Lavenham** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Lavenham brook. Bret, 3 m. E. Lakes: Lavenham Park pond, 4 m. N.E. (See *Manningtree*.)
- Lea** (Lincoln).—G.N.B. Trent, 1 m. S.; chub, pike, perch, barbel. (c.s.) (See *Gainsborough*.) Tilt, 3 m. S.E. Lakes: Fillingham lake, 8 m. W. (See *Boston*.)
- Lea Bridge** (Essex).—G.E.R. (See *Stratford*.) On Lea; pike, barbel, roach, bream, carp, chub, tench; *s.* *t.* 15*s.*, *d.* *t.* 1*s.* Only annual subscribers can fish for jack.
- Leadnham** (Lincoln).—G.N.B. Brant, 3 m. W. Sand beck, 3 m. W. Lakes: Leadnham Hall. (See *Boston*.)
- Lealholme Bridge** (Yorks).—Near Whitby. Decent trouting, and a good country inn close to the river.
- Leamington** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R., G.W.R. Avon; bream, chub, dace, roach, pike, perch. Leam; roach, dace, perch. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.) By staying at the Manor House Hotel fishing can be had.
- Leatherhead** (Surrey).—L.B.R. (See *London, L.T.*) Mole; trout, dace, and perch; retained by the landowners.
- Leaton** (Salop).—S. & C.B. Severn (1 m. W.); chub, dace, pike, trout, salmon. Lakes: Almond Pool, Black Pool, and Hencot Pool (2 m. S.) (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Le Botwood** (Salop).—S. & H.B. Coand brook; trout; private. Bow brook (3½ m. N.E.). Acton brook (4 m. E.). Eaton brook (4 m. S.W.). (See *Gloucester*.)
- Lechlade** (Oxon).—W. & E.G.R. On Thames, Colne, and Leach; chub, trout, dace, pike, perch, and roach. Trouting on Leach very good. Strictly preserved by the landowners. (See *London, U.T.*)
- Ledbury** (Hereford).—G.W.B. Leadon. Lakes: Eastnor Castle lake (2 m. E.). Dogberry pools (3 m.) Canal reservoir (3 m.). (See *Dymock, Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Lee** (Kent).—M.K.R. On Ravensbourne. (See *Lewisham*.)
- Leeds** (Yorks).—G.N.R., M.R., L. & N.W.R. (See *Clapham*.)
- Leek** (Stafford).—M.R., L. & N.W.R., G.N.R. Churnet (c.s. *Trent*). Hamps, 5 m. E., at

- Onecote.** *Lakes*: Rudyerd reservoir, 3 m. N.W. Lower Acre ponds, 5 m. E. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Leicester.**—M.R. & N.W.R., G.N.R. Soar; roach, pike, perch, chub, carp, tench; much polluted immediately below; preserved by the Leicester Angling Society; sec. Mr. Hardy. (*c.s. Trent.*) Willow brook. Aylestone brook, 2 m. S.; trout: preserved as Soar. Ingersby brook, 2 m. N.E. Rothley brook, 3 m. N.W., at *Glenfield*. Billesdon brook, 5 m. S. Barkby brook, 5 m. N.E. Quornden brook, 6 m. N.W., at Bradgate Park; trout; preserved by owner. *Lakes*: Braunston Hall lake, 2 m. S.W. The Pool, 5 m. N.W., at Grooby. Queenby Hall lake, 7 m. E., at Hungerton. (*See Gainsborough.*) Thornton reservoir. *Hotels*: Bell, Royal, George, Stag and Pheasant, and Wellington.
- Leigh** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Blythe (*c.s. Trent.*) Tean brook, 2 m. N.E. *Lakes*: Birchwood Park, 2 m. S.W. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Leigh Court** (Worcester).—B.B.R. Teme; trout, chub, dace, grayling, pike, perch, salmon; leave from Mr. Cook, of Leigh Court, above; preserved below by a club at Worcester to Bransford. Leigh brook; trout; preserved for a short distance by the above club and by Mr. Cook. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Leighton Buzzard** (Beds.).—L. & N.W. Ousel. Battledon Brook. *Lakes*: Rushmore Pond (2 m. N.), Battledon Park Lakes (4 m. N.E.) (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Leintwardine** (Hereford).—(*c.s. Hopton Heath*, 3 m.) Teme; grayling, trout; preserved by the Leintwardine Angling Club of limited numbers, elsewhere by the landowners; fishing first-class; there is 100 yards of free water below the bridge. Clun; trout, grayling; preserved as the Teme. Alcox brook (3 m. S.E.) *Lakes*: Burrington pool (4 m. S.E.) (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Lenwade** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Wensum. (*c.s. N. and S.*) Blackwater brook. (*See Yarmouth.*)
- Leominster** (Hereford).—S. & H.R. *Hotel*: Royal Oak. Lug; trout, grayling, pike, perch, dace. Above the town the river is preserved by the landowners. The Eaton Fishing Club of limited numbers (sec. Mr. V. W. Holmes, National and Provincial Bank) preserve $3\frac{1}{2}$ m. below the town. (*c.s. Wye.*) Pinsley brook; trout, grayling; preserved by landowners. Bidgemore brook. Cogwell brook. Arrow ($1\frac{1}{2}$ m.); trout, grayling, dace, perch; preserved by Eaton Club, above by landowners. (*c.s. Wye.*) Stretford brook ($1\frac{1}{2}$ m.). Humber brook (3 m.). Puddleston brook (4 m.). (*See Chepstow.*)
- Lewes** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. (*See Newhaven.*) On Ouse; pike, perch; preserved by a society; tickets: Family 21s.; annual, 15s. 6d.; monthly, 2s. 6d.; weekly, 1s.; daily, 6d. *Hotel*: White Hart.
- Lewisham** (Kent).—M.K.R. On Ravensbourne. This stream rises by Hayes, runs by Bromley (L.C. & D.R.) 3 m., $3\frac{1}{2}$ m. to Catford Bridge (M.K.R.), Lewisham 1 m. 1 m. below, at Lee (M.K.R.), a stream joins Ravensbourne, having a course of 6 m. Ravensbourne joins Thames 2 m. on at Greenwich.
- Leyburn** (York).—(*See Aysgarth.*) Cover joins Yore 3 m. off at Cover Bridge. Leave to fish a portion of Yore and the Cover up to East Witton Stepping Stone, on the south side, by staying at Coverbridge Inn—comfortable. Above, the fishing is private. Good general fishing below Middleham. *Hotel*: White Swan, Middleham. (*c.s. York.*)
- Leytonstone** (Essex).—On L.W.E. & O.R. On Roding. (*See Barkings.*)
- Lichfield** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.B. Alrewas brook. Blackbrook at Shentone. Ashmore brook, 2 m. N.W. Bilston brook, 3 m. N.W. Tame, 3 m. E. Ben brook, 4 m. N.W. *Lakes*: Mill ponds at Lichfield. Swinfen Hall and Freeford Hall, 2 m. S.E. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Lidford** (Devon).—G.W.B. Lid; trout; preserved below. Lew, 3 m. Tavy, 3 m.; trout; preserved by the Tamar and Plym Fishery Board, who issue tickets. (*c.s. Tamar.*) (*See Plymouth.*)
- Lidlington** (Beds.).—W.A. & T.B. Thame; coarse fish. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Lifford** (Warwick).—M.R. Rea. Bourne brook, 2 m. N. Cole, 2 m. E. *Lakes*: Harborne Mill, 2 m. N. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Lifton** (Devon).—G.W.B. Lid. Thistle brook; trout. (*See Plymouth.*)
- Lidbourne** (Northton).—B. & S.B. Avon; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, bream. Yelvertoft brook. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Limpley Stoke** (Wilts).—G.W.R. (*See Bristol.*) On Avon; good all-round fishing; trout, perch, roach, pike; preserved by Avon and Trib. Ang. Assoc. from hence to Avoncliffe; sec. J. J. Justice, Esq., 19, College-green, Bristol; d.t. 2s., at the railway station. (*c.s.*) Midford brook; trout, perch, roach, dace; preserved as Avon from its junction to Midford Bridge.
- Linby** (Notts).—M.R., G.N.R. Leen. *Lakes*: Papplewick Mill ponds, 1 m. E. Newstead Abbey lakes, 2 m. N. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Lincoln**.—G.N.R., G.E.R., M.B. Witham. Foss Dyke Navigation. (*See Boston.*)
- Linley** (Salop).—S.V.R. Severn; pike, perch, chub, dace, salmon. Linley brook. *Lakes*: Willey Park ponds (3 m. W.). (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Linton** (Cams.).—G.E.R. Bourn; trout; preserved by Pembroke College; good fishing. (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Liphook** (Hants).—P.D.R. *Lakes*: Ripley Pond 2 m. Packet and Worlmer ponds $3\frac{1}{2}$ m. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Liskeard** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. St. Germans river. Seaton river. Looe river, 1 m. Looe rises 2 m. above Liskeard, runs to that town, and 3 m. on runs by Menheniot Station, 3 m. off, on left bank. 2 m. down, a short stream joins on left bank, and 5 m. down is Looe.

Here a stream, 8 m. long, joins on right bank. There are trout in the river above the tide-way. Good sea fishing. Immediately outside the harbour pollack are caught whiffing. Larger pollack towards the island, dabs at the anchorage, and whiting, &c., in the offing.

(See *Fowey, St. Germans, and Menheniot*.) Hotel: Webb's.

Liss (Sussex).—P.D.R. Western Rother; trout. (See *Little Hampton*.)

Litcham (n.s. Dunham, 8 m). Nar. (See *King's Lynn*.) (c.s. N and S.)

Little Bytham (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Glen. (See *Spalding*.)

Little Eaton (Derby).—M.R. Derwent; pike, coarse fish, grayling, trout (c.s. *Trent*). Holbrook brook. Ecclesbourne, 2 m. N.W. Cutler brook, 4 m W. Lakes: Allastrey Hall lake, 2 m. S.W. Smalley Mill pond, 3 m. N.E. Kedleston Park lakes, 4 m. W. (See *Gainsborough*.)

Little Hampton (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. Arun rises in Coolhurst pond in St. Leonard's Forest (pike, perch, roach; leave from C. Dickens, Esq.). Runs 1 m. to Hammers pond (pike, perch, roach, dace; leave from P. Sallard, Esq., Crawley) and Hawkins' pond (trout; leave from Col. Aldridge, Horsham). $\frac{1}{2}$ m. on is a pond on the right bank. 1 m. on, at Amy's Mill, a stream joins on right bank 3 m. long, rising in a lake $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. N. of Hawkins' pond, and watering lakes at New Lodge and Highland Farm, near **Horsham**. Arun runs in 1 m. to **Morsham**, where it waters a private lake in Hill's Place, just below which Channel brook, 2 m. long, from Warnham Mill Pond, joins on right bank. Arun runs in 1 m. to **Itchinfild**, 2 m. to **Slinfold**, $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. to **Rudgwick**. 2 m. below a stream joins on right bank, draining the lake at Loxwood, and a mill pond or two $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. up. 2 m. down Arun on right bank are two lakes by Mailham, and 2 m. on is **Billinghamurst**. 1 m. below, a large stream joins Arun on right bank. This stream rises in five or six large lakes in Shillinglee Park (Lord Winterton) (n.s. **Haslemere**, 4 m.), runs 2 m. to Evernoll, where are more lakes on the common, and a large one in Pheasant Court. At Evernoll a stream 3 m. long joins on left bank, rising in some ponds at Ash Park and East End Farm, 1 m. W. of Shillinglee Park. (The ponds in the Wealds are innumerable, and are full of fish—carp, pike, perch, and tench.) The main stream now runs 2 m. to Kudford where is a lake, and 1 m. below is joined by the outflow of three ponds on right bank. 1 m. on is Wisborough Green, and Arun $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. 5 m. down Arun is **Fulborough**. Here the Western Rother joins on right bank. Rother rises at Hawley Mill, by Empshot, runs 3 m. to **Liss**; here the drainage of a pond $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up joins on right bank. 2 m. down, at Sheet Mill, a stream joins on right bank, rising in Steep Mill 1 m. up. 1 m. down Rother is **Petersfield**. Here is the drainage of the large pond on Petersfield Heath. 2 m. on is the outfall of a lake at Down Park, 1 m. W. of **Bogate** Station. Rother runs $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. to **Hinstead**, where the effluent of three lakes lying alongside the road from the station joins on right bank. 1 m. on at Chithurst a stream joins on left bank draining some lakes in Harting Combe, Cook's Pond on Newick Common, Milland Millpool, and some other lakes, all within 2 m. of each other (n.s., **Liphook**), runs 2 m. to Hammer Pond, by Chithurst, and $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to Rother. 2 m. down Rother is the drainage, 3 m. long, on right bank of a lake at Newhouse Farm, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. S. of **Hinstead** Station. Rother runs in 2 m. to **Midhurst** and receives the drainage of a lake on Midhurst Common. 1 m. on, on right bank, a stream joins, rising in Bex Mill, 2 m. S. of **Midhurst**, and turning another mill; and 1 m. on are the drainage from the lakes in Cowdry Park on left bank, and the lake on Ambersham Common on right bank. $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. on a stream joins on left bank, rising at Cook's Mill, near Fernhurst (n.s. **Haslemere**), runs 3 m. to Lurgershall, and its fine mill pond, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below which it is joined on left bank by the drainage from the ponds in Chillinghurst Park, and on the right bank by the drainage of the large lake at River Park (trout). 1 m. on, at Salmon Bridge, on the left bank, is the drainage of a pond on River Common (trout) (n.s. for these lakes, **Petworth**), 2 m. on this brook joins Rother. There are trout more or less in all these streams above this point. $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Rother a stream joins on right bank, which rises in a pond by Grapham, runs 2 m. to Barrett's Mill and Pond, and $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to Rother. 3 m. on by **Petworth** Station is the drainage of the lakes in Petworth Park (Lord Leonfield), and $\frac{1}{2}$ m. on, on right bank, is the drainage of the large lakes in Burton Park (pike, perch, carp, and tench). 1 m. on, on left bank, is the drainage, 1 m. long, of a lake by Egdean, 2 m. from **Petworth**, and 3 m. on, Rother reaches **Fulborough** and the Arun. 1 m. down Arun on left bank a stream joins, 2 m. long, which waters two mills by West Chilton, and two lakes on Chiltoning Common. 3 m. down Arun a stream, $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. long, joins on right bank, rising in Bignor Mill Pool, and feeding another lake half way down. 2 m. down Arun is **Amberley**; Burpham, $3\frac{1}{2}$ m., and **Arundel**, 2 m.: **Ford**, 2 m. Here a stream joins on left bank, rising in Patching Pond (nearest station, **Goring**, 2 m.: **Arundel**, 4 m.) . runs to **Angmering**, 2 m., where the drainage of four lakes at New Place, 1 m. up, joins on right bank; and $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. on is Arun. Hence to **Little Hampton** and the sea is 3 m. Good fishing from the pier, also grey mullet and sand smelts. Open sea fishing but moderate. Hotel: Beach.

Littleport (Cams.).—G.E.R. Hotels: Railway and Black Horse. Ouse; coarse fish, except barbel; preserved up to **Ely** by Cambridge and Ely Angling Association; tickets from R. J. Leach, sec., Littleport; baits from C. Goddard, water bailiff. (See *Cambridge*). (c.s. N. and S.) Charles South, of the Gate House, Littleport, will afford all information and supply all requisites. The Great Ouse below the Oreek is preserved by Capt. Taylor; fishing free, except for pike. Hotels: Granby (a punt attached), Railway Tavern, Black Horse, Globe. Brandon Creek; Inn, Ship (a punt and fishing attached). A fine stretch

of Ouse, 3 m. long, connecting the C. and E.A.S. fishing with Capt. Taylor's water, is now being preserved by Ouse and Nen Fishery District Board, who have stopped all netting. Mildenhall Drain. Old Croft River. Lark 3 m. S.); coarse fish; free. Little Ouse or Brandon (3 m. N.); preserved by W. Luddington, Esq.; tickets at Brandon Creek from W. C. Peacock or T. Gotobed; good fishing; *Inns* Ship, comfortable. (See *King's Lynn*.)

Liverpool (Lancs.).—L. & N.W.R., M.R., and G.N.R. Perch and coarse fishing can be had in Rivington l.-kes. belonging to the Corporation, d.t. 1s. The Liverpool Angling Association (R. Woolfall, hon. sec., Club House, Bee Hotel, Queen-square) has private fishing in Ruabon re-ervoir, well stocked with Loch Leven trout, open to members only and their friends at 2s. 6d. a day; a large lake at Knowsley, and one or two minor privileges. The mere at Newton-le-Willows; a limited number of tickets issued to residents in immediate neighbourhood. The Sefton and Newsham lakes in the public parks are stocked with trout and coarse fish; licences 10s. 6d. per annum for ratepayers or inhabitants of the city, 12. 1s. for others.

Lizard, The (Cornwall).—Good bass and pollack fishing from the rocks here in summer time, with salmon rod and light artificial baits.

Llandenny (Monmouth).—C.M. & P.R. Olway; trout; preserved. Raglan brook. Pill brook. (See *Newport*.)

Llandfangel (Monmouth).—N.A. & H.B. Honddu; trout; preserved by the landowners. (See *Chepstow*.)

Llangurig (Monmouth).—M.W.R. Wye; trout. (c.s.) Bidno (1 m.). Tavenig (5 m.) *Llys*, Helygen (6 m.). Gwny (7 m.). (See *Chepstow*.)

Llan-y-blodwell (Salop.).—L.B.R. Tanat; trout, grayling, chub, &c. Cynllith (3 m. W.) Vyrnwy (2 m. S.); trout, salmon, chub, &c.; preserved by the landowners. (See *Llanymynech*.) Cain; trout, salmon (3 m. S.); preserved as Vyrnwy. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)

Llanymynech (Salop.).—Cam. R. Vyrnwy; preserved by landowners, leave freely given; trout, salmon, grayling, roach, perch, pike, chub, &c.; there is a good stretch of free water. Tanat (2 m. N.W.); trout, grayling, chub, pike, &c.; a portion free. Morda (1 m. E.); pike, chub, trout; a portion free. Severn (4 m. S.); trout, salmon, chub, pike, perch; free. Cain (4 m. W.); trout, salmon a portion free. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
Hotel: Cross Keys.

Loddon (n.s. *Beccles*, 7 m.) (Norfolk).—Thet. Yare, 3 m. N.E. (See *Yarmouth*.)

Lodge Hill (Somerset).—G.W.R. Ax. (See *Abbridge*.) (c.s. *Avon*.)

London.—On Thames and New River. New River rises by **Hertford**, and flows to **Hoddesdon**, **Broxbourne**, 2 m.; **Cheshunt**, 5 m.; **Waltham**, 1½ m.; **Enfield**, 6 m.; **Winchmore Hill**, 2½ m.; **Wood Green**, 6 m.; **Mornsey**, 1½ m.; **Torrington Park**, 3¼ m. Here at Stoke Newington are the New River Company's waterworks and reservoirs, where the fishing is very good (pike, perch, &c.), but strictly forbidden.

UPPER THAMES.—Thames rises at Thames Head, near **Tetbury-road Station**. It flows through Pool Keynes, Somersford Keynes (good preserved trouting depending on the wetness or dryness of the seasons), Ashton Keynes (pike, chub, &c.), where it is joined on left bank by Swill brook, 5 m. long. 4 m. on, at Cricklade (pike fishing is very good and free. *Hotels*: White Hart and White Horse), Churn joins Thames on left bank. Churn rises by Cubberly (Glo'ster), and in 14 m. runs to **Oxford**, passing **Colesbourn**, **Rendcomb**, and **North Cerney**, where the trouting is good and preserved. The owner of Rendcomb Park sometimes gives leave. 12 m. on Thames is reached, passing **South Cerney** midway. ½ m. down Thames, **Dancy brook**, 4 m. long, joins on right bank, and ½ m. on Ray joins on right bank. Ray rises in a mill head at Wroughton, 2½ m. from **Swindon**, and 6 m. on, a brook joins on left bank, running out of a large lake at **Lydiat Tregoz**, 2½ m. up stream. 1 m. down Ray **Furton** is reached, 1 m. from the river. Thames is 6 m. on. 8 m. down Thames **Byde Mill** brook joins on right bank. This brook runs out of a large lake at **Warnford Place**; nearest station, **Shrivenham**, and is 8 m. long. 1 m. down Thames, **Cole** joins on right bank (coarse fish and a few trout). **Cole** rises in **Cole Reservoir**, 2 m. from **Swindon** (G.W.R.), and in 5 m. is joined by a stream on right bank, which has a large mill head 2 m. up. 4½ m. on a stream joins on right bank, which drains a large lake in **Beckett Park**, 1½ m. up (nearest station, **Shrivenham**). From hence to Thames is 8 m., passing **Colehill**. 1½ m. down Thames, at **Lechlade** (W. & E.G.R.), **Cole** joins on left bank. The **Glo'ster** **Cole** rises in a mill-pond 1½ m. N. of **Shipton** (W. & W.R.), runs to **Withington**, 3 m., **Yanworth** 4 m., **Coln St. Dennis** 3 m., **Coln Rogers** 1 m., **Bilbury** 3 m., **Coln St. Aldwin's** 1½ m., **Hatheross** 1 m., **Quenington** 1 m., **Fairford** (W. & E.G.R.), 2½ m., **Lechlade** 6 m. 1 m. below **Leach** joins Thames on left bank. **Leach** rises at **North Leach**, and runs in 13 m. to **East Leach Turville**, 1½ m. to **Southrop**, and **Thames** 4 m., passing **Little Faringdon**, 1 m. from **Lechlade** station. 3 m. down Thames **Kelmscott** is reached, thence to **Tadpole Bridge**, near **Bampton** (G.W.R.), 2½ m. off the river, is 7 m. 5 m. down, **Charney Brook** joins on left bank. **Charney** rises in a mill pond at **Black Bourton**, 1 m. W. of **Bampton**, and running through that town joins Thames 5 m. down. 3 m. on, at **Newbridge** (some good preserved fishing below), **Windrush** joins Thames on left bank. **Windrush** rises in a mill pond at **Gutling Power** (Glo'ster), and runs in 7 m. to **Bourton-on-the-Water**. 1½ m. below, **Dickler** river joins **Windrush** on the left bank. **Dickler** rises in **Donnington Mill**, 2 m. N.W. of **Stow**, and is 6 m. long. 1½ m. down **Windrush** is **Rissington**, and 2 m. on a stream joins on the right bank, which rises in a mill pond at **Sherborne**, 2 m. up. 1½ m. down **Windrush** is

Windrush and Barrington, Tainton 2 m., Burford 1½ m., **Witney** 11 m., Ducklington 1 m., Standlake 4 m. (large trout), and 2 m. on the Thames, 7 m. down Thames is **Eynsham**. *Hotel*: Red Lion and Swan. 1 m. below, Evenlode river joins Thames on left bank. Evenlode rises in a lake close by **Adlestrop**. ½ m. down, at Daylesford, is a large pond. 3 m. down, at **Chipping Norton** junction, a stream joins on left bank, which rises in a mill pond by Little Rollwright, runs to Salford, 1½ m., **Chipping Norton** (1½ m. off) ½ m., Church Hill 3 m., Evenlode 2 m. Evenlode next runs in 4½ m. to **Shipton**, 1½ m. to **Ascott**. 5 m. on, at Shorthampton, a stream joins on left bank, which drains a mill pond 1 m. up. From here to **Charlbury** is 1 m. 1 m. below, the overflow from several large ponds in Combury Park joins Evenlode on the right bank. 5 m. on is Stonesfield, and 6 m. on, at **Hanbrough**, Glyme River joins on left bank. Glyme rises in some lakes in Heythrop Park, 2 m. above Enstone, where it is joined on right bank by a stream 3 m. long, which works some mills. Glyme flows next to Glympton 5 m., and Wootton 3 m. Here Darne River joins on the left bank. Darne rises in some pools by Sandford, runs 1 m. to Westcot Barton, and 7 m. on to Glyme. Woodstock is 2 m. on down Glyme. Here the river waters the large lakes in Blenheim Park (pike, strictly preserved), and in 2 m. reaches Evenlode, and 5 m. on Evenlode joins Thames (Lord Abingdon preserves the left bank of Thames for some distance). From hence to **Oxford** is 5 m.

MIDDLE THAMES.—At **Oxford** Cherwell joins Thames on left bank. Cherwell rises in Northampton 1 m. above Woodford (nearest station **Byfield**, E. & W.Y.R.), and flows in 8½ m. to **Copredy** (O. & B.R.). There are eight mills. At **Copredy** a stream joins on right bank, which rises in two reservoirs by **Copredy**, 3 m. below which a stream joins on right bank, rising in Wormleighton reservoir (nearest station **Fenny Compton**, O. & B.R.); 3 m. down this stream the overflow from Clattercut reservoir, 1 m. off, and 1 m. from Claydon village, joins on right bank. 2 m. down, Copredy is reached. 4 m. down Cherwell, passing four mills, a stream joins on right bank, which rises by Farnborough in a large lake, and is 7 m. long, passing Mollington and Hanwell. 2 m. down Cherwell **Banbury** (O. & B.R., and N. & B.Y.R.) is reached, and King Sutton in 5 m., where a stream 1½ m. long joins on left bank, draining a lake at Astrop House. 1½ m. down Cherwell two streams join on right bank. The first rises in a pool by Cherrington, and working five mills, and passing Shutford half-way, reaches Broughton in 5 m. Here two streams join, one on right bank and one on left bank. The first rises by Horley, in a pool, and flowing by Drayton and Wroxton, 2 m. from Banbury, has a course of 5 m., likewise draining the lake in Wroxton Abbey. The other rises in a pool by Epwell, and is 5½ m. long, passing Tadmarton village. From Broughton to the junction at Cherwell is 8 m., passing Adderbury and working 3 mills. The second stream is the Swere, which, rising in Priory mill pool by Great Rollwright, runs in 3 m. to Swerford Park, where it waters a large lake, and 10 m. down joins Cherwell, passing South Newington and Barford, and four mills. 2 m. down, Cherwell **Aynho** (O. & B.R.) is reached (Deddington is 1½ m. off), and 2 m. on a stream joins on right bank, which drains some lakes by Great Tew and Lower Warton, and, passing close to Deddington, has a course of 8 m. One m. below the junction of this stream with Cherwell, **Somerton** (O. & B.R.) is reached; 4½ m. on is **Heyford** (O. & B.R.); 5½ m., **Kirtlington** (O. & B.R.); 2 m., **Woodstock Road** (O. & B.R.) and **Islip** (O.W. & B.R.), 4 m. Here Ray joins on left bank. Ray rises by **Bicester** (O.W. & B.R.), and is 8 m. long. At Islip a stream joins Ray on right bank, which rises in a large lake in Middleton Park, 3 m. from **Bicester**, and is 8 m. long. The Cherwell now runs in 6 m. to **Oxford**. The Thames next flows in 2 m. to **Ilfley**. (*Inns*: Isis Tavern.) Kennington 1 m., Sandford 1 m. (*Inns*: King's Arms), and **Abingdon** (G.W.R.), 5½ m. Ock here joins Thames. Ock rises west of Chartrey Bassett, and 6 m. below that village a stream joins on the right bank 9 m. long, which, rising in a mill pool at Letcombe Regis, and, passing Wantage and East Hanney, feeds three mills. The Ock now flows in 4 m. to **Abingdon**. 2 m. down Thames a stream joins on right bank, which is 9 m. long. It rises in some pools near Ardington and flows to **Steventon** (G.W.R.) in 4 m., thence 5 m. to Sutton Courtenay-on-Thames, working six mills. **Oulham** is on the opposite side of river. Thames now flows to **Appleford**, 2 m., Long Wittenham, 1½ m. (*Inns*, The Vine Cottage); Clifton Hampden, 1 m. (*Inns*: Barley Mow and Plough; good fishing); Little Whittenham, 2½ m.; ½ m. below which Thames joins Thames on left bank. Thame (a good pike and roach river) rises some 9 m. above **Aylesbury**. 6 m. down is Coddington, and Chearsley 1 m. 1 m. below, at Notley Abbey, a stream joins on right bank, which rises in a large lake at Wotton. 1 m. down a stream joins on right bank, 1 m. long, which drains the lake in Dorton. 5 m. on Thame river is reached; 3 m. on **Thame** is reached; 5 m., **Lidlington** (W.A. & T.R.); Wheatley, 5 m.; Addesden, 2 m.; Stadhampton, 4 m. ½ m. below, Baldon brook, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. 2 m. down Thame is Drayton, and Dorchester 2 m. further. (*Fishermen*: Turner, Batten, King, Wheeler, and Palmer. *Hotels*: White Hart, Fleur-de-lis, and Crown.) ½ m. on Thames is reached. Shillingford is 1 m. down Thames, Bensington 1½ m. (a few trout, pike, and perch), and **Wallingford** 1½ m. Here a stream joins on right bank, which, rising in a mill pool at Blewberry, runs 3 m. to South Moreton, feeding four mills, thence 3 m. to **Wallingford**. 1½ m. below Wallingford, and close to Thames on left bank, is a large lake at Mongewell. Thames now runs in 3 m. to **Moulsoford**; Streasley (*Inns*, Swan. *Fisherman*, Saunders), and **Goring** 3 m. (*Hotel*, Miller of Mansfield.) **Pangbourne** 4 m. Here the Pang (a fine trout stream, strictly

preserved), some 12 m. long, joins on right bank. Thames next runs in 3 m. to Mapledurham and Purley (n.s. **Tilghurst**. *Hotel*: Roebuck. *Caversham Inns*: Crown and Caversham Hotel), and **Reading** 4 m. Kennet here joins Thames. Kennet rises a few miles north of East Kennet, runs 1 m. to West Overton. Tyfield 2 m. **Marlborough** (B. & H.R.) 2 m., Ramsbury 6 m., **Hungerford** (B. & H.R.), 4 m. Here Dunn joins on right bank, 3 m. long, which flows out of two ponds at Froxfield. Kennet next runs to **Kintbury** (B. & H.R.) 4 m., and 2 m. below the river runs through Hampstead Park (Lord Craven), where the drainings of a series of lakes in the park, holding trout, joins on the right bank (the river, ponds, and canal, good perching, is preserved by Lord Craven); **Newbury** (Swan Inn, *see Advertisement*) (B. & H.R.) 2½ m. 1 m. down Kennet, Lambourne river joins on left bank. Lambourne rises by Lambourne, runs to Eastbury 1½ m., East Garston 1 m., Great Shelford 1½ m., Boxford 3 m., and Kennet 5 m. Kennet now flows in 3 m. to **Thatcham** (B. & H.R.), **Midgham** (B. & H.R.) 3 m., **Aldermaston** (B. & H.R.) 2 m. 1½ m. below, Emburne river joins Kennet on right bank. Emburne rises in a pond on Holt Common, and in 1½ m. is joined by a brook on right bank, which drains some ponds 2 m. up. Emburne runs in 2 m. to Newton (2 m. S. of **Newbury**, B. & H.R.), and 4 m. on is joined by a stream on right bank, 3½ m. long, rising in a mill pool at Kingsclere. Emburne now runs to **Midgham** (B. & H.R.), 4 m., **Aldermaston** (B. & H.R.) 3 m., Kennet 1½ m.; Kennet runs in 3 m. to **Theale** (B. & H.R.), and Thames 6 m. Thames now runs in 2½ m. to Sonning. (*Inns*: Bull, White Hart, and French Horn. Fishermen must be despoken from Reading. Good for pike above. The mill tails belong to Mr. Witherington); 2½ m. to **Shiplake**, and 1½ m. to Wargrave (nearest station **Shiplake** or **Twyford**, G.W.R., 2 m.). Loddon here joins Thames (good trouting, strictly preserved in the upper part, pike, perch, and coarse fishing). Loddon rises in Newram Springs, a series of ponds close to **Basingstoke** (L. & S.R.), and 7 m. down is joined on left bank by a stream rising in a mill pool 3 m. up by Bramley. 3 m. down Loddon, Strathfieldsay, the Duke of Wellington's place, is reached (leave must be obtained from the Duke. *Inns*: Wellington Arms. Pike, perch, &c. Nearest station, **Mortimer**, B. & R.R.), and 4 m. on, at Swallowfield, Blackwater joins Loddon. Blackwater rises in a large pond by **Farnborough** (L. & S.W.R.), and runs in 5 m. to **Blackwater** (S.E.R.), where a stream joins on right bank, rising in a lake 1 m. up. Blackwater runs in 3 m. to **Sandhurst** (S.E.R.). 5½ m. down Whitewater joins Blackwater on left bank. Whitewater rises in a lake by Grewell, and 1 m. down waters a large lake at Wanboro' Castle, by Oditham town (nearest station **Winchfield**, L. & S.R., 2 m. off). 8 m. down, at Heckfield, a stream joins on right bank, which rises in a large lake, Fleet Pond, by the L. & S.R., 3½ m. from **Farnborough** station, and is 7½ m. long. Whitewater joins Blackwater in 2 m., and hence to Loddon is 2 m. Loddon runs in 9 m. to **Twyford** (G.W.R.), taking up two branches down to Twyford Mill. First, the main stream out of Hants by Swallowfield, Arborfield, and Early (**Loddon Bridge**, S.W.R.) 1 m. falls in. Secondly, stream from Easthamptead Park and Wokingham, thence 3 m. by Hurst and Whistley to **Twyford** (all private). Thirdly, from Caesar's Camp, Bagshot, by Easthamptead village to **Bracknell** (1 m.) ½ m. receives a small stream from Ascot Place by Warfield, and bending east by north with long curve near St. Lawrence Waltham, through Ruscombe, course about 10 m., to Twyford Mill (all private, but of little worth). Then full river 2½ m. to Thames at Wargrave. The Patrick stream runs from Thames about half-way between Shiplake and Sonning into Loddon 1½ m. below Twyford on left or west bank, and is private, so likewise Borough ditch and lake. Between the G.W.R. line from Twyford westward, north to the Thames from Sonning to Wargrave, all waters in that area are held by the Henley and Reading Fishery Associations, who protect the Thames from Mapledurham down to Temple Lock, and at present grant to their members who subscribe not less than 10s. 6d. annually tickets at 10s. 6d. for season on application, not as for a subscription fishery, but as a private privilege. (Hon. sec., C. H. Cook, Esq., Elen-lea, South Stoke, Wallingford.) Thames now runs to Wargrave. (*Inns*: St. George and the Dragon, and White Hart. *Fishermen*: W. Wyat, Brown, S. Crampton.) 2 m. to **Henley**, Remenham, 1½ m.; Hambledon, 2 m. (The lock-keeper makes up a bed or two). Medmenham, 2½ m. (*Inn*: Ferry Hotel. *Fisherman*: R. Young.) Hurley, 1½ m. (Above the lock on left bank is a stream under the woods holding dace. *Fisherman*: Townsend.) **Great Marlow**, 3 m.; **Bourne End** (G.W.R.), 4 m. Here Wye joins on left bank. Wye rises in a large mill pool by **West Wycombe** (W.A. & T.B.R.), runs in 2½ m. to **High Wycombe** (W.A. & T.B.R.), 3½ m. to **Loudwater** (W.A. & T.B.R.), 2 m. to **Woburn** (W.A. & T.B.R.), and joins Thames 2½ m. below. Thames runs to **Cookham** (G.W.R.) 1½ m., **Maidenhead** (G.W.R.) 4 m., 1½ m. to Bray; (*Hotel*: George, very comfortable, where are punts, &c., order beforehand (*see Advertisement*)). Bray mill tail is private.) Monkey Island, 2 m. (*Hotel*: Monkey Island. *Fisherman*: Plummer.) Dorney 1½ m., and 4 m. to Clewer, Eton, and **Windoor** (G.W.R. & S.W.R.). Here a stream joins on left bank, 4 m. long, draining a large lake in Stoke Park 2 m. from **Slough**. 1 m. below Windoor a stream 4½ m. long joins Thames on left bank, which rises in the large lake in Black Park, and in the lake in Langley Park, 1 m. on, nearest station **Langley** (G.W.R.), 1 m. off. Thames runs 1 m. to **Datchet** (S.W.R.), 2½ m. to Old Windsor (nearest station **Windsor**, 1½ m. *Hotel*: Bells of Unseley). 2½ m. on the Hertford Colne joins Thames. Colne (under the name of Ver) rises by Redburn (nearest station **Marpendon**, 2½ m.), runs to **St. Alban's** (M.R. & G.N.R.)

4 m., **Park-street** (G.N.R.) 2 m., and 2 m. on is joined on left bank by a stream which rises by London Colney, and in 2 m. is joined by a stream on left bank, which rises in Elstree reservoir, **Elstree** (M.R.), $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. off, and runs in 3 m. to **Radlett** (M.R.), 1 m. below joining the parent brook, which joins Colne 1 m. below. Colne runs to **Watford Junction** (L. & N.W.R.), 3 m. Here a stream 2 m. long joins on left bank, running out of some ponds at Hill Field Lodge (pike, perch, carp, roach; good fishing, strictly preserved). 1 m. on is **Watford** (W. & R.E.), and **Bickmansworth** (W. & R.), $4\frac{1}{2}$ m. Gade river joins here on right bank. Gade rises in some ponds by Great Gaddesden, runs 3 m. to **Hemel Hempstead** (L. & N.W.R.), and 1 m. below, at **Box Moor** (L. & N.W.R.) is joined by a brook on right bank, which rises by **Berkhamstead** (L. & N.W.R.), and is 4 m. long. Gade runs next to **King's Langley** (L. & N.W.R.) 4 m., and **Bickmansworth** 6 m. Here Chess joins Colne on right bank. Chess rises by Chessham (good trouting preserved by Lord Chessham) runs 5 m. to Cheneys (good trouting preserved by the Duke of Bedford to Sarratt Mill, and below by different owners. Below Sarratt are some coarse fish, and below Loudwater the stream is polluted). Chess runs to **Bickmansworth** 5 m. 6 m. down Colne, **Misbourne** stream joins on right bank. Misbourne passes Great Missenden (capital trouting in the lakes at Missenden Abbey), runs 2 m. to Little Missenden, and 1 m. on waters the large lake at Shardloe (Mr. Drake, from whom leave must be obtained). Amersham is 1 m. on, Chalfont St. Giles, 3 m., Chalfont St. Peter's $1\frac{1}{2}$ m., and Colne 5 m. Colne, in numerous streams, runs to **Uxbridge** 1 m., **West Drayton** 3 m. Here a stream joins on left bank, rising in Ruilsip reservoir (fishing strictly preserved; n.a. **Pinner**, $3\frac{1}{2}$ m.), runs to **Bickmansworth**, 4 m., to Ruilsip 1 m., **Uxbridge** 3 m., **Hillingdon** 1 m., **West Drayton** 2 m., **Colnbrook** $1\frac{1}{2}$ m., **Wraysbury** 2 m., and joins Thames, with several outfalls, 1 m. on.

LOWER THAMES. — **Staines** (S.W.R.) is 1 m. down Thames, **Laleham** $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. (In: Horseshoe. *Fishermen:* A. W. and G. Harris.) **Chertsey** (S.W.R.) $1\frac{1}{2}$ m., **Weybridge** (L. & S.W.R.) 2 m. Bourne brook and Wey here join Thames on right bank. Bourne brook divides into two parts close to its effluence, the left stream rises in the lakes at Sunninghill Park and Silwood Park (nearest station, **Ascot**, S. & W.R.), runs $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. to Virginia Water and the other ponds in Windsor Park (nearest station, **Virginia Water**, S. & W.R.), 3 m. to Chertsey, and $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. to the junction. The right stream rises by Chobham, runs 3 m., and is joined on left bank by a stream $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. long, rising in Glover's, Gracious, and other ponds (good tench fishing), and in $\frac{1}{2}$ m. waters the lake in Ottershaw Park (good tench fishing, nearest station **Woking Common**, L. & S.W.R.), and $4\frac{1}{2}$ m. on joins Thames. The Wey rises by **Alton**, Hants (L. & S.W.R.), and runs 1 m. to Holybourne, **Froyle** $1\frac{1}{2}$ m., **Farnham** (L. & S.W.R.), $6\frac{1}{2}$ m. 2 m. down a stream 4 m. long joins on left bank, running out of a lake by Alder Holt Wood, 3 m. from **Farnham**. $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Wey a stream joins on right bank, which rises in Ripley Pond, 2 m. W. of **Liphook** (P.D.R.). 1 m. on a stream joins on right bank draining a pond close to the station. 1 m. on **Parquet Pond** is reached. 1 m. down a stream 1 m. long joins on left bank draining **Woolmer Pond** and two others close by. **Greatham** village is 1 m. off, and **Liphook** $3\frac{1}{2}$ m. 1 m. on a stream joins on right bank, rising by **Haslemere** (P.D.R.), in some ponds; runs 4 m. to **Bramshot**, where it is joined by a stream $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. long, draining some ponds on **Greysot Down**. $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. on is the main stream, which runs 2 m., when it is joined on left bank by a stream draining the lake in **Headley Park**. 1 m. on the drainings of two lakes on **Wishang Down** (one holding trout, the other pike and perch; leave from the owner of **Greysot Hall**) joins on right bank. 1 m. on the outflow of **Frensham Great Pond** joins on right bank. 1 m. on is **Frensham** (nearest station **Farnham**, 4 m.), and 1 m. on the outflow of **Frensham Little Pond** joins on right bank. These two ponds are 1 m. apart on **Frensham Common**. 1 m. on **Wey** is reached. $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. down **Wey** the outflow of **Abbot's Pond** and two lakes on **Hankley Common** join on right bank. These ponds are 1 m. from **Frensham Little Pond**. $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. down, at **Elstead**, a stream 2 m. long drains a pond on **Thursley Common**, about 1 m. from **Abbot's Pond**. 1 m. below **Elstead** the drainings of the lakes on **Puttenham Common** join on left bank (nearest station, **Tongham**, 3 m.). $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. down **Wey** a stream 2 m. long joins on right bank draining **Hammer's Pond** on **Witley Common** (nearest station, **Milford**, $2\frac{1}{2}$ m.). $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. down **Wey** is **Godalming**. Here a stream joins on right bank, rising in some ponds by **Witley**, runs 2 m. to **Milford**, where a stream joins on right bank, draining a pond 1 m. up. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. on is the drainage of a lake at **Bushbridge**, 1 m. up. $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. on is **Godalming**. 1 m. down **Wey** the drainage of **New and Old Pond** joins on left bank. 1 m. on a stream joins on right bank rising in a large lake 1 m. from **Crawleigh**, runs 4 m. to **Bramley**, where the drainage of some ponds, $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. up, on **Black Heath**, joins on right bank. $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. on is **Wey** which runs to **Shelford** where **Tillingbourne** joins on right bank, rising in a lake on **Abinger Common**, runs to **Gomshall** (S.E.R.), 3 m., **Shere** 1 m., where it feeds the lakes in **Albury Park** 1 m. on, below which it feeds some lakes, and **Shelford** is 3 m. on. **Wey** runs to **Guildford** (P.D.R.), 1 m. At **Stoke**, 1 m. on, the drainage of a lake 1 m. up on left bank joins **Wey**; 3 m. on is **Woking** (L. & S.R.); and 2 m. on, at **Ripley**, two streams join on right bank and left bank. The one drains the ponds in **Clandon Park**, 3 m. from **Guildford**, and is 4 m. long; the other rises in some ponds close to the railway (**Pirbright**), and 2 m. on is joined on left bank by the drainage of a pond on **Pirbright Common** 1 m. up, and $\frac{1}{2}$ m. on the drainage of two other ponds, $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. up, runs in on right bank, and $\frac{1}{2}$ m.

on is the drainage of another pond on right bank. 3 m. down a stream joins on right bank, rising in a pond on Broad Street Common, 2 m. from Guildford, runs 2 m. to Whitmore Common, where it waters a lake, and $\frac{1}{2}$ m. on joins Whitmore Pond, reaching the main brook 1 m. on. The stream next runs to **Woking** (L. & S.R.), and 2 m. on reaches Wey, which runs to Witley, 1 m.; Byfleet, 1 m.; and **Weybridge**, 4 m. Here a stream joins on right bank, rising in two ponds on Horley Common; runs 4 m. to Wisley, where the drainage of Hut Pond (carp, pike, roach; d.t. 1s., at the inn next the pond), and several other ponds on Witley and Ockham Common, join on right bank, and $\frac{1}{2}$ m. on, on right bank, is the overflow of a pond on Cobham Common. 2 m. on is **Weybridge**. Here the outfall of the lake in Outlands Park joins Wey on right bank close to the Thames. Thames flows next to **Shepperton** (S.W.R.), $\frac{1}{2}$ m.; Hallford, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. (*Hotels*: Ship, Anchor, Red Lion. *Fishermen*: H. Perdue, H. and G. and E. and W. S. Rosewell, T. Stradwick, W. Rogerson); **Walton-on-Thames**, 1 m. (*Hotels*: Duke's Head, Swan. *Fishermen*: R. Watford, S. Rosewell, and C. J. and G. Hone). $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below a stream joins Thames on left bank, draining a lake at Littleton, close to Laleham. Thames runs next to **Sunbury**, $\frac{1}{2}$ m.; **Hampton**, 2 m.; **Moulsey** and **Hampton Court**, 1 m. Mole here joins Thames. Mole rises in two large lakes close by the H.B.R. 1 m. W. of **Crawley**, and in 1 m. is joined by the drainings of a lake close to on the right bank. 1 m. on, on right bank, a stream joins $\frac{1}{2}$ m. long, which rises in a pond in Tilgate Forest, and in $\frac{1}{2}$ m. joins another large pond. **Crawley** is 1 m. N. Mole runs in 1 m. to **Three Bridges**; **Horley**, 3 m.; here a stream joins on left bank, which rises by Charlwood, and in 3 m. is joined by a stream 2 m. long, draining a lake at Woolborough 1 m. N. of **Three Bridges**. $\frac{2}{3}$ m. below **Horley** a stream joins Mole on right bank, which rises in some pools by **Howfant**, and 1 m. on is joined by the overflow of lakes at **Bashford Castle** on the right bank, and two lakes by **Wakeham's Green** on the left bank. **Howfant Station** is 1 m. N.E. and N.W. from each of these lakes. This stream now runs to **Horley**, 3 m., and Mole, 3 m. 1 m. on, a stream joins Mole, rising in the large lake in Gattin Park, by **Merstham**, and in a smaller lake $\frac{1}{2}$ m. E. of Merstham, runs to **Red Hill** (L. & B.R.), $\frac{3}{4}$ m., and Mole, 5 m. 2 m. down Mole a stream 3 m. long joins on left bank draining **Wood Pond**, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. from **Holmeswood Station** (L. & D.R.). Mole runs next to **Betchworth** (R. & R.R.), 4 m.; **Dorking** (L. & B.R.), $\frac{1}{2}$ m. Here **Pip brook** joins on left bank, draining some ponds belonging to R. Fuller Esq., of the Rookery, 4 m. on up by **Wootton**. Mole runs to **Box Hill** (S.W.R.), $\frac{1}{2}$ m.; **Leatherhead** (L.B.R.), 4 m.; **Cobham**, 4 m.; **Baker** (S.W.R.), $\frac{1}{2}$ m.; **Moulsey**, Thames, $\frac{2}{3}$ m. Thames runs to **Thames Ditton** (S.W.R.), 1 m.; **Kingston** (S.W.R.), 2 m. Here **Hogg's Mill** River joins on right bank. The stream rises by **Swell** (S.W.R.), and $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below is joined on left bank by a stream rising in some ponds on **Epsom Common** (nearest station, **Epsom**, S.W.R., and E. & C.R.), and is 3 m. long. **Hogg's Mill** runs to **Malden** (S.W.R.), 1 m.; **Kingston**, Thames, $\frac{2}{3}$ m. Thames flows to **Teddington** (S.W.R.), 1 m.; here a branch of the Colne running from **Hammondsworth** joins on left bank. It passes **Stanwell**, 2 m. (nearest station, **Ashford**, S.W.R., 2 m.), **East Bedford**, 1 m., **Feltham** (S.W.R.), 1 m., and **Teddington**, 4 m. Thames runs to **Twickenham** (S.W.R.), $\frac{1}{2}$ m.; **Richmond** (S.W.R.), $\frac{1}{2}$ m.; **Isleworth** (S.W.R.), 1 m. **Yedding Brook** here joins Thames. **Yedding** rises some miles N. of Cranford (nearest station, **Southall**, G.W.R., $\frac{1}{2}$ m.), runs $\frac{5}{8}$ m. to **Twickenham**, where a branch of Colne joins it, and passing several powder and other mills, 2 m. on joins Thames. Thames runs next to **Brentford** (S.W.R., and G.W. & B.R.), 1 m. Here **Brent** joins on left bank. **Brent** rises in a lake on the property of the late Lord Tenderden, runs to the decoy at **Hendon** (M.R.), runs to **Welsh Harp Reservoir** (M.R.), 1 m. Here a stream joins on right bank 3 m. long, which holds fish—pike, perch, roach—at times. The upper part belongs to — **Marshall, Esq.**, of **The Hall, Edgware**, the lower to **Mr. Warner**, of the **Welsh Harp**. **Brent** runs in 1 m. to **Kingbury, Twyford** (Middlesex), $\frac{2}{3}$ m. (nearest station **Willen Junction**, H.J.R., 2 m.); **Perivale**, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. (pike, bream, and tench in a mill pond; d.t. 1s.) **Greenford**, 1 m.; **Hanwell** (G.W.R.), $\frac{1}{2}$ m.; Thames 3 m. Thames runs to **Kew** (S.W.R.), 1 m.; **Mortlake** (S.W.R.), $\frac{1}{2}$ m.; **Barnes** (S.W.R.), 1 m.; **Chiswick** (K. & R.R.), 1 m.; **Mammersmith** (K. & R.R.), 1 m.; **Putney** (S.W.R.), $\frac{1}{2}$ m. Here a stream joins on right bank rising at **Lower Morden**, 1 m. E. of **Malden** (E. & L.R.), runs in 6 m. to **Barnes** (S.W.R.), and joins Thames $\frac{1}{2}$ m. on. Thames runs to **Wandsworth** (S.W.R.), 1 m., where **Wandle** joins on right bank. **Wandle** rises by **Croydon** (L.B. & S.C.R., and E. & C.R.), runs to **Beddington**, 1 m. (a little troutling can be had free; also at **Hackbridge** and **the Snuff Mills**); **Carshalton** (E. & C.R.), 1 m.; **Mitcham** (S.W.R.), $\frac{1}{2}$ m.; **Merton** (S.W.R.), 1 m.; Thames, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. From **Wandsworth** to **Westminster Bridge** is $\frac{5}{8}$ m.

Long Ashton (Somerset).—G.W.R. **Ashton Brook**; trout; preserved by Sir G. Smyth of **Ashton Court**. (See *Bristol*.)

Longhope (Gloucester).—G.W.R. **Hope brook**. (See *Westbury*.) **Denn** (1 m.) (See *Ockle Street*.)

Longnor, n.s. **Buxton**, 7 m. (Derby).—M.R. **Mannyfold**; trout, grayling. **Dove**, 1 m. E.; trout, grayling. (s.s. *Trent*.) **Blackbrook**, 2 m. S. (See *Gainsborough*.)

Longstone (Derby).—M.R. (See *Ashford*.)

Longton (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R., M.R., G.N.R. **Longton brook**. **Lakes**: **Park Hall**, 1 m. N.E.; trout. (See *Gainsborough*.)

Longville (Salop).—C.A. & M.W.R. **Corve** ($\frac{2}{3}$ m. S.E.); trout, grayling. **Eaton brook** (3 m. N.W.). **Thonglands brook** ($\frac{3}{4}$ m. S.E.) (See *Gloucester*.) (s.s. *Severn*.)

Longwood (York).—L. & N.W.R., M.R., G.N.R. **Lakes**: **Longwood Top reservoir**; pike,

- perch; preserved by Huddersfield Angling Association. Longwood Bottom reservoir: pike, perch, &c.; preserved as above. Longwood Compensation reservoir; perch, roach, &c.; preserved as above. (*See Huddersfield.*)
- Lords Bridge** (Cambs).—L. & N.W.R. Bourn; pike, roach, &c. Cam, 3 m.; chub, pike, dace, &c.; preserved. (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Lostock Chapel** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Kincham brook. Crow brook. (*See Frodsham.*)
- Loetwithiel** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Fowey; sea trout, salmon, brown trout; fishing in Fowey poor owing to china clay water; Lord Roberts permits fair fishing from Loetwithiel up to Glyn Bridge. July, September, and October are the best months. Minnow fishing best. Red brook. Leigh (3 m.); trout. (*See Fowey.*)
- Loudham** (Notts).—M.R. Cocker beck. Dover beck, 1 m. E. Trent, 2 m. S.; pike, chub, roach. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Loudwater** (Bucks).—W.A. & T.B.R. Wye. (*See London, M.T.*). Here pollutions begin.
- Loughborough** (Leicester).—M.R. and L. & N.W.R. Soar; pike, roach, perch, bream, carp, tench; preserved by Soar Angling Society from 3 m. above to 3 m. below; sec., Mr. Foxall. Loughborough; s.t. 2s. 6d., pike 5s.; d.t. 6d., pike 1s. 6d.; no Sunday fishing; piking begins Aug. 1, ends Jan. 31. (*See Trent.*) Walton brook. Dishley brook, 1 m. N.W. Quorndon brook, 3 m. S.; trout; preserved by owner of Bradgate Park. *Lakes*: Loughborough reservoir; trout, preserved by L.A.S.; s.t. 21s.; d.t., burgesses, 2s., strangers 3s. 6d. Garendon Park lake, 2 m. W. Stamford Hall lake, 3 m. N.E. Blackbrook reservoir, 4 m. S.W. *Hotel*: King's Head. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Loughton** (Essex).—L.W.E. & O.R. On Roding; fishing very poor. (*See Barking.*)
- Louth** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Bain. 7 m. W. (*See Boston.*)
- Lowestoft** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. 5 m. S.W., at Rushmere Hall, runs Benacre brook (roach, dace, bream, perch), which rises in the pond in Sotterley Hall Park, 4 m. S.E. from Beccles, runs 4 m. to Rushmere Hall, and joins the sea at Benacre sluice 4 m. down. Waveney, 5 m. W.; bream, roach, perch, pike, tench, carp; free. *Lakes*: Oulton Broad (*see Advertisement*), 2 m. N.W.; same fish; leave and boats at Wherry Hotel (*see Mutford*). Flitton Decoy, 3 m. W. lake at The Villa, 4 m. N.W. *Hotels*: Royal, HAINES. *See Suffolk.* (*See Yarmouth.*) (*See Norfolk.*) *Fishing stations within two hours of the town*: Beccles, Geldeston, Bungay, Mutford, Somerleyton, Haddiscoe, Reedham Cantley, Buckenham, Brundall, Whittingham, Norwich, Berney Arms, Yarmouth.
- Lubenham** (Leicester).—L. & N.W.R. Welland. *Lakes*: Gumley pond, Gumley Hall ponds, 3 m. N.W. (*See Spalding.*)
- Ludlow** (Salop).—L. & N.W. and G.W.R. Teme; trout, grayling, chub, dace, roach, perch, pike; leave from the landowners. Lord Windsor gives occasional leave for the Oakley Park water. Corve; same fish; preserved for 3 m. up, from its junction with Teme, by Lord Windsor, who often gives leave, and above by private owners. Fishmore brook. Ledwyeh (1½ m. E.); trout, grayling, chub, &c.; leave from the landowners. Cay brook (2 m. E.). Onny (2½ m. N.W.); trout, grayling; preserved. Dogditch brook (3 m.). *Lakes*: Ludford Park Lakes (1 m. S.). Downton Hall Lakes (4 m. N.). Wootton Pool (5 m. E.). Burrington Pool (5½ m. S.W.). *Hotels*: Angel, Feathers, Bull, Elephant and Castle, and Rose and Crown. (*See Gloucester.*) (*See Severn.*)
- Luffham** (Stafford).—G.N.R., L. & N.W.R., M.R. Chater. Welland, 2 m. S. (*See Spalding.*)
- Lulworth**.—(*See Weymouth.*)
- Lustleigh** (S. Devon).—M. & N.R. On Bovey. (*See Trignmouth.*)
- Luton** (Beds.).—M.R. & G.N.R. (*See Stratford.*) On Lea; the river is preserved where it runs through the lakes in Luton Park by the Baroness de Falbe. Permission is sometimes granted. The pike fishing is amongst the best in England. *Hotel*: Red Lion.
- Lutterworth** (Leicester).—(n.s. Ullesthorpe, 4 m.) Swift. Avon (6 m. S.E.); chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, bream. (*See Gloucester.*) (*See Severn.*)
- Lyddham** (Salop).—B.C.B.R. Onny; trout, grayling, chub, pike; strictly preserved. Camlad; trout, grayling, chub, &c. Black brook (4 m. N.). *Lakes*: Sheive Pool (7 m. N.). Marsh Pool (8 m. N.). (*See Gloucester.*) (*See Severn.*)
- Lydney** (Gloucester).—G.W.R. Lydney brook. Lydney rises in the centre of the Forest of Dean, and is 9 m. long.
- Lyne Regis**.—5 m. from Axminster and from the Axe. The Coly and the Otter are still farther distant; but there is omnibus accommodation to Axminster, whence the Coly and the Otter are easily reached by railway. (*See Seaton and Ottery St. Mary.*) Bass may be caught in rough weather by throwing out a line baited with squid or cuttle from the pier, on the flowing tide. Under the same conditions a rod and floated line might be used, same bait or soft crab. Mackerel by hook and line in the season.
- Lynton** (Hants).—S.W.R. *Hotels*: Lonsdale, Boldre, on Boldre; coarse fish. Boldre rises by Bolderwood Lodge, in the heart of the New Forest, 5 m. N. from Holmsey, and in 2 m. waters the large lake in Burley Lodge. 3 m. down, at Queen's Bower, a stream joins on left bank, which rises 3 m. W. of Lyndhurst, runs 2 m., when it is joined by a stream on right bank 2 m. long. ½ m. on is the Boldre. 2 m. on is Brockenhurst Station. 5 m. down a stream 4 m. long joins on right bank, which drains Lachmore pond, 1½ m. from Brockenhurst. 1 m. on is Lynton. The river is preserved by E. H. Pember, Esq., Vicars Hill, Lynton, who will often give a day. 3 m. E. of Lynton is Bosley Pond; good pike and perch fishing. Bass sometimes at mouth of Lynton creek; flounders and grey mullet up the channel.

- Lyndhurst** (Hants).—S.W.R. (*See Southampton; Lymington.*) Hotel: Crown.
- Lyneside**.—N.B.R. On Lyne; salmon, trout, salmon trout, whiting; free up to Cliff.
- Lynmouth** (Devon).—(n.s. **Barnstaple** or **Minehead**, S.W.R., 18 m. off.) East and West Lyn; trout, salmon. Hotel: Lyndale Hotel (*see Advertisement*). East Lyn rises by Oare Oak, and in 4 m. is joined by a short stream on left bank. 1 m. down Lyn, Oare water joins on right bank. Oare (preserved by Mr. Snow, of Oare) rises on Lucott Hill, 5 m. from Porlock, runs 5 m., and is joined on left bank by Badworthy Water, 3 m. long. Oare runs in 4 m. to East Lyn, which runs 2 m., when Farley water joins on left bank; Lynmouth is 2 m. on. West Lyn is some 5 m. long, and half-way down is joined on left bank by a short stream. West and East Lyn join close to the sea. S. licence, 10s. 6d.; s.t. 40s.; w.t. 5s.; d.t. 1s.; tickets and licence at hotel. 5 m. off at Paracombe runs Paracombe water, which joins the sea at Trentishoe in 6 m. Leave from the Lyndale Hotel for all these streams.
- Macclesfield** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.B., M.B., G.N.B. Bolling. Peover brook, 5 m. S.W., at Siddington. Lakes: Great Oak reservoir, 3 m. S. Gawsorth Mill pond, 3 m. S.W. Thornycroft Hall, 3 m. S.W. Henbury Hall, 3 m. W. Old Hall, 3 m. W. Reed's mere and Capeshorne Hall lake, 4 m. N.W. Wickenhall mere, 5 m. S.W., at Siddington. Astle Hall, 6 m. W., at Chelford. (*See Frodsham; Langley.*)
- Madeley** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.B. Madeley brook. Artle, 1 m. N. Lakes: Madeley Mill, Bowney Mill, 1 m. N. Wrinehill Mill, 2 m. N.W. Betley mere, 3 m. N.W. Little mere, 3 m. N.W. (*See Frodsham.*)
- Magdalen** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Ouse: coarse fish except barbel. (*c.s. N. and S.*) (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Magor** (Monmouth).—S.W.R. Penhow brook, 7 m. long.
- Maldenhead** (Berks.).—G.W.R. (*See London, M.T.*) Thames; roach, trout, pike, perch, chub, barbel, dace. Hotels: Skindle's, Raymead, Thames. Fishermen: E. Andrews, H. Wilder, G. Winn, M. Andrews, C. Andrews.
- Malden Newton** (Dorset).—G.W.R. Frome. (*See Wareham.*) (*c.s.*)
- Maldstone** (Kent).—L.C. & D.R. and N.K.R.—Medway; Chub, pike, perch, roach, bream. Hotels: Star (where every information can be obtained) and Mitre. There is good fishing from 2 m. up the river to Tonbridge, fishing free. Some waters in the neighbourhood are preserved, and permission is difficult to obtain. The ponds at Leeds Castle, 6 m. off, and the "Mote" (Lady Howard de Walden) hold pike. The fish ponds at the paper mills of Messrs. Hollingsworth on the Len are very good; but permission is rarely given. (*See Rochester.*)
- Malden** (Surrey).—S.W.R. Hogg's Mill river. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Maldon** (Essex).—G.E.R. Inn: King's Head. On Blackwater; pike, perch, roach, dace, and a few trout. This stream rises 5 m. east of **Saffron Walden**, and, under the name of Pant, in 20 m. runs to **Braintree** within 1 m. of the town, passing the villages of Sampford, Bardfield, Shalford, and Bocking (the river between Weathersfield and Shalford is sometimes to be let; roach, dace, trout, and pike. Apply to Messrs. Beaumont and Son, solicitors, Coggeshall). From **Braintree** the river runs, in 8 m., to Coggeshall; **Kelvedon**, 4 m.; from hence to the junction of Pods brook, on the left bank, with the Blackwater at **Witham** is 6 m. Pods brook rises 6 m. north-west of **Braintree**, and then follows the railway to **Bulford**, 3 m.; from **Bulford** to **Witham** is 8 m.; passing the village of White Notley in its course. This stream is preserved the whole way. Pike, perch, roach, dace, &c. From the junction of Pods brook with the Blackwater to **Wickham** is 2 m., to **Langford** 1 m., and **Maldon** 3 m. From **Maldon** to the junction of the Chelmer, on the right bank with the Blackwater is 3 m. The Chelmer rises close to the Blackwater, and, in 4 m., runs by Thaxted, and thence to **Dunmow** 8 m. Below **Dunmow** there are a few trout, pike, perch, roach, &c.; leave must be obtained from the farmers. 4 m. on, at **Felsted**, a brook joins on the left bank, 8 m. long. From **Felsted** the Chelmer runs, in 14 m., to **Chelmsford**. Here the Cann joins Chelmer. This stream rises 13 m. N.W. from **Chelmsford**, and 2 m. above that town is joined by a brook which rises 5 m. east of **Chipping Ongar**, and, in 8 m., flows to **Ingatestone**, 1 m. from the town, and, flowing by Margaretting and Writtle, in 8 m. joins the Cann. The Chelmer now becomes navigable. 6 m. below **Chelmsford** a brook joins on the right bank, which rises 2 m. north-east of Billericay, and is 14 m. long. The Chelmer now runs 6 m. to **Langford**, then 1 m. to **Maldon**, and thence to its junction with the Blackwater, 2 m. Just outside the entrance of the Blackwater river, whiting, cod, ling, and dabs are caught with hook and line.
- Malpas** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.B. Holywell brook, 2 m. N.E. Weaver, 3 m. N.E. Marbury brook, 3 m. S.E. Lakes: Edge Mill pond, 2 m. N.E. Moss mere, Capel mere (Cholmondeley Park), 3 m. N.E., Bickley Mill pond and Bar mere, 3 m. S.E. Brets mere, 4 m. W. (*See Frodsham, Chester.*)
- Malton** (York).—G.N.R. & M.R. (*See Scarborough.*)
- Malvern** (Worcester).—G.W.R. Teme (rail 5 m. to **Bransford**). (*See Bransford.*) Severn (5 m. E.); chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, salmon, trout. Leigh brook (4 m. W.); good trouting; leave from Mr. Cook, of Leigh Court. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*) Hotels: Imperial and Abbey.
- Manacnan** (Cornwall).—(n.s. **Falmouth**). Manacnan brook, 4 m. long. (*c.s. Fowey.*)
- Mangotsfield** (Glouce).—M.R. (*See Bristol.*) Feltham brook. Siston brook.
- Manningtree** (Essex).—G.E.R. Stour; pike, perch, roach, dace, carp, bream, tench, trout, salmon, &c. Suffolk Stour rises above Great Bradley 6 m. N. from **Haverhill**,

- runs 6 m. to Kedington (2 m. W. of **Haverhill**), and 2 m. below, at **Sturmer**, is joined on right bank by **Albery brook**, which rises 4 m. above **Haverhill**, and joins **Stour** 2 m. below. 1 m. down **Stour**, **Birdbrook**, 6 m. long, joins on right bank. **Stour** runs to **Stoke** 3 m., **Clare** 3 m., **Cavendish** 3 m., and 3 m. down is joined on left bank by **Glemsford brook**, which rises 5 or 6 m. above **Glemsford**, and joins **Stour** 2 m. down (from **Glemsford** to some way down **Stour** the stream is preserved by a society at **Sudbury**). **Stour** runs 2 m. to **Melford**, and here **Melford brook**, 8 m. long, joins on left bank. 3 m. down **Stour**, **Bardfield brook**, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. **Stour** runs 1 m. to **Sudbury**, **Bure** 6 m., and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by a brook draining **Assington Mill pond** 3 m. up. **Stour** runs to **Wiston Mill** 3 m. (here ends the **Sudbury Club** fishing), **Mayland** 1 m., and 4 m. down is joined on left bank by **Boxford river**. **Boxford** rises 5 m. above **Boxford** (n.e. **Sudbury**, 6 m.), and joins **Stour** 7 m. down. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down **Stour**, **Brett** joins on left bank. **Brett** rises in the **Brettenham Park pond** 4 m. N.E. from **Lavenham**, and 5 m. down is joined on right bank by **Lavenham brook**. **Lavenham** rises above **Cockfield**, runs 5 m. to **Lavenham**, and **Brett** 5 m. **Brett** runs 8 m. to **Hadleigh**, and 6 m. to **Stour** at **Higham**. **Stour** runs 7 m. to **Manningtree**, and the estuary; 4 m. N.E. on the other side of **Stour** runs **Capel brook**. **Capel** rises above **Capel**, runs 6 m. to within 2 m. of **Bentley Station**, and 2 m. below waters the large mill pond of **Stutton** close to its junction with **Stour**, 4 m. N.E. of **Manningtree**.
- Mansfield** (Notts).—M.R. Maun. **Coldwell brook**. **Rainworth water**, 3 m. S.E. at **Blidsworth**. **Meden**, 4 m. N.W. at **Pleaaby**. **Lakes**: **King's Mill** reservoir, 2 m. S.W. **Bath Wood lake**, 3 m. S.W. at **Sutton**. Four ponds by **Rainworth**, 3 m. S.E. (See *Althorpe*.)
- Mansfield Woodhouse** (Notts).—M.R. Maun, 1 m. E. **Meden**, 2 m. N. **Vicay water**, 3 m. E. **Lakes**: **Park Hall**, 2 m. N.E. (See *Althorpe*.)
- Manton** (Rutland).—M.R. G.N.R. **Gwash**. **Chater**, 1 m. S. (See *Spalding*.)
- Marazion** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. **Marazion water**, 6 m. long.
- March** (Cams.).—G.E.B. and G.N.R. **Old river Nen**; pike, perch, bream, &c. Innumerable fen drains. (See *Wisbeach*.)
- Marchington** (Stafford). L. & N.W.R., G.N.R., M.R. **Dove**; chub, barbel, bream, pike, trout. (c.s. *Trent*.) **Somershall brook**. **Marchington brook**. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Margate**.—The deep-line fishing off **Margate** is good; the whittings run large. The bass—called locally the salmon dace—is taken close in at high water with a spoon bait. They are often taken off the jetty with rod and line, as also whiting and flounders, the hook baited with a piece of oyster. Fish from a boat where the gulls hover; you will take some fine bass with the spoon. Mulletts are abundant, and cod are taken with the long line, which the fishermen shoot at one tide and take up at another, with sometimes more than a hundred hooks thereon, baited with sprats as fresh as it is possible to obtain them. A portion of the skate resembling sweetbread, and of which mulletts are exceedingly fond, is here used as a bait. Fishing off **Ramsgate** is better than that off **Margate**, and there is good dab fishing in the Downs off **Deal**. Bass are found in the entrance of **Sandwich Haven**, and on the **North Foreland ledge**.
- Market Bosworth** (Leicester).—M.R. & L. & N.W.R. **Bosworth brook**, 1 m. N.; trout; preserved by the owner of **Bosworth Hall**. **Sence**, 3 m. W. **Tweed**, 3 m. S.W. **Lakes**: **The Duckery**, **Bosworth Park**, 1 m. S.; pike, &c. **Gabriel pool**, 3 m. N.E. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Market Deeping** (Lincoln).—n.s. **Deeping St. James**, 3 m. **Welland**; pike, perch, dace, roach; preserved by **Market Deeping Angling Society** hence down to **Kenuilphostone**, 6 m.; hon. members (one friend's ticket) 10s.; ordinary members, s.d. 6s. (if diving within 10 m. of the fishing boundary); for persons outside, s.d. 21s., w.t. 2s. 6d., d.t. 1s.; hon. sec., **S. B. Sharpe, Esq.**; fishing good, especially fly fishing for dace. **Glen**, 4 m. N. at **Kates Bridge**. (See *Boston*.)
- Market Drayton** (Salop).—G.W.R. **Tern**; a few trout, pike, roach, dace. **Coal brook**. **Hemp Mill brook** (3 m. N.E.). **Baile brook** (4 m. S.W.). **Lakes**: **Peats Wood lake** (1 m. S.E.). **Buntingsdale Hall lake** (2 m. S.W.). **Daisy lake** (3 m. N.E.). **New pool**, **Old pool**, and **Big pool** $3\frac{1}{2}$ m. N.W.). **Rose Hill ponds** (4 m. S.). **Heywood ponds** (4 m. S.E.). **Morden Mill pond** (4 m. W.). **Wardale ponds** (4 m. S.). **Cloverley pond** (5 m. N.W.). **Canal reservoirs**, **Great Saundley** (7 m. S.E.). (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Market Harborough** (Leicester).—M.R., L. & N.W.R. **Welland**. **Saddington brook**, 3 m. N. **Hardwick brook**, 4 m. N.E. at **Thorpe Lanston**. **Lakes**: **Gumley Hall lakes**, 4 m. N.W. **Saddington reservoir**, 5 m. N.W. (See *Spalding*.)
- Marks** (Essex).—G.E.R. **Roman river**. **Lakes**: **Birch Hall lake**. (See *Wyvenhoe*.)
- Marlesford** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. **Ora**. **Alde**, 3 m. N.E. (See *Orford*.)
- Marlborough** (Wilts.).—G.W.R. **Kennett**; trout. (See *London, M.T.*)
- Marsh Brook** (Salop).—S. & H.R. **Quenny brook**. **Eaton brook** (3 m. E.). **Clun** (3 m. S.W.); trout, grayling. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Marsh Mills** (Devon).—G.W.R. **Plym**; trout, sea trout; preserved. **Tory brook**. (See *Plymouth*.) (c.s. *Tamar*.)
- Marston Green** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. **Ulverley brook**. **Cole**, 2 m. N. **Lakes**: **Chelmley Wood ponds**, 1 m. N.E. **Colehill pool**, 2 m. W. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Marston Magna** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (See *Bridgwater*.)
- Martham** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. **Hundred stream** or **Thurne**. **Lakes**: **Martham Broad** (Mr **Thain**, **Somerton**), **Horsey mere**, 4 m. N. (R. **Rising**, **Eq.**) (See *Farmouth*.) **Inn**: **King's Arms**. (c.s. *N. and S.*)

- Martook** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (*See Bridgwater.*) (*c.s. Avon.*)
- Marton** (York).—On Leven. Leven rises at the head of Rosedale, receives several small streams, flows past Rosedale Abbey, Cropton, Linnington, Marton, Normanby, and Barngh into the Rye. Leven is a very good trout stream, from Linnington Mill upwards strictly preserved; from there downwards leave may sometimes be got; below Marton mostly free; grayling, pike, chub, dace, and a few trout. Good inn at Marton.
- Maryport** (Cumberland).—On Ellen; trout.
- Mary Tavy** (Devon).—G.W.R. Tavy; trout; preserved by Tamar and Plym Fishery Board, who issue tickets. Wolmer brook (2 m.). Walcombe (5 m.); trout. (*c.s. Tamar.*) (*See Plymouth.*)
- Masham**.—Yore. *Hotel*: King's Head, where leave can be had for 1½ m.
- Matlock Bath** (Derby).—M.R. Derwent; trout, grayling; preserved above up to Darley bridge by the Darley Dale Angling Club (*see Darley*), below to **Whatstandwell Bridge** by the Matlock Angling Association; s.t. 2½ m. m.t. 10s., w.t. 5s., d.t. 2s., to visitors only; trout begins March 25, ends Sept. 30, grayling June 15 to Jan. 31; bottom fishing allowed between Matlock bridge and Cromford. (*c.s. Trent.*) Bentley brook; trout. Amber, 6 m. E., at Rangewood bridge. *Hotels*: New Bath, Royal, and others. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Meare** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Brue; roach, dace, carp, pike; preserved above, and below to **Shapwick**. Godney brook. (*See Highbridge.*) (*c.s. Avon.*)
- Measham** (Leicester).—L. & N.W.R. Mease. (*c.s. Trent.*) (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Melbourne** (Derby).—M.R. Breddon. Carr brook. Trant, 2 m. N., at Weston Ferry (*see Weston, Gainsborough.*) (*c.s.*)
- Meldreth** (Cambs).—G.N.R. Rhee, 1 m.; good coarse fishing. (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Melford** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Stour; pike, perch, roach, carp, dace, bream, tench; preserved from the junction of Glemsford brook, 2 m. above **Melford**, to 4 m. below **Bure**, by the Sudbury Angling Club. Melford brook. Glemsford brook; same fish as Stour; preserved from Glemsford to Stour by above club. (*c.s. N. and S.*) (*See Manningtree.*)
- Melksham** (Wilts).—G.W.R. Avon; trout, perch, pike, chub, roach, dace, tench; preserved by the Melksham Angling Association from the town bridge on both banks as far as Monkton (down stream), and then on one side only nearly to Holt station; s.t. 2s. 6d., m.t. 1s., d.t. 6d., for coarse fish; s.t. 5s., m.t. 2s., d.t. 1s., including trout. (*c.s. Avon.*) The Wilts and Berks Canal runs through Melksham (d.t. 3d.), and joins the Kennet and Avon Canal at Semington about 3 m. from here (free). There are also numerous ponds and brooks containing good fish. *Hotel*: King's Arms. Lodgings can always be obtained. Above bridge there is plenty of pike and coarse fishing, with leave from the farmers, almost as far as Lacock.
- Mellis** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. (*See Botesdale, King's Lynn.*)
- Meltham** (York).—G.N.R. L. & N.W.R. M.R. *Lakes*: Deerhill reservoir, 6 m.; roach; preserved by Huddersfield Angling Association. (*See Huddersfield.*)
- Melton** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Deben. (*See Woodbridge.*)
- Melton Mowbray** (Leicester).—M.R., G.N.R., L. & N.W.R. Wreak; roach, bream; polluted near the town (*c.s. Trent*). Melton brook. *Lakes*: Welby pond, 3 m. N.W. Saxelby pond, 4 m. N.W. Stapleford Park pond, 4 m. S.E. Leesthorpe pond, 4 m. S.E. Goadby Marwood lake, 6 m. N. Oroxton Park lakes, 6 m. N.E. Knipton reservoir, 8 m. N., at Branston. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Menheniot** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. St. Germans; trout. (*See St. Germans.*) Seaton river. (*See Liskeard.*) Seaton rises 4 m. N. of **Liskeard**, runs 1 m. E. of the town, and reaches **Menheniot** Station in 3 m.; thence to the sea is 6 m. (*c.s. Fowey.*) Looe, 3 m.; trout.
- Merstham** (Surrey).—S.E.R. (*See London, L.T.*) The lake in Gatton Park belongs to Mr. Coleman. There is a catchwater mill pond near, and a smaller one full of perch to the west of the lake. *Hotel*: The Feathers.
- Merton** (Surrey).—S.W.R. Wandle; trout. Below, the fish are nearly all destroyed. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Mevagissey** (Cornwall).—Excellent sea-fishing, especially in summer. There is, however, hardly any fishing from the shore. Off Chapel Point, and round the Gwineas Rocks, are good places for pollack. Shoals of large bass frequent the Gwineas during May and June. There are two small inns at Mevagissey, and lodgings can also be had. Small trout in the brook. 4 m. off, at St. Ewe, free trouting can be had in Ewe; good. (*c.s. Fowey.*)
- Mickleover** (Derby).—G.N.R. *Lakes*: Radburn pond, 3 m. N.W. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Middleham** (York).—*Inns*: White Swan. Yore and Cover; trout and grayling; good fishing, free for 4 m.; leave obtainable elsewhere. (*See Leyburn.*)
- Middlewich** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Dane. Wheelock. Croco. Sanderson's brook. Weaver, 3 m. W. *Lakes*: Stocks Hill lake, 3 m. W. (*See Frodsham.*)
- Milford** (Somerset).—S. & D.J.R. (*See Bristol.*) On Avon. (*c.s.*)
- Milgham** (Berks).—G.W.R. Kennet. Embourne. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Midhurst** (Sussex).—L. & S.W.R., & L.B. & S.C.R. Western Rother: pike, bream, trout, carp, roach. Fishing free from hence to Pulborough. (*See Littlehampton.*)
- Midsomer Norton** (Somerset).—S. & D.J.R. (*See Bristol.*)
- Milborne Port** (Somerset).—S.W.R. (*See Bridgwater.*)
- Mildenhall** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Lark; dace, roach, rudd, carp, trout; good fishing free. Kent, 3 m. S.W., at Freckenham. *Hotels*: White Hart, Bell, and The Bull at Barton Mills. (*See King's Lynn.*)

- Milford** (Surrey).—P.D.R. There are some lakes on Pattenham Common. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Milloote** (Warwick).—G.W.R. Avon; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, bream. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Miller's Dale** (Derby).—M.R. Wye; trout, grayling; preserved by a club of limited numbers. (*c.s. Trent.*) (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Milnthorpe** (Westland).—On Bela; trout. *Inn*: Cross Keys. Preserved by the Milnthorpe Angling Society of 35 members; entrance, one guinea; s.t., 42s.; hon. sec., L. Elburn, Esq., Milnthorpe. Each member may take a friend staying in his house. Fishing begins March 2, and ends Oct. 1. The fishing is very good in March, April, May, and September (*c.s. Kent.*)
- Milton** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Trent. (*c.s.*) Foxley brook. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Milverton** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Milverton brook and Norton brook. (*See Bridgwater.*)
- Minhead** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (*See Linton.*)
- Minety** (Wilts).—G.W.R. (*See Bristol.*) On Bredon Pond.
- Minshall Vernon** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.B. Weaver, 1 m. W. Wheelock, 1 m. E. Ash brook, 3 m. W. (*See Frodsham.*)
- Minster** (Kent).—A. & R.R. On Stour; good coarse fishing. Preserved by the Canterbury Angling Association; tickets at the inn. *Inn*: New Inn. (*c.s.*) (*See Sandwich.*)
- Minsterley** (Salop).—M.B.R. Bea; trout, grayling. Minsterley brook. Habblerley brook (3 m. S.E.). *Lakes*: Marton pool (7 m. S.W.) (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Misterton** (Notts).—G.N.B. Marther drain. Trent. Idle, 6 m. W. (*c.s. Trent.*) (*See Althorpe.*)
- Misterton** (Somerset).—S.W.R. (*See Seaton.*) Axe; trout. (*c.s.*)
- Mitcham** (Surrey).—S.W.R. Wandle; trout. Preserved, but much polluted below. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Mitcheldean Road** (Hereford).—H. & G.R. Budhall brook. (*See Chepstow.*)
- Molland** (Devon).—G.W.B. Yeo. Molland water. Knowstone water (3 m.). (*c.s. Taw.*) (*See Barnstaple.*)
- Monmouth**.—G.W.R. & M.B. Wye; pike, chub, dace, perch, salmon, trout; fishing fair. Monnow; chub, dace, trout; fishing free for 1 m. up, thence it is preserved to Pontillas by Mr. Graham. Trothy; trout; preserved (*c.s.*) (*See Chepstow.*) *Hotel*: Beaufort Arms, where fishing can be had in Wye and Monnow.
- Monsal Dale** (Derby).—M.R. Wye; trout, grayling; leave from the Duke of Devonshire. (*c.s. Trent.*) (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Moorhampton** (Hereford).—H.H. & B.R. Lugwas brook (1 m.). Stretford brook (3½ m.) (*See Chepstow.*)
- Moortown** (York).—M.S. & L.E. Some trouting can be had in the beck running near the station; it is, however, much wooded. The fishing at Riverhead is open all the year; d.t., 1s.; s.t., 6s.
- Morched Road** (Devon).—N.D.R. Braddiford brook. (*See Barnstaple.*)
- Mordebath** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Bampton brook. (*See Exeter.*)
- Moreton Hampstead** (Devon).—G.W.R. *Hotel*: White Hart. (*See Teignmouth.*) On Teign and Bovey; trout. The river Teign is preserved from Stepsbridge to Lees Teign 12 m. Tickets at the White Hart and at Steps Inn, Steps Bridge. The landlord of the White Hart grants tickets also for the upper part of the Bovey. (*c.s.*)
- Moreton** (Dorset).—S.W.R. Frome, Piddle; trout, salmon. (*See Wareham.*) (*c.s.*)
- Moreton-on-Lug** (Hereford).—S. & H.R. Lug; trout, grayling, pike, perch, roach, dace (*c.s. Wye*); preserved above by the Bodenham Club. (*See Dinmore.*) Derndale brook (1 m.). Sutton brook (2½ m.) (*See Chepstow.*)
- Morpeth** (Northland.).—On Wansbeck; trout. There are 5 m. or 6 m. of open water below the town. Above this water the river belongs to several private persons, who, however, are liberal to stranger gentlemen. There are several feeders of the Wansbeck, where sport is good at times, and leave easily obtained.
- Mortehoe** (Devon).—S.W.R. (*See Braunton.*)
- Mortimer** (Berks.).—B. & R.R. Strathfieldsay is near. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Mortlake** (Surrey).—S.W.R. Thames. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Mottisfont** (Hants.).—S.W.R. On Test; plenty of trout, but closely preserved. (*See Southampton.*)
- Moulsford** (Berks.).—G.W.R. On Thames. *Inn*: Beetle and Wedge. *Fishermen*: J. Cox and Swadling. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Much Wenlock** (Salop).—C. & M.W.R. Hughley brook (1½ m. N.W.). Beggarhill brook (3 m. S.E.). Mor brook (3½ m. S.E.); trout. Severn (4 m. N.); chub, pike, dace, salmon, trout. *Lakes*: Marsh ponds (1½ m. E.). Willey Park ponds (3 m. E.). (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Mullion** (Cornwall).—(n.s.) *Fenryn*, 19 m.) Mullion brook. Mullion rises in Hayle Pool near Buan Major, and is 3 m. long. Good pollack, conger, &c., fishing at sea.
- Musgrave** (Westland.).—E.V. & B.C.R. Eden; trout. Angill Beck runs near; trout.
- Mutford Bridge** (Lowestoft) (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Waveney, 2½ m. N.W.; bream, roach, perch, pike; free. *Lakes*: Oulton Broad; same fish; leave and boats at the Wherry Hotel. Lake Lothing. Flinton Decoy, 2½ m. N. Lake at the Villa, 2½ m. N. (*See Yarmouth.*) (*c.s. Norfolk and Suffolk.*)
- Nailsea** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Kenn; trout, coarse fish. *Inn*: Battle Axes. *Lakes*: Nailsea ponds; pike, perch, carp, roach, rudd; leave from the station master, G.W.R.
- Nailsworth** (Gloucester).—M.B. Nailsworth brook. (*See Stonehouse.*) *Lakes*: Long-

- thorpe lake; pike, carp; leave from C. Playne, Esq., Thescombe House, or Hon. Mrs. Ricardo. Woodchester Park lake; pike; leave difficult to obtain.
- Nantwich** (Cheshire).—G.W.R., L. & N.W.R. Weaver: coarse fish, trout. Baddiley brook, 1 m. S. Cheer brook, 1 m. E. Artle brook, 2 m. S.E., at Howbeck Bridge. Howbeck brook, 2 m. S.E. Pool brook, 3 m. N.W. *Lakes*: Harleston Lake, 3 m. N.W. Doddington Park, 4 m. S.E. (See *Frodsham*.)
- Nantyderry** (Monmouth).—N.A. & H.R. Usk; salmon, trout. Llanarth brook 3 m. (See *Newport*.) (c.s.)
- Narborough** (Leicester).—L. & N.W.R. Soar (c.s. *Trent*). Whetstone brook. Normanton brook, 2 m. W. Billesdon brook, 2 m. N.E. *Lakes*: Normanton Hall lake, 4 m. N.W. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Narborough** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Nar; excellent trouting; strictly preserved. (See *King's Lynn*.) (c.s. *N. and S.*)
- Naseby** (Northampton).—n.a. *Kilworth*, 5 m.) Avon rises in the large reservoir W. of the town. (See *Gloucester*.)
- Nassington** (Northon).—L. & N.W.R. Nen; pike, perch, bream, chub, tench, &c. (See *Wisbeach*.)
- Navenby** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Brant, 2 m. W., at Skinnand. Witham, 4 m. W. at Basingham. (See *Boston*.)
- Nayland** (Suffolk).—N.S. *Colchester*, 6 m. G.E.R. Stour; pike, perch, roach, carp, dace, bream, tench. 1 m. above, at Wiston Mill, ends the fishery of the Sudbury Angling Club (See *Sudbury*.) Boxford, 3 m. N.E. (c.s. *N. and S.*) (See *Marningtree*.)
- Nedham Market** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Gipping; roach, perch, pike, tench. *Lake*: Boamere, 1 m. S.E. (See *Ipswich*.)
- Neen Sollars** (Salop).—T. & B.R. Bea; trout; private. Rannah brook. Hopton brook. Hopper brook (2½ m. N.W.). (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Netherton** (York).—L. & N.W.R. *Lakes*: Blackmoorfoot reservoir; pike, perch; preserved by the Huddersfield Angling Association. (See *Huddersfield*.)
- Netherwastdale**.—On Wastwater Lake; trout. The fishing on both lake and river free. Sport is good in May and June. There are also several small tarns in the hills but the fishing is indifferent. There are two small inns at Netherwastdale, both clean and comfortable. The *Drigg Station* (W.R.) is distant 6 m. One of the best flies is a red and orange body, gold twist, and woodcock's wing. The banks of the river are heavily wooded. Brown and dun flies are very killing. The charge for boats, including boatman, 4s. per day. Red and black hackles ribbed are good flies; also one with black silk body, black hackle, and crow's wing. The dotterel hackle and a fly with peacock's tail, body tipped with gold, hackle black or red, wings mallard, are also good and so is the coachy-bonddhu. Sprinkling Tarn holds large trout. Burnmoor Tarn large pike and eels. After heavy floods good sport in the river that runs into Wastwater. (c.s. *Cumberland*.)
- Newark-on-Trent** (Notts).—G.N.R., L. & N.W.R., M.R. Trent; roach, dace, perch, pike, chub, barbel, bream; preserved below by Newark and Muskham Fishery Association; d.t. from D. Slater, fishacklet, Newark; there is some free water (c.s.). Devon; same fish. Carr dyke, 2 m. S.W. at Hawton. Pingley dyke, 3 m. N.W. at Averham. Witham, 4 m. S.E. at Barnby. Crossby dyke, 5 m. N. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Newbridge** (Monmouth).—W.V.R. Ebwy; trout, salmon. Usk; salmon, trout, chub, grayling, pike, perch; preserved by the United Usk Fisheries Association; salmon and trout rod licences 20s. and 1s.; troutling, w.t. 10s., d.t. 2s. 6d., together with rod licences, from hotel. (See *Usk*; *Brecknock*.) *Hotel*: Newbridge Hotel. (c.s. *Usk*.) (See *Newport*.)
- Newbury** (Berks).—G.W.R. On Kennet and Lambourne and Embourne (2 m.). *Hotels*: Swan (on the London-road) (see *Advertisements*), Chequers, Jack of Newbury, White Hart. The Newbury District Angling Association preserves the Lambourne, and the Kennet hence to Aldermaston. (See *London, M.T.*) Good trouting in Lambourne, and good general fishing in Kennet. S.t. for both streams (entrance 21s.) 21s.; d.t. Lambourne 6s., Kennet 2s. 6d.; fly only on Lambourne; Kennet only (entrance 10s.), s.t. 10s. Sec., Mr. J. Smith, Northbrook-street.
- Newcastle-under-Lyme** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R., M.R. Lyme. Fowler brook, 1 m. N.E. Trent, 2 m. S.E. (c.s.). Northwood brook, 2 m. S. Foxley brook, 5 m. N.E. *Lakes*: Ponds on racecourse, 2 m. N.W. Keel Hall Park lakes, 2 m. S.W. Trentham Park lakes, 4 m. S.E. Whitmore Park, 4 m. S.W. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Newent** (Gloucester).—(n.a. *Gloucester*, 10 m.) Newent brook. (See *Gloucester*.)
- Newhaven** (Sussex).—N.R. On Ouse. Ouse rises in two large ponds close to Slaugham village, and in 6 m. is joined by a stream on left bank, which rises in a large lake at Balcombe, 2 m. down from which a stream joins on left bank, which drains two or three ponds 1½ m. up. ¾ m. below this Ouse is reached. 4 m. down Ouse a stream joins on left bank, 4½ m. long, which rises in a lake by Horsted Keynes. 5 m. down Ouse, near Fletching, a stream 3 m. long, which runs out of some large lakes in Sheffield Park, and mill, joins on left bank (preserved by Lord Sheffield). 3 m. down, at Sharp's lock (where the water preserved by the Lewes Angling Society begins), a stream, 3 m. long, joins on left bank, one branch of which flows out of a lake in Maresfield Park and the other from a large pond in the village (n.a. *Buxted*). Ouse next flows in 3 m. to *Infield*. Here a stream joins on left bank, which rises in a lake by High Hurst Wood, 3 m. N. of *Buxted*. At *Buxted* a stream joins on left bank, 4 m. long, which drains several ponds and mill

dams. Next **Uckfield** is reached in 2 m. and **Isfield** in 3½ m., 1½ m. below **Isfield**, two streams join Ouse, one on the right bank and the other on left bank. The right-hand stream rises in a lake by Chally, flows 2 m. to Old Park, where it waters a large lake, and then 2½ m. on to the Ouse. The stream on the left bank is 2 m. long, and drains some large lakes near Mole Wood. Ouse next flows in two branches to **Barcombe** 2 m., thence to **Lewes**, 6 m. 3 m. below a stream, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. **Glynd** is in the centre of it. Thence to **Newhaven** (N.R.) is 6 m., passing Rodmill. Tarring Nivelle, Piddinghoe, South Houghton, and Denton. 1 m. from **Newhaven** Ouse joins the sea. (c.s.) Fair sea fishing, whiting, &c. Bass at harbour's mouth and round Beachy Head. Good fishing from the pier. (c.s.)

Newmill End (Herts.).—M.R. & G.N.R. On Lea. (See *Stratford*.)

Newnham Bridge (Worcester).—T. & B.R. Teme; trout, chub, grayling, dace, roach, perch, pike; preserved above by the Tenbury Angling Association; below, privately. (See *Tenbury*.) Bea; trout, grayling (below), chub. Piper's brook (2 m. E.). Lakes: Bickley pools (2 m. N.); trout, pike, perch, roach, carp; preserved by Lord Dudley. Stamford Park lake (7 m. S.E.) *Inn*: Talbot; comfortable. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Bevern*.)

New Passage (Gloucester).—G.W.B. Pining brook. Pining rises 5 m. N.E. of **Pining** (G.W.B.), and runs to **New Passage** 3 m. 2 m. N. Olveston brook joins the sea; it is 4 m. long.

Newport (Essex).—G.E.R. Cam. Lakes: Deliden Park, 2 m. E. (See *King's Lynn*.)

Newport (Monmouth).—G.W.B. Usk; salmon, trout. Ebwy; salmon, trout. Usk rises in Brecon 12 m. above **Devynock**, in a small lake full of trout. 7 m. from the source, Hydfer (trout), 5 m. long, joins on right bank. 2 m. down, at Treacase (a good inn, and fishing free above, but preserved below by United Usk Fisheries Association; trout rod licences 1s., of the postmaster) (see *Brecon*), a stream joins on left bank, which, dividing in two parts at Llywel, is 5 m. long. 2 m. down, Clydach (4 m. long) and Cray join Usk (n.s. **Devynock**, 2 m.), one on left bank and the other on right bank. Cray rises 3 m. above **Cray Station**, and is 7 m. long. Usk runs 2 m. to **Devynock**. Here Senni joins on right bank. Senni is 6 m. long, and receives on left bank Treweren, 4 m. long, close to the town. 2 m. down Usk, Cillen joins on left bank. Cillen is 9 m. long, and is joined by Llandeilor brook on right bank midway down. Usk runs 3 m. to **Aberbran**. Here Bran, 11 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Usk, at Aberysir, Ycyr joins on left bank. 4 m. above the junction Ycyr divides into two parts, Ycyr-fechan and Ycyr-faur, each some 8 m. long. Usk runs in 3½ m. to **Brecknock** (N. & R.R.); there Honddu joins on left bank, and Tarett on right bank. Honddu rises 4 m. above Capel Dyffryn, runs 4 m. to Llanfihangel-fechan, and **Brecknock** 6 m. Tarett rises on the Beacons, and 6 m. down is joined on right bank by a brook rising in Llyn-cwm-llwch, 4 m. up. Tarett runs 2 m. to Usk. 2½ m. down Usk, Cynrig, 5 m. long, joins on right bank, and 2 m. down Usk, at Llanhamliath (n.s. **Taly-llyn Junction**, N. & R.R., 2 m.), Mehascia, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. 3 m. down Usk, at Llanisafnroff or **Taly-bont** (B. & M.T.J.R.) (preserved by the United Usk Fisheries Association; salmon and trout rod licences 20s. and 1s.), Alwynd joins on right bank. This stream rises near **Torpantau Station**, and is 8 m. long. 3 m. down Usk, Dyfferyn, 4 m. long, joins on right bank, and 1½ m. down, Hogwy, 3 m. long, joins on right bank, passing Llangynidr 1 m. up from the junction (preserved by U.F.F.A. *Hotel*, Red Lion, where licences can be had, see *Brecknock*). 2 m. down Usk, Rhiangoll joins on left bank. Rhiangoll rises 4 m. S.W. of **Tolgarth**, runs 5 m. to Llanfihangel, 3 m. to Tretower, and Usk 1 m. Usk runs in 2 m. to Crickhowel (n.s. **Gilwern**, 4 m.) (The trouting is very good both above and below the town. The fishing for the most part belongs to the Duke of Beaufort, Archdeacon Davies, Mr. Miles, and Sir J. Bailey, who are liberal to stranger gentlemen; and the United Usk Fisheries Association; salmon and trout rod licences 20s. and 1s., from Mr. Harris, chemist. March and April are best for trout; salmon fishing varies with the water. *Hotel*: Bear, which has two miles of salmon and trout fishing free to visitors at hotel.) 2 m. down, Grwyne (trout) joins Usk on right bank. Grwyne rises 6 m. across country from **Tolgarth**, runs 13 m. to Llanbedr, 2 m. from Crickhowel, where it is joined on right bank by Grwyne-fechan, 7 m. long. 3 m. down is Usk. 1 m. down Usk, Clydach, which rises 4 m. above **Gilwern Station** and is 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Usk runs to **Govilon** 4 m., where Wenarth joins on right bank. Wenarth rises in the Forge Pond 2 m. S. of the station, and is 3 m. long. Usk runs to **Abergavenny** 2 m. Here Gavenny joins on left bank. Gavenny rises near **Llanfihangel**, and is 5 m. long. Usk runs 3 m. to **Penpergwm** 2 m., below which Llanover Brook, which rises in a small lake and is 6 m. long, joins on right bank, and 1 m. down Usk, Llangattock brook, which runs 1½ m. E. of **Penpergwm** and is 3 m. long, joins on left bank. ½ m. down Usk, Llanarth brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Usk runs 3 m. to **Hanty-derry**, and Usk 5 m. Here Olway river runs close to the town, and joins Usk on left bank 2 m. down. Olway rises by Trelech (n.s. **Bigweir**, 2 m. E.), and 5 m. down is joined on right bank by a brook 4 m. long. 1 m. down Olway, at **Llandenny**, Raglan brook, which rises by **Raglan** and is 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Olway, Pill brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Olway runs 3 m. to **Usk**, and Usk river 2 m. Usk runs to Kemeys Inferior 5 m. (preserved by the United Usk Fisheries Association; trout rod licences 1s., from the toll-house, Pont Kemeys), and 3 m. on is joined on right bank by a brook which rises by **Panteg** and is 7 m. long. Usk runs to **Caerleon**, 1 m. Here Llywd joins on right bank. Llywd rises 2 m. above **Blaen-Afon**, runs to **Cwm Afon** 3 m., **Aber-**

syohan 2 m., Pontypool 2 m., Panteg 2 m., Pontrhydryan 1 m., Pontnewydd m., Cwmbran 1 m., and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by Dowlas brook, which rises 2 m. N. or **Llanterman**, and is 4 m. long. **Liwyd** joins **Uak 3 m. down.** **Uak** runs 4 m. to **Newport**, to which point the tide flows (salmon rod licees 20s., and trout rod licees 1s., and w.t. 10s. and d.t. 2s. 6d. for trout, from Mr. Mullock, stationer.) (See *Uak*.) **March** and **April** are the best trouting months, and **April** to **October** for salmon. **Flies** for **Uak** are **March** brown, with more yellow in the body; blue and yellow duns; coch-y-bonddu; spider fly, body, dark slate blue; *hackle*, long, black; *wing*, hen pheasant's; **Hoffmand's** Fancy and the spinners. At the end of **May** the "little purple" comes on (body, dark mole; *hackle*, dark grizzly blue; *wing*, dark starling). At the same time a large yellow dun comes on, and continues during the season (hook No. 9; body, yellow ribbed with gold; *hackle*, smoky, golden tipped; *wing*, light starling). This and the alder dressed buzz are the best general flies. The black gnat, stone fly, the fern fly (dark orange-red body, light blue *hackle*, and hen pheasant wing), and the large cinnamon, are also useful flies. The larger flies, as the cob, alder, large spinner, and large dun, must be dressed on No. 9 hooks, the others on 10, and the purple and gnats on 11 and 12. Mr. Francis recommends these salmon flies as good general Welsh patterns: 1. Gold tip, pale blue sprigs of Indian jay and flamingo, or ibis, or red macaw fibres for tail, orange wool body, brown *hackle*, long and full all the way up; gold tinsel sparingly, and brown mottled turkey wing; black head. 2. Tip and tail as before; light orange silk body; yellow *hackle* long and full, gold twist sparingly, and dirty red *hackle* at shoulder; mottled turkey wing. 3. Tail and tip as before; dirty yellow wool body; golden olive *hackle*; gold twist fine, large bunch of peacock's harl for wings. 4. Gold tip, two red macaw fibres, and a gold pheasant's topping for tail; dark brown wool body; golden olive (rather inclining to orange) *hackle*, with black tints to the fibres, spare gold twist, turkey wing. 5. Gold pheasant tippet tail, dark brown wool body, bronzed olive *hackle*, with darkish dirty green tips, turkey wing, no tinsel. 6. Gold tip, fancy tail of two sprigs of blue macaw, light yellow toucan feather and small green parrot feather (this tail is not indispensable), two twists of ostrich harl (black), over yellow silk body, gold tinsel, and light smoky blue *hackle* with golden tips; wing, two blittern's *hackles*. All the *hackles* are dressed very full and long, and most of the bodies are fattish. Hooks, about No. 7 or No. 8, salmon size. Another good **Uak** fly has a bit of yellow floss silk for tail, a pale yellow or lemon body, pale blue or dun *hackle*, and wings of either the striped feathers under a hawk's, or snipe's, or woodcock's wing, dyed pale yellow. *Hotel*: Westgate. (c.s.)

EBWY rises 2 or 3 m. above **Beaufort**, and passing there runs to **Ebbw Vale** (2 m.), **Victoria** (1 m.), **Cwm** (2 m.), **Aberbeeg** (3 m.). Here **Ebwy** fash, which rises above **Blaina**, runs thence to **Aberillery** (3 m.) and **Aberbeeg** (2 m.), joins on left bank. 2 m. down **Ebwy**, by **Crumlin**, a stream joins on right bank $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. long, which drains a pond—**Ponnd-y-Coed-Cae**, 2 m. S.W. from **Aberbeeg**. **Ebwy** runs to **Newbridge** (1 m.), **Abercarne** (1 m.), **Cross Keys** (1 m.). Here **Sirhowey** joins on right bank. **Sirhowey** rises in **Llyn-gurn-fawr** 3 m. N.W. from **Trefil**, and 2 m. down is joined on left bank by a stream draining a pond 1 m. up. 1 m. down **Sirhowey**, **Naut-y-llecha** joins on right bank, draining a pond 3 m. up. **Sirhowey** runs to **Tredegar** (2 m.), **Holly Bush** (5 m.), **Argeod** (3 m.), **Black Wood** (3 m.), **Tredegar Junction** (3 m.), **Ynyddu** (2 m.), and **Cross Keys** (4 m.). **Ebwy** runs to **Risca** (1 m.), **Tydee** (3 m.), **Bassaleg** (2 m. from **Newports**) $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. **Ebwy** joins **Uak** Estuary 8 m. down. (c.s. *Uak*.)

Newport Pagnel (Bucks).—L. & N.W.R. Ouse. (c.s. *N. and S.*) Ousel. (See *King's Lynn*.)

Newport (Salop). S.U.R.—**Meess** (1 m. N.); trout; private. **Strine** (3 m. W.); private. **Lorneo** brook (3 m. N.). **Brockton** brook (3 m. S.). **Ellerton** brook (5 m. N.W.). **Lakes**: **Chetwynd** Park pond (1 m. N.). **Aquadale** mere (2 m. N.E.); pike, bream; Sir J. Boughey, who sometimes gives leave. **Minton's**, **Limekiln** and **Wildmoor** pools (3 m. S.). (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.) *Hotel*: **Victoria**.

New Quay (Cornwall).—G.W.R. **Kestle** water. **Kestle** rises 1 m. S.W. from **St. Columb** Station, runs 5 m., and is joined on left bank by **Tredinick** water. **Tredinick** rises 2 m. N. of **St. Michael's** (n.s. **Grampound**, G.W.R., 6 m.) 3 m. down, **Newlyn** water, which rises on **Newlyn** Down, runs by **Newlyn**, and is 3 m. long, joins on left bank. **Tredinick** runs 2 m. to **Kestle**. 1 m. down **Kestle**, **Stringer's** water, which rises a short distance N. of **Newlyn** and is $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. long, joins on left bank. **Kestle** runs to the sea and **New Quay** in 2 m. (c.s. *Camel*.) 2 m. N. from **New Quay** runs **Mellincoose** water, which rises 1 m. N. from **St. Columb** Station, runs 7 m. to **St. Columb** Minor, where it is joined by **Trawincove** water, 2 m. long, and runs to the sea in 1 m. 2 m. S.W. from **New Quay**, at **Crantock**, runs **Trevora** water, 3 m. long. 4 m. W. down the coast from **New Quay** into **Holywell** Bay runs **Holywell** brook, 6 m. long. Fair sea fishing.

New Shoreham (Sussex).—On **Adur**. **Adur** rises in a lake by the railway 2 m. west of **Burgess Hill**. In $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. a stream $\frac{1}{2}$ m. long joins on right bank, which drains a large lake. 2 m. on a stream joins on right bank, 1 m. long, which drains two large ponds near **Bolney** village. 2 m. on a stream joins on left bank, which rises by **Hassocks Gate** Station, and is 5 m. long, supplying three mills. 1 m. down **Adur**, at **Shermanbury**, a stream joins on right bank, which rises in some lakes 9 m. off. **Cowfold** village is half-way up this stream. 2 m. down **Adur**, where the railway crosses (n.s. **Henfield**), a stream joins on left bank, which rises in some ponds at **Strude** Garden, 1 m. west of **Hassocks Gate** Station, and in 6 m. is joined by a stream on the left bank, 2 m. long, which rises in a

- large lake at Woodmancote (n.s. **Henfield**, 3 m.) 1½ m. on, this stream joins Adur. ¼ m. down, at **Henfield** a large stream joins on right bank, which rises 1 m. east of **Billinghurst**, and after 7 m. is joined by a stream on right bank, which runs out of a large lake 1½ m. off. ¼ m. down a stream joins on left bank, which drains Knepp pond (n.s. **Grinstead**, 1½ m. off.) 2½ m. down stream, 1 m. south-west of **Partridge Green** Station, a stream joins on the right bank, which drains some ponds near **Ashington**, and is 3½ m. long. 1½ m. down, Adur is reached. Adur runs to **Steyning**, 5 m., where a stream joins on the right bank, which drains two ponds at **Wiston**, 2½ m. off; Adur runs to **Bramber** 1 m., and **Shoreham** 5 m., passing **Botolphs** and **Combes**. Bass at harbour's mouth, and a variety of sea fish outside and in the offing.
- Newthorpe** (Notts).—G.N.R. Erewash. *Lakes*: Shipley Hall reservoir, 2 m. W. Mapperly reservoir, 3 m. W. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Newton Abbot** (S. Devon).—G.W.R. On Teign; trout and a few salmon; preserved by the Lower Teign Fishing Association hence up to **Buckfastleigh**. *Hotels*: Globe and Magora. (*See Teignmouth*.) There are a few trout in the stream which joins Teign here. Fish above the town. (c.s.)
- Newton-le-Willows** (York).—Newton Beck runs near; trout. There is good jack, roach, bream, perch, and trout fishing in Newton dam; leave from Mr. Leigh's agent at Newton-le-Willows.
- Newton Road** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Tame. (c.s. *Trent*.) *Lakes*: Forge Pond. Red House Hall, 1 m. N.E. Bar Park, 2 m. E. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- New Walsingham** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Blakeney river. Blakeney rises 10 m. above this place, and 5 m. down is joined on right bank by a stream 4 m. long, which rises in a pond on Langham Common, 5 m. N.E. from **N. Walsingham**. Blakeney joins the sea 3 m. down.
- Norbury** (Derby).—M.B. Dove; trout, grayling. (c.s. *Trent*.) *Lakes*: Wootton Grange ponds, 2 m. N.W. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Norham** (Northland).—(*See Berwick*.)
- Northampton** M.R., L. & N.W.R.—Nen; pike, perch, bream, chub, &c.; preserved by Nen Angling Society hence to Doddington Mills; s.t. 21s. from the paper mills to Whiston Mill; 63s. for whole water; each subscriber of 63s. has 8 day tickets for friends; sons under 21 can fish free, but not troll; no Sunday fishing; 2 days' piking in any one week only allowed; hon. sec., J. B. Hensman, Esq. Wootton brook, 3 m. S. Billing brook, 4 m. N.E. *Lakes*: Abington Park, 1 m. N.E. Dallington Hall, 2 m. N.W. Overstone Park, 4 m. N.E. Althorp Park, 5 m. N.W. *Fishing Stations within reach*: Roade, Wolverton, Aylesbury, Boxmore, Towcester, Wappenham, Helmdon, Banbury, Weedon, Althorp Park, Rugby, Brampton, Brixworth, Lamport, Kilmash, Market Harborough, Rockingham, Castle Ashby, Wellingborough, Hlgham Ferrers, Thrapston, Oundle, Wansford, Peterborough, Olney, Bedford. (*See Wisbeach*.) *Hotel*: George.
- North Elmham** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Wensum. (c.s. *N. and S.*) *Lake*: Elmham Hall Lake. (*See Yarmouth*.)
- North Tawton** (Devon).—S.W.R. Taw. (c.s.) (*See Barnstaple*.)
- North Walsham** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Ant, 1 m. E. Guntton beck, 4 m. W. *Lakes*: Perch pond, Mill pond, Heath Plantation (2 m. S.). Antinham ponds (Lord Suffolk), 2 m. N.W. (*See Yarmouth*.)
- Northwich** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Weaver. Dane. Norcot brook. Budworth brook. Kincham brook. Birch brook, 4 m. N. Waterless brook, 5 m. N.E. *Lakes*: Pickmere mere, 2 m. N.E. Budworth mere, 2 m. N. Cogshall lake, 3 m. N.W. Arley Hall, 5 m. N.E. (*See Frodsham*.)
- North Wootton** (Norfolk).—(*See Castle Rising*.)
- Norton** (Salop).—S. & M.D.R. Tern; few trout, pike, roach, dace. (*See Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Norton Bridge** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Meese. (c.s. *Trent*.) Sow, 2 m. W. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Norton Fitzwarren** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Norton brook and Tone; trout. (*See Bridgwater*.) (c.s. *Avon*.)
- Norwich** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Yare; pike, perch, roach, bream, eel, tench, carp; free. (c.s. *N. and S.*) Tasse; same fish; free. Wensum; same fish; free. (c.s. *N. and S.*) All lakes and ponds hold the same fish; leave from the owners. *Hotels*: Norfolk, Royal, Maid's Head, and Bell. *Fishing stations within two hours of the city*: Whittingham, Brundall, Buckenham, Cantley, Reedham, Haddiscoe, St. Olave's, Somerleyton, Muford, Swainthorpe, Flordon, Harleston, Homersfield, Bungay, Geldeston, Beccles, Diss, Eye, Stowmarket, Ipswich, Wymondham, Salhouse, Wroxham, Worsted, North Walsham, Coltishall, Buxton, Aylsham, Acle, Hellesdon, Drayton, Attlebridge, Lenwade, Whitwell, Reepham, South Elmham.
- Norwood** (Surrey).—L.B. & S.C.R. The South Norwood Park Lake; jack, carp, perch, roach. Subscription 31s. 6d. per annum; d.t. 2s. 6d.; limited to 50 members. For tickets apply to A. Steer, Estate Office, South Norwood Park, Surrey.
- Nottingham**.—M.R. G.N.R. Trent; salmon, perch, roach, pike, chub, barbel; free on left bank from Trent Bridge up to **Beeston**, preserved on the right bank, s.t. 10s. (c.s.) Leam. Fairham brook, 3 m. S.W. Tottle brook, 4 m. W. Thurbeck, 4 m. S.E. *Lakes*: Bilborough Cut, 4 m. N.W. (*See Gainsborough*.) *Fishing stations within two hours*: Ambergate, Aslacton, Attenborough, Barrow, Barnston, Bushford, Beaston, Belper, Bleasby,

- Borrowash, Bottesford, Breadsall, Bulwell, Burton, Burton Joyce, Carlton, Castle Donnington, Chellaston, Codnor Park, Colwick, Cotham, Daybrook, Derby, Draycott, Duffield, East Norton, Eastwood, Eggington, Farnsfield, Flakerton, Grantham, Harby, Harringworth, Hathern, Hykeham, Huckall, Ilkston, Kegworth, Kimberley, Kirklington, Leicester, Limby, Lincoln, Long Eaton, Loughborough, Lowdham, Mansfield, Manton, Market Harborough, Melton Mowbray, Newark, Newthorpe, Pinxton, Pye Bridge, Radcliffe, Rolleston, Sandiacre, Sawley, Saxby, Sileby, Southwell, Spondon, Stanton, Sutton, Syston, Trent, Weston, Wissendine.
- Muneaton** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R., M.R. Anker (c.s. *Trent*.) Griff Brook. *Lakes*: Sedwood pool, 3 m. S.W. Arbury Park ponds, 4 m. S.W. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Munnington**.—On Rye; excellent trout fishing; leave hardly obtainable.
- Oakham** (Rutland).—M.R., G.N.R. Gwash, 3 m. S. Chater, 4 m. S. *Lakes*: Burley Park, 1 m. E. Exton Park, 8 m. N.E. *Fishing within two hours*: Manton, Harringworth, Geddington, Kettering, Wissendine, Saxby, Melton Mowbray, Upper Broughton, Plumtree, Edwalton, Nottingham. (See *Spalding*.)
- Oakhampton** (Devon).—S.W.R. On Taw; trout. Okement; trout. (c.s. *Taw*.) Marshford Brook, 3 m. (See *Bideford* and *Barnstaple*.) *Hotel*: White Hart, where tickets can be had.
- Oakamoro** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R., G.N.R. Churnet; trout, grayling; fishing spoilt by Leek drainage. (c.s. *Trent*.) (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Oakley** (Beds).—M.R. Ouse; coarse fish, except barbel; preserved hence to Passenham Bridge by the Duke of Bedford; good jacking. (c.s. *N. and S.*) (See *King's Lynn*.)
- Ockle Street** (Gloucester).—S.W.R. Denn brook, which rises 1 m. E. from Longhope station, and 4 m. down is joined on right bank by a brook 3 m. long. Denn runs to Severn (2 m.).
- Oxford** (Hunts).—G.N.R. Ouse; coarse fish, except barbel; 1 m. from here is a famous breasting station, called Barnes's Hole. (See *King's Lynn*.)
- Oldbury** (Worcester).—L. & N.W.R., G.W.R. Tame. (c.s. *Trent*.) *Lakes*: Oldbury Pond (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Old North Road Station** (Cambs).—L. & N.W.R. *Lakes*: Wimpole Park lakes; Lord Hardwick; good fishing, strictly preserved. (See *King's Lynn*.)
- Ollerton** (Notts).—N.s. **Tuxford**, 6 m. Maun. Rainworth brook. Meden, 3 m. N.W. *Lakes*: Rufford dam, 1 m. S. Thoresby Park, 3 m. N.W. (See *Althorpe*.)
- Olney** (Bucks).—M.R. Ouse; coarse fish, except barbel; private. (c.s. *N. and S.*) (See *King's Lynn*.)
- Onibury** (Salop).—S. & H.R. Onny; trout, grayling; preserved above. Teme (3 m. S.); trout, grayling, chub, dace. Corve (3 m. E.). *Lakes*: Decey pool (2 m. S.) (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Orford** (Suffolk).—N.s. **Snape**, 6 m. Ore or Alde. Alde rises 5 m. above Rendham. 2 m. W. from **Saxmundham**, and 5 m. down is joined on right bank by Ore. Ore rises in a large pond by **Framlingham**, runs 4 m. to **Parham**, **Mallesford** 3 m., and Alde 3 m. Alde runs 2 m. to **Snape**. Here **Saxmundham** brook, which rises 2 m. above **Saxmundham**, runs thence 5 m. to **Snape** and Alde, joins on left bank. Alde runs 8 m. to **Aldborough**, and **Orford** 5 m.
- Ormsby** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. *Lakes*: Ormsby (c.s.), Rollesby, and Filby Broad; leave required. (See *Yarmouth*.) *Inn*: Sportsman's Arms, Rollesby Bridge, where fishing can be had.
- Orrington** (Kent).—S.E.R. On Cray. (See *Dartford*.)
- Oswestry** (Salop).—G.W.R. Cynllith. Morda (1 m. S.). Tanat (6 m. S.W., at **Llan-y-blodwell**). Vyrnwy (8 m. S., at **Llanymynech**). *Lakes*: Aston lake (3 m. S.E.). Rhyddwyn (5 m. W.). Halston Hall (5 m. N.E.). (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Otford** (Kent).—N.K.R. Darent; trout. (See *Dartford*.)
- Otley** (York).—M.R. & N.E.R. On Wharfe; trout, grayling, chub, dace, barbel. Above this place Woodhead Beck joins at Burley Mill. This stream is polluted, and contains no fish. Above is Greenholme Mill, about which there is good fishing belonging to Messrs. Fison. In the Washbourne stream, 2 m. below this, there is some good trouting; leave to fish unattainable. There is an angling club at Otley of limited numbers, who preserve 5 m. of water; 3 m. between Otley and Pool is kept exclusively for members. S.L., 34; entrance, 2l. Secretary, Mr. Pratt, Otley. Season from April 1st to Jan. 31st. The landlord of the White Hart at Pool reserves some day tickets for a small portion for his guests. A portion is preserved also by the Earl of Harewood for 8 m. Permission for a day's fishing may be had by applying to the earl's steward. The pool below Harewood bridge is well stocked with grayling, trout, pike, and perch. Netherby Deep, 1 m. below, contains many barbel. Between Burley and Otley the river is strictly preserved, except a small portion by the roadside above Otley. The spring tides flow to Tadcaster Bridge, 6 m. above where the Wharfe joins the Ouse. (c.s. *York*.)
- Ottery Road** (Devon).—S.W.R. Otter and Tallwater Brook. (See *Ottery St. Mary*.) (c.s.)
- Ottery St. Mary** (Devon).—S.W.R. Otter and Tallwater Brook; trout, salmon. Otter rises at Otterford on the S. slopes of the Black Down Hills (n.s. **Taunton**, 8 m.); 2½ m. down a stream joins on left bank, working a mill 1 m. up. Otter runs to Upottery 3 m., and 4½ m. on is joined on right bank by Pennythorn Brook, 4 m. long. Otter runs in 2 m. to **Moniton** (S.W.R.). Here **Bianacombe** Brook, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down, **Awlescombe** brook joins on right bank, 4 m. long and working a mill. 2½ m. down Otter is **Ottery Road Station** (S.W.R.), 1 m. off the river on right bank, and 3 m. down is **Ottery St. Mary**. Here Tallwater Brook joins on right bank. Tallwater rises at Broadhembury (n.s. **Ottery**

- Roed**, 4 m.), runs in $5\frac{1}{2}$ m. to that station, working three mills, and **Ottery**, 3 m. Otter runs in $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. to **Tipton** (the water above here is private; from hence down to Clamour-bridge it is preserved by Hon. Mark Rolle. A single ticket for visitors can be had at the Imperial Hotel, Exmouth, and Rolle Arms, Budleigh Salterton), Newton Poppleford 2 m., Otterton 3 m. 1 m. down a small stream joins on right bank, working a mill above Budleigh 1 m. up. The tide flows to this junction, to which fishing is free. (See *c.s.*)
- Oulton Broad** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. (See *Mutford Bridge*.)
- Oundle** (Northton).—L. & N.W.R. Nen; pike, perch, bream, chub, tench, &c. *Lakes* Biggin, 1 m. W. Southwick lake, 3 m. N.W. Inn: Talbot. (See *Wisbeach*.)
- Over Seal** (Leicester).—L. & N.W.R. Seal brook. *Lakes*: Ashby Wolds reservoir, 1 m. N. Barrat pool, 1 m. S. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Overton** (Hants.).—S.W.R. On Test; trout and grayling; the fishing belongs to Capt. Brydges. (See *Southampton*.) Good accommodation.
- Overton** (Northton).—L. & N.W.R. and G.N.R. Nen; pike, perch, bream, chub, &c.; preserved by Lord Huntley. (See *Wisbeach*.)
- Oxford**.—O.R. Thames, Cherwell, and Isis. (See *London, M.T.*) *Hotels*: Clarendon, Wheat-sheaf, Roebuck, and Anchor. *Fishermen*: J. Bosom, P. and A. Bealey, D. Talboys.
- Padstow** (Cornwall).—(n.s. **Wades Bridge**. G.W.R. 8 m.) Petherick Water; trout. This stream rises 3 m. N. of **St. Columb** (G.W.R.) and is 7 m. long. (*c.s. Camel*.) In summer there are bass, also pollack by the rocky cliffs and round the shore of Stepper Point, round the Gull, Newland, and Penlike Point.
- Paignton** (Devon).—G.W.R. Pollack at back of pier, mackerel, bass, &c.; sand-eel seines kept.
- Pampisford** (Cambs).—G.E.R. Bourn; coarse fish, few trout. (See *King's Lynn*.)
- Pandy** (Hereford).—N.A. & H.R. *Hotel*: Pandys Inn. Monnow; trout; the Upper Monnow for 5 m., and Lower Monnow for 3 m., is preserved by the Upper Monnow Fishing Club of 18 members, at 10l. 10s. Hon. Sec., Gen. Gillespie, Trewyn House, near Abergavenny. Honddu preserved as above for $\frac{1}{2}$ m., and by the landowners above the club water. (*c.s. Wye*.) Full brook (2 m.). Olchon brook (4 m.). Eesley brook (5 m.). (See *Chepstow*.)
- Pangbourne** (Berks).—G.W.R. (See *London, M.T.*) Thames and Pang. Few trout, perch, pike, &c. *Inns*: George, Elephant and Castle, and Swan. *Fishermen*: G. Ashley, jun., W. Davidson. Over the weir at Whitechurch is the Bridge House, very comfortable. The fishing in the weir is rented by Mr. Hall, of the Elephant and Castle. The Pang is full of trout, especially near Tidmarsh, but is private, and belongs to Mrs. T. Breedon and R. Hopkins, Esq.
- Panteg** (Monmouth).—N.A. and H.R. (See *Newport*.) Llwyd. (*c.s. Usk*.)
- Par** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Bream. Bream rises 2 m. S.W. of **Victoria** station, close by the line, runs 3 m., and is joined on right bank by Rosemellon brook, 2 m. long, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Bream, a stream joins on right bank, which drains a pond 1 m. up. 2 m. down Bream Treverbyn Water, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. Bream runs 1 m. to **Bridges**, where Luxilian Brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Bream runs 3 m. to **St. Blassey**, **Par**, 1 m., and the sea 2 m. (*c.s. Powey*.) Sand-eels at Par sands, mackerel from the bay, pollack by Gribben Head and near the harbour, large pollack, conger, &c., in the offing.
- Farham** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Ore. (See *Orford*.)
- Park** (Essex).—G.E.R. (See *Stratford*.) On Lea; dace, roach, chub, perch, barbel, bream, jack, carp; Mr. Ford preserves; tickets 21s., with troling, 10s. 6d. without, and 1s. a day without troling. The next preserve above is Jackson's, to which the **Angel-road Station** (G.E.R.) is the nearest.
- Park Street** (Herts.).—G.N.R. Colne. (See *London, M.T.*)
- Partridge Green** (Sussex).—(See *New Shoreham*.) On Adur; trout, &c.
- Pateley Bridge**.—On Nidd; the fishing is poor below, but above it is strictly preserved. The becks above here are good. How Steam Beck especially so; free. (See *Ramskill*.)
- Patterdale** (Westland).—There is a capital hotel. Brothers Water can be fished from hence; it contains trout. Also Ullswater. Boats and men can be had. Angle Tarn is 3 m. off: fair trouting in a wind.
- Peel Wyke**.—On Bassenthwaite pike and large trout. Good inn on the lake.
- Pelsall** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Ford brook. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Pembridge** (Hereford).—L. & K.R. Arrow; trout, grayling; preserved by landowners. (*c.s. Wye*.) Tinsley brook (3 m.); preserved by landowners. Tippetts brook (3 m.). *Lakes* at Shobdon Park (2 m.) (See *Chepstow*.)
- Pengarn** (Monmouth).—R. & N.R. Rumney; trout, salmon; preserved. (*c.s.*) (See *Cardiff, Wales*.)
- Penkridge** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Penk. Whiston brook. Galey brook. Pillaton brook. Eaton Water, 5 m. W. *Lakes*: Pottal reservoir, 3 m. W. Manstay Wood ponds, 3 m. S.E. Bangley Mill pond, 2 m. W. Keeper's pools and Park pool, Teddesley Park, 2 m. N.E. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Pennard** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Wootton Brook. (See *Highbridge*.)
- Penpergwm** (Monmouth).—N.A.H.R. Usk; salmon, trout; preserved by United Usk Fishery Association, trout d.t. 2s. 6d., from station master. Llanover brook, 2 m. Llan-gattock brook, 2 m. (See *Newport, Usk, Brecknock*.) (*c.s.*)
- Penrith** (Cumberland).—*Hotels*: New Crown and the George. Trout, pike, chub, and perch fishing to be had in Lake Ullswater; and the rivers Eden, Eamont, and Lowther give salmon, trout, chub. Dacre Beck joins Eamont above Penrith, and contains a fair number of trout. The fishing in above streams preserved by landowners.

- Penryn** (Cornwall).—G.W.B. Penryn River. Penryn river is 6 m. long, and runs into the head of Falmouth Harbour. (*c.s. Fowey*.) (*See Mullion, Ruan Minor, Helston, Constantine*.)
- Pensford** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (*See Bristol*.) On Chew; perch, roach, trout; preserved by Mr. Popham, of Hound-street Park, who often gives leave. (*c.s. Avon*.) *Lakes*: Hound-street Park lake; preserved by Mr. Popham.
- Penshurst** (Kent).—S.E.R. (*See Rochester*.) On Eden.
- Penzance** (Cornwall).—G.W.B. 3 brooks join the sea here. Gulvall brook, which rises 1 m. above New Mill, and 2 m. down is joined by a brook 2 m. long, 1 m. down is the sea. Madron brook rises by Boskedrian, and passing Madron 1 m. from **Penzance**, is 4 m. long. Newlyn brook runs into Guavas Lake. Newlyn rises above Bosullow, and is 7 m. long. Good pollack fishing off the Scillies. Accommodation at St. Mary's. Good sea-fishing $\frac{1}{2}$ m. within the west headland of Mount's Bay, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. from shore. Dabs taken from boats at anchor in Guavas Lake. All the rocky grounds afford pollack, which can also be caught by pier angling. *Hotels*: Dingley's, Mounts Bay, Union, Queen.
- Pewlow** (Salop).—G.W.R. Tern; a few trout, pike, roach, dace. Polford brook (2 m. S.W.), Alford brook (3 N.E.). Mees (4 m. S.); trout. (*See Gloucester*.) (*c.s. Severn*.)
- Perran** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Perran. Trewedfra water. Stithians water. Perran rises by St. Dye (N.a. **Boorrier Gate**, G.W.B. 2 m.), runs 3 m., and is joined on right bank by Gwenna brook, 3 m. long. 2 m. down by **Perran**, Trewedfra water, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Perran, Stithians water joins on right bank. Stithians rises in a pond by Caverlock, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. W. of Stithians, and is 7 m. long. The tideway is now reached. (*c.s. Fowey*.)
- Perransabuloe** (Cornwall).—(n.a. **Truro**, G.W.B. 7 m.) Towan. Towan rises by Chiverton, and 1 m. down waters a lake by **Perransabuloe**. 3 m. down, Golla water, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down is the sea. (*c.s. Fowey*.)
- Perry Bar** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Tame (*c.s. Trent*.) *Lakes*: Lodge pool, 3 m. N. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Pershore** (Worcester).—G.W.R. Avon; pike, perch, roach, dace, chub. Wyre (1 m. N.). Stourton brook (3 m. N.W.). Whitsun brook (5 m. N.). (*See Gloucester*.) (*c.s. Severn*.)
- Peterborough** (Northton).—G.N.R., G.E.R., and L. & N.W.R. Nen; pike, perch, bream, chub, &c.; poor fishing near. Old river Nen. Muscal river or Cats Water. *Lakes*: Milton Park, 3 m. W.; strictly preserved. *Hotels*: Angel, Great Northern, Crown, Royal Oak, Rose and Crown. (*See Wisbeach*.)
- Petersfield** (Hants).—P.D.R. On Western Rother; trout, perch. (*See Fareham, Little Hampton*.)
- Petworth** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. (*See Little Hampton*.) Pike, perch, roach, carp, and tench in Chingford lake, Burton Park. Rother: pike, perch, roach, carp, trout; preserved. Leave may be obtained. Some of the smaller streams hold trout.
- Pevensay** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. On Pevensay river; roach, perch, &c. This stream rises in two or three large ponds at Penshurst, and then flows in 1 m. to Ashburton, where there are some large lakes. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down, a stream joins on right bank, $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. long, rising in Bucksteep Mill Pond. 1 m. down, at Boreham Bridge, a stream 5 m. long joins on the right bank. 6 m. down, **Pevensay** is reached. Here a stream joins on the right bank, which rises in five or six lakes in Hurstmonceux Park, and flows in two streams, some 6 m. long each, to **Pevensay**.
- Pickering** (York).—N.E.R. (*See Salton*.) On Costa and Pickering Beck. Costa rises at Keld Head, 1 m. W. of Pickering. A stream of very clear water, flowing through a flat country, joins the Rye at Howe Bridge. It is preserved by the Costa Anglers' Club of 40 members; contains large trout and grayling; has a great rise of Mayfly. Secretary, J. H. Phillips, Esq., 22, Albemarle-crescent, Scarborough. Pickering Beck rises at Fen Bogs in Newton Dale, runs through Pickering, joins Costa near Kirby Misperton Bridge; several parts free; contains trout and grayling, the latter at the lower part. There is a fine trout stream at Goathland on the line of railway from here to Whitby, and another at Thornton-le-dale, strictly preserved by the Rev. J. E. Hill, who gives permission to anglers through the intervention of a friend. R. Leasley, Esq., of Sinnington Lodge, by Sinnington, 4 m. W. of **Pickering**, preserves a fine stream, sometimes giving leave. *Inns*: Black Swan (*see Advertisement*), White Swan.
- Piddington** (Northton).—M.R. Wootton brook. (*See Wisbeach*.)
- Pierce Bridge** (York).—Tees; trout and salmon; the owner of Cliffe Hall preserves some 4 m. of the Tees. Clowbeck; Trout.
- Pilning** (Gloucester).—G.W.B. Pilning Brook. (*See New Passage*.)
- Pinner** (Middx).—L. & N.W.R. Ruelsip reservoir is $3\frac{1}{2}$ m. off (*see London, M.T.*) pike, perch, tench; preserved. *Inn*: Queen's Head.
- Finchbeck** (Lincoln).—G.N.R., G.E.R. Glen. Welland, 2 m. S.E. (*See Spalding*.)
- Pinxton** (Derby).—M.R. Erewash. *Lakes*: Brookhill Hall lakes, 2 m. N. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Plealey Road** (Salop).—There is some trouting 3 m. off. Leave may sometimes be obtained from the owner of Wrentnall House.
- Plowden** (Salop).—B.C.R. Onny; trout, chub; strictly preserved from **Eaton** above to **Hordeley** below, by Plowden Fishing Club of 14, with 12 transferable day tickets; season from April 1 to Sept. 1; hon. sec., F. J. Ward, Esq., Crowmore, Aston-on-Clun, Salop. (*See Gloucester*.) (*c.s. Severn*.)

Plumley (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Peover. Kincham brook, 1 m. N.W. Waterless brook, 1 m. N. *Lakes*: Nether Tabley, 1 m. N. Toft Hall, 3 m. E. (See *Frodsham*.)

Plumtree (Notts).—M.R. Thurbeck. *Lakes*: Roelaveston Manor lake, 1 m. N. (See *Gainsborough*.)

Plumpton (Cumland).—On the Petteril; salmon and trout. (*c.s. Eden*.)

Plymouth (Devon).—G.W.R. Plym, Tamar; trout, salmon. *Hotels*: Royal and Duke of Cornwall. Plym rises 8 m. N.E. of **Bickley** (G.W.R.) on Dartmoor, and 6 m. down, Meavy joins on left bank. Meavy rises 5 m. E. of **Horrabridge** (G.W.R.), runs 5 m. to Meavy, and Plym 3 m. Plym runs to **Bickley** 1 m., **Marsh Mills** (G.W.R. 3 m., and 2 m. down is joined on left bank by Tory Brook, which rises 4 m. E. of **Bickley**, runs 6 m. to **Plympton** (G.W.R.), and Plym 1 m. This brook is poisoned with clay water. Plym runs to **Plymouth** in 2 m. Plym is all private. (*c.s. Tamar*.) The Tavy and Plym Fishery Board grant tickets for Meavy and Cad.

TAMAR rises 4 m. N.E. of Kilhampton, runs 4 m., when it forms the reservoir for the Bude Canal; good fishing. 2 m. below at Morton Mill, Stratton being 4 m. off on right bank, Foxwater brook, which runs 1 m. E. of Kilhampton, and is 4 m. long, joins on right bank; 4 m. down Tamar a brook joins on left bank, 5 m. long, Holsworthy lying 4 m. off on left bank. 8 m. down Tamar, Holsworthy water (fishing free) joins on left bank. Holsworthy rises 4 m. N. of Holsworthy town. (*Hotel*: Stanhope), at which place Deer, 4 m. long, joins on left bank (trout; free). 6 m. down, Holsworthy joins Tamar. 1 m. down Tamar, Claw river joins on left bank. Claw rises on Claw Moor, 4 m. S.E. of Holsworthy, runs 4 m. to Clawton and Tamar. 3 m. Tamar runs 2 m. to Luffincot, 3 m. to Boyeton, and 3 m. down is joined by Bear Water 6 m. long on right bank. 2 m. down Tamar at New Bridge (n.s. **Launceston**, 3 m.), Yeolm river joins on right bank. Yeolm rises by Otterham, and 2 m. down is joined by Cancer water, 2 m. long, on left bank. 4 m. down Yeolm, Warbatow being 2 m. off on right bank, Wilsey brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 5 m. down Yeolm, near North Petherwin (n.s. **Launceston**, 5 m. Cowdery water, 7 m. long, joins on left bank. 3 m. down Yeolm, Kingsford water, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Yeolm runs to Yeolm Bridge, 2 m. (n.s. **Launceston**, 2 m.), where it runs for 2 m. through the park at Werrington House and waters the lake there, and 1 m. down joins Tamar. 1 m. down Tamar, Carey joins on left bank. Carey rises 6 m. S.E. of Holsworthy on Hallwill Moor, runs 4 m. to Ashwater, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by a stream 3 m. long. Carey runs 1 m. to Virginistow and Tamar 6 m. 1 m. down Tamar, Attery river joins on right bank. Attery rises by Tresmeer, runs 4 m. to Egloskerry, 5 m. to **Launceston**, and Tamar 2 m. Tamar runs 2 m., and is joined on left bank by Lyd river. Lyd rises 3 m. N.E. of **Lidford**, runs 5 m. to **Coryton**, where Lew water joins on right bank. Lew rises 2 m. N. of **Bridestow**, and runs from thence in 4 m. to Lew Mill, **Lidford** being 3 m. off, and 3 m. down joins Lyd. 2 m. down Lyd, Mary Stow brook joins on left bank. Mary Stow rises 2 m. S. of **Coryton**, and is 5 m. long. 3 m. down Lyd at **Lifton**, Thistle brook joins on right bank. Thistle rises 2 m. N. of **Bridestow**, runs to Stowford 7 m. (n.s. **Lifton**, 3 m.), 2 m. down, Bradwood water joins Thistle on right bank. Bradwood rises near Germanweek, runs 3 m. to Henwood Mill, where a short stream joins on right bank, runs to Bradwood Wiger 2 m. and Thistle 3 m. 1 m. down, Thistle joins Lyd, which runs in 2 m. to Tamar, 2 m. down Tamar, a small brook 3 m. long, which runs 2 m. S. of **Lifton**, joins on left bank. 2 m. down, Tamar, Laudno water, which rises 2 m. S. of **Launceston**, and is 5 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Tamar, 6 m. from **Launceston**, Inny river joins on right bank. Inny rises by Davidstow, 4 m. N.E. from Camelford (*Hotel*: King's Arms. Fishing free.) Runs 4 m. to St. Clether, and 6 m. down at Two Bridges, 4 m. from **Launceston**, Penpont water, 7 m. long, joins on right bank. Inny runs 10 m. to Tamar. 4 m. down Tamar a brook 2 m. long joins on left bank, and 2 m. on another short stream working a mill joins on right bank. Tamar runs 5 m. to New Bridge, **Tavistock** being 3 m. off on left bank, Calstock 5 m. (*Hotel*: Ashburton). 1 m. down, Cleve water, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. To this point the tide flows. 7 m. down, Tavy joins Tamar. Tavy rises on Dartmoor, 3 m. E. of **Lidford**. 2 m. down, Battle water, 2 m. long, joins on right bank. Tavy runs 5 m. to **Mary Tavy**, and 2 m. down is joined by Wormer brook, which rises 2 m. N.W. of **Mary Tavy**, runs by that station, and joins Tavy 2 m. down. Tavy runs to **Tavistock**, 2 m., and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by Launceston brook, 5 m. long. 2 m. down Tavy, Wallcombe river joins on left bank. Wallcombe rises on Cocks Hill, 5 m. E. of **Mary Tavy**, runs 4 m. to Merriville Bridge, **Tavistock** being 4 m. off on right bank; runs 2 m. to Sampford Spiney, 4 m. to **Horrabridge**, and Tavy, 1 m. To 5 m. down Tavy the tide flows (n.s. **Bickley**, 4 m.), 3 m. down, Tavy joins Plymouth Sound (Tavy holds trout, sea trout, salmon, and is preserved by the Tavy and Plym Fishery Association, who issue tickets). The Tavy and Plym Association issue tickets for all their rivers; d.t., 1s.; a.t., 20s., including salmon licence, from Hearder and Son. Sea fishing excellent—bass, pollack, mackerel, hake, conger. Bass fishing off Bame Head from the rocks with a rod, and plano-convex minnow, or spinning sand eel, equal to salmon fishing. Fish run from 2lb. to 20lb. in weight. In the Sound, whiffing for pollack or mackerel. Bottom fishing for chad, pouting, whiting, near the Cobbler Buoy, Mallard, and inside the east and west ends of Breakwater. Large whiting, cod, conger, and hake in the offing near the Eddystone. Rod fishing for smelt, bass, mullet, and pollack, off the piers and rocks. For information as to tackle, boatmen, and baits, &c.,

- apply to Messrs. Hearder and Son, 195, Union-street, Plymouth (*see Advertisement*); or Messrs. Brooks, Edgcombe-street, Stonehouse.
- Plympton** (Devon).—G.W.R. Tory brook; white with clay water now. (*See Plymouth.*) (*c.s. Tamer.*)
- Polesworth** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. Anker. (*c.s. Trent.*) (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Polperro** (Cornwall).—(n.s. Loos, G.W.R., 6 m.) On Polperro brook, 6 m. long. Good sea fishing for pollack, mackerel, whiting, conger, and bream; use pilchard bait.
- Polsham** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Godney brook. (*See Highbridge.*)
- Pontesbury** (Salop).—M.B.R. Rea (1 m. N.); trout, grayling. Habberley brook (1 m. E.). (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Pontnewydd** (Monmouth).—N.A. and H.R. Llwyd. (*See Newport.*) (*c.s. Usk.*)
- Pontrhydryan** (Monmouth).—N.A. and H.R. Llwyd. (*See Newport.*) (*c.s. Usk.*)
- Portrilas** (Hereford).—N.A. & H.R. Monnow; trout, grayling; preserved by tenant of Kentchurch to 3 m. below here, thence by private owners to within 1 m. of Monmouth. (*See Pandy.*) (*c.s. Wye.*) Dora. Worm brook. Dulas brook. Bowston brook (1 m.). Garron (8 m.); trout. Black brook (8 m.); trout; preserved. *Lakes*: Black brook House (6 m.). (*See Chepstow.*)
- Pontypool** (Monmouth).—E.B. Llwyd; trout rod licences 1s., and w.t. 10s. and d.t. 2s. 6d. trout, from Mr. Fox, hairdresser. *Lakes*: Troanant Reservoir (2 m.); trout. (*See Newport, Usk.*) (*c.s. Usk.*)
- Poole** (Dorset).—S. & D.J.R. On Rockle. *Hotel*: London. Rockle rises in a mill pool above Morden Park 6 m. N. from Wareham, runs in 1 m. to the large lake in Morden Park, and runs into the Lytchett branch of Poole Harbour 6 m. down at Kirkley Point. On the opposite side of the harbour from the town debouches Corfe river; salmon, sea trout, trout. Corfe rises 1 m. W. of Corfe Castle (n.s. Wareham, 4½ m.), and is here joined by Byle brook on right bank. Corfe runs into Poole Harbour 5 m. down. For fishing apply to the clerk to the Conservators, Wareham. Good sea fishing in the harbour; pollack near Old Harry and his Wife. Large boat, with two men and a boy, for trawling and line fishing, 1l. per day. J. Harvey Brown, R. Cartridge, and Nicholas Collington are good fishermen. They provide trawls, lines, bait, &c. Information from landlord of London Hotel. (*c.s. Frome.*)
- Pool** (York).—N.E.R. Wharfe; trout, grayling; tickets can be obtained for a short length. (*See Otley.*) (*c.s. York.*)
- Pooley Bridge**.—Good trout fishing (free) in Ullswater and the rivers Eamont and Lowther. *Hotel*: Sun (*see Advertisement*).
- Porlock** (Somerset).—*Inn*: The Ship. 1 m. E. runs Aller; trout. Aller rises on the slopes of Lucott Hill, runs 3 m. to Lucott mill, and Porlock 5 m. 1 m. down, a stream joins on right bank, which rises by Luckham, runs to Holincote (Sir T. Ackland), 1 m., and Aller 2 m. This brook holds plenty of trout, leave from Sir T. Ackland's bailiff. Aller joins the sea 1 m. on. A small stream runs through Porlock, with a branch at West Porlock, which holds plenty of small trout. Some 3 m. across the hills runs Oare water, preserved by Mr. Snow, of Oare, who will give leave. (*See Linton.*) There is no sea-fishing here.
- Portock** (Dorset).—(*See Bridport.*) On Asker; trout; good fishing, preserved by the farmers. *Inn*: Three Horseshoes.
- Portishead** (Somerset).—G.W.B. Here the drainings of Clapton moor, 5 m. long, joins the sea.
- Porton** (Wilts).—S.W.R. Avon and Winterbourne; trout and coarse fish; preserved by landowners. (*See Christchurch.*) (*c.s.*)
- Portland** (Dorset).—G.W.R. & S.W.R. (*See Weymouth.*)
- Portkewet** (Monmouth).—S.W.B. Morenton Brook (1 m. N.E.). Morenton rises above Morenton (n.s. Chepstow, 2 m.), and 3 m. down at St. Pierre the outflow from the lake in St. Pierre Park (pike, tench, perch, roach, dace; leave from Mr. Lewis, St. Pierre Park) joins on right bank. 1½ m. down is the Severn estuary. 1 m. W. of Portkewet runs Neddin Brook. Neddin rises in Went Wood under the name of Cas Troggy Brook, runs 5 m. to Llanfair Discoed, Caerwent 2 m., Portkewet 4 m.
- Portsmouth Arms** (Devon).—S.W.R. On Taw; salmon and trout; private. (*c.s.*) Yarncombe brook (14 m.). (*See Barnstaple.*)
- Potter Higham** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Hundred stream or Thurn, 1 m. S.; good bank fishing. *Lakes*: Hickling, Chapman, and Whitesley Broad. (*See Yarmouth.*) *Inn*: Waterman's Arms; boats at inn. (*c.s. N. and S.*)
- Powburn** (Northland).—(*See Wooler.*)
- Frees** (Salop).—L. & N.W.B. Sandford Hall lake (2 m. E.). (*See Gloucester.*)
- Prebory** (Worcester).—M.R. Swilgare. (*See Gloucester.*)
- Prethorpe** (Salop).—C. & M.W.R. Hugly brook (1 m. N.W.). Corve (2½ m. S.); trout, grayling, &c. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Freston** (Lancs.).—On Ribble; salmon, trout, dace, chub, eels; fishing very poor. (*c.s.*) *Hotels*: Victoria, Park.
- Pulborough** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. Arun and Western Rother. Fishing free in Rother, from hence to Midhurst. Fishing good on Arun. Pike, bream, roach, perch, carp, salmon, trout, &c. *Hotel*: Arun. (*See Little Hampton.*)
- Purfleet** (Essex).—T. & S.R. On Mardyke. This stream rises by East Horndon, and in 4 m. is joined on the right bank by a stream which rises by Little Warley. From this junction to Purfleet is 8 m.

- Purton** (Wilts.).—G.W.R. On Ray. (*See London, U.T.*)
- Putney** (Surrey).—S.W.R. Thames. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Puxton** (Somerset).—G.W.R. *Lakes*: Puxton pond; rudd, tench, carp; d.t. 1s, including boat, from O'Handlen, fishtackleist, Victoria-street, Bristol.
- Pye Bridge** (Notts).—M.B. Erewash. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Quay Haven**.—(*See Milford.*)
- Radcliffe** (Notts).—G.N.R. Trent; pike, perch, roach, chub, salmon. (c.s.) Thurbeck. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Radford** (Notts).—M.R. Leen. *Lakes*: Bilborough cut, 2 m. W. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Radlett** (Herts.).—M.R. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Radstock** (Somerset).—G.W.R. and S. & D.J.R. (*See Bristol.*)
- Raglan** (Monmouth).—C.M. and P.R. Raglan brook; trout rod licences 1s, from the post-office. (*See Newport.*)
- Rainham** (Essex).—L. & S.R. On Ingreburn Brook. This stream rises 4 m. N.W. of Brentwood, and in 8 m. reaches Upminster. 3 m. on a stream joins, which runs through Berwick Pond. $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. down, Rainham is reached. 1 m. on the brook joins Thames. There are fish throughout its course. $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. from Rainham runs Beam brook. This stream rises 5 m. north of Romford, under the name of Bourne brook. 4 m. on is Beam Bridge, $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. from Rainham, and 1 m. further the brook runs into Dagenham Reach; pike, perch, bream, roach; fishing here is very good; day tickets can be had. The outfall of the lake runs into Thames Estuary.
- Ramsey** (Hunts).—G.N.R. Old river Nen; pike, perch, bream, &c. Holme brook. Wiston brook. *Lakes*: Ramsey mere, 3 m. N.E. (*See Wisbeach.*)
- Ramsgate**.—Fair sea fishing for cod and whiting. There is fresh-water fishing at Minster in the Stour. (*See Margate and Sandwich.*) Good pier fishing. *Hotel*: Royal.
- Ramskill**.—On Nidd; trout and grayling. *Hotel*: Yorke Arms. Ramskill is 5 m. from Pateley Bridge. (*See Pateley Bridge.*)
- Ramskill** (Notts).—G.N.R. Oldcoates dyke. Idle, 2 m. E. Ryton, 3 m. W. *Lakes*: Serlby Park, 2 m. N.W. (*See Althorpe.*)
- Rathy** (Leicester).—M.R. Bothley brook. *Lakes*: The Pool, Groaby, 2 m. N. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Ravenglass** (Cumberland).—F.R. *Hotel*: King's Arms. On Ert, Bleng, Esk, and Mite; trout, salmon trout, salmon. Preserved by a conservancy. Ticket, 10s. a season for all. May and June are best for trout, salmon trout June, July, and August, and salmon September, October, and November. The Irt runs out of Wastwater, and is the best fishing stream. The best salmon casts are in the first $\frac{1}{2}$ m. above Muncaster Bridge. Few salmon or salmon trout run up Mite, but trouting is good. Small duns, browns, and red palmers are best. Good accommodation can be had at Sharp's Bowerhouse Inn, on Mite, which is also about $\frac{1}{2}$ m. from Irt and Esk. There is a station on the Eskdale Railway close to. The Woolpack Inn, Eskdale, contains quarters for two. This is close to Esk and near four or five tarns. King of Prussia, Eskdale, Smith's Strands Inn, near the foot of Nether Wastwater, are good; boats on the lake. Lutwidge Arms Hotel, Holmrook, is good, and close to Irt; also Fox and Hounds, Westdale Head, and 12 m. from Drigg Station. (c.s. *Cumberland.*)
- Reading** (Berks.).—G.W.R., L. & S.W.R., and S.E.R. *Hotels*: Great Western, Queen's, George, White Hart, and Ship. Thames and Kennet. (*See London, M.T.*) Good pike, chub, roach, and trout fishing. A society preserves the Thames from Goring Lock to Shiplake. *Fishermen*: H. Holdway, H. Knight, W. Clark, W. Moss, and J. Keel.
- Rearsby** (Leicester).—M.R. Wreak; roach, bream, chub; preserved. (c.s. *Trent.*) Ox brook. Queniborough brook, 1 m. S.W. Ashby brook, 1 m. S. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Redbridge** (Hants).—S. W. R. On the Test; salmon and trout, like roach, dace, &c. The Test here falls into Southampton Water; strictly preserved by a society of limited numbers; at 50l.; salmon fishing very good. (*See Southampton.*)
- Redbrook** (Monmouth).—R. & M.B. Wye; chub, dace, pike, perch, salmon. (c.s.) (*See Chepstow.*)
- Redditch** (Worcester).—L. & N.W.R. Arrow; pike, perch, chub, roach, dace, bream, few trout; preserved above by Mr. J. Hemming, of Redditch. *Lakes*: Ipsley Lodge pond (1 m. S.E.) Howell Grange lake ($2\frac{1}{2}$ m. N.W.) (*See Gloucester.*)
- Red Hill** (Surrey).—L. & B.R. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Redmile** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Devon, 3 m. S.E. *Lakes*: Woolsthorpe Lake, 3 m. S.E. Knipston reservoir, 4 m. S.E. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Redmire** (York).—N.E. (*See Richmond.*)
- Rednall** (Salop).—S. & C.R. Ferry (3 m. N.). *Lakes*: Shelyocke lake (3 m. S.E.) (*See Gloucester.*) (c.s. *Severn.*)
- Redruth** (Cornwall).—W.C.R. Tresillian. This brook rises 2 m. N. of the town, and is 4 m. long. (c.s. *Fowey.*)
- Reedham** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Yare; bream (very good), roach, pike, perch. New Cut; same fish. Thet, 3 m. S.W. (*See Yarmouth.*) (c.s. *Norfolk.*)
- Reepham** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Blackwater brook; trout. Wensum, 3 m. S. (*See Yarmouth.*)
- Retford** (Notts).—G.N.R. Idle. (c.s. *Trent.*) Poulter, 4 m. S. Meden, 4 m. S. Maun, 4 m. S. *Lakes*: Babworth Hall, 1 m. W. (*See Althorpe.*)
- Rhywderin** (Monmouth).—R. & N.R. Bumney (2 m.); salmon, trout; preserved. (c.s.) (*See Cardiff, Wales.*)

- Ribchester (Lancs.).**—On Ribble; salmon, trout, mott, sprod, dace, chub. The De Tabley Arms, Ribchester Bridge, is a good hotel, and gives leave to fish. Tickets are also granted to visitors at the Whitwell Hotel. (*See Clithero.*) (c.s.)
- Richmond (Surrey).**—S.W.R. (*See London, L.T.*) *Hotels:* Star and Garter, Station, Talbot, and Greyhound. *Fishermen:* F. and C. Brown, G. and H. Howard, H. Mansell, Job Brain, H. Wheeler, J. Bushnell, and T. Young. From here to **Isleworth** (S.W.R.) is good fly fishing for dace. In Richmond Park the Penn ponds hold pike, perch, and carp. Leave from the deputy-ranger. The upper pond holds most pike.
- Richmond (York).**—Swale; trout. Swale rises in the Pennine range. Keld is the first village on the stream (*see*, Miners' Arms). The following becks join the main stream. Commencing in the west and journeying east, we have on right bank Muker, small trout plentiful. Thwaite, fair trouting, fishing free. Mill, very good trouting; preserved; leave sometimes granted. Crackpot, trout; the upper part, which has the best fishing, belongs to Major Charlesworth; the lower portion is in other hands. Gill, good trouting; an early stream; belongs to Lord Bolton on one side, and Major Scoope on the other; strictly preserved, though leave is sometimes granted for a day. Great and Little Sleddie, 3 m. above Keld, many small trout; fishing free. Whitsundale, fair trouting. West Stonesdale, good after a flood only. East Stonesdale, the same. Swinnergill, poor trouting. Ivetel, trout run small above the fall, but larger below; it belongs to J. Daykin, Esq., of Shore Gill Head. Gunnerside, almost ruined by lead mines. Healaugh, almost ruined by lead mines; owned by Mr. Fomlin, of Rockwood, and Mr. J. Barker. Arkle, injured by lead mines below, but good above; owned by G. Brown, Esq., but the tenants have permission, and freely grant leave; season from May 1 to Sept. 1. Marake, good trouting; fishing in the upper part belongs to Major Morley on one side, and G. Brown, Esq., on the other; lower down Mr. Hutton, of Marake Hall, owns the water. Merrick is often nearly dry, and belongs to Mr. Hutton on one side and various proprietors on the other. The best accommodation is at Ruth (*see*, the Buck, n.s. **Redmire**), but is remote from the fell becks. Low Row is nearest Crackpot; Gunnerside (*see*, King George IV.), for Mill and Ivetel (n.s. **Askrigg**); Muker and Thwaite, **Hawes**. Below Muker the river is often discoloured by hush from lead mines. The fish run four to the pound in the main stream, and smaller in the becks. The fishing is open between Keld and Richmond. There are no trout, but plenty of grayling, below. (*See Aysgarth.*) Fishing from April 1st to October 1st. From Grenton to Marake the river is preserved. (c.s. **York**.)
- Rickmansworth (Herts.).**—W. & R.R. Colne; trout, chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, trout. 2½ m. up Colne the river is preserved by the Harefield Valley Fishery. *Hotel:* Fishery Hotel; fishing very good; subscribers limited. Just above the Harefield fishery is the water of the True Waltonians. The landlord of the Railway Hotel at Rickmansworth can obtain leave to fish a good stretch of water in the Colne, but the fish have been lately all poisoned. Gade; trout. Chess; trout. (*See London, M.T.*) Ruialp reservoir is 3½ m. off; pike, perch, tench. (*See Harrow.*)
- Riding Mill (Northland).**—N. & C. R. On Tyne. At Minsteracree, 4 m. off, is some good fishing in two lakes. (c.s.)
- Ringstead (Northton.).**—L. & N.W.R. Nen; pike, perch, chub, bream, tench. (*See Wisbeach.*)
- Ringwood (Hants.).**—S.W.R. (*See Christchurch*). Avon; salmon, pike, roach, grayling, trout, perch, dace. *Hotels:* White Hart and Crown. Tickets can be had at the first for 5 m. at 7s. 6d. a day, hotel visitors 5s., and at the second for 3 m. at 2s. 6d. a day (*Fisherman, E. Hurdle*). (c.s.)
- Ripley (Derb.).**—M.R. Amber, 3 m. N.W. *Lakes:* Lescoc dam, 2 m. S.E. Butterley reservoir, 2 m. N. Golden Valley reservoir, 3 m. N.E. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Ripley.**—On the Nid; trout. Tolerable fishing.
- Ripon (York).**—N.E.R. The Ripon Angling Club preserve portions of Laver, Skell, and Yore; the two former are kept for members only, but the last can be fished for 3 m. for 1s. 6d. a day; trout, grayling, pike, perch, chub, dace; sec., Mr. A. Wood, Bellwood, Ripon. *Hotels:* Station (where tickets can be had), Unicorn, Crown.
- Ripple (Worcester).**—M.T. & A.B.R. Severn; salmon, pike, perch, chub, dace, roach. Ripple brook. Avon (3 m. E.); chub, dace, roach, pike, perch. (*See Gloucester.*) (c.s. **Severn**.)
- Risca (Monmouth).**—W.V.R. Ebwy; trout, salmon; trout rod licences 1s., from the post-office. (c.s. **Usk**.) (*See Newport*.)
- Roads (Northton.).**—L. & N.W.R. Tove, 2 m. S. (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Roadwater (Somerset).**—G.W.R. Washford; trout. (*See Watchet.*)
- Robertsbridge (Sussex).**—T.W. & H.R. (*See Rye*). On Rother. The river is preserved by the Rother Fishery Association; sec., G. J. Ballard, Esq., Ethnam, Sandhurst, Hawkhurst. (c.s.) *Inn:* Old George.
- Rochester (Stafford).**—G.N.R. L. & N.W.R., M.R. Dove; trout, grayling above the town, chub, pike, barbel, few trout below; preserved above for 6 m. by the Dove Fishing Club; at, 8d.; hon. sec., A. F. Dawson, Esq., Barrow Hill, Uttoxeter. (c.s. **Trent**.) Churnet; trout, grayling, but fishing ruined by pollutions from Leek and Oakmoor. (c.s. **Trent**.) (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Rochester (Kent).**—L.C. & D.R. On Medway. The river rises 2 m. west of East Grinstead, and flows in 12 m. to Hartfield, and then to Withyham 1 m.

below which a stream joins on the right bank which rises at **Tonbridge Wells** and in 4 m. passes **Groombridge**, and joins Medway $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. below. 2 m. below this junction Medway is fed by a stream 6 m. long on the left bank; from hence to the junction of Eden with Medway at **Penshurst** is 4 m. The Medway is preserved from Penshurst Park to **Tonbridge** by Tonbridge Angling Society. A small charge is made for fishing. Good pike, bream, and chub. Accommodation at the Goat's Head, Leigh. Eden rises near Limpsfield, Surrey, and, after passing Oxted and Crowhurst, in 10 m. is joined by a branch which rises 3 m. south of Lingfield (Surrey), and has a length of 7 m. From this junction to **Edenbridge** is 2 m. From Edenbridge to **Chiddingstone** is 8 m., thence to Medway is 4 m. The Medway runs now to **Tonbridge** in 2 m. 6 m. below, a brook joins on the left bank, having a course of 9 m., passing Hadlow in its way; and 3 m. below this again, at **Yalding**, Teise and Beult join Medway. Teise rises near **Tonbridge Wells**, and is 26 m. long, passing Lamberhurst, Goudhurst, and Horsemonden. Beult rises 7 m. east of **Headcorn**, thence runs to **Staplehurst** 3 m., and **Yalding** 10 m. Medway next flows to **Wateringbury** 3 m., **East Farleigh** 5 m., **Maidstone** 3 m., **Aylesford** 4 m., **Snodland** 4 m., and **Rochester** 8 m., passing Lower Halling and Coxton.

Bookingham (Northton.).—L. & N.W.R. G.N.R. Welland. Eye brook. (See *Spalding*.)

Bode (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Cow brook. Dane, 1 m. S. *Lakes*: Rode reservoir Great Oak reservoir, 2 m. N. (See *Frodsham*.)

Bogate (Sussex).—L. & S.W.R. Western Rother. (See *Little Hampton*.)

Bomford (Essex).—G.E.R. (See *Rainham*.)

Bomsey (Hants.).—S.W.R. On the Test; grayling and trout fishing good; salmon fishing good below the town, almost all preserved. Hon. Ralph Dutton, Hon. Evelyn Ashley, Mrs. Vandrey, and Col. H. C. Bruce own the principal parts of the water. *Hotel*: White Horse, where some trout and other fishing can be had. (See *Stockbridge, Southampton*.)

Boss (Hereford).—H.B. & G.R. Wye; pike, perch, salmon, chub, dace, trout; fishing free but poor. (c.s.) Luke brook (4 m.). Lammerch brook (5 m.). *Lake*: Trewarthen pool (8 m.). (See *Chapeton*.) *Hotel*: Royal.

Bossington (York).—G.N.R. Torne. St. Catharine's Well stream. (See *Althorpe*.)

Bothbury (Northland.).—Near Coquet; trout. Accommodation can be had here. Fishing very good; almost free. (See *Warkworth*.) (c.s.)

Botherham (York).—G.N.R. Oldcoates brook, 8 m. E. at Maltby. (See *Althorpe*.)

Bowfant (Sussex).—S.W.R. (See *London, L.T.*)

Bowsley (Derby).—M.R. Derwent; trout, grayling; preserved up to New Bridge, Calver, by the Duke of Devonshire (see *Baslow*), and below by the Darley Dale Club; d.t. 2s. Wye; trout, grayling. (See *Bakewell*.) (c.s. *Trent*.) *Hotel*: Peacock, very comfortable, where fishing can be had. (See *Gainsborough*.)

Boydon (Essex).—G.E.R. *Inns*: New Inn and Temple. (See *Stratford Rye House*.) On Stort; pike, roach, &c.; preserved from hence to Hunsdon Mill, below that by the Rye House. (See *Rye House*.)

Buan Minor (Cornwall).—(n.s. *Penryn*, 22 m.) Casrleon water joins the sea 1 m. N. Casrleon rises in Croft Pascoe Pool on Goonkilly Down, and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by a stream which drains Leech Pool 1 m. up. Casrleon runs 4 m. to the sea.

Budgwick (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. Arun. (See *Little Hampton*.)

Bugby (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. Avon; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch. Swift. Rain's brook (3 m. S.). (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)

Bugley (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Trent; roach, pike, chub, trout. (c.s.) Colton brook. Rising brook. Blythe, 3 m. N.E. (c.s. *Trent*.) *Lakes*: New Coppice pool, 2 m. S.W. Upper Middle, and Lower Sherbrook pools, $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. W. (See *Gainsborough*.)

Bushton (Northton).—M.R. *Isle*. (See *Wisbeach*.) Dane, 1 m. N. (See *Frodsham*.)

Byburgh (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Wensum. (See *Yarmouth*.) (c.s. *N. and S.*)

Rye (Kent).—R. & H.R. On Rother. The stream rises near Rotherfield, in Sussex. In 5 m. it is joined by a stream on the left bank 4 m. long. $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. down, near **Ticehurst Road**, a stream 6 m. long joins on the left bank. 6 m. on, at **Ettingham**, a stream 8 m. long joins on the right bank. 3 m. on, at **Robertsbridge**, a stream joins on the right bank, having its source in a large pond in Brightling Park. 6 m. on, the Kentish Ditch joins on the left bank. Some 6 m. down, passing Newenden, a trout stream of 8 m. long joins on the left bank rising 3 m. N.E. of Hawkhurst (n.s. **Ettingham**). From hence to Rye is 9 m., passing Willersham and Playden. At Rye two branches join on the right bank, the first, Tillingham water, 8 m. long, rises near Beckey, and the second, the Brede, rises near **Battle**, and has a course of 15 m., passing Whatlington, Sedlescombe, Brede, Udymer, and **Winchelsea**. Rother and tributaries Tillingham and Brede are preserved by the Rother Fishery Association; s.t. 10s., with 5 day tickets for friends. Each subscriber, for every extra 10s. he pays, gets 5 day tickets for friends; d.t. 2s. 6d. Troutling begins April 1st, ends Sept. 1st. The smaller tributaries mostly abound in trout. Sec., G. J. Ballard, Esq., Ethnam Sandhurst, Hawkhurst. (See c.s.) Bass at harbour's mouth, and flat fish in the bay.

Rye House.—G.E.R. (See *Stratford*.) On Lea. *Hotel*: King's Arms. This fishery joins on to Cook's; the proprietor has thrown open his fishery free of charge. The preserve extends up the Stort as far as Hunsdon Mill. Trout, perch, barbel, roach, chub, jack. Troutling begins on May 1st. Regulations same as at Broxbourne. Punts can be had.

- Eyhall** (Rutland).—G.N.R. Gwash. Glen, 1 m. N.E., at **Essendine**. Welland, 3 m. S., at **Stamford**. (See *Spalding*.)
- Saffron Walden** (Essex).—G.E.R. Cam; trout; mostly preserved by Lord Braybrook, of Andley End. (See *King's Lynn*.)
- Salford Priors** (Warwick).—G.W.R. Avon; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch. Arrow, same fish. Ban brook. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Salhouse** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Bure, 1 m. N.E. *Lakes*: Salhouse Broad, 1 m. N.E. Wroxham Broad, 1 m. N. (c.s. *N. and S.*) Woodbastwick Broad, 2 m. N.E. (A. Cator, Esq.). Little Ranworth Broad, 3 m. E. (Misses Kerrison). Ranworth Broad, 4 m. E. (W. Jarry, Esq.). (c.s. *N. and S.*) Peaty mill dam, 4 m. S.E. Walsham Broad, 5 m. E. (H. W. Borrowghes, Esq.) (c.s. *N. and S.*) (See *Yarmouth*.)
- Salisbury** (Wilts).—S.W.R. Avon; trout, grayling, jack, roach. Wylve and Winterbourne; trout, grayling, and coarse fish; preserved. (See *Christchurch*.) At Britford, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. off, the Avon is preserved for 4 m. by the owner of the Moat; Lord Radnor, of Longford Castle, preserves some part of the river below the city; $\frac{1}{2}$ m. belongs to the occupier of the town mill, fishing now let. The owner of Stockton House preserves a length of Wylve; good grayling and trout fishing. (c.s.) *Hotels*: White Hart (see *Advertisement*), Cathedral, Angel, Three Swans, and Red Lion.
- Saltash** (Devon).—G.W.R. Tamar; trout, sea trout. (c.s.) (See *Plymouth*.)
- Saltford** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (See *Bristol*.) Avon; roach, dace, carp, pike, perch, trout; tree. Boyd. (c.s.) Good all-round fishing.
- Salton** (Yorks).—6 m. from Pickering, and 4 m. from the **Barton-le-Street** station (T. & M.R.). Plenty of excellent fishing can be had both in a stream that runs through the town and in the river Rye, 1 m. distant. Permission to fish is easily obtainable. *Inn*: the Angler's Arms.
- Sampford Courtney** (Devon).—S.W.R. Exbourne water. (See *Bideford*.)
- Sandbach** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Wheelock. Betchton brook, 1 m. S. Hassall brook, 1 m. S. Foul brook, 3 m. S. *Lakes*: Winterley Mill, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. S. (See *Frodsham*.)
- Sandford** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (See *Congresbury*.) *Lakes*: Sandford and Banwell ponds; rudd, tench; private.
- Sandhurst** (Surrey).—S.E.R. Blackwater. (See *London, M.T.*)
- Sandiacre** (Derby).—M.R. Erewash. Trent, 4 m. S. (c.s.) (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Sandwich** (Kent).—M. & D.R. On Stour. The Stour rises 15 m. north-west of **Ashford**. Here a stream 10m. long joins on the right bank, which rises near **Westonhanger** station, passing the villages of Sellinge, Smeeth, and Sevington. At Smeeth are roach, few trout, and pike. Mr. Knatchbull-Hugessen owns the water. From Ashford the Stour flows to **Wye**, 6 m., thence to **Chilham**, 6 m., passing Godmersham Park, Lord St. Vincent, who, with Mr. Hanham, claims 5 m. of fishery. 4 m. on **Chartham** is reached (here begins the Stour Fishery Association water (see *Canterbury*)); hence to **Canterbury** is some 3 m. (Here begins the Stour Fishery Protection Association.) The Stour next runs to **Sturry** (here ends the S.F.P.A. water), and Fordwich is 3 m. (here begins the Fordwich and Grove Ferry Angling Club water); thence to **Grove Ferry** is 6 m. 3 m. below **Grove Ferry** is Sarre, where are two good inns. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below, Little Stour joins the Stour. This stream rises 7 m. south of **Beaksbourne**. 4 m. below, a small stream joins on the right bank. From this point to the junction with the Stour is 6 m. The Stour next runs in 3 m. to **Minster**; thence to **Sandwich** 6 m.; and finally to the sea, 7 m. Day tickets for killing coarse fish—from here to Coal Harbour, 1 m. above Grove Ferry—are 1s. each. (c.s.) Bass at the mouth of the haven; flounders, grey mullet, plaice, dabs, codlings, and pout more seaward.
- Sandy** (Beds).—G.N.R. and L. & N.W.R. Ivel; coarse fish, except barbel, trout. Southill brook. (See *King's Lynn*.)
- Sawbridgworth** (Herts).—G.E.R. (See *Stratford*.) On Stort and Pincey brook, Leave may often be obtained by applying at Sawbridgworth Mill, Mr. E. B. Barnard. *Inns*: Bell and Feather.
- Sawley** (Yorks).—On Ribbles; salmon, trout, mort, spred, dace, carp, grayling. 2 m. from **Chatburn** station on L. & Y.R. Trout and mort fishing excellent. Leave may sometimes be obtained for a day on application to Hon. H. F. Cowper's agent.
- Sawley** (Derby).—M.R. Trent; roach, dace, perch, pike, chub, bream, barbel; at 10s. for fishing above the weir; at 21s., d.t. 2s. 6d., below the weir on the S. or Lockington side. (c.s.) *Hotel*: White Lion, where tickets can be had. Derwent, 1 m. W. (c.s. *Trent*). Soar, 1 m. S.E. (c.s. *Trent*.) (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Saxby** (Leicester).—M.R., G.N.R. Wreak (c.s. *Trent*.) Saxby brook. *Lakes*: Stapleford Park lake, 1 m. S. Leesthorpe pond, 5 m. S.W. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Saxham** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Cavenham brook. *Lakes*: Ickworth Park lake, 3 m. S. (See *King's Lynn*.)
- Saxilby** (Lincoln).—G.E.R., G.N.R. Tilt, 2 m. E. (See *Boston*.)
- Saxmundham** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Saxmundham brook. Alde, 2 m. W. (See *Orford*.) *Hotel*: White Hart.
- Scalby** (Yorks).—A village 3 m. from **Scarborough**. In Scalby Beck a few trout may be found between the village and the sea. A portion of this stream is now preserved.
- Scale Hill**.—Near Crummock Water and river Cocker. Accommodation fair. There are trout in the lake averaging two to the pound, also char. Sober-coloured flies are best. May is the best month. Fish in deep water. Buttermere lies near. Lowes Water, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. off, contains good trout. Leave at the hotel.

Scalford (Leicester).—L. & N.W.R., G.N.R. Melton brook. *Lakes*: Goadby Marwood, 2 m. N. Croxton Park ponds, 5 m. N.E. (*See Gainsborough*.)

Scarborough (York).—N.E.R. The Derwent runs within 4 m. (n.s. **Forge Valley** on banks). It rises in the moors 13 m. N.W. of Scarborough, and is joined near **Harwood Dale** (9 m. by road from Scarborough) by Juggerant beck, Elwarth beck, Castle beck, and other small moor streams, all of which are full of small trout. Black beck joins the Derwent at Barnes Cliff. From its source to this point the river and its tributaries are free. Below as far as Hilla Green Bridge (2 m. above Hackness, $7\frac{1}{2}$ m. by road from Scarborough) there is good trout and grayling fishing; permits from Capt. the Hon. Francis Johnstone, Hackness. From the Iron Bridge past Hackness, through Forge Valley and Ayton, the river is preserved. Good trout and grayling; entrance, 3*l.* 3*s.*; subs., 2*l.* 10*s.*; a.t., 4*l.* 4*s.* Forge Valley water (fly only), d.t., 5*s.*; lower water (fly, worm, or minnow), d.t. 2*s.* 6*d.* (tickets not issued in May or June for upper water), obtainable at Patrick's, North-street, Scarborough (*see Advertisement*). At Ganton ($7\frac{1}{2}$ m. from Scarborough on York line) Sir Charles Legard, Bart., owns the fishing for about 2 m.; very good grayling. 3 m. further down (n.s. **Snainton**) good grayling and coarse fish. At Yedingham Bridge (n.s. **Heslerton**) good grayling and coarse fishing free, and there is also very fair fishing at Knapton and Rillington on the same line, the stations being about 2 m. from the river. Scalby beck, 2 m. from Scarborough, contains good trout and bull trout in autumn; strictly preserved; Mr. J. W. Blakey, hon. sec., *Yorkshire Herald* Office. Burniston beck, 3 m. from Scarborough; good trouting; preserved; Mr. Ascough, hon. sec., King-street, Scarborough. Several small streams full of little trout enter the sea to the north of Scarborough. Hayburn Wyke (Scarborough and Whity line, 7 m. from Scarborough) is a good place. The Wyke, Thorney beck, and Stainton Dale can be fished free, too heavily wooded to permit of fly fishing. The sea fishing is good from boat or pier most of the year. Autumn whiting and gurnard fishing very good in the bay, and winter codling fishing from First or Second Points to the south of Scarborough, and Colam Hole (n.s. **Cloughton**) or Beas Cliff (n.s. **Stainton Dale**), to the north, very good. Mackerel whiffing in September, and occasionally pollack are taken close in shore.

Scorrier Gate (Cornwall).—G.W.B. Perran. (*See Perran*.) (*s. Fowey*.)

Scrooby (Notts).—G.N.R. Idle. (*s. Trent*.) Ryton. (*See Althorpe*.)

Scrutton (York).—On Swale. The owner of Scrutton Hall preserves some portion.

Seamer (York).—N.E.R. Seamer Drain; chub, grayling, trout; free. Derwent runs near; preserved. (*See Scarborough*.)

Sea Mills (Gloucester).—G.W.R. On Trim. Trim rises 3 m. N.W. of **Filton**, and is 5 m. long.

Seaton (Devon).—Axe; trout, salmon. Axe rises above Picket Mill (n.s. **Misterton** and **Crewkerne**, $3\frac{1}{2}$ m.), runs 4 m. to Clapton Bridge (n.s. **Crewkerne**, 3 m.). Here a stream joins on left bank, which works a mill 2 m. up. Axe runs to Winham 3 m., where a stream joins on left bank, working a mill 1 m. up. 1 m. down at Ford Abbey a stream joins on right bank, working a mill 2 m. up. (The fishing hereabouts is very good, but preserved by the owners of Ford Abbey.) 2 m. down Axe a stream joins on right bank, which rises by **Chard**, and is 3 m. long, working three mills. 2 m. down Axe, at **Chard Junction**, a stream joins on left bank 3 m. long, working a mill. 1 m. on a stream joins on right bank, which rises at Warnbrook Mill (n.s. **Chard**, 2 m.). runs 2 m., and is joined on left bank by a stream working a mill 1 m. up; it then runs to Chardstock 1 m., and Axe 2 m. Axe runs in 3 m. to **Arminster**, and 2 m. down is joined by the Yarty on right bank. Yarty rises above Keat's Mill (n.s. **Ilminster**, 6 m.), runs 2 m., and is joined by a stream on left bank 2 m. long. Yarty runs to Yarcombe (fishing here begins; good accommodation) 2 m., where a small stream joins on left bank, then to Stockland 3 m. (fair accommodation), Kilmington 6 m. Here Dalwood brook (trout) joins Yarty on right bank, which rises 1 m. W. of Stockland, runs to Dalwood 3 m. and Yarty 3 m. Yarty joins Axe $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down. Axe runs $3\frac{1}{2}$ m. to **Colyton**, and 2 m. to **Colyford**. Here Coly joins Axe. Coly rises by Cotleigh (n.s. **Honiton**, 4 m.), runs 6 m. to **Seaton Junction**, and 2 m. to **Colyton**. Here a stream joins on right bank, which rises by Offwell (n.s. **Honiton**, 3 m.). 2 m. down a stream joins on right bank, which rises by Northleigh, and is 3 m. long. 2 m. down, **Colyton** is reached. Axe is 3 m. on. 1 m. down is **Armouth** and **Seaton**. The best flies for Axe and tributaries are blue dun, March brown, blue upright, and red palmer. From the east end of Seaton beach a ground line, baited with squid or cuttle bait, may be thrown out in rough weather. By crossing the ferry the pier at Armouth may be reached, whence, with a heavy floated line, bass may be angled for with soft crab or squid bait, or a large and gaudy artificial fly. Squid to be procured from the mackerel seines, or trawl boats at Beer. Many pollack are at times caught off Beer Head. Pout may also be caught (*See Beer*.) (*s.s.*)

Seaton (Rutland).—L. & N.W.R., G.N.R. Welland. (*See Spalding*.)

Seaton Junction (Devon).—S.W.R. (*See Seaton*.) Coly; trout.

Sedberg (York).—In Lily mere, near here, is good trouting, belonging to the owners of Ingmire Hall.

Sedgebrook (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Foster Beck. (*See Boston*.)

Seed (Wilts).—G.W.R. (*See Bristol*.)

Semley (Dorset).—S.W.R. (*See Shaftesbury*.)

Sevenoaks (Kent).—S.R. On Darent; trout; preserved by Lord Stanhope. A short reach

- may be fished for a small fee on application to the miller at Longford Mill. (*See Dartford*.)
- Shakerstone** (Leicester).—L. & N.W.R., M.R. Sence. Bosworth brook, 2 m. S. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Shaftesbury** (Dorset).—N.A. Semley. S.W.R. Nadder; trout, roach, dace. Fern brook. (*See Christchurch*.) (c.s. Avon.) Lakes: Lashmere pond.
- Shapwick** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Brue; roach, dace, carp, perch, pike; preserved above, free below. (*See High Bridge*.) (c.s. Avon.)
- Sharnbrook** (Beds.).—M.R. (*See Harrold*.) Ouse; coarse fish, except barbel; s.t. 5s., d.t. 2s. 6d., from Mr. C. Collyer, bailiff to W. Whitworth, Esq.; there is good fishing hence to Milton, 4 m. down, and good bream fishing up to Falmersham, 1 m. above. (c.s. N. and S.) (*See King's Lynn*.)
- Sheffield** (York).—M.R., G.N.R. (*See Ashopton*.) Sheaf, 3 m. W.; coarse fish, trout; mostly free.
- Shefford** (Beds.).—M.R. and L. & N.W.R. Tod; few coarse fish. Gull brook. Campton brook. Ivel, 3 m. (*See King's Lynn*.)
- Shelford** (Cambs.).—G.E.R. Cam; pike, perch, dace, roach, chub, &c.; preserved. Bourn; coarse fish. (*See King's Lynn*.)
- Shelford** (Surrey).—S.E.R. Wey and Tillingbourne; trout; preserved above to Chilworth by Col. Godwin-Austen, Shelford House, Guildford. (*See London, S.T.*) Inns: Parrot and Victoria.
- Shenton** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. Tweed. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Sherrington** (Middx.).—S.W.R. Thames. (*See London, L.T.*) Hotel: Anchor. Fishermen: H. Perdue, W. House, G. Rosewell, and J. Haslett.
- Shepton Mallet** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Godney Brook. (*See High Bridge*.)
- Sherborne** (Dorset).—S.W.R. Yeo. (*See Bridgwater*.) (c.s. Avon.)
- Sherburn** (Yorks).—G.N.R. & M.R. Fine trout in the mill dam.
- Shiffhall** (Salop).—S. & B.R. Worf (2½ m. E.); trout and coarse fish. Lakes: Cramp pools (2 m. N.E.). Long Castle lakes (2½ m. E.). Forge pool (3 m. N.E.). Marsh pool, Harrington pool, New pool, Cowley Wood pool, Weston Mill pool, Norton Meer (4 m. N.E.). White Stith lake (6 m. N.E.). (*See Gloucester*.) (c.s. Severn.)
- Shillingston** (Dorset).—S. & D.J.R. Stour. (*See Christchurch*.) (c.s. Avon.)
- Shingle Street-on-Sea**.—Good sea fishing. Bass, whiting, &c.
- Shiplake** (Oxon).—H.R. Thames. (*See London, M.T.*) Fisherman: Compton.
- Shipston** (Worcester).—(N.A. Campden, 7 m.) Stour. Knee brook (2½ m. S.). Compton brook (3 m. S.). Lakes: Easington Park lake (5½ m. N.). (*See Gloucester*.)
- Slapton** (Oxon).—W & W.R. On Evenlode. (*See London U.T.*)
- Shirebrook** (Notts).—M.R. Meden, 1 m. S.E. (*See Althorpe*.)
- Shireoaks** (Nott.).—G.N.R. Spont. Lakes: Moor Mill dam, 2 m. S.W. (*See Althorpe*.)
- Shoreham** (Ken).—S.R. On Darenth. (*See Dartford*.)
- Shrewsbury**.—G.W.R., L. & N.W.R. Severn; chub, dace, pike, perch, roach, trout, salmon, grayling; fishing free; some sport in early spring and in autumn. Raddle brook. Bee; roach, dace, chub, pike, trout; fishing free. Meol brook (2 m. S.); roach, dace, chub; fishing free. Sundown brook (3 m. N.E.). Perry (7 m. N.W.); trout, pike, roach, dace. Lakes: Alkmond pool, Black pool, and Hencot pool (2½ m. N.); pike, perch, roach, rudd, carp, bream, tench. Sundorn Castle lakes (3 m. N.E.); same fish. Onslow Hall lake (4 m. W.); same fish. Bomer pool (4 m. S.); pike, bream; leave sometimes given. Shrawardine Castle lake (8 m. N.W.); same fish. (*See Gloucester*.) (c.s.) Hotel: Raven.
- Shrivenham** (Berks).—G.W.R. On Byde Mill brook. There is a large lake at Warnford Place (*See London, U.T.*) and in Beckett Park.
- Shustoke** (Warwick).—M.R. Arley brook. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Sidmouth** (Devon).—S.W.R. Sid; trout. Sid rises in two streams some 3 m. above Sidbury, and 1½ m. below it is joined on left bank by a short stream. Sidmouth is 2 m. down. The river is partly preserved. Mackerel, whiting, &c., are caught in the bay and offing. Pollack and pout on rocky ground towards Salterton. At Cliff rock bass may sometimes be taken by throwing out a line with squid bait off the beach during a S.W. breeze. Hotel: Knowle.
- Silecroft**.—On W. & F.R. Whicham Beck runs near. After a course of 6 m. it runs into Haverigg Pool, which joins the Daddon estuary at Haverigg.
- Simmonds Gate** (Gloucester).—G.W.R. Wye; pike, perch, chub, dace, salmon. (c.s.) (*See Chepstow*.)
- Skipton** (Yorks).—M.R. Aire; trout, grayling, perch, chub; roach; preserved from Gargrave to Eastburn brook by Aire Fishing Club of 20, entrance 5l. 6s.; s.t. 6l. 6s.; season for trout from March 16 to Oct. 1, grayling from June 16 to March 14. In addition to the members of the A.F.C., a further 40 can fish from Carleton Stone bridge to Eastburn brook; s.t. 20s. Hon. sec., T. H. Dewhurst, Esq., Skipton. Malham Tarn, 7 m. from the Bell Busk railway station, contains large trout, and can only be fished by permission of the owner, W. Morrison, Esq. Fly only. (*See Bolton, Kilsney, Gargrave*.) Fishing commences on March 1 and ends September 30. (c.s. York.)
- Slapton Ley** (Devon).—(N.A. Dartmouth 7 m.) Hotel: Royal Sands very comfortable, facing sea and Ley, where fishing can be had. (*See Advertisement*.) First-rate pike, perch, roach, rudd, eels, &c.; fishing from April 1 to Oct. 31. Slapton Ley is a large lake of 400 acres on the seashore, formed by Blackawton brook (trout), which rises above Black-

- awton, and is 6 m. long, running into the Ley at its N. end. 1 m. down the Ley a brook 4 m. long joins on right bank. Sea fishing very good. (c.s. Dart.)
- Stinfold** (Sussex).—G. & H.R. On Arun. Good fishing. (See *Little Hampton*.)
- Slough** (Bucks).—G.W.R. In Stoke Park is a large lake. (See *London, M.T.*)
- Snape** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Alde. Saxmundham brook. Lakes: Iken Decoy, 4 m. S.E. (See *Orford*.)
- Snarston** (Leicester).—L. & N.W.R., M.R. Mease. (c.s. *Trent*.) (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Snelland** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Snelland brook. Langworth, 1 m. S.W. Frithorpe brook, 1 m. N.W. (See *Boston*.)
- Snodland** (Kent).—S.E.R. (See *Rochester*.) On Midway.
- Solithull** (Warwick).—G.W.R. Blyth, 1 m. S.E. (c.s. *Trent*.) Cole, 4 m. W. Inkford brook, 4 m. W. Lakes: Kineton reservoir, 2 m. N.W. Titterford Mill pond, 4 m. W. Earlswood reservoir, 6 m. S.W. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Somerleyton** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Waveney. (See *Yarmouth*.)
- Somerton** (Oxon).—O. & B.R. Cherwell. (See *London, M.T.*)
- Southall** (Middlesex).—G.W.R. (See *London, L.T.*)
- Southam** (Warwick).—(n.s. *Harbury*, 3½ m.) Itchene. (See *Gloucester*.)
- Southampton** (Hants).—L. & S.W.R. Itchen and Test. Itchen rises by Cheriton (belonging to Lord Ebury, trout), runs to Titchbourne 1½ m. **Alresford** (L. & S.W.R.) 2 m. Here is Alresford Pond (Lady Rodney), and a tributary rising by Brown Candover mill pond, runs to Northington 1 m. Swaverton ½ m., where it waters the lake at the Grange (Lord Ashburton, fishing very good), and **Alresford** 3 m. Itchen runs to Avington 1 m. (good fishing, but preserved by Mr. Shelly, Mr. Wall, of Worthy Park, and Capt. Hewson); to **Itchen Abbas** (L. & S.W.R.) 2 m., Easton, Abbots Worthy, and King's Worthy 1 m. (preserved by Capt. Fryer, of Worthy Kennels); and **Winchester** (S.W.R.) 4 m.; Shawford 4 m. (where is fishing in the barge river); Otterbourne 4 m. (where is a small but clean inn; fishing strictly preserved by T. Chamberlayne, Esq. Cranbury Park; Magdalene College, Oxford; Sir T. Fairbairn, Bambridge); 1½ m. below, the outfall of Fisher's Pond, Golding Common (good piking, belonging to P. Sandish, Esq., Marwell Hall, Winchester), joins on left bank, and 1 m. on is **Bishopstoke** (S.W.R.); 4 m. on, at South Stoneham (salmon, preserved by Mrs. Hemming, of Stoneham Park), a stream joins on right bank, holding a few pike and salmon, preserved by C. Standish, Esq., and rising in Marlbrook pond, 2 m. W. of **Bishopstoke**, and in 1½ m. receives the drainage of the ponds in Stoneham Park, 1 m. from the station. Hence to **Southampton** is 4 m. Here on the left bank is the drainage of Miller's Pond (good coarse fishing). Good coarse fishing can be had in Netley Abbey, Shirley, and Luxborough Ponds. In Freemantle Pond and the private water in Bannister's Park there are a few tench, carp, perch. Pout, whiting, and eels in Southampton Water; and whiting, bass, grey mullet, and sand smelts from the piers and quays. The best flies for Itchen are Governor, Wickham's fancy, Coch-y-bonddhu, Hammond's favourite, Mayfly, alder.
- TEST** holds trout, grayling, salmon, pike, perch, roach, and rises in a pond in Ash Park, 2 m. above **Overton**; runs to Freefolk (trout) 2 m.; **Whitechurch** (S.W.R.) 1½ m.; tufon 1 m. One m. below a branch joins on right bank, which rises by Hurstbourne Tarrant, runs 4 m. to St. Mary Bourne (trout), 3 m. to Hurstbourne Priory, and Test 1 m. The principal owners here are Lord Portsmouth (who sometimes gives leave on a proper introduction), the representatives of the late Col. Hawker, Mr. Coles, Mr. Bright, and Mr. Tremayne. The troutling is first-rate. Four m. down Test a fine trout stream joins on left bank, which rises by Mitcheldever, runs to Ballington 6 m., and Test 2 m. (the best of the fishing belongs to Mr. Henniker Wilson and Mr. Wickham.) Test runs to Chibolton (where the freeholders have the fishery on one side from Ashbridge to Testcombe Bridge, fish run very large; trout and jack), Wherwell 2 m. (preserved by Mr. Iremonger; first-rate troutling now let.) 1 m. down at **Fullerton Bridge** Anton joins Test on right bank; Anton rises some 3 m. N. of **Andover**, 1 m. below which, at Upper Clatford, Pillhill brook joins on right bank. Pillhill rises at Fifield and Thruxton in Mollins' pond, runs to Anton 5 m. Anton now runs 1½ m. to **Goodworth Clatford**, and Test 3 m. Test runs to Leckford 2 m. (preserved by the Stockbridge club), **Stockbridge** 3 m., Houghton Drayton 2 m. (preserved by the Stockbridge club; trout and grayling), and **King Sombourne** 1 m. Here a stream joins on right bank, which rises by Wallop and its mill, and joins Test 4 m. down. Test runs to **Mottisfont** 4 m., where a stream, 3 m. long, joins on right bank, which rises by Lockerley, feeding two mills. Test runs in 5 m. to **Romsey**, Nutsalling, 4½ m. 1 m. on a stream joins on right bank, which rises in a mill pool at Landford, runs 4 m. on to Wallow Mill, and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by a stream, 1½ m. long, which drains the lake in Paulton's park. Three m. down is Test. Test runs to **Redbridge** 2 m. Half a mile below a stream, 8 m. long, joins on right bank, which rises in a large mill pool 1½ m. N. of **Lyndhurst**. Half a mile below, the outflow of Shirley pond, 1 m. up, joins Test on left bank. Southampton is 3 m. on. The flies for the Test are the same as for the Avon (see *Christchurch*), but dressed smaller; in addition, the alder, willow fly, yellow Sally, and grannum. *Hotels*: Radley's, Royal.
- Southend** (Essex).—Sd.R. (See *Burnham*.) Large flounders can be taken from the pier.
- Southill** (Beds).—G.N.R. and M.R. Southill brook. Ivel, 5 m. Lakes: Southill Park. Old Warden Park, 2 m. (See *King's Lynn*.) *Hotel*: Royal.
- South Molton** (Devon).—G.W.R. Mole; trout. Bray; trout. (c.s. *Taw*.) (See *Barn-*

- staple.* *Hotel:* George, where trout for some miles can be had (*see Advertisement*). The fishing is free for some distance below the town; Lord Poltimore preserves some part of Mole and Bray; for leave apply to A. E. Ricard, Esq., solicitor, enclosing stamped addressed envelope. Flitton water. Yeo. Nadder water. Knowstone water, 3 m. (*see Castle Hill*).
- South Molton Road (Devon).—**S.W.R. Taw; trout, peal. Yeo; trout (*c.s.*) (*See Barnstaple*). *Hotel:* Portescue Arms, comfortable, where fishing can be had in 2 m. of Taw.
- Southy (Lincoln).—**G.N.R. Witham. Topholme brook. (*See Boston*.)
- Southwaite (Cumland).—**On Petteril; salmon and trout. (*c.s. Eden*.)
- Southwell (Notts).—**M.R. Greet; trout; good fishing; preserved by a society of 12 at 10 guineas, with 6 friends' tickets; season begins May 1. Pingley dyke, 1 m. E. Hallowington Dumble, 2 m. S. Halam beck, 2 m. N.W. Trent, 3 m. S.E. at **Fiskerton**. (*See Fiskerton*.) *Lakes:* Kirklington Hall lake, 3 m. N.W. Edingley Mill pond, by Farnsfield, 4 m. N.W. *Hotel:* Saracen's Head. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Southwold (Suffolk).—**Blyth. Blyth rises in the lakes in Haveningham Hall Park, 3 m. S.W. from **Halesworth**, runs 5 m. to **Halesworth**, 1 m. off on left bank, and here Wisset brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Blyth runs to **Wenhaston**, 2 m., and 5 m. down is joined on left bank by Stoven brook, 7 m. long. 3 m. down Blyth is **Southwold** and the sea. Smelts can be taken some distance up the river. 2 m. N., at **Potters Bridge**, runs Wrentham brook; perch, roach, bream, pike; leave from the farmers. This brook rises in Benacre Hall Park, runs 6 m. to **Potters Bridge**, and 1 m. below waters **Easton Broad**; pike, roach, perch, bream; Sir F. Gooch. 5 m. N. of **Southwold** is **Benacre Broad**; pike, roach, tench, perch; Sir F. Gooch.
- Spalding (Lincoln).—**G.N.R., G.E.R. Welland; pike, perch, chub; free. Welland rises above **Market Harborough**, and 5 m. below is joined on left bank by **Saddington** brook, which rises in the reservoir by **Saddington**, 3 m. S. from **Kibworth**, and 6 m. down, just below **Wide bridge**, 3 m. N. of **Market Harborough**, is joined on right bank by a brook 4 m. long, draining **Gumley pond** and two ponds in **Gumley Hall Park**, 3 m. S. of **Kibworth**, or 3 m. N.W. of **Lubenham**. **Saddington** joins **Welland** 3 m. down. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down **Welland**, **Hardwick brook**, which rises above **Stanton Wyville**, 4 m. E. of **Kibworth** and is 8 m. long, joins on left bank. **Welland** runs to **Ashley**, 3 m., and here **Medbourne brook**, 6 m. long, joins on left bank. **Welland** runs 6 m. to **Bookingham**, where **Eye brook** joins on left bank. **Eye** rises above **East Morton**, and joins **Welland** 9 m. below. **Welland** runs 5 m. to **Seaton** on left bank, and **Harringworth** on right bank; thence to **Turtle Bridge** 2 m., **Wakerley** 2 m., **Duddington** 4 m., **Ketton** 3 m., and 1 m. below **Chater** joins on left bank. **Chater** rises in **Witheote Hall** lake 4 m. N. from **East Morton**, runs 8 m. to **Manton**, **Luffenham** 5 m., **Ketton** 3 m., and joins **Welland** 2 m. down. **Welland** runs to **Stamford** 2 m., and 1 m. below is joined on left bank by **Gwash**. **Gwash** rises 5 m. above **Manton**, and 5 m. below is joined on left bank by a stream which drains the lake in **Burley Park** by **Oakham** 4 m. up. 2 m. down **Gwash** by **Empingham** a stream joins on left bank draining the lake in **Exton Park**, 8 m. N.W. from **Stainford**, or 8 m. N.E. from **Oakham**. **Gwash** runs 4 m. to **Great Bridge**, 3 m. to **Eyhall**, and 3 m. down joins **Welland**. **Welland** runs to **Uffington** 2 m., **Tallington** 2 m. **Market Deeping** (n.s. **St. James Deeping**) 3 m. (here begins the **Market Deeping** Angling Society's water), **St. James Deeping** 2 m. Here we are fairly in the fens, and **Welland** becomes a "drain," running to **Kenulphstone** 4 m. (here ends the M.D.A.S. water), **Crowland** (n.s. **Postland**, 3 m.) 2 m., **Cowbit** 5 m., **Spalding** 4 m. 5 m. down **Welland**, at the reservoir 1 m. N.E. of **Surfleet Station**, **Glen** joins on left bank. **Glen** rises above **Corby**, runs thence to **Little Bytham** 6 m., **Essendine** 5 m., and 4 m. down, at **Wilthorpe**, is joined on left bank by **Edenham brook**. **Edenham** rises 8 m. above **Edenham** (n.s. **Bourn**, 2 m.), and 2 m. below, 2 m. W. of **Bourn**, is joined on right bank by the drainage, 2 m. up, of the large lake in **Grims-thorpe Park**, 2 m. S.E. of **Corby**. **Edenham** runs 6 m. to **Braceborough Spa**, and **Glen** 2 m. **Glen** runs 1 m. to **Kates Bridge**, 3 m. S. of **Bourn**, **Counter Drain** 6 m., **Money Bridge** 4 m., **Finchbeck** 1 m., **Surfleet** 2 m., and **Welland** 1 m. **Welland** joins the **Wash** 2 m. down at **Fossdyke Bridge**. **Counter Drain**; pike, perch, roach, carp. **North Dove**; same fish. **South Dove**; same fish. **Vernatts Drain**; same fish.
- Sparkford (Somerset).—**G.W.R. Camel Brook; trout; mostly preserved by the owner of **Cadbury House**. (*See Bridgwater*.)
- Speech House (Gloucester).—**M.B. Blackpool brook. (*See Aulse*.)
- Spetchley (Gloucester).—**M.B. Stoulton brook (1 m. S.). Bow brook (2 m. E.). *Lakes:* **Spetchley Park lake**. (*See Gloucester*.)
- Spettisbury (Dorset).—**S. & D.J.R. (*See Christchurch*.) **Stour** and **Tarrant**; pike, perch, &c.; good fishing. (*c.s. Avon*.)
- Spilsby (Lincoln).—**G.N.R. Steeping river, 1 m. N. (*See Wainfleet*.)
- Spondon (Derby).—**M.R. Derwent; pike, coarse fish, grayling, trout; preserved by a society at Derby. (*See Derby*.) (*c.s. Trent*.) **Chaddesden brook**, 1 m. N.W. *Lake:* **Locko Park lake**, 2 m. N. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Spratton (Northton).—**L. & N.W.R. **Nen**. **Stowe brook**. **Pitsford brook**, 1 m. S. (*See Wisbeach*.)
- Stafford. —**L. & N.W.R., G.N.R. **Sow**; perch, pike, dace, roach, chub, grayling, trout; preserved by an association; s.t., 10s. 6d.; d.t., 2s. 6d. **Clanford brook**, 1 m. W. **Penk**, 1 m. S.E.; preserved as **Sow**. **Kington brook**, 1 m. N.E. *Lakes:* **Kington pool**, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. W.

- Ingestre Park pool and Hopton pools, 4 m. N.E. Tixall Park pool, 4 m. E. *Hotels*: North Western, Swan. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Staines** (Middx.).—S.W.R. Thames, Colne. *Inns*: Angel and Crown, Railway Hotel, Packhorse, Swan at Staines Bridge. *Fishermen*: E. and J. Keene, J. Keene, jun., T. Fletcher, C. Hone, G. Osman, and J. Clarke. There is capital dace fishing in Colne on Staines Moor, free in parts; elsewhere preserved by a society. The water by side of S.W. Railway belongs to the company, and is let to the S.W. Angling Society; s.t. 5s.
- St. Alban's** (Herts).—M.R. and G.N.R. Colne; roach, dace, perch, pike, bream, trout; preserved by landowners and millers. *Hotels*: Peahen and George. (See *London, M.T.*)
- Stalbridge** (Dorset).—S. & D.J.R. Stour; pike, perch, roach. Lidden; trout. (See *Christchurch*.) (c.s. *Avon*.)
- Stalham** (Norfolk).—E. & M.R., G.E.R. Ant; free. *Lakes*: Stalham Broad; free. (c.s. *N. and S.*) Barton Broad, 1 m. S.; free. (See *Yarmouth*.) *Inns*: Swan (see *Advertisement*), Railway, Maid's Head, where information and fishing can be had.
- Stamford** (Lincoln).—G.N.R., L. & N.W.R. Welland; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch; fishing free on N. bank between Hudds Mills and Broadening Bridge, elsewhere preserved by Stamford Angling Association; subscribers living within 10 m. of Stamford, entrance 2s. 6d., s.t. 3s. 6d.; beyond 10 m., entrance 42s., s.t. 21s., on nomination of 2 club members; two days' piking a week only permitted; no dogs; sec., H. N. Fisher, Esq. Gwash, 1 m. E.; trout; preserved as above; s.t. for Gwash and Welland, 10s. 6d.; two days a week only allowed in Gwash. Glen, 4 m. N.E., at Langford Bridge. *Lakes*: Burghley Park, 1 m. S.E. Easton Heath, 3 m. S. (see *Wisbeach*). Exton Park, 8 m. N.W. *Hotel*: Stamford. *Fishing within reach*: Essendine, Braceborough Spa, Bourn, Counter Drain, Little Bytham, Corby, Peterborough, Ketton, Luffenham, Seaton, Rockingham, Ashley, Market Harborough, Kibworth, Stamford, Lilbourne, Clifton, Rugby, Lamport, Brixworth, Spratton, Northampton.
- Standon** (Herts).—B.R. (See *Stratford*.) On Rib; trout. Above here the river is preserved by Col. Tower and Miss Mellish, of Hamel's Park; below Standon trout are scarce; jack, perch, chub, dace, and roach plentiful; leave may sometimes be obtained from the farmers.
- Standon** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Mease (c.s. *Trent*). Bromley brook, 1 m. S. *Lakes*: Hatton Mill, 2 m. N. Mease House lakes, 2 m. S.W. Bromley Mill ponds, 3 m. W. Podmore pools, 3 m. W. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Stanford** (Northon).—B. & S.B. Avon; chub, dace, &c. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Stanhope** (Durham).—G.N.R. and M.R. Wear; trout.
- Stanner** (Hereford).—L. & K.R. Glwern. (See *Chepstow*.)
- Stanstead** (Essex).—G.E.R. (See *Stratford*.) On Stort.
- Stanton Gate** (Notts).—M.R. Erewash. Nut brook. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Staplehurst** (Kent).—S.E.R. (See *Rochester*.) On Beult.
- Stapleton Road** (Gloucester).—G.W.R. Frome; roach, dace, pike poor fishing, mostly free. (See *Bristol*.)
- Starcross** (Devon).—G.W.R. Kenn; trout; mostly preserved by Lord Devon. Kenn rises by Dunchideock, runs 3 m. to Kenn (n.s. *Exminster*, G.W.R., 2½ m.), Kenton (n.s. *Starcross*, 1 m.), and the Exe estuary, 1 m. At Cockwood, ¼ m. from *Starcross*, a small stream joins the Exe estuary, which runs down from Mamhead, and is 3 m. long, working a mill.
- St. Austell** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. St. Austell river. This stream rises 2 m. N. of the town, and 2 m. below, it is joined on right bank by Cissy Brook, which rises by *Burngullow* (G.W.R.), and is 3 m. long. The sea is 3 m. below the junction. 4 m. off at Penlewan Basin is a series of ponds holding trout; tickets by the day.
- Staverton** (Devon).—G.W.R. (See *Dartmouth*.) On Dart; salmon and trout; the river can be fished by payment of a small fee from here up to Ashburton and down to Totnes. (c.s.) Comfortable hotel and good lodgings.
- St. Blazey** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Bream. (See *Par*.) (c.s. *Fowey*.)
- St. Columb** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Mawgan; trout, sea trout. Kestle. Mellincoes. Porthcothan, 5 m. Mawgan rises 3 m. N.E. from *St. Columb*, runs through the town, thence 4 m. to Mawgan (*Hotel*, Gilbert's, fishing free and good), hence to the sea 2 m. Above, preserved by E. Brydges Williams, Esq. By the sea Whitewater joins Mawgan, which rises 1½ m. N. of *St. Columb*, and is 6 m. long. (c.s. *Camel*.) 5 m. N. from *St. Columb*, at St. Ervan, runs Porthcothan brook, 5 m. long. (See *Padstow, New Quay, Grampound*.)
- St. Cyres** (Devon).—S.W.R. Creedy; trout. Shobbrook brook. (See *Exeter*.)
- Stevenage** (Herts).—G.N.R. (See *Stratford*; *Hertford*.) On Beame; trout; preserved.
- Stevenston** (Berks).—G.W.R. A small affluent of Thames runs here with some mills on it. (See *London, M.T.*)
- St. Barth** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. Hayle; trout. (See *Hayle*.) (c.s. *Camel*.)
- St. Ewe** (Cornwall) (n.s. *Burngullow*, G.W.R. 5 m.) On Ewe; trout; fishing free. Ewe rises 2 m. south of *Burngullow*, runs 4 m. to St. Ewe, and the sea 6 m.
- Steyning** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. On Adur; dace, &c. (See *New Shoreham*.)
- St. Germans** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. St. Germans river and Cad; trout. St. Germans rises by St. Ives (n.s. *Linkard*, G.W.R. 3 m.), runs 3 m. to Hepple Mill (n.s. *Menhenlot*, G.W.R. 2½ m.) and *St. Germans* 8 m. 1 m. below the town, Cad joins on left bank. Cad rises 1 m. south of Alternan (n.s. *Launceston*, G.W.R. 8 m.) 5 m. down Trewartha

- water, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Cad runs to North Hill 1 m., Callington (1½ m. off river on left bank; fair accommodation at Golding's Hotel; fishing from Tamar and Plym Fishery, s.t. 6s) 9 m., Pillaton 4 m., and **St. Germans** 6 m.
- Stilton**.—Some fair pike, perch, bream, roach, carp and tench fishing can be had in the drainage of what was once Whittlesea mere.
- St. Ives** (Cornwall).—Good sea fishing from pier and boats.
- St. Ives** (Hunts).—G.E.R. and G.N.R. Ouse; coarse fish, except barbel; there is capital fishing between this place and Earith. (*c.s. N. and S.*) *Fisherman*: Phurnall. (*See King's Lynn*.)
- Stixwold** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Witham. (*See Boston*.)
- St. James Deeping** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Welland; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch; preserved by Market Deeping Angling Society. *Hotel*: Ship. (*See Market Deeping, Spalding*.)
- St. Keverne** (Cornwall).—(*N.s. Falmouth*, 11 m.) Two brook; join the sea here—one 1½ m. N. at Mabal Mill, and the other running through the village and joining the sea 2 m. down. (*c.s. Fowey*.)
- St. Leonards** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. A small stream by St. Leonards station. This stream rises 1 m. N.W. of Catfold in three small ponds; 6 m. on a stream joins on the left bank, which rises in two large lakes in Battle Abbey, **Battle** (T.W. & H.R.). ½ m. down is the Peppering Powder Mill Head, where a streamlet joins on the left bank, running out of a small pond 1 m. off, close to the railway. 1½ m. down, at Crowhurst, a stream joins on the right bank, rising out of a pond ½ m. off. 2 m. down, the brook joins the main stream; 2 m. on St. Leonards is reached. *Hotel*: Alexandra.
- St. Margaret's** (Herts).—H. & W.R. (*See Stratford*.) On Lea and Stort; trout, jack, perch, chub, &c. Here is the Amwell Magna fishery of fifteen members. Tickets, 7 guineas a year. Each member has six daily tickets for friends, and the privilege of introducing a companion. There are a good number of large trout.
- St. Mary's Cray** (Kent).—L.C. & D.R. (*See Dartford*.) On Cray.
- St. Mawes** (Cornwall).—(*n.s. Falmouth*, G.W.R.) Corymack water. This brook, some 3 m. long, runs into the head of St. Mawes harbour.
- St. Neots** (Hunts).—G.N.R. Ouse; coarse fish, except barbel; free from Eaton Mill to Kym mouth; elsewhere preserved by Lord Esme Gordon and others; leave not difficult. (*c.s. N. and S.*) Kym, 1 m. down. Gallow brook, 3 m. down. (*See King's Lynn*.)
- Stockbridge** (Hants).—S.W.R. The Test; trout; preserved by the Stockbridge Club above the town; below most of the fresholders of Stockbridge have the right of fishing on one side of the river for ½ m.; leave from one of these. The principal proprietors below the free water are Mr. Spiller, Mr. Meltznagen, Mr. Griffiths, and Mr. Derrell. (*See Andover, Southampton*.) *Hotel*: Grosvenor.
- Stockingford** (Warwick).—M.B. *Lakes*; Seddwood pool and Arbury Park ponds, 1 m. S. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Stogumber** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Williton brook; trout. (*See Williton*.)
- Stoke** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Stour. Birdsbrook, 2½ m. S.W. Albery brook, 3 m. W. (*c.s. S. and E.*) (*See Manningtree*.)
- Stoke Edith** (Hereford). W. & H.B. Frome (1 m.) (*See Chapstow*.)
- Stoke Ferry** (Norfolk).—G.E.B. Wissey. (*c.s. N. and S.*) Barton brook. *Lakes*: Diddington Hall Lake, 5 m. S.E. (*See King's Lynn*.)
- Stoke Fleming** (Devon).—(*N.s. Dartmouth*, 3 m.) Blackpool Water. This stream is some 4 m. long, and divides into two branches a mile above its mouth.
- Stoke-on-Trent** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R., M.B. Trent. (*c.s.*) Fowler brook. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Stone** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Trent. (*c.s.*) Filly brook. Moddershall brook. *Lakes*: Moddershall Mill. Swinnerton Park, 3 m. W. Trentham Park, 4 m. N. (*See Gainsborough*.)
- Stonehouse** (Gloucester).—G.W.R. and M.R. Frome. Frome rises in Miserden Park (*n.s. Stroud*, G.W.R., 8 m.), runs to Sapperton 6 m., **Brimacombe** (G.W.R.) 4 m., and **Stroud** (G.W.R.) 3 m. Here Sleian Brook, Painswick Brook, and Nailsworth Brook join Frome. Sleian Brook is 3 m. long, and, working 7 miles, joins on right bank. Painswick Brook rises by Cranham (*n.s. Worton*, B. & B.R., 4 m.) in two branches, each working a mill, runs 1½ m., where a stream, 1 m. long, working a mill, joins on left bank. Painswick is 1 m. down, ½ m. below which a stream, 2 m. long and working 4 miles, joins on right bank. **Stroud** is 3 m. on. Nailsworth Brook joins Frome on left bank. This stream rises by Cherlinton in a pond, and runs 4 m. to **Nailsworth** (B. & B.R.). 1 m. down, a short stream joins on left bank, which rises in some large ponds 2 m. up. Nailsworth runs to **Woodchester** (B. & B.R.) 1 m., and Frome 2 m. Frome runs to **Stonehouse** 3 m., and 6 m. down joins the Severn estuary.
- Stoneleigh** (Warwick).—(*n.s. Kenilworth*, 3 m.) Avon; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, bream. Sow. (*See Gloucester*.) (*c.s. Severn*.)
- Stoney Stratford** (Buck.).—*N.s. Wolverton*, 2 m. Ouse; coarse fish, except barbel; mostly private. (*c.s. N. and S.*) *Lakes*: Whittlewood Forest ponds, 4 m. N.W. (*See King's Lynn*.)
- Stourbridge** (Stafford).—G.W.R. Stour. (*See Gloucester*.) (*c.s. Severn*.)
- Stourport** (Worcester).—S.V.R. Severn; salmon, trout, grayling, chub, dace, pike, perch, &c. Gladder brook. Stour. Dick brook (3 m. S.W.). Shrawley brook (7 m. S.W.). *Lakes*: Sharpley pool (4 m. S.). Frog pool (5 m. S.). Witley Court ponds (7 m. S.W.); pike, perch, roach, &c.; leave from Lady Dudley's steward sometimes. (*See Gloucester*.) (*c.s.*)

- Stow** (Gloucester).—G.W.R. 2 m. off is Donnington Mill Pool and Dickler River; trout. (See *London, U.T.*)
- Stowmarket** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Gipping; roach, perch, pike, tench. Battlesden brook. (See *Ipswich.*)
- Stow Park** (Lincoln).—G.N.R., G.E.R. Trent, 2 m. W.; chub, pike, perch. (c.s.) (See *Gainsborough.*) Tilt, 3 m. S.E., at Tilt Bridge. (See *Boston.*)
- Stratford** (Essex).—G.E.R. Hotel: White Hart. On Lea. The Lea rises 6 m. N.W. of Luton (M.R. & G.N.R.), $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below which town it flows through Luton Park (Baroness de Falbo), where it waters a large lake containing very large pike. Leave is sometimes given on proper application. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below the outfall **New Mill End Station** (M.R. & G.N.R.) is reached. The Lea runs next to **Harpenden** (M.R. & G.N.R.) 3 m.; to **Wheathampstead** (G.N.R.) 2 m. 3 m. below, Lea runs through Brocket Hall, making a large lake. **Hatfield** (G.N.R.) is 2 m. on, thence to **Hertford** (G.N.R.) is 6 m. A little above Hertford the Mimram joins Lea on the left bank. This stream rises 5 m. N.W. of Codicote, passing in its way through a large lake in Kimpton Hoo Park, and then runs 3 m. to **Welwyn** (G.N.R.); from thence to its junction with Lea is 6 m. At **Hertford**, Beame river joins Lea on the left bank. This stream rises 3 m. N. of **Stevenage** (G.N.R.) 7 m. below, a brook joins on the left bank, which has a course of 10 m., and flows by Walkern and Aston. 1 m. below the junction Watton is reached. Here the Beame runs through Woodhall Park, forming a large lake. From hence to Hertford is 5 m. Just below Hertford the Rib river joins Lea. This stream rises by Buckland, flows 4 m. to **Buntingford** (B.R.) in 3 m. the stream runs to **Westmill** (B.R.); $\frac{2}{3}$ m. down, at **Braughing** (B.R.), Quin river joins Rib on left bank. This stream has a course of 10 m., passing the villages of Great and Little Horstead about the centre of the river. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down the united streams **How Street station** (B.R.) is reached. From hence to **Hertford** is 10 m. The Lea now flows in 2 m. to **Ware** (H. & W.R.), $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below. Ash joins on the left bank. This brook rises by Furneaux Pelham, and, in a course of 10 m., flows to **Hadham Cross** (B.R.), thence in $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to **Widford** (B.R.), and then $\frac{3}{4}$ m. to the Lev. From this junction to **St. Margaret's** (H. & W.R.) is 1 m. 2 m. below Stort joins Lea on left bank. This stream rises by Meaden, and runs 12 m. to **Stansted** (G.E.R.) passing in its way Clavering, Bearden, and Manewden. From Stansted to **Bishop Stortford** (fishing preserved, and very good) is 3 m.; thence to **Sawbridgeworth** is 5 m. $\frac{1}{4}$ m. below, Pincey Brook joins Stort on left bank. This stream is 11 m. long, rising by **Takeley** (G.E.R.) 1 m. down from the junction of Pincey with Stort **Harlow** (G.E.R.) is reached. $\frac{2}{3}$ m. down we reach **Burnt Mill** (G.E.R.). 1 m. above this place a stream joins on the right bank, which feeds a large lake in New Place. From Burnt Mill to **Royston** (G.E.R.) is 3 m. Here a stream joins on the right bank, which runs out of a large lake at Hunsdon Grange and two other ponds on the right of the road. From **Royston** to Hunsdon fishing is private; and from Hunsdon to the junction of Stort and Lea at **Hoddesdon** belongs to Eye House fishery. (See *Eye House.*) From Hoddesdon to **Broxbourne** (G.E.R.) is $\frac{2}{3}$ m., **Cheshunt** (G.E.R.) $\frac{3}{4}$ m.; **Waltham** (G.E.R.) $\frac{1}{2}$ m.; $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below, Cobbia's Brook, which rises near Epping, and has a course of 7 m., joins Lea on left bank. 4 m. on **Enfield** (G.E.R.) is reached; **Park Station** (G.E.R.), 3 m.; **Tottenham** (G.E.R.), 2 m.; **Lea Bridge**, $\frac{2}{3}$ m., and Stratford, 3 m. 4 m. down, Lea joins Thames. The fishing at Stratford is poor; a few bream and roach, barbel and flounders.
- Stratford-on-Avon** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R., G.W.R. On Avon; pike, bream, roach, perch, chub, dace, carp. Hotel: Shakespeare. The Avon is preserved by the corporation; s.t. (including pike), 10s.; m.t. 2s. 6d.; w.t. 2s.; d.t. 1s.; excluding pike, s.t. 5s.; m.t. 2s. 6d.; w.t. 2s.; d.t. 6d. Tickets at the hotels. Stour (1 m.). Dene (5 m. N.E.). Thelcsford brook (7 m. N.E.). (See *Gloucester.*) (c.s. *Severn.*)
- Stretham** (Cambs).—G.E.R. Ouse; coarse fish, except barbel. (c.s. *N. and S.*) (See *Thetford, King's Lynn.*)
- Stretton** (Derby).—M.R. Stretton brook. Amber, 1 m. Westwood brook, 2 m. S.E. at Morton. (See *Gainsborough.*)
- Stroud** (Gloucester).—G.W.R. Frome; a few trout and coarse fish. Slean brook. Painswick brook. Nailsworth brook. (See *Stonehouse.*) Pike and coarse fishing in the canal.
- Studley** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R. Arrow; pike, perch, chub, dace, bream, few trout. (See *Gloucester.*)
- Sturmer** (Essex).—G.E.R. Stour. Albey brook. Birdbrook, 1 m. S. (c.s. *S. and E.*) (See *Manningtree.*)
- Sturminster Newton** (Dorset).—S. & D.J.R. Stour; chub, dace, pike, perch; free, good fishing. (c.s.) Ditchling. (c.s. *Avon.*) Lidden; trout. (c.s. *Avon.*) (See *Christchurch.*) Hotel: River Arms; comfortable.
- Sturry** (Kent).—A. & I.R. On Stour. (See *Sandwich.*) 2 m. of the river belong to Mr. W. Cannon (preserved as a Stour Fishery Protection Association). (See *Canterbury.*) (c.s.)
- Sudbury** (Derby).—G.N.R., N.S.B. Dove; coarse fish, trout, grayling; preserved by Burton-on-Trent Angling Association; hon. sec., R. Clarke, Esq., Burton-on-Trent; s.t. 40s.; salmon and trout; rod licences from J. C. Perfect, Esq. (c.s. *Trent.*) Cubley brook, 2 m. E. Lakes: pond at Aldermoor, 3 m. N.; Foston Hall lake, 2 m. E. (See *Gainsborough.*)
- Sudbury** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Stour; pike, perch, roach, carp, dace, bream, tench (c.s. *Suffolk and Essex*); hon. sec., H. C. Pratt, Esq. Bardfield brook, 1 m. N.W. Melford brook, 4 m. N.W. Glemsford brook, 2 m. N.; same fish as Stour. Buxford, 6 m. N.E. (See *Manningtree.*)

- Sunbury** (Middx.).—S.W.R. Thames. (*See London, L.T.*) *Hotels*: Magpie, Flower-pot, and Weir. *Fishermen*: T., A., and J. Stroud, E. Clarke and Sons.
- Surfleet** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Welland. Glen. (*See Spalding.*)
- Sutton** (Notts).—M.R. Maun. *Lakes*: Bath Wood. King's Mill reservoir, 1 m. N.E. (*See Althorpe.*)
- Sutton Bingham** (Somerset).—S.W.R. (*See Bridgewater.*)
- Sutton Coldfield** (Warwick).—L. & N.W.R., M.R. East brook. Langley brook, 3 m. E. *Lakes*: Bracebridge pool, 2 m. N.W. Doves pool; tench, perch; fishing very good; preserved by a club of limited numbers. Blackroot pool, 1 m. N.W. Long Moor Mill pond. Powells pool. Windley pool, 1 m. S.W. Langley Hall ponds, 2 m. E. Canwell Hall pond, 4 m. N.E. Bourne pool, 4 m. N.W. (*See Gainsborough.*) *Hotel*: Royal.
- Sutton-on-Trent** (n.a. Crow Park, 2 m.) (Notts).—M.R., G.N.R. Trent; pike, roach, dace, chub, grayling. (*c.s.*) Girtou brook. Grassthorpe brook, 2 m. N. *Lakes*: The Fleet, 2 m. E. Blackpool, Nuns pool, and Cowarth pool, 3 m. S.E. Collingham ponds, 4 m. S.E. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Swadlincote** (Stafford).—M.R. Repton brook, 2 m. N.E. *Lakes*: Glover mill, 2 m. N.E. Hartshorn ponds and Screw Mill pond, 3 m. N.E. Brethby Park ponds, 3 m. N. Repton rocks pond, 4 m. N.E. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Swaffham** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Nar, 4 m. N., at Castle Acre; good trouting; strictly preserved. (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Swainthorpe** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Tese. Yare, 3 m. N. *Lakes*: Bracon Hall and Carlton Lodge, 2 m. W. (*See Farnmouth.*)
- Swanage** (Dorset).—Round Peveril Ledge and Durlstone Head is good pollack fishing to St. Alban's Head; also bass. Eels for bait procurable in the brook.
- Swanbourn** (Bucks).—L. & N.W.R. *Lakes*: Whaddon, 3 m. N. (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Swanington** (Leicester).—M.R. Dishley brook, 2 m. N.E. Seuce, 2 m. S. *Lakes*: Coleorton pools, 2 m. N.W. Old reservoir, 4 m. N.E. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Swavesey** (Cambs).—G.E.R. Ouse; coarse fish, except barbel; good fishing; preserved by Cambridge and Ely Angling Society (*see Cambridge.*) (*c.s. N. and S.*) Inn, Boat, New Staunch, Over. (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Swimbridge** (Devon).—D. & S.R. Swimbridge water. (*See Barnstaple.*)
- Swinderby** (Lincoln).—M.R. Girtou brook. *Lakes*: Skelmires pond, 2 m. S.E. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Swindon** (Wilts).—G.W.R. On Ray and Cole; coarse fish and a few trout. (*See London, U.T.*) In Cole Reservoir, (pike, roach, tench), the source of Cole, 2 m. off, good fishing from May 1 to Feb. 28. St., 21 2s. d.t., 1s. 6d.
- Swinehead** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Hammond Beck. (*See Boston.*)
- Syston** (Leicester).—M.R. Wreak; roach, bream, pike, perch, chub; preserved by Leicester Angling Society. (*See Leicester.*) (*c.s. Trent.*) Barkby brook. Soar, 1 m. W.; preserved by L.A.S. (*See Leicester.*) (*c.s. Trent.*) (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Takeley** (Essex).—B. & D.R. (*See Barking and Stratford.*) On Roding and Pincey brook.
- Tallington** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Welland; pike, perch, dace; private. (*See Spalding.*)
- Tamworth** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Tame; few chub, dace, &c.; much polluted. (*c.s. Trent.*) Anker. (*c.s. Trent.*) Bourne brook; trout, grayling; preserved by landowners. *Lakes*: Drayton Park, 2 m. S. Middleton Park, 4 m. S. Canwell Hall, 4 m. S.W. Swinfern Hall, 5 m. N.W. Freeford Hall, 6 m. N.W. (*See Gainsborough.*) *Hotel*: Castle.
- Tanfield** (York).—Yore; trout, grayling, pike, perch; preserved for 6 m. on N. bank by Tanfield Angling Club of 30 at 4l. 4s., with three day tickets at 2s. 6d. additional each ticket; the S. side of river is private, leave sometimes given; apply to Miss Stanley, Old Shrigford Hall, and W. Barriton, Esq., Shrigford Park. 2 m. down the river, and adjoining the club water, Sir R. Graham preserves and grants leave sometimes. (*c.s. York.*) *Hotel*: Bruce Arms; good.
- Taplow** (Bucks).—G.W.R. Thames. (*See London, M.T., Maidenhead.*)
- Tarsett** (Northland).—On North Tyne; trout; the river is, we believe, preserved by a society who will give leave. The fishing is first-rate. (*c.s.*)
- Tattenhall** (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Keys brook. (*See Chester.*)
- Tattershall** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Bain. Witham, 1 m. W. (*See Boston.*)
- Taunton** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Tone; trout, dace, roach, perch, tench, and pike. Kingston brook; trout. Black brook; trout. (*See Bridgewater.*) Tone is preserved above the town by an association; trouting poor. The best is at Bradford, 4 m. up, where the association water ends. Below the town are many weirs where very large trout are constantly taken, also many coarse fish. The pike fishing is good below the town. Leave from the millers and the land owners. Small perch, roach, tench, and eels, in the Bridge-water canal. (*c.s. Avon.*) Otter rises 8 m. off. (*c.s.*) (*See Ottery St. Mary.*)
- Tavistock** (Devon).—G.W.R. and L. & S.W.R. Tavy; trout, salmon peel, salmon; preserved by Tamar, Walkham, and Plym Fishing Association; a.t. 20s., d.t. 1s. Lamburn brook (2 m.); trout, peel; preserved as above. Tamar (3 m.); trout, salmon, peel; preserved as above. Walcombe (3 m.); trout, peel, salmon; preserved as above. Plym, 5 m.; trout, peel, salmon; preserved as above. Meavy, 5 m.; trout, peel, salmon; preserved as above. (*c.s. Tamar.*) (*See Plymouth.*) *Hotel*: Bedford.
- Tebay** (Westland).—L. & N.W.R. (*See Borrowbridge.*) Lune; trout, salmon; trouting, free. Borrow Beck and Howgill are good streams.

- Tedingham Bridge** (Yorks).—By rail to West Hesterton Station. On Derwent; pike, roach, grayling, and chub. Free.
- Teddington** (Middx.).—S.W.R. Thames, and a branch of Colne. (*See London, L.T.*)
Inns: Anglers, and Royal Oak. *Fishermen:* F. and A. Kemp, J. and C. Baldwin, J. and B. Stephens. Above the lock is some good pike and perch fishing.
- Teigngrace** (Devon).—G.W.R. On Teign. (*c.s.*) (*See Teignmouth.*)
- Teignmouth** (Devon).—G.W.R. On Teign. Teign rises in the heart of Dartmoor. In 5 m. it is joined by a small stream, and 4 m. on is joined by the South Teign on the right bank, which has a course of 5 m. 1 m. down, a stream, 7 m. long, joins on the left hand. This stream rises in Rabarow Pool, and passes the villages of Throwleigh and Gidleigh, the latter 1 m. from the junction with Teign. 1 m. on Chagford is reached. *Hotels:* Moor Park, Three Crowns, Globe, Monte Rosa Boarding House. Trout are plentiful from the source down. The Upper Teign Association preserves the water from Chagford Bridge to Steps Bridge, 12 m.; fishing begins March 3, ends Sept. 30.; s.t. 21s.; d.t. 2s. 6d., from Mr. C. G. Hayter Hames and Mr. Perrott, Chagford. D.t. to be also had from Mrs. Osborne, 251, High-street; Mr. Prickman, 12, North-street, Exeter; White Hart Hotel, Moretonhampstead; Moor Park Hotel, Chagford; Royal Oak, Dunsford; New Inn, Drewsteignton. No dogs. No wading except between Clifford and Stepsbridge, and no Sunday fishing. The nearest railway is **Moretonhampstead**, 5 m. for the upper part of the water, and **Ashton**, 4 m. from Stepsbridge, for the lower portion. 3 m. down, by the village of Drewsteignton, a stream, 4 m. long, joins on the left bank; 2 m. on, Wood brook joins on the left bank. $\frac{3}{4}$ m. down—at the village of Dunsford, 4 m. from Moreton—a brook, 4 m. long, joins on the right bank, and 1 m. on another 4 m. long. 2 m. on, Cherry brook, 4 m. long, joins on the left, 2 m. on a stream joins on the right bank. This stream rises 2 m. east of **Moreton**, and is 6 m. long. **Lustleigh** is $\frac{1}{2}$ m. west of the middle part of this stream. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Teign a small stream runs close by the village of **Trusham**, 1 m. from the junction. 2 m. down a stream joins on the left bank, which passes by **Chudleigh** (*Hotel:* Clifford Arms), and joins Teign 1 m. from the town. All these streams contain more or less trout. $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Teign, Bovey joins. This stream rises 5 m. west of **Moreton**, close to the Prince Town road, and 7 m. down is joined by Hale Brook on the right bank. This stream rises on the slopes of Hamildown, and is 3 m. long. (The fishing, which is very good, is reserved by the farmers, but leave may often be obtained.) Bovey next flows past North Bovey (where lodgings can be had, and here is also a good boarding house close to the water; the fishing is preserved by W. F. D. Smith, Esq., M.P. $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. on, at Lustleigh Cleve, Mr. Pollard's rights cease; charge for angling, 1s. per day.) $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below, Beckey joins on the right bank. This stream, with a course of 4 m., rises 2 m. east of Widecombe on the moor. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Bovey, Wrey joins on the left bank, which rises near Moreton, runs 4 m. to **Lustleigh**, and joins Bovey 1 m. on. The river, now runs in 2 m. to **Bovey Tracey**, and 4 m. down it joins Teign. 1 m. down Teign, at **Teigngrace**, a stream 4 m. long joins on the right bank; and $\frac{1}{2}$ m. further on a stream, 3 m. long, joins on the left bank. 1 m. on is **Newton Abbot**; the tide flows to this point. The Lower Teign Fishing Association preserves the rivers from Steps Bridge and Bovey to **Newton**. Trout, peal, salmon. S.t. 10s. 6d., to permanent residents within 2 m. of the Teign and Bovey; for others the price is 12 2s.; for *bonâ fide* resident friends of members, m.t. 10s.; w.t. 5s.; fishing begins March 3, and ends (trout) Sept. 30. (salmon) Oct. 31; no Sunday fishing or dogs; sec. J. Webster, Esq., Bradley Manor House, Newton Abbott. No wading, and nothing but fly allowed before June 1st. A portion of the river is set apart for fly fishing only; no gaff can be used before May 1. At Newton, Leman, 8 m. long, which holds a few trout, joins on the right bank. Tickets for both associations from the secretaries and all hotels and inns near the river, and the tackle shops at Exeter, Newton, and Teignmouth. At Teignmouth bass may be taken about the bar, at the harbour entrance. Dabs outside on sandy ground; also mackerel, pollack, and whiting, the latter in the autumn near the coast, but in early summer far in the offing. Yachts can be hired here. Bass fishing best at spring tides; Ferry Point is the best position. Sand-eel seines kept here. *Hotel:* Royal, Queen's.
- Temple Combe** (Somerset).—S.W.R. On Cale and Bow brook; rudd and perch, where ponds have been made; leave from the owners. (*See Christchurch.*)
- Temple Sowerby**.—On Eden; salmon and trout; preserved by an association. (*See Carlisle.*) (*c.s.*)
- Tempsford** (Beds).—G.N.R. Ouse; coarse fish, except barbel. (*c.s. N. and S.*) Ivel same fish. (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Tenbury** (Worcester).—G.W.R. *Hotel:* Swan. Teme; trout, grayling, chub, perch, pike, roach, dace; preserved by the Tenbury Angling Association from Tenbury Bridge to Rochford Ford; tickets by month or week at the Swan; sec., W. Norris. Below Newnham the river is strictly private. Ledwyche; trout, grayling; the best fishing is at Burford, a portion of which is preserved by Lady Northwick. Kyre; trout; preserved by landowners. Cadmore brook (2 m. W.). Corn brook (2 m. E.). Bea ($3\frac{1}{2}$ m. E.); trout, grayling, chub. *Lakes:* Kyre pool (4 m. S.E.). Wootton pool (5 m. N.). (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Teversall** (Notts).—M.R. Meden. *Lakes:* Car ponds, 3 m. N.W. (*See Althorpe.*)
- Towkesbury** (Gloucester).—M.R. Severn; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, salmon. Avon; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, bream; preserved by a society; tickets at the Record Office. Ripple brook. Carant brook. Tirle brook. Swilgate (1 m.). *Hotels:* Swan, Bell, and Black Bear. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s.*)

- Thame** (Oxon.).—W.A. & T.B.R. Thame. (*See London, M.T.*) *Hotel*, Spread Eagle.
- Thames Ditton** (Surrey).—S.W.R. Thames. (*See London, L.T.*) *Hotel*: Swan. *Fishermen*: C., W., E., and A. Tagg. H. Hammerton.
- Thattoham** (Berks.).—B. & H.R. Kennett; pike, perch, chub, dace, trout; preserved by the Newbury Angling Society. (*See London, M.T.*; *Newbury.*)
- Theale** (Berks.).—B. & H.R. Kennett. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Thetford** (Cambs.).—N. Stretham, 2 m. Ouse; coarse fish, except barbel. (*c.s. N. and S.*) Cam: same fish. (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Thetford** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Little Ouse; pike and coarse fish; private above, free below. Thet; pike, coarse fish; private. *Inns*: Bell, Anchor, Temperance. (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Thirsk** (York).—G.N.R., M.R. On Wiske and Cowsby Beck; good trouting. Mr. Chisman, of Barrowby, and J. W. Lloyd, of Cowsby Hall, own most of the stream; leave sometimes given. Grayling, dace, trout, chub, pike, &c. (*c.s. York.*)
- Thorington** (Essex).—G.E.R. 1 m. S.W. from the station is a large mill head at Thorington Mill.
- Thornbury** (Gloucester).—M.R. Bradley brook. 1 m. N. runs Moreton brook, 5 m. long. (*See Bristol.*)
- Thorpe** (Essex).—G.E.R. Holland brook. This brook rises 7 m. above Thorpe, and joins the sea 6 m. down, 2 m. E. of Clacton.
- Thorpe** (Northton).—L. & N.W.R. Nen: pike, perch, bream, chub, tench. (*See Wisbeach.*) Steeping river. (*See Wainfleet.*)
- Thorverton** (Devon).—G.W.R. Exe; trout, salmon, dace; preserved hence up to Bickleigh by the Up. Exe Fishing Association; sec., Mr. W. C. James. Thorverton; s.t., 31s. 6d.; half season, from May 1st, 21s.; m.t. 15s.; w.t., 7s. 6d.; worm fishing between June 15 and Aug. 31, minnow between May 1 and Aug. 31; reason from Feb. 15 to Sept. 16. Exe is also preserved by the Landowners' Salmon Fishery Association; sec., Mr. Wippell, Rudway, Silverton, near Cullompton; 20 tickets are issued, from March 1 to Oct. 31, to the landowners in shares proportionate to their respective ownership. These tickets may be given, loaned, or sold, but if sold, then at not less than 5l. 5s., the transaction to be carried through by the secretary. (*c.s.*) (*See Exeter.*) The Lower Exe United Fishing Association preserves the water down to Cowley Bridge; trouting poor, perch, dace, pike; s.t. 21s.; d.t. to May 1, 5s.; for rest of season, 2s. 6d.; no restrictions on rod and line fishing, which begins Feb. 15, ends Aug. 31.
- Thrapston** (Northton).—L. & N.W.R. and M.R. Nen; pike, perch, chub, tench. Harper's brook, 1 m. N. (*See Wisbeach.*)
- Three Bridges** (Sussex).—L. & B.R. Mole. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Thursford** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. *Lakes*: Gunthorpe Hall, 2 m. N.E.
- Thurston** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. (*See Ixworth.*) *Lakes*: Drinkstone Park, 4 m. S.E. (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Thurtlebury** (Worcester).—G.W.R. Dovedale brook (2 m. E). Severn (3 m. W.); chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, trout, salmon. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Tieshurst** (Sussex).—T. & H.R. (*See Rye.*) On Rother. (*c.s.*)
- Tickhill** (York), n.s. *Bawtry*, 4 m.—G.N.R. Torne, 1 m. S. *Lakes*: Sandback Park 2 m. S. (*See Althorpe.*)
- Tiddington** (Oxon.).—W.A. & T.B.R. Thame. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Tiptern** (Monmouth).—B. & M.R. Wye; chub, dace, pike, salmon. (*c.s.*) (*See Chepstow.*)
- Tipton** (Devon).—S.W.R. Otter; trout. (*See Ottery St. Mary.*)
- Tisbury** (Wilts).—S.W.R. Nadder; trout, roach, dace. Chalk Stream. (*See Christchurch.*) (*c.s. Avon.*)
- Titley** (Hereford). L. & K.R. Arrow; trout, grayling, dace; preserved by a club of limited numbers above. (*c.s. Wye.*) (*See Chepstow.*)
- Tiverton** (Devon).—G.W.R. Exe, Loman, and Dart; trout, salmon. Preserved from Bickleigh Bridge, 4 m. below Tiverton, to Duval Bridge, by the Tiverton Angling Association. S.t. only, 30s. Strangers' tickets limited to 10, 63s. Fishing very good. There are some 4 m. of fishing in and close to the town, limited to residents at a nominal price. Wading is necessary. The Exe is a very early river. (*See Exeter.*) *Hotels*: Ange (*see Advertisement*) and Palmerston.
- Tiverton Junction** (Devon).—G.W.R. Culm; trout; s.t., 21s.; w.t., 4s.; d.t., 2s. Ashford brook. *Inn*: Railway; good fisherman's accommodation. (*See Exeter.*)
- Toller** (Dorset).—G.W.R. On Frome. (*See Wareham and Bridport.*) (*c.s.*)
- Tonbridge** (Kent).—S.E.R. On Medway; roach, bream, chub, perch, pike, carp, tench, eels. A. and F. P. Society preserve the Medway and tributary streams from Ennsfield Bridge, near Penshurst, to East Lock, near East Peckham. Here the Maidstone Club water begins. Sport good. Hon. sec., Edwin Hollomby, Quarry Hill, Tonbridge. The club preserves also a lake of some six acres. *Hotels*: Rose and Crown, Bull, Castle.
- Tong** (Leicester).—M.R. Breedon. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Tongham** (Surrey).—S.W.R. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Tonpasham** (Devon).—S.W.R. Clist. Greendale brook. Clist rises some 2 m. N. of Clist Hydon (n.s. *Hele*, 3 m.), runs to Broad Clist, 6 m. 2 m. down, close to the Broad Clist Station, South brook joins on left bank. South brook rises by Whimple, and 1½ m. down is joined by a small stream on left bank. 1½ m. down, a stream running by Rockbere joins South brook on left bank. Broad Clist Station is 1½ m. on. 1 m. down

- Clist, at Honiton Clist, Halbrook Brook joins on left bank. Halbrook rises above Faringdon Mill, by Aylabere, and is 3 m. long. Clist runs in 3 m. to St. Mary's Clist (plenty of dace below the mill and in its vicinity, very few trout so low down), where Greendale brook (4 m. long) joins on left bank. Clist now runs to **Topsham**, 2 m., and just beyond joins Exe Estuary. (*See c.s. Exe.*)
- Torcross** (Devon).—(n.s. **Dartmouth**.) *Hotel*: Torcross Hotel. Good fishing, pike, perch, rudd in a large lake belonging to the hotel; boats. The sea fishing is very good.
- Torksey** (Lincoln).—M.R. Trent; pike, roach, chub. (c.s.) Foss Dyke navigation. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Torquay**.—Angling from the pier for pollack, small mackerel, dabs, pout, sand smelts, and by throw-out lines for conger after sunset. The offing fishing for whiting has of late been poor until much after midsummer. Dabs and mackerel in the bay; the latter very uncertain. Pollack fishing by trailing or whipping; often good from Arbrick Rock, past Corban, and by Livermead Head; also at the back of Paignton old pier to middle of July; also from back of Torquay pier, past London Bridge Rock to Shag, Thatcher, Orestone, and Flat Rocks. In Thatcher Gut, good drift-line fishing for pollack, with some bass and large mackerel. Sand eels for bait often obtainable at Paignton, where seine nets are kept for their capture. Worms from the peat at Tor Abbey sands; plichards and squid from seine-boats or Brixham. At Thatcher Gut, moor twenty yards inside the rock, at two hours flood of spring tide until one hour ebb; at neaps (not so good) from three hours flood to high water. Capital trouting can be had in Totford and Kennick reservoirs, near Lustleigh, on applying to F. S. Hex, Esq., clerk to the Local Board, Torquay. Yachts and boats, Brown Brothers. (*See Babacombe, Teignmouth, Paignton, Brixham, Dartmouth, and Bovey.*) Indiarubber spinning baits useful.
- Torrington** (Devon).—S.W.B. On Torridge; salmon peel, trout, and dace. Langtree brook. *Hotel*: The Globe (*see Advertisement*). Lodgings can be had. Apply, with stamped envelope, to J. D. Bastard, fishing-tackle maker (*see Advertisement*). The Taw is 8 m. distant. The time for salmon is either late or early. Plenty of peel after summer flood. Visitors to the Globe can fish in 8 m. of preserved water. There are 2 or 3 m. of free fishing. The landlord of the Globe preserves 1 m. of fishing. (*See c.s. Taw.*) (*See Bideford.*) Free fishing at the Half Moon Hotel, Sheepwash.
- Torrington Park** (Herts).—G.N.R. New River. (*See London.*)
- Torver**.—On F.R. (*see Coniston*) on Coniston lake and Torver Beck. This stream rises in Goat's Water, 4 m. in the hills, and after running 2½ m. is joined on the right bank by Ash Gill Beck, 1½ m. from Torver. From Torver to the beck's junction with Coniston at Oxen House is 2 m. The river Crake drains Coniston at High Nibthwaite. At Arkild Bridge, 1 m. down, a burn joins the Crake, one branch of which runs out of Beacon Tarn, 3 m. off, and the other branch out of a small tarn, about the same distance. From Arkild Bridge to Lowick Green, where the next burn enters on the right hand, is 3 m., passing on our way Birk Row Bridge, and Lowick Bridge. This burn rises in two hill lochs, some 3 m. off. 1 m. on from this burn Spark Bridge is reached. From thence to the junction of the Crake with the Duddon, at Greenould, is 3 m., passing Penny Bridge. (c.s. *Kent.*)
- Totnes** (Devon).—G.W.R. (*See Dartmouth*.) *Hotels*: Seymour, Seven Stars, Commercial, and Castle. On Dart; trout and salmon; fishing from the Conservators from here up stream to Dartmoor. Apply to landlord. Licences at the Seymour. Fishing free up to Holne Bridge, except a small portion at Buckfastleigh, for which tickets must be had from J. Michelmores, of Berry Pomeroy; and on the Dartington estate, leave from A. Champernowne, Esq., Dartington Hall. *Tackleist*, J. Selwood.
- Tottenham** (Middx.).—G.E.R. (*See Stratford*.) On Lea; dace, roach, chub, barbel jack, &c. Tickets: Yearly, 21s., including trolling, or 10s. 6d. for bottom fishing only, or 1s. a day. *Inn*: Ferry Boat House. At Edmonton (**Park** station, G.E.R.) is another preserve with some good jacking; terms as above.
- Towcester** (Northton).—L. & N.W.B. Yore. Blakesley brook (2 m.). (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Tram Inn** (Hereford).—N.A. & H.R. Worm brook (1 m.). Gage brook (3 m.). *Lakes*, Allenmore House ponds (1 m.). (*See Chepstow.*)
- Tredegar** (Monmouth).—S.R. Sirhowey; trout. Nant-y-llecha (2 m.). (*See Newport.*)
- Tredegar Junction** (Monmouth).—S.R. Sirhowey; trout. (*See Newport.*)
- Trefil** (Monmouth).—M.S. & A.B. Sirhowey (3 m.). *Lakes*: Llyn-garn-fawr (3 m.). (*See Newport.*)
- Tregony** (Cornwall).—(n.s. **Grampond Road**, 5 m.) On Fal; trout. (*See Grampond.*) 2 m. off runs Polglaze brook, 4 m. long; trout. (c.s. *Fowey*.)
- Trent** (Leicester).—M.R. Trent; roach, dace, perch, pike, chub, bream. (c.s.) Soar; same fish. (c.s. *Trent*.) Derwent, 3 m. N.W.; same fish. (c.s. *Trent*.) Erewash, 3 m. N.E. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Trentham** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.B. Trent. (c.s.) Northwood brook. Longton brook. Lyme, 2 m. N. *Lakes*: Trentham Park. Handchurch Farm, 1 m. W. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Trowbridge** (Wilts).—G.W.R. (*See Bristol*.) Blis; coarse fish, few trout; polluted below the town; leave freely given. Avon (1½ m. N.); pike, perch, roach, dace, chub, carp, tench, trout at the weirs; preserved by the Bradford and Avon Angling Association; s.t., 20s.; m.t., 2s. 6d.; w.t., 1s. 6d.; d.t., 6d. (c.s.) Whaddon brook, 2½ m.; trout, coarse fish. Frome (3 m. W.); trout; mostly preserved by W. H. Laverton, Esq., Westbury, but portions are open. In the canal, 1 m. off, are jack and perch. *Lakes*: Edington ponds; roach, tench. *Hotels*: George, Woolpack.

- Truro** (Cornwall).—G.W.R. St. Allen river; troutling good. Tregarthen water. St. Allen rises by St. Allen, and 5 m. down is joined by Boswallcock water, 3 m. long, on right bank. 2 m. down, St. Allen reaches **Truro**. Here Tregarthen water, 4 m. long, joins on right bank (the brook holds good fish, but is much wooded.) 1 m. down St. Allen, Sevecock water joins on right bank. Sevecock rises 1 m. N. from **Chancewater Station** (G.W.R.), runs 5 m. to **Truro**, and 2 m. down joins St. Allen. 1 m. down, Tresillian water, holding trout and grise, joins on left bank; fishing very good. Tresillian rises by St. Enoder (n.s. **Grampound Road**, 6 m.), and 5 m. down, at Ladock (n.s. **Grampound Road**, 1½ m.), is joined by Trelasick Brook, 3 m. long, on right bank. Tresillian runs 3 m. to Probus (n.s. **Grampound Road**, 3 m.), and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by Kestle water, which rises 2 m. S. of St. Michael's (n.s. **Grampound Road**, 5 m.); in 3 m. passes 1 m. W. of Ladock, and 3 m. down joins Tresillian. 2 m. down Tresillian, Woodland Brook (plenty of small trout), which rises by St. Erme (n.s. **Truro**, 4 m.), and is 5 m. long, joins on right bank. 3 m. down, Tresillian joins St. Allen and the estuary. The fishing in Tresillian is mostly free. In these brooks trout run 6 to the pound. The best fish—hare's ear, March brown, red palmer, black gnat, and coachman. The natural fernweb in May and June is most killing. The sea fishing is very good. (*See Perransabuloe.*)
- Tunbridge Wells** (Kent).—L.B. & S.C.R. (*See Rochester.*) There is a mill-pond at Broomhill, 2 m. from here, where, by paying a shilling, angling may be had. There are some ponds at the High Rocks, where trout fishing can be had at the rate of 1s. per hour. *Hotels:* Royal Kentish, Mount Ephraim.
- Tunstall** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R., M.B. Fowler brook. *Lakes:* Bath pool, 2 m. N.W. (*See Gainsborough.*) Good troutling in Tunstall and Waskerley reservoirs; preserved by a society; d.t., 6s.
- Turvey** (Beds).—M.B. Ouse; coarse fish, except barbel; fishing private. (*c.s. N. and S.*) (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Tutbury** (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R., G.N.R., M.R. Dove; chub, bream, barbel, pike, trout. (*c.s. Trent.*) Cubley brook, 2 m. W. Longford brook, 2 m. E. Rolleston brook, 2 m. S.E. Limbirstich brook, 3 m. N. *Lakes:* Rolleston Hall lake, 2 m. S.E. Foston Hall lake, 3 m. N.W. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Tuxford** (Notts).—G.N.B. Maun, 3 m. N.W. Bevercotes beck, 3 m. N.W. Idle, 4 m. N.W. (*c.s. Trent.*) Poulter, 4 m. N.W. Meden, 4 m. N.W. *Lakes:* Haughton Decoy and the lower ponds, 3 m. N.W. (*See Althorpe.*)
- Twickenham** (Middx.). S.W.R. Thames and Yedding Brook. (*See London, L.T.*) *Inns:* Queen's Head, Two Sawyers, Island, and White Swan. *Fishermen:* G. R. and J. Coxon, S. Mealey, C. Miles, J. Spong, J. Dunn, F. Hammerton, R. Moffat, S. Cole, G. Chamberlain, H. Spiers, D. Frost, and W. Holder.
- Twiverton** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (*See Bristol.*) On Avon; roach, chub, dace, pike, perch, carp; fishing free. (*c.s.*) Newton brook, 1 m; trout; preserved by W. Gore Langton, Esq., Newton St. Lo.
- Twyford** (Berks).—G.W.R. (*See London, M.T.*) Loddon; preserved hence to Thames by Reading and Henley Fisheries Associations; privilege tickets, 10s. 6d., to members only. Trout, pike, &c. Sec. F. Brown, Esq., 26, Friar-street, Reading.
- Tydd St. Mary's** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Nen. Muscal river. Fen drains. (*See Wisbeach.*)
- Tydee** (Monmouth).—W.V.R. Ebwy; trout, salmon. (*c.s. Usk*) (*See Newport.*)
- Tytherington** (Gloucester).—M.B. Laden. (*See Bristol.*)
- Uckfield** (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. Ouse; trout, perch, jack. (*See Newhaven.*) (*c.s.*) *Hotel:* Bridge.
- Uffculme** (Devon).—G.W.R. Culm; trout. Sheldon brook. There is a bit of open water here. The rest, up to **Culmstock**, and down to **Cullompton**, is private. (*See Exeter.*)
- Uffington** (Lincoln).—G.N.B. Welland; pike, perch, dace; private. (*See Spalding.*)
- Ullesthorne** (Leicester).—L. & N.W.R., M.B. Swift, 8 m. S.E. at **Lutterworth**. Soar, 5 m. N.W. at Sharnford. (*c.s. Trent.*) *Lakes:* Claybrook Mill, 1 m. N. (*See Gainsborough, Gloucester, Lutterworth.*)
- Umberleigh** (Devon).—S.W.R. Taw. (*c.s.*) 2 m. is preserved by the owner of Preston House. (*See Barnstaple.*)
- Upleadon** (Gloucester).—(n.s. **Gloucester**, 9 m.) Leadon. Clynelch brook. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Upper Arley** (Stafford).—S.V.R. Severn; salmon, trout, grayling, chub, dace, pike, &c. Dowias brook (3 m. S.) (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Upper Broughton** (Leicester).—M.B. Dalby brook. Smita, 1 m. E. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Uppingham** (Rutland).—N.s. **Seaton**, 3 m. Eye brook, 2 m. W. Welland, 3 m. S.E., at **Seaton**. Chater, 3 m. N. Gwash, 4 m. N., at **Manton**. (*See Spalding.*)
- Upton on Severn** (Worcester).—M.T. & A.B.R. Severn; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, salmon. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s.*)
- Usk** (Monmouth).—C.M. and P.R. *Hotel:* Three Salmons. Usk; salmon, trout; preserved by the United Usk Fisheries Association, sec. J. A. Lyne, Esq., Westgate Chambers. Newport, Mon. Olway; trout; preserved. (*See Newport.*) (*c.s.*) Salmon and trout rod licences from Mrs. Edwards, Post-office, Usk, and Mrs. Pritchard, postmistress, Llanfangel-Juxta-Usk. The water is divided into the Upper and Lower Fisheries. The Upper Fishery consists of the Association Waters between Penpergwm Railway Bridge and Pont Kemeys. The Lower Fishery consists of the Association Waters between Pont Kemeys and

Redland pool. The fishing from off Trostre Weir is exclusively reserved for Classes A, B, and C. All applications for season tickets must be made to the hon. secretary; trout, w.t. 10s., and d.t. 2s. 6d., may be obtained of Mrs. Edwards, Post-office, Usk; of Mr. Mullock, stationer, Newport; of Newbridge Hotel, Newbridge; of Mr. Sergeant, Abergavenny; and of Mr. Fox, hairdresser, Pontypool. Day tickets may also be obtained at the Chain Bridge, Pont Kemeys, and at the Post-office, Llanfihangel-Gobion, and station master, Penpergwm. S.t., trout, 21s. for the Upper Fishery, and 21s. for the Lower Fishery. Transferable season trout tickets, to be called house tickets, and available on both fisheries, 3l. each, to persons residing in the district, to be used only by friends visiting at the house of the holder, such friends not being residents in the county. Fifteen non-transferable season salmon tickets at 25l. each for the Lower Fishery and twelve for the Upper at 22l. 10s. will be issued to members of the association. Three non-transferable salmon day tickets, available on beats X, Y, Z on the Lower Fishery (Class C), at 10s. a day, will be placed with Mrs. Edwards, Post-office, and one salmon day ticket at 10s. for the Upper Fishery, will be placed with Mr. Sergeant, Abergavenny. Any person may engage one of such tickets for any day or days not already fully occupied, *on payment of the price of the ticket*. Provided that no person can engage tickets for more than three consecutive days before five o'clock in the evening of the last of such days; and no person can engage a ticket for more than twenty-one days before the date for which it is required. Season tickets (Class D) may be granted to angle for salmon between the stable of the Old Mill at Trostre and the County Bridge at Usk (the field belonging to Col. McDonnell, and any private gardens excepted), at 20s. for the season to permanent residents in the Usk and Ebbw Fishery District, within the county of Monmouth; and for trout, between the stable of the Old Mill at Trostre and Pont Sampt (with the same exceptions) at 5s. for the season. Such tickets can be obtained of Mrs. Edwards, Post-office, Usk, and of Mr. Fox, hairdresser, Pontypool. All salmon tickets include the right of angling for other fish during the trout season. If any gentleman who has hitherto held a ticket, or to whom one has been offered, neglects to apply for a fresh one before Jan. 1st in each season, and to pay for it before March 1st, it cannot be reserved for him. No night line or night lobworm fishing allowed; no fishing for salmon except with artificial fly, and no spinning or worm fishing for trout on salmon catches. No gaff before May 1. No angling after 9 p.m., except in June and July, when the hours are 5 a.m. and 10 p.m. Trout angling commences on Feb. 15, and ends on Sept. 30, inclusive. Salmon angling commences on April 2, and ends on Nov. 1, inclusive. No dogs or Sunday fishing.

Uttoxeter (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R., G.N.R., M.R. Stonyford brook. Dove; chub, barbel, bream, pike, trout, grayling; d.t. can be had. (*c.s. Trent.*) Tean brook, 1 m. N. Blythe, 4 m. S.W. (*c.s. Trent.*) (*See Gainsborough.*)

Uxbridge (Middx.).—G.W.R. *Inn*: General Elliot. (*See London, M.T.*) Colne; trout, pike, perch, roach. On Uxbridge Moor the fishing is free and fair, many trout being caught in the season. In the Grand Junction Canal are many coarse fish, especially tench. 3 m. is preserved by the Anglers' Association, from whom tickets can be obtained.

Venn Cross (Somerset).—G.W.R. Bampton brook. (*See Exeter.*)

Verwood (Wilts).—S. & D.J.R. Allen and Moors. (*See Christchurch.*) (*c.s. Avon.*)

Vernan (Cornwall).—(N.s. **Grampond Road**, 9 m.) 1 m. W. runs Crugallack water, 3 m. long. (*c.s. Fowey.*)

Victoria (Cornwall).—G.W.B. Withiel water. (*See Wade Bridge.*) (*c.s. Camel.*). Bream, (*See Par.*) (*c.s. Fowey.*)

Victoria (Monmouth).—W.V.R. Ebwy; trout. (*c.s. Usk.*) (*See Newport.*)

Virginia Water (Berks).—S.W.R. (*See London, L.T.*)

Wade Bridge (Cornwall). G.W.R. Camel; trout, sea trout, salmon. Kestle water Manscorve brook. Combe water. Camel rises 4 m. above Camelford (*Hotel, King's Arms*; fishing good; begins March 1; use small flies, and the fernweb in the beginning of June), and 3 m. below that town is joined on left bank by Gaspard brook. Gaspard rises in Gaspard Pool in Crowdey Marsh, 3 m. E. of Camelford, runs 4 m., and is joined on left bank by a brook 2 m. long; 2 m. down, Gaspard joins Camel. 6 m. down Camel. De Lauk river joins on left bank. De Lauk rises 4 m. S.E. of Camelford, and is 10 m. long. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Camel, Bisland water, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Camel runs in 6 m. to **Bodmin**, G.W.R., $\frac{1}{2}$ m. off the river. Here a stream 2 m. long joins on left bank. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Camel, Kirland water, 2 m. long, joins on left bank. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Camel, Lanivet water, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down, Withiel water joins, which rises by **Victoria** (G.W.R.), runs 3 m. to Withiel, and is joined on left bank by a small stream, 2 m. long, working a mill. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down, Treunore water, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Camel is 1 m. on. 3 m. down Camel, near **Wade Bridge**, Kestle water joins on right bank. Kestle rises by the famous Delabole Slate Quarries, 3 m. W. of Camelford, runs 3 m. to St. Teath, and Camel, and Egloshayley, 8 m.; Camel runs to **Wade Bridge** 1 m. Here Manscorve brook, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. The tide flows to **Wade Bridge**. Two miles down Camel, Combe water joins on right bank. Combe rises 3 m. above St. Kew, and is 8 m. long. (*c.s.*) (*See Padstow.*) Good bass and pollack fishing. The best flies for salmon and peal are blue doctor, goldfinch, and Dromore. The best trout fishing is above Helland Bridge.

Wadhurst (Sussex).—S.E.R. Trout.

Wainfleet (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Steeping river. Steeping rises 5 m. above **Spilsby** (1 m. off on left bank), runs thence to **Halton Holegate** 4 m., **Thorpe** 4 m., **Wainfleet** 2 m., and joins the sea 4 m. below.

Wakerley (Northton).—L. & N.W.R. Welland. (*See Spalding.*)

Walcott (Salop).—S. & B.R. Tern : a few trout, pike, roach, dace. Roden; a few trout and coarse fish. Bell brook (3 m. S.) (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)

Wallingford (Berks).—G.W.R. Thames. (*See London, M.T.*) *Hotels*: the Lamb, Town Arms, George, Feathers. *Fishermen*: J. Whiteman, W. Moody, E. J. Gardner.

Wallingford Road (Berks). G.W.R. (*See London, M.T.*)

Wallington (Surrey).—L.B. & S.C.R. On Wandle. (*See London, L.T.*)

Walsall (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R., M.R. Ford brook. Sneyd brook, 1 m. N.W. *Lake*: Hatherton lake; pike. (*See Gainsborough.*)

Waltham (Essex).—G.E.R. (*See Stratford and London.*) *Inns*: King's Arms and Britannia. On Lea, Cobbin's Brook, and New River; roach, chub, perch, pike. Mr. Clarke preserves the Abbey stream. Chub and roach. Tickets 21s. Jack fishing ends Feb. 28. Fishing is good, especially in the mill stream above the town and the back stream below it. The King's Arms fishery comes next. In the barge cut is good tench fishing, free; also good fishing in the smaller Lea by the Britannia Hotel, free. Next comes Capt. Saunders's water; subs. 2l. 2s.; very good fishing. The Fisheries Society have taken the water recently rented by the Gresham Anglers, and it is now open to all holders of a privilege ticket either from the Central Committee of London Anglers, the West Central, or Central Associates.

Walton-on-Trent (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R., M.R. Trent; pike, perch, roach, dace, chub, barbel, trout. (*c.s.*) *Lake*: Luce pool, 4 m. N.W. (*See Gainsborough.*)

Wandsworth (Surrey).—S.W.R. (*See London, L.T.*) Thames and Wandle.

Wansford (Northton).—L. & N.W.R. Nen; pike, perch, chub, bream, &c.; good fishing, preserved by Lord Westmoreland and J. M. Vivien. Esq., who sometimes give a day. Withering brook, 1 m. E. *Inn*: Haycock. (*See Wisbeach.*)

Wanstead (Essex).—G.E.R. *Lakes*: Long pond; preserved. Perch pond; pike, perch, tench, eels; free. Leg of Mutton Pond; same fish; free. Basin; tench, carp, roach, pike, eels; preserved by Mr. J. W. Simmons, 62, Wellesley-road, Wanstead, for a limited number of season rods.

Wappenham (Northton).—L. & N.W.R. Tove. Blakesley brook (4 m.). (*See King's Lynn.*)

Ware (Herts).—H. & W.R. (*See Stratford.*) On Lea. The Amwell Magna fishing begins here. (*See St. Margaret's.*) At the Red House, half way to Hertford, the proprietor of this fishery has thrown open a portion of the water above Ware to the public. The fishing is, however, very uncertain. A good spot for tench is the Old Basin Lock, near the gasworks. The New River rises near here. The pool at its source, and some portion of the stream belongs to the Amwell Magna Fishery. (*See London.*)

Wareham (Dorset).—S.W.R. Frome and Piddle; salmon, sea trout, trout. Frome rises in a pond on Rampisham Down, 4 m. N.W. from **Toller**, runs to **Toller**, thence in 2 m. to **Maiden Newton**. Here a stream joins on left bank, which rises by Rampisham (n.s. **Evershot**, 1½ m.), runs to Wrexhall ½ m., below which a short stream joins on left bank, draining a pond 1 m. up; hence to **Maiden Newton** is 2 m. Frome runs in 4 m. to **Grimston**, and **Dorchester** 5 m. Here Crane river (trout) joins on left bank. Crane rises by Minferne Magna (n.s. **Evershot**, 5 m.), and 1 m. down receives the drainings of a pond on the left bank. 1 m. down, at Cerne Abbas, the outflow from a pond ½ m. up joins on right bank. Godmanstone is 3 m. down, and **Dorchester** 4 m. Frome runs in various streams to **Moreton** 7 m. 1 m. down, a stream 5 m. long, working three mills, joins on right bank. Frome runs to **Wool** 3 m. 3 m. down, a stream joins on right bank, which drains two ponds on Povington Heath 3 m. up, and 1 m. down Frome, a stream joins on right bank, which drains a pond on Grange Heath 2 m. up, and also works a mill. **Wareham** is 2 m. down Frome, and 2 m. down the river runs into Pool Harbour. (*c.s.*)

PIDDLE rises in a mill pond 1 m. N. of Piddletrenthide (n.s. **Grimston**, 7 m.), runs 6 m. to Piddletown (n.s. **Moreton**, 6 m.). Here a stream joins on left bank 6 m. long, working some mills. Piddle runs in 2 m. to Affpiddle (n.s. **Moreton**, 4 m.). 4 m. down at Upper Hyde (n.s. **Wool**, 3 m.) a stream joins on left bank, which rises in the lakes in Milton Abbey Park (n.s. **Blandford**, 7 m.), runs 3½ m. to Milborne St. Andrews, Ben Regis (n.s. **Wareham**, 6 m.) 4 m., and Piddle 2 m. Piddle runs to **Wareham** 4 m. Here a stream 3 m. long joins on left bank, which drains the decoy pond on Decoy Heath. 1½ m. on the estuary is reached. For leave to fish in the Frome and Piddle apply to the clerk to the conservators, Wareham. (*See c.s. Frome.*) *Hotel*: Red Lion.

Warwick.—G.W.R. Avon; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch; fishing fair, but leave must be had. *Lakes*: Warwick Park lake (1 m. S.) (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*) *Hotel*: Woolpack.

Warkworth (Northland).—N. & B.R. On Coquet; trout, sea and bull trout. *Hotel*: Sun. Felton is another point to fish Coquet from. The accommodation is good. At Weldon Bridge is a comfortable inn and good fishing. The Brinkburn Priory water is preserved, but leave can be obtained. At Rothbury there are several inns; lodgings may be had in the village. At Thropton (1½ m. from Rothbury) Wrigth joins Coquet. Wrigth is preserved in parts. The quarters are bad. At Allerdene, ½ m. from Thropton, lodgings can be had. At Holystone, 7 m. from Rothbury, there is an inn. At Harbottle, 9 m. from Rothbury, lodgings and furnished houses can be had. At Alwinton, 2 m. from Harbottle, there is an inn, and beyond this nothing but sheep farmers. There are two or three nice burns here. Trout fishing begins on March 4th, and ends

- Oct. 1st; bull trout from Feb. 1 to Oct. 31. No fishing is allowed after the first hour after sunset, or before the first hour before sunrise. No gaffs are allowed. (*See Wooler.*) (*See c.s.*)
- Warminster** (Wilts).—G.W.R. On Willy; trout; preserved. (*See Christchurch.*) (*c.s. Avon.*)
- Warmley** (Glouce).—M.R. (*See Bristol.*) Boyd; trout; preserved by landowners. Siston brook; trout; leave from landowners. *Lakes*: Wick Court. Warmley tower; perch, carp, pike; preserved.
- Warrington**.—At Appleton there is a reservoir, now closed to the public.
- Washford** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Washford; trout. (*See Watchet.*)
- Washingbrough** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Witham. Washingbrough brook, 1 m. S. (*See Boston.*)
- Wastwater**.—Trout, salmon, and char. Burnmore Tarn is not far off; trout and pike. There are two inns, one 1 m. below the lake and one $\frac{1}{2}$ m. above. The river, running out of the lake, contains salmon and sea trout in autumn. The inn nearest the river is at Sautonbridge. At Strands, 7 m. from **Drigg** railway station, some sport may be had. Sty Head. Sprinkling, and High and Low Tarns, are within easy reach; the trouting is good. (*c.s. Cumland.*)
- Watchet** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Washford stream; trout; preserved by a society. Season tickets only, from March 1 to Sept. 1. Washford rises by Luxborough, runs 5 m. to **Roadwater**, when a stream joins on the right bank, running down from **Combe Bow** 3 m. up. Washford runs to **Washford** (G.W.R.) 3 m., and **Watchet** 3 m.
- Waterbeach** (Cambs).—G.E.R. Cam; pike, perch, chub, roach, &c.; preserved by Cambridge and Ely Angling Association. Bottisham Load; pike, perch, roach. Swaffham Load. (*See Cambridge.*) Inn, House of Lords. (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Wateringbury** (Kent).—S.E.R. (*See Rochester.*) On Medway; good fishing; pike, perch, chub, bream; preserved by the Maidstone Club; d., w., and m.t. *Inns*: King's Head and Kent Arms. There are some fine mill ponds here belonging to Mr. Framlin, the miller, and some large lakes belonging to Lord Falmouth; both give occasional leave. Good fishing.
- Watford** (Herts).—W. & R.R. (*See London, M.T.*) Colne; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, trout. Colne is preserved, except a small piece at the back of the High-street. The canal and part of Colne is preserved by the Watford Piscatorialists; sec., Mr. H. A. Vincent, 11, Gladstone-road. *Hotels*: Rose and Crown, Essex Arms, Leather Sellers' Arms.
- Watton** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Wissey. (*c.s. N. and S.*) *Lakes*: Saham Mere, 1 m. N. Heath Mere, 5 m. E. (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Watford Junction** (Herts).—L. & N.W.R. Colne. (*See London, M.T.*)
- Wednesbury** (Stafford).—G.W.R., L. & N.W.R., M.R. Tame. (*c.s. Trent.*) *Lakes*: Wood Green pools; pike, roach. Foundry pond, 2 m. S.E. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Weldon** (Northton).—L. & N.W.R. Nen; pike, perch, bream, &c.; fishing poor. Streck. Fawsley brook, 1 m. W. Horstone brook, 4 m. S.E. *Lakes*: Fawsley Park. (*See Daventry; Wisbeach.*)
- Weldon** (Northton).—M.R. Harper's brook, 2 m. S. *Lakes*: Dene Park, 2 m. N.E. (*See Wisbeach.*)
- Weldon Bridge** (Northland.).—Coquer; trout, sea trout. *Hotel*: Anglers, which has 5 m. of good fishing attached. (*c.s.*) (*See Warkworth.*)
- Welford** (Northton).—(n.s. **Kilworth**, 2 m.) Avon and large reservoir. At Naseby Wooleys, 4 m. off, there is good trouting in the lakes and streams; strictly private. (*See Gloucester.*)
- Wellingborough** (Northton).—M.R. and L. & N.W.R. Nen; pike, perch, bream, tench, chub, roach, dace; 1 m. in and about the town is free, but preserved below by Wellingborough and Higham Ferrers Angling Association to 1 m. below **Higham Ferrers**; sec., G. James, Esq., Highland House, Wellingborough. *Ise*. *Lakes*: Dickens' Mill pond. (*See Wisbeach.*)
- Wellington** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Tone; trout, dace. Fishing preserved to Bradford by Mr. Sandford, of Ninehead Court; above Mr. Sandford's water by the various landowners. (*c.s. Avon.*) (*See Bridgewater.*)
- Wellow** (Somerset).—S. & D.J.R. (*See Bristol.*)
- Wells** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Gudney brook. (*See Highbridge and Axbridge.*) *Hotel*: Swan.
- Wells-next-the-Sea** (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Blakeney, 3 m. S.W. at Wighton. *Lakes*: Holkham lake, 3 m. W.
- Welsh Harp** (Middx.).—M.R. (*See London, L.T.*) Brent and Reservoir. 5 m from Marble Arch. *Hotel*: Warner's Welsh Harp (*see Advertisement*). Boats, bait, &c. Pike, perch, roach, bream, carp, tench; d.t., pike, 2s. 6d.; bottom fishing, 1s.; punts, 2s. 6d; s.t., 1l. 1s.
- Welwyn** (Herts).—G.N.R. (*See Stratford and Hertford.*) On Minram; trout, coarse fish; preserved.
- Wem** (Salop).—L. & N.W.R. Roden; coarse fish above, good trouting and coarse fishing below; preserved by Lord Hill. Preses brook (3 m. N.E.). *Lakes*: Hawkstone Park lake (5 m. E.). (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- Wenhaston** (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Blyth. (*See Southwold.*)
- Westbury** (Salop).—S. & W.B.R. Yockleton brook. (*See Gloucester.*)
- Westbury-on-Severn** (Gloucester).—(n.s. **Grange Court**, $1\frac{1}{2}$ m.) Hope brook, which rises 2 m. above **Longhope**, runs thence 5 m. to Westbury and Severn Estuary 1 m.
- Westbury** (Wilts).—G.W.R. (*See Bristol.*)
- West Drayton** (Middlx.).—G.W.R. (*See London, M.T.*) Colne; trout, pike, perch, bream, dace, roach, tench, chub. Club-house, Thorney Weir. The proprietor preserves 5 m. of the Colne; s.t., 3l. 3s., limited to 75 members; no day tickets. Subscriptions commence in

- March. Trout fishing begins April 1st, ends September 30. Pike fishing begins August 1st, ends Feb. 28. Perch fishing begins June 16, ends Feb. 28. Below and above the Thorney Weir water the river is private. The Ivor river is preserved.
- West Hallam** (Derby).—G.N.R.; Nut brook. *Lakes*: Mapperley reservoir, 2 m. N. Shipley Hall reservoir, 3 m. N. Locket Park lake, 3 m. S.W. Smalley Mill Pond, 3 m. N.W. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Westhouses** (Derby).—M.R. Westwood brook. Normanton brook, 1 m. S. Amber, 3 m. S.W. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- West Hesterton** (York).—(See *Yedingham Bridge*.)
- Westmill** (Herts.).—B.R. (See *Stratford*.) On Rib; trout; preserved.
- Westenhanger** (Kent).—S.E.R. On Stour. (See *Sandwich*.) (c.s.)
- Weston** (Somerset).—M.R. (See *Bristol*.) Avon; roach, chub, pike, perch, carp; free. (c.s.) Newton brook, 1 m., trout; preserved by W. Gore-Langton, Esq.
- Weston Junction** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (See *Azbridge*.)
- Weston-on-Trent** (Derby).—M.R. Trent; chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, barbel, salmon; preserved up to Swarkstone and down to Shardlow by Mr. T. Wood, 9, Chapel Bar, Nottingham (see *Advertisement*); a.t., from Swarkstone to the iron bridge below Kings Mills, including salmon, 3l. 3s., including the Shardlow portion of the river below the iron bridge, 2l. 2s. extra, or 6l. 5s. in all; salmon fishing begins Feb. 1st; tickets from Mr. Wood, or Peach and Son, Derby. Accommodation can be had in the village. (c.s.) Gayton brook. Sow at *Stafford*, 5 m. S.W. Penk at *Baswich*, 5 m. S.W. *Lakes*: Ingestre Park pool and Hopton pools, 2 m. S.W. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- West Pennard** (Somerset).—S. & D.J.R. Good roach fishing in a large pond by station; leave from the station master.
- West Wycombe** (Bucks.).—W.A. & E.B.R. Wye; trout. (See *London, M.T.*)
- Weybridge** (Surrey).—S.W.R. (See *London, L.T.*) Thames, Wey, and Bourne brook, pike, trout, bream, perch, and barbel. *Inns*: Lincoln Arms, Ship, Old Crown, and King's Arms. *Fishermen*: H. Curr and T. Poulter. Wey contains pike, perch, carp, tench, bream. There is good fishing in the lake in Oatlands Park; carp, roach, bream; private.
- Weymouth**.—There is good sea-fishing under the Breakwater at Portland for pollack, whiting, mackerel, and rockfish. The best time to fish is when the flood-tide is making. Bass may also be taken with a fly. Lulworth is also a good place. Pollack, bream, and mackerel may be angled for from the pier at the opening of the breakwater with ragworm or soft crab. Myriads of sand smelts are found here on the ebb tide; bait, half an inch of ragworm on No. 9 hooks. Bass are also met with at the Fleete Bridge. Mackerel fishing best from a small yacht, several for hire. Ground fishing for pout or whiting from open boats. Pollack by trawling at the Mixon shoal by the beacon buoy, bass in harbour's mouth and back of Weymouth jetty. Pollack also on north shore. Sand eels sometimes procurable on the beach; ragworms from the backwater; mackerel under sail. *Hotels*: Imperial, Burden, and Royal.
- Whaplode** (Lincoln).—G.N.R. Whaplode river. (See *Holbeach*.)
- Whitlandwell Bridge** (Derby).—M.R. Derwent; grayling, trout, pike; preserved above by the Matlock Bath A.A. (See *Matlock*.) (c.s. *Trent*.) *Hotel*: Bull's Head, good; tickets at hotel. Amber; grayling, trout, coarse fish. (See *Ambergate*.) *Lakes*: Alderwasley ponds, 2 m. S.W. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Wheatthampstead** (Herts).—G.N.R. (See *Stratford*.) On Lea.
- Whimple** (Devon).—S.W.R. South brook. (See *Topham*.)
- Whissendine** (Rutland).—M.R. Wreak or Eye. (c.s. *Trent*.) *Lakes*: Stapleford Park lake, 2 m. N.W. Edmondthorpe Hall lake, 2 m. E. Leesthorpe pond, 3 m. S.W. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Whitacre Junction** (Warwick).—M.R. Tame. (c.s. *Trent*.) Blythe. (c.s. *Trent*.) Arley brook. Cole, 2 m. S.W. at *Coleshill*. (See *Gainsborough*.)
- Whitby** (York).—On Esk; salmon, sea trout, bull and brown trout. Good brook, and capital sea fishing. Trailing or whiffing for pollack through the Sledway and over the rough ground off Whitby Rock, on which is a beacon buoy; also at Uppang Rock, bearing N.W. $\frac{1}{2}$ W., a mile distant, on which are only 4ft. or 5ft. water, this ledge stretching out from the shore. Whiting, ood, flat fish, in the bay and offing, and angling from the pier for small pollack (called leets), and for young coalfish, known as billet. A line of 15 fathoms without weight, the line itself a short one as used for whiting, with a tapering mond, and 3ft. or 4ft. of gut, artificial or natural bait, will be found killing. The Esk rises at "Esklets," on the Westerdale Moor. Baysdale Beck, which receives two smaller streams at Baysdale Abbey, joins the Esk a little above Dibble Bridge. Sledsdale Beck and Commondale Beck join a little above Castleton Bridge from the north. Danby Beck falls in from the south, about $\frac{1}{2}$ m. lower down. Ewecress Beck comes in from the north, a little above Ainthorp Bridge. Clither Beck enters from the north, near Danby Lodge. Great Fryup Beck rises at Fryup Head, 5 m. south-west, and enters $\frac{1}{2}$ m. east of Dick Bridge, near Housleyke. The Esk, after winding through Danby Lawn and Crunckley Gill, and the village of Lealholm to Rake Bridge, is joined by Stonegate Beck from the north. This stream receives the waters of Hardhill Beck and Tranmire Beck, at Beggar's Bridge. Glaisdale Beck enters from the south. The Butter Beck enters from the south, a little above Egton Bridge. The Esk joins the Mirk Esk, which is formed by two streams uniting 2 m. southward, near the foot of the incline on the Whitby and Pickering branch of the North-Eastern Railway Company, one named the Eller Beck, the other Wheeldale Beck; the

- former flowing from the south-east, the latter from the south-west. Lythe Beck enters the Mirk Esk on the east side at Sneath Holme Wood, a short distance above Grosmont. Little Beck enters from the south, a little below Slight's Bridge. At Ruswarp there is a weir about 700ft. long, to which the tide flows; from this weir it is about 2 m. to the harbour at Whitby. There are very many smaller streams running into the Esk and its tributaries. Esk Fishery Association grants s.t., 42s., available for most of the fishing between Slight's Bridge and Glaisdale. Comfortable quarters at Mrs. Underwood's, the Horse Shoe Inn, Egton Bridge. For tickets and licenses, apply to Mr. W. Brown, clerk to Conservators, The Saw Mill, Whitby. (*See Scarborough; Lealholm Bridge.*) (c.s.)
- Whitchurch (Hants).**—S.W.R. (*See Stockbridge.*) The Test; trout; strictly preserved. The principal proprietors of the fishing are, Mr. Melville Portal, Lord Portsmouth, and Mr. P. Hawker. Above the town a club of limited non-resident members preserves the river between Laverstock and Hurstbourne, 3 m.; no tickets are granted. The fish are here very numerous, but not so large as farther down. There is a nice hotel, the White Hart, here, where every information may be obtained.
- Whitchurch (Salop).**—L. & N.W.R. Oas brook, 2 m. N.E. Sarn, 2 m. N.W. Lakes Blake mere, 1 m. N.E. Brown Moss Lakes, 1½ m. S.E. Oas mere, 3 m. N.E. Wolversacre Mill pond, 2 m. N.W. Quolsley Big and Little meres, 3 m. N. Combermere mere, 3 m. N.E. Marbury mere and Marbury Mill pond, 3 m. N.E. Dirtwitch Mill pond, 3 m. N.W. (*See Frodsham, Chester.*)
- Whitehaven (Cumberland).**—Hotel: Black Lion. Ennerdale Lake is 7 m. off; trout. There is an inn on its banks.
- Whitmore (Stafford).**—L. & N.W.R. Meese. (c.s. *Trent.*) Tern, 2½ m. S.W.; pike, roach, dace, trout. (c.s. *Severn.*) Lakes: Whitmore Park lake. Maer Hall lake, 2 m. S. (*See Gainsborough; Gloucester.*)
- Whitney (Hereford).**—H.H. & B.R. Wye; pike, perch, dace, chub, salmon. (c.s.) Arrow (4 m.); trout, grayling, dace. Cwm Illa brook (4 m.) (c.s.) (*See Chepstow.*)
- Whitstable (Kent).**—S.C.R. Fine rudd can be caught in the dykes here.
- Whittington (Salop).**—S. & C.R. Perry. Lakes: Halston Hall lake (2 m. E.). (*See Gloucester.*) (c.s. *Severn.*)
- Whittleford (Cambs).**—G.E.R. Cam; pike, roach, perch, dace, &c.; some fishing can be had up to Duxford Mill, on left bank, from the hotel; otherwise preserved. Hotel, Red Lion. (*See King's Lynn.*)
- Whitwell (Derby).**—M.B. Poulter. Lakes: Welbeck Park, 3 m. S.E. (*See Althorpe.*)
- Whitwell (York).**—Hodder; trout, mort, &c. Three visitors' tickets are allowed to the hotel during the absence of the family from Thorneyholme. At Newton, 5 m. up, some fair fishing is attached to the hotels at per day.
- Wickham (Essex).**—G.E.R. On Blackwater. (*See Maldon.*)
- Wickham Market (Suffolk).** G.E.R. Deben. Potford brook, 1 m. N.W. Lake: Ash Abbey Decoy, 2 m. S.E. (*See Woodbridge.*)
- Wickwar (Gloucester).**—M.B. Little Avon; trout and coarse fish. Laden. Tortworth brook. (*See Berkeley and Bristol.*) (c.s. *Severn.*)
- Widford (Herts.).**—B.R. (*See Stratford.*) On Ash.
- Widmerpool (Notts).**—M.R. Fairham brook. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Willington (Derby).**—L. & N.W.R., M.R. Trent; chub, roach, pike, perch, trout, salmon; preserved; s.t. (except salmon), 10s. 6d., from Mr. W. K. Newbold, of King's Newton, or Peach and Son, Derby; fishing fair. (c.s.) Elwell brook. Foremark brook (preserved by Trout Fish-culture Co.), 3 m. S.E. Lakes: Foremark Mill pond, 3 m. S.E.; preserved by T.F.C.C. Repton Park lake, 3 m. S.E. Foremark Hall pond, 3 m. S.E. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Willenden Junction (Middx.).**—H.J.R. Brent. (*See London, L.T.*)
- Williton (Somerset).**—G.W.R. A stream joins the sea 2 m. below here, which rises 2 or 3 m. E. of Stogumber (G.W.R.), runs 4 m. to Williton; it holds trout; leave from the landowners.
- Wilnescoote (Warwick).**—M.R. Tame; chub, dace, &c.; rather polluted. (c.s. *Trent.*) Bourne brook; trout, grayling; preserved by landowners. Lakes: Drayton park, 2 m. W. (*See Gainsborough.*)
- Wilton (Wilts.).**—G.W.R. and S.W.R. Wylye; trout, grayling, coarse fish; private below, and preserved from hence up to 1½ m. above Wylye by Wilton Fly-fishing Club of 25 members, entrance 20l., s.t. 30l.; season—trout, May 1 to Aug. 31; grayling, July 30 to Nov. 30; artificial fly only; no wading. Nadder; trout, roach, dace. (*See Christchurch.*) (c.s. *Avon.*)
- Wimbledon (Surrey).**—In Wimbledon Park (Miss Beaumont) is a lake containing pike, carp, &c.; s.t. 21s.
- Wimborne (Dorset).**—S. & D.J.R. Stour; pike, perch, trout. Allen; trout. Blackwater; trout. (*See Christchurch.*) (c.s. *Avon.*)
- Wincanton (Somerset).**—S. & D.J.R. On Cale. (*See Christchurch.*)
- Winchelsea (Sussex).**—R. & H.R. On Brede. (*See Rye.*) (c.s. *Rother.*) At Pickham Mill, near Guestling, 4 m. off, is a large waterhead.
- Winchester (Hants.).**—L. & S.W.R. (*See Southampton.*) Itchen; trout above the town, and below, trout, grayling, dace, roach, pike. The fishing above the town is strictly preserved. The reach between the city mills, known as the Weirs, free; below the town it is also strictly preserved, but, on the Old Barge, tickets may be obtained of Chalkley, fish-tackleist. Between St. Cross and Brainbridge the river is let by the various proprietors,

with exclusive rights. From Brainbridge onwards to Bishopstoke is the Itchen Valley club water (Mr. Chamberlayne's); in these lower reaches there are plenty of grayling as well as trout. *Hotels:* George (where some fishing can be had), Royal, and Black Swan.

Winchfield (Hants.).—S.W.R. On Whitewater; trout. (See *London, M.T.*) The Fleet ponds are near, but are reserved for the use of the men quartered at Aldershot.

Winchmore Hill (Middx.)—G.N.R. On New River. (See *London.*)

Windsor (Berks).—G.W.R. and S.W.R. (See *London, M.T.*) *Thames:* chub, dace, roach, pike, perch, bream, barbel. *Hotels:* Castle, White Hart, Bridge House, Crown and Cushion, Three Tuns, Swan. *Fishermen:* G. Holland, Lumsden, Pacey, J. Bance, J. Plumridge, R. and J. Grey, T. Maley, C. Kempster, G. C. Smith. In the Virginia Water, Windsor Park, fishing is good; leave difficult to obtain. Apply to the Deputy Ranger.

Wingfield (Derby).—M.B. Amber. Normanston brook. Birches brook. (See *Gainsborough.*)

Wirksworth (Derby).—M.B. Ecclesbourne. Derwent, 2 m. N. at **Cromford**. (c.s. *Trent*.) Dove, 9 m. S.W. at **Ashbourne**. (c.s. *Trent*.) *Lakes:* Hopton Hall lake, 2 m. S.W. (See *Gainsborough.*)

Winscombe (Somerset).—G.W.R. Loxton Brook. (See *Exbridge.*)

Winstord (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.R. Weaver. Ash, 3 m. S.W. Whitgate brook, 3 m. N.W. *Lakes:* Stocks Hill, 1 m. S. Little Budsworth, 5 m. W. (See *Frodsham.*)

Wisbeach (Camba).—G.E.R. and G.N.R. Nen; pike, perch, bream, roach. Nen rises above **Weedon**, and at **Dodford Mill**, 1 m. above that place, is joined on right bank by **Fawsley brook**, 4 m. long, draining the lake in **Fawsley Park**, 4 m. S.W. from **Weedon**. Here **Streck** joins on left bank. This stream rises in **Dunsland reservoir** (pike) by **Daventry** (n.s. **Weedon**, 5 m.), and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by a brook draining **Middlemore reservoir** 1 m. up, $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. N. from **Daventry**. **Streck** runs 2 m. S. from **Crick**, and joins Nen 7 m. down. 3 m. down Nen, at **Nether Heyford**, **Horsestone brook**, 6 m. long, joins on right bank, and 5 m. down, at **Upton Mill**, **Wootton brook**, which rises by **Piddington**, runs 4 m. to **Wootton**, 3 m. S. from **Northampton**, and thence to Nen 4 m., joins on right bank. Nen runs to **Northampton** 3 m. Here a branch of Nen joins on left bank; it rises in the lakes at **Maldwell Dale** and **Maldwell Hall**, 1 m. N. from **Lampport**. There the outfall from the lakes at **Lampport Hall** join on left bank. Nen runs to **Brixworth** 3 m.; here **Calendar brook**, 6 m. long, joins on right bank. 2 m. down, at **Spratton**, **Stowe brook**, 8 m. long, joins on right bank, and 1 m. down, **Pitsford brook** joins on left bank. **Pitsford** rises in **Faxton Hall ponds** 2 m. E. from **Lampport**, and is 8 m. long. Nen runs 2 m. to **Brampton**, and here **Moulton brook**, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. down, **Althorp brook**, which rises in the lakes in **Althorp Park**, by **Althorp Park Station**, and is 5 m. long, joins on right bank. The two Nens meet 4 m. down at **Northampton**. Just above the junction the outfall from **Dallington Hall lake**, 2 m. N.W. from the town, joins on right bank. (Nen is preserved by Nen Angling Society to **Doddington Mill**.) Nen runs 3 m. to **Weston Mill**, where the drainage of **Abington Park lake** (1 m. N.E. from **Northampton**), 1 m. up, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Nen, at **Houghton Mill**, **Billing brook**, which rises in the lake at **Overstone Park**, 4 m. N.E. from **Northampton**, and is 4 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Nen, by **Billing Station**, the outflow of another lake in **Overstone Park** joins on left bank. 2 m. down Nen, at **Whiston Mill** (the guinea subscription water ends here), **Sywell brook** joins on left bank, which rises in **Sywell Park pond** 5 m. W. from **Wellingborough**, runs 2 m. to **Sywell Mill pond**, and joins Nen 3 m. down. Nen runs to **Castle Ashby** 1 m., and 2 m. down, at **Doddington Mill** (here ends the Nen Angling Club fishery), **Ashby brook** joins on right bank, which rises in the lakes in **Castle Ashby Park**, 2 m. S. from **Castle Ashby Station**, and runs 3 m. to Nen. Nen runs to **Wellingborough** 2 m., and here **Ise** joins on left bank. **Ise** rises above **Kilmarsh**, where it waters a lake, runs 2 m. to **Arthingworth**, near **Kilmarsh Station**, 4 m. to **Desborough**, **Bushton** 3 m., **Geddington** 3 m., **Kettering** 4 m., **Burton** 3 m., **Finedorn** 1 m. 1 m. down, at **Harrowden Mill**, the outflow of the lake at **Finedorn Hall**, 1 m. up, joins on left bank. 1 m. down, a stream, 2 m. long, joins on right bank, rising in **Dickens' Mill pond** 1 m. N. from **Wellingborough**. **Ise** runs 2 m. to **Wellingborough** and Nen. Nen runs to **Ditchford** 2 m. (here the water of the **Wellingborough** and **Higham Ferrers** Angling Association begins), **Higham Ferrers** 3 m., **Stanwick** 1 m. (here the fishing of W. and H.F.A.A. ends), **Ringstead** 3 m., **Shrapton** 4 m. 1 m. down, **Harper's brook**, which rises above **Stanion** 2 m. S. from **Weldon** and is 9 m. long, joins on left bank. Nen runs to **Thorpe** 2 m., **Oundle** 6 m. Nen here makes a loop of $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. (Baron Rothschild) to the other side of the town, and runs to **Perlo Mill** 3 m. Here the drainings of the pond at **Southwick**, 3 m. N.W. from **Oundle**, joins on left bank. Nen runs 4 m. to **Elton**, where is the lake in **Elton Park** (Lord Carysfort). Here **Willow brook** joins on left bank. **Willow** rises in the lakes in **Dene Park**, 2 m. N.E. from **Weldon**, runs 3 m. to **Bistherwycke Park** and lake (Stafford O'Brian, Esq.), 2 m. W. from **King's Cliff**, runs to **King's Cliff** 2 m., and Nen 5 m. Nen runs to **Hassingham** 3 m., **Wansford** 2 m. (Lord Westmoreland and Mr. J. M. Vivian). 1 m. below, **Wittering brook**, which rises in the lake at **Easton**, 3 m. S. from **Stamford**, and is 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Nen runs to **Castor** 2 m. (Lords Huntley and Fitzwilliam), and here **Billing brook**, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Nen runs to **Overton** 4 m. (Lord Huntley), and 1 m. down the outflow of the lakes in **Milton Park**, 3 m. W. from **Peterborough**, joins on left bank. Nen runs 2 m. to **Peterborough**. From hence the river runs in various branches and cuts. The main stream runs in a straight line through the fens to **Guyhirne**, 12 m., and

thence to **Wisbeach** 7 m. The right branch, called the Old River Nen, runs round by **Ramsey**, where Holme brook joins it. Holme rises in a pond by Caldecot, 4 m. W. from **Holme**, and is 7 m. long. Here also Wiston brook, which rises above King's Ripton, 4 m. N.E. from **Huntingdon** and is 10 m. long, joins on right bank. 2 m. below **Ramsey**, on the right bank, is Ramsey mere, thence to **March** is 10 m. 6 m. down, Old Welney river, 8 m. long, joins on right bank. 3 m. down, at Outwell, Nen joins the Wisbeach Canal, which runs to **Wisbeach** 6 m. A third branch, from **Peterborough**, is the Muscal river or Cats Water, anciently a branch of Nen. This runs 7 m. to 1 m. E. of **Eye Green**, thence 9 m. to **French Drove**, and 2 m. below joins North Level Main Drain, which joins Nen 10 m. down at **Tydd St. Mary's**. From **Wisbeach** Nen flows to **Ferry Station** 3 m., **Tydd St. Mary's** 3 m., **Sutton Bridge** 2 m., 1 m. below which Nen joins the Wash. The fen district is so cut up and intersected by water-courses of all kinds and sizes that it would be impossible to describe them in detail. They all contain fish more or less, and are mostly free. It is very difficult to approach many of the best.

Wishford (Wilts).—G.W.R. Wylde; trout, grayling; preserved by Wilton Fly-fishing Club (see *Wilms*). (See *Christchurch*.) (c.s. *Avon*.)

Witham (Somerset).—G.W.R. On Stour, Frome, and *lakes* in New Hitchlings and Witham Park. Stour Head lakes (three); pike, tench, rudd, trout, perch; leave from the occupier of Stour Head House, or at Eagles Arms, Stourton. (See *Christchurch*; *Bristol*.) (c.s. *Avon*.)

Witham (Essex).—G.E.R. (See *Maldon*.) On Blackwater and Pods brook; pike (good), perch, roach, dace, eel, carp, tench, and a few trout. Almost the whole of the fishing is preserved. *Inns*: White Hart, Spread Eagle, Albert, and Railway Tavern. 3 m. from the station is Rivenhall Place Pond, belonging to Sir C. C. Weston, of Felix Hall Kelvedon, from whom leave must be obtained; pike, perch, roach, dace. 4 m. off is Terling River, belonging to Lord Rayleigh; pike and dace. 3½ m. from the station is Braxted Park lake, Sir C. Du Cane; pike, perch, carp, dace, roach.

Withingham (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Yare. (See *Yarmouth*.) (c.s. *N. and S.*)

Withyham (Sussex).—L.B. & S.C.R. On Medway. (See *Rochester*.)

Witley (Surrey).—P.D.R. (See *London, L.T.*)

Witney (Oxon.).—W. & E.G.R. On Windrush; large trout; leave must be obtained from the proprietors; there is a good rise of May-fly. (See *London, U.T.*)

Wiveliscombe (Somerset).—G.W.R. Tone. Milverton Brook. Norton brook; trout (See *Bridgwater*.) (c.s. *Avon*.)

Wixford (Warwick).—G.W.B., M.R. Arrow; pike, perch, roach, dace, bream, chub, few trout; good fishing from the Fish Hotel for 4 m.; d.t., 1s. *Lakes*: Bagley Park lake (1 m. N.W.). (See *Gloucester*.)

Woburn (Beds).—L. & N.W.B. Crawley brook, 3 m. N. *Lakes*: Woburn Abbey lake (3 m. S.E.); good fishing, preserved by the Duke of Bedford. (See *King's Lynn*.)

Woburn (Bucks).—G.W.R. Wye; polluted. (See *London, M.T.*)

Woking (Surrey).—L. & S.W. (See *London, L.T.*) Basingstoke Canal; roach, perch, pike mostly free.

Wollaton.—On Nottingham and Grantham Canal; fishing good; pike, perch, roach, bream, and tench.

Wolsingham (Durham).—G.N.R. Wear; trout.

Wolverhampton (Stafford).—L. & N.W.R. Smestow (2 m. W.). (See *Gloucester*.) *Hotel*: Star and Garter.

Wolverton (Bucks).—L. & N.W.B. (See *Stoney Stratford*.) Ouse; coarse fish; mostly private. (c.s. *N. and S.*) Tove. (See *King's Lynn*.)

Woodborough (Wilts).—G.W.R. Avon; trout, grayling, chub, roach, pike; preserved by landowners. (See *Christchurch*.) (c.s.)

Woodbridge (Suffolk).—G.E.R. Deben; roach, pike, tench, perch; preserved by landowners. Deben rises above **Debenham**, runs 9 m. to Kettleburgh, 4 m. S.E. from **Framlingham**, and 5 m. down is joined on right bank by Potford brook, 4 m. long. Deben runs 2 m. to **Wickham Market**, and 2 m. down waters the decoy at Ash Abbey close by the railway. Deben runs to **Melton** 4 m., and **Woodbridge** 1 m. 1 m. down, Fyn joins on right bank. Fyn rises 4 m. above **Bealings**, where it waters Playford mere, and 1 m. below is joined on left bank by Otley brook, 7 m. long. 2 m. down, Fyn joins Deben estuary. *Hotels*: Bull, Crown.

KIRTON brook runs 4 m. S. from **Woodbridge** at Brightwell-cum-Foxhall. Kirton rises in Bixley decoy ponds on Black Heath, 2½ m. S.E. from **Ipswich**, runs 3 m. to Brightwell, and 4 m. below joins Deben estuary.

Woodbury Road (Devon).—S.W.E. Woodbury brook. This brook rises E. of Woodbury, and runs 3 m. to the Exe Estuary, close to the station.

Woodchester (Gloucester).—M.R. Nailsworth brook. Frome (2 m.) (See *Stonehouse*.)

Woodford (Essex).—L.W.E. & O.R. (See *Barking*.) On Roding; few dace and perch.

Wood Green (Middlx.).—G.N.R. On New River. (See *London*.)

Woodhall Spa (Lincoln).—G.N.E. Witham, 1 m. S.W., at **Kirkstead**. Bain, 3 m. E. Halham Beck, 3 m. E. (See *Boston*.)

Woodland.—F.R. Steerspool rises on Broughton Moor, and runs by the railway for 4 m., passing **Woodland** station. The stream runs some 6 m. to Kirkby, where it joins the Duddon estuary. The Sickle can be fished from here. (See *Broughton*.)

Woodstock Road (Oxford).—O. & B.R. Cherwell. (*See London, M.T.*)

Woolerton (Salop).—S. & H.B. Teme; trout, grayling, chub, dace, roach, pike, perch; strictly preserved above, but open below to the members of The Tenbury Angling Club. (*See Tenbury.*) Brimfield brook; trout. *Inn*: Solway Arms. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)

Wookey (Somerset).—G.W.B. Ax. (*See Axbridge.*) (*c.s. Avon.*)

Wool (Dorset).—S. & D.J.R. Frome. Piddle; trout, salmon. (*See Wareham.*) (*c.s.*)

Woolaston (Gloucester).—S.W.B. Cone brook. Cone rises by Hewelsfield, and is 5 m. long.

Woolavington (Somerset).—G.W.B. Brue; roach, perch, carp, pike; free. (*See High-bridge.*) (*c.s. Avon.*)

Wooler (Northland.).—The fishing is good. Till and Glen join below Wooler, running through Millfield Plain into Tweed, and is under the Scotch or Tweed Act, and is open for sea trout angling from February to December. If there is a flood to bring the fish over the cauds and dams, whiting, &c., will be met with early in the summer; in the latter end of the season large fish are numerous. There are plenty of good pike in the deep waters, and some few perch about Etal. There are plenty of trout in the Wooler, Bowmont, and Bremish, streams in the neighbourhood. The Till is free in all but a few places. At the mouth of Till and about Etal the fishing is good, but leave must be obtained from the landed proprietors. Bowmont is preserved. There is some good trout fishing about Canna Mill, and up to Yetholm. No pike or perch in it. College is now preserved, except on the Heathpool ground. Wooler waters may be fished up to Langlee Ford. A small portion is preserved, but leave may be obtained. In summer the water is very low, and there are few pools. From its junction with the Till, upwards of 1½ m., the lower part of the Glen, is preserved by Sir H. St. Paul, who kindly grants leave. Mr. Cunley preserves the Coupland Castle water, the best part of the Glen, for about 2½ m., and Hon. F. W. Lambton owns the Lanton water, and gives leave for a day or two. Above and up to Langlee Ford, and foot of Cheviots, it is better fishing. At Chaton there is some good open water on the Duke of Northumberland's ground. Wooler is 13 m. from **Cornhill** station (B. & K.R.), 10 m. from Belford, and 18 m. from **Alnwick**. Omnibus from Alnwick at eight in the morning, returning in the evening for south mail train. Nearest part of Coquet is at Weldon Bridge. By driving to Powburn (or, better, Branton), some part of the Bremish can be fished. Begin at Ingram, and fish up. Some miles below, Bremish becomes Till. The wading in Till is dangerous. The Bowmont and College may also be fished from Wooler. Red Lion Hotel and Tankerville Arms are very good inns. For fishing the lower part of Till accommodation can be had at the Blue Bell, Crookham. The water is very heavy, except a few short streams about Ford Islands belonging to the Dowager Marchioness of Waterford, who kindly grants leave to any gentleman leaving his card. Below Millfield (belonging to A. Grey, Esq., who gives leave also) there are some nice streams. Sir H. St. Paul is the owner on one side, and sometimes gives leave, and Hon. F. W. Lambton the owner of the other. Here Lord Tankerville's water commences, and he has kindly opened it for the benefit of the inhabitants of Wooler from March 1 to September 30.

Wooton (Gloucester).—(*See Stonehouse.*)

Wootton Bassett (Wilts).—G.W.R. (*See Bristol.*) On Thunder Brook.

Worcester.—G.W.R. Severn; pike, twaite, chub, dace, roach, salmon, trout, &c. Laughern brook. Teme (2 m. S.); chub, dace, roach, pike, grayling, trout, salmon; preserved on left bank from Powick Old Bridge to Severn by Mr. Willis Bund, and let to a club; a club also fishes the right bank; above the bridge Mr. Bund preserves privately, but for a portion of the water d.t., i.e., can be had of the water-bailiff Huxley, at Powick Mill. Above the mills the water is private, but leave can often be obtained. Salwarp (4 m. N.); trout and coarse fish. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s.*) There is fair fishing in Leigh brook, which can be reached from the n.e. **Bramford-road** Station; let to a club. The brook is private elsewhere, but the farmers will generally give leave. *Hotel*: Unicorn.

Worksope (Notts).—G.N.B. Ryton. Spout, 2 m. N.W. Poulter, 5 m. S. *Lakes*: Manor Park, 2 m. S.W. Carlton lake, 3 m. N.W. Curburton, 5 m. S. Clumber Park, 5 m. S.E. Welbeck Park, 5 m. S.W. Langold lake, 5 m. N. (*See Althorpe.*)

Worle (Somerset).—G.W.R. *Lakes*: Worle pond; rudd, tench; preserved by C. Fisher, Esq., wine merchant, Bristol.

Worleston (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.B. Weaver. Pool brook. Wistaston brook. (*See Frodsham.*)

Worstead (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Ant, 1 m. N.E. Stake beck, 2 m. W. *Lakes*: Worstead Hall lake. Westwick Park lake, 1 m. W. Scotlow pond, 2 m. W. Dilham lake, 2 m. E. Dilham Broad, 2 m. S.E. (*See Yarmouth.*)

Worthington (Leicester).—M.R. Breedon. Carr brook, 2 m. W. *Lakes*: Dog Kennel pool and two other ponds, 2 m. W. Stanton Hall ponds, 2 m. N.W. Calke Park ponds, 3 m. N.W. (*See Gainsborough.*)

Wraybury (Bucks).—S.W.R. (*See London, M.T. and L.T.*) Thames, Colne, and Fleet. Few trout, jack, barbel, chub, roach, and perch. *Inn*: George. *Fishermen*: W. and H. Haines. The Colne is preserved by the Piscatorial Society. Fishing good. Chub, dace, roach, pike. The Fleet holds roach, dace, chub, and barbel; fishing free.

Wrenbury (Cheshire).—L. & N.W.B. Weaver. Marbury brook. Sales brook, 2 m. S. Baddiley brook, 2 m. N. *Lakes*: Combermere mere, 2 m. S.; pike, perch, roach; leave sometimes from the steward. Baddiley mere, 2 m. N. Cholmondeley mere, 4 m. N.W. (*See Frodsham.*)

Wroxham (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Bure. Sprixworth beck, 3 m. S.W. Ant, 6 m. E. *Lakes*: Brickfield Broad, right bank. Belangh Broad, left bank (J. C. Blofield, Esq.). Little Belangh pond, right bank. Bridge Broad, right bank; preserved (B. Humphrey, Esq.). Knapes water, left bank. Wroxham Broad, right bank (E. W. Trafford, Esq.). (c.s. *N. and S.*) Hoveton Hall lake, 1 m. N. Hoveton Great Broad, left bank, 2 m. S.E. (H. N. Burroughes, Esq.). (c.s. *N. and S.*) Sallhouse Broad, right bank, 2 m. S.E. (Sir E. Stracey, of Rackheath). Little Hoveton Broad, 2 m. N.E. Burnt Fen Broad, 3 m. E. King's water, 3 m. E. Beaton Hall lake, 4 m. N.E. Oliver Broad, 6 m. N.E. (J. C. Webb, Esq.). (See *Yarmouth*.) *Hotels*: King's Head, Wroxham Castle.

Wye (Kent).—A. & R.R. On Stour; jack, oach, &c.; the fishing free, but, owing to the weeds, not good until late in the season. 3 m. below Wye the river belongs to J. S. W. Erie Drax, Esq., of Olanteigh Towers, Wye. The lake in Eastwell Park holds good pike. (c.s.) (See *Sandwich*) *Inns*: Victoria, King's Head.

Wylve (Wilts).—G.W.R. Wylve; trout, grayling; preserved by Wilton Fly-fishing Club (see *Wilton*.) (See *Christchurch*.) (c.s. *Avon*.)

Wymondham (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Bassa. Tiffey. Dyke beck, 2 m. Hackford brook, 2½ m. N.W., at Crownthorpe. Yare, 6 m. N., at Marlingford. *Lakes*: Kimberley Park lake, 3 m. N.W. Wicklewode mere, 4 m. W. Ketteringham Hall lakes, 4 m. E. Sea mere, 5 m. W., by Hingham. (See *Yarmouth*.)

Wye (Worcester).—T. & B.R. Dowles brook; trout. Severn (3 m. E.); salmon, trout, grayling, chub, dace, pike, perch, &c. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)

Wyvenhoe (Essex).—G.E.R. Roman river. This stream joins Colne estuary on right bank opposite Wyvenhoe. It rises by Marks, and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by a short stream draining the lake at Birch Hall, 4 m. S.E. of Marks. 4 m. down, Roman river is joined on right bank by Laver brook, 9 m. long. The main stream runs 4 m. to Wyvenhoe. 1 m. E. are 3 ponds at Villa Farm.

Yalding (Kent).—S.E.R. (See *Rochester*.) On Medway; pike, perch, roach, bream, &c.; preserved by the Maidstone Club: d., w., and m.t.; sec., A. H. Emary, Maidstone. Telse; coarse fish. Bault. *Hotel*: George.

Yarmouth (Norfolk).—G.E.R. Waveney; pike, perch, bream, roach, chub. Yare; same fish. Bure; same fish. *Lakes*: Fritton Decoy, 6 m. S.W. Waveney rises above Diss, where is Diss mere, and 4 m. down is joined on right bank by Eye brook, which rises 8 m. above Eye, and joins Waveney 6 m. down by Oakley Park. Waveney runs 7 m. to Harleston, 1 m. off on left bank, Homersfield 5 m., Bungay 6 m. Here the river makes a loop of 3 m., running again through the town, and 2 m. down is joined on left bank by a brook draining the lakes at Ditchingham Hall, 2½ m. N. of Bungay. Waveney runs 2 m. to Goldeston, Beccles 2 m. 9 m. down, 2½ m. N.W. from Mutford, a cutting on right bank joins the river with Oulton Broad, which runs to Lowestoft through Lake Lothing, Mutford being at the junction of Oulton with Lothing. ¼ m. down Waveney the outflow, 1 m. long, of Filixton Decoy, and the lake at the Villa, 2½ m. N. from Mutford, joins on right bank. Waveney runs to Somerleyton 2 m. Had-discote 3 m., just below which place the outflow of Fritton Decoy, 1 m. up, joins on right bank. Here also is the New Cut, 3 m. long, joining Yare with Waveney. Waveney runs to Belton 3 m. (1 m. off on right bank), and 2 m. down joins Breydon water. Here Yare joins on left bank.

YARE rises above Hardingham, and here Blackwater river, 6 m. long, joins on right bank. 7 m. down Yare, by Barford, Bass river joins on right bank. Bass rises 4 m. above Wymondham, where it is joined by Tiffey river, 4 m. long; 2 m. down, Dyke beck, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down, Bass waters the lake in Kimberley Park (n.s. Kimberley, 1 m.), and here Hackford brook joins on left bank. Hackford rises in Sea mere, 1 m. S.E. from Hingham (n.s. Kimberley, 3 m.), and 2 m. down, at Hackford, waters Wicklewode mere. 2 m. S. from Kimberley, and 3 m. down joins Kimberley Park pond. Bass runs 4 m. to Yare. 10 m. down Yare, ¼ m. below Cringleford, 3 m. S.W. from Norwich, a brook, 3 m. long, joins on right bank, draining the lakes at Ketteringham Hall 1 m. S. from Hethersett, and the lakes at Bracon Hall and Carlton Lodge, 2 m. W. of Swainthorpe. Yare runs 3 m. to Norwich, and here Tese joins on right bank. Tese rises above Fornett, runs 3 m. to Flordon, Swainthorpe 4 m., and Yare and Norwich 5 m. Yare runs 2 m. to the other side of the city, and here Wensum joins on left bank. Wensum rises above Fakenham, runs 3 m. to Byburgh, North Elmham 7 m., Lenwade 10 m., and here Blackwater brook joins, which rises in Black lake, ½ m. N. from Cawston, runs thence to Beepham 2 m., and Lenwade and Wensum 3 m. 1 m. down Wensum a brook joins on left bank, 5 m. long, draining the lake at Haverlingland 2 m. S. from Cawston. Wensum runs 1 m. to Attlebridge, 8 m. to Drayton, and Hellesdon 2 m., and here Costessey brook joins on right bank. This brook rises by Yaxham, runs 7 m. to Horningham, where is a large pond at the Hop Grounds 4 m. S. from Attlebridge, and runs 5 m. to Wensum, which runs to Norwich and Yare 5 m. Yare runs to Withingham 3 m., Brundall 4 m. (here is Surlingham Broad on right bank). 1 m. down a brook joins on left bank, draining the lakes in Plumpstead Hall 2 m. N. of Brundall. ¼ m. down Yare on left bank is Strumphaw Broad, and just below, Bockland Broad on right bank. ¼ m. down Yare is Buckenham, and 1 m. down the outflow of Buckenham Broad and Hasingham Broad join on left bank. Yare runs 2 m. to Cantley, and 2 m. below is joined on right bank by Chet, which rises in the lake at Brook Hall, 8 m. S.E. of

Norwich, runs to **Loddon** (n.s. **Beccles**, 7 m.) 5 m., and **Yare** 4 m. **Yare** runs to **Reedham** 2 m., where the New Cut, joining **Yare** and **Waveney**, enters **Yare**, and 4 m. down runs into **Breydon water** at **Berney Arms Station**. **Breydon water** is salt, and is 4 m. long, **Yarmouth** being at the lower end.

BURE joins the sea at **Yarmouth**. **Bure** rises in **Melton Park lake**, 1 m. N. from **Hindolvestone**, runs 4 m. to **Thurning**, where it waters the lake in **Thurning Hall**, thence 3 m. to **Corpusty**, and 4 m. below at **Blickling Mill** a stream joins on left bank, watering two ponds by **Apple Tree Plantation** $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up, 4 m. N.W. from **Aylsham**. 1 m. down **Bure**, **Aldborough beck** joins on left bank. **Aldborough** rises in the lake in **Felbrigg Park**, 5 m. S.W. from **Cromer**, runs 4 m. to **Aldborough** and its mill pond, 5 m. N. from **Aylsham**, and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by a brook, 3 m. long, draining the lake in **Barningham Park** by **Town Barningham**, $\frac{1}{4}$ m. N.E. from **Corpusty**. **Aldborough** joins **Bure** 2 m. below. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down **Bure** is the outflow, on right bank, of the lake at **Blickling**, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up, 2 m. N.W. from **Aylsham**, and 3 m. down, **Bure** reaches **Aylsham**. 5 m. down **Bure**, just above **Buxton**, **Guntun beck** and **Stake beck** joins on left bank. **Guntun beck** rises in the lakes and ponds in **Guntun Park** (**Lord Suffield**) by **Guntun**, runs 2 m. to **Felmingham**, and 4 m. down joins **Bure**. **Stake beck** rises in the **Perch pond** and mill pond in **Heath Plantation**, 2 m. S. of **North Walsham**, runs 2 m. to **Scotlow pond**, 2 m. W. of **Worstead**, and **Bure** at **Buxton** 1 m. **Bure** runs 3 m. to **Coltishall**, and 3 m. down, 2 m. S.W. from **Wroxham**, **Spixworth beck**, which rises by **Horsham St. Faith**, $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. N.E. from **Drayton** and is 6 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down **Bure** is **Brickfield Broad** on right bank, and on left bank **Beluagh Broad**; a little further down, is **Little Beluagh Broad** on right bank. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down on right bank is **Bridge Broad**, then on left bank two backwaters from the river and **Knapes water**. These broads are all close to **Wroxham**. Opposite **Knapes water** on right bank is the top of **Wroxham Broad**, 1 m. long, and **Hoveton Great Broad** on left bank. Opposite the bottom of **Wroxham**, on the other bank of the river, is **Salhouse Broad**, 1 m. N.E. of **Salhouse**. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down **Bure** is **Decoy** or **Woodbastwick Broad** on right bank, 2 m. N.E. of **Salhouse**. On the opposite or left bank is **Little Hoveton Broad**, 2 m. E. of **Wroxham**. Here **Hoveton brook**, which rises in the **Hoveton Hall lake** 1 m. N. of **Wroxham**, runs 2 m. to **Burnt Fen Broad** (preserved by landlord of **New Inn**, **Horning**) and **King's water**, 3 m. E. of **Wroxham**, and waters **Hoveton Broad**, joins on left bank; accommodation can be had at **New Inn**, **Ferry Inn**, and **Horning Ferry**, close by these broads. **Bure** runs 2 m., when the outflow of **Little Broad**, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up, 3 m. E. of **Salhouse**, joins on right bank. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down **Bure** on right bank is **Ranworth Broad**, 1 m. long, 4 m. E. of **Salhouse**. 2 m. down **Bure**, at **Horning Hall**, **Ant** joins on left bank. **Ant** rises in the **Antingham ponds**, 2 m. N.W. from **North Walsham**, and 4 m. down runs 1 m. E. of that town, and 4 m. below, at **Horning**, waters **Dilham lake**. 2 m. down, an arm, **Dilham Broad**, runs up on the right bank to **Dilham**, and this is watered by a brook which drains **Worstead House lake** by **Worstead** 2 m. up. **Ant** runs to **Stalham Broad** by **Stalham** 2 m., and 1 m. below waters **Barton Broad**, 1 m. long, 1 m. W. of **Catfield**. The drainings, 1 m. long, of **Beeston Hall lake**, 4 m. N.E. of **Wroxham**, join the right arm of **Barton Broad**. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down **Ant** is a broad on left bank 1 m. S.W. from **Catfield**, and here also the drainings of **Oliver Broad**, 1 m. up, joins on right bank. **Oliver** is 5 m. N.E. from **Wroxham**. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below on left bank of **Ant** is a pond, and 3 m. down **Ant** joins **Bure**. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down **Bure**, **Fleet dyke** joins on right bank. This rises in **Peaty Mill dam**, 4 m. S.E. from **Salhouse**, runs 2 m. to **Walsham Broad**, 5 m. E. of **Salhouse**, and 1 m. down joins **Bure**. 2 m. down **Bure**, the **Hundred stream** or **Thurne** joins on left bank. This runs down from above **Martham Broad** by **Martham**, and here the drainings of **Horsey mere**, 1 m. up, joins on right bank. **Horsey** is 4 m. N. from **Martham**. 1 m. below, **Hundred stream** joins on right bank **Hickling**, **Chapman**, and **Whitesley Broad**, and these are practically one large lake, 3 m. long, **Potter Higham** lying half-way down it. 3 m. down **Hundred stream**, on right bank, is **Womack Broad** by **Ludham**, 2 m. S. of **Catfield**. 1 m. down, at **Thurne** (*Iron Red Lion*), is the **Bure**, which runs to **Acle** 4 m. Here **Muck Fleet** joins on the left bank. This waterway is 4 m. long, and runs out of **Ormsby**, **Rollsby**, and **Filby Broad** one large lake, 4 m. long, near **Ormsby**. 1 m. down **Bure**, **Turnstall dyke** joins on right bank, draining **Acle Decoy**, 1 m. S. of **Acle**. **Bure** runs 9 m. to **Yarmouth**. Leave to fish in most of the broads must be obtained, but the rivers are free. The broads and rivers hold pike, perch, tench, bream, roach, rudd, and carp. Good sea fishing from the pier and from the beach with throw-out lines; whiting fishing good from September to November. *Hotels*: **Angel**, **Bath House**, **Bridge**, **Crown** and **Anchor**, **Norfolk**, **Royal**, **Queen's**, **Victoria**. (c.s. **Norfolk**.) *Fishing stations within two hours of the town*: **Bolton**, **St. Olave's**, **Beccles**, **Geldeston**, **Bungay**, **Reedham**, **Cantley**, **Buckenham**, **Brandall**, **Acle**, **Ormsby**, **Martham**, **Potter Higham**, **Stalham**, **Horning**, **North Walsham**, **Aylsham**.

Yarnton (Oxford).—W. & E.G.R. (See *London*, U.T.)

Yarton (Salop).—L. & N.W.R. **Sundown brook**. *Lakes* **Yarton Pool**. (See *Gloucester*.)

Yate (Gloucester).—M.R. (See *Bristol*; *Frome*.) On **Boyd**, 7 m. *Lakes*: **Dodington Park lake**, 6 m.; carp, perch; leave from **Sir G. Codrington**. **Badminton Park lake**, 8 m.; carp; **Duke of Beaufort**; leave from **Mr. Thompson**, the steward, at **Badminton**. There is good roach and perch fishing at **Nibley Mills** on **Frome**, preserved by **Clifton Angling Club**. (See *Bristol*; *Iron Acton*.)

Yaxham (Norfolk).—G.E.B. **Costessey brook**. (See *Yarmouth*.)

- Yedingham Bridge** (York).—Near West Hesterton station. On Derwent; grayling, chub, and pike. Free.
- Yeldham** (Essex).—G.E.R. Colne. (*See Colchester.*)
- Yeovil** (Somerset).—G.W.R. Yeovil; coarse fish and a few trout; preserved by the Yeovil Angling Society; sec. P. W. Mayo, Esq., solicitor; s.t., 21s.; visitors at a reduced price. *Hotel*: Mermald. (*See Bridgwater.*) (*c.s. Avon.*)
- Yeovil Junction** (Somerset).—S.W.R. Yeovil. (*See Bridgwater.*) (*c.s. Avon.*)
- Yetminster** (Somerset).—G.W.R. (*See Bridgwater.*)
- Ynysddu** (Monmouth).—S.R. Sirhowey; trout. (*See Newport.*)
- Yockleton** (Salop).—S. & W.B.R. Yockleton brook. Rea (2½ m. S.); trout, grayling. (*See Gloucester.*) (*c.s. Severn.*)
- YORK**.—Good general fishing in Ouse; roach, perch, chub, and dace. Naburn lock is the best place; also Castle Mills Bridge, close to York Castle. (*c.s. York.*)

IRELAND.

- General Information**.—There is a heavy penalty for fishing with rod for salmon without a licence, and a licence can be obtained in the towns of any fishing tackle maker, and in remote parts the postmaster, or some other person, is appointed to sell licences, which are now available for the whole island. Sea fishing generally good; many places most excellent.
- Abbey Feale**.—W. & L.R. On Feale; salmon, sea trout, and trout. Good accommodation at Mr. Leahy's and Mr. Elligott's, **Listowel**.
- Achill, Island of**.—There is fishing for small trout in the lakes; the sea fishing is not bad. The lakes are 1 m. from the hotel.
- Annstown** (near Waterford).—Good pike fishing. Leave may be obtained from Mr. Power, of Tramore.
- Antrim**.—G.N.E. On Lough Neagh; trout. Boat and man, 5s. per diem. Toom Bridge, at the west end of the lake, is the favourite angling station. *Inn*: the O'Neill Arms. With regard to the feeders of the lake, the Blackwater and Ballindery are now nearly ruined by flax water. Mainewater is a good stream. This river runs through **Bandalstown** (C.B.)
- Ardara** (Donegal).—A village on the Owenea and Owendeskar. The Owendeskar belongs to Gen. J. B. Tredennick, Ardara, from whom permission may often be obtained. Salmon, sea trout, and brown trout are plentiful. The flies are—an orange tip, mallard tail, fiery brown merging into light green body, red and black hackle, mallard wing, and macaw feelers; also small fiery brown bodies, with a sprig of mallard for tail with a turn of tinsel, wing mallard, with dark red, black, or coch-y-bonddhu hackle; a black fly with orange, silk tip, a turn or two of silver twist, no tail, black hackle, and mallard wing, twist or not, a little fiery brown at the shoulder may be added; another, a hare's ear and fiery brown mixed body, gold tinsel at tail, dark hackle (black or brown), a mallard's wing. When the river is in spate the flies may be dressed on No. 8 hook; when the river is low, on No. 9. In low water little can be done. 2 m. off there are several small lochs full of large brown trout. The fishing is open. The "Midge" loch contains some very large trout, which may be taken trolling, but not with a fly. The nearest loch is Loch Arv-y-Nell, which is full of nice trout. The flies for these lochs are the same as for the river, only smaller. Hare's ear and fiery brown with red hackle and mallard or any dark feather for wing is a good fly. Accommodation may be obtained at the Nesbitt Arms (*see Advertisement*). (*See Glenlies.*) The Owenea flows 2 m. off. The town of Donegal is 14 m. distant, and Glenlies 5 m.
- Ardee** (n.s. **Dunleer**, 6 m.).—Dee; salmon, trout; fishing good and free for some miles above the town, and for 6 m. below to White Mills, where is the Half-crown Salmon Fishery; d.t., 2s. 6d.
- Armagh**.—G.N.E. Callan; free. Blackwater; free; good fishing. *Season*, March 16 to Oct. 19.
- Athboy** (Meath).—M.G.W.R., G.S. & W.R. Good fishing here.
- Athlone**.—M.G.W.R. Shannon and Lough Rea; good trout and salmon fishing. (*See Carrick.*) *Hotel*: Prince of Wales. Boats, &c., can be obtained from Brown, water-bailiff, Strand, Athlone, who is also a good fisherman.
- Ballina** (Mayo).—M.G.W.R. Salmon fishing on the Moy opens on Feb. 1. *Hotels*: Moy, Imperial (*see Advertisements*), and Lough Conn, Crossmolina, situated on the shore of that lake. Boat and men 7s. 6d. per day, refreshments extra. The proprietor of the Lough Conn Hotel supplies first-class boats and experienced fishermen. There are two large lakes, Loughs Conn and Cullen, containing salmon, sea and brown trout, pike and perch, distant 4 m. from Ballina; free fishing. Good salmon and trout fishing on loughs, April to midsummer. Trout fishing improves and continues good to the end of October. Thomas Clarke supplies boats and men, terms as above stated (*see Advertisement*). The Moy is a beautiful river, and salmon fishing on it very good; all fish taken on it must be given up, or paid for at market price. On the loughs all fish taken may be retained free by the angler. The Ardnaree fishing (on the Moy) extends 2½ m. On one side above

the weirs at Ballina it belongs to Mr. J. C. Wilson; the other side is free. *Fishermen*: Frank and Jem Hearn (see *Advertisement*). There are upwards of 20 m. of angling water, besides several lakes. Ballina is a centre from which many *radis* run. There are Lough Talt, Lough Easky, Higgin's Lake, Lough Oh, Carrakeribly Lake, Cara Lake, and two or three others, all open.

Ballinahinch (Galway).—The lochs and rivers of Inagh, Derryclare, Ballinahinch, and Glendalough may be fished at the following charges:—12s. per month, fortnight 6s. 15s., 3s. 15s. per week, or 15s. per day. The lake fishery extends a distance of 16 m. The Ballinahinch River is 4 m. long, and there are several stands. The spring salmon fishing is excellent, and fish run very early. The season opens the 1st of February, ends 31st October. The sea trout fishing on the lochs is also very good. Boatmen's wages, with use of boat, 2s. per day for each man. The stands can only be allotted by Mr. Walter Blackadder, of the Angler's Hotel, who will give all information. Superior accommodation at the Angler's Hotel, Ballinahinch Fishery, or Glendalough Hotel (see *Advertisement*), Recess, Galway. Several lakes and rivers free of charge. Apply to Mr. Walter Blackadder, Angler's Hotel, Toombeola, Galway.

Ballinahinch.—B. & C.D.B. There is a small trout stream here.

Ballinacollig (Cork).—M.R. On South Bride; trout; free. (See *Cork*.)

Ballinderry (Tyrone).—n.s. **Cookstown**, B. & N.C.B. Trout, salmon; free. *Season*, March 1 to Oct. 31.

Ballineen (Cork).—C. & B.R. On Bandon. Salmon and trout, the latter free.

Ballisadare.—M.G.W.R. Mr. Cooper gives leave to fish Lough Arrow; salmon, sea-trout, and brown trout. The Ballisadare salmon fishing is very good, but generally let.

Ballycastle (Antrim).—Tolerable lodgings may be had here. Trout and salmon. Cots and boatmen can be had.

Ballymena.—B. & N.C.R. Good fishing can be had here, with good hotel accommodation. *Season*, March 16 to Oct. 19.

Ballyroney.—G.N.R. Bann; free fishing. *Season*, March 1 to Oct. 31.

Ballyshannon.—G.N.R. On Erne; salmon and trout. Salmon rods 4l. 4s. per week, anglers permitted to keep two fish; trout fishing free. Apply to the fishery office, Ballyshannon. The parson is a good Erne fly. F. Francis recommends the following: Hook No. 7; tail two twists gold, small topping and two or three sprigs gold pheasant tippets, black harl, three twists; body, golden olive silk, changing into pigs' down of the same shade, then into orange and fiery brown towards the shoulder; golden olive hackle three parts down the body, with full claret hackle over; wing, two golden pheasant saddle feathers, over this three or four toppings with sprigs of green parrot, gold pheasant tippet, pintail, turkey, and wood duck, with a kingfisher's or blue chatterer's feather at each jowl, and blue macaw's feeler head, black harl, gold tinsel according. Other parsons are dressed larger, with six, seven, or eight toppings in the wing, with cock of the rock *ad lib.*, and with jay's hackle and purple cock instead of pintail, and even small toppings on the breast. This last one is good in heavy water. Another fly: Hook No. 5; silver twist and puce silk tag, golden pheasant topping and tippet sprigs for tail; ostrich harl over; apple-green silk body tipped with black twist and silver greenish yellow hackle all the way down; gold pheasant tippet feather, tied hackle fashion, and jay's hackle over; black harl head, and mixed wing of gold pheasant saddle feather, ditto tail and tippet, gallina and bustard and red and blue macaw, two or three sprigs of each. Another: Hook No. 5; blue silk and silver tag, golden pheasant topping and tippet sprigs for tail; black harl over; body about a third of an inch of velvet silk, the rest orange; golden olive hackle all the way down; jay's hackle over silver tinsel; wing mixed of gold pheasant tail and tippet, gallina, and one topping and red macaw feeler, black harl head. Another of a smaller size: silver and puce silk tag, topping and tippet tail; black head; orange silk body, with claret hackle all down, silver tinsel wing as before with blue feelers. A yellow body and hackle may also be fitted to the same fly. Add to these for bright weather and low water later in the season a fly with dark orange body (spare), fine silver; a cock of the rock feather for tail; two cock of the rock for inner wing; gold pheasant tail and dark Argus over that; dark mallard over all, and blue chatterer on each side of the cheek; golden olive hackle with claret hackle at shoulder; and blue macaw feeler. Also three, bodies of dark blue, and a red tail joint; yellow and claret joint, or claret and yellow joint respectively; silver tinsel tips; ostrich head; blue, claret, and golden olive hackles respectively; jay at shoulder of each, fineish silver twist; wing same for each, two toppings, pintail, green parrot, and gold pheasant tail; blue macaw's feelers. The brown trout fishing is good; the white trout are not plentiful, but the grilse fishing is fair. The fish commence running up in May. The trout fishing in Lough Erne is first-rate. There are very large pike in it, and salmon, besides perch and bream. (See *Ardara* and *Bundoran*.) (See *c.s.*)

Baltimore.—On the Ilan; salmon, sea trout, &c. The river runs into the sea here. The sea fishing is good; pollack abundant. The river fishing is better at Skibbereen.

Banbridge.—G.N.R. Bann; fair fishing. *Season*, March 1 to Oct. 31.

Bandon.—C. & B.R. On Bandon. Salmon, brown and white trout; preserved by a club. Comfortable quarters can be had either here or at Ballyneen or Dunmanway.

Bangor (Mayo).—On the Owenmore, which is much fished. Good rough lodging can be

obtained at the inn. Post each way daily. Bangor is 6 m. from Corick Bridge. (*See Corick Bridge.*) The Owenmore is, we believe, let in its upper portion. The generous proprietor reserves a small tract of the lower water for himself. A day, however, may sometimes be obtained. The Owenduff is about 6 m. off. We believe the upper portion may be fished by taking a monthly ticket at about 25*l.* The fishing is very good.

Bannagher.—Salmon fishing is good between here and the Victoria lock. (*See Meelick.*)

Bantry.—C. & B.R. Salmon, white and brown trout, and sea fishing. Vickery's hotel comfortable. The sea fishing for bass, hake, bream, mullet, pollack, conger, and mackerel is excellent. There is fair salmon and white trout fishing to be had in the rivers that fall into the sea between this and Glengarriffe; but care should be taken to ask permission personally, when it would generally be granted. There are a number of brown trout lakes within driving distance, in some of which the fishing is very good, but the fish do not run large.

Belderg.—On the coast. The mountain streams are full of small trout, and the sea fishing is excellent. There is a fair inn here, with a post-car attached. (*See Glenamoy.*)

Belfast.—Messrs. Braddell and Son, fish-tackleists, of Belfast (*see Advertisement*), will give every information as to fishing in the north of Ireland. Sometimes they have some good fishing to let; apply to them. Good trouting can be had on the waters preserved by the Belfast Anglers' Association, s.t. 10*s.* 6*d.* Good sea fishing in Belfast Lough. *Fishing stations within two hours:* Antrim, Armagh, Ballinderry, Ballymena, Ballynahinch, Ballyronney, Banbridge, Castledawson, Coleraine, Comber, Crossgar, Crumlin, Cullybackey, Downpatrick, Dunadry, Glaveryford, Glenarm, Glenavy, Glenwherry, Kells, Lagan, Moy, Randalstown, Toomebridge.

Belleek (Fermanagh).—G.N.R. On Erne; salmon and trout; fishing to be had by ticket. There is capital pike fishing in Lough Erne and river. Johnstone's Hotel, Belleek, is good, and preserved trout and pike fishing can be had free by those staying in the house. The May-fly season is a grand time.

Bird Hill.—(*See Nenagh.*)

Blackwater Bridge.—(*See Waterville.*)

Blarney (Cork).—G.S. & W.R. On Blarney; fair brown trout fishing free.

Boyle (Roscommon).—M.G.W.R. A capital trout stream runs through the place. It is preserved, but leave can be obtained. There is capital trout fishing to be had in Lough Arrow and the Sligo lakes. There are many other good lakes in the neighbourhood—all free.

Buncrana.—Rail from Derry, 1 hour. On Crana and Mill river; salmon, white and brown trout; d.t. for salmon on Crana river, 5*s.*; Mill river free. 9 m. by mail car is Clonmeny; first-rate white trout fishing, a few salmon; good accommodation. Minteagh and Mindoran lakes hold trout and char.

Bundoran (Donegal).—G.N.R. The river Bundrowes runs close by here (salmon and trout), rising in Lake Melvin, 2½ m. off, celebrated for its salmon, large lake trout, gillaroo, and brown trout. Angling on lake and river opens Jan. 1; closes—river, Sept. 18; lake, Oct. 3, fishing mostly free. The proprietor of the Marine Family Hotel, Bundoran, keeps boats on the lake in connection with the hotel, also post-cars, and can procure free tickets for the reserved portion of both rivers Bundrowes and Bunduff. Accommodation for fishing the lake can be had either at Scott's (Garrison), Murphy's (Rossinver), or Moor's, near Kinelough, or Coulter's, Derryherk House, on the shores of the lough. Lord Ely, Mr. Stubbs, and Mrs. Johnstone charge 3*s.* 6*d.* per day or 18*s.* per week for fishing, and 15*s.* a day for Lough Na-Vagh. Bunduff river distant from Bundoran on the Sligo mail road about 3½ m. Angling for salmon can be had from May until September. (*c.s. Ballyshannon.*)

Bunmahon.—8 m. from Waterford. Trout and pike. Permission required.

Bushmills (Antrim).—On Bush; salmon and trout; the fishing is first-rate. From here to the sea, 2 m., the fishing is let to two rods, which are sometimes to be let; apply to — Douglas, Esq., Bushmills. A rod is sometimes to be let above the falls; apply to R. W. Garner, Esq., Dervock. Above this the river is in private hands.

Butevant.—G.S. & W.R. There is a capital inn here. Good pike fishing near.

Cahir (Tipperary).—W. & L.R. The Glengall Arms is comfortable. Salmon and trout on the Suir; strictly preserved by the proprietors.

Cahiriveen (co. Kerry).—(*See Waterville.*) The lakes and river of Cara to the east of the village are good after a fresh. (*See Valencia.*) The Feartagh, Kearan, and Einegh run near. Salmon, sea trout, and brown trout. These are late rivers, and useless before July. August is the best month. The Royal Mail Hotel is good. The fishery is free. The following are good flies: No. 1. Tip, fine gold tinsel. Tail, mallard and ruff. Tag, golden yellow pig's wool. Body, fiery brown mohair ribbed with silver. Legs, blue and scarlet hackle rolled up together. Shoulder, golden yellow pig's wool. Wing, rich mixed, with crimson horns. No. 2. Tip and tag as above. Tail topping and king-fisher. Body, purple silk, ribbed with silver. Hackle, black. Shoulder, claret hackle. Wing, mallard. Horns, blue macaw, long. Either of these, if tied on a small grilse hook, will rarely be found to fail. There are two small lakes, one at Baheal, and the other at Kells, both full of brown trout. A boat is absolutely necessary. Lough Curraine lies near. Salmon are early with troll, and rise freely in May.

Cara Lake (Killarney).—(*See Glencar, Rossbeigh.*) There is good salmon and white and brown trout fishing in the River Laune and Cara Lake. There are several brown trout

lakes in the hills. There are two hotels on this river, the Glen-Car Hotel at the head of the upper lake, and the Glenbay Hotel at Rossbeigh.

Carriack-on-Suir (Waterford).—W. & L.R. 12 m. above Waterford. On Suir; pike, trout, salmon. Fish above the town. The fishing on Suir is free on the north bank for 12 m. and on the south bank for 7 m. Within a short drive are several loughs, and the trout streams, Cloda, Glen, and Coolnamuck, all free. 8 m. off, on the Comeragh mountains, are several lakes giving good trouting, such as Lough Coumshingaun, Crolty's Lough, Lough Coumdualia, Lough Mor, and the Stillogues. The Stillogues give good fishing by day, trout running herring size. The best fishing is in Coumshingaun at night, fish running up to 5lb. and 6lb. Coumshingaun is 2 m. from the Stillogues; July, August, and September are the best months, and a clear, cloudless day with wind is necessary.

Carriack.—M.G.W.B. On Shannon, salmon, trout, and pike. The Shannon rises on the slope of Kulkeagh Mountain, and the stream then flows into Lough Allen, a basin 8 m. long by 3 m. broad. Several small streams join the lake. At Battle Bridge streams from two loughs (Lough Key and another) join the main river. 2 m. from here is the town of Carriack. Fishing of all kinds may be had here. 2 m. below Carriack the river widens out into Corry Lough, and a short distance below lies Jamestown. Fishing, free. Below Jamestown the river widens out into Loughs Tap, Boedarrig, Boefin, and Sconnell. In these loughs the trout run from 1lb. to 7lb. Boedarrig is the best. Below the town of Buskey, 2½ m., the river enters Lough Forbes. Below this Richmond is reached, and 7 m. on Lanesborough below which is Lough Ree. The trouting in the May-fly season here is first-rate. The town of Athlone lies 2 m. from its southern point. At Shannon Bridge, 12 m. below Athlone, the Suck joins Shannon. The fishing is good. This river runs down from beyond Ballinasloe. At Shannon Harbour the Brunsa joins Shannon, and then Lough Derg is reached. The fishing in the May-fly season is here first-rate. Killaloe is the best station for this lake. Castle Connell is the next station on the Shannon, and the fishing is here preserved. Limerick is the next station, and is distant 12 m. from Lough Derg.

Carriack (Donegal).—Teelin; salmon, white trout. Hotel: Tourists, where fishing can be had.

Carriackfergus.—B. & N.C.B. 8 m. from Belfast. The reservoirs of the Belfast Waterworks Company, 4 m. off, hold fine brown trout, averaging three-quarters of a pound. They may be taken on a bright day with small flies, red spinner and coachman being very good, and on dull windy days with a bright orangy red fly or hare's ear. Leave seldom given.

Castlebar.—M.G.W.B. (See Ballina.)

Castle Bellingham (Louth).—G.N.R. On Glyde; salmon and trout.

Castle Blaney.—G.N.R. On Castle Blaney Lake; pike, perch, &c.; strictly preserved.

Castle Cauldwell (Fermanagh).—G.N.R. On Erne; salmon and trout.

Castle Connell (Limerick).—W. & L.R. On Shannon; salmon, trout, pike, perch, &c.

Hotel: The Shannon; good. Preserved rods are sometimes to let for a time. Apply to J. Enright and Son, fishing rod and tackle makers, Castle Connell (see Advertisement). (See Carriack and Limerick.)

Castle Dawson.—B. & N.C.B. On the Moyola, which enters Lough Neagh about 3 m. down; good trout fishing in spring, especially after a flood; heavy lake trout in autumn.

Hotel: Garvin's; fairly good for Ireland. Trouting free, except through castle grounds.

Castle Island.—G.S. & W.B. On the Maine, Feale, and Smerleagh; first-rate trouting, salmon, and sea trout.

Castle Martyr (Cork).—Y.R. On Dour; trout.

Castle Pollard.—M.G.W.B. 2 m. off is Lough Dereveragh; large brown trout. The drake season is the best time. The Imry is a good stream. The hotel here is comfortable. (See Mullingar.)

Castle Townsend.—(See Skibbereen.)

Clifden (Galway).—There is a nice little river here, but the salmon can get no higher than the falls close by the town. About 2 m. from Clifden is Lake Ballinaboy. Salmon and sea trout, but they rise very badly. A good fly for brown trout is hare's ear and yellow or fiery brown, with red or black hackle, and starling's wing. For white trout, orange tip, black and blue mohair mixed, black hackle, fine silver twist, and mixed wing of gold pheasant breast, plover, green parrot, mallard, gallina, and pintail, with a sprig or two of gold pheasant tippet, and blue macaw feelers. Another: Body, blue mohair, orange tip, red hackle, tails, wing, &c., as above. Another: Body, black and red, or orange tip, tails, wings, &c., as above. (See Roundstone.) The Doochulla white trout fishery is near here. For terms, &c., apply to W. Young, Esq., Doochulla Lodge, Clifden, Galway. The Doochulla fishery is 7 m. from Clifden and 5 m. from Roundstone. The fishery comprises many lakes well stocked with white, brown trout, and salmon.

Clonmel (Waterford).—C. & T.B. Suir; capital piking can be had on Anner.

Coleraine (Antrim).—B. & N.C.B. On Bann; salmon and trout. Hotels: Clothworkers' Arms and Corporation Arms. The fishing up to the salmon leap is free. Above it is preserved. Tickets may be had at a moderate cost. The Bann below the salmon leap is very broad, and can only be fished from a boat. The Bann is a late river, little can be done before July; August is better; and September best.

- Comber.**—B. & C.D.R. Fair, free troutling after rain.
- Cong** (Galway).—On Lough Corrib; salmon and trout. A very good station. Trolling with natural bait is best. Lough Mask can also be fished from here.
- Connemara.**—The Gowla fishery is preserved. Apply to G. Robinson, Esq., Roundstone, *vid* Galway.
- Cookstown** (Tyrone).—B. & N.C.R. (*See Ballinderry.*)
- Coomclogherane Lake** (co. Kerry).—About 2 m. north of Keenkeen Lake, and about 1½ m. from the road. The ground round it is very boggy, and the trout very plentiful.
- Corlick Bridge.**—There is a tolerable inn here. The white trout fishing in August and September is first-rate. You must depend on Ballina for your supplies; distant 12 m.
- Cork.**—On Lee. (*See Macroom.*) The Lee, from Gougane Barra Lake (its source, where there is excellent trout fishing) flows through Inchageelah Lakes. Capital accommodation at Brophy's Hotel, Inchageelah; also at M'Sweeney's, Railway Hotel, **Macroom**, where the Laney, Focherish, and Sullane, &c., join the Lee. Railway to Macroom, where cars can be had to any district. The Lee is considered the earliest salmon river in Ireland. The following are some of the tributaries: South Bride (the Macroom rail runs nearly parallel with it), the Blarney, Shournach, Glashagorruv, Dripsey, Glanmire, Carrigaline, or Yellow River, Midleton, &c., &c. Those flowing into the tidal waters hold white or sea trout, and in the fresh water portions brown trout. Trout fishing is entirely free. The Lough of Cork contains millions of roach, perch, and tench. Within easy reach of Cork, *via* rail 17 m., is the Bandon river, which flows into Kinsale harbour: the owners grant one day a week to gentlemen, and, as there are several proprietors, two or three days can generally be obtained. Salmon, white and brown trout. Also further west, the Arrigadean, which flows into Courtnasherry Bay. The North Bride, a tributary of the Blackwater, is about 9 m. from Cork, and is a fine brown trout river; so is the Clyda. Stations, Glenville and Rathcormac, with an excellent inn at Bathcormac and Conna. There is good troutling in the Fenisk, which joins Blackwater above Villiers Town. March, April, and May are the best months for salmon. The fishing in Lee is now for the most part in the hands of the Cork Anglers' Club; fishing for two days a week for a small fee. Full particulars may be obtained from Mr. Haynes, 63, Patrick-street (*see Advertisement*). Most of the fishing is within easy distance of Cork, either by rail or car. Sea-fishing very good. (*See c.s. Cork.*)
- Crookstown** (Cork).—On South Bride; free troutling.
- Crookstown Road** (Cork).—C. & M.R. On South Bride; trout; free. (*See Cork.*)
- Crossgar.**—B. & C.D.R. Ballynahinch river; trout, salmon; free. *Season*, March 16 to Oct. 19.
- Crosshaven** (Cork).—There are two good hotels here. The Minane at Ringabella and the Carrigaline can be reached from here. Good sea fishing close at hand, especially pollack.
- Crumlin.**—G.N.R. Some troutling in the brook here; free.
- Cullybackey.**—B. & N.C.R. Maine; good fishing; free. *Season*, March 1 to Oct. 31.
- Curragh. The.**—In the canal there is fair perch and pike fishing.
- Cushendall.**—N.s. Larne. Fair brook fishing; free.
- Dervock.**—B. & N.C.R. Bush; trout, salmon; preserved. *Season*, March 16 to Oct. 19.
- Dingle.**—The Connor Hill lakes lie near here. Lough-a-doan, the Pedlar's Lake, the White Lake, Mount Eagle Lake, &c., and several trout streams. *Hotel*: Pietre's accommodation good.
- Donass.**—On Shannon; salmon and trout; leave to fish here is difficult to obtain. The stands are always let at a high figure.
- Donegal.**—Lough Eske is 3 m. off. In August char may be caught. The trout run from 4lb. to 8lb. The fishing of the river belongs to the proprietor, but leave for the lake must be obtained from the resident gentry, of whom Mr. Brooks is the principal. The flies are small fiery browns and blacks, ribbed with silver and hare's ear, &c., with mallard or teal wing. We believe a boat may be had on the loch. A few salmon, and plenty of white trout may be taken about July. The river is small and shallow, and holds a few salmon and white trout. The hotel is comfortable.
- Donemaugh, n.s. Strabane** (G.N.S.R.), 6 m.—On Dinnet; excellent brown trout fishing in spring; white trout and an occasional salmon in autumn. Comfortable lodgings. There are some lake near in which large trout may be caught, and which can be fished from the shore.
- Doonisky** (Cork).—C. & M.R. On Lee; salmon and trout. (*See Cork.*)
- Downpatrick.**—B. & C.D.R. Annacloy; fair fishing. *Season*, March 16 to Oct. 19.
- Dromore.**—(*See Kenmare.*) On the Blackwater. The river is let to a club. The best flies are fiery browns, orange silk, and black hackles, and a crimson silk body, with a blue and fiery brown hackle brought up to shoulder with jay at throat, mixed wings.
- Dublin.**—There is good troutling in Tolka, mostly free, or by leave from the landowners, which is very freely given.
- Dunadry.**—B. & N.C.R. Clady; trout. *Season*, March 16 to Oct. 19.
- Dungiven.**—B. & N.C.R. On Roe; salmon, white and brown trout. April and May for brown trout, August and September for white trout, September and October for salmon. (*See Limavady.*)
- Dungloe** (Donegal).—On Rosses fishery, situated between the Gweedore and Gweebarra rivers. There are over 100 lakes holding white and brown trout. (Loughs Meenmore,

Tully, and Dungloe, all within $\frac{1}{2}$ m. of the hotels, give good white trouting; m.t. 30s., w.t. 10s., d.t. 2s. 6d.; boat and man 5s.; there are 15 boats on the different loughs. *Boarding House:* Hanlan's. *Hotels:* Boyle's (see *Advertisement*), Sweeney's. In all these lochs olive duns, hare's ears mixed with claret or fiery brown, with small red and black hackles, starling or mallard wings, will kill. (See *Gweedore*.)

Dunkettle (Cork).—G.S. & W.R. 3 m. from Cork. (See *Cork*.) On Glanmire; trout.

Dunmanway.—C. & B.R. Bandon; trout fishing free. (See *Bandon*.) Good accommodation

Dunmore.—Near Waterford. Excellent sea fishing. Car from Waterford. Boats and lines at Dunmore. All information to be obtained from E. Wardell, Fishing Tackle Maker, 1, Exchange-street, Waterford.

Enfield.—M.G.W.R. Blackwater; trout, pike; trouting good and free. Enfield is 24 m. from Dublin.

Farranfore.—G.S. & W.R. About 8 m. from Killarney. First-rate trout fishing.

Fermoy.—G.S. & W.R. On Blackwater. Leave may possibly be obtained on application to the proprietors. The water between Lismore, Fermoy, and Killavullin affords probably the best spring salmon angling in the kingdom. There is good free trout fishing on the Funcheon, North Bride, and Araglin, which flow into the Blackwater. *Hotel:* Royal.

Foxford (Mayo).—M.G.W.R. On Moy; salmon and trout. *Hotel:* Foxford Hotel. Loughs Conn and Callow lie near. The landlord of the hotel has a considerable fishery.

Galway.—M.G.W.R. *Hotel:* Mack's Royal Hotel (see *Advertisement*). The river is full of salmon and sea-trout, but it is very short; the fishing is almost in the town. March, April, May, and June are the best months. The pike and trout fishing in Lough Corrib, which lies near, is sometimes very good; August is the best month to fish it. The flies for the Galway river are: Two laps of gold tinsel and ruby-red silk tip; tail, green parrot, gold pheasant tippet, and fibres of jay hackle; orange silk body, dark olive hackle wound all the way up, trimmed towards the tail, and silver twist; wing, mixed mallard, gallina, pale green parrot, gold pheasant, and blue macaw feelers; jay hackle over all; black head. Tip, orange silk and gold tinsel; body, ruby silk; the rest of the fly as before. A third fly has the body two-thirds orange and one-third red, with the remainder of the fly similar to the other two. The hackles may be varied with black or red. The size is about two sizes larger than sea-trout flies. The sea-trout flies are the same as at Ballinahinch. The best quarters for fishing the lakes from is Oughterard. Some rods are constantly to be let on the Galway river. Apply to E. Townsend, Esq., hon. sec. Galway Angling Club. The Screebe House Fishery now belongs to T. Broadwood, Esq. The pollack fishing is excellent. Take plenty of indiarubber baits, white flies, double and treble gut collars. On shallow ground use 15-fathom lines without lead.

Garrison (n.s. Belleek).—On Lough Melvin. The best time to fish the lake for gillaroo with artificial fly is February, March, and early April. In the Bundrowes good sport can be had with natural fly during May and June, using cowdung or cricket on the finest tackle. They also then take boiled shrimp well. In August use the natural daddy long-legs in the lake. In September there are great numbers in the Drowes, belonging to Lord Massey, between the lake and Mullinaback. (See *Bundoran*.) 10 m. south is Lough Glencar. Good salmon, white and brown trout, pike; closely preserved. Fishing on Melvin is, w.t. 18s., d.t. 3s. 6d.; apply to landlord of the hotel. A good trout fly for the lough is hen pheasant wing, light red ginger hackle, with a pale yellow silk body and silver twist. The best part of the lough is where the two rivers run into it. Leave required. The following are good salmon flies: One lap of gold at tail, tag of orange silk; tail, small topping, two turns of ostrich harl, about a third of an inch of greenish-yellow pig's wool merging into dark fiery brown, then into black and fiery brown at the shoulder; claret hackle running two-thirds down the body with jay over it, gold twist; wing, golden pheasant tippet, covered by mallard; feelers, blue macaw, and a black ostrich head. Another is, one lap of silver twist, orange silk tag, small topping for tail; mulberry pig's wool body, dressed medium; mulberry hackle, jay over all; same wing and head as the first fly. Again: Two laps of silver twist, dark orange tag, tail of mallard, and three or four fibres of gold pheasant tippet; body, black pig's wool, rather spare, with a dark fiery brown ring half-way up it, and then black again, a small bit of fiery brown at shoulder to stick out for legs; jay's hackle, gold-pheasant tippet, and mallard's wing; black head. Lough Melvin is good in spring. The Garrison Hotel (Mr. A. Scott) is comfortable (see *Advertisement*). 5 m. from here is Lough-na-Bagh. The trout average 2½lb. Leave from Mr. Maude, at 15s. per day. Next come Loughs Dernacorbut and MacNean. The trout are herring size, but very numerous. Loughs Meeny-mean and Glen Crawan are full of fish averaging ½lb. Lough Anany contains very large perch and small trout.

Glandore.—(See *Skibberreen*.) There are in the immediate neighbourhood fourteen trout lakes, two pike lakes, and three salmon and white trout rivers. First-rate sea fishing. The accommodation is limited, but at the inn the quarters are cheap and comfortable; there is also a boarding house. There is good trout fishing in the Shepperton lakes, half way to Skibberreen. White trout may be caught in streams near, after a flood.

Glaeryford.—B. & N.C.B. Maine; salmon, trout; free. *Season*, March 1 to Oct. 31.

- Glenamoy.**—7 m. from **Belderg**. A bed or two may be had here; accommodation very bad. This is one of the best white-trout fishings in Ireland. (*See Belderg*.)
- Glenarm.**—B. & N.C.R. Fair troutling; partly reserved.
- Glenavy.**—G.N.R. Good troutling in the brook after rain.
- Glenbeg.**—(*See Killorglin*.)
- Glencair.**—There is good spring salmon fishing in the beginning of the year on the upper **Cara** river. The river flows into **Cara** lake, on which there is also very fair salmon fishing early and late in the year, free. Trout are numerous, but very small as a rule. There are several brown trout lakes in the mountains accessible from the hotel. **Coose** and **Cluin** lakes are close to the hotel; good troutling.
- Glencolumbkille Hotel** (Donegal).—On **Teelin**; salmon, sea trout, trout; tickets free at the hotel for a limited number of salmon rods; good trout fishing free in river and lakes.
- Glendalough** (Connemara).—Hotel; The Fishery Hotel, very good; it is on the famous **Ballinahinch** fishery. (*See Clifden*.)
- Glengariffe.**—C. & B.R. On **Glengariffe**; salmon. Visitors at **Roche's Hotel** can fish here. (*See Cork*.) Near here are **Loughs Bue** and **Bordlin**. **Bue** is on the top of "Priest-leap Mountain." It is easy of access from the hotel. Brown trout running herring size. The river that runs out of it is also good. **Bordlin Lake**, on the top of **Bordlin Mountain**, is within two or three hundred yards of the road leading from **Bantry** to **Killgarran**. There are plenty of trout. Several trout streams and an immense number of mountain lakes in the vicinity. Brown trout very plentiful. **Combola** river 8 m. (one of the best late salmon and white trout rivers in the South. Mr. Roche preserves 2 m. for his visitors), **Ballylicky** 6 m. (salmon and white trout; leave freely given); both by good carriage road. Salmon, white trout, and brown trout. Sea-fishing is very good, especially in September.
- Genties.**—On the **Owenea**. (*See Adara*.) The accommodation here is better than at **Adara**. (*See Dungloe*.)
- Goresbridge** (Carlow).—G.S. & W.B. On **Barrow**; salmon, trout, and coarse fish.
- Gortin** (n.s. **Newtown Stewart**).—G.N.S.R. 6 m. On **Owenkilla**; salmon and white trout. Fishing good late in the season; rain absolutely necessary. 4 m. off is **Glenelly** river; good brown trout fishing in spring, salmon and white trout in autumn. Good accommodation.
- Gweedore** (Donegal).—There is a capital hotel here, and the fishing excellent both for salmon, sea, and brown trout. Gentlemen staying at the **Gweedore Hotel** may fish in the rivers and lakes belonging to **Capt. Hill**, as follows: The lakes, and that part of **Clady** river which is in the landlord's hands may be fished without any charge by gentlemen staying at the hotel, provided they take out their salmon licence from Mr. Robertson, manager, or pay 1*l.* towards the preservation of the waters. Boats are kept. Gentlemen fishing the river **Clady** between the hotel and **Bunbeg**, and in the **Gweedore** river, must attend to the rules made by the lessees of the fishery. There are numerous good lakes full of trout open to the public in the **Rosses** district, which can be fished with ease either from the **Gweedore Hotel** or Mr. Sweeney's hotel at **Dungloe**. The **Gweedore** river, better known by the gillies as **Croly** river, is about 1½ m. from **Gweedore** hotel; plenty of salmon and sea trout. **Loughanure** lake is strictly preserved. (*See Dungloe*.)
- Headford** (Galway).—(n.s. **Galway**, 10 m.) **Lough Corrib**; salmon, pike, trout.
- Headfort.**—G.S. & W.B. The **Quagmire** river runs under the line. Good for brown trout.
- Inchageelah.**—There are some good lakes here, and a fair hotel. Boats can be had. (*See Macroom*.) By staying at **Brophy's Hotel** capital white trout fishing can be had in the **Owvane**. The **Owvane** rises on the **Kerry** side of **Gougane Barra**, and flows into **Bally Licky Bay**, **Bantry**. **Shehy Lake** and **Cool Mountain** river may also be fished from here.
- Inchilea.**—**Gougane** and **Inchigeela** lakes, &c., also the rivers, the **Foarish**, the **Glasha** **Gorruv**, the **Toon**, the **Laney**, the **Lullane**, the **Douglas**, the **Bride**, the **Bunyea**, may be fished from here.
- Innishannon** (Cork).—C. & B.R. **Bandon**; salmon, trout; preserved by a club.
- Jamestown.**—On **Shannon**. (*See Carrick*.)
- Kells.**—B. & N.C.R. Good troutling and some salmon; free. Season, March 16 to Oct. 19.
- Keenkeen Lake** (co. **Kerry**).—The trout are a good size and plentiful. The river that runs from it into the **Slahenny** is full of trout. The lake is 1½ m. from the main road.
- Kenmare.**—The lesser **Blackwater** runs 5 m. from here, also **Sheen**; salmon and trout. Preserved by private persons. Good accommodation at the **Lansdowne Arms** or at **Blackwater Bridge**. The river rises in **Loch Brian** (full of trout), owned by Mr. Mahoney, of **Dromore Castle**. About 2 m. off runs the **Boughty**, rising in **Glen Fiesk**. The salmon and trout fishing in it is not equal to the **Blackwater**. The fishing is, we understand, free. All the pools and streams can be fished from the bank. Good free troutling in the **Clonee Lakes**, **Glenmore**, and **Gleninchiquin**. On the top of **Little Mangerton** mountain is **Red Trout Lake**, containing fine fish. Good in May. Also **Humphrey's Lake** and **Coolnodd** Lake. A mile from **Boughty Bridge** is the **Lansdowne Arms Hotel**, comfortable. The owner of the **Falls** preserves 7 m. of the **Sheen**, **Cameenbrick** and **Dromorthy Lakes** are good in July and August. Salmon, sea trout, trout, and sea-fishing good, especially pollack.
- Kilgarvan.**—(*See Kenmare*.)
- Kilkeel** (Down).—Good troutling.

Killaloe (Clare).—W. & L.R. On the Shannon; salmon and trout; trout free. Loch Derg lies above the town; trout, pike, perch, salmon; fishing very good, and free, especially in the Mayfly time; boat and two men 10s. The best trout flies are an orange body, a little tinsel, a rail's wing, partridge hackle. A green body, red hackle, and starling's wing. A grouse hackle, with orange body. A yellow body, ribbed with gold, and rail's wing. *Limerick* is distant 12 m. The Gillaroo trout is found in Derg. There are plenty of pike and perch. By staying at the Royal Hotel (*see Advertisement*) good fishing may be had, both salmon and trout free. Mr. P. M. Grace, Ayle Vane Cottage, sometimes has salmon fishing to let (*see Advertisement*). (*See Carrick*.) Peal fishing in the river is very good about June. Leave not difficult to get. The trouting very good. In the rapids below the weir is some of the best public trouting in Ireland. Mostly fished from a boat. (*See Nenagh*.) The executors of Mr. Speight give leave for his preserves, a boat and two men to be employed at 6s. a day, and fish to be given up. There is $\frac{1}{2}$ m. of water free for salmon, on which a fish may be killed occasionally in high water. The following is recommended as a good fly in hot weather: Tall dressed small, a golden pheasant topknot; body, green peacock herl ribbed with gold; legs, jay's blue speckled feather; wings, half-a-dozen small golden pheasants' topknot. This fly may be varied with an apple-green floss silk body.

Killarney.—G.S. & W.R. Salmon and trout. The salmon fishing is very indifferent on the open water. The trout run small. The usual charge for a two-oared boat is 7s. 6d. per day. The river Fleak runs near; the fishing is occasionally very good, and open. There is very good brown trout fishing in Loch Guttane, 5 m. off, preserved by Lord Castleross and Mr. Herbert. The Laune joins the lakes with the sea. The fishing commences on January 1, and ends August 31. During the first three months the lakes are well worked with nets and cross lines. About March the fishing improves, and by the end of May netting ceases. The best part for salmon is on the shore beyond Ross Castle, close to a shingly beach, with some ugly stumps or piles reaching some way out. The fishing must be from a boat. There is another good spot near Birchen bridge, and another near "Prince of Wales's Island;" but the first-named is the best ground. The trout fishing on the lower, upper, and middle lakes is worthless; but on the Long Reach and thereabouts, and at the meeting of the waters at the back of Dinis Island, you may get a tolerable number of small ones. There are eels, perch, and flounders in the lake. (*See Cahirciveen; Farranfore; Killorglin*.) The Laune is now let to Mr. White Popham. Midway between this and Kenmare is Lough Loosacannagh, holding great numbers of trout. There are some trout in Lacka Lake 4 m. N.E. of Killarney.

Killaleagh (Cork).—G.S. & W.R. 18 m. from Cork. On Killaleagh; trout.

Killbegs.—There is good boat fishing in the harbour, and one or two nice little trout streams near, on which leave may be obtained. The hotel is good.

Killorglin.—Hotel: Railway (*see Advertisement*). On Laune. Salmon fishing is very good in August and September after netting has ceased. White trout commence running about the middle of May, from 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. to 3 lb. weight. The proprietor of the Railway Hotel gives permission to visitors to fish the salmon pools on the Laune, also the Upper and Lower Caragh river, and Lakes Caragh, Acoose, Yganavan, and Cloone. (*See Glencar*.) Trains run every day from Killarney. The River Maime, on which there is very fair autumn salmon fishing, and good trout fishing earlier in the year, is within an hour and a quarter's drive. $7\frac{1}{2}$ m. off is the Wales Inn at Glenbeagh, where leave can be obtained to fish two capital burns near the house, one for white trout and the other for brown.

Killamney (Cork).—M.R. On South Bride; trout; free. (*See Cork*.)

Killurina.—G.S. & W.R. On Slaney.

Kilmurphy (Mayo).—On Owenmore and Mannion; salmon and trout.

Kilrea (Derry).—B. & N.C.R. On Bann; salmon, trout; preserved by a club. Hotel: Mercer's Arms; very good; salmon, trout, perch, bream. Fishing from the bank free. Trout or salmon fishing from a boat 21s. a week; but two or more may use a boat. Man and boat 6s. a day. The trouting is good, and average 1 lb. to 3 lb. each. Dan O'Fee sells the best flies. The club waters at Carronroe, between Kilrea and Coleraine, are strictly preserved, and leave cannot now be obtained.

Kilshelan.—W. & L.R. Sulr; salmon and trout. Count de la Poer grants leave for the asking. Fishing very good.

Kinsale.—O. & B.R. Sea fishing very good. Mackerel can be taken with hook and line in great numbers in summer, and all this coast abounds in pollack.

Lanesborough.—On Shannon. (*See Carrick*.)

Larne.—B. & N.C.R. (*See Castendell*.)

Laytown.—G.N. of I. Ry. 27 m. from Dublin. Nanny; sea trout, pike, B. trout. Nanny rises by Navan. The sea trout fishing is very good. Between the railway bridge and the sea are three or four pools full of fish on the ebb tide. They will only take worm or imitation sand eel. From Julianstown to Duleek are plenty of pike.

Leenane (Connemara).—Erriff; salmon, sea and brown trout; m.t., 8l.; w.t., 2l. 10s.; d.t., 10s.; trout half price. Bundarra, 2 m.; salmon, sea trout. *Loughs*: Dholough, 3 m. (watered by Bundarra); salmon, sea trout; leave from G. Houston, Esq., Dholough, Leenane. Fee, 4 m. Muck, 4 m. Tawnyard (head of Erriff fishery), 5 m.; salmon, sea trout; at 7s. 6d., with boat. Kylemore, 6 m.; salmon, sea trout; leave from Mr. Mitchell Henry and Lord Ardelaun. Nafocoy, 6 m.; gillaroo, brown trout, pike. Very good sea

- fishing; mackerel, whiting, sole, pollack, plaice, &c. July, August, and September are the best months for salmon and trout. *Hotel: Leenane (see Advertisement)*, where tickets can be had, and free fishing in Loch Nafoocy, Rivers Maane and Leenane, and two lakes on the road to Kylemore. Fishing opens in May.
- Letterfrack** (Connemara).—Dawross river. *Loughs: Pollacapul.* Kylemore; salmon, sea and brown trout; preserved by M. Henry, Esq.; leave may be obtained. Best months, July, August, and September. Two fair hotels and lodgings.
- Limavady**.—B. & N.O.R. On Roe; excellent salmon and white trout fishing both above and below the town. Late in the season the salmon fishing near **Dungiven** is better than here.
- Limerick**.—(See *Killaloe*). On Shannon; good salmon and trout fishing. At Castle Connell there is splendid salmon fishing, though all let on lease. *Cruise's Hotel*, in Limerick, is one of the best, and preserves a portion of the river, ticket 5s. (See *Carriek*.) From the Lax Weir upward some 5 m. or 6 m. is free. There is good salmon fishing in the Maigne 4 m. off. Good fishing can also be had at Castle Connell by month or season. Apply to landlord.
- Lismore**.—G.S. & W.R. On the Blackwater. Leave from the lessees, but all fish must be given up. March and April, and again in June and July, are the best months.
- Listowel**.—W. & L.R. (See *Abbeyfeale*.)
- Londonderry**.—Two miles off is the Faughan; salmon, white, and brown trout. For brown trout, go six miles up the river to Clady, and fish up.
- Longford**.—M.G.W.R. Stokestown can be reached from here: Kilglass lakes can be fished; pike, perch, and trout. Midway between here and Stokestown is a weir on the Shannon, at Tormandary. Capital trouting. Rough accommodation in the village.
- Louisburgh** (Connemara).—N.S. **Westport**. Louisburgh river; trout, salmon, sea trout; leave must be obtained from Marquis of Sligo; apply to Lord John Browne. Fishing from June 1 to Nov. 1. Carrownisky (5 m.); salmon, sea trout, brown trout: leave is readily given as above. Fishing begins July 1, ends Nov. 1. There are two good lakes 6 m. off—one especially, Althone, but there are no boats.
- Macroom** (Cork).—C. & M.R. 2 m. off is the Lee; salmon, trout, &c. (See *Cork*.) The Mountain View Railway Hotel, Macroom, is close to the fishery. Within $\frac{1}{4}$ m. of the hotel are three tributaries of the Lee, the Salane (good salmon and trout), the Foarish and Laney (trout). The Toon, the Glashagorror, and lakes Inchaleagh 8 m. off, Gougane Burra, the source of Lee, 14 m. off, well stocked with trout. The upper waters near Inchigeela are well stocked. The Macroom Railway runs parallel with the river Bride, a large trout stream tributary to the Lee, and holding the very finest brown trout in county Cork. Macroom is $2\frac{1}{4}$ m. from Cork. Cars may be had at the Hotel.
- Maam**.—Lough Corrib; pike, trout, &c.; fishing free. *Inn* very comfortable.
- Mallow**.—On Blackwater; salmon and trout. Leave may sometimes be obtained on application to the proprietors. In some of the streams of the Upper Blackwater, from Banteer, beyond Millstreet, fishing is free. The Quarters town fishing close to Mallow Station, extending 1 m. above the Railway Bridge, which belongs to A. Webb, Esq., Quarters town House, is let. Mr. Harold, fish-tackleist, Mallow, has often fishing to let; he will give all information.
- Meelick**.—A few miles above Bannagher. There is fair sport about June with the peol. Above Meelick is Shannon Bridge, but there is no trout fishing, and very little salmon fishing. There is a clean little inn here. (See *Carriek*.)
- Millford**.—Near Derry. Close by is Lough Fern and Kindrum Lake; the fishing in Fern is very good both for salmon and trout. The best season from March 20 to end of May. Leave must be obtained from Sir James Stewart. The process is to write to Mr. M. Baxter, the landlord of the inn at Millford, to obtain leave. The best flies for Lough Fern are fiery browns, clarets, and olives, and the following: tip, silver tinsel; tag, golden yellow pigs' wool, ribbed with silver; red hackle, jay at the shoulder; wing, jungle cock, two topplings, and fibres of bustard; long crimson horns; head, yellow pigs' wool. (See *Rathmelton*.)
- Moy** (Tyronne).—Blackwater; good fishing. *Season*, March 16 to Oct. 19.
- Moy Valley** (Mayo).—On G.W.R. Blackwater; trout, pike; trouting good and free.
- Mullinavat**.—W.C. & K.Y.R. 5 m. from Waterford. A good trout stream runs from here to Kilmaoow, the fishing of which is free. Trout small, but tolerably plentiful.
- Mullingar**.—M.G.W.R. The station for Belvidere and Lough Owl, the famous Westmeath lakes. Lake Deravaragh lies near. The trout run large, and during the May-fly season great numbers may be caught with the natural fly. Good sport can be had in Belvidere Lake, $2\frac{1}{4}$ m. on the Castletown-station road. The river Inny and Brosna are good streams. *Hotel: Greville Arms*, where boats can be had.
- Naas** (Kildare).—G.S. & W.R. On Liffey; trout.
- Nenagh** (Tipperary).—G.S. & W.R. 4 m. off is the Shannon and Lough Derg, at Dronsneer, where is a little hotel. This is the best point for the first of the May fly fishing. There are several fishermen here. At Mount Shannon, 7 m. off by water, is a capital country hotel. Mount Shannon can be reached also from *Bird Hill*, 16 m. off. It is useless fishing the lake with an artificial fly. Derg holds, besides trout, pike, perch, and rudd; the last can be caught in large quantities with artificial fly in the shallows. The best places for pike are in Coos and Rosmore bays, which can be best fished from Mount Shannon.

Newcastle.—B. & C.D.R. Good trouting; good sea fishing. Good hotel.

Newport (Mayo).—On Newport, Burrishole, and Owengrave; salmon and sea trout; salmon fishing worthless; white trout fishing very fair. There are two or three lakes near, where the trout fishing is fair. At the head of the river is Lough Beltra. The landlady at the inn has leave for one rod. If more is required application must be made to the agent of Mr. Sidney Herbert. For this gentleman's address apply to the landlady. There are two pools by the town. Small black or dark blue silk bodies, with red or orange tips, silver twist, black hackles, and starling wing, are good for white trout; lemon and hare's ear, silver twist, red hackle, and mallard wing for salmon. There are salmon and sea trout on the lake, but only one boat, belonging to a private person. The fishing on Furnaunce Lake, about 2 m. from Newport, is good: the landlady can give permission. Lough Fyough is above Lough Furnaunce, but is, we believe, private property. Railway at Westport 8 m.

Newtown Stewart.—(G.N.I.R.) On Strale; good salmon fishing, and an excellent hotel. This is, perhaps, the very best and cheapest station in Ireland for a salmon fisher, and he has his choice of four rivers, all within easy reach.

Oughterard.—(See *Gakeay*.)

Portumna (Galway).—P. & P.R. On Shannon and Lough Derg; salmon, trout, pike.

Queenstown (Cork).—At Bostellian Castle, Ringabella, there is a good trout lake, and also ponds and streams at Inch, near Aghada. Excellent sea fishing both inside and outside this harbour. Pollack at the Harbour Rock, and Turbis Bank, and along the line of the rocky cliffs of both sides of the entrance, and at the Cow, Calf, or Stag Rocks, a little without the point on the east side. Round and at the points of Haulbowline and Spike Island bass and pollack are met with; and in the offing plenty of hake, whiting, and ground fish. (See *Cork and Crosshaven*.)

Randalstown (Antrim).—B. & N.C.R. On Maine; salmon and trout preserved. Lough Neagh is 2 m. off. April, September, and October are best for salmon in Maine. (See *Antrim*.)

Rathmelton (Donegal).—On the Lennon; salmon, trout. The salmon fishing in both the lower or reserved part of the river is capital in early spring, and in July, August, and September both on the lower and upper river. Lough Fern is entirely dependent on the rainfall. If the freshes come at suitable times, the salmon fishing in the lake is good in April, May, June, July, and August. June is generally the worst month. The two best spring flies for salmon here by far are (1) grey body; hackle claret, with a little jay; mallard's wing. (2) Body orange, with blue tip; claret and little jay hackle; wing, mallard's wing, with dash of golden pheasant. Trout fishing in river not very good, but good in lake April to end of August. Best general fly, orange body, black or red hackle. Good accommodation at the Stewart Arms Hotel. There are many open lakes near; the two best are Loughs Fern (3 m.) and Garten. (See *Milford*.) Garten Lough is 9 m. distant, and holds trout. The old boatman on Lough Fern says the best spring fly for salmon is the ordinary grey-bodied fly, made of donkey's hair. A good summer trout fly for the Lennon and Lough Fern is a small-sized fly, with a rough fluffy body of dirty yellow and a brown wing; also the brown Palmer. The Lennon is a narrow, sluggish river.

Recess.—Near Roundstone. Rods may be hired in the Gowlia Fishery. For terms apply to Mr. G. T. Robinson, Roundstone, via Galway. (See *Roundstone*.)

Roanahill (Donegal).—On Mulroy Bay. Sea trout may be caught here in the bay; Rowcross Ferry, near the village of Carrigart, and Morris Ferry, near Roanahill, are the best spots. The following are good flies: Hook, No. 4 or 5; green peacock tag; tail, 3 fibres guinea-fowl; body, pale silk ribbed with fine silver; hackle, claret; wing, land-rail. Hook, No. 4 or 5; body, dark blue silk ribbed with gold; tail, 3 fibres mallard; hackle, claret; wing, duck underwing and brown turkey mixed. Hook, No. 4; body, half black wool and half green peacock ribbed with gold; hackle, black; wing, starling or jay. Lake Kindrum (trout) lies near here. Tawney is the nearest post-town. There is a nice inn on the lake, but it is as well to bring provisions. The fishing is very good. Good flies are grouse hackles over orange silk; golden olive mohair bodies, and dark olive, with the hackle lapped half way up the body. The cowdung, hare's ear, and red hackle and black hackle over claret. Lord Leitrim preserves one side of the lake, and Major Barton the other.

Rossbeigh (Kerry).—Hotel: Headley Arms, very comfortable. On Cara and Cara Lake; salmon, white and brown trout. The landlady rents the lower part of Cara for her guests. The best places for white trout are below, and on two hundred yards above the bridge. The salmon flies are all small. Blue, orange, and grey are the usual bodies, a bunch of mallard and a pair of blue macaw horns for wings, blue, orange, and fiery brown hackles, bodies very spare and hackles short. The "Claverhouse" is a good fly. Tag, silver tinsel; tail, one topping; body, lower half golden olive silk, upper bright blue with silver twist; hackle, blue on body, being brown at shoulder; wing, bunch of mallard with one topping; head, peacock's herl; hook, No. 11. Sea-trout fly, "Quin's Fancy," Tail, two fibres mallard; butt, bright green peacock; body, orange silk with fine silver twist; hackle, bright brown on body, darker at shoulder; wing, mallard; head, green peacock; dressed very small. This is a good fly all over the South of Ireland. In lake Coomasaham, out of which runs the river Beigh, are small brown trout, white trout and salmon, and char. The best side of the lake is the west. There is no boat. In Lough Coomeeneragh

or "Eragh," the brown trout run large, but are bad risers. There are several other good lakes near. The salmon fishing in Lough Cara is poor, but the trouting, five or six to the pound, is good. All these waters are free except the Beigh, which is let. The proprietor of the hotel rents a portion of the Lanne, on which there is good salmon fishing in August and September. (*See Killorglin*.) There are two free boats belonging to the hotel on Cara Lake. Boatman 2s. 6d. a day, and whiskey and bread 1s. a head. The hotel is $\frac{1}{2}$ m. from the sea; good fishing.

Roundstone.—Ballinahinch River, 3 m.; salmon, sea-trout. The principal lakes are Loch Inagh, where there are some good salmon casts—Derryclare and Ballinahinch; also some smaller lakes. The sea-trout fishing on Inagh and Derryclare is sometimes very good. There are two hotels on the upper waters recess and Glendalough, and one, The Anglers, at the mouth of the river; m.t. 12l., f.t. 6l. 15s., w.t. 3l. 15s., d.t. 15s. Ballinahinch consists of some miles of river, and from 50 to 100 loughs, of which Loughs Inagh, Derryclare, Glendalough, and Ballinahinch are first-rate for salmon and sea trout; and Attery, Goromon, Shankella, and Oorid for sea trout only—these are charged half scale. Many of the others contain sea trout, and all of them swarm with common trout, and no charge is made for fishing except on the loughs named. Boat on each beat gratis. The flies at Ballinahinch are: For salmon, gold tinsel and orange tip; mallard and gold-pheasant tippet tail; dark brown (copper) silk body, silver twist, brown hackle all up, with jay over; mixed wing of gold-pheasant tippet and tail, gallina and mallard. This fly kills from July to the end of the season. Gold tinsel, blue silk tip; gold-pheasant tippet tail; orange silk body, gold twist, red hackle all up, jay over it; wing as before. This fly kills from May to July. For sea trout, gold twist and orange tip; green parrot, gold-pheasant tippet, and fibres of jay hackle for tail; rough black body, with fine silver twist, black hackle, jay over; mixed wing of green parrot, mallard stained green, pintail, stained yellow, red, orange, and blue fibres; with blue macaw feelers (of course there are but a few fibres of each feather). Gold tinsel and orange tip; gold-pheasant tippet and jay fibres for tail; pale green body, silver tinsel, red hackle, and stare's wing. Silver tinsel and orange tip; yellow fibres, jay ditto, and gold-pheasant tippet tail; light blue mohair body, fine silver tinsel, light blue hackle, and stare's wing. Tip and tail as before; claret and fiery brown mohair mixed for body, fine gold twist, black hackle at shoulder only, stare's wing. Gold tinsel, three fibres of gold-pheasant tippet tail; orange silk body, grouse hackle, clipped on the under side, and grouse fibres for wing. Doochulla lakes are private. The fishing is very good. August and September are the best months. These lakes are 5 m. from Roundstone, and 5 m. from Clifden. Apply to Mr. G. T. Robinson, Roundstone, via Galway.

Ruskey.—On Shannon. (*See Carrick*.)

Shannon Bridge.—(*See Meelick*.) At the fords above Derryholmes there are a few good trout. There is fair salmon fishing. Up Shannon, towards the Seven Churches, good pike and perch fishing can be had. (*See Carrick*.)

Skibbereen (Cork).—C. & B.R. On Ilan; salmon, sea-trout, and trout. Free from the weir (1 m. north of Skibbereen) to a mile below the town, the tide flowing as far as the weir. *Hotels:* Beecher Arms and others, and private lodgings can also be obtained. The river near the town affords the best sport. A peculiar fish called Coolbahan abounds in the tideway. Purples, fiery browns with gold; in spring, olive, and gold, are the best flies, tied on Parkin's five, six, and seven round bend. The numerous lakes round Skibbereen—viz., Ballyally, 4 m., Loughine, $\frac{2}{3}$ m. (sea-trout), Drimminidhy, 10 m., Shepperton, 4 m., and Lissard (all free)—afford good trout fishing in April and May. After dark in June, July, and August, the lakes afford rare sport; and also in the river after dark to midnight at Poulmarab, the Swimming Hole, Soldier's Hole, Downing's Reach, Burnt Mill, &c., fair white trout fishing prevails. The best salmon months are July, August, September, and October, when the fishing closes. Sea-fishing can be had at Glandore (8 m.) and Castle Townsend. A boat, with four men, is about 6s. per day, and there are plenty of public cars to be had at reasonable cost. (*See Baltimore*.) Half-way to Glandore are the Shepperton lakes (brown trout, running herring size). Lough Ballyally, 4 m., contains large fish. Just beyond this lake is Toe Bay, where sea-fishing can be had from the rocks or boat. There are two streams to the west which after a flood hold salmon and white trout, and for which leave might be obtained.

Sligo.—M.G.W.R. The fishing in the lake is very good; permission, we believe, can be obtained.

Stranorlar.—F.V.R. On the River Finn, in which there is very good salmon and trout fishing. This river joins the Mourne at Strabane, from which point the two combined form the Foyle. The fishing of the Finn is open to the public in the neighbourhood of Stranorlar, where there is comfortable hotel accommodation. There are several good-sized lakes convenient to the town, where excellent trout fishing can be had.

Tawney.—(*See Rosakill*.)

Thomastown (Kilkenny).—W. & L.R. Nore; trout, salmon. The owner of Brown's Barn preserves some 4 m.

Toome Bridge.—Bann; trouting good from May; also small pike and perch. *Hotel:* O'Neill Arms; comfortable. Boat and boatmen 5s. a day. The best flies are coachman, pheasant and orange, partridge and orange, wren and olive, and the Fenian. Very good natural fly fishing under the fall. P. and J. McKinless and W. J. McIlroy are all good boatmen. Post town and telegraph office, Toome.

Tramore.—There is a capital lake here for large trout, Ballyscanlon, belonging to Mr. Power, who freely gives leave. Sea fishing in the bay; bass at the mouth of Rinsack harbour.

Tullamore.—In Pallas lake, belonging to Mr. O'Connor Morris, of Gartnamona, is good fishing—perch, tench, &c.

Valencia, Island of.—About 2½ m. from Cahirciveen. There is capital sea fishing here, and fresh-water fishing in the autumn in the Inny, after a fresh. There is a nice little hotel, and lodgings are to be had on moderate terms. Pollack and gurnet are numerous; near the Skelligs Rocks the largest fish lie. Boats can be hired.

Waterford.—(See Carrick.)

Waterville (Kerry).—Salmon fishing commences on the 1st of February, and for white trout from the middle of June. The Cummeragh River, connecting Lough Currane with the upper lakes is good in a flood, but preserved. Brown trout do not rise freely in Waterville Lake. Waterville is 12 m. from Cahirciveen (co. Kerry). The accommodation at the Hartopp Arms is good, and is close to the lake. The Butler's Arms Hotel is also very comfortable (see Advertisement). White trout are numerous at Waterville. The best flies are dark claret or brown red mohair, dark red hackle; wings, dark woodcock or mallard, also a turn of gold twist. The river Tring enters at the head of the bay, which is called Ballingskelligs. There are two lakes, the head waters of Loch Currane, containing good trout, called Derriana and Eilaineane. The latter preserved by Sir Maurice O'Connell. The rod fishing in Lough Currane commences on Feb. 1. The Sneem river is good for white trout. 2 m. east of Waterville, on the road to Cahir, the Inny crosses the road, and in autumn holds salmon and white trout. Permission must be obtained from the proprietor.

Westport (Mayo).—M.G. W.R. (See Newport.)

Wexford.—G.S. & W.R. On the Slaney; salmon and sea-trout.

Wicklow.—D.W. & W. There are some salmon, and plenty of white trout in Vartrey; fishing free. There are a quantity of wide and deep drains, called "sconces," where there is capital roach fishing, with some trout.

SCOTLAND.

Aberdeen.—(See Alford Bridge, Newburgh, and Aboyne.) Dee and Don; salmon, trout 11. 10s. per rod is charged for liberty to fish in the tidal waters. At Heathcote free salmon and trout can be had in Dee for 2 m, by staying at the Deeside Hydropathic Establishment (see Advertisement). The Grandholm water on Don, 4 m. long, is let at 30l. per rod per season; all rods let for this season. Inchgarth fishing on Dee let at 11., Poldown and Ruthneston at 5s. per rod; apply to F. Brown, New Market Buildings, Aberdeen.

Aberfeldy.—(See Weem.) By staying at the Breadalbane Arms (see Advertisement), 5 m. of the Tay can be fished free; salmon, trout. Loch-na-Craig; trout is very good. The accommodation is good. (See Kinloch Rannoch.)

Aberfoyle (Stirling).—N.B.R. Forth; salmon, trout, grayling. Lochs: Ard and Ohon; trout and pike; boat and man, 7s. per diem. Hotel: the Baillie Nicol Jarvie (see Advertisement).

Aberlour (n. s. Craigellachie, 3 m.).—Spey; salmon, sea trout, trout. Hotel: Aberlour, where fishing can be had by week; number limited, 7 rods.

Abington.—C.B. On Clyde; trout and grayling.

Aboyne.—On Dee. Rods are occasionally to be let on this length.

Alford Bridge.—30 m. from Aberdeen. On Don; salmon and trout. Hotel: Forbes Arms and Houghton Arms; permission at the hotels. Fishing begins on April 1st. 2 m. north, in the parish of Tullynessle, are some good trout burns, one especially, which divides the lands of Knockespoth from those of Lord Forbes.

Amulree.—There is a good inn here. Loch Freuchie lies near. (See Dunkeld; Corrie-muchloch.)

Ardenlinny.—On Loch Long. The Finnart runs into Loch Long here; sea trout, trout. The fishing is preserved by Mr. T. Douglas.

Ardeonaig.—On Loch Tay. (See Kenmore.)

Arday (Ross).—By staying at the Balnagown Arms some salmon fishing can be had in the Carron at 5s. per day, and you are allowed to retain the fish. The fishing is good when there is plenty of water, and the quarters are very comfortable.

Ardrossan.—(See Brodick, Corrie, and Lamash.)

Aultnacelgach Hotel. By Lairg (Sutherland).—20 m. from Lairg. This inn makes up five beds; capital trouting. Loch Boralan, at the hotel door; trout (three to the pound) and char; boat. Loch Urigill, 2 m. on the other side of Boralan; trout, char. Loch Cama, 4 m.; trout (three to the pound), ferret. Loch Veyatie, 4½ m.; trout, char, ferret; good sport in a breeze. Loch Awe, 4 m.; trout, salmon, grilse; capital sport in a breeze. There are some good trouting streams in the neighbourhood, such as the Aultnacelgach and Ledbeg; fish well with water in August and September. The landlord of the hotel has boats on the lochs. Fishing free.

Aultnahara Inn (Sutherland).—Loch Naver; tolerably good trout, three to the pound

- (fly); good salmon fishing in February, March, and April, and half of May, and occasionally in June and July; two boats at the hotel, two rods to a boat. Mudale Water runs into the head of Loch Naver. Trout plenty, and fine. Loch Meadie (boats) is the source of Mudale Water, 6 m. from Aultnahara. Lots of free rising trout of four to the pound; larger ones by trolling. A small loch, lying to the east of the road, through Strath Bugastie, about 4 m. from the inn, gives very good fishing on a rough day. Loch Coulside (boats), 5 m. from Aultnahara, on the road to Tongue, is very good, fish average two and a half to the pound. Wading is bad. Loch Halam (boat), 2 m. or 3 m. N.E. of the southern end of Loch Coulside, is swarming with trout of about three to the pound. There are plenty of fish nearly a pound weight. Loch Brach Buie (boat), a very small loch, with a tiny island in it, about 2 m. E. by S. of shepherd's house, at the north end of Loch Coulside. Trout average nearly a pound. Very large ferox can be caught in Loch Loyal (boats), 6 m. off.
- Aylort Inn.**—The inn is 27½ m. from Fort William. On Loch Eilt and river Aylort; salmon and trout. The fishing is now in the hands of the proprietor, A. W. Nicholson, Esq., who lets the fishing of Arisaig.
- Ayr.**—(See *Loch Doon*.)
- Ballantrae (Ayr).**—(N.S. Girvan, 13 m.) Stinchar: trout, sea-trout, salmon; Lord Stair lets the first mile up from the sea, above it is preserved by different owners, who will give leave. Mr. Hunter, of Glenagass Castle, preserves a good loch, and gives occasional leave. There are many good lochs 12 to 18 m. inland. Sea fishing good.
- Ballater.**—On Dee; salmon and trout. The innkeeper of the Invercauld Arms lets the fishing; the renters of one year have the refusal for the next; the water is either let by the rod, or the whole water to a party without limitation of rods.
- Balmacara.**—Some sea fishing may be got here. There is trouting in two lochs near the inn, which is a very comfortable one.
- Banavie.**—*Inn*: Lochiel Arms. On Caledonian Canal and river Lochy. July is the best month. This river is, we believe, taken up. The Spean runs 5 m. off. Spean rises in two lochs, full of trout, and, after a course of 8 m., falls into Loch Laggan. (See *Loch Laggan*.) At Roy Bridge river Roy joins Spean. Salmon and trout. Roy rises in a good loch 12 m. off. There are no feeders of any consequence. The fishing is now taken up. At Spean Bridge, 3 m. from Roy Bridge (quarters: Spean Bridge Inn), there is a good burn, holding occasionally salmon and sea trout. The Spean is all taken up from the falls (2 m. above Roy Bridge) to the Lochy, which it joins some 4 m. on. Salmon and trouting free in Lochy to visitors at the hotel.
- Banff.**—Capital pollack fishing just outside the harbour with indiarubber bait whiffing.
- Beattock Station.**—2 m. off is the village of Moffat. (See *Moffat*.) *Hotel*: Beattock Station.
- Beauly.**—On Beauly: salmon, sea trout, trout; preserved by Lord Lovat. *Hotel*: Lovat Arms, where free fishing can be had in the tidal portions from Lovat stone bridge downwards. Spring and autumn fishing good.
- Birnam.**—By staying at the Birnam Hotel some salmon fishing can be had in Tay and trout fishing in Braan.
- Blaigowrie.**—On Ericht. There are several lochs near. The Ericht, Ardie, Shee, and Blackwater are all accessible from here, and afford good trouting. There are some good pike in Marlu Loch.
- Bowland Bridge.**—N.B.R. On Gala and Caddow; trout.
- Braemar.**—On Dee; trout and Salmon. By staying at the Fife Arms free fishing can be had in several miles of water. The Invercauld Arms Hotel has some free fishing; number of rods limited.
- Brawl Castle.**—On Thurso: salmon, sea trout, brown trout. Rods from 15*l*. to 60*l*. per month. Apply to Mrs. Janet, Dunbar, Brawl Castle. Fishing very good. (a.s.)
- Bridge of Turk.**—Lochs Ard, Ohon, and Dronkie lie near. Dronkie is full of trout, and can be fished easily from the side.
- Broderick** (isle of Arran).—There is a very fine hotel where the steamer touches. The river fishing is worthless. (See *Lamlash*).
- Bute, Island of.**—About 2 m. from Bthsay is Loch Greenan, containing large trout and braise. Opposite Bthsay on the mainland is the Ardine—sea trout and brown trout; and the Buel, further on towards the Kyles of Bute, contains the same fish. We believe the fishing is free. Pollack, lythe, cod, and other sea fish.
- Cairndow.**—10 m. from Inverary, near the head of Loch Fyne. *Hotel*: Cairndow, where fishing can be obtained in river Kinglass and Loch Bestal. Close at hand a little trout stream runs into the loch; in June sea-trout enter this stream. There is capital herring, mackerel, lythe, and cod fishing in the loch. The fishing is free.
- Callander.**—*Hotel*: Dreadnought. In Loch Achray the trout run large, but are very shy. Trolling is best. Pike are to be had, often of large size. In Loch Vennachar (2 m.) the trout fishing is very good; from 1*lb*. to 2*lb*.; it can be fished from the bank, but the best sport is from the boat, on the south side especially. The best fly to use is—wings, grouse feather; body, ginger hackle over dubbing of hare's leg: yellow tip, touched off with a single turn of gold tinsel; another taking fly is green (drake) wings, and reddish-brown dubbing for body. Lubnaig and Vennachar are free. The stream, which flows from Loch Vennachar into the Teith and some distance down Teith, is preserved by the Callander Angling Club; d.t. 2*s*.6*d*. There is also very good trout in

- the burn which dashes down Glenfinlas. Loch Lubnaig also fishes well in May and June. This loch and Loch Vennachar give poor salmon fishing. (*See Trossachs Hotel.*)
- Campbeltown** (Argyll).—There is troutling in several small lochs near the town, and sea fishing (whiting, haddock, &c.) in the harbour and Firth of Clyde.
- Canonbie** (Dumfries).—Visitors at the Cross Keys Inn (very good) can have salmon, sea and brown trout fishing on the Esk and its tributaries by paying 5s. per diem for salmon and 2s. 6d. for trout. The salmon fishing is not good till October, and the sea trout till July.
- Castle-Douglas** (Kirkcudbright).—Urr, trout; free. Dee, 5 m.; pike, salmon, trout; poor fishing.
- Glovenford**.—Below Peebles. On Tweed; salmon and trout. The fishing is good.
- Colonsay Island**.—*Hotel*: Scalasaig. Visitors to the hotel have good troutling free in three of the lochs. Sea fishing good.
- Corrie** (Isle of Arran).—(*See Lamnish.*)
- Corriemuckloch**.—Loch Freuchie lies near. (*See Dunkeld.*) There is a nice inn at Amulree, 2 m. off. Close to the old inn of Corriemuckloch is a small loch holding large trout; they will not rise except in early morning and late evening.
- Craigellachie**.—G.N.S.R. Spey; salmon, sea trout, trout; salmon preserved, but troutling can be obtained on application to owners or lessees (*see Aberlour*). *Hotel*: Fife Arms.
- Crestown** (Kirkcudbright).—*Hotel*: Barholm Arms. On Cree, Beg. Fleet, Minnich, Moneypool, and Feery. Tickets for Fleet from Mr. Murray Stewart, of Cally, Gatehouse. Trout, salmon, sea trout. *Lochs*: Skerrow, let with shooting.
- Crianlarich**.—Coaches pass daily during the season, going to all parts of the country. On Loch Dochart; trout, perch, and sometimes salmon. The fishing in Loch Dochart is not very good, but sometimes very heavy baskets are made during the floods; late in the season salmon find their way into the lake and up the river running into it. The fishing in the river Dochart is sometimes good. (*See Luth.*) There are two good burns joining Loch Dochart, both full of fish; the angler cannot mistake them by walking down the road. There are two lochs, Marrigan and Essent, belonging to — Place, Esq., some 3 m. over the hills on the other side of the river, both very full of fish. A day may sometimes be obtained. About 6 m. behind the village, to the south-west, is a mountain tarn, holding some large fish, and another on a mountain range close to the village, to the westward. The one on the west of the village is a little pool containing some splendid trout. By taking the road to Inverarnan, at the head of Loch Lomond, the river Falloch is soon reached, where fair fishing can be enjoyed. (*See Inverarnan.*) The Dochart is really the head waters of the Tay. *Hotel*: Crianlarich.
- Orieff** (Perth).—On Earn; salmon and trout. At St. Fillans, 12 m. off, fair troutling can be had. *Hotels*: Drummond Arms and Stewart Arms, where fishing can be had; Sept. 31. 10s. per week; good salmon fishing in October at 4l. per week; rods limited. The Drummond Castle lengths can be fished at 5s. a day for September, and 10s. in October. Good troutling in Allmond, 6 m. off.
- Dalguise**.—On Tay; salmon and trout; all strictly preserved.
- Dalmally**.—On Loch Awe. Salmon, trout, feroc, pike, perch. *Hotels*: Dalmally and Loch Awe Hotels, very good (*see Advertisement*). Boats can be had. In the bay, on the south side of Kilchurn Castle, there is good pike fishing. Orshy joins Awe 2 m. from the hotel; good salmon fishing preserved by the hotel. The fishing is very fair early in the season. There are several small rivers and burns near, all full of trout, though small. There are two or three lakes some short distance in the hills full of trout. About two hours and a half walk from the inn are two lochs, the largest of which (Loch Anerulch) contains large trout. (*See Inveroran; Loch Awe.*)
- Dalmellington**.—Loch Doon lies near; plenty of small brown trout; fishing free. The Cross Keys Inn is good, and the proprietor has boats on the loch, which is 4 m. off.
- Dalwhinnie** (Perth).—*Hotel*: Dalwhinnie; good. On Loch Erich; fair troutling. June, July, or August and September, are the best months. Large feroc are constantly taken. The best part of the loch for trolling is from the Forester's Lodge, near the middle of the loch, to the west end, and as near the shore as can be done with safety to the tackle. The best flies are red, yellow or orange, green and black bodies. The red, yellow and orange should have a red hackle and the green a black; the red is the best. The wings are woodcock, jay, or teal; the body should be ribbed with gold. Boats at the hotel free of charge. About 6 m. down the loch on the north side is the shooting lodge, and 9 m. further down on the same side is a keeper's house, where a bed may be got; the house is called Benalder. Remember to take your provisions with you. Good sport can be had in the river Erich, which runs out of the loch into Loch Bannoch. It is about 8 m. long; the fish are neither so large nor so good as in the loch. (*See Tigh-na-tinn.*) Truim runs close by the hotel; trout and grilse in autumn. Cuiach burn is good fishing, and Loch Cuiach is open to visitors.
- Dinnat**, Dee Side (Aberdeen).—Dee; salmon, trout, pike, perch. *Hotels*: Ritchie's Commercial.
- Dromore** (Kirkcudbright).—Cal. R. Fleet; salmon and trout. The owner of Busko owns a portion of the water.
- Drumbeg Inn** (Sutherland).—About 15 m. from Loch Inver, or it can be reached from Scourie by taking a boat (fare 10s.) from Budecall Bay. Loch Drumbeg, in front of house, is very good; fish average over half-a-pound. Most other lochs near (there are hun-

- dreeds) hold small fish. A stream which runs through Glen Leralg, out of Loch Leod into Nedd Bay, gives sea trout and grilse after rain. Another burn, running out of Loch Poule, about 3 m. west of the inn, also gives sea trout when there is water enough. Fishing free. Large dark flies best. Good sea-fishing. Boats.
- Dumfries.**—G. & S.W.R. and C.R. Nith, Cairn, and Cargen; trout, grayling, pike, &c.; preserved by Dumfries and Maxwelltown Angling Association; s.t. 1s., boys 6d.; treasurer, D. McMillan, tackle manufacturer, 29, Friars' Vennel, and 32, White Sands, Dumfries, who will give every information.
- Dunkeld.**—On Tay. By staying at the Birnam Hotel the angler can fish for salmon in a small portion of the river; all the rest is strictly preserved. The river Bran joins Tay at this place. It runs out of Loch Freuchie nearly 12 m. south-west of Dunkeld. There are plenty of fish. Leave can be obtained from the landlord. May and June are the best months for this loch. (*See Amulree and Corriemuckloch.*)
- Dunoon** (Argyll).—Fair fishing in Melkle and Little Echaig, and in Loch Loskin.
- Dunphail** (Moray).—H.B. On Findhorn and Divie; salmon, trout.
- Dunrossness** (Shetland).—*See Lerwick.*
- Duns** (Berwick).—N.B.E. Whitadder; trout; preserved for 8 m. by Mr. Turnbull, of Abbey St. Bathans, who will give leave for a portion of his water; apply, with stamped envelope, to Mr. J. Shiel, gamekeeper, Abbey St. Bathans, Grant's House, N.B.; season from April 1 to Sept. 30. There is some free water. Good accommodation at Mrs. Fenton's, Ellem Cottage, Duns. The following streams are within easy reach: Fasney, Bothwell, Dye, Blacksmill, Watchburn, and Monynut.
- Durine Inn, Durness** (Sutherland).—The river Dionard or Grudie is reserved; the salmon and sea-trout fishing on it is good with plenty of water. There is not much trout fishing to be had near. (*See Rhiconich Inn.*) The Kyle of Durness, also in the landlord's hands, during the greatest drought, affords excellent sea-trout fishing. The deep-sea fishing towards Cape Wrath is particularly good; very large lythe.
- Durness** (Sutherland).—(*See Rhiconich Inn; Durine Inn.*) Hotel: Durness Hotel. On Grudie; salmon, sea trout, trout. By staying at the hotel fishing can be had. There are two lochs having boats, and the Kyle of Durness always affords sea-trout fishing.
- Earlstone** (Roxburgh).—B.R. On Leader; trout.
- Ecclefechan** (Dumfries).—C.R. On the Annan; salmon and trout; the river is closely preserved from here to the sea, and it is not easy to obtain permission. At a short distance is the Kirtle water; trout.
- Edinburgh.**—In the immediate neighbourhood there are many natural ponds, almost all of which contain trout; but some are preserved. 8 m. off is Compensation Pond, in the Pentland Hills; the fishing is poor, but the trout run large; very small flies should be used. The top of the pond is best. (*See Kinross.*) The Esk (Midlothian) Angling Improvement Association of 100 members preserves 8 m. of the Esk next the sea; sec., J. Barker Duncan, Esq., 6, Hill-street, Edinburgh; s., w., and d.t. are issued for the tidal water only; fair sea trouting in spring or autumn.
- Edzell** (Forfar). n.s. Brechin.—By staying at the Panmure Arms salmon and trout fishing can be had free.
- Elion** (Aberdeen).—G.N.S.R. On Ythan; salmon and trout. 4 m. are here preserved by the owner of Elion Castle.
- Etal.**—On Till; salmon, trout, perch, and pike; the mill-pool is a good spot. About Etal is deep water, good for pike and perch. The same flies as for Tweed kill in Till, only dressed smaller. In the lower 6 m. of Till in early spring and autumn use two full-sized trout flies as droppers and a tail fly; wing, grey drake; tail, American wood duck, brown mallard, or silver pheasant; body, black or blue mohair, amber or golden-coloured mohair below; tipping for tail, legs either blue jay wing or black or red hackles. The local flies are Tweed white tip, Doctor (blue and silver and black), Virgin, &c. Accommodation can be had at the Blue Bell, Crookham, or at Black Bull, Etal. Sir H. St. Paul Ewart gives liberty to anyone by card, as does Mr. G. Grey, Millfield; Marchioness of Waterford, a limited number of days per week; Capt. W. Heatherslaw, a limited number of days per month.
- Fetlar Island** (Shetland).—(*See Lerwick.*)
- Fochabers.**—On the Spey. The Duke of Richmond reserves the right of salmon fishing; permission for a few days may, however sometimes be obtained by application to his grace or his commissioner. The best pools are close to the mouth of the river. There are also some good casts above the bridge. The Gordon Arms is very comfortable, and near the river.
- Forfar** (Forfar).—3 m. off is Bescobie; pike and perch.
- Fergandenny** (Perth).—Cal. E. May and Earn; salmon, trout.
- Forsinard** (Sutherland).—H.B. On Halladale; salmon, trout. Hotel: Forsinard (*see Advertisement*), where fishing can be had. March, April, and May are the best months. There are many lochs near, mostly free. Lochs: Baden, Na-Sealg, and Coorach, abounding in trout. Loch an Buar, 3 m. S.; trouting good; free to hotel visitors; boats; June, July, August, and September are best. Loch Araich-lin; small trout, char; preserved by shooting tenant; good fishing. Loch Gubiler, 2 m. N.W.; Loch Leven trout. Loch Coolie, 2½ m. S.W.; large trout; preserved by shooting tenant. Loch Leven, 2 m.; small trout; free. Loch Leir, 3 m. E.; large trout; free. Loch

Stellil, near Loch Leir; preserved. Lochan Dubh, 3 m.; trout; free. Loch Clachengeal, 4 m.; trout; free. Loch Tallichirl, 4 m. Loch Leam-na-Claven, 5½ m.; good trouting, char; preserved by the Baddan-loch shooting tenant. Loch Coire-nam-Meann, 6 m., near Loch Claven; trout, char; good fishing.

Porteviot (Perth).—Cal. R. May and Earn; salmon and trout.

Portingall.—On the Lyon. (See *Kenmore*.)

Port William.—There is fair trouting in the Nevis, with an occasional sea-trout; free. Loch Ondavra, 6 m. in the hills south west of the town, contains lots of trout, five to the pound; free. (See *Loch Laggan*; *Aylort Inn*.)

Foyers Hotel (Inverness).—On Foyers; salmon and trout. Anglers staying at the hotel can obtain salmon and trout fishing in the river and in Loch Ness, and in several other lakes. Address Foyer's Hotel, Loch Ness, by Inverness.

Gair Loch (Ross).—*Hotel*: Shieldag Inn. There are two streams in the immediate neighbourhood: the one close by the inn runs through three lochs; the one down the road on the left-hand side runs through six lochs, being joined by two streams on the right, both running out of lochs. The Ewe river runs some 4 m. off. This stream rises on Ben Lair in a chain of five lochs, all close to the road, of which Loch Clair is the largest. At the further end of the loch a stream joins Clair, running out of a hill loch. Nearest station, **Kinlochewe Inn**. Close to the inn a considerable burn joins Ewe, which runs into and forms Loch Muree 1 m. below the inn. This loch runs within 4 m. of Shieldag Inn, and most of the large burns joining the loch run out of hill lochs. The course of the river from Loch Muree to the sea is about 6 m., and Poolewe river and Poolewe Hotel is close to its mouth. There is one burn joining Ewe in this part of its course on the left hand, running out of a hill loch. Steamers from Glasgow stop at stated intervals.

Gatehouse.—n.s. **Kirkcudbright**, 8 m. *Hotel*: Murray Arms. Trout fishing can be had by permission in Lochs Whinyeon (boats belonging to hotel) and Grannoch (private). Loch Skerrow is in private hands. Salmon, grilse, and sea trout in the river Fleet; a.t. 10s., w.t. 5s., d.t. 2s.; as far as Stroguchain pool; the fishing above the pool is reserved; to be obtained from Mr. Murray Stewart, at the Cally Estate Office, Gatehouse. Visitors at the hotel have free fishing in Fleet and Loch Whinyeon.

Girvan (Ayr).—G. & S.W.R. Girvan water; salmon, sea and brown trout: fishing for 2 m. at 12s. 6d. a month or 2s. 6d. a day from Mr. Buchanan. Fishing begins Feb. 24, ends Oct. 31; March, April, May, September, and October are best, October for salmon. Girvan rises in Loch Girvan, Ayr, and is 25 m. long. Leave may sometimes be had on the upper waters; 3 m. from Girvan is a small reservoir holding large trout, leave may sometimes be obtained; fishing poor. Good sea-fishing for Lythe, &c. *Hotel*, King's Arms (comfortable), where all information can be had. (See *Ballauntrae*.)

Glasgow.—(See *Brodrick*, *Corrie*, and *Lamlash*.)

Glenelg (Inverness).—N.s. **Strome Ferry**, 12 m.) By staying at the Glenelg Hotel, trout and salmon fishing can be obtained in the neighbourhood free. Good fishing in Lochs Dulich and Oarn.

Grantly (Perth) by **Fullopourie**.—On Tay; salmon (preserved by Mr. Malloch, fish-tackelst, Perth) and trout (free). Loch Derculich has good trouting, leave from Derculich House. *Hotel*: Grantly.

Guardbridge (Fife).—St. A.R. On Eden and Moultrie; sea trout and trout.

Hebrides.—Sea fishing generally good all round these islands.

COLONSAY.—*Hotel*: Scalasaig. Good trouting to visitors at hotel. Boat on the lochs.

HARRIS.—At Tarbert there is a good hotel. Capital sea fishing for lythe and saythe. The Lochs Larkistie, near the village, hold salmon, sea and brown trout; fishing free of the hotel. There are trout in two of the lochs. 10 m. off is Loch Seourst: leave must be obtained. July is best for sea trout, and September for salmon. All plain, large loch flies kill. On Seourst a good fly is: *wing*, brown mallard; *body*, dark red; *hackle*, black; *tail*, golden pheasant's crest. The same fly may be varied with a green body and silver tinsel, or dark mottled turkey hen or grouse wing with the same bodies. *Hook*, small grilse size, if there is wind. There is capital sea and brown trout fishing in other lochs, but they are mostly let with the shooting.

LEWIS.—At Loch Tarbert, in the S., there is good fishing attached to the hotel, which is good. Leave may sometimes be obtained from Lady Matheson's factor for the preserved water. Good salmon, white and brown trout fishing in River and Loch Creel, preserved by Lady Matheson; fishing in Blackwater is preserved; d.t. 15s., m.t. 15s., for the river, and d.t. 10s., m.t. 10s., for the lochs; salmon fishing very good; apply to the landlord, Prince Arthur Hotel, Garynahine, Stornoway. There are numberless lochs holding brown trout. Very good flies for brown trout on the river Creel are silver dun, cowdung, and red spinner.

NORTH UIST.—Good free brown trouting. *Hotel*, Lochmaddy, where good sea and brown trout fishing can be had.

SOUTH UIST.—To the S. of the island is Loch Boisdale; salmon, sea and brown trout, *Hotel*: Loch Boisdale; the fishing in several lochs is attached. There is little sea-fishing. In the island are a great number of lochs and streams well stocked with brown trout; many of them also abound in sea trout. Howmore river is famous for sea trout, but reserved. Hotel and telegraph office at Loch Boisdale Pier, reached by steamer from Oban. Fishing in south end of island is attached to hotel. Loch Bee,

in the north of the island, is an excellent trout loch, the right to fish which is accorded to guests at Creagorry Hotel.

Helmsdale (Sutherland).—On Helmsdale; salmon and trout; a limited number of rods are let by the month; trout very poor.

Huntley.—On Deveron and Bogle; salmon and trout. A great part of the fishing here is open. *Hotel*: the Gordon Arms. The fishing is fair. In the Kirkney, 4 m. from Huntley, and an affluent of the Bogle, there is good fishing, but the trout run small.

Inch-na-Damh (Sutherland).—Loch Assynt. Salmon fishing (fair) in autumn on the upper end of Loch Assynt and in the Loannan water, which runs into it out of Loch Awe. Very good trouting sometimes in the Loannan and the Tralligill. Loch Awe gives capital trouting. Loch Assynt holds numbers of small trout, and a fair stock of *Salmo ferax*. Near here is the celebrated Gillaroo loch and others. The inn is first-rate. Fishing free.

Innerleithen (Peebles).—The fishing is free in the Tweed and its tributaries, except in Gala Water, which is preserved by a club. Yarrow and tributaries yield the best trout.

Inverarnan.—At the head of Loch Lomond. *Hotel*: Inverarnan. A little burn, rising out of a lake 6 m. in the hills, runs close by the house. Both in the stream and lake fair sport can be had, though the trout run small. There is fishing for salmon, pike, perch, sea and brown trout, &c., in Loch Lomond, fishing fair. The river Falloch runs close by the inn coming from Orianlarich; the fishing is open, but the fish are small. (See *Orianlarich*.)

Inverary.—(Argyll). (See *Cairndow*.) Array and Douglas and Loch Dhu; salmon, trout. *Hotel*: Argyll Arms; fishing free of the hotel.

Invergarry (Inverness).—On Caledonian Canal and Loch Oich and River Garry. *Hotel*: Invergarry. The Garry rises in a loch S.W. of Loch Quoich, and runs into that loch at its west end. Capital trouting. The river leaves Loch Quoich at its east end, and in 2 m. is joined by a considerable burn on its right bank; 1 m. on, the river expands into a loch, and in 2½ m. from this loch it passes **Forndown Inn**. The Garry next joins Loch Garry, 2 m. on. 3 m. from Loch Garry a burn joins on the right bank, running out of a small hill loch 5 m. in the hills, and 1½ m. on is another, running out of a loch on the left-hand side 3 m. off. 2 m. on, Garry falls into Oich. A road runs on the left bank of Garry as far as Loch Quoich.

Invergordon (H.R.).—The Alness, 4 m. W., yields good fishing in the early part of the season; salmon, white and brown trout. Yellow-bodied flies, such as the "full stone," are very good. Preserved principally by Sir G. Smith.

Inverness.—On the Ness. Some portion of the fishing here is free to anglers every 8th day. From July to the end of the season is the best time. Trout fishing in Loch Ness is also good. *Hotels*: Union and Caledonian.

Inveroran.—On Loch Tullich, and 2 m. from the river Orchy; salmon, trout, perch, and pike. The salmon fishing in the Orchy is good in the autumn. There are few trout in the river, and those large. The fishing extends to the lower fall, below which the Dalmally fishing begins. (See *Dalmally*.) There are pike, perch, and trout in Loch Tullich; a boat can be had. A fair stream runs into Tullich by the keeper's house, running out of Loch Dochart, full of trout. Another stream falls into Loch Tullich at the opposite end; both this stream and the loch out of which it runs contain great quantities of small trout. Close by the inn is a good burn, running out of a small pond containing some large trout. A little way below Orchy Bridge the Ark Burn, full of fish, joins Orchy. Loch na Baw, 6 m. from Inveroran, on the Moor of Rannoch, contains any quantity of trout five to the pound. There are numberless other lochs and streams about. *Hotel*: Inveroran; very good, and the fishing in lake and 7 m. of Orchy free to any visitor from April 1st to Oct. 31st. (See *Advertisement*.)

Inverurie.—On Don and Ury; salmon and trout. By staying at the Kintore Arms Hotel the visitor can fish in these two rivers.

Invershin (Sutherland).—H.R. Plenty of loch fishing in the neighbourhood; sea trout and sea fish in the Kyles of Sutherland. Boats free of charge. *Hotel*: Invershin.

Inversnaid.—Loch Lomond; salmon, trout, perch, pike; fishing free. *Hotel*: Inversnaid.

Isle, Island of.—Loch Guraam, 9 m. from Bridgend, the principal town, is famous for its trouting.

Kelso.—On Tweed; salmon and trout; the river is all taken. The best salmon and trout fishing belongs to Mr. Scott, of Markerston House; Duke of Roxburgh, Floors Castle; Sir G. W. Griffith, Bart., Hendersyde Park; Earl of Home, The Hirsell; Miss Hodgson Huntly, Carham Hall. These fisheries are all either in the proprietors' hands or let to tenants, and consequently private, except part of the Hendersyde water, including Sprouston Dub, tickets for which, by week or month, can be had from Mr. James Kerss, Belle Vue Cottage, Sprouston, Kelso, N.B., who rents the fishery, from Feb. 1 to July 26.

Kenmore.—On Loch Tay; salmon and trout. The river Lyon and Loch Lyon are within reach by taking a conveyance; the loch is preserved, and the salmon fishing on the river. The fishing is excellent. The best flies are woodcock or jay's wing, with orange, bright red, and green bodies; hackle, red for orange and red bodies, and black for green; the hook dubbed with a little gold tinsel. Large trout may be caught trolling. Another good fly is black body and hackle, with light jay or teal drake wing. There are no inns nearer than Kenmore or Fortingall. The river Tay flows out of Loch Tay here.

Trout, salmon, and perch. The first 3 m. of the loch next Kenmore are strictly preserved for salmon by Lord Breadalbane, but visitors may fish for trout. Fishing may be obtained on Loch Tay by staying at the Kenmore and Killin Hotels, and the Bridge of Lochay Inn, Ben Lawers Inn, and Ardeonaig Inn. The number of boats is limited, as follows: Killin Hotel, 6 boats; Kenmore Hotel, 6 boats; the inns of Ardeonaig, 2; Ben Lawers (*see Advertisement*), 2; and Bridge of Lochay, 3. Anglers residing in the hotels pay 5*l.* per week, or 1*l.* 5*s.* per day. Resident in the country, 1*l.* 10*s.* per day. When the applications for boats exceed the number available, two anglers may occupy the same boat, using one rod each, at 15*s.* each. Anglers retain all fish. Boatmen 3*s.* 8*d.* per day each, lunch being optional. Anglers will be entitled to the boats according to priority of application for them; but no angler can retain a boat for more than one week or six fishing days at a time, if there are other applicants. If a boat is disengaged, it may be again secured for another week. No more than two rods are allowed in each boat. Visitors are only entitled to use the boat or boats attached to the inn or hotel where they are residing. Gentlemen visitors only are allowed to fish. The best flies for trout fishing on Loch Tay are, corncrake wing, orange body, and gold tinsel; grey wing, with red or orange bodies; a black fly, commonly called the Zulu, with red tip on the hook; also red hackle, with silver tinsel. Trout fishing free of charge, boatman's wages excepted. Trolling allowed for trout.

Kilkerran (Ayr).—G. & S.W.R. Girvan; trout, salmon; preserved for 5 m. by the lessee of Kilkerran Lodge.

Killin (Perth).—C.B. Dochart or Tay; salmon, trout; salmon fishing reserved, but leave for 3 m. on the S. side can be had from the landlord of the Royal. Lyon; salmon, trout; salmon reserved, but trouting can be had on application. Loch, Tay; salmon, trout; free to visitors at the Royal Hotel, which has four boats on the lake; two rods are allowed to each boat at—w.t., 5*l.*; d.t. 2*s.*; two anglers in one boat, 20*s.*; fish retained; boatmen, 4*s.* a day and lunch. Larigellie; trout; free of the Royal. Hotel: Royal. (*See Kenmore; Luth.*)

Kilmelford (Argyll).—Near Oban. Hotel: Cuilfail, Pass of Melfort. (*See Advertisement.*) Capital trouting on eight different lochs. Boats on all the lochs. Good sea fishing close at hand on Loch Melfort. Season April 1 till end of September.

Kilmun.—On Holy Loch and Frith of Clyde. The Echalg, running out of Loch Eck, falls into the sea here; salmon, sea trout, and, in the loch, lake trout, powan, and goldie.

Kingussie (Inverness).—There is very poor trout fishing in the district, and but little salmon fishing. 4 m. off is Spey, which can be fished by persons staying in the hotel. Fishing poor. (*See Loch Laggan.*)

Kinloch Rannoch (Perth).—(N.s. Struan, H.R. 13 m.) Hotel: Dunalastair, and Bun Rannoch, where good trout fishing can be had in Tummel and Loch Rannoch free. During June and July trout rise freely to the same flies as in Loch Erlich. (*See Dalwhinnie.*) Visitors at the hotel at Kinloch Rannoch can have boats and fish the whole loch, but anglers are not allowed to land on the Menzies and Robertson's estates. There are dozens of lochs in the neighbourhood. Of these, Loch Lydoch is the best. The river Gauer runs out of this loch, and joins Rannoch after a course of 8 m.; it is a good fishing stream. Midway between Lydoch and Rannoch the river expands into a loch, called Aich, full of fish; a boat is necessary on account of the weeds; in spring and autumn heavy fish lie in the river. Loch Lydoch is full of fish. There is no road whatever over the Moor of Rannoch, where these small lochs are. Visitors to the hotel can fish 3 m. of the left bank of the Tummel. It is well to take a guide on the moor. Certain lochs and streams can only be fished by permission from Sir R. Menzies. There are ferries in Rannoch; the west end is best for trout; between the old tower and Sir R. Menzies', 9 m. from the inn, is the best end. Boatman 4*s.* per diem; lunch, &c., 1*s.* 6*d.* to 2*s.* The best flies are mallard wings, red, green, and yellow bodies. The red and yellow should have a red hackle, and the green a black. The cooh-a-bonddhu is also a good fly. Visitors to the hotel can fish 3 m. of the Tummel. Half-way between Rannoch and Pitlochry is Loch Tummel; large trout and pike.

Kinross.—Loch Leven is 17 m. from Perth; trout, pike, perch; preserved by a company. Hotels: Harris's, Bridgend, Kirklands. There are also two small streams, the North and South Quoich. Charge for a boat, 2*s.* 6*d.* per hour. The best months for fishing are May, June, and August. Manager, Mr. G. W. Hall.

Kirkcudbright.—Dee; good salmon fishing, but permission must be got from lessee of fishing. Above the mills at Tongland the water is in private hands. Leave sometimes given.

Kirkwall (Orkney).—Loch Ham lies 5 m. S.E. from here; the fish are small, but plentiful. Loch Kirbister, 6 m. S.W., holds plenty of small brown trout. At the Stroma burn, 2½ m. from Kirkwall, there is excellent free brown trout fishing. There are also the Lake of St. Mary's Holm and Græmshall, both 6 m. south-east from here. Ingans Bay and Whiteford, Scapa Bay and Burn. 2 m. Lakes of Wasdale, Stennis (10 m. W.), and Harray, 10 m., and about 3 m. from Stromness. All free. Yellow, sea, and brown trout; occasionally salmon. In Harray and Rowsay there is very good sea-trout and lake fishing, but preserved. In Birsay parish are Lakes Boardhouse, Gruney, Swonay, and Norton, all containing good trout. The hotels are comfortable, and lodgings can be obtained. Lythe and saithe plentiful.

Kylesku Ferry Inn.—Very small clean house 12 m. from Scourie, on the road to Loch Inver. Can be reached either from Scourie or Inch-na-Damff. From here can be fished the Duartmore river (fairly good for salmon, grilse, and sea trout), the Maddle burn and two burns running into Glens Dhu and Couf respectively. These last all give grilse and sea trout after rain. Very good trout fishing can be had on Loch Braoh More, at the head of Stack Corrie. The sea fishing in the Kyle itself is first-rate for lithe, saithe, mackerel, &c. The landlord will provide a boat. Fishing free.

Lairg (Sutherland).—*Hotel*: the Sutherland (see *Advertisements*), comfortable and moderate. On Loch Shin; good trouting, three to the pound, at the Lairg end of the lake, and two to the pound by Overskeck. (See *Overskeck*.) *Salmo ferox* abound. Boat and man, 5s. 6d. per day. In Loch Beannoch, 4 m. from Lairg, the trout average from 1½ lb. to 1½ lb. Lochs Oraggie and Doochulla are preserved by Lady Matheson, who gives an occasional day. The upper part of the river Shin is let with the shooting, but on payment of 10s. per day leave may be obtained, during July, from the landlord of the hotel. (See *Rhiconich Inn*.) There is very good *ferox* fishing in Loch Greamb, at the head of Loch Shin, 3 m. from Overskeck; we believe a boat must be taken from Lairg.

Lamington.—On Clyde; trout and grayling.

Lamlash (Isle of Arran).—Steamboats start from Glasgow three times a day, and once a day from Ardrossan. There are several small hotels here. There is scarcely any river fishing, but very fair sea fishing; large lythe are frequently taken at the back of the island. From nine to ten in the evening sport can be had with the coal-fish, angling with a white moth. Indiarubber red and grey spinning eels recommended. The burns contain a few small trout; the Duke of Hamilton preserves the best streams. (See *Brodie and Corrie*.)

Leader.—On Leader. Trout. There is a comfortable inn here, and fishing free.

Langholm (Dumfries).—N.B.R. The Esk, Liddle, and their tributaries are preserved by the Esk and Liddle Fisheries Association, who issue various tickets for different parts of the rivers. Nos. 1 and 2 give fishing rights in parts of Esk, Liddle, and Hermitage, and all other of the Association waters; s.t. 4½, 4s., w.t. 20s., d.t. 5s. No. 3 takes the Esk lower waters (a) from Feb. 15, 3½, 3s.; (b) from Aug. 1, 2½, 2s. No. 4 takes Esk upper waters, Garwald water, and portions of Liddle; s.t. 1½, 10s., d.t. 2s. 6d. No. 5 is the Canonbie ticket for portions of Esk and Liddle; s.t. 25s., d.t. 2s. 6d. No. 6, Langholm ticket, for parts of Esk, Ewes, Wauchope, and Tarras waters; s.t. 20s., d.t. 2s. No. 7, the Wester Kirk ticket, for parts of Esk, Meggat, Shielburn, and Stennish waters; s.t. 10s.; d.t. 1s. No. 8, Eskdalemuir ticket, Esk and Garwald water; s.t. 10s.; d.t. 1s. No. 9, Newcastleton ticket, for parts of Liddle and Hermitage; s.t. 10s., d.t. 1s. Nos. 1 and 2 will be granted on and after Feb. 15, but for fly only. The remaining tickets (excepting No. 3 (b) on and after March 15. No fishing allowed after 10 p.m., except in the months of June and July, when the hour is 11 p.m. until 5 a.m. No hook of the Stewart tackle, or any compound tackle of a size larger than No. 5 of Adlington and Hutchinson's make. No minnow tackle during the months of September and October. No gaff until after April 1; fly-fishing the whole season; fly only after Oct. 1. The Association's waters—excepting the Esk and Liddle and the Hermitage below Gorrenbury Burnfoot—shall be closed for rod fishing on Oct. 1. Fishing opens March 15. Salmon fishing best in autumn; June and July for sea trout. Comfortable accommodation at any of the hotels at Langholm, or at the hotel at Crosskeys, Canonbie; sec., B. McGeorge, Esq., Langholm. Any of the tickets may be had from the secretary, and Nos. 1, 2, and 3 from Messrs. Beatty, drapers, Longtown; and Mr. W. Routledge, 68, English-street, Carlisle. Sea trout and brown trout are numerous. Apply to the sec., B. McGeorge, writer, Langholm. All the Upper Esk tributaries are well stocked with trout, viz., Garwald water, Moodlan, and the Rae burns.

Lawes.—On Loch Tay. (See *Kemmore*.)

Lerwick (Shetland).—*Hotels*: Royal, Queen's, and Mrs. Crutwell's Temperance. Loch Tingwall is 6 m. from here, and two from Scalloway; the fish run large, but are not very plentiful. There is a farmhouse close by, where refreshments may be obtained on *polite* application. There is no boat. Any small red or blue fly is good. Adjoining this loch is Loch Asta; fish few and shy. Loch of Strom, or Loch Gott, is 7 m. from Lerwick, on the east coast; this is an excellent sea-trout loch; the land end of the loch is muddy and dangerous. There are plenty of brown trout in the burn running in at the head of the loch. Black Loch is 2 m. west from Lerwick, past the village of Sound; the fish are few and shy. Sandy Loch, near Black Loch, contains quantities of small trout. Every Tuesday a boat sails from Lerwick to Ollabery, on the east coast of the north mainland. There is excellent fishing in Ely Water, at North Mavine, near Ollabery, and in numerous other lochs in the neighbourhood. Lodgings can be had at Mr. Anderson's, at Ollabery. In Punswater, beyond Ely Water, the fish run larger. At Dale's Voe, 3 m. north of Lerwick, sea trout and brown trout can be taken, and the latter in a stream running out of it westward. There are many other lochs in Shetland where excellent fishing can be had, but accommodation is very limited. It is always necessary to carry plenty of provisions with you. The fishing in Loch Spigry, near Dunrossness, at the south part of the mainland, is good, the fish being both plentiful and large. There is likewise a loch in Fetlar Island, where the fishing is also very good. There is good sea-trout fishing in the sea; plenty of lythe and saithe. 16 m. off, near the head of Vassa Voe, an inlet on the N.E. of Cat Firth, is the Loch of Skallister (brown

trout, two to pound), and Lochs Houlland (plenty of brown trout, three to pound) and Crook-a-Dale burn (sea and brown trout). 23 m. N. of Lerwick is Vidlin, where lodgings can be had. Vidlin loch and burn hold good sea and yellow trout, but are let. Kirk-house Loch and North Loch, close to Vidlin, hold brown trout.

Loch Awe (Argyllshire).—Salmon, sea trout, brown trout, perch, pike, ferox; fishing free. Orchy river runs in at **Dalmally**; salmon, trout; fishing at hotel (*see Dalmally*). Awe river flows out of the loch; salmon; private, except 2 m. at the lower end on the left bank, fishable by staying at the Taynault Hotel, **Taynault** (*see Taynault*). Some of the best trouting is in Cladich bay, and thence to **Port Sonachan** Hotel (*see Advertisement*), 6 m., the fishing is very good. Hence to **Portinisherrach** (where is an inn) is 8 m., and after passing Crow Island the fishing is good. From **Portinisherrach** to Ford the S.W. end of the loch is 8 m., all good fishing ground. At **Ford** is a comfortable inn. The other side of the loch is also good in parts. Opposite Port Sonachan is **Taycreggan** Hotel, where boats can be had; boat and man 6s. a day. The fishing round the islands is generally good, especially round Inishall. The best salmon flies are: 1, the black dragon—wings, feather from raven; body, black mohair, black hackle; tip, golden pheasant crest feather. 2, the black dog—wings, blue heron feather mixed with red turkey; body, lead-coloured mohair trimmed with gold twist, and large black hackle; shoulder, dark green mohair. It would be well to divide the wings with gold twist, and let it show about the head. The loch trout flies are as follows: 1, wings from pheasant's tail; body, ginger hackle over orange mohair. 2, the green drake fly. 3, wings, mottled feathers of bustard; body, upper part, blue dubbing, lower, orange ditto, a light brown hackle carried well down the bend of the hook; tinsel and a tall tuft should be used, the latter from tip of the golden pheasant. The salmon flies for the Awe are nearly all "wasp" bodies, with light or dark turkey wings, pale light blue rough bodies, with heron wings, or sometimes a smooth green body, with mallard wings. Light and dark March brown, alder fly, cowdung, dark spinner, Professor dark and light; and No. 1, speckled teal wing, light red spinner; No. 2, yellow silk body, red hackles run down the body, cock pheasant wing, and two fibres for tail from cock pheasant wing; No. 3, pale green silk body ribbed with gold, black hackle legs, wings dark mallard, peacock harl and red macaw, tail, strands black hackle; No. 4, dark blue silk body, black legs, sea-swallow wing, tail two or three fibres dark mallard—known in Westmoreland as "Broughton's point." Trout flies: 1, yellow and woodcock—a large cowdung; 2, red and teal—Soldier palmer, with teal wings; 3, green and teal—green crewel body, silver thread, black hackle, and teal wings. The best bait for pike fishing in Loch Awe is the copper spoon bait, or a glass artificial minnow of medium or large size. It is not always easy to obtain bait for spinning. There are plenty of eels round the castle to be caught by night lines, and on the other side of the castle, at the mouth of the river, there are some large perch in the sandy bays.

Loch Doon (Ayr).—Capital sport. The loch can be reached from Ayr.

Loch Dow (Inverness).—A peculiar deformed trout is sometimes caught in this lake.

Lochgoilhead.—There is some good trouting in the Bestel Loch and Loch Awe.

Loch Inver (Sutherland).—*Hotels*: Lochinver and Culag. On Inver and Kirkaig (3 m.); salmon and trout. There are over 40 lochs within 6 m. full of trout, and some with salmon, all free. The innkeeper grants permission to fish for salmon in the Kirkaig at 12s. 6d. per day, limited to two rods per day. In some of the lakes there are ferox, especially in Loch Sheanaskaig, Assynt, and Fewin. Boats can be obtained at 2s. 6d. a day. The mail car runs daily between this and Lairg. The Kirkaig flows through Lochs Boarian, Urigill, Cama, Veyattie, and Fewin. They all contain trout, some large. Loch Beannoch, 4 m., is also a free rising loch, having a boat. Sutherland flies should be full-bodied worsted or pig's wool. Red, blue, purple, green, or black, with plenty of gold and silver tinsel with or without red tag. Loch Culog and Culog river holds salmon and grilse. There is a boat; fishing free. Inver runs out of Loch Assynt 7 m. off. The entire Kirkaig goes with the hotels. The sea fishing is very good.

Loch Laggan.—Trout and ferox; free. There is a nice little inn here, distant from Fort William, to which there is a daily coach in summer, 30 m., and from the station at **Kingussie**, 18 m. The fishing is excellent, averaging three to the pound; plenty of ferox. Boats at the inn. Good trouting in the river Pattach, which joins the loch close by the inn. This river runs out of two hill lochs, full of fish. Off the islands large fish can be taken, also in the bays on the north side, especially in a large bay about 4 m. down, where a large burn runs into the loch. Great numbers may be taken in the bay below the house belonging to Cluny Macpherson. The river Spean runs out of the loch; capital sport, though the fish run smaller than in the loch. There are salmon below the falls, which is 2 m. above Roy Bridge, 18 m. from Laggan, strictly preserved. Good sport in Loch Treag, not far off; we believe it is free. A good fly for the loch is a bright scarlet body with a teal wing. (*See Banavie*.)

Loch Lomond.—The streams running through the Luss property are preserved by the owners, who issue tickets at 2s. for the season. The Duke of Montrose gives free permission to fish the streams on his property, except the river Cudrick, where it runs through his park, where special permission is required.

Lochmaben (Dumfries).—3 m. north of **Dumfries**, and 4 m. west of **Lockerbie** (Gal. R.). There are nine lochs near. The Castle Loch is the largest, and one of a series of four, full of vendace, pike, perch, roach, bream, eels, and a few trout. The river fishings

within easy walking distance are the Ae, Kinnel, Dryfe, and Annan. The first three are tributary to the last. The Annan contains salmon, sea trout, hirling, grilse, and yellow trout. The fishing opens on March 10, and closes November 1. May, June, July, and August are the best months, and September and October for salmon. Leave to fish is sometimes given. There are three fair inns here, and plenty of lodgings. The Milk, Ae, and Dryfe are nearly all free.

Lochsunnart (Argyll).—By staying at the Salen Hotel salmon and trout fishing can be had in Lochshiel.

Lockerbie (Dumfries).—Cal. B. (*See Lochmaben and Langholm*). *Hotels*: Blue Bell, King's Arms. Good fishing; salmon, sea trout, brown trout; in Annan, Milk, and other streams. The principal flies for the months of April, May, and June are chaffinch with hare ear or red hackle, lark with mouse-coloured body, thrush with hare ear or dark hackle, or yellow body, woodcock and red hackle, landrail with dark hackle and silver tinsel lip, teal with red or dark hackle, red and black spiders, grey spider from partridge breast. The natural Mayfly is also very deadly, and can be gathered in great numbers on the sides of the river. For the following months, when sea trout and herlings are run, jay and teal with yellow or blue silk body (the latter preferred), and dark hackle and tinsel, landrail and teal, yellow body and dark hackle and clear tinsel.

Logierist.—On Tay; salmon and trout. Tummel here joins Tay. Fishing strictly preserved.

Longformacus.—Some 7 m. from Dunse. On Dye, Watch and Blacksmill Burns. Whitadder runs near. Trouting good.

Luib.—On the Dochart, 8 m. from Killin. Coaches pass daily. There is an inn here. The salmon fishing is middling late on in the season. The trout fishing is uncertain, though the fish run a fair size. The water is very deep and sluggish below Luib, but above and as far as Loch Dochart there are some capital streams and pools. Bob Roy's burn joins the river 3 m. above Luib, and here capital sport can be had. Large perch may be caught below Luib. (*See Killin*). The fishing is free. (*See Crianlarich*).

Luss.—N.B.E. Loch Lomond and Clyde; salmon, sea and brown trout, pike, perch. Fishing free. The brown trouting early in the season before the sea fish enter the loch is very good.

Mainland Island consists of **Kirkwall** and **East Mainland**, and **Stromness** and **West Mainland**. *Hotels*: Castle and Kirkwall, at Kirkwall. A few sea trout may be killed where the tide runs through Aer into the Peerie Sea, also in Scapa Bay. At Wideford, 3 m. from Kirkwall, is good for sea trout, also at Sabay, 6 m., and Tankerness Hall, 6 m. At Smiddybanks, in Durness, 10 m. from Kirkwall, is a very small but clean inn. Plenty of lythe and saithe.

Melickour.—The Isla here joins Tay; trout, salmon, pike, and perch, all preserved. The Isla in its upper waters above Airlie Castle contains plenty of small trout; fishing free. May and June are the best months. A small red palmer, or reddish hackle with a teal drake wing, is a good fly. The fishing in the Melgum is very good. The Isla from its junction with the water of Dean, a few miles below Airlie Castle is very sluggish, and is full of pike, large trout, and perch. The water of Dean rises in the loch of Forfar, and contains capital trout. The fishing on the Tay is strictly preserved.

Melrose (Roxburgh).—On Tweed; salmon, trout. By staying at the Waverley Hydro-pathic Establishment trouting can be had free.

Melville Hotel (Sutherland).—n.s. **Thurso** or **Forsinard**. Good trouting in several lochs; free. Boats kept. Good sea fishing.

Moffat.—The Moffat, Evan, and Annan run near. The Well Burn, Granton Burn, Hartfell Burn, Lochan Burn, Garpel Burn, Cloffin Burn, Cornal Burn, Blackshope Burn, Selcoth Burn, Corriebron Burn, the Tall Burn. Also, at medium distances, the Duar, the Dryfe (8 m.), the Clyde, the Ettrick (8 m.), the Fruid (8 m.), the Kinnel (4 m.), Wamphray Water. Also Loch Skene (11½ m.), the Loch of the Lowes (14 m.), St. Mary's Loch, the Megget, and the Yarrow; they are unpreserved. (*See Beattock Station and St. Mary's Loch*). *Hotel*: Annandale Arms. The Darr and Head of Clyde are easy of access.

Mound (Sutherland). On Fleet; trout and salmon, and good sea fishing.

Mull (Island of).—Tobermory is the capital of the island, and here good accommodation both at the hotel and in lodgings can be obtained. Excepting the Aros and the stream connecting Loch Baa with the sea, the rivers are mere burns. 3 m. from Tobermory are the Micknish lakes; good trouting; leave easily obtained. 6 m. from Tobermory is Loch Freasa, the outlet of which is the Aros river. Freasa holds salmon, white and brown trout; the fishing belongs to Capt. Campbell and Mrs. Forsyth, who often give leave. Accommodation can be had at a shepherd's house on the shore. For the river, leave must also be had. On the N.W. of the island is **Bunessan**, reached by steamer from Tobermory. The landlord of the Bunessan Hotel has the fishing in Loch Assopol (white and yellow trout, salmon); fishing free to visitors at hotel: July, August, and September for white trout, October for salmon. Loch Baa is closed. Salen Aros Hotel has the fishing rights in the Forsa river, and in Loch Sochan and other lakes; August and September are the best months. There are many other lakes, mostly free.

Newburgh (Aberdeen).—12 m. from **Aberdeen**. Ythan; salmon, sea trout, bull and lake trout, brown trout, pike, flounders. Ythan rises on the E. slopes of Bisset hills, and is 35 m. long. The principal owners are Earl of Aberdeen, Sir M. Duff Gordon, Bt., Lady Gordon-Cathart, Col. Turner, Col. Walrige Gordon, Mr. Udney, Mr. Gordon, and

Miss Buchan. The principal tributaries are the burns of Foveran, Tarty, Fovey, March, Brony, Ebue (fishing free, sea trout), Michael Muir, Kelly, Schivas, Chapelton, Burn, Grains, Little Water (fishing free, sea trout), Petty, Farden, Tifty, Pittoulis, Garries. *Hotel: Udney Arms*, where capital sea trouting, &c., can be had.

New Galloway (Kirkcudbright).—*Hotel: Kenmure Arms* (see *Advertisement*). *Lochs: Dee, Skerrow, Ken, Stroan, Harrow, and Lochenva; trout. Ken and Loch Ken; salmon, trout, pike, and perch.* There is a long stretch of fishing attached to the Kenmure Arms. (See *Parton*.)

Newtonmore (Inverness).—H.R. On Spey and Calder. Salmon and trout.

Oban (Argyll).—C. & O.B. The Lorn Angling Improvement Association (sec., J. F. McLaren, Esq., 22, George-street, Oban) preserves the following lochs in the district, which are stocked with trout—viz., Loch-an-Glennaberrach, Pennyfuir Loch, and Balmagown Loch, Lesmore. In the latter loch, which is considered one of the best in Argyllshire, the trout average 1 lb., and it is not unusual to get one 2 lb. Strangers can arrange for a day's angling, at moderate rates, by application to the secretary, who will give all information about flies, &c. Loch Nell and River Nell are 4 m. off, and are good for sea trout in the autumn, with an occasional salmon, also brown trout; fishing on application to proprietor, Cleugh Inn, near Oban, at moderate rates. Loch Scammadale, 8 m. off; salmon, sea and brown trout; preserved, but leave occasionally got from various proprietors. Other minor lochs in district, but mostly preserved. (See *Kilmelford*.)

Ollabury.—In North Mavine. (See *Lerwick*.)

Orkney (Islands).—There are twenty-eight inhabited islands. Sea trout are to be found wherever a drop of fresh water runs into the sea. The fishing is poor now, though it is about to be preserved by fishery districts. Worm is the best bait, used by sinking and drawing. Wading trousers are desirable. The sea-trout fishing in the sea belongs to the landowners whose land adjoins the shore. Trout fishing is best in September and October. By fishing with a worm, however, from the rocks which abut on the tidal flows, or by wading into bays, such as Scapa and others, and throwing well out, you may occasionally take a happening fish. Lythe and salthe abound. (See *Kirkwall; Stromness; Mainland Island*.)

Overskeok Inn (Sutherland).—About 16 m. from Lairg, on the side of Loch Shin. Seven boats are kept on Shin, two on Loch Merkland, one on Merkland river, and one on Loch Grian. It is the best station on the loch both for fly and troll. Loch flies for Sutherlandshire are large as a rule (No. 6 hooks), and are best when tied very bright, scarlet being the favourite colour. Lochs Grian, Merkland, and Flag can also be fished from here; they are very good. Loch Grian is reported to be one of the best lochs in Scotland for ferret. The large burn which runs out of Loch Flag gives pretty good fishing in its upper portions. Fishing free.

Oykel Bridge Inn (Ross).—On rivers Oykel and Cassley. These rivers are let by the month; for particulars, apply to J. Forsyth, Balmagown Estate Office, Parkhill, N.B. Day tickets for Carron.

Parton (Kirkcudbright).—At and around New Galloway some good fishing can be had; salmon, trout, sea trout, pike, perch, &c. The proprietors are exceedingly liberal in granting leave. An omnibus from the Spalding Arms meets the trains. (See *New Galloway*.)

Peebles.—On Tweed; salmon and trout; the fishing is good, and free. This is a good head-quarters, as there is a railway both up and down the river. *Hotel: Tontine*; very comfortable. (See *Clovenfod*.)

Perth.—Salmon are plentiful in Tay. Late in the season, when the nets are off, salmon can be taken in the tideway. Whiting are numerous between Thistle Bridge and for some distance below Perth, and will take a fly freely. (See *Stanley*.) From Almond Mouth, some 2 m. above the town to Aberfeldy, the fishing is strictly preserved. By staying at the Cargill Hotel, Cargill-by-Perth, fishing in 2 m. of the Tay can be had by day or week.

Phinstown (Orkney).—(See *Stromness*.)

Pitlochrie (Perth).—H.R. On Tummel; salmon and trout; by staying at the Loch Tummel Hotel the angler can fish in more than 1 m. of the river. Loch Tummel is free; boats from hotel. The end of May is the best time. Loch Broom lies 6 m. off; the fishing is first-rate. Leave to fish is not easily obtained. (See *Kinloch Rannoch*.)

Pointstown (Orkney).—(See *Stromness*.)

Portnisherrach (Argyll).—Loch Awe; trout, perch, pike, sea trout, salmon; fishing free. *Hotel: Portnisherrach*, very comfortable, where boats can be had. (See *Loch Awe*.)

Portree (Skye).—Good trouting in Loch Fada; two hours walk towards Storr rocks. Wading necessary. Flies to be had at Alexander Mitchell's. Lythe fishing in the harbour. Charge for boat and two men, 2s. an hour.

Port Sonachan (Argyll).—Loch Awe; trout, salmon, sea trout, perch, pike; fishing free. *Hotel: Port Sonachan*; very comfortable (see *Advertisement*). Boats can be had. (See *Loch Awe*.) Fifteen hill lochs are free to Hotel visitors only.

Rhiconich Inn (Sutherland).—14 m. from Durness. Very comfortable angler's quarters. Mr. Wallace gives permission to fish salmon in Loch Garbetbeg; with a north-west or a south-east wind sport is almost certain; sea trout are sometimes plentiful. Numberless unnamed lochs all round will give any amount of trout fishing. This place can be reached by mail car from Lairg.

Riccarton Station.—N.B.B. On Tyne. The Tyne consists of two rivers, the North

and the South, which meet in a good salmon stream at Howford, about nine miles above Hexburn. The North Tyne and the Liddel rise within a few hundred yards of each other near Thurlowshope, not far from **Ellocarton Station**, and flow down opposite sides of the watershed. A few miles below its source the North Tyne joins a mountain burn, the Keldier, at Keldier Castle, and receives a considerable tributary, the river Reed, at Reedsmonth, below Bellingham. Just below Reedsmonth is the Hargrove stream, the best salmon stream in Northumberland, belonging to the Duke of that ilk. Except near Keldier and in some of the mountain burns flowing into the Tyne, where the trout are preserved, there is now no trout fishing in the Tyne worth following.

Scalloway (Shetland).—(See *Lerwick*.) Lythe and saithe fishing, good.

Scourie (Sutherland).—Reached from Lairg by mail car. Sea fishing very good. Trout fishing in Gorom Loch and Trout Loch (fair). Sea trout fishing in Baddinamoult Loch after rain. Salmon sometimes caught by fly and troll in the salt water off the mouth of the Laxford. Free.

Shetland.—The sea trout fishing is now very poor, owing to the constant destruction of the fish. The Strand lake holds some fish, and is preserved; the brown trout in the lake are few and small. Mr. Robertson, foreman to Mr. Anderson at Hillswick, has furnished a sitting room and two bed rooms, about which, however, it would be well to write beforehand. Accommodation can also be obtained at Mrs. Henderson's, of Bardister, near Ollaberry, and also at the manse at Sullam. To explore the northern section of North Mavern and the numerous lochs at the back of Roeness Hill, visitors will find very good accommodation at Mr. Gifford Thompson's, Lochend. All the loch fishings in North Mavern are free; brown trout plentiful, especially in Punds water. Eala water, 1½ m. from Bardister and Ollaberry, affords good sport, and sea trout are found abundantly close to Bardister at Uraferth, near Hillswick, at Lochend, and near Sullam. Troutling is good in the lochs of Grlsta, Tingwall (which is open and has a boat), and Asta. Mrs. Henderson, Bardister, will be happy to receive two boarders. Lythe and saithe along shore, ling and cod in the offing.

Shiel Bridge Inn.—On Loch and River Shiel; salmon, grilse, and sea trout. There is good accommodation at the inn, where fishing can be obtained. Apply to landlord, Shiel House Inn, Glenshiel, by Loch Alsh, N.B.

Skye, Island of.—There is good trout and salmon fishing; the salmon are preserved, though doubtless a day or two may be obtained. The Comesunary lochs, near Broadford, give average fishing, and are free; and the small streams running out of Cornick into the sea contain sea trout. In Lough Correskin there is good salmon and sea trout fishing. Almost all the best troutling is preserved. There is a good inn at Kyle Akin, and another at Bradford. At Portree there is fair accommodation. At Sligachan it is moderate, with preserved waters in the neighbourhood, a small portion of which belongs to the inn. There is good sea fishing all round Skye, particularly lythe and saithe.

Sprounston.—On Tweed. The Earl of Home preserves the greater part of the Carham water above this place.

Stanley.—On Tay. Some of the best salmon pools are near here, such as Cat's Hole and Hell's Hole, but all strictly preserved. A good fly is the following: Body, from the head to a third up the hook, black or dark blue—above that to the finish, yellow; a heron's hackle dyed bright blue tied about half-way up, and another red or yellow, tied and wound round the head with silver tinsel about the body; wings, peacock's tail feathers put on full and rather straggling. Also the black dog: Body, black, with blue at the head and red at the tail, tinsel, gold, or silver; wing, mottled grey turkey; hackle, black. The size of the hook is very large, but diminishes as you advance up stream. For grilse the best fly is the wasp, and next—body, black and red, yellow near the tail, and ribbed with red gold tinsel; wing, brown or dark grey turkey wing with small mottled spots. All fishing on the Tay is done by "harling" from boats; a fish now and then may be taken from the bank, but not often.

St. Boswell's (Roxburgh).—N.B.R. Tweed; salmon, sea trout, brown trout. *Hotel: Buccleuch Arms* (see *Advertisement*.) There are 3 m. free troutling water: fishing variable. Lord Brougham preserves the water immediately below.

St. Fillans (Loch Earn).—Visitors staying at the Drummond Arms Hotel or St. Fillans can have fair trout fishing free in the loch and river; there are plenty of boats, and the hotel comfortable. Loch Boltachair holds many small trout.

St. Mary's Loch (Selkirk).—Good quarters. The nearest station is Moffatt. Fair trout and pike fishing in the loch, Nuggit waters, and the river Yarrow. The loch belongs to Lord Napier, who permits visitors to fish from the shore. The Loch of Lowes is connected with St. Mary's Loch by a short stream; this is the better loch for pike and perch. The house is not licensed, so visitors must take their own liquors. Cramult Burn is good, so is Chapelhope Burn. There are several other burns abounding in trout, running into St. Mary's Loch and Loch of Lowes. The best time is the end of April. The address of the inn is Mrs. Richardson, St. Mary's, Yarrow, Selkirk.

Stow (Berwick).—**Edinburgh** is 26 m. distant by rail. There is a good inn standing on the banks of the Gala. The fishing is free for 5 m. below Stow, and 4 m. above. The railway runs along the banks of the river. The trout below Stow average three to the pound, above, four or five to the pound. 6 m. off is the Leader. (See *Lauder*.)

Strathcarron (Ross).—S.B. On Carron; salmon. Some 2½ m. are preserved by the lessees of New Kelso Lodge.

- Strome Ferry (Ross).**—Dingwall and Skye R. *Hotel*: Station, where good trouting can be had in several lochs. Good salt-water fishing in Loch Carron.
- Stromness (Orkney).**—Good brown trout fishing in Loch Stennis, and sea trout at the Bridge of Waith, and below it to the sea. Boats can be had at the inn at the bridge. Loch Harry lies beyond Loch Stennis; it is 6 m. from Stromness and 3 m. from Phinstown, where there is a little inn; excellent brown trout fishing and a few sea trout; a boat for this loch can be had from Mr. Flett, a farmer on the bank; any green fly is good, also the Francis. Fish average three to the pound, and are very plentiful. Loch Shin lies beyond Loch Harry; the fishing is good, but no accommodation. Loch Birra is 10 m. from Stromness. The fish run large, but there is no accommodation. The fishing is all free. The sea fishing for lythe and saithe very good.
- Tarbet.**—On Loch Lomond. The fishing in the loch is free; salmon, sea and brown trout, perch, pike. Boats and men at the Tarbet hotel.
- Tarf (Kirkcudbright).**—G. & S.W.B. On Tarf.
- Tayoreggan (Argyll).**—Loch Awe; trout, perch, pike, sea trout, salmon; fishing free. *Hotel*: Tayoreggan, where boats can be had. Lochs Nant, Avich, and ten other lochs free to hotel visitors. (*See Loch Awe*.)
- Taynuilt (Argyllshire).**—O. & O.R. On Awe; salmon, sea trout, trout, pike, perch. *Hotel*: Taynuilt, good; the fishing is very good from the middle of June. Loch Etive is close by.
- Thornhill (Dumfries).**—Nith; preserved by the Mid-Nithsdale Angling Association over the lands of the Duke of Buccleuch; m.t., 1s. 6d.; w.t., 1s.; good trouting, and salmon in October. *Hotels*: Buccleuch and George.
- Thurso (Caithness).**—(*See Brawl Castle*.) On Thurso; salmon, sea trout, &c. The river rises in three small lochs in the hills, and, after a short course, runs through Loch More. These lochs are very much out of the way. Below Loch More another stream joins Thurso, which takes its rise in three lochs (Loch Stemster, Loch Rangay, and Loch Buard) not very far apart. At Brawl Castle a stream joins on the left which rises in Loch Calder.
- Tongue Hotel (Sutherland).**—*Lochs*: Coalside, Brach Bule, Hallow (a boat), Slam, Na Hakel, Craggie, and Loyal; trouting fair, fish about three to the pound; many large lake trout; boat belongs to inn; leave must be obtained from the Duke's factor, Mr. Crawford. Many other small lochs with burns. The salmon fishing in the Borge is taken up. Good salmon and sea trout fishing on Kyle of Tongue. (*See Aulmahara*.) The best killing fly in the lochs are a magenta-coloured body, ribbed with silver and a red tag, black hackle and grouse wing, the Soldier Palmer, and a large yellow fly.
- Trossachs Hotel.**—There are three or four streams in the neighbourhood, free. *Lakes*: Katrine; trout; boats at hotel. Achray; trout, salmon; boats. Vennachar; trout and occasional salmon; no boat. Drunkie; fine trout; no boat. The Tinker; lots of trout, four to pound; free.
- Tummel Bridge.**—On the Tummel; salmon and trout. *Hotel*: Tummel Bridge. The fishing is not good, especially for trout, which run very small; the trouting is better some 10 m. up where the moor of Rannoch begins. Loch Tummel lies 2 m. down stream, and contains some goodly pike and trout; by fishing very late in the evening some good trout may be taken. The best flies are the coachman and a fly with a teal drake's wing, black hackle and red wool body.
- Ullapool (Oromarty).**—On Loch Broom; salmon; some little fishing can be had here, we believe, in connection with the Royal Hotel. Good sea fishing. There is a small stream running by the place. Steamers from Glasgow.
- Weem (Perth).**—On Tay. Pretty good fishing in the neighbourhood.
- Wigtown.**—Bladen: ch. Salmon, trout.

WALES.

- Aber (Carnarvon).**—L. & N.W.R. Aber; trout. Aber rises in Llyn-an-afon, and 3 m. down is joined on left bank by Aber-fawr, 3 m. long. Aber runs to Aber and the sea in 2 m. *Hotel*: Bulkeley Arms.
- Aberaeron (Cardigan).**—N.s. Lampeter, 14 m. Aaron; trout, salmon. (c.s.). Mude, 3 m. Cilcennin brook, 4 m. Aaron rises in Llyn Eiddwen, 7 m. N.W. from Tregaron, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by a brook which drains Llyn Fanod, 3 m. up, 6 m. N.W. from Tregaron. Aaron runs 4 m. to Llangeitho, 4 m. W. from Tregaron, and here Telyn, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 3 m. down Aaron, at Capel Bettws Lleidi, 4 m. W. from Pont Llanio, Gwenffrwd, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 3 m. down Aaron, Meurig joins on left bank, which rises 3 m. N. of Derry Ormond, and is 3 m. long. 2 m. down Aaron (n.s. Derry Ormond, 4 m.), Rhewfallen, 4 m. long, joins on right bank, and 1 m. down Aaron, Nant-y-fergy, 2 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Aaron, Gelli, which runs 6 m. N.W. from Lampeter and is 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Aaron, Gerwen, which rises above Llanfihangel Ystrad, 7 m. from Lampeter, and is 2 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. down Aaron, Cilcennin brook, 2 m. long, joins on right bank, 4 m. above Aberaeron. Aaron runs

- 2 m., when Mude, 6 m. long, joins on left bank. Aaron runs to Aberaeron and the sea 3 m. ARTH runs $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. N.E. of **Aberaeron** at Aber Arth. Arth rises in Llyn March, 6 m. S.E. of **Llanrhystyd**. This llyn is 1 m. S.W. of Llyn Fanod. Arth runs 5 m., when Bran, 2 m. long, joins on left bank. Arth runs 5 m. to Aber Arth and the sea.
- Aberafon** (Glamorgan).—S.W.R. Afon (trout) rises by Blaen Afon, and 4 m. down, where the road from **Cymmer** ($2\frac{1}{2}$ m. off on left bank) crosses it, Cerwg, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. 5 m. down Afon (n.s. **Aberafon**, 4 m.) a stream 4 m. long joins on right bank. Afon runs 5 m. to **Aberafon**, and 1 m. below is joined on left bank by Gwinau, 5 m. long. (c.s. *Usk*.)
- Aberaman** (Glamorgan).—A.B.R. Cynon. Aman. (See *Cardiff*.)
- Aber Angell** (Montgomery).—L. & N.W.R. Dovey; salmon trout. Angell. (c.s.) Hir, 1 m. E. Mynach, 1 m. N.E. Angell-Tafolog, 3 m. W. Dulaa, 4 m. E. (trout). (c.s. *Dovey*.) Llefeni, 4 m. E. *Lakes*: Llyn Lleccoediog, 1 m. E. (See *Machynlleth*.)
- Aberbran** (Brecon).—(Brecon.) N. & B.R. Usk; trout, salmon; preserved by a society. Bran; trout. Yscir; trout. (See *Brecon and Newport*.) (c.s.)
- Aberdaron** (Carnarvon).—n.s. **Pwllhelli**, 18 m.—Daron runs down in two branches joining at **Aberdaron**—Afon-fawr 5 m. long, and Afon-fach 3 m. long.
- Aberdene** (Glamorgan).—A.B.R. Cynon. Rhondda Fychan (4 m.). (See *Cardiff*.)
- Aberdare Junction** (Glamorgan). A.J.R. Taff; salmon, trout. (c.s.) Cynon. Gelli (2 m.). (See *Cardiff*.)
- Aberdovey** (Merioneth).—G.W.R. Good bass fishing, with a large fly of mixed crimson and white feathers. The following fishing stations are within two hour's journey:—Townyn, Lliwyngwiel, Arthog, Dolgellay, Brynglas, Dolgoch, Abergynolwyn, Glandovey, Machynlleth, Cammaes Road, Llanfihangel.
- Aberdyllias** (Glamorgan).—V.N.R. Neath. Dyllias. (See *Neath*.)
- Aberedw** (Radnor).—M.W.R. Wye; chub, dace, trout, salmon. Edw; good trouting; permissively freely given. Bach-howey brook (1 m.); trout. *Lakes*: Cawr (3 m.). Llanbychllyn and two other lakes (3 m.). Llyn pools (5 m.). Mann pools ($6\frac{1}{2}$ m.). (c.s.) (See *Chepstow*.)
- Aberffraw** (Anglesey).—n.s. **Bodorgan**, 3 m. Ffraw; trout. Ffraw, under the name of Grona, rises 4 m. above **Bodorgan**, and just below **Bodorgan** it waters Llyn Coron. The stream now takes the name of Ffraw, and $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below the lake is joined on left bank by Fraich Wen, which runs close to **Bodorgan** on the E. side, and is 4 m. long. 1 m. down Ffraw a stream joins on right bank, which runs out of Llyn Bodric 1 m. E. of **Tye-Croes** station, and is 3 m. long. Ffraw runs to **Aberffraw** and the sea in 1 m. Fraich Wen, 2 m. E. *Lakes*: Coron, 2 m. N.E.; trout. Bodric, 3 m. N. Faelog, 4 m. N.W. Sea fishing very good, particularly for pollack, near "Carreg-dral" (stone of the ebb); fish between 5lb. and 10lb. often taken; variety of other fish. Use a light line, i.e., with no sinker, 4 fathoms gimp or fine copper wire, and red or grey spinning eel; the grey eel preferable at dusk or by moonlight. The landlord of the Prince Llewellyn keeps a boat for visitors at the hotel. Hotel: Prince Llewellyn.
- Abergele** (Denbigh).—L. & N.W.R. Gela. (See *Rhyl, Llanfair, Talhaiarn*.)
- Abergwili** (Caermarthen).—C.B.R. Towy; salmon, sewin, trout; fishing free. Gwill; trout, sewin, salmon; fishing free. (c.s.) (See *Caermarthen*.)
- Abergynolwyn** (Merioneth).—G.W.R. Dysynni; trout; fishing free. (c.s. *Dovey*.) Gwynolwyn. (See *Townyn*.)
- Abernule** (Montgomery).—O. & N.R. Severn; trout, salmon, chub, &c. Mula. (c.s. *Severn*.) (See *Gloucester*.)
- Aberystwyth** (Cardigan).—G.W.R., L. & N.W.R. On Ystwyth; more or less polluted. Rheidol; salmon, trout. Melynddwr, 6 m. E. *Lakes*: Glan Rheidol, 7 m. E. Ystwyth rises 5 m. S.W. from **Llangurig**, and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by Dillou, 4 m. long (n.s. **Llangurig**, 5 m.). 4 m. down Ystwyth, Tilwyn, 2 m. long, joins on left bank, and 1 m. down, Eglwysnewydd Gal, 2 m. long, joins on left bank (n.s. **Traws Coed**, 7 m.). 2 m. down Ystwyth a stream joins on right bank, draining a llyn $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. up, by Llantrisant (n.s. **Traws Coed**, 5 m.). Ystwyth runs to **Traws Coed** 6 m., and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by Magwyr, 3 m. long. Ystwyth runs 2 m. to **Llan Llar**, just above which Creiddyn brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 3 m. down Ystwyth, Mad, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. down Ystwyth is **Llanrhystyd Road**, and $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. down, Eos, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. Ystwyth runs to Aberystwyth and sea in $1\frac{1}{2}$ m.
- RHEIDOL** rises on one of the spurs of Plymlimon, 8 m. S.E. of **Machynlleth**, and 3 m. down is joined on left bank by a stream draining Llyn Llygad, 1 m. up under the brow of Plymlimon, 9 m. N. from **The Devil's Bridge**. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down, Llygnant, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 10 m. N. from **Devil's Bridge**. 1 m. down Rheidol, Llechweddmaur, 5 m. long, joins on right bank 9 m. from **Devil's Bridge**. 2 m. down Rheidol, Rhyddlan, 4 m. long, joins on right bank 7 m. from **Devil's Bridge**. Rheidol runs 5 m. to Pont Erwyd, where Castell, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Rheidol runs 3 m. to **Devil's Bridge**, and here Myherin joins on left bank. Myherin rises in the two lakes Ienan, 6 m. N.E. from the **Devil's Bridge**, runs 4 m., when Rhyddnant, which rises in Llyn Rhyddnant 5 m. N.E. of **Devil's Bridge** and is 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Myherin runs 3 m. to **Devil's Bridge**. Here also a stream joins on right bank, draining a small lake 2 m. up; also the drainings of Llyn Lon, 1 m. W. of **Devil's Bridge**, joins on right bank. Rheidol runs 8 m. to near Capel Bangor, where Melynddwr, 7 m. long, joins on right bank. Just above this

junction the outflow of a lake at Glan Rheidol, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up, joins on right bank. Rheidol runs to **Aberystwyth** and sea 6 m.; a few bass are taken between this and Borth with a fly, also mackerel and gurnet. *Hotel*: Queen's. There are some small lakes up in the mountains, 2 m. from the Dyffryn Castle Hotel, which lies 14 m. from Aberystwyth. These lakes belong to J. Bonsall, Esq., of Dolé, who often gives permission. The fish run very large. Also the lakes which supply Aberystwyth with water; fishing free. (*See Pen-y-Bont*.)

Afon-wen (Merioneth).—L. & N.W.R. Wen. Wen rises 4 m. above **Llangybistation**, runs 1 m. to **Chwilog** and the sea at **Afon-wen**, 1 m.

Amlwch.—(*See Penrhoslligwy*.)

Arenig (Merioneth).—G.W.R. Trywerwyn; trout; preserved from its source to the junction of Gelyn 2 m. below **Arenig**; d.t. 1s. 6d. from the hotel, or of Mr. Roberts, fishackleist, **Bala**. (*c.s. Dee*.) Gelyn, 2 m. N.E.; trout; preserved as Trywerwyn. Scrw, 4 m. N. Clettwr, 7 m. N. Conway, 8 m. N. at Ysphyth Evan. (*c.s.*) (*See Conway*.) *Lakes*: Arenig-bach, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. N. Arenig, 2 m. S.E. Trywerwyn, 3 m. W. Scrw, 6 m. N.W. *Hotel*: Rhydy Fen.

Arleyn (Montgomery).—O. & N.R. Maerdy brook. Bete brook (1 m. S.). Severn (2 m. E.); chub, dace, trout, salmon. (*See Gloucester*.) (*c.s. Severn*.)

Arthog (Merioneth).—L. & N.W.R. and G.W.R. Mawddach; trout, sewin, few salmon; tickets at hotel. (*c.s. Dovey*.) Creigennan. *Lakes*: Creigennan, 1 m. S.E.; trout, perch; preserved by landlord; boats. Lllyn-y-Wylfa, 2 m. N.E. Cyri, 3 m. S. *Hotel* Arthog Hall (*see Advertisement*). (*See Barmouth*.)

Bala (Merioneth).—B.E. Dee; trout, salmon, chub; s.t. 42s., w.t. 5s., d.t. 2s. 6d.; tickets at the hotels. (*c.s.*) Trywerwyn; trout; s.t. 10s., w.t. 2s. 6d., d.t. 1s.; detached portions free. (*c.s. Dee*.) Corngant, 1 m. N.E. Hirnant, 1 m. E.; trout. Cymmerig, 1 m. S.E. Meloch, 2 m. N.E. *Lakes*: Bala or Tegid; pike, perch, roach, trout; free; boats at the hotels. (*c.s. Dee*.) *Hotels*: White Lion Royal (*see Advertisement*), Bull (*see Advertisement*), Plas Coch. (*See Arenig, Chester*.)

Bangor (Carnarvon).—L. & N.W.R. Bangor brook, 7 m. long; few trout; free.

OGWEN, 2 m. E.; salmon, trout; preserved by Lord Penrhyn for 2 m. next the sea, free above. Ogwen rises in Llyn Lloer, 6 m. N.W. from **Capel Curig**, runs 1 m. to Llyn Ogwen (capital trouting), 5 m. N.W. of **Capel Curig**, or 5 m. S.E. of **Bethesda**. 1 m. down the lake, near the lower end, a stream joins on left bank, draining Llyn Bochlwyd 1 m. up, 6 m. W. of **Capel Curig**. A trifle further on a stream joins on left bank, which, rising in Lllyn-y-Cwm, 8 m. W. of **Capel Curig** or 8 m. S.E. of **Bethesda**, runs 1 m. to Llyn Idwell (good trouting, boat), 7 m. W. of **Capel Curig** or 7 m. S.E. of **Bethesda**, and $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to Llyn Ogwen. 3 m. down Ogwen, 3 m. S.E. of **Bethesda**, Berthan, 2 m. long, joins on right bank, and 2 m. below, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. above **Bethesda**, Casey joins on right bank. Casey rises in Llyn Casey 5 m. S.E. of **Bethesda**, and 4 m. down, 1 m. S.E. of **Bethesda**, is joined on left bank by Llafer, 3 m. long. Casey runs to Ogwen in 1 m. Ogwen runs to **Bethesda** $\frac{1}{2}$ m. Here Fridd-las, 2 m. long, joins on right bank, and March on left bank. March rises in March-lynn-mawr, 3 m. across the hills, N.E. from **Llanberis**, runs 3 m. to the Penrhyn slate quarries and St. Ann's Chapel, and 1 m. below is joined on left bank by a stream which rises in March-lynn bach, lying $\frac{1}{2}$ m. N.W. of March-lynn-mawr, 3 m. N.E. of **Llanberis**. This stream is 4 m. long. Ogwen runs 5 m. to the sea. *Hotel*: British. (*See Beaumaris*.)

Bargoed (Glamorgan).—R. & N.R. Rumney; trout, salmon; preserved. Crinlach. (*See Cardiff*.) (*c.s.*)

Barmouth (Merioneth).—G.W.R. Mawddach; salmon, trout. Mawddach rises in Llyn Crych-y-waen, 4 m. N. across the hills for **Drws-y-nant**, and, 3 m. down, is joined on left bank by Geirw, 2 m. long, and a nameless brook on right bank. 3 m. down Mawddach, 3 m. N. from **Tyn-y-groes**, Gain joins on right bank. Gain is some 7 m. long, and, 3 m. from its source, is joined on right bank by a short stream draining Llyn Gelli-gain, 3 m. S.E. from **Trawsfynydd**. 2 m. down Mawddach, at Pont-ar-Eden, 1 m. N. from **Tyn-y-groes**, Eden joins on right bank. Eden rises in Llyn Pryvyd (good trout), 9 m. N. from **Tyn-y-groes**, or 7 m. N.E. from **Llanbedr** up the Artro Valley, past Llyn Cwm Bychan, and 1 m. N.E. of that lake runs $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to Llyn Twrgla, and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by a stream, 1 m. long, draining Llyn Graiddrwg, 1 m. E. of Llyn Ciddow-mawr, and 4 m. E. of **Talsarnan**, or 5 m. N.E. of **Harlech**. 5 m. down Eden, at Pont Lllyn-y-Cafn, 4 m. N. from **Tyn-y-groes**, Ddu, which rises in Llyn Ddu (many small trout), and is 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Llyn Ddu lies 7 m. N.W. from **Tyn-y-groes**. Eden joins Mawddach 3 m. down. Camlan joins Mawddach $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below on right bank. Camlan rises in Lllyn-y-bi, 5 m. N.W. from **Tyn-y-groes**. 2 m. down (1 m. below the slate quarries), a stream, 1 m. long, joins on left bank, draining Lllyn-y-Fran, 4 m. N.W. from **Tyn-y-groes**. 2 m. down Camlan a stream, 1 m. long, joins on left bank, draining Llyn Pen-y-ganllwyd, 3 m. N. from **Tyn-y-groes**. 1 m. below Camlan joins Mawddach, which runs 1 m. to **Tyn-y-groes**, n.s. **Dolgelly**, 4 m. 2 m. down Mawddach, two streams, 4 m. and 3 m. long, join on left bank. 3 m. below, **Dolgelly** being 1 m. off on left bank, Wnion joins on left bank. Wnion rises 4 m. above **Drws-y-nant**, just below which place, on left bank, the Harnog and Cwm-ochr, each 3 m. long, joins Wnion at the same spot. 1 m. down Wnion, Ciddow, 3 m. long, joins on right bank, and, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down, Fidw, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Wnion runs 2 m. to **Pont Newydd**, and, 2 m. down, is joined on

left bank by Ddybin, 4 m. long. Wnion runs to **Dolgelly** 2 m. Here a stream joins on left bank, which drains Llyn Aras 3 m. up. Wnion joins Mawddach 2 m. down. Mawddach runs 2 m. to **Penmaenpool**, and here Mynach, which rises in Llyn Cwm-mynach and is 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Mawddach Gadr joins on left bank. Gadr rises in Llyn Gadr, 4 m. S.W. from **Dolgelly**, runs $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to Llyn Gadr, and, 1 m. below, where the main road crosses, is joined on right bank by the drainage of Llyn Gwernan, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up, 2 m. S.W. of **Dolgelly**. Gadr runs to Mawddach 2 m. Mawddach runs 1 m., when Llechan, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Mawddach, a stream joins on left bank, draining Llyn-y-Wylla 2 m. up, 2 m. N.E. from **Arthog**. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Mawddach, on the right bank, Goetref, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Mawddach, close to **Barmouth**, Creigennan joins on left bank. Creigennan rises in Llyn Cyri, and, 2 m. down, close to **Arthog**, is joined on right bank by the drainage of Llyn Creigennan, 1 m. up. The brook joins Mawddach 1 m. down, which runs to Barmouth and the sea 1 m. on. (c.s. Dovey.) **Egryn**, 2 m. N., 3 m. long, joins the sea below Egryn Abbey; good sea fishing, skate, haddock, whiting, whiting pout, and a few bass and dog fish. *Hotel: Marine. Fishing stations within reach: Arthog, Penmaenpool, Dolgelly, Dyffryn, Llanbedr, Harlech, Talsarnan, Penrhysdendraeth, Portmadoc, Llwyngwril, Towyn, Aberdovey, Machynlleth.*

Beaumaris (Anglesea).—n.s. **Bangor**, 6 m. Llandifan brook, 3 m. S.W. *Lakes: Bodgolched*, $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. N.W. Llyn-y-pare, $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. S.W. Llyn-y-gors, 2 m. S.W. Llwydiarth, 4 m. N.W. (See *Llangeinwen*.) Opposite the town and all along the Straits you may get plenty of small codlings, flatfish, &c. The best baits are mussels, black bait, and soft crabs. There is fair bass fishing between the Menai and Tubular Bridges, also at Puffin Island for pollack; sand-eels at the Ditchman Sands. There is good rod-fishing off shore along the north and west coast of Anglesea, especially at the Skerries, where, with a white fly, the black and white pollack may be taken. August and September are the best months for bass fishing here.

Beddgelert (Carnarvon).—N.W.R. Glaslyn; trout, sewin, salmon; w.t. 5s. (c.s. Dovey.) Colwyn. Nant-y-Mor, 3 m. S.E. Croesor, 4 m. S.E. Dwyfach, 5 m. W.; trout. (c.s.) (See *Criccieth*.) *Lakes: Llyn-y-Ddinas*, 2 m. N.E.; salmon, trout; boats. (c.s. Dovey.) Y-Arddu, 3 m. S.E. Llynian Cerig-y-Mellt, 3 m. S.E. Hafod-y-Llyn, 3 m. S. Gwynant, 4 m. N.E.; trout, sewin, salmon; boats. (c.s. Dovey.) Llagi, $4\frac{1}{2}$ m. E. Y-Adar, 5 m. E. Bliswail, 5 m. E. Edno, 6 m. N.E.; large trout. Llynian Cwm, 6 m. N.E.; large trout. *Hotels: Royal, Goat, Saracens Head, Prince Llewelyn*, where tickets can be had. (See *Portmadoc*.)

Begelly (Pembroke).—G.W.R. Kilrelgy brook, 5 m. long, runs 1 m. E. Carn (3 m.). Langdon brook (3 m.). (See *Loveston*.)

Berwyn for Llantisiilio (Denbigh).—G.W.R. Dee; chub, grayling, trout, pike, salmon; preserved by Glynwdr Society from **Carrog** above to **Llangollen** below. (See *Llangollen*.) (c.s.) Berwyn. (See *Chester*.)

Bethesda (Carnarvon).—n.s. **Bangor**, 5 m. Ogwen; trout, salmon, sea trout. Casey. Fridd-las. March. Llafer, 1 m. S.E. Berthan, 3 m. S.E. *Lakes: Ogwen*, 5 m. S.E.; trout; free; boats. Casey, 5 m. S.E. Ffynnon Llyfaint, 5 m. S.E. Melynllyn, 6 m. E. Dulyn, 6 m. E. Idwell; trout; boats; free; 7 m. S.E. Llyn-y-Cwm, 8 m. S.E. *Hotel: Douglas Arms.* (See *Bangor*; *Conway*.)

Bettws Garmon (Carnarvon).—Gwrffai; salmon, trout; free. (c.s. *Seiont*.) (See *Llanwnda*.)

Bettws-y-Coed (Carnarvon).—L. & N.W.R. Conway; trout, salmon, sewin; tickets for the Gwydyr fishery can be had at the hotels and of Mr. Parry, chemist (for terms see *Llanwrst*.) (c.s.) Llugwy; trout, salmon; salmon fishing begins May 1; tickets to fish the S. bank of Llugwy from Pont-y-pair to the junction with Conway, May 1 to Nov. 15, 3l.; May 1 to Oct. 31, m.t. 15s., w.t. 5s., d.t. 2s.; and from Nov. 1 to 15, w.t. 10s., d.t. 3s.; trout fishing from March 1 to Oct. 1 above Pont-y-pair. (c.s. *Conway*.) Lledr, 2 m. S.; trout, salmon; salmon fishing same as for Llugwy; troutling above Pont-y-pant bridge from March 1 to Aug. 1, and above Dolwyddelen bridge from March 1 to Oct. 1; for these rivers, their lakes, and tributaries, except Dunwanned lakes, s.t. 3s., w.t. 1s.; fly only; no Sunday fishing; tickets at hotels. (c.s. *Conway*.) Machno, 3 m. S. Hwch, 4 m. S.E. Eidda, 5 m. S.E. Cadnant, 6 m. S.E. Merddwr, 6 m. S.E. Laethog, 10 m. S.E. *Lakes: Haeli*, 1 m. S.W.; trout; boats. Llyn-y-Parc, 2 m. N. Pen-craig, 3 m. N.W. Conway; trout; 9 m. S.; preserved. (c.s.) Alwen, 9 m. E. Llyn-y-Curt, 10 m. S.E. *Hotels: Royal Oak, Waterloo, Gwydyr, and Glenaber.* (See *Conway*; *Chester*.)

Bishopston (Glamorgan).—(n.s. **Mumbles Road**, 3 m.) Kittle brook, 5 m. long.

Black Mill (Glamorgan). O.V.B. On Ogmore. (See *Bridgend*.) (c.s.)

Bodfari (Denbigh).—L. & N.W.R. Wheeler. Clwyd, 1 m. W.; salmon, trout. (c.s.) (See *Rhyl*.)

Bodorgan (Anglesea).—L. & N.W.R. Ffraw or Gwna; trout. Faich-wen. Cefni, 2 m. S.E.; salmon, trout. (c.s. *Seiont*.) Cefni rises 2 m. above **Llangwyllog**, runs 5 m. to **Llangefni**. 1 m. down, Llanfennan brook, 6 m. long, joins on left bank. Cefni runs to the sea in 5 m. *Lakes: Coron*; trout. Bodric or Maslog, 4 m. N.W. (See *Aberffraw*.) *Hotel: Bodorgan Arms.*

Borth.—There is no fishing to speak of. The small stream running near is poisoned with mine water. (See *Aberystwith*.)

Boughrood (Brecon).—M.W.R. Wye; trout, salmon, chub, dace. Cunrig (2 m.) (c.s.) (See *Chepstow, England*.)

- Branwydd Arms** (Caermarthen).—C. & C.B. Gwill; trout, sewin, salmon; free fishing. (c.s. Towey.) (See *Caermarthen*.) Cynnen (2 m.) (See *Laugharne*.)
- Brawdy** (Pembroke).—(n.s. *Haverfordwest*, 10 m.) Brawdy brook, 7 m. long.
- Brecknock** (Brecon).—N. & B.R. Usk; trout, salmon. Honddu; trout. Taret; trout. Cynrig (2 m.). Llyn-Ow-m-Llwhc (6 m.). (See *Newport*.) (c.s.) Usk is preserved by the United Usk Fishery Association from *Difynock*, except a small portion. The Castle Hotel Company will supply information. Salmon and trout rod licences 20s. and 1s., from Mrs. Hughes, stationer. Residents within 1 m. of Brecon Town Hall can fish—salmon and trout s.t. 10s., trout s.t. 5s.—between Aberbrân bridge and the bottom of Defendan meadow; tickets for fishing in any of the Association waters in Brecknockshire are issued at—salmon and trout s.t. 20s., w.t. 10s., d.t. 5s.; trout w.t. 8s., d.t. 2s. 6d.; tickets from Mrs. Hughes, stationer, and Castle Hotel, Brecon, and at Post-office, Sennybridge; salmon fishing begins April 2, ends Nov. 1; trout begins Feb. 15, ends Sept. 30; no gaff before May 1; no dogs; no Sunday fishing. 5 m. from Brecon is Llangorse pool, containing several kinds of fish, principally pike and perch; boats can be hired, and the fishing is good; all bait must be taken to the lake. *Fisherman*: Pritchard. A large fly is good for big pike here. The innkeeper at the Castle can procure a day or two's salmon fishing on Wye. (See *Usk*.)
- Bridgend** (Glamorgan).—S.W.R. Ogmore and Evenny; trout, salmon. Ogmore rises by *Black Mill* station, runs 9 m. to *Tondu*, 1 m. below which, at St. Bride's, Llynvi joins on right bank. Llynvi rises by *Gimmer*, runs 2 m. to *Maestrog*, 2 m. to *Llan-gonoed*, 4 m. to *Tondu*, and Ogmore 1 m. Ogmore runs 4 m. to *Bridgend*, and 3 m. below, at Ogmore Castle, is joined on left bank by Evenny river. Evenny rises above *Fencosed*, runs 5 m. to *Bridgend* (1½ m. off), and 3 m. down joins Ogmore. The sea is reached in 2 m.
- Brymbo** (Denbigh).—L. & N.W.R. Eadyn, 1 m. N.W. Alyn, 1 m. N.; trout. (c.s. *Dec.*) Clynwedog, 5 m. S.W. *Lakes*: Mawr-y-Mynydd, 5 m. S.W. (See *Chester*.)
- Bryn-Amman** (Caermarthen).—S.V.E. Amman; trout. (See *Livchur*.) (c.s. *Towey*.)
- Bryn Glas** (Merioneth).—G.W.R. L. & N.W.R. Fefinder. Dysynni, 2 m. W.; sewin, trout, salmon. (c.s. *Dovey*.) (See *Towyn*.)
- Brynkr** (Carmarvon).—L. & N.W.R. Dwyfach; trout, sewin, salmon. (c.s.) Dwyfawr, 2 m. E.; trout, sewin, salmon. (c.s.) Istrallyn, 2 m. E. (See *Criccieth*.)
- Builth** (Brecon).—O.R. Wye; chub, dace, pike, roach, salmon, trout, grayling. Irton; chub, dace, trout, grayling, salmon. Ohwefru. Oneiddon (1 m.). Dihonw (2 m.). Baild brook (2½ m.). Camnant (4 m.). *Hotel*: Lion, where fishing can be had in Wye and Irton. (c.s.) (See *Chepstow, England*.)
- Builth Road** (Radnor).—M.W.R. Wye; salmon, trout, chub, dace, pike. Dulas. (c.s.) (See *Chepstow, England*.)
- Buttington** (Montgomery).—O. & N.R. Severn; trout, salmon, chub, dace. Trewern. (1 m. N.E.) (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Cadoxton** (Glamorgan).—(n.s. *Cardiff*, 7 m.) S.W.R. The Cadoxton stream rises by Michaelston, 3½ m. from *Cardiff*, runs 3 m. to Cadoxton, and joins the sea 4 m. below.
- Caermarthen**.—O.B.R. *Hotel*: Boar's Head. Towey; salmon, sewin, pike, trout; free fishing. Towey rises in Llyn Ddu (n.s. *Strata Florida*, 5 m. S.E.). 2 m. down a stream joins on left bank, which drains Llyn Gorast 1 m. up (n.s. *Strata Florida*, 4 m.). Towey runs 10 m. and is joined on right bank by Camddwr, which rises 6 m. E. from *Tregaron*, reached by the road up Nant Berwyn, and is 9 m. long. Towey runs 4 m. and is joined on right bank by Docthiam, which rises in Llyn Berwyn 5 m. E. from *Tregaron* (reached by the road up Nant Berwyn), runs 4 m., when Docthiam fash, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 5 m. down, Pysgotwr joins on right bank. Pysgotwr rises 4 m. E. from Llanddewi Brefi (n.s. *Pont Llanio*, 2 m.), and 4 m. down is joined on right bank by Pysgotwr fash, 3 m. long. 2 m. down, Pysgotwr joins Docthiam, which joins Towey 2 m. down. 2 m. down Towey (n.s. *Cynghordy*, 6 m.), Gwenfwrdd, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. 4 m. down Towey, at Aber Rhaisadr (n.s. *Cynghordy*, 3 m.) (fishing free), Rhaisadr, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 3 m. down Towey, at Abergwenlas (n.s. *Llandovery*, 4 m.), Gwenlas (fishing free), 5 m. long, joins on right bank, passing Ollewin 1 m. up from the junction. ¼ m. down Towey, Dunant, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Towey runs to *Llandovery* 3 m., and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by Bran. Bran rises 4 m. above *Cynghordy*, and 3 m. below that station is joined on left bank by Crychan, 6 m. long. 4 m. down Bran, at *Llandovery*, Gwdderig, 10 m. long, joins on left bank. 3 m. up Gwdderig from *Llandovery*, Gwenst, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Bran joins Towey 2 m. below. Towey runs 3 m. to *Llanwrda*, where Ynys (6 m. long) and Dulas (8 m.) join on right bank. 3 m. down Towey, at *Llangadock*, Marles, 5 m. long, joins on left bank, and Sefin and Sawdde on left bank. Sefin rises 2 m. above Myddfai (n.s. *Llangadock*, 6 m.), and 2 m. below the village is joined on left bank by Llechdawdd, 4 m. long. 2 m. down Sefin, Sefin Isaf, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Sefin runs to Towey and *Llangadock* 3 m. Sawdde rises in Llyn-y-fan-fach (plenty of small trout), which lies 2 m. W. of Llyn-y-fan-fawr (n.s. *Fen-y-wyllt*, 7 m.). 3 m. down by Llanddainsain, Buartharch, 2 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. down Sawdde, Dyfnant, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Sawdde, Sawdde fechan joins on left bank. After running 4 m., this brook is joined by the Olydach, 5 m. long, on left bank, the united stream running 1 m. to Sawdde, which runs

to Towey and **Llangadock** 5 m. Towey runs to **Glanrhyd** 2 m., and **Talley Road** 2 m. Here Dulas joins on right bank. Dulas rises by Talley and 4 m. down is joined on right bank by Tallaris, which rises in Llyn Tallaris $3\frac{1}{2}$ m. from **Talley Road**, and is 2 m. long. Dulas joins Towey 2 m. down. Towey runs 2 m. to **Llandilo** (fishing in Towey is free hence to its source, but preserved below by Earl Cawdor), where Cennen joins on left bank. Cennen rises 5 m. above **Derwydd Road**, and runs thence to **Llandilo** in 4 m. 3 m. down Towey (n.s. **Golden Grove**, 1 m.), Cyfyng, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Towey runs to **Golden Grove** 1 m., and **Llanarthney** 3 m. Fishing free below; preserved by Earl Cawdor above. Here Dulas joins on right bank. Dulas 5 m. from its source is joined on right bank by Sannan, which rises 2 m. above Llanfynydd, and joins Dulas 4 m. down. Dulas runs to **Llanarthney** 3 m. Towey runs 3 m. to **Nantgaredig**, when Cothi joins on right bank. Cothi rises 6 m. S.E. of **Pont Llanio**, and 9 m. down is joined on right bank by Mancoed, 3 m. long. 3 m. down Cothi, Twrch joins on right bank. Twrch rises 6 m. S.E. of **Pont Llanio**, close to Cothi, runs to Llan-y-Crwyys 6 m., and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by Cwmpedol, 3 m. long, **Lampeter** being 5 m. off. 3 m. down, Twrch joins Cothi. 4 m. down Cothi, Bannell, 7 m. long, joins on left bank (n.s. **Llanwrda**, 7 m.), and $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down, Vellinddwr, which divides into two parts at Llansawyl, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up from Cothi, each some 6 m. long, joins on right bank (n.s. **Llanwrda**, 7 m.). 2 m. down Cothi, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. from Llansawyl, the outflow of two lakes by Talley, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up, joins on left bank (n.s. **Talley Road**, 6 m.). Cothi flows to Abergorlech 4 m. (*Hotel*: The Cottage, n.s. **Talley Road**, 10 m.). Here Gorlech, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 4 m. down Cothi a stream joins on right bank, 6 m. long. 1 m. down Cothi, Marles joins on right bank; this stream divides into two parts, each 5 m. long, 1 m. up, at Brechfa (*Hotel*: Forest Arms, n.s. **Nantgaredig**, 8 m.). Cothi joins Towey, 8 m. down, at **Nantgaredig**. 5 m. down Towey, at **Abergwili**, Gwili joins Towey. Gwili rises 6 m. above **Llanpumpaint**, where it is joined on right bank by a short stream, runs thence to **Cynwyl** 4 m., where Duad joins on right bank; this stream is 6 m. long, and 1 m. up from the junction, at Cynwyl Elfed, is joined on left bank by a stream 4 m. long. Gwili runs to **Branwydd Arms** 3 m., and **Abergwili** 3 m. Towey runs to **Caermarthen** 2 m. 2 m. down, Pibwr, which rises $\frac{1}{2}$ m. S. of **Nantgaredig** and is 6 m. long, joins on left bank. To 3 m. down Towey the tide flows. The best flies are blue duns and yellow March brown. (*See Aitchely.*)

Caerphilly (Glamorgan).—R.E. Glydyr. Ceffyl. Rumney (1 m.); trout, salmon. (c.s.) (*See Cardiff.*)

Caerwys (Montgomery).—N. & M.B. Severn; trout, salmon, chub, &c. Tarannon. Garno. Belof (2 m.). Taru (3 m.). (c.s. *Severn*). (*See Gloucester.*)

Caerwys (Flint).—L. & N.W.E. Wheeler. Helyg, 3 m. N. *Lakes*: Helyg, 3 m. N. (*See Rhyl.*)

Can-Office (Montgomery).—(n.s. **Welshpool**, 16 m., or **Dinas Mowddwy**, 14 m.) Banw; trout, chub, salmon; free. Eira; trout; preserved by Sir W. Wynne, but tickets can be had by visitors to the hotel. Gwylyfryn (1 m. N.E.). Nydwydd ($\frac{1}{2}$ m. S.); free. Oledau (2 m. S.); free. Twrch (2 m. N.W.); chub, salmon, good trout; free. Gringae (3 m. N.E.). Llynhrir (3 m. S.E.). Vyrnwy (5 m. N.); trout, salmon, chub, &c.; preserved by Sir W. Wynne, but tickets can be had at the hotel. *Lakes*: Gwylyfryn (2 m. N.E.). Granwyddan (4 m. S.); good trout, preserved, but leave may be had sometimes. Hir (5 m. S.); good trout, preserved, but leave may be had sometimes. Bugail (6 m. S.). Y-Bugail (6 m. N.W.); good trout; leave may be had sometimes. Coch-Nwynd (8 m. W.); good trout; preserved by Sir W. W.; leave sometimes. By staying at the hotel (very comfortable) 20 m. of fishing can be had, commencing March 15. (*See Gloucester; Welshpool.*) (c.s. *Severn*.)

Capel Curig (Carnarvon).—n.s. **Betta-y-Coed**, 5 m. Llugwy; trout; tickets at hotels (for terms see **Betta-y-Coed**). (c.s. *Conwy*.) Gwryd; trout. Ogwen, 6 m. N.W.; trout; free. *Lakes*: Mymbyr (2); trout; boats. Coryn, 1 m. N.E. Bychan, 3 m. N.E. Cwlyd, 2 m. N.; trout. Crafnant, 3 m. N.E.; trout; boat. Bodgynydd, 3 m. E.N.E. Geirionydd, 3 m. N.E. Goddion-duon, 4 m. N.E. Eglan, 4 m. N. Ogwen, 6 m. N.W.; trout; free; boats. Llugwy, 5 m. N.W.; trout. Idwal, 6 m. W.; trout; free; boat. Bochlwyd, 6 m. W.; trout. Melynlyn, 6 m. N.N.E. Llŵer, 6 m. N.W. Dulyn, 6 m. N.N.E. Ffynnon Llyfaint, 6 m. N.W. Idwell, 7 m. W. Llyn-y-Owm, 8 m. W. *Hotels*: Royal, Tan-y-bwlch, and Swallow Falls. (*See Conwy*.)

Cardiff (Glamorgan).—S.W.B. *Hotels*: Angel, Park. On Ely, Taff, and Rhymney. Ely rises 8 m. N. of **Llantrissant**, and 5 m. down is joined by a stream on left bank 3 m. long. Llantrissant town is 1 m. E. of the junction. 1 m. down Ely, Dowlas brook, 6 m. long, joins left bank. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Ely is Llantrissant station, and $\frac{1}{2}$ m. lower a brook 3 m. long joins on right bank. Ely runs 4 m., and is joined on right bank by a stream which drains the lake in Hensol Park 1 m. up. 2 m. down Ely is **Peterston**, and here a stream joins on right bank, which drains 4 lakes by Welch St. Donats 4 m. up. Ely runs 4 m. to **St. Fagans, Ely Bridge** (S.W.B.), and **Llandaff** (1 m. away) 2 m., and joins the sea at Penarth 2 m. from Cardiff. (c.s.) Taff and Ely are preserved by Taff and Ely Fishing Association. The Reservoir, between the East and West Bute Docks, contains abundance of tolerably fine roach. The best point is at the entrance of the feeder, or opposite, below the upper reservoir, which contains a few fish. Plenty of caddis may be found in a small brook behind the new cemetery. On Penarth Moor, just to the left of the road to Penarth is a large pond containing roach and large

rudd; leave must be obtained for this water from Mr. Corbett. Penarth Harbour, just opposite Cardiff, ten minutes by boat, contains abundance of fine mullet and small bass. Bait with ragworm (here called mudworm). (See *Cadoxton*.)

TAFF.—Trout, salmon, sewin, roach. Taff rises 5 m. above **Dolygaer**, runs thence 2 m. to **Pontestocill**, **Pant** 1 m., **Cefn** 3 m. Here Taff fawr joins on right bank. This stream rises on the slopes of Bryndu, and 5 m. down is joined at Pont-ar-daf on right bank by a stream 1 m. long which runs out of Llyn-y-Gader. Taff fawr runs to **Cefn** 4 m. Taff runs to **Merthyr** 1 m., **Traed-y-rhiw** 2 m., **Quakers' Yard** 4 m. Here Bargawd Taff, 6 m. long, joins on right bank. Taff runs to **Aberdare Junction** 1 m. Here Cynon joins on right bank. Cynon rises 4 m. above **Hirwann**, runs thence to **Llyndeged** 2 m., **Aberdare** 2½ m. 2 m. down, at **Aberaman**, **Aman**, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Cynon runs to **Mountain Ash** 2 m., and **Aberdare Junction** and Taff 4 m. Taff runs 2 m., and is joined on right bank by Gelli, 6 m. long. Taff runs to **Pont-y-Prydd** 2 m. Here Rhondda joins on right bank. Rhondda rises 2 m. above **Treherbert**, runs 4 m. thence to **Istrad-y-Fodwo** and **Pont** 5 m. Here Rhondda Fychan joins on left bank. This stream, after running 3 m., passes 4 m. S.W. from **Aberdare**, runs to **Pont** 6 m. Rhondda runs to **Pont-y-prydd** and Taff 3 m. Taff runs to **Treforest** 1 m., **Walnuttree** 5 m., **Llandaff** 4 m., and Cardiff 3 m.

RUMNEY (trout, salmon, sewin) rises 4 m. above **Rhymney**, runs thence to **Pontlottyn** 2 m., **Tyr Phil** 3 m., **Bargoed** 3 m. Here Crinlach, which rises by **Ffoe-rhiw**, runs 3 m. to **Darran**, and Rumney, 3 m., joins on left bank. Rumney runs to **Pengarn** 2 m., **Hengoed** 3 m., **Bedwas** 6 m. Here Ceffyl, 6 m. long, and Glydyr, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. **Caerphilly** is midway up on both these streams, and 1 m. from Rumney, which runs to **Church Road** 4 m., **Rhywderin** (2 m. off) 4 m., and Rumney (n.s. **Cardiff**, 2 m.) 6 m. Here a brook joins on right bank 6 m. long. 1 m. down is Uak Estuary. (c.s.) Rumney and Taff are preserved for some distance above the town; leave is sometimes granted. Inquire at the local tackle shops.

Cardigan (n.s. **Crymmich**). Teifi; salmon, trout. Teifi rises in Llyn Teifi 3 m. from **Strata Florida**, and 2 m. down is joined on left bank by Egnant, which rises in Llyn Ifer, which lies ½ m. E. of Llyn Teifi, runs thence to Llyn Egnant ½ m. Close to the lower end of the Llyn a stream joins on right bank, draining Llyn Gron a short way up. 1 m. down Egnant a stream joins on right bank, draining Llyn-y-gorlan 1 m. up. This Llyn lies W. of, but close to, Llyn Gron. All of them are within 4 m. of **Strata Florida** (trouting very good at times). 2 m. down Egnant, Mwyr, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. from **Strata Florida**, and 1 m. down, Egnant joins Teifi. Teifi runs 1 m. to **Strata Florida**, and here Glasfrwd, 4 m. long, joins on left bank, and Rhuest, 3 m. long, on right bank. Teifi runs 1 m. to the railway station, where Marchnant joins on right bank. Marchnant 4 m. from its source is joined on left bank by Gwyddyl, 2 m. long. 2 m. down, Marchnant joins Teifi. 3 m. down Teifi, Tfiur, which rises 2 m. S. from **Strata Florida**, and is 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Teifi runs 3 m. when the outflow of Maes Llyn, ½ m. up, joins on left bank (n.s. **Tregaron**, 2 m.). ½ m. down Teifi, Camddwr, 6 m. long, joins on right bank. Close to the junction, Fulbrook, 2 m. long, joins on left bank. Teifi runs 2 m. to **Tregaron**, where Nant-y-groes joins on left bank. This stream rises in Llyn Crugnant, 4 m. S. from **Strata Florida**. 7 m. down, Berwyn, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. **Tregaron** and Teifi are 2 m. down. Teifi runs 2 m. to **Pont Llanio**, where Carfan, 2 m. long, joins on left bank. 3 m. down Teifi, Brenig, which rises 5 m. above Llanddewi Brefi (n.s. **Pont Llanio**, 2 m.), and runs thence to Teifi 2 m., joins on left bank. Teifi runs to Llanfair Clydogan (n.s. **Derry Ormond**, 2 m.). Clywedog, 5 m. long, here joins on left bank. Teifi runs 2 m., when Cynon, 3 m. long, joins on left bank (n.s. **Lampeter**, 2½ m.). 1 m. down Teifi, Goy, 2 m. long, joins on left bank, and 2 m. down again is **Lampeter**. Here Dulas, which rises 4 m. above **Derry Ormond**, and joins Teifi 4 m. down, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Teifi a stream 5 m. long joins on right bank. 4 m. down Teifi, Granell, 8 m. long, joins on right bank (n.s. **Llan-y-Byther**, 3 m.). Teifi runs 2 m. to Pencarreg, near which, close by the railway, is Llyn Pencarreg (n.s. **Llan-y-Byther**, 2 m.), where a stream 3 m. long joins on left bank. Teifi runs 3 m., and is joined on left bank by Celliog, 3 m. long (n.s. **Maes-y-Cruglan**, 3 m.). 1 m. down Teifi, Oathal, 7 m. long, joins on right bank (n.s. **Llan-y-Byther**, 2 m.). Teifi runs 3 m. to **Maes-y-Cruglan**, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by Cletwr. 6 m. from its source Cletwr is joined on left bank by Cletwr fach, 4 m. long. 2 m. down, Geyron, 2 m. long, joins on left bank; and 1 m. down Cletwr, Cinen, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Cletwr runs to Teifi 2 m. 3 m. down Teifi, just above **Llandysil**, Cerdin joins on right bank. Cerdin rises by Capel Cynon, runs 7 m., when Ythan, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Cerdin is Teifi and **Llandysil**. Just below **Llandysil**, Twelli joins on left bank. Twelli rises 3 m. above **Fen Caber**, and 3 m. down is joined on left bank by Gweddell, 4 m. long. 1 m. down Twelli is Teifi. Teifi runs 3 m. to Llangeller, and 2 m. down is joined on left bank by Bydrell, 6 m. long (n.s. **Llandysil**, 5 m.). Teifi runs ½ m., when Gernos, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Teifi runs 3 m. to **Newcastle Emlyn** (n.s. **Llandysil**, 8 m.), and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by Ceri. 2 m. from its source, Bedw, 4 m. long, joins Ceri on left bank. Ceri runs 4 m., when Dulas joins on right bank, 4 m. long. Ceri runs 5 m. to Teifi. 4 m. down Teifi a stream 5 m. long joins on right bank. 2 m. down Teifi, Cych joins. Cych rises some 6 m. S. of **Newcastle Emlyn**, and 3 m. down is joined on right bank by Bowy, 2 m. long.

1 m. down Cych, Mamog, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Cych a stream 3 m. long joins on left bank. 1 m. down Cych, Connud, which rises by Capel Coleman, 8 m. S. of **Cardigan**, and is 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Cych joins Teifi 3 m. down. Teifi runs to Manordivey, 4 m. S.E. of **Cardigan**, where Iefed, 2 m. long, joins on right bank. Teifi runs 1 m. to Llechrhyd, 3 m. from **Cardigan**, where a stream, which rises by Tremain 5 m. N.E. of **Cardigan**, and is 5 m. long, joins on right bank; and another, 3 m. long, on left bank. Teifi runs 2 m. to Cilgerran, 3 m. S.E. of **Cardigan**, where a brook 3 m. long joins on left bank. Teifi runs to **Cardigan** 3 m. Here Ffrwyd, which rises above Bridell, and is 6 m. long, joins on left bank; and Llwyn-Llwyd, 5 m. long, on right bank. 3 m. down, Teifi joins **Cardigan** Bay. (c.s.)

Carew (Pembroke).—(n.s. **Pembroke**, 4 m.) Carew brook, which rises by **Saunders-foot**, and is 4 m. long.

Carnarvon.—(L. & N.W.B. Seiont; salmon, trout, sewin. (c.s.) Seiont rises in two small lakelets in Cwm-llas, under the crest of Snowdon, and runs to **Llanberris**, 3 m. Here Seiont enters the Llanberris lakes Llyn Peris and Llyn Padarn. Llyn Peris is 1 m. long, and at the lower end is the railway station and the Victoria Hotel. Here joins on left bank Llwh. Llwh rises in Llyn-dur-Arddu, 4 m. S.E. of **Llanberris**, and 3 m. down is joined on left bank by the drainage of Llyn Dwythoch $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up, 2 m. S.W. of **Llanberris** station. 1 m. down, Llwh joins the lake. Seiont runs in $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to Llyn Padarn, 2 m. long. Seiont runs to Carnarvon in 8 m. Braint, 4 m. N.W.; salmon, trout. (See *Llangeinwen*.) Hotel: Royal. Fair sea fishing, good bass at times.

Carno (Montgomery).—N. & M.B. Garu or Llwyd. Pwll-lydau. Cledau. Cerniog (1 m.). Tarrannon (4 m.); trout. Lakes: Gloyw (4 m.). Bugail (7 m. N.). Hir (9 m. N.E.); good trouting; preserved, but leave may sometimes be had. Grahwyddau (10 m.); good trouting; preserved, but leave may be had sometimes. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)

Carrog (Merioneth).—L. & N.W.B., G.W.B. Dee; trout, grayling, pike, salmon (c.s.); preserved above by Corwen Angling Association for 12 m. (see *Corwen*); tickets at the hotel or the railway station; below here begins the fishery of the Glynwdr Society (for terms see *Llangollen*); tickets at the railway station. Morwynion. Llechog, 1 m. W. Ceiriog, 2 m. S.; trout. (c.s. *Dee*.) Hotel: Grouse. (See *Chester*.)

Castle Martin (Pembroke).—(n.s. **Pembroke**, 5 m.) Castle Martin brook, which rises in the lakes at Oriulton 3 m. from **Pembroke**, runs 3 m. to Castle Martin and the sea 3 m.

Cefn (Denbigh).—G.W.B. Dee; salmon, chub, trout, grayling, pike; preserved hence up to Llangollen by Llangollen Trout and Grayling Preservation Society. (c.s.) (See *Llangollen*.) Ceiriog, 2 m. S.E. (c.s. *Dee*.) (See *Chester*.)

Cefn (Glamorgan).—B. & M.T.J.B. Taff; trout, salmon. Taff fawr; trout, salmon. (c.s.) Kenfig. Lakes: Llyn-y-Gader (5 m.). (See *Cardiff*, *Pyle*.)

Cemmaes (Montgomery).—L. & N.W.B. Dovey; trout, sewin, salmon in autumn. (c.s.) (See *Machynlleth*.)

Cemmaes Junction (Montgomery).—L. & N.W.B. Dovey; salmon, trout. (c.s.) Twymyn; trout. (See *Machynlleth*.)

Cerrig-y-Druidion (Merioneth).—(n.s. **Corwen**, 10 m. Gelrwy, 1 m. S.; trout. (c.s. *Dee*.) Lakes: Dau-y-Cheu, 3 m. N. (See *Chester*; *Corwen*.)

Cheriton (Glamorgan).—(n.s. **Pen-clawd**, 7 m.) Bwry brook, 6 m. long.

Cheriton (Pembroke).—G.W.B. (n.s. **Pembroke**, 3 m.) Stackpole brook rises near here, and 1 m. down is joined by a stream, which runs down 3 m. from Merion Court. Below the junction, Stackpole waters the lakes in Stackpole Park, and joins the sea at Broad Haven 2 m. down.

Chirk (Denbigh).—G.W.B. Ceiriog. (c.s. *Dee*.) Lakes: Chirk Park, 1 m. N.W. (See *Chester*.)

Chwilog (Carnarvon).—L. & N.W.B. Wen. (See *Afon Wen*.)

Clarbeston (Pembroke).—S.W.B. Lylynfy. Eastern Cledau (3 m.) (c.s.) (See *Haverfordwest*.)

Clogne (Pembroke).—S.W.B. Taf; trout. (See *Laugharne*.) (c.s. *Tovey*.)

Colbren (Brecon).—N. & B.B. Llech (1 m.). Tawe (2 m.). (See *Swansea*.)

Celwyn (Carnarvon).—L. & N.W.B. Nant-y-Groes, 3 m. long. Nant-Ffynnon runs 1 m. E., 3 m. long.

Conway (Carnarvon).—L. & N.W.B. Conway; salmon, trout. (c.s.) Conway rises in Llyn Conway (trout), 8 m. N.E. of **Ffestiniog**, or 9 m. S. of **Bettws-y-Coed**. 4 m. down, Serw joins on right bank. Serw rises in Llyn Serw, 7 m. W. of **Ffestiniog**, or 6 m. across country N.W. from **Arenig**, and is 7 m. long. Conway runs 4 m. to Yspytty Evan, 8 m. N. of **Arenig**, or 8 m. S.E. of **Bettws-y-Coed**. 1 m. below, Clettwr, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down, Merddwr joins on right bank. Merddwr rises 5 m. above Pentre Voelas, 7 m. S.E. from **Bettws-y-Coed**. 2 m. from its source, Laethog, 2 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Merddwr the outflow of Llyn-y-Curt, 1 m. up, joins on right bank. 2 m. down is Pentre Voelas, and 1 m. below, Codnant, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below, Merddwr joins Conway. 1 m. down Conway, Eidda, 2 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Conway, Hwch, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 2 m. down, Machno joins on left bank. Machno rises in Llyn-y-firrh-graig, 3 m. across the hills W. from **Manod**, and is 8 m. long. 1 m. down Conway, at Pont-ar-Liedr, Liedr joins on left bank. Liedr rises on the slopes of Moel Liedr, 7 m. above **Dolwyddelan**, and a little below is joined on right bank by the outflow of Llyn

Dannogen 1 m. up. This lake is 3 m. across the hills N. of **Grisian**. 3 m. down **Lledr** is the outfall of the lakes **Dyweunydd** (2), 5 m. W. of **Dolwyddelan**, or 2 m. across the hills S.E. from **Pen-y-Gwryd**. **Lledr** runs 3 m., where **Ystumian**, which rises in **Llyn-y-Foel** 3 m. N.E. of **Dolwyddelan** and is 5 m. long, joins on left bank. **Lledr** runs to **Dolwyddelan** 1 m., **Pont-y-Pant** 2 m., and 3 m. down joins **Conway**. **Conway** runs to **Bettws-y-Coed** 2 m., and here **Llugwy** joins on left bank. **Llugwy** rises in **Llyn Llugwy** 5 m. N.W. from **Capel Curig**, runs 6 m. to **Capel Curig**, and here **Gwryd** joins on right bank. **Gwryd** rises in **Llyn-y-Cwm-Ffynnon**, 1 m. above **Pen-y-Gwryd**, and 3 m. below waters the **Mymbyr** lakes at **Capel Curig**. **Llugwy** runs 3 m., where the drainage of **Llyn Goddion-duon**, 1 m. up. 4 m. N.E. of **Capel Curig**, joins on left bank. 2 m. down **Llugwy** the drainage of **Llyn Pen-craig**, 1 m. up, 3 m. S.W. of **Llanrwst**, or 3 m. N.W. of **Bettws-y-Coed**, joins on left bank. 2 m. down **Llugwy**, 1 m. from **Bettws-y-Coed**, the outflow of **Llyn Helsi** (trout), 1 m. S.W. of **Bettws**, joins on right bank. **Llugwy** runs 1 m. to **Bettws-y-Coed**, and joins **Conway** 1 m. down. 1 m. below the junction the outflow of **Llyn-y-Parc**, 2 m. S. of **Llanrwst**, or 2 m. N. of **Bettws**, joins on left bank. **Conway** runs to **Llanrwst** 3 m., and **Trefriw** 2 m. Here **Crafnant** joins on left bank. **Crafnant** rises in **Llyn Crafnant** 3 m. across the hills N.E. from **Capel Curig**, or 3 m. S.W. of **Trefriw**, and 1 m. below is joined on right bank by a stream which rises in **Llyn Bodgynydd** 3 m. across the hills E.N.E. of **Capel Curig**, or 3 m. S.W. of **Llanrwst**. 1 m. down, the outflow of **Llyn Bychan**, 1 m. up, joins on left bank. This loch is $\frac{1}{2}$ m. W. of the **Llyn Bodgynydd**. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below, the stream waters **Llyn Geirionydd**, and 1 m. below joins **Crafnant**, which runs to **Trefriw** in 2 m. **Conway** runs 2 m., where **Ddu**, which rises in **Llyn Cwlyd** 2 m. N. of **Capel Curig**, and is 5 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down **Conway**, **Porth-lwyd** joins on left bank. This stream rises in **Ffynnon Llyfaint** 5 m. S.E. of **Bethesda** up the **Llafer** valley, or 6 m. N.W. of **Capel Curig**, the latter lying 1 m. due N. from **Llyn Llugwy**. The stream runs 3 m. to **Llyn Eigian**, which lies 4 m. due N. from **Capel Curig**, passing the left-hand side of **Llyn Cwlyd**. **Porth-lwyd** runs 6 m. to **Conway**. 1 m. down **Conway**, **Tal-y-Bont** joins on left bank. **Tal-y-Bont** rises in **Llyn Melynlyn**, and 1 m. down is joined on left bank by the outflow of **Llyn Dulyn** $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up. These two lakes are within $\frac{1}{2}$ m. of each other, lying N. and S., and 6 m. E. of **Bethesda** up the **Casey** valley, or 6 m. across country N.N.E. from **Capel Curig**. **Tal-y-Bont** runs 6 m. to **Conway**. At this point, but on **Conway's** right bank, the outflow of **Llyn Syberl**, 1 m. up, joins. 1 m. down **Conway**, **Ro**, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. **Conway** runs 2 m. to **Tal-y-Cafn**, and 1 m. below is joined on right bank by **Hiraethlyn**, 5 m. long. **Conway** runs to **Glan Conway** and the estuary in 5 m. (c.s.)

RHIW, 5 m. long.

LLWYNNOG, $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. W., 4 m. long.

Good local flies for the rivers and streams are **March** brown, alder, stonefly. For the lakes—**Body**, orange mohair; **legs**, yellow; **wings**, red feather from pheasant's tail. **Body**, peacock's herl; **legs**, black; **wings**, moorhen. **Body**, peacock's herl; **legs**, black; **wings**, dark mallard.

Corwen (Merioneth).—L. & N.W.B. and G.W.B. Dee: trout, salmon, grayling, pike; preserved with part of **Alwen** by **Corwen Fishing Association** for 12 m. (sec., W. Vinton, Esq., **Corwen**); tickets for trout and grayling, s.t. 21s., w.t. 4s., d.t. 1s. 6d., from Feb. 15 to Oct. 13; salmon, s.t. 25s., w.t. 8s. 6d., from Feb. 15 to Nov. 1, for anglers residing or staying within 4 m. of **Corwen**—grayling and pike, s.t., from Oct. 14 to Feb. 14, 5s.; no minnow or worm till April 1; tickets at the **Owen Glyndower Hotel**; no dogs or Sunday fishing. A rod is sometimes to be let on the **Rug** estate water between **Corwen** and **Cynwyd** bridges; apply to **T. R. Wynne, Esq., Agency Office, Corwen.** (c.s.) (See *Cerrig-y-Druidion*; *Maerdy*.) **Trewern**; trout. (c.s. Dee.) **Camladd**. **Llechog**, 1 m. E. **Dwr**, 1 m. N.W. **Alwen**, 2 m. W.; trout; preserved. (c.s. Dee.) **Morwynion**, 2 m. E. **Ffranon**, 3 m. W. **Trystion**, 3 m. S.W. **Geirw**, 5 m. W.; trout; free. (c.s. Dee.) **Llynor**, 5 m. S.W. **Lakes**: **Gloya**, 2 m. N. **Hotels**: **Owen Glendower**, **Eagles**. (See *Chester*.)

Cowbridge (Glamorgan).—G.W.B. **Cowbridge** river or **Thaw**; trout. **Cowbridge** rises by **Llansannor**, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. W. of **Ystradowen**, runs 3 m. to **Cowbridge**, 4 m. to **St. Mary Church** on right bank, 5 m. to **Bourton Bridge**. Here **Fonmon** brook joins on left bank, which rises some 7 m. above **Pennmark**, where a short stream joins on the right bank, and joins **Cowbridge** 3 m. below. 2 m. down, **Cowbridge** joins the sea at **Aberthaw**. The trouting is very good, and is preserved for about 4 m. from **Cowbridge** down by **Mrs. F. E. Stacey**, of **Landough Castle**; leave is sometimes given.

Cray (Brecon).—N. & B.R. **Cray**; trout. (See *Neuport*.)

Griccieth (Carnarvon).—O.R. **Dwyfawr** and **Dwyfach**; trout, sewin, salmon. **Dwyfawr** rises in the hills some 5 m. across country west of **Beddgellert**, and runs in 7 m. to **Dolbenmaen**, n.s. **Brynkir**, 2 m. Here **Istrallyn** joins on left bank. **Istrallyn** rises in **Llyn Cwm Istrallyn**, 4 m. N. from **Fortmadoc**, and, 2 m. down, is joined on left bank by a stream 2 m. long draining **Llyn Du**, 3 m. N. from **Fortmadoc**, 2 m. below **Istrallyn** joins **Dwyfawr**, which runs 6 m., when **Dwyfach** joins on right bank. **Dwyfach** rises above **Pant Glass**, runs to **Brynkir** 3 m., **Ynys** 2 m., **Llangybi** (1 m. off on right bank) 2 m., and joins **Dwyfawr** 2 m. below. The united streams run to the sea in 1 m. (c.s.)

Criggon (Montgomery).—S. & N.W.B. **Severn** (1 m.); chub, dace, trout, salmon. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s.)

- Crinant** (Glamorgan).—N. & R.R. Dylas. (*See Neath*.)
- Cronware** (Pembroke).—(n.s. **Whitland**, S.W.R., 5 m.) Garnaes brook rises 1 m. above here and joins the sea 3 m. down.
- Gross Inn** (Caermarthen).—G.B.R. Amman. Llwohwr (1 m.). Llan-dybie brook (1 m.). Lash (1 m.). (*See Lluchwr*). (c.s. *Towey*.)
- Grynmoch Arms** (Pembroke).—S.W.R. Taf; trout (*See Laugharne*). (c.s. *Towey*.) Neave. Biron. Dudd, 2 m. (*See Newport*.)
- Grynanloch** (Pembroke).—S.W.R. Eastern Cleddau (3 m.). (*See Haverfordwest*). (c.s.)
- Cymmer** (Glamorgan).—L.V.R. On Llynvi; trout. (c.s. *Ogmire*). (*See Bridgend*). Afon (2½ m.); trout. (c.s. *Usk*). Cerwg (2½ m.). (*See Aberafon*.)
- Cynghordy** (Caermarthen).—C.W.B. Bran. Towey (3 m.); trout; fishing free. (c.s.) Bhaiadr (3 m.). Crychan (3 m.). Gwennfwrdd (6 m.). (*See Caermarthen*.)
- Cynwyd** (Merioneth).—L. & N.W.R., G.W.B. Dee; trout, grayling, salmon, pike; preserved by Corwen Fishing Association (*see Corwen*) (c.s.); tickets at the Lion. Trysion. Alwen, 2 m. N.; trout; preserved. (c.s. *Dee*). Frannon, 2 m. N. *Im*: The Blue Lion. (*See Chester*.)
- Cynwyl** (Caermarthen).—C. & C.R. A good hotel. Gwili; trout, sewin, salmon; free fishing. (c.s. *Towey*). Dudd. Cywyn (7 m.); trout, sewin. (*See Caermarthen, Laugharne*.)
- Darran** (Glamorgan).—B.B.R. Crinlach. Rumney (3 m.); trout, salmon. (*See Cardiff*). (c.s.)
- Denbigh**.—L. & N.W.R. and G.W.B. Lliwen, 1 m. S. Olwyd, 2 m. E.; trout. (c.s.) Dennyant, 7 m. W. Aled, 9 m. W. (c.s. *Clwyd*). Brenig, 9 m. S.W. *Lakes*: Llynbran, 9 m. S.W. Aled, 11 m. S.W. (c.s. *Clwyd*). Noel-frech, 11 m. S.W. Creiniog, 11 m. W. (*See Chester, Rhyl, Llanfair, Talhararn*.)
- Derry Ormond** (Cardigan).—Dulas. Teifi (2 m.); salmon, trout. (c.s.) Olywedog (2 m.). (*See Cardigan*). Meurig, 3 m. N. Aeron, 4 m. N.W. (c.s.). Rhewfallen, 4 m. N.W. Nant-y-fergy, 5 m. N.W. (*See Aberaeron*.)
- Derwern** (Denbigh).—L. & N.W.R. Clwyd; trout. (c.s.) (*See Rhyl, Llanfihangel-glyn-Ifyfyr*.)
- Derwydd Road** (Caermarthen).—L.R. Llan-dybie brook. Cennen. (c.s. *Towey*). (*See Lluchwr, Caermarthen*.)
- Devil's Bridge** (Cardigan).—N.s. **Aberystwyth**, 15 m., reached by mail cart. Rhedol; trout; fishing free. Myherin; trout. Rhyddnant, 2 m. E.; trout. Castell, 3 m. N. Rhyddlan, 7 m. N. Llechwedd-mawr, 9 m. N. Lygnant, 10 m. N. *Lakes*: Lon, 1 m. W. Rhyddnant, 5 m. N.E. 2 Jenan, 6 m. N.E. Llygad, 9 m. N. (*See Aberystwyth*). *Hotel*: Hafod Arms.
- Devynock** (Brecon).—N. & B.B. Usk; trout, salmon; preserved by the United Usk Fishing Association; salmon and trout rod licences 20s. and 1s., from Post-office or Castle Hotel, Sennybridge. Senni and Trewaren; trout. Clydack and Clay 2 m.; trout. Cllieni; trout, 2 m. (*See Usk, Brecon, and Newport*). (c.s.)
- Difwys** (Merioneth).—C.R. Bywydd. *Lakes*: Dubach, ½ m. E.; large trout; very shy. Bywydd. (*See Penrhinddraeth*.)
- Dinas Mawddwy** (Merioneth).—D.M.B. *Hotels*: Buckley Arms, Peniarth Arms (*see Advertisements*) and Red Lion. Dovey; trout, salmon; fishing very good for 6 m. above to 3 m. below; preserved by Sir E. Buckley, who will give leave, and proprietor Peniarth Arms. (c.s.) Ceryst or Arris; trout. Cowarch, 1 m. N. Cleivion, 1 m. S.; preserved by proprietor Peniarth Arms. Olywedog, 3 m. W. (c.s. *Severn*). Pamrhyd, 5 m. N.E. Twrch, 6 m. N.E.; good trouting; preserved mostly by Sir W. W. Wynne and Mr. Price. Banw, 8 m. E.; trout, chub, salmon. (c.s. *Severn*). Cathan, 9 m. E. *Lakes*: Llyn Figan and Llyn Fach, 4 m. N. Llyn Coch Hwyyd, 6 m. S.E.; trout. Bugail, 9 m. E.; good trouting, but preserved; leave may sometimes be had. (*See Machynlleth, Can-Office, Gloucester*.)
- Doban** (Radnor).—C.W.R. Aran. *Lakes*: Graig pool (3 m.). (*See Chepstow, England*.)
- Doldowld** (Radnor).—M.W.B. Wye; trout. (c.s.) Eilan (2 m.); trout. Chwefru (4 m.). Clearwen (5 m.). Garw (7 m.). Arban (8 m.). *Lakes*: Gwyn (2 m.). Garw (9 m.). (*See Chepstow, England*.)
- Dolgelly** (Merioneth).—L. & N.W.R. Wnion; trout, sewin; preserved by landowners. Mawddach, 1 m. N.W.; trout, sewin, few salmon; d.f. 2s. 6d., m.t. 10s. 6d. (c.s. *Dovey*.) Ddybin, 2 m. E. *Lakes*: Gwernan, 2 m. S.W.; trout, perch. Cynwch, 2 m. N.; perch. Aras, 3 m. S. Trigalenyn, 4 m. S.E. Gadr, 4 m. S.W. Gafr, 4 m. S.W.; good trouting. (*See Towyn, Barmouth, Tyn-y-groes*.)
- Dolgoch** (Merioneth).—G. W.B. Fefinder. Dysyni, 2 m. N.W.; trout, salmon. (*See Towyn*). (c.s. *Dovey*.)
- Dolhiser** (Radnor).—L. & K.R. Gilwern. Cynon brook. Hales brook. (*See Chepstow, England*.)
- Dolwen** (Montgomery).—L. & N.B. Severn; trout, chub, salmon. Ebyr. Berthyn (1 m.). *Lakes*: Ebyr (3 m.). (c.s. *Severn*). (*See Gloucester*.)
- Dolwyddelen** (Carmarvon).—L. & N.W.R. Lledr; trout, sewin, salmon; tickets at hotels (for terms for salmon see **Bettws**); trouting from March 1 to Oct. 1 above the bridge, and from March 1 to Aug. 1 below the bridge; tickets—s.t. 3s., w.t. 1s., at the hotels, or from Mr. Ellis Pierce, bookseller, for the river, its tributaries, and lakes, except the Dyweunydd lakes. Autumn is the best time for salmon and sewin. (c.s. *Conwy*.) Ystumlan, 1 m. W.; trout. *Lakes*: Llyn-y-Foel, 3 m. N.E. Dyweunydd (2), 5 m. W. *Hotels*: Benar View, Gwydyr Arms, Elen's Castle. (*See Conwy*.)

- Dolygear** (Brecon).—B. & M.T.J.B. Taff; trout, salmon. (c.s.) (See Cardiff.)
- Drws-y-nant** (Montgomery).—L. & N.W.R. Wnion; trout, sewin; preserved by land-owners. Harrog. Cwm-ochr. Ciddow, 1 m. W. Fiddow, 1½ m. W. Dovey, 3 m. W. (c.s.) Mawddach, 4 m. N.; trout, sewin, salmon; d.t. 2s. 6d., m.t. 10s. 6d. (c.s. Dovey.) Lakes: Dyfl, 3 m. W. Orych-y-wayen, 4 m. N. (See *Machynlleth, Barmouth.*)
- Dyffryn** (Merioneth).—Ysgethin; trout, free. Ysgethin rises in Llyn Dulyn (good fishing), runs 1 m. to Llyn Bodlyn (trout, char; free), and, 2 m. down, is joined on left bank by a short stream draining Llyn Irdryn (good fishing). Dyffryn and the sea are 4 m. down.
- Ely Bridge** (Glamorgan).—S.W.R. Ely; trout, sewin. (See Cardiff.) (c.s. Taff); fishing preserved below, but free above to **Peterston**. Trout small, but numerous.
- Erwood** (Radnor).—M.W.R. Wye; salmon, trout, chub, dace, pike, &c. (c.s.) Lloglin. Bachhowey brook (1 m.). Cunrig (2 m.). Lakes: Llanbychllyn and 2 other lakes (3 m.). Lloglin (6 m.). (See *Chepstow, England.*)
- Eyarth** (Denbigh).—L. & N.W.R. Clwyd; trout. (c.s.) Llanfair brook. (See *Rhyl.*) Alyn, 5 m. E., at Llanarnon; trout. (c.s. Dee.) Rhys, 6 m. E. at Llandegla. Lakes: Cyffynny, 7 m. E. (See *Chester.*)
- Ferry** (Montgomery).—S. & N.W.R. Severn; chub, dace, trout, salmon. Vyrnwy; trout, salmon, chub. (See *Gloucester.*) (c.s. Severn.)
- Ferry Side** (Caermarthen).—G.W.R. Good trouting on Gwendraeth, Fawr and Fach 3 m. off. Cywyn, from Blackbridge to Banc-y-felin village is a good stream, holding salmon and sewin, and there are numerous brooks in the neighbourhood holding plenty of trout. Hotel: White Lion. The landlord will give any information.
- Ffestiniog** (Merioneth).—G.W.R. and C.R. Bhaiadr; trout; s.t. 20s., d.t. 2s. 6d. Dwyrty, 1 m. W.; trout, sewin; free. Ysppyty, 1 m. N. Manod, 1 m. N. Conway, 8 m. N.E.; trout. (c.s.) Lakes: Craig-y-tan, 2 m. S.E. Y-Morwynion, 2½ m. E.; trout. Dubach, 3 m. E. Y-bryn-du, 4 m. N.E. Y-Gamallt, 4 m. N.E. Dywarchen, 4 m. E. Y-gors, 4½ m. N.E. Y-frithgrais, 5 m. N.E. Cors-y-barout, 5 m. S.E. Llyn Scrw, 7 m. E. (See *Penrhyneddraeth; Conway.*)
- Ffoe-rhiw** (Glamorgan).—B.B.R. Crinlach. (See Cardiff.)
- Fishguard** (Pembroke).—(n.s. **Rosebush**, 9 m.). Gwaen. Gwaen rises 2 m. from **Rosebush**, runs 5 m. to Llan-y-chllwydog, 4 m. from **Rosebush**, where Walen, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Gwaen runs 5 m. to **Fishguard** and the sea. 1 m. W. from **Fishguard** runs a brook 3 m. long. Western Cleddau (2 m. S.) (c.s. Cleddau.)
- Flint**.—L. & N.W. Flint brook, 5 m. long. Northop brook, 2 m. S.E., 4 m. long.
- Forden** (Montgomery).—O. & N.B. Severn; trout, salmon, chub, dace, &c. Camlad; trout, grayling. Hailesford brook (4 m. E.) Lakes: Marton pool (5 m. N.E.). (c.s. Severn.) (See *Gloucester.*)
- Frongoch** (Merioneth).—G.W.B. Tryweryn; trout. (c.s. Dee.) Hescyn, 1 m. N.W. Lakes: Hescyn, 4 m. N. (See *Chester.*)
- Garnant** (Caermarthen).—G.B.R. Amman; trout. Garnant. Pedol. (See *Lluchwr.*) (c.s. Towy.)
- Garth** (Brecon).—C.W.B. Irfon; chub, dace, trout, salmon; trouting poor, but fair salmon fishing after floods in autumn; tickets from the Llanwrtyd Angling Association, Llanwrtyd. Dulas; good trouting. Dihonw (3 m.). Gwenwest (4 m.). Hotel: Garth. (c.s. Wye.) (See *Chepstow, England.*)
- Garth** (Glamorgan).—T. & C.W.R. 7 m. from Cardiff. Hotel: The Garth; good.
- Gilan Dyfl** (Montgomery).—L. & N.W.R. Dovey; salmon, trout. (c.s.) Lymant. Einon. (See *Machynlleth.*)
- Gilwern** (Brecon).—M.T. & A.B. Usk; trout, salmon; preserved by the United Usk Fishing Association; salmon and trout rod licences 20s. and 1s., at the post-office. Grwyne; trout. Clydach. (See *Brecknock, Usk, Newport.*)
- Glais** (Glamorgan).—S.V.R. Tawe, Clydach. (See *Swansea.*)
- Glan Conway** (Carnarvon).—L. & N.W.R. Conway; salmon, trout. (c.s.) (See *Conway.*) Cymeran. This stream, 5 m. long, joins the estuary here.
- Glanrhyd** (Caermarthen). C.W.R. Towey (c.s.); salmon, trout; fishing free. (See *Caermarthen.*)
- Glasbury** (Radnor).—H.H. & B.R. Wye; chub, dace, trout, salmon; preserved by land-owners. Llyfni. (c.s.) (See *Chepstow, England.*)
- Glyndyfrdwy** (Merioneth).—G.W.R. Dee; grayling, chub, trout, pike, salmon; preserved by Glyndwr Society from Carrog above to **Llangollen** below; tickets at the hotel or of the station master. (See *Llangollen.*) (c.s.) (See *Chester.*) Hotel: Berwyn Arms.
- Glyn Neath** (Glamorgan).—V.N.R. Neath. Nedd (3 m.). Llia (8 m.). (See *Neath.*)
- Golden Grove** (Caermarthen).—C.W.R. Towey; salmon, trout, sewin; preserved by Earl Cawdor; tickets at Golden Grove Arms, Llanarthney; s.t., 10s.; d.t., 1s.; or W. M. Griffiths, Esq., solicitor, Carmarthen. (c.s.) Cyfyng (1 m.) (See *Caermarthen.*)
- Gors** (Glamorgan).—L.B. Lliw. (See *Lluchwr.*)
- Gresford** (Denbigh).—G.W.B. Alyn; trout. (c.s. Dee.) (See *Chester.*)
- Groes-lon** (Carnarvon).—L. & N.W.R. Llifon, which rises 3 m. above here and joins the sea 3 m. below.
- Gwyddelwern** (Merioneth).—L. & N.W.R. and G.W.R. Dwr. Alwen, 3 m. W.; trout. (c.s. Dee.) Lakes: Gloya, 1 m. S. (See *Chester.*)
- Gwys** (Glamorgan).—S.V.R. Twrch. Gwyog. Tawe (3 m.). (See *Swansea.*)

- Harlech** (Merioneth).—L. & N.W.B. Clddew, 8 m. N.E. *Lakes*: Hafod-y-Llyn, 2 m. S.E. Graigddrwy, 5 m. N.E. Dywarehen, 8 m. N.E. Clddew-fach, 8 m. N.E. Clddew-mawr, 8 m. N.E. Du, 8 m. N.E. (See *Barmouth*.) *Fishing stations within reach*: Talsarnan, Penrhynedeudraeth, Myfnord, Portmadoc, Oriccieth, Llanbedr, Dyffryn, Barmouth.
- Haverfordwest** (Pembroke).—S.W.E. Western Cleddau; salmon, trout. (c.s.) This stream rises 2 m. S. of *Fishguard* (n.s. *Rose Bush*, 9 m.), and 4 m. down is joined on left bank by a stream 5 m. long. 1 m. down Cleddau, Hoig joins on right bank, which rises 2 m. S.W. of Mathry, 6 m. from Fishguard, and is 6 m. long. 5 m. down, by Ford, Martel brook, which rises by *Rose Bush* station, runs 3 m. to Puncteston, Little Newcastle 3 m., and Cleddau 3 m., joins on left bank. Cleddau runs 3 m. to Trefgarth (n.s. *Haverfordwest*, 6 m.); and here Wallis brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. 6 m. down Cleddau, Pelcombe brook, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. *Haverfordwest* is 1 m. down Cleddau. Here Caplett brook, 8 m. long, joins on left bank, and Denant brook, 7 m. long, on right bank. 5 m. down Cleddau, Milling brook, which rises 3 m. E. of *Haverfordwest*, and is 5 m. long, joins on left bank. 1 m. down, Eastern Cleddau joins on left bank. This stream rises 3 m. S.W. from *Crynach*, and 5 m. down is joined on right bank by Corwyn, 4 m. long (n.s. *Maeneloehog*, 4 m. S.W.) Cleddau runs 5 m., and is joined on right bank by Llandilo brook, which rises E. of *Maeneloehog*, runs 5 m. to Llan-y-Cefn, and Cleddau 1 m. Cleddau is joined 1 m. down, at Egremont, by Gilsach brook, which rises 1 m. W. of *Maeneloehog*, and is 5 m. long. 1 m. down Cleddau (n.s. *Clarbeston*, 5 m.) Syfynfy joins on right bank. Syfynfy rises near *Rose Bush* station, runs 3 m. to *Maeneloehog* (2 m. off), 4 m. to Llys-y-Fran, 3 m. to *Clarbeston*, and 3 m. to Cleddau. Cleddau runs to Robeston Wathen (n.s. *Warbeth*, 2 m.) 3 m. and 6 m. down the two Cleddaus join and debouch into the harbour. (See *Braudy, St. David's, Solva*.)
- Hay** (Brecon).—H.H. & B.R. Wye; salmon, trout, grayling, pike, perch, chub, dace. Below *Hay* the fishing in Wye is private. Dulas brook. Eesley brook (5 m.). Dote (5 m.). Monnow (6 m.); trout, but rather closely preserved. Olchon brook (8 m.) *Hotel*: Rose and Crown, where fishing can be had in Wye. Llangorse lake can be fished from here by taking train to *Tal-y-llyn*. (c.s.) (See *Chepstow, England*.)
- Hirwann** (Glamorgan).—V.N.E. Cynon. Hepste (3 m.). (See *Cardiff, Neath*.)
- Holt** (Denbigh).—n.s. *Broxton* or *Gresford*, 4 m. Dee; salmon, pike, chub. (c.s.) Allyn, 2 m. N.W.; trout. (c.s. *Dee*.) (See *Chester*.)
- Holyhead**.—Good trouting can be had by staying at the Maelog Lake Hotel, Ty Croes, near Holyhead. Llynen Coron and Trogwyd are within easy reach; trouting good. Crygyl river, close to hotel, holds sea trout in spring; goodpollack fishing.
- Hope** (Flint).—L. & N.W.B. Allyn; trout. (c.s. *Dee*.) (See *Chester*.)
- Istrad-y-Fodwo** (Glamorgan).—T.V.R. Rhondda; trout, salmon. (c.s. *Taff*.) (See *Cardiff*.)
- Johnston** (Pembroke).—S.W.R. Rosemarket brook (1 m.). Rickeston brook (4 m.). (See *New Milford*.)
- Kerry** (Montgomery).—K.R. Mule. Caerbitra (4 m. E.). (See *Gloucester*.)
- Kidwelly** (Caermarthen).—S.W.R. Gwendraeth fach; trout, sewin. *Hotel*: Pelican. Gwendraeth fach rises by Llandarog (n.s. *Wangaredig*, 4 m., or *Caermarthen*, 5½ m.), runs 5 m. to Llangyndryrn, 4 m. to Llandyfalog, and *Kidwelly* 4 m. The stream is free up to Gelli-deg; above, permission must be had; trouting fair. Gwendraeth fawr runs 2 m. E. from Kidwelly (trout, sewin). This stream rises in Llyn Llerh-wen (n.s. *Llan-dybie*, 5 m. E.), and is 12 m. long (c.s. *Towey*); trouting fair. Good general flies are blue upright and yellow March brown.
- Killay** (Glamorgan).—L.R. (See *Penmaen*.) Penmaen brook (3 m.).
- Knighton** (Radnor).—L. & N.W.R. Teme; trout; preserved for 2 m. by F. C. Cobden, Esq.; s.t. 21s. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.) Lug, 4 m.; trout; preserved as Teme, s.t. 42s. (See *Chepstow*.) (c.s. *Wye*.) Good hotel accommodation.
- Knucllas** (Radnor).—O.W.R. Teme; trout; private. Lug (4 m. S.W.); trout, grayling (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Lake Vyrnwy Hotel** (Montgomery), via Oswestry (see *Advertisement*).—n.s. *Llan-fyllin*, 12 m., or *Bala*, 15 m. Vyrnwy; trout; preserved by the owner of hotel. Hirddu, 3 m. N.W.; trout; preserved as above. Gwnion, 1 m. E.; trout; preserved as above. Cedig, 1½ m. E.; trout; preserved as above in its lower half, and in its upper half by Sir W. W. Wynne. Eunan, 4½ m. N.W.; trout; preserved as above. Goch, 3 m. N.E.; trout (see *Llangynnog*). Cowny, 3½ m. S. Dyfnant, 4½ m. S. *Lakes*: Lake Vyrnwy; trout; capital fishing; m.t. 70s., w.t. 20s., d.t. 4s.; boats and one man 5s. per day; fly only. The best flies are dressed with tinsel; also the following are good: Zulu, black and blue, woodcock and green, coch-y-bonddhu, March brown with gold, black palmer and alder. Llyn Pennan, 3 m. N. (See *Llangynnog, Gloucester*.)
- Lampeter** (Cardigan).—G.W.B. Teifi; salmon, trout. (c.s.) Dulas; trout. Cynon (2½ m.). Goy (3 m.). Cwmpedol (5 m.). Gelli, 6 m. N.W. Gerwen, 7 m. N.W. Aeron, 7 m. N.W.; salmon, trout (c.s.) Cothy, 8 m. S.E.; salmon, trout. *Hotels*: Black Lion Royal, where salmon and trout fishing can be had free in Teifi and Dulas from Feb. 1 to Nov. 1; for further information apply to the landlord, or Mr. J. D. Tyler, accountant, 19, High-street, Lampeter. (See *Cardigan, Caermarthen, Llanarth, Llandissilio-Gogo, Aberaeron*.)
- Lamphey** (Pembroke).—P. & T.R. Pennar. (See *Pembroke*.)
- Landore** (Glamorgan).—Tawe. Ffyndrod. (See *Swansea*.)

- Laugharne** (Caermarthen).—(n.s. *St. Clare*, 5 m.) Taf; salmon, trout. Taf rises by **Crymmych Arms** (S.W.E.), runs 2 m. to **Clogne**, **Llanfiraach** 2 m., **Rhydowen** 3 m. Here Gravel, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. Taf runs 2 m. to **Llanglydwen**, **Login** 3 m. 7 m. down Taf, Marlas joins on right bank. Marlas rises 1 m. N. of **Harberth**. 2 m. down, Gwaithnoak, 2 m. long, joins on right bank. Marlas runs to Taf 5 m. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Taf, Lease, which rises by Heullan Amgoed and is 5 m. long, joins on left bank. Taf runs 1 m. to **Whitland**, where Whitland joins on left bank. Whitland rises 4 m. above Llanboidy (n.s. **Login**, 4 m.), and joins Taf 6 m. down at **Whitland**. 3 m. down Taf, Feni, 5 m. long, joins on left bank. 3 m. down Taf, at Llanddowror (n.s. **St. Clears**, 3 m.), Coger, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Taf runs 2 m. to *St. Clare*. Here Gynin joins on left bank. Gynin rises on Llanwinio Common, $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. S.E. from **Llanfiraach**, and 5 m. down is joined on left bank by Llechwedd, which rises 5 m. S.E. from **Llanfiraach**, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by Asen, 3 m. long (n.s. **Llanfiraach**, 4 m.). Llechwedd runs to Gynin 4 m. Gynin runs 6 m. to *St. Clare*, and here Dewi joins on right bank. Dewi rises 4 m. above Trelech-ar-bettws, runs 5 m. to Mydrim, and **St. Clare** and Gynin 4 m. The united streams join Taf just below. Taf runs to Llanfangel-Abercwylyn, 3 m., and here Cywyn joins on right bank. Cywyn rises 7 m. N.W. from **Cynwil**, and 10 m. down is joined on left bank by Cynnen, which rises by Llannewydd (n.s. **Branwydd Arms**, 2 m.), and is 6 m. long. Cywyn runs to Taf in 8 m. 2 m. down Taf is **Laugharne**. (c.s. *Towey*.) The best trout flies are coch-y-bonddhu, duns of various shades, red and black ants, black gnat, cowlung, bracken clock, and black foxtail.
- Llanarth** (Cardigan).—(n.s. *Lampeter*, 13 m.) Gilfach, which rises 3 m. above Llanarth, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by a brook 4 m. long. Gilfach runs to Llanina and sea 1 m. 1 m. N.E. runs Drowy, 4 m. long.
- Llanarthney** (Caermarthen).—C.W.B. *Hotel*: Golden Grove Arms. Towey; salmon, sewin, trout, pike; preserved by Earl Cawdor to Llandilo above, free below. (Tickets at hotel; s.t., 10s.; d.t., 1s.) (c.s.) Dulas. Sannan (3 m.). (See *Caermarthen*.)
- Llanbedr** (Merioneth).—C.B. Artro; trout, sewin, salmon; preserved by a club; d., w., and m.t. Artro rises in Llyn Dywarehen, 8 m. N.E. from **Harlech**, or 3 m. across the hills a little S. of E. of **Talarnan** passing Llyn Caerwydh (good trout). Artro, in 1 m., waters Llyn Eiddew-fach (trout), and, 1 m. below, is joined on left bank by Eiddew, which rises in Llyn Fedw (trout), a small lake on the slopes of Y-Graigddrwg, and, 1 m. below, waters Llyn Eiddew-mawr (trout). (The lakes mentioned above, together with Llyn Graigddrwg (see *Barmouth*), are all within 1 m. of each other, and can be reached from **Harlech** or **Talarnan**.) Eiddew joins Artro 1 m. down. 1 m. below, Bychan joins on left bank. Bychan rises in Llyn-y-morwynion, 6 m. N.E. of **Llanbedr**, and, 1 m. down, waters Llyn Cwm-bychan, 5 m. N.E. of **Llanbedr** (trout, sewin, salmon), and, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down, joins Artro. 1 m. down, a stream joins on left bank, draining Llyn Gloywlyn (good trout; alder and oak flies good), 1 m. up, 5 m. N.E. of **Llanbedr**. 3 m. down Artro, Nantcol (good trouting free, with sewin after a flood) joins on left bank. Nantcol rises in Llyn Howel (trout), and, 1 m. below, is joined on right bank by the outflow of Llyn Cwm-hosan, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up. 1 m. down Nantcol the drainings of Llyn-y-ferfeddew (trout), 1 m. up, join on left bank. (These lakes, together with Llyn-y-bi (trout) (see *Barmouth*), lie close together 6 m. E. of **Llanbedr**.) Nantcol runs 4 m. to Artro, which runs to **Llanbedr** in 2 m. Just below, a stream joins Artro on right bank, draining Hafod-y-Llyn 2 m. up, 2 m. N.E. of **Llanbedr**, or 2 m. S.E. of **Harlech**. 1 m. down, Artro joins the sea (c.s. *Dovey*). In the tidal waters is good bass fishing. *Lakes*: Pryvyd, 7 m. N.E.; good trouting. Twrgla, 7 m. N.E. (See *Barmouth*.) A good sewin fly is a moderate-sized one with red body and pheasant wing, with gold tinsel, and the same with mallard wing. Trout flies: March brown, coch-y-bonddu, coachman, orange dun, alder and oak flies. (c.s. *Dovey*.) *Hotel*: Victoria.
- Llanberris** (Carnarvon).—L.B. Seiont; trout, salmon, sewin; fishing free. (c.s.) Llwh, 2 m. N.W.; trout. March, 3 m. N.E. *Lakes*: Llanberris lakes; salmon, trout; free. (c.s. *Seiont*.) Dwythwch, 2 m. S.W. Cwm-Glas lakes, 3 m. S.E. March-lynn-mawr and March-lynn-bach, 3 m. N.E. Dur-Arddu, 4 m. S.E. *Hotel*: Victoria. (See *Carnarvon*.)
- Llanbrynmair** (Montgomery).—N. & M.E. On Twymyn; trout, sewin, salmon; fair trouting. Two streams join here from the N. and E. holding good trout. The N. stream, Isl (2 m. off), is better. The rivers and lakes in this district are nearly all preserved by Sir W. Wynn; the great majority is open to visitors at the Wynnstay Arms Hotel. Eira (3 m. N.) Cannon (4 m.). *Lakes*: Gwyddwr (4 m.); perch, trout. (See *Machynillath*; *Gloucester*.)
- Llandaff** (Glamorgan).—S.W.R. Taff and Ely; trout, sewin; preserved (See *Cardiff*; *Ely Bridge*.) (c.s.)
- Llandderfel** (Merioneth).—G.W.B. Dee; trout, salmon. (c.s.) Calettwr, 1 m. S.W. *Lakes*: Grwyni, 3 m. N. (See *Chester*.)
- Llandicillo** (Merioneth).—G.W.B. Dee; trout, salmon. (c.s.) Cendiog. Llynor, 1 m. N.E. *Lakes*: Mynyllod, 3 m. N. (See *Chester*.)
- Llandilo** (Caermarthen).—C.W.B. *Hotel*: Cawdor Arms. Towey; salmon, trout, sewin; free above, but preserved below by Earl Cawdor. Tickets for this water at Golden Grove Arms, Llanarthney; s.t., 10s.; d.t., 1s. (c.s.) Cennen. (c.s. *Towey*.) (See *Caermarthen*.)

- Llandinam** (Montgomery).—L. & N.R. Severn; trout, salmon, chub, &c. (c.s. *Severn*). (See *Gloucester*.)
- Llandissilio-Gogo** (Cardigan).—(n.s. *Lampeter*, 20 m.). Dissilio, 6 m. long. 1 m. W. runs Tydi, 6 m. long.
- Llandovery** (Caernarthen).—C.W.R. Towey: salmon, sewin, trout; fishing free. (c.s.) Bran. Gwedderig. Dunant (3 m.). Pedwan (3 m.). Gwenlas (4 m.). (See *Caernarthen*, *Llandilo*.) Hotel: Castle.
- Llandrindod** (Radnor).—C.W.R. Ithon. Hawddwy (2 m.) (c.s. *Wye*). (See *Chepstow*, *England*.)
- Llandrinio** (Montgomery).—S. & N.W.R. Severn; chub, dace, trout, salmon. Maerdy brook (2 m. S.W.) (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Llandudno** (Caernarvon).—L. & N.W. and G.W.R. There is good fishing for codlings, congers, &c., under the Great Orme's Head. Boats can be obtained from the neighbouring town of Conway. Fishing stations within reach: Conway, Glan Conway, Taly-Cafn, Llanfairfechan, Aber, Llanrwst, Trefriw, Bangor, Bettws-y-Coed, Pont-y-Pant, Dolwyddelen, Festiniog, Caernarvon, Bodorgan, Ty-Croes.
- Llandulas** (Caernarvon).—L. & N.W.R. Glan Eafon. This stream is 7 m. long, and half-way down, at Coed Ooch, receives the outlet of the lake there. This lake is $3\frac{1}{2}$ m. from *Llandulas*.
- Llan-dybie** (Caernarthen).—L.B. Llan-dybie brook. Lluchwr, 3 m. Gwendraeth Faur, 5 m. W. Lake: Lierhwen 5 m. W. (See *Lluchwr*, *Kidwelly*.) (c.s. *Towey*.)
- Llandysill** (Cardigan).—O. & C.R. Teifi; salmon, trout (large). (c.s.) Cerdin. Twelli; trout (good). Ythan (1 m.). Oletwr (2 m.); trout (good). Byd m.) Hotel: Porth (see *Advertisement*); 2 m. fishing in Teifi attached to hotel; elsewhere permission from the owners. (See *Cardigan*.)
- Llanlley** (Caernarthen).—S.W.R. Llithedi and Dann; salmon, trout; fishing free. Llithedi is 7 m. long. Dann runs 1 m. E. from the town, and is 6 m. long.
- Llanerchymedd** (Anglesea).—L. & N.W.R. Alaw. (See *Pemrhosdygry*, *Valley Station*.)
- Llanfeithlin** (Anglesea).—n.s. *Valley Station*, 7 m. S. Lakes: Ceryglwyd.
- Llanfair** (Anglesea).—L. & N.W.R. Brant; salmon, trout. (c.s. *Seint*.) (See *Llangeinwen*.)
- Llanfair** (Montgomery).—(n.s. *Welshpool*, 8 m.). Hotel: Wynnstay Arms. Banw; trout; leave can be obtained. Rhiw (3 m. S.E.). Lakes: Maesmarw pond (5 m. N.E.) (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Llanfechan** (Montgomery).—L.B.B. Cain; trout, salmon; fishing free. Brogan. Tanat (4 m. N.); trout, grayling, chub, pike. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Llanfairfechan** (Caernarvon).—L. & N.W.R. On Du, 8 m. long.
- Llanfair-Talhaiarn** (Denbigh).—n.s. *Abergele*, 6 m.; *St. Asaph*, 11 m.; *Denbigh*, 11 m. Elwy; trout, sewin, salmon; preserved for 4 m. by landlord of hotel, elsewhere privately. (c.s.) Melan, 2 m. S.W. Aled, 2 m. E. (c.s. *Chwyd*.) Hotel: Black Lion. (See *Rhyl*.)
- Llanfairynghornwy** (Anglesea).—n.s. *Rhos-goch*, 7 m. E. Hygeinan, 3 m. long, runs 1 m. E. Lakes: Hygeinan, 2 m. S.E.
- Llanfechell** (Anglesea).—n.s. *Rhos-goch*, 3 m. S.E. Cemmaes. This brook rises in Llyn Felin-nant, 1 m. W. of *Rhos-goch*, and 4 m. down is joined on left bank by a brook which rises in two lakes by Llandiwin, runs 2 m. to *Llanfechell*, and 1 m. down joins Cemmaes, which runs 2 m. to the sea.
- Llanfangel-Glyn-Myfyr** (Merioneth) (n.s. *Derwen*, 6 m.).—Alwen; trout. (c.s. *See*.) Derwydd. (See *Chester*.)
- Llanfarnach** (Pembroke).—S.W.R. Taf; trout, salmon. (c.s. *Towey*.) Gynin ($2\frac{1}{2}$ m.); trout, sewin. Asen (4 m.). Llechwydd (5 m.). (See *Laugharne*.)
- Llanfyllin** (Montgomery).—L.B.B. Cain; salmon, trout; free. Llechwydd. Tanat (5 m. N.); trout, pike, chub. (c.s. *Severn*.) (See *Lake Vyrnwy Hotel*; *Llangynnog*; *Llanrhataadr-y-mochant*; *Gloucester*.)
- Llangadock** (Caernarthen).—G.W.R. and L. & N.W.R. Towey; salmon, sewin, trout; preserved. (c.s.) Brane; sewin, trout; free. Marles. Sefin. Sawdde; trout; mostly preserved by landowners. Sefin Isaf (3 m.). Llechdawdd (4 m.). Sawdde fechan (5 m.). Dyfnant (6 m.). Clydach (6 m.). Buartharch (8 m.). (See *Caernarthen*.) Lake: Van; trout; free; good fishing. Hotels: Glansein Arms and Red Lion.
- Llangammarch Wells** (Brecon).—L. & N.W.R. Irfon; trout, chub, dace, salmon; preserved by the Llangammarch Wells Angling Association; season begins March 2, ends Sept. 15; only fly allowed until July 1; w.t. 5s., d.t. 1s., non-residents 2s. 6d.; hon. sec., W. Smith, Esq., Pumphouse and Lake Hotel; fishing in lake confined to hotel visitors. Fishing in upper part of Irfon can be had of Mr. Thomas, Post-office.
- Llanwrtyd**, or the sec. of the Llanwrtyd Angling Association, *Llanwrtyd* (see *Llanwrtyd*). Dulas; small trout; preserved by L.W.A.A. for 5 m. at the lower end, above private. Annell; private. Camddwr; private. Cammarch (1 m.); private. Elnon (2 m.); private. Cledau (3 m.); preserved by Llanwrtyd A.A. Onyfiad (3 m.); private. Hotels: Pumphouse and Lake and Cammarch. (See *Chepstow*, *England*.)
- Llangefni** (Anglesea).—L. & N.W.R. Cefni. (c.s. *Seint*.) (See *Bodorgan*.)
- Llangeinwen** (Anglesea).—n.s. *Caernarvon*, 4 m. Brant; salmon, trout. (c.s. *Seint*.) Brant rises in Llyn Llywdarth, 5 m. N.W. of *Beannmaris*, runs 6 m. to *Llanfair*, and 8 m. to *Llangeinwen* and the sea. Just before joining the sea a stream joins on right bank, draining Llyn Gorsddu 1 m. up, 1 m. S.W. from *Llangeinwen*.

- Llangenych** (Caermarthen).—L.R. Llwhwr (injured by mines). Trasarch. (*See Llwhwr.*) (c.s. *Tovey.*)
- Llangian** (Carnarvon).—n.s. **Fwlheli**, 7 m. Soch. Soch rises 2 m. above Meyllteyrn, and 3 m. down, at Bouwnog is joined on left bank by Cofan, 3 m. long. 1 m. down Soch, at Llandegwning, Bodlas, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Soch runs to Llanengan 3 m., **Llangian** 1 m., and the sea 2 m.
- Llanglydwen** (Caermarthen).—S.W.R. Taf; trout, salmon. (*See Laugharna.*) (c.s. *Tovey.*)
- Llangollen** (Denbigh).—G.W.B. Dee; trout, grayling, salmon, pike, chub; preserved by Glyndwr Society from **Carrog** above to Llangollen; salmon and trout s.t. 4l. 4s., m.t. 42s., d.t. 5s. 6d.; trout, s.t. 42s., m.t. 21s., w.t. 10s., d.t. 2s. 6d.; tickets from Mr. Thomas, chemist, Llangollen; only licensed fishermen may be employed; a coracle is 2s. 6d. a day to all except season ticket holders, who pay 21s. extra for use of private coracle, and a coracle man's wages 5s.; no dogs or Sunday fishing. Season begins March 1 and ends Oct. 14 for trout, and Oct. 31 for salmon. There are 2 m. of free water by the town. The Llangollen Trout and Grayling Preservation Society preserve the Dee from Llangollen to Newbridge by **Cefn**, s.t. 20s., d.t. 1s. Deep wading is necessary; March and April, or late in the season, is best. Duns, March brown, and gravel-bed are good flies. (c.s.) Ceiriog, 3 m. S. (c.s. *Dee*). Alyn, 7 m. N., at Llandegla; trout (c.s. *Dee*). Rhys, 7 m. N. at Llandegla. (*See Chester.*)
- Llangonoyd** (Glamorgan).—L.V.R. On Llynvi; trout. (*See Bridgend.*)
- Llangurig** (Montgomery).—M.W.R. Brochan (1 m.). Dulas (1½ m.). (*See Gloucester.*)
- Llangwyllog** (Anglesea).—L. & N.W.R. Cefni. (c.s. *Seint.*) (*See Bodorgan.*)
- Llangybi** (Carnarvon).—C.R. Wen. Dwyfach, 1 m. E.; trout, sewin, salmon. (c.s.) (*See Criccieth, Afon Wen.*)
- Llangynllo** (Radnor).—O.W.R. Lug. Bleda brook (2½ m.). Graig brook (3 m.). Arau (¾ m.). Cam-ddwr (5 m.). (c.s. *Wye.*) (*See Chepstow, England.*)
- Llangynnog** (Montgomery).—(n.s. **Llanfyllin**, 8½ m.) Hotel: New Inn. Tanat; trout; free fishing for 3 m. above and 1 m. below. Eiarth. Goch (2 m.). Hirnant (2½ m. S.) Lakes: Pennant (3 m. S.W.); fishing free. (*See Gloucester.*) (c.s. *Severn.*) (*See Lake Vyrnwy Hotel.*)
- Llanidloes** (Montgomery).—L. & N.R. Severn; trout, chub, salmon. Brochan; trout. Clywedog (poisoned). Dulas (1 m.). Ceryst (2 m. N.) (poisoned). Biga (7 m.). Llywd (8 m.). Lakes: Ebyr (¾ m. N.E.). Derw-llwydion (6 m.). (*See Gloucester.*) (c.s.)
- Llanpumpsaunt** (Caermarthen).—C. & C.R. Gwilli; trout, sewin, salmon; free below, preserved above. (c.s. *Tovey.*) (*See Caermarthen.*)
- Llanrhaeadr** (Denbigh).—L. & N.W.R. Clywd; trout, salmon. (c.s.) Llewesog. (*See Rhyl.*)
- Llanrhaeadr-yn-Mochnant** (Montgomery).—(n.s. **Llanfyllin**, 7 m.) Moch; trout; free. Tanat (1 m.); trout, grayling, chub, &c. Twrch (1 m.). Diagynfa (5 m. N.W.) Lakes: Moelin (5 m. N.E.). Llynecaws (6 m. N.W.). (*See Gloucester.*) (c.s. *Severn.*)
- Llanrhytyd** (Cardigan).—(N.s. **Llanrhytyd Road**, 6 m.) On Wyrail. (c.s. *Tetf.*) Wyrail rises 2 m. above Llanfihangel Lledrod 3 m. S.W. from **Traws Coed** Station, runs 4 m. to Llangwryllion, and 4 m. to **Llanrhytyd**. Here Mabus joins on left bank. Mabus rises 1 m. S.W. from Llangwryllion, and 2 m. down is joined on left bank by Tryal, 2 m. long. Mabus runs to **Llanrhytyd** in 3 m. Carrog, also 5 m. long, here joins Wyrail on right bank. 1 m. below **Llanrhytyd** Wyrail joins the sea. Arth, 6 m. S. Lakes: Llyn March, 6 m. E. (*See Aberaeron.*)
- Llanrwst** (Denbigh).—L. & N.W.R. Conway; salmon, trout, sewin; for salmon fishing in the Gwydyr Fishery—s.t. 10l. 10s., May 1 to Aug. 1 4l.; July 1 to Aug. 31, m.t. 2l., w.t. 15s., d.t. 4s.; Sept. 1 to 30 3l., f.t. 2l., w.t. 25s.; Oct. 1 to Nov. 15 7l., f.t. 3l., w.t. 2l.; trout, from March 1 to April 30, 25s., m.t. 15s., w.t. 5s., d.t. 1s.; from the hotels and Mr. Griffith Owen, Greenwich House. Dyffryn-gallt, 3 m. N.E. Derfyn, 4 m. E. Llugwy, 4 m. S.; trout, salmon (c.s. *Conway*); tickets at hotels (*for terms see Bettus-y-Coed*). Hwch, 5 m. S.E. Lledr, 6 m. S.; trout, salmon (c.s. *Conway*); tickets at hotels (*for terms see Bettus*). Cledwen or Elwy, 6 m. E. (c.s.) Lakes: Llyn-y-Pair, 2 m. S. Pen-raig, 3 m. S.W. Bodgynydd, 3 m. S.W. Geirionydd, 3 m. W. Chwyth Llyn, 3 m. N.E. Crafnant, 4 m. W.; trout; boats. Aled, 8 m. S.E. (c.s. *Chwyd*). Noel-frech, 8 m. S.E. Hotel: Eagles (*see Advertisement*). (*See Conway; Rhyl.*)
- Llanrystyd Road** (Cardigan).—G.W.R. (*See Llanantiffraid; Llanrystyd.*)
- Llanantiffraid** (Cardigan).—N.s. **Llanrhytyd Road**, 8 m. On Peris, 6 m. long. Lanon, 4 m. long, runs ¼ m. S.
- Llanantiffraid** (Montgomery).—L.B.R. VERNWY; trout, salmon, chub, pike, perch, roach, dace; preserved by landowners below, free above. (*See Llanyamech.*) Cain; trout, salmon; free. Tanat; trout, grayling, chub, pike. Lakes: Du (6 m. S.E.) (*See Gloucester.*) (c.s. *Severn.*) Hotel: Sun.
- Llantillio**, station **Berwyn** (Merioneth).—Dee; trout, grayling, pike, chub, salmon. (c.s.) Berwyn. (*See Chester.*)
- Llantrissant** (Glamorgan).—S.W.R. Ely; trout; free. Dowlas brook; trout. (c.s. *Taff.*) (*See Cardiff.*)
- Llanwchllyn** (Merioneth).—C.B.D.B. Dee or Lliw; trout; preserved by Sir W. W.

- Wynne. (c.s.) Dwfrdwy. Twrch; trout; preserved by Sir W. W. W. (c.s. Dec.) Llafar, 2 m. N.E.; trout; preserved by Sir W. W. W. Rhydwen, 2 m. E. Afon-y-Wynt, 4 m. N.W. Ennant, 7 m. N.W. *Lakes*: Bala or Tegid, 1 m. N.E.; trout, pike, perch; free. (c.s. Dec.) (See Chester.) *Hotel*: Railway.
- Llanwnall** (Carnarvon).—L. & N.W.R. Gwrfai; salmon, trout. (c.s. Seiont.) Gwrfai rises in Llyn-y-Gader by **Rhyddn**, and 1 m. down is joined on right bank by a stream which rises in Llyn Glas, runs $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to Llyn Goch. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down, a stream joins on left bank, draining Llyn-y-Nadredd $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up (these lakelets are close together under the brow of Snowdon). On the right bank the outflow of Llyn Ffynnon-y-Gwas joins $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up. These four lakes are 3 m. E. of **Snowdon Ranger**. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down, Gwrfai runs into Llyn Cwellyn. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down the lake is **Snowdon Ranger** on right bank. Llyn Cwellyn is 1 m. long. Gwrfai when it leaves the lake runs 2 m. to **Bettws Garmon**, 5 m. to **Llanwndia**. Here Venno, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Gwrfai runs to the sea in 3 m. **Llanwrda** (Caermarthen).—C.W.R. Tovey; trout, salmon, sewin; fishing free. (c.s.) Llynys. Dulas. (See Caermarthen.)
- Llanwrtyd** (Brecon).—C.W.R. Irfon; trout, chub, dace; preserved by Llanwrtyd Angling Association; sec., Mr. Thomas, Post Office. Cerdul (2 m.). Cledau (3 m.); preserved as Irfon. Callant (4 m.). Gwessin (6 m.). *Hotels*: Dolcoed House, where fishing can be had in Irfon for some miles; Renadd Arms, and Belleorn. The best trouting is above. (See Chepstow, England.)
- Llan-y-Bryher** (Cardigan).—G.W.R. Telfi; salmon, trout. (c.s.) Granell (3 m.). *Lakes*: Pencarreg (2 m.). (See Cardigan.)
- Llong** (Flint).—L. & N.W.R. Alyn; trout. (c.s. Dec.) Terrig. (See Chester.)
- Llŵchwr** (Glamorgan).—S.W.R. Llŵchwr. Lliw. Llŵchwr rises some 3 m. E. of **Llan-dyble**, and 4 m. down is joined on right bank by Llan-dyble brook, which, after running 4 m., passes 1 m. W. of **Derwydd Road**, runs thence to **Llan-dyble** 2 m., and joins Llŵchwr 2 m. down, 1 m. from **Cross Inn**. Here also Lash, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Llŵchwr runs 2 m. to **Pant-yffynon Junction**, where Amman joins on left bank, and Alwyd, 4 m. long, on right bank. Amman rises 3 m. above **Bryn-Amman**, runs thence to **Garnant** 2 m. Here Garnant, 3 m. long, joins on left bank, and Pedol, 3 m. long, on right bank. Amman runs to **Cross Inn**, 4 m., and **Pant-yffynon** 1 m. Llŵchwr runs to **Pont-ar-du-lais** 8 m.; here Dulas, 5 m. long, joins on left bank 1 m. down Llŵchwr, Gwill joins on right bank. Gwill rises some 4 m. W. of **Pant-yffynon**, and is 10 m. long (injured in its lower part by mines). $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Llŵchwr, at **Llangenych**, Trasarch, 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Llŵchwr runs 2 m. to **Llŵchwr**. (c.s. Tovey.) (The river is mostly injured by mines.)
- LLIW rises 8 m. above **Gors**, runs thence to **Llŵchwr** 3 m., where it joins the estuary. At Llŵchwr the lesser Lliw, 6 m. long, joins on left bank.
- Llwyngwrl** (Carnarvon).—C.R. Llwyd; trout. This stream is 4 m. long.
- Llynedeg** (Glamorgan).—V. of N.R. Cynon. (See Cardiff.)
- Login** (Caermarthen).—S.W.R. Taf; trout, salmon. (c.s. Tovey.) Eglwys (4 m.). (See Laugharne.)
- Loveston** (Pembroke).—(n.s. Templeton. P. & T.R. 3 m.) Carn. Carn rises $\frac{1}{2}$ m. W. from **Templeton** station, runs 3 m. to Loveston, and 1 m. down, 3 m. from **Begelly**, is joined on left bank by Langden brook, 3 m. long. Carn runs $\frac{2}{3}$ m. to Milford Haven.
- Machynlleth** (Montgomery).—L. & N.W.R. Dovey; salmon, sewin, trout. (c.s.) Dovey rises in Llyn Dyfi, 3 m. E. from **Drws-y-nant** station, and 4 m. down, at Llan-y-Mowddwy, 5 m. N.E. from **Dinas Mowddwy**, is joined on right bank by Pamrhyd, 2 m. long. 4 m. down Dovey, 1 m. above **Dinas Mowddwy**, Cowarch, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Dovey runs 1 m. to **Dinas Mowddwy**. Here Geryst, which rises in Llynnen Figan and Fach, and is 4 m. long, joins on right bank. 1 m. down Dovey, by Mallwyd (salmon, sewin, trout; *Hotel*: Peniarth Arms (see Advertisement), where extensive fishing can be had). Cleivion joins on left bank. Cleivion rises in the hills 6 m. W. of Mallwyd, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by Clywedog, 4 m. long. 1 m. down Cleivion, at Pont-ar-bwlfa, Tafolog, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up Tafolog from its junction with Cleivion a stream joins on right bank, which drains Llyn-coch-hwyad 2 m. up. This lake lies 5 m. W. of Mallwyd and 6 m. S.W. of **Dinas**. Cleivion runs in 2 m. to Mallwyd and Dovey. Dovey runs to **Aber Angell**, 3 m., and here Angell joins on right bank. Angell, after running 3 m., is joined on right bank by Hir, 2 m. long, and on same bank by a stream draining Llyn Lleocediog $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Angell, Mynach, 3 m. long, joins on left bank, and $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down is Dovey. Dovey runs to **Cemmaes**, 3 m., and **Cemmaes Junction**, 2 m. Here Twymyn joins on left bank. Twymyn rises 5 m. above **Llan-brynmair**, and 2 m. below that place, by the station, is joined on right bank by Tal, 5 m. long. Just above the junction a stream joins on right bank 5 m. long. Twymyn runs to Dovey, 5 m. 2 m. down Dovey, opposite Llanwein, Gwidol, 3 m. long, joins on right bank; and 2 m. below, 1 m. above **Machynlleth** station, Diflas joins on left bank. Diflas rises in Llyn Bugellyn (good trouting) 8 m. S.W. from **Machynlleth**. 2 m. down, a stream joins on right bank, draining Glaslyn, 2 m. up, 8 m. S.W. from **Machynlleth**, and 1 m. N. of Llyn Bugellyn. 2 m. down Dyffas a stream joins on left bank, 4 m. long. Dyffas runs 4 m. to Pont-felin-gerig, 1 m. W. from **Machynlleth**, and here Orial, 7 m. long, joins on right bank. Dovey is $\frac{1}{2}$ m.

- down. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Dovey Dulas (good trouting, sewin, and mort up to weir) joins on right bank. (c.s. Dovey.) Dulas rises above Aber-llefeni, 4 m. E. of **Aber Angell**, and here Llefeni, 3 m. long, joins Dulas on right bank. 2 m. down, Corys, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. **Taly-Llyn** lies 2 m. E. of the head of this stream. Dulas runs 5 m. to Dovey. Dovey runs $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to **Maachynlleth** and **Gilan Dyf** at the estuary, 6 m. Here Llymant, which rises in Llyn-pen-Bhaldr (trout, perch; preserved by Sir Pryse Pryse, of Gorgerdan, who sometimes gives leave), 7 m. S. from **Maachynlleth**, runs 4 m. to 2 m. S. of that town, joins Dovey 3 m. down at **Gilan Dyf**. Here also Elinon, 5 m. long, joins Dovey on left bank. There are several good salmon pools in Dovey; s.t. 34, 36., d.t. 2s. 6d. Rheidol, 8 m. S.E. (See *Aberystwyth*.)
- Maenlochog** (Pembroke).—S.W.R. Llandilo brook. Gllfach brook (1 m.). Syfynfy (3 m.). Corwyn (4 m.). Orynanich (4 m.). (See *Haverfordwest*.)
- Maentwrog** (Merioneth).—(Station **Tan-y-Bwlch**). Dwyrdd; trout, sewin, salmon; free above, preserved below; s.t. 20s., m.t. 10s., w.t. 2s. 6d. Prysor, 1 m. S. (c.s. Dovey.) **Lakes**: Garnedd, 1 m. N.; free of hotel. Hafod-y-Llyn, 1 m. N.W. Llenyrch, 2 m. S. Tecwyn-uchaf, 2 m. S.W.; free of hotel. Y-Oerfa, 2 m. E. **Hotels**: Oakley Arms and Grapes, where fishing can be had. (See *Penrhyndeudraeth*.)
- Maerdy** (Merioneth).—n.s. **Corwen**, 5 m. Alwen; trout. (c.s. Dec.) Geirw, 1 m. S. (c.s. Dec.) (See *Chester*.)
- Maestog** (Glamorgan).—L.V.R. On Llynvi; trout. (See *Bridgend*.)
- Maes-y-Cruglan** (Cardigan).—M. & M.R. Teifi; salmon, trout. (c.s.) Ceiliog (3 m.). Cathal (2 m.). Cletwr (2 m. trout, good). Cinen (4 m.). (See *Cardigan*.)
- Manod** (Merioneth).—Bywydd. Dwyrdd, 1 m. S.W.; trout; free. Manod, 1 m. S. Machno, 3 m. W. **Lakes**: Llyn Manod, 1 m. E. Llyn-y-frith-graig, 3 m. W. Danogen, 3 m. N.W. (See *Penrhyndeudraeth*; *Conwy*.)
- Manorbeer** (Pembroke).—P. & T.R. Pennar. (See *Pembroke*.)
- Merthyr** (Glamorgan).—T.V.R. Taff; salmon, trout. (c.s.) (See *Cardiff*.)
- Middletown** (Montgomery).—S. & W.R. Trevern. Severn (3 m. W.); trout, salmon chub, dace, &c. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Milford** (Pembroke).—S.W.R. Mullock brook ($6\frac{1}{2}$ m.). (See *St. Ishmael's*.) Milford Haven contains a great variety of sea fish, and the brooks trout. Thorn Island, Bat Island, and Sheep Island, and the Harbour rock, with many other places, are all good for pollack, and bass are also frequently met with. Sand-eels might be taken with a seine net at Angle Bay. At the insulated rocks outside the haven, very large pollack in the tide-races towards the Smalls Light; a steam yacht desirable for this distant fishing. The strongest tackle requisite. Spinning indiarubber eels strongly recommended.
- Mold** (Flint).—L. & N.W.R. Alyn; trout. (c.s. Dec.) Terrig, 3 m. S.E. **Lakes**: Llyn-y-Mynydd-du, 5 m. S. Llyn Neyn, 5 m. S. (See *Chester*.)
- Montgomery**.—O. & N.B. Severn (2 m.); trout, salmon, chub, &c. Camlad (2 m. N.); trout, grayling, chub. Lacks brook (2 m. S.E.). Caebitra (4 m. S.E.). Rhiw ($4\frac{1}{2}$ m. N.W.); good trouting. (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s.)
- Morrison** (Glamorgan).—Tawe. (See *Swansea*.)
- Mostyn** (Flint).—L. & N.W.R. 1 m. N. runs Afon-y-Garth, 3 m. long.
- Mountain Ash** (Glamorgan).—A.B.E. Cynon. (See *Cardiff*.)
- Mumbles Road** (Glamorgan).—L.R. (See *Bishopston*.) Kittle brook (3 m.)
- Mantlwyd** (Denbigh).—L. & N.W.R. Clwyd; trout. (c.s.) Clywedog, 3 m. N.W. (See *Rhyl*.)
- Mantgaredig** (Caermarthen).—C.B.R. Towey; salmon, trout, sewin; fishing free. Cothi; salmon, trout, sewin. (c.s.) Pibw, $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. Gwendraeth fach, 4 m. (See *Caermarthen*; *Kidwelly*.)
- Nantle** (Carnarvon).—L. & N.W.R. Llyfni; trout, sewin. (c.s. *Seint*.) **Lakes**: Nantle (2); trout, sewin; fishing poor. (c.s. *Seint*.) Ffynnonaw, 2 m. N.E. Owm Silyn (2), 2 m. S. (See *Pen-y-groes*.)
- Narberth** (Pembroke).—P. & T.R. Marlas (1 m.). Gwaithnoak (2 m.). Eastern Cleddau (2 m.). Taf (5 m.); salmon, trout. (c.s. *Towey*.) (See *Laugharne*; *Haverfordwest*.)
- Neath** (Glamorgan).—V.N.B. Neath. Neath rises 4 m. above Ystradfellte (n.s. **Glyn Neath**, 7 m.), and 4 m. down is joined on right bank by Lila 3 m. long (n.s. **Glyn Neath**, 8 m.). 1 m. down is Ystrad; and 3 m. below, Hepste joins on left bank. Hepste, after running 6 m., passes 1 m. N.W. of Penderyn (n.s. **Hirwain**, 2 m.), and 1 m. down joins Neath. 2 m. down Neath, Nedd, 8 m. long, joins on right bank (n.s. **Glyn Neath**, 3 m.). Neath runs 3 m. to **Glyn Neath**, 3 m. to **Resolven**, 4 m. to **Aberdylas**. Here Dylas, which rises by **Criniant**, and is 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Neath runs to **Neath 2 m.**; and 1 m. down, Clydach, which rises 2 m. E. of **Font-ar-clawes** station, and is 5 m. long, joins on right bank. Neath flows to the sea in 3 m.
- Nevin** (Carnarvon).—N.s. **Pwllheli**, 8 m. Geirch, 2 m. W., 5 m. long.
- New Bridge** (Radnor).—M.W.R. Wye; salmon, trout, chub, dace, pike, roach. Ithon; trout. Hernant (1 m.). (c.s.) (See *Chepstow, England*.)
- Newcastle Emlyn** (Cardigan).—(n.s. **Llandysfil**, 8 m.) Teifi; salmon, trout. Ceri (2 m.). Gernos (3 m.). Cyeh (6 m.). (c.s. *Teifi*.) (See *Cardigan*.)
- New Milford** (Pembroke).—S.W.R. Rosemarket brook. This stream rises 1 m. W. of **Johnston**, runs to **Rosemarket** 3 m., and **New Milford** 3 m.
- Newport** (Pembroke).—N.s. **Crymmych Arms**, 10 m. Neave. This stream rises by **Crymmych Arms**, runs 7 m., when Biron, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. down

- Neave, Duad, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. Neave runs to Nevern, 2 m., and **Newport**, 2 m. Here Clydach, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. To $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below this the tide flows.
- New Radnor** (Radnor).—L. & K.R. Summerhill brook. Black brook. *Lakes*: Melan (4 m.). (See *Chepstow, England*.)
- Newtown** (Montgomery).—O. & N.R. Severn; trout, salmon, chub, &c. Hafren (3 m. E.). *Lakes*: Fachwen Pool (3 m. N.W.) Dwr (6 m.). (c.s.) (See *Gloucester and Chepstow, England*.)
- Pant** (Glamorgan).—B. & M.T.J.R. Taft; trout, salmon. (c.s.) (See *Cardiff*.)
- Pant Glas** (Carnarvon).—Dwyfach; trout, sewin, salmon. (c.s.) (See *Criccieth*.)
- Pant-y-dwr** (Radnor).—M.W.E. Marteg; trout. (See *Chepstow, England*.)
- Pantyfnon** (Caermarthen).—L.R. Llwehwr. Amman. Alwyd. Gwill (4 m.). (See *Llwehwr*.) (c.s. Towey.)
- Pembroke** (P. & T.R.).—Pennar. Pennar rises by **Manorbeer** station, runs 3 m. to **Lamphey**, and Pembroke 2 m. Stackpool brook (3 m.). (See *Cheriton*.) Castle art n brook (3 m.) (See *Castle Martin*.) Carew brook (4 m.) (See *Carew*.) *Lake*: Orielton lakes (3 m.).
- Pen Caber** (Cardigan).—O. & C.R. Twelli; trout (good). (See *Cardigan*.)
- Pen-clawd** (Glamorgan).—S.W.B. (See *Cheriton*.)
- Pencoe** (Glamorgan).—S.W.B. On Evenny; trout. (See *Bridgend*.) (c.s. Ogmores.)
- Penmaen** (Glamorgan).—(n.s. **Kilay**, 6 m.). Penmaen brook. This stream rises on Fairwood Moor, 3 m. W. from **Kilay**, and 3 m. down, near Penmaen, is joined by a brook on right bank 3 m. long. The sea is 1 m. down.
- Penmaenpool** (Merioneth).—L. & N.W.E., G.W.B. Mawddach; trout, sewin, few salmon; d.t. 2s. 6d. m.t. 10s. 6d. (c.s. Dovey.) Mynach. Gadr, 1 m. S. Llechan, 2 m. W. *Lakes*: Cwm-mynach, 4 m. N. (See *Barnmouth*.)
- Penrhosilligwy** (Anglesea).—n.s. **Llanerchymedd**, 5 m. S.W. Lligwy. This stream rises in Llyn-lwyn-Crwn, $\frac{1}{4}$ m. S. across the hills from **Penrhosilligwy**, and is 3 m. long. Dulas runs 2 m. N. Dulas rises in Paint pools 1 m. S. of **Amlwch**, and $\frac{1}{4}$ m. down waters Llyn Meliw. Dulas runs to Wern, $2\frac{1}{4}$ m. N.E. of **Llanerchymedd**, 4 m., and 3 m. down joins the estuary.
- Penrhyndendraeth** (Merioneth).—C.R. Dwyryd; trout, sewin, salmon. Dwyryd rises in a small nameless pool 3 m. above **Tan-y-Grisiau**, and, 1 m. from its source, is joined on right bank by a stream, 1 m. long, draining the reservoir 3 m. N. from **Tan-y-Grisiau**. At **Tan-y-Grisiau**, Orthan joins on right bank. Orthan rises in Llyn Coch, 2 m. N.W. of **Tan-y-Grisiau** (there are three small nameless lakes $\frac{1}{2}$ m. N. of Coch). $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down is a lakelet close to the right bank, and a stream on left bank draining a nameless lakelet close to the S.W. arm of Llyn Conglog. 1 m. below, a stream joins on left bank, draining Llyn Conglog $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up. (There are three lakelets immediately to N. of Conglog, and Llyn Clogwyn lies close to the junction with Orthan; all these lakes are within 3 m. of **Tan-y-Grisiau**.) Orthan runs $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to Llyn-Cwm-Orthan, and, 1 m. down, joins Dwyryd at **Tan-y-Grisiau**. Here, also, Ddu joins on right bank. Ddu rises in the reservoir by the railway, and, 1 m. down, is joined on left bank by a stream draining Llyn Trwystyllon 1 m. up, 2 m. S.W. of **Tan-y-Grisiau**. Ddu joins Dwyryd $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down. 1 m. down Dwyryd, Bywydd joins on left bank. Bywydd rises in Llyn Bywydd, 1 m. N.E. of **Difwys**, runs by that station, and, 1 m. below, at **Manod**, is joined on left bank by a stream, 2 m. long, draining Llyn Dubach, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. E. of **Difwys**. 1 m. down, Bywydd joins Dwyryd. 1 m. down Dwyryd, at Rhyd-y-sarn, 1 m. W. of **Pfestiniog**, Ysptyty joins on left bank. Ysptyty rises in Llyn-y-bryn-du. (Llyn-y-gors is $\frac{1}{2}$ m. N.E. and Llyn-y-frithgrai 1 m. N.E. of this lake.) 1 m. below, the drainage of Llynian-y-gamallt, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. long, joins on left bank. 3 m. down Ysptyty, at Pont-y-pant, the drainage, 2 m. long, of Llyn-y-Morwynion, $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. E. of **Pfestiniog**, joins on left bank. 1 m. down Ysptyty, Manod, which rises in Llyn Manod, 1 m. E. of **Manod**, and is 3 m. long, joins on right bank. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down, Ysptyty joins Dwyryd. At Tal-y-bont, 1 m. W. of **Pfestiniog**, Rhaiaadr joins Dwyryd on left bank. Rhaiaadr rises in Llyn Dywarchen, 4 m. E. of **Pfestiniog**, and, 2 m. down, is joined on right bank by a stream, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. long, draining Llyn Dubach, 3 m. E. of **Pfestiniog** and $\frac{1}{2}$ m. E. of Llyn-y-Morwynion. 2 m. down Rhaiaadr, a stream, 1 m. long, joins on left bank, draining Llyn-craig-y-tan, 2 m. S.E. of **Pfestiniog**. Rhaiaadr runs 2 m. to Dwyryd, passing **Pfestiniog** midway. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Dwyryd, a stream joins on left bank, 3 m. long, running out of Llyn-y-oerfa, 2 m. E. of **Maentwrog Road** station. Dwyryd runs 1 m. to **Maentwrog** (station, **Tan-y-Bwlch**), and here a stream joins on right bank draining Llynenn Garnedd, 1 m. N., and Hafod-y-Llyn, 1 m. N.W. from **Maentwrog**. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below **Maentwrog**, Prysor joins on left bank. Prysor rises in Llyn Cors-y-barcut, 5 m. S.E. from **Pfestiniog**, and, 1 m. down, is joined on right bank by a stream which rises in Llynenn Conglog fach and fawr, and, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below these lakes, is joined on right bank by a stream, 1 m. long, draining Llyn Dubach. These lakes are 5 m. N.E. of **Trawsfynydd**. 2 m. down Prysor, a short stream joins Llyn-y-Garn to the main river. This lake is $\frac{1}{2}$ m. S. of Llyn Conglog fach. Prysor runs 3 m., when a stream $\frac{1}{2}$ m. long, draining Llyn Rhythlyn, 3 m. N.E. of **Trawsfynydd**, joins on right bank. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Prysor, Hafar, 3 m. long, rising in Llyn-y-graig-wen, 4 m. N.E. of **Trawsfynydd**, joins on right bank. Prysor runs 2 m. to **Trawsfynydd**, and, 2 m. below, is joined on right bank by a brook 3 m. long. Prysor runs 9 m., when a brook 1 m. long, draining Llyn Llenyrc, 2 m. S. of **Maentwrog**, joins on left bank.

- Prysor joins Dwyryd 1 m. below. Dwyryd runs to **Penrhyndendraeth** and the estuary in 3 m. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to the S. of Dwyryd a stream joins the estuary, which drains Llyn Tecwyn-uchaf, 2 m. S.W. of **Maeantwrog**.
- Penwylit** (Brecon).—N. & B.R. Tawe. Byfre. Haffys. Gialdd (6 m.). (See *Swansea*.) Sawdde (7 m.). *Lakes*: Fan-fawr (5 m.). Fan-fach (7 m.); many small trout. (See *Caermarthen*.)
- Pen-y-Bont** (Radnor).—C.W.R. Ithen; trout, salmon. Arran. Clywedog (1 m.); trout. Camilo (1 m.). Dulas (2 m.). Llandegley brook (2 m.). Edw (3 m.); good trouting, permission freely given. Crych brook (5 m.). *Hotel*: Severn Arms, where fishing in 8 m. of Ithon can be had. (c.s. *Wye*.) (See *Chepstow, England*.)
- Pen-y-Groes** (Caermarthen).—L. & N.W.R. Llyfni; trout. Llyfni rises in Llyn-y-dywarthen, 1 m. N.W. of **Rhyddu**, and 3 m. down, runs into the Nantle Lakes at **Nantle**. Half-way down the upper lake, a stream joins on right bank, which drains Llyn Fynnonaw $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down the lower lake, a stream joins on left bank, draining Llynian Cwm-silyn $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up. From where Llyfni leaves the lower lake to **Pen-y-Groes** is 2 m., and 1 m. below, Dulyn, which rises in Llyn Cwm-dulyn, 3 m. S.E. of **Pen-y-Groes**, and is 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Hence to the sea is 3 m. (c.s. *Seint*.)
- Pen-y-Gwryd** (Carnarvon).—N.S. **Beddgellert**, 8 m. Gwryd; trout; free. Gwryd runs to Llyn Mymbyr, near Capel Curig. Glaslyn, 1 m. S.; trout, sewin, salmon; w.t. 5s. at hotel. (c.s. *Dovey*.) *Lakes*: Llyn-y-Cwm Ffynnon; trout; boats. Tyrn, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. S.W.; trout. Llynian-duwannedd, 2 m. S.E.; trout. Llydaw, 2 m. S.W.; trout. Glaslyn, 3 m. S.W.; trout. Gwynant, 3 m. S.; boat. (c.s. *Dovey*.) Edno, 7 m. S.; large trout. *Hotel*: Pen-y-Gwryd. (See *Portmadoc*.)
- Peterston** (Glamorgan).—S.W.R. Ely; trout; fishing free, (c.s. *Taff*.) (See *Cardiff*.)
- Pont** (Glanorgan).—S.V.R. Rhondda; trout, salmon. (c.s. *Taff*.) Rhondda Fychan. (See *Cardiff*.)
- Pont-ar-dawe** (Glamorgan).—S.V.R. Clydach. (See *Neath*.) Tawe. (See *Swansea*.)
- Pont-ar-dulais** (Glamorgan).—L.R. Llwchwr (injured by mines). Dulas; trout. Gwilli (1 m.) (injured by mines in its lower parts). (See *Lluchwr*.) (c.s. *Tovey*.)
- Pontestocill** (Brecon).—B. & M.T.J.R. Taff; trout, salmon. (c.s.) (See *Cardiff*.)
- Pont Ilanio** (Cardigan).—Telf. salmon; trout. (c.s.) **Carfan**. Brenig (2 m.). (See *Cardigan*.) Aaron, 4 m. W. (c.s.) Gwrnffrwd, 4 m. W. (see *Aberaeron*.) Pysgotwr (6 m.). Cothi; trout (6 m.). (c.s. *Tovey*.) Twrch (6m.). (See *Caermarthen*.)
- Pontlloftyn** (Glamorgan).—R. & N.R. Rumney; trout, salmon; preserved. (See *Cardiff*.) (c.s.)
- Pont Newydd** (Merioneth).—L. & N.W.R. Wnion; trout, sewin; preserved by land-owners. (See *Barmouth*.)
- Pont-y-ddolgoch** (Montgomery).—N. & M.R. Garno. Mawr (2 $\frac{1}{2}$ m.). Tarw (4 m.). *Lakes*: Du (3 m.). Mawr (3 m.); good trouting. Tarw (4 m.). (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Pont-y-Pant** (Carnarvon).—L. & N.W.R. Lledr; trout, salmon, sewin; tickets at hotel (for terms see **Bettws-y-Coed**). (c.s. *Conwy*.) Ystumian, 1 m. W.; trout. Conwy. 3 m. E.; trout, salmon, sewin; tickets at hotel (for terms see **Llanrwst**). (c.s.) *Hotel*: Pont-y-pant. (See *Conwy*.)
- Pont-y-Frydd** (Glamorgan).—T.V.R. Taff; salmon, trout. Rhondda; salmon, trout. (c.s.) (See *Cardiff*.)
- Pool Quay** (Montgomery).—O. & N.R. Bete brook. Severn (1 m.); chub, dace, trout, salmon. Trewern (1 m.). (See *Gloucester*.) (c.s. *Severn*.)
- Portmadoc** (Carnarvon).—C.R. Glaslyn; trout, sewin, salmon. Glaslyn rises in Llyn Glaslyn, 3 m. S.W. of **Pen-y-Gwryd**, runs in $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to Llyn Llydaw, 2 m. S.W. of **Pen-y-Gwryd**, and 1 m. down, is joined on left bank by a short stream draining Llyn Teyrn, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. S.W. from **Pen-y-Gwryd**. Glaslyn runs 2 m. to Llyn Gwynant, 3 m. S. of **Pen-y-Gwryd**, or 4 m. N.E. of **Beddgellert**, and 2 m. below (including the lake), is joined on left bank by a stream which rises in Llyn Edno, 7 m. S. of **Pen-y-Gwryd**, or 6 m. N.E. of **Beddgellert**, and 1 m. below, is joined on left bank by the drainage of Llynian Cwm, four small lakes 1 m. up, and 6 m. N.E. of **Beddgellert**. Glaslyn is 2 m. down. Glaslyn runs 1 m. to Llyn-y-Ddinas (trout, salmon) 2 m. N.E. from **Beddgellert**, which place it reaches in 3 m., including the lake. Here Colwyn, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. Glaslyn runs 4 m., where Nant-y-Mor joins on left bank. This stream rises in Llyn-y-Adar, 5 m. E. of **Beddgellert** or 3 m. N.W. across the hills from **Tan-y-Grisiau**, runs $\frac{1}{2}$ m. to Llyn Iagl, and 2 m. down, is joined on left bank by a stream draining Llyn Biswall, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. S.W. of Llyn-y-Adar. Nant-y-Mor runs 1 m., when the outflow of Llyn-y-Arddu, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up, joins on right bank. There are two other small lakes, Llynian Cerig-y-Mellt lying $\frac{1}{2}$ m. N.E. of this lake, the three being within 3 m. of **Beddgellert**. Nant-y-Mor runs 2 m., when the outflow of a lake at Hafod-y-Llyn, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up, joins on right bank. This lake is 3 m. S. of **Beddgellert**. Glaslyn runs 1 m., when Croesor joins on left bank. Croesor rises in Llyn difwys, runs 1 m. to Llyn Cwm-y-foel, and 1 m. below, is joined on left bank by a stream 1 m. long, draining the twin Llyn difwys. These three lakes are close together, and are 3 m. in the hills up the Orthan valley from **Grisiau**. 4 m. down Croesor, Dulif, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Glaslyn is 1 m. below, which runs to **Portmadoc** in 4 m. (c.s. *Dovey*.) *Lakes*: Llyn Du, 3 m. N. Llyn Cwm Istrallyn, 4 m. N. *Fishing stations within reach*: Oriclieth, Afon Wen, Pwllbell, Penrhyndendraeth, Talsarnan, Llanbedr, Dyffryn, Barmouth, Llwyngwrl, Towyn, Aberdovey, Glandovey, Machynlleth, Penrhyndendraeth, Tan-y-

bwich, Tan-y-Grisian, Duffws, Beddgellert. The best flies are the peahen, coch-y-bonddu, cowdung, hawthorn, black gnat, woodcock, cinnamon, coachman, red spinner, sandfly, and blue dun. Also, body, orange mohair; legs, yellow hackle; wings, red feather from a pheasant's tail, dressed smallish. Body, peacock's tail; legs, black; wings, moorhen, dressed large. Body, claret; legs, black; wings, mallard. Body, orange; legs, partridge hackle. Body, yellow, with gold tip; legs, yellow; wings, mallard. Coch-y-bonddu, wrentail, and spider are good flies. June and July are the best months. At Portmadoc the best fishing is 3 or 4 m. above the embankment. A good-sized cinnabar-moth (peacock harl body; wings, parrot and dusky black mixed, dressed buzz), and the common blue butterfly, or a fly with a body blood red, and wings mallard. A dun daddy-longlegs is also a good fly.

Presteign (Radnor).—O.W.B. Lug; trout, grayling. Boulli brook. Summerhill brook (1 m.) (c.s. Wye.) Lug is preserved by various owners above, and by Mr. Evelyn, of Corton, for 4 m. down, and then by various landowners to **Kingland**. (See *Chepstow, England*.)

Frysgwaen (Denbigh).—G.W.B. Morlas. Ceiriog, 1 m. N. (c.s. Dee.) (See *Chester*.)

Fyle (Glamorgan).—S.W.B. Kenfig. Kenfig rises 4 m. N. from **Cefn** (B.R.), runs thence to **Fyle** 1 m., and sea 4 m.

Fwillheli (Carnarvon).—O.B. Erch; trout, sewin. Erch rises 1 m. above Pont-y-gydros, 5 m. N. by road from **Fwillheli**. Here a stream joins on left bank, draining a lake $\frac{1}{2}$ m. up. Erch runs 3 m. to Pont-y-rhyd-goch, 4 m. N. from **Fwillheli**, and, 1 m. below, Ceilog, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. Erch runs to **Fwillheli** in 5 m. Here Western Erch joins on right bank. Western Erch rises 4 m. above Llanor, 2 m. N.W. of **Fwillheli**, and here it is joined on left bank by a brook 3 m. long. W. Erch runs 3 m., when a brook, 4 m. long, joins on left bank, running close to the N. of the town. A little below, Geirch, 6 m. long, joins on right bank. W. Erch joins Erch at **Fwillheli** 1 m. down. *Hotel*: Crown. (c.s. *Dwyfach*.) (See *Llangrann; Nevins*.)

Quakers' Yard (Glamorgan).—T.V.B. Taff; salmon, trout (c.s.) Bargawd Taff. (See *Cardiff*.)

Resolven (Glamorgan).—V.N.B. Neath. (See *Neath*.)

Rhayader (Radnor).—M.W.B. (c.s.) Wye; trout, chub, dace, salmon. Elan; trout (1 $\frac{1}{2}$ m.). Marteg; trout (3 m.). Hirin (7 m.). *Lakes*: Gwny, trout; Cerrig Llwydion Isaf, trout (8 $\frac{1}{2}$ m.). Cerrig Llwydion Uchaf, trout (9 m.). *Hotels*: Lion and Royal, where a long stretch of trouting can be had, and 5 m. of salmon fishing in Wye. (See *Chepstow, England*.)

Rhowl (Denbigh).—L. & N.W.B. Clwyd; trout, salmon. (c.s.) Clywedog. (See *Rhyl*.)

Rhos-goch (Anglesea).—L. & N.W.B. (See *Llanfairynghornury; Llanfechell*.) *Lakes*: Felin-nant, 1 m. W.

Rhyddlan (Flint).—L. & N.W.B. Clwyd; salmon, trout. (c.s.) Helyg, 1 m. N.W. (See *Rhyl*.)

Rhyddu (Carnarvon).—Gwrfa; trout. (c.s. *Seiont*.) Llyfni; trout; 1 m. N.W. (c.s. *Seiont*.) *Lakes*: Llyn-y-Gader. (See *Llanvendra*.) Y-dywarehen, 1 m. N.W. (See *Pen-y-groes*.)

Rhydown (Pembroke).—S.W.B. Taf; trout, salmon. (c.s. *Towey*.) Gravil. (See *Laugharne*.)

Rhyd-y-Mwyn (Flint).—L. & N.W.B. Alyn; trout. (c.s. *Dee*.) Fechlas brook. (See *Chester*.)

Rhyd-y-Onnen (Merioneth).—G.W.B., L. & N.W.B. Fefinder. Dysynni, 1 m. N.W.; trout, salmon, sewin. (c.s. *Dovey*.) (See *Towyn*.)

Rhyl (Flint).—L. & N.W.B. and G.W.B. Clwyd. Clwyd rises 4 m. N.W. of **Derwen**, runs 7 m. to that place, and 1 m. below is joined on left bank by a brook 2 m. long. Clwyd runs to **Hantolwyd** 1 m., and **Eyearth** 3 m. Here Llanfan brook, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. Clwyd runs to **Ruthin** 2 m., **Rhowl** 3 m., **Llanrhaadr** station 2 m., and 2 m. below Clywedog joins on left bank. Clywedog rises above Clocaenog 3 m. N.W. of **Hantolwyd**, and 3 m. below, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ m. W. of **Ruthin**, is joined on left bank by Cyffyllog brook. Cyffyllog rises some 3 m. above Cyffyllog, and is there joined on right bank by two brooks—Mialyg, 4 m. long, and Ladr, 3 m. long. Cyffyllog joins Clywedog 2 m. down. Clywedog runs to **Rhowl** 3 m., and 3 m. below, close by **Llanrhaadr** station, is joined on left bank by Llewesog, 5 m. long. 2 m. down, Clywedog joins Clwyd. 1 m. down Clwyd, where the high road to **Denbigh** (2 m. off on left bank) crosses the river, Lliwen joins on left bank. Lliwen rises 8 m. above **Denbigh**, runs 1 m. S. of that town, and joins Clwyd 2 m. below. 3 m. down Clwyd, **Bodfari** being 1 m. off right bank, Wheeler joins on right bank. Wheeler rises above **Caerwys** station, runs thence to **Bodfari** 3 m., and Clwyd 1 m. 3 m. down Clwyd, at Pont Llanerch, **Trefnant** station being 1 m. off on right bank, Bach, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. Clwyd runs to **St. Asaph** 3 m. 2 m. below, Elwy joins on left bank. Elwy, under the name of Cledwen, rises some 3 m. above Gwytherm, 6 m. E. from **Llanrwst**, runs thence to Llangerniw, 8 m. N.E. from **Llanrwst**, 6 m. Here the river takes the name of Elwy, and is joined on left bank by Dyffryn-gallt. This stream rises in Llyn Chwyth Llyn 3 m. N.E. of **Llanrwst**, and 8 m. down is joined on right bank by Derfyn, 4 m. long, which is struck by the road to **Llanrwst** half-way down, 4 m. E. of **Llanrwst**. Dyffryn runs 2 m. to Llangerniw. 2 m. below, Fawnog, which rises in Llyn Fawnog 5 m. E. of **Tal-y-Cafn**, and is 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Elwy runs 3 m., where it is joined on right bank by Melan, 6 m. long. Elwy

runs 2 m. to **Llanfair Talhaiarn**, and 2 m. below is joined on right bank by **Aled** rises in Llyn Aled 8 m. across country S.E. of **Llanrwst**, or 11 m. by road S.W. of **Denbigh**. 1 m. down, a stream joins on right bank, draining Llyn Nivelfrech 1 m. up. 5 m. down **Aled**, 1 m. above **Llansannan**, 9 m. W. of **Denbigh**, Hyrdd, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. **Aled** runs to **Llansannan** 1 m., and here a stream joins on left bank, draining Llyn Cretinog 1 m. S.W. 2 m. down **Aled**, **Dennant**, 5 m. long, and running 2 m. E. of **Llansannan**, joins on right bank. **Aled** joins **Elwy** 4 m. down. **Elwy** runs 7 m., where **Merchion**, which runs by **Henllan** 3 m. S.W. of **Trefnant** and is 4 m. long, joins on right bank. **Elwy** runs 2 m. to **Pont-yr-allt-goch**, 1 m. from **Trefnant**, and **St. Asaph** 2 m. 2 m. below, **Elwy** joins **Clwyd**. **Clwyd** runs to **Rhyddlan** 1 m., and 1 m. below **Helyg** joins on right bank. **Helyg** rises in Llyn **Helyg**, 5 m. E. of **St. Asaph**, or 3 m. N. of **Caerwys**, runs to **Diserth** 5 m., and **Rhyddlan** and **Clwyd** 3 m. 1 m. down **Clwd**, **Gele** joins on left bank. **Gele** rises 3 m. above **Abergele**, and joins **Clwyd** 4 m. below. **Clwyd** joins the sea 3 m. down at **Rhyl**. Sea fishing poor. Hotel: Westminster.

Rhymney (Glamorgan).—R. & N.B. Rumney; trout, salmon; preserved. (See Cardiff.) (c.s.)

Rose Bush (Pembroke).—S.W.R. Martel brook. Syfynty. (See Haverfordwest.) Gwaen (2 m.). (c.s. Cleddau.) (See Fishguard.)

Rosemarket (Pembroke).—S.W.R. Rosemarket brook. (See New Milford.)

Wossit (Denbigh).—G.W.R. Alyn; trout. (c.s. Dee.) (See Chester, Holt.) Pulford brook, 1 m. N.E.

Euabon (Denbigh).—G.W.R. Dee, 1 m. S.; salmon, trout, chub, pike. (c.s.) Lakes: Wynnstay Park, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. S.E. (See Chester.)

Mathin (Denbigh).—L. & N.W.R. Clwyd; trout, salmon. (c.s.) Clywedog, $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. W. (Cyffylliog brook, $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. W. (See Rhyl.) Alyn, 5 m. S.E., at **Llanarnon**; trout. (c.s. Dee.) Lakes: Cyffynny, 7 m. S.E. (See Chester.)

Saundersfoot (Pembroke).—P. & T.R. Carew brook. (See Carew.)

Scaffell (Montgomery).—O. & N.B. Severn. Hafren. Lakes: Fachwen pool (2 m.). (c.s. Severn.) (See Gloucester.)

Selattyn.—Near here is a large lake with plenty of fish. The lake lies to the south of the river Dee, which runs near the village. (c.s.)

Snowdon Ranger (Carnarvon).—Gwrfa, 1 m. N.W.; trout, salmon. (c.s. Seiont.) Lakes: Cwellyn; trout; free. Llyn-y-dywarebeir, 2 m. S.W.; private. Glas, 3 m. E.; private. Goch, 3 m. E.; private. Llyn-y-nadrodd, 3 m. E.; private. Ffynnon-y-gwas, 3 m. E.; private. Llyn-y-gader, 3 m. S. Hotel: Snowdon Ranger. (See Llanwnda.)

Solva (Pembroke).—(n.s. Haverfordwest, 14 m.). Solva brook, 9 m. long.

St. Asaph (Flint).—L. & N.W.R. Clwyd; salmon, trout; preserved for some distance by landlord of hotel. (c.s.) Elwy; salmon, trout. (c.s.) Helyg, 5 m. E. Lakes: Junction pond. Helyg, 5 m. E. Hotel: Plough. (See Rhyl; Llanfair-Talhaiarn.)

St. Clear's (Caermarthen).—S.W.R. Taf; trout, salmon. (c.s. Towey.) Gynin; trout, sewin. Dewi; trout. Cojer (3 m.). Cywyn (3 m.). (See Laugharne.) Hotel: Globe, where fishing can be had.

St. David's (Pembroke).—(N.s. Haverfordwest, 18 m.). Allan (6 m. long); trout; fishing free and poor, and sea fishing poor.

St. Fagan's (Glamorgan).—C.W.R. Ely; trout, sewin; fishing free. (c.s. Taff.) (See Cardiff.)

St. Ishmael's (Pembroke).—(n.s. Milford, 5 m.) $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. E. runs Mullock brook (trout), 6 m. long, joining the sea at Dale Road.

St. Harmon (Badnor).—M.W.R. (c.s.) Marteg; trout. Wye; trout (4 m.). Dulas (4 m.). Ithon; trout (3 m.). Lakes: Fish pool (4 m.). (See Chepstow, England.)

St. Mark's (Flint).—L. & N.W.R. Wepre brook, 1 m. S.E. This stream is 6 m. long.

Strata Florida (Cardigan).—M. & M.R. Teifi; salmon, trout. Glasfrwd. Rhuest. Marchant (1 m.). Egnant (2 m.). Mwyr (2 m.). Fflur (2 m.). Gwyddyl (3 m.). (c.s. Teifi.) (See Cardigan.) Towey (5 m.). (See Caermarthen.) (c.s.) Clearwen (6 m.). Figen (7 m.). Brwynog (7 m.). (See Chepstow.) Lakes: Teifi (3 m.), trout. Ifer (3 m.), trout. Egnant (3 m.), trout. Gron (3 m.), trout. y-Gorlan (3 m.), trout. Crugnant (4 m.), trout. (The fishing in the above lakes is sometimes very good; they belong to the Crown and Lord Lisborn.) Gorast (4 m.). Fyrdyn-fach (7 m.). Du (7 m.). Gynon (7 m.), trout. Fyrdyn-fawr (7 m.). Figen-felan (8 m.).

Swansea (Glamorgan).—V. of N.E. & S.V.R. Tawe. Tawe rises 6 m. above **Penwyllt**, and 2 m. down is joined on right bank by a stream which drains Llyn Fan-fawr (n.s. **Penwyllt**, 5 m.). 2 m. down Tawe, near **Penwyllt**, Bytre, 4 m. long, joins on left bank. $\frac{1}{2}$ m. down Tawe, **Haffys**, 3 m. long, joins on right bank. 3 m. down Tawe, **Llech**, which rises 3 m. N.E. of **Colbren**, runs within 1 m. N. of the station, joins Tawe 1 m. down. Tawe runs 4 m., and is joined on right bank by **Glaidd**. **Glaidd** rises in Cefn rhudd (it can be reached from **Penwyllt** in 6 m. by taking the **Haffys** valley and crossing due W. from the head of the stream), and 6 m. down is joined on left bank by **Cyw**, 3 m. long (n.s. **Ystalyfera**, 5 m.). 2 m. down is Tawe, which runs to **Ystalyfera**, 3 m. Here **Twrch** joins on right bank. **Twrch** rises 7 m. above **Gwys**, and at that place is joined on left bank by **Gwyog**, 6 m. long. **Twrch** joins Tawe 3 m. down. Tawe runs to **Ynys-y-geinon** 2 m., **Pont-ar-dawe** 3 m., **Glaidd** 3 m. Here **Clydach**, 4 m. long, joins on right bank. Tawe runs to **Morriston** 3 m. and **Landore** 3 m. Here **Ffyndrod**, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. Tawe runs to **Swansea** and the sea in 3 m.

- Talgarth** (Brecon).—M.W.R. Llyfni. Enig. Dulais brook. Rhiangoli; trout. Trefrwd (2 m.). (See *Chepstow*.) Grwyne; trout (6 m.)
- Tally Road** (Caermarthen).—C.W.R. Towey; salmon, sewin, trout; fishing free. (c.s.) Dulas. Taliaris (3 m.). *Lakes*: Taliaris (3½ m.). (See *Caermarthen*.) Tally lakes (6 m.). Oothi (10 m.). Gorlech (10 m.).
- Talsarn** (Carnarvon).—Ayrion; trout, salmon, sewin. *Hotel*: Vale of Ayrion, where fishing can be had.
- Talsarnan** (Merioneth).—C.B. Caerwyth. Caerwyth rises in Llyn Caerwyth, 3 m. E. (good trout), and, 2 m. down, is joined on left bank by a stream, 1 m. long, draining Llyn-y-Fedw, 3 m. S.E. of **Talsarnan**. Caerwyth runs to the estuary in 2 m. Close to its debouchure a stream joins on right bank, draining Llyn Tecwyn Isaf, 2 m. N.E. Llyn Dywarehen, 3 m. E. Llyn Eiddew fach, 3 m. E.; good trout. Llyn Eiddew-mawr, 3 m. E.; trout. Llyn Fedw, 3 m. E.; trout. Llyn Graigddrwg, 4 m. E. (See *Barmouth*.)
- Tal-y-Bont** (Brecon).—B. & M.T.F.R. Usk; salmon, trout; preserved by the United Usk Fishery Association; salmon and trout rod licences 20s. and 1s., from the railway station. Alwynd. Dyfferyn (3 m.). Hogwy (4½ m.). (See *Usk, Newport*.) (c.s.) *Lakes*: Llyfni (2 m.). Llangorse lake (4 m.); pike, perch, &c. (See *Chepstow, England*.)
- Tal-y-Cafn** (Carnarvon).—L. & N.W.R. Conway; salmon, trout (c.s.) Hiraethlyn, 1 m. E. Ro, 2 m. S.W., at Llanbedr. Dalyn, 3 m. S.W. Porth-lwyd, 4 m. S.W. Fawnog, 5 m. E. *Lakes*: Siberi, 1 m. S. Fawnog, 5 m. E. (See *Conway; Rhyl*.)
- Tal-y-Llyn** (Merioneth), n.s. **Abergwynolwyn**, 3½ m. Dysynni; trout; fishing by season or weekly tickets, to be had at the hotel. *Lakes*: Tal-y-Llyn; trout good; boats at hotel. Llyn Cau, 3 m. N.; good trout. Llyn Trigralenyn, 4 m. N.E. *Hotel*: Tyn-y-Cornel. (See *Towyn*.) (c.s. *Dovey*.)
- Tal-y-Llyn Junction** (Brecon).—Usk (2 m.); salmon, trout. Mehascia (2 m.). (See *Newport*.) (c.s.) *Lakes*: Llyfni. Llangorse (1 m.); pike, perch, &c. (See *Chepstow, England*.)
- Tan-y-Bwlch** (Merioneth).—F.R. (See *Maentwrog*.) *Hotel*: Tan-y-Bwlch.
- Tan-y-Grisian** (Merioneth).—F.R. Dwyrdd; trout; free. Orthan. Ddu. Bywydd, 1 m. E. *Lakes*: Llyn-cwm-orthan, 1 m. N.W. Reservoir, 1 m. S.W. Coch, 2 m. N.W. Trwstyllon, 2 m. S.W. Reservoir, 3 m. N. Conglog, 3 m. N.W. Clogwyn, 3 m. N.W. Y-Adar, 3 m. N.W. Liagi, 3½ m. N.W. Biswall, 3 m. N.W. Llynian-diffwys, 3 m. N.W. Cwm-y-foel, 3 m. N.W. (See *Portmadoc, Penrhyndeudraeth*.)
- Templeton** (Pembroke).—P. & T.R. Carn (1½ m.). (See *Loveston*.)
- Tenby**.—(See *Llandilo*.)
- Tenby** (Pembroke).—G.W.R. Good sea fishing here. Pollack and bass near Caldy and the Woodhouse rocks. *Hotel*: Royal Gate House.
- Three Cocks Junction** (Brecon).—H.H. & B.R. Llyfni. Wye (1 m.) (c.s.) *Hotel*: Three Cocks. Wye is preserved, but the landlord can often get leave for his guests. (See *Chepstow, England*.)
- Tondu** (Glamorgan).—L.V.R. Ogmores and Llynvi; trout. (c.s.) (See *Bridgend*.)
- Torpaulan** (Brecon).—B. & M.T.F.R. Alwynd. (See *Newport*.)
- Towyn** (Merioneth).—G.W.R. and L. & N.W.R. Dysynni, 2 m. N.; salmon, sewin, trout; d.t. 1s. Dysynni rises in Llyn Cau, on the S. slopes of Cader Idris, 3 m. N. from **Tal-y-Llyn**, and 1 m. down, at Minffordd Inn (fair quarters), is joined on left bank by a stream 3 m. long rising in Llyn Trigralenyn, 4 m. S.E. of **Dolgelly**, and 4 m. N.E. of **Tal-y-Llyn**. Dysynni runs 1 m. to Llyn Tal-y-Llyn, 1 m. long, at the lower end of which is Tyn-y-Cornel and **Tal-y-Llyn**. Dysynni runs 3 m. to **Abergwynolwyn**, where Gwynolwyn, 3 m. long, joins on left bank. 2 m. down Dysynni a brook joins on right bank, 4 m. long. Dysynni runs to Pont-y-Garth, 2 m., 2 m. N.W. from **Dolgoch**, runs 4 m. to Pont-Dysynni, 1 m. N.W. of **Rhyd-y-onnen**; here Fefinder joins on left bank. Fefinder rises 1 m. above **Dolgoch**, runs 2 m. to **Brynglas** and Dysynni, 2 m. Dysynni runs to **Towyn**, 1 m., and sea, 1 m. (c.s. *Dovey*.)
- Traed-y-rhiw** (Glamorgan).—T.V.R. Taff; salmon, trout. (c.s.) (See *Cardiff*.)
- Trawes Goed** (Cardigan).—G.W.R. Wyrri, 3 m. S.W. (c.s. *Teifi*.) (See *Llanrhystyd*.)
- Trawsfynydd** (Merioneth).—G.W.R. Prysor. (c.s. *Dovey*.) Harfar, 2 m. E. *Lakes*: Rhythlyn, 3 m. N.E. Gelli-gain, 3 m. S.E. Y-graig-wen, 4 m. N.E. Conglog fach and fawr, 5 m. N.E. Dubach, 5 m. N.E. Y-Garn, 5 m. N.E. (See *Penrhyndeudraeth; Barmouth*.)
- Trefeinon** (Brecon).—M.W.R. Llyfni. Cwm brook (1 m.). (See *Chepstow, England*.)
- Treforest** (Glamorgan).—T.V.R. Taff; salmon, trout. (c.s.) (See *Cardiff*.)
- Trefnant** (Denbigh).—L. & N.W.R. Clwyd, 7 m. E.; salmon, trout. (c.s.) Bach, 1 m. E. Elwy, 1 m. W.; salmon, trout. (c.s.) Merchion, 3 m. S.W. (See *Rhyl*.)
- Trefriw** (Carnarvon).—n.s. **Llanrwst**, 1 m. Conway; salmon, sewin, trout; tickets at hotel for the Gwydyr fishery (for terms see **Llanrwst**). (c.s.) Crafnant; trout. Ddu, 2 m. W.; trout. Porth-lwyd, 5 m. N.; trout. *Lakes*: Crafnant, 3 m. S.W.; trout; boats. Geirionydd, 3 m. S.W. *Hotels*: Belle Vue, Ship. (See *Conway*.)
- Tregaron** (Cardigan).—M. & M.B. Teifi; trout, salmon. *Hotel*: Talbot. Teifi is preserved, but the landlord can obtain leave. April, May, and June are the best months. (c.s.) Nant-y-Groes. Camddwr (2 m.). Fulbrook (2 m.). Berwyn (2 m.). Docthan (5 m.). Aaron, 4 m. W. Telwyn, 4 m. W. *Lakes*: Maes Llyn (2 m.). Berwyn (5 m.); good trout. Ffanoed, 6 m. N.W. Eiddwen, 7 m. N.W. (See *Cardigan, Caermarthen, Aberaeron*.) (c.s. *Teifi*.)
- Trehernbert** (Glamorgan).—T.V.R. Rhondda; trout. (See *Cardiff*.) (c.s. *Taff*.)
- Trevor** (Denbigh).—G.W.R. Dee; trout, grayling, salmon, chub, pike. (c.s.) (See *Chester*.)

- Tye-Croes** (Anglesea).—(See *Aberffraw*.) Origyll; trout, sea trout. Origyll rises in a lake by Gwalchmai, 5 m. N.E. from **Tye-Croes**. 2 m. down, at Llanbeulan, a short stream joins on right bank, draining Llyn Strydan 4 m. N.E. of **Tye-Croes**. Origyll runs 3 m. to **Tye-Croes**, and 1 m. down waters Llyn Maelog. After leaving the lake, Origyll runs $\frac{1}{2}$ m., where Caradog, 9 m. long, joins on right bank. Just below the junction is the estuary. *Hotel*: Maelog Lake, where fishing can be had.
- Tylweh** (Montgomery).—M.W.R. Tylweh. Dulas (2 $\frac{1}{2}$ m.) (*c.s. Severn*.) (See *Gloucester*.)
- Tyn-y-groes** (Merioneth).—N.s. Dolgelly, 4 m. Mawddach; trout, sewin; d.t. 2s. 6d., m.t. 10s. 6d., at hotel. (*c.s. Dovey*.) Camlan, $\frac{1}{2}$ m. N.; good trouting. Eden, 1 m. N. Gain, 3 m. N. Ddu, 4 m. N. Wnlon, 4 m. S. Geirw, 6 m. N.E. *Lakes*: Pen-y-ganllwyd, 3 m. N. Llyn-y-Frau, 4 m. N.W. Llyn-y-bi, 5 m. N.W. Ddu, 7 m. N.W.; many small trout. Pryvyd, 9 m. N.; good trouting. Twrgla, 9 m. N. *Hotel*: Tyn-y-groes. (See *Barmouth*.)
- Tyr-Phil** (Glamorgan).—B. & N.R. Rumney; trout, salmon; preserved. (See *Cardiff*.) (*c.s.*)
- Valley Station** (Anglesea).—L. & N.W.R. Alaw, 3 m. N.E.; trout. Alaw rises 1 m. W. of Llanerchymedd, runs 9 m. to Llantrisant, Llanfaban 2 m., and 1 m. below is joined on left bank by a stream 3 m. long, which drains Llyn Llywean 5 m. N.E. from **Valley Station**. 1 m. down Alaw a stream, 7 m. long, joins on right bank. Just below, Alaw meets the estuary. *Lakes*: Treflas, 2 m. S.E. Penryn-Ceryg-gwylanod, 3 m. S.E. Trefllwl, 3 m. S.E. (See *Llanfaethlu*.)
- Walnut Tree** (Glamorgan).—T.V.R. Taff; salmon, trout. (*c.s.*) (See *Cardiff*.)
- Walwyns Castle** (Pembroke).—(n.s. Johnston, 4 m.). Rickeston brook (trout), which joins Milford Haven 4 m. down.
- Welshpool** (Montgomery).—O. & N.R. Severn; trout, salmon, chub, dace. Sylvan brook. *Lakes*: Maesmawr pond (5 m. N.W.). Llyn Du (6 m. N.W.) (See *Llanfair*, *Can-Office*, *Gloucester*.) (*c.s. Severn*.)
- Whitland** (Caermarthen).—S.W.R. Taf; trout, salmon. (*c.s. Tovey*.) Whitland, fishing free. Lease (1 m.). Marlas (1 $\frac{1}{2}$ m.). Feni (3 m., free trouting). Garnas brook (5 m.) (See *Laugharne*, *Cromware*.) *Hotel*: Yelverton Arms.
- Wrexham** (Denbigh).—G.W.R., L. & N.W.R. Wrexham brook. Clywedog, 1 m. S.E. Dee, 5 m. S.E.; salmon, pike, chub. (*c.s.*) *Lakes*: Mawr-y-Mynydd, 7 m. W. (See *Chesler*.)
- Ynys** (Carnarvon).—C.R. Dwyfach; trout, sewin, salmon. (*c.s.*) (See *Criccieth*.)
- Ynys-y-geinon** (Glamorgan).—S.V.R. Tawe. (See *Swansea*.)
- Ystal-y-fera** (Glamorgan).—S.V.R. Tawe. Twrch. (See *Swansea*.)
- Ystrad** (Glamorgan).—S.W.R. Cowbridge river or Thaw; trout. (See *Cowbridge*.)

A LIST OF FISHING STATIONS ABROAD.

AFRICA.

Cape of Good Hope.—Very good sea-fishing in Table Bay. Nearly all the Cape fish take pieces of fish, mackerel being preferred. A very convenient bait for the smaller fish is got in the harbour of Simon's Bay, as well as, in a different form, in many parts of False Bay. It is found by means of three large hooks tied back to back and leaded, which are then gently dragged along the bottom; they soon stick in a lump of the bait, called "red bait," and composed of a number of cells, in appearance like transparent india-rubber, of a light colour, and not difficult to cut; the bait is inside these cells. The snook (*Thrysitis atun*, Cuv. and Val.), which appears in vast multitudes at the commencement of summer, and continues till long into autumn, is something of the shape of the pike, and even more ravenous. They attack anything moving; thus they are easily caught with a piece of prepared shark skin, cut in eight or nine strips four inches long and one-eighth of an inch broad. At one end they are tied and wound on a thin piece of lead, having a small hole for the brass wire which is attached to the hook to pass through. The strips of skin, when in their place, fall over the hook, which is generally made of brass, the shank being quite straight, about three inches long, and the bend of the same shape as a common scythe, the barb also being filed off. On the head of the shark-skin arrangement a lead rests, the brass wires also passing through it. This lead is of the shape of a sugar loaf and about three inches long by one in diameter at the thickest part, tapering to half that thickness. The best fishing at the Cape is fishing with a twenty-foot long salmon rod, from the rocks at Kalk Bay, the fashionable watering-place of Cape Town. The fish caught are red and white steenbras up to 45lb., kabeljauws up to 35lb., and sharks. The best time for this fishing is from September to March—in fact, during the snook season.

Diamond Fields.—The Vaal and Modder Rivers afford excellent sport. Principal fish, the "barba," a kind of silurus, which attains an immense size, and the yellow fish, which also runs large. The barba feeds principally by night, but may occasionally be caught by day, fishing on the bottom, and baiting with small fish. The yellow fish will take both worms and paste freely, fly occasionally, and is a game fish; the larger ones would probably take an artificial minnow. Both the barba and yellow fish are good eating, though the latter is rather bony. Tackle should be taken out from England, including strong gimp for the barba, and plenty of sound gut for the yellow fish.

Mogador.—Here and at the other ports along the coasts there is good sea-fishing when the surf permits. The numerous rivers of Morocco mostly contain the shebbel, or Barbary salmon, and also many tortoises, which the angler will find troublesome.

Natal.—There is very good sport to be obtained in the large Natal rivers, such as the Umgeni and Umkomanzi. Both these take their rise in the great Drakensberg Range, and after a course of between 150 and 200 miles debouch into the Indian Ocean; the former above, the latter below Durban. The Umgeni is a slow river compared to the Umkomanzi; good fishing both above and below the Falls. The Umkomanzi (Upper) is a fine rapid stream, with here and there long level reaches; a sandy and pebbly bottom (no mud). The fish consist of chiefly one or two sorts of barbel, roach, perch, and others. The fishing season is from September to the middle of April, during the summer or rainy season; the best time from early morning to 11 a.m., and again before sundown. After a good freshet, when the water is slightly discoloured, fish bite freely. Use ground bait, strong line with gimp hook. The rod must be strong, as the banks in many places are high and precipitous, affording no place to play and land a fish; so you must lift them out at once. Be careful not to fish too deep, because of the rocky bottom. The fish will not rise to flies. The mouths of small streams and gluts debouching into the Umkomanzi are favourite fishing spots. The Incardini, a small and very winding river, flowing into the Umkomanzi, about thirty-six miles above Pietermaritzburg, has small but very sweet fish, averaging from ½lb. to ½lb. Fishing can be got here when they will not bite in the larger rivers; fishing can also be got close to town in the Umsunduse. Houses there are none in this part, but any settler will be only too glad to entertain yourself and horse for the night.

AMERICA.

General Information.—The flies should not be too large, and the gaudy Irish are best. Red and orange and green bodies are the most killing, both with trout and salmon. These are good: a blood-red body, ditto hackle, white wing, and gold twist; this, in different sizes, kills salmon, white trout, and brown trout. The other is, for salmon, a bright green body, ribbed with gold, dun hackle, teal and golden pheasant topping mixed for wing. The same fly answers for trout, taking off the wing, and leaving it a palmer. Of trolling tackle take some of extra large size. The best time to fish for salmon in the Canadian rivers is June—Halifax and Nova Scotia being somewhat earlier. The fishing in Halifax, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward's Island is remarkably good; the Gold River is one of the best. The Ristigouche, at the head of the Bay of Chaleurs, is also good. In the country about the head waters of the St. John's River trout run large. The best fishing is in the St. Anne's. The trout run larger in it than in any other stream in Canada. There is an Indian village named Bawdon, about forty miles north of Montreal. The Indians will conduct you to a series of lakes full of brown trout, and the large *Salmo ferox*. At Plattsburg (the Saranac river there empties itself into the Champlain Lake) ascend the Saranac some thirty miles, or go back about forty miles from the Champlain, to a lake called Chateaugay, you will find a district of from fifty to sixty square miles, reaching down to Lake George; it is full of rivers and lakes. Independent of the lakes there is admirable trolling in the St. Lawrence, from Montreal to Lake Ontario, especially about the Thousand Islands, for bass, pike, and muskellunge, and also in the great lakes, where the latter fish run to an enormous size. The bass at times takes a red or yellow fly readily. The best bass fishing is about the Thousand Islands. St. Paul's or Bradore, on the Esquimaux river, is a good locality.

There is ready access from Montreal to the Memphramagog Lake, which contains plenty of the large lake trout. The river that runs out of this lake is admirable about the middle of June. The fishing in Florida is good, but there is little variety. The black bass is the best, and will take a fly well, they run to 15lb. and 20lb. The devil fish is found in nearly all the bays of the Gulf of Mexico. There is good sport spearing them from a canoe. The flies best suited to the Godabout and most of the small rapid rivers to the north of the Gulf of St. Lawrence are plain, but largish brown, black, and grey hackles. There is fair trout fishing in Maine.

Salmon are plentiful in the rivers in the North of California, and the sea-fishing good. Through Idaho Territory flows Salmon River, containing a great abundance of salmon which may be fished to advantage near a small mining town called Florence. Plenty of trout and red fish may also be caught. There is capital fishing in the Adirondacks. Lake Pleasant, Cedar lakes, Morse lake, are amongst the best, but there are great numbers. At Lake Pleasant is an hotel; the landlord will supply guides and all necessities.

The islands along the coast of the United States, such as West Island, Cuttyhunk, and the large group of the Elizabeth Islands, chief among which is Pasque Island, a few miles from New Bedford (eastward and joining Martha's Vineyard), have club-houses on them, and afford the finest salt-water angling. The principal game fishes are the striped bass, weakfish, and bluefish, besides porgies, tautog, sea bass, flukes, and flounders.

A set of clothing for winter and summer is necessary. For the latter, stout twilled unbleached linen is good; for the former, velveteens and corduroys are good, not forgetting waterproof and a good pilot coat for boat work. In camping out, all unnecessary incumbrances should be avoided; and, in packing, it is as well to class things under different heads, such as "Daily wanted," "Occasionally wanted," "Necessary, but seldom wanted." These should occupy different boxes. Hammocks are indispensable; rugs are better than blankets. All the cooking utensils should have long handles.

An expedition to the wilds is expensive. If alone you require two Indians. It is almost impossible for two men to fish from the same canoe. It is necessary to take tea, rice, bacon, biscuits, and flour. In engaging Indians go to the village and call on the chief, make him a little present, and tell him what men you want, and promise to give him another present if they behave well. Trouting is free generally, salmon fishing mostly taken up.

CANADA.

General Information.—The Saguenay River contains plenty of salmon and sea trout. The salmon ascend the Ste. Marguerite, the Little Saguenay (or Beaver), the St. John, and they remain some time just above tide water, and rise well. The sea trout do not enter the smaller rivers until late in the autumn, with the exception of the Ste. Marguerite. The sea trout take the scarlet ibis and red palmer well. It is said the Saguenay is more free of "fly" than any other stream in Canada. In proceeding from the Saguenay along the northern shore we pass the Escoumins, Portneuf, Betiamites, Outardes, Manacouagan, Goodabout, Truty, St. Margaret, Moisie, Mingan, and Esquimaux, all containing salmon. There are a very few streams in Upper Canada where fly-fishing is to be had, owing to the drift wood. Lower Canada is far better. The lakes near Quebec and the rivers in the eastern townships afford good trouting. The fishing is best early in spring and late in autumn, unless you are impervious to black flies. The best place for taking muskellunge is the river Severn, which flows into the

Georgian Bay, and in one or two small lakes in the Indian territory to the east of the river. They take the spoon well. There are fair quarters at the village of Orella on the Severn, at a place called Welshpool or Sparrow Lake. There is good black bass fishing here, the muskellunge ground being about five miles lower down the river. There are many trout at Sault St. Marie. Ordinary Scotch flies kill well: "Jock Scott," silver doctor, dusty miller, and the butcher are good. Local flies are plain ones, tied with dark turkey or mallard wings, with a bit of blue in the shoulders; bodies and hackle varied according to size and colour of the water. Grey, black, and claret all kill in turn. Generally speaking, there is no free fishing in Canada. The fisheries are held by the lessees of the Crown or the riparian owners. Rivers are often to be rented, or rods to let for a time. The principal rivers on the south side of the Gulf of St. Lawrence are the York, Cascapedia (2), Metapedias, Restigouche, Miramichi, Nepisiguit; on the north side, Marguerite (rented), Godabout, Moysie, Romaine, Natysquan, and Mingan. Those on the south side are most accessible. To reach the north rivers arrangements must be made to hire from Gaspé or Rimonski. In the Jupiter river Anticosti Island is excellent salmon fishing. For all the rivers two canoe-men for each rod, and a cook for the whole party, are necessary. Good men are obtainable at most of the stations, and by many, Indians are preferred. Tents are necessary. Pork, molasses, tea, and flour are essentials. Preserved soups and vegetables are very portable. All pots and pans should have long handles; and don't forget an axe and an augur. The Government overseers are very civil and obliging, and are ever willing to afford the stranger every possible information. The first fish that ascend the Miramichi in the spring are the gaspereaux, or alewives; they come up in immense shoals about the middle of May, poking along close to the banks. After depositing their spawn these fish return to the sea in the month of June. Immediately after the gaspereaux the sea trout run. Salmon commence to come into the river about June 1, and continue till August. July is the best month for fly-fishing. Small-sized flies kill best on all the New Brunswick waters. The following are good:—1. One turn gold tinsel; one ditto orange floss silk; tail, golden pheasant top; body, very dark claret pig's wool, ribbed with gold tinsel; hackle, two small bright claret hackles; wing, dark brown mallard or turkey, mixed with a little wood duck, and two sprigs blue and red macaw; head, black ostrich. 2. One turn silver tinsel; two ditto black ostrich; tail, mixed wood duck, mallard, and flamingo; body, light grey pig's wool, ribbed with silver tinsel; hackle, two dark grey mottled cock's hackles; shoulder, one turn bright red hackle; wing, mixed wood duck, mallard, and guinea fowl, with two sprigs blue and red macaw; head, ostrich.

Some sixty miles from Fredericton the road crosses from the right to the left bank of the S.W. Miramichi. The main river here is too wide and sluggish; but further on the road crosses two tributaries, the Renous and Dunganon—capital salmon streams. A few miles above the town of Newcastle the road crosses the north-west branch of the Miramichi, a large and deep river, rich in fish. Shad, too, are abundant; also trout. Further on is the town of Chatham. Twenty miles beyond Chatham is a wayside inn, situate on a noted trout stream. The best pools are eight or ten miles down stream. There is no road, and not water enough to float a canoe. Flies cannot stand the full blaze of the sun, neither do they like a breeze of wind; therefore, the more open and exposed the situation, the better for a fisherman's camp. A veil fastened round the crown of a broad-brimmed hat, and round the neck, with elastic bands, and kept clear of the face by means of hoops like a crinoline, is an assistance. Of unguents several are used, the cleanest being the least effective, the dirtiest the most so. Mixtures of penny-royal and almond oil, and of oil of tar and turpentine in equal parts, are of some use; but creosote mixed with grease is the best. Carbolic oil is also good. It is a rare occurrence to raise a salmon in the Tabucintac, but the trout fishing is as near perfection as possible. Another twenty-mile stage, and you reach the Nepisiguit. At its mouth is the little town of Bathurst; remain at the hotel kept by a Mr. Welberg. The Nepisiguit is probably one of the most accessible rivers in North America. Twenty miles from the sea salmon are stopped in their ascent by the falls. The angling of the whole river is divided into four sections. The lower section of the Nepisiguit extends some six or eight miles from the mouth, and includes the "rough waters"—a series of beautiful ledgy pools. In the early part of the season—viz., the last of June and first of July—this section is the best on the river. Next comes the "Pabineau." This section comprises the Pabineau Falls. The next section is the "Chain of Rocks;" this is very good at a certain pitch of water, and generally near the end of the season. The Grand Falls is a lovely spot. There is some cramped casting on the river; but no long casts to speak of. The extreme clearness of the water necessitates fine tackle and small flies, particularly at the falls. The Frenchmen on the river are capital fellows. Their tariff is a dollar and a quarter a day, and they furnish their own canoes. The best part of the Nepisiguit is now in private hands. July is the best month for the Nepisiguit; the flies should be small and dark. The following fly is killing: Body, black mohair, ribbed with fine gold twist, black hackle, very dark mallard wing, a narrow tip of orange silk, small golden pheasant's crest for tail. A rich claret body, with dark mixed wing and tail, claret hackle, and a few fibres of jay at the shoulder, is also good. Small grey-bodied flies ribbed with silver, grey legs, and a mixed wing of wood duck and golden pheasant, kills well. A good grilse fly is of a primrose body with black head, and tip and wing of golden pheasant tippet. These flies kill anywhere in New Brunswick. Two little rivers run into Bathurst Bay and are both on the fence list. One of them, the Tête-à-gouche,

is dammed two miles from the mouth; but a ladder has been constructed. When there is enough water, it sometimes affords good sport. From Bathurst northwards to Restigouche, the Intercolonial Railway follows the shore of the Bay of Chaleurs, crossing numbers of little rivers of more or less interest to the trout-fisher, but only two salmon streams, Jacquet and Charlo. Both have been shamefully over-fished. Sixty miles from Bathurst, we come to the head of the Bay of Chaleurs, to the little town of Dalhousie. As we run up on the New Brunswick side of the Restigouche we see opposite to us the mouth of Escuminac, where there is capital sea-trout fishing, and a few miles farther on reach Cambelton, where the real river commences. For twenty miles above Cambelton the main stream is rather large to be fished comfortably. The first good pool is at the mouth of Upsalquitch, and for thirty or forty miles above that again there is plenty of nice fishing water, about the best of which is at the mouth of Patapediac. In choosing men to accompany them anglers cannot do better than select noted spearmen; these men are necessarily splendid canoeers, and well acquainted with the haunts of the fish. Both lumbermen and Indians can always be hired with their canoes for one dollar per diem, or rather less if engaged by the month. Prefer the latter; they talk less and do more. The Upsalquitch, a tributary of the Restigouche, is itself a large river, and full of likely pools. The fish are smaller than in the main river or any of the other tributaries, but take the fly freely. It is at present rented by an American gentleman. At the head of this stream a portage of two miles enables the voyager to put his canoe on the Nepisiguit, from whence he can either go down that river to the sea, or by another short portage go on to Tobique river, and from thence to St. John. So also at the head of the main Restigouche there is another short portage to the St. John. The water of the Restigouche being very clear, and the casting heavy, the fisherman must combine a powerful rod with tolerably fine tackle. The flies are a trifle larger than those used on Nepisiguit* and Miramichi. The subjoined advertisement has recently appeared:—"V.B.—Salmon Angling. Department of Marine and Fisheries, Fisheries Branch, Ottawa, Dec. 31, 1879. Written offers will be received to April 1 next, for the Angling Privileges of the following rivers: North Shore—Kegashka, Watsheeshoo, Washeecootal, Romaine, Musquarro, Pashasheeboc. Corneille, Agwanus, Magpie, Trout, St. Marguerite, Pentecost, Mistassini, Becsac; Baie des Chaleurs—Little Cascapedia, Nouvelle, Escumenac; Malbaie (near Perce); South Shore—Magdalen, Montlouis; New Brunswick—Tobique, Nashwaak, Jacquet, Charlo; Anticosti Island—Jupiter, Salmon. Rent per annum to be stated; payable in advance. Leases to run for from one to five years. Lessees to employ guardians at private cost. By order, W. F. Whiteher, Commissioner of Fisheries."

Bathurst.—Inter-Colonial Railway. On Nepisiguit. Salmon. There are twenty miles of salmon water, divided into several sections. The lowest near Bathurst is Rough Waters, held by the Government, who permit fishing for a dollar a day; but it is terribly poached. The rest of the river is taken up.

Bytown.—Hire a canoe and fish in the Rideau Canal. There is admirable trolling for pike and muskelunge.

Halifax.—The Sackville river flows into the head of the basin. It is a fine salmon and trout stream. About fifteen miles away are some beautiful lakes. You can easily arrange to lodge at a farmhouse in the neighbourhood. The trout-fishing is first-rate. There is salmon fishing in the neighbourhood. Sea fishing very good.

Lennoxville.—Some 95 miles from Montreal on the Grand Trunk line. There is good trouting in the Massawippi and St. Francis rivers, which join here.

Metapediac (New Brunswick). Inter-Colonial Railway. On Metapediac. Salmon, trout. There is a good hotel here, where capital sport can be had for a dollar a day. The Metapediac has a course of sixty miles from a large lake in Rimouski, Lower Canada. About thirty miles from the head of Chaleurs Bay is the Cascapedia, a large stream holding very large fish. The whole district of Gaspé is intersected by streams full of salmon and sea trout; amongst the largest are the Bonaventure, the Malbaie, and the Magdalen.

Mill Village (Nova Scotia).—There is a good hotel here, and fair free fishing also at Greenfield, where lodgings can be had at a farm. A guide is necessary.

Quebec.—Near here is the Jacques-Cartier, a fair river, when in condition; the salmon run large. A good plan is to take a boat down the St. Lawrence, fishing the rivers that run into it. The first river is the Malbay; the fishing is nothing particular. The next stream is the Saguenay. It is remarkable for its depth. Good sport is to be had in all the tributaries of this stream. The Escommagh is a most excellent river for salmon and white trout. White trout fishing in Canada is confined to the mouths of the streams in the ebb and flow of the tide. The best fishing is about five miles up, in a large pool under a fall. The Port Nenf is the next river. It is a good-looking stream, but not worth much. There is a good pool about a mile up the river. About thirty miles farther down are the Bustard and Mainscogan rivers. The fishing is very good. In all the lakes in the neighbourhood large feroc can be taken trolling.

* This is a good change: 1 turn silver tinsel, 1 ditto orange floss silk, 2 ditto black ostrich; tail 1 golden topping; body, black floss silk ribbed with silver tinsel; hackle, two bright orange cock's hackles, with two turns black at shoulder; wing, wild gobbler with a little wood duck and Argus pheasant mixed, and two or three sprigs orange macaw; head, black ostrich.

Red Rock (Ontario).—C.P.R. Lake Superior and river Nipigon. This river connects Lake Nipigon with Superior, and is 45 m. long. There is a Hudson's Bay Post on the N. end of Lake Nipigon. The fishing is considered the best in Canada. Permits for the season free to British subjects, and 21s. to foreigners. Use large flies.

Sherbrooke.—On the Grand Trunk line. Some sixteen miles off lies Memphremagog Lake. Trout and muskellunge. There are good hotels on various points, and the lake steamer runs constantly. The upper end of the lake is best.

CENTRAL AMERICA.

General Information.—All along the coast of Nicaragua and Mosquito territory there is an abundance of the sea fish common to the West Indies and the tropical waters of the Atlantic. The various turtles are taken in great quantities, especially on the small bays in the neighbourhood. In the shallow water which breaks over the dangerous sand-bar at the entrance of Greytown harbour are swarms of sharks. Within the lagoon are plenty of the American crocodile (*Molinia Americana*). All along the St. Juan River, and in the large freshwater lakes of Nicaragua and Managua, there is found a small species of freshwater turtle, of which both flesh and eggs are eaten. The most notable, however, is the manatee (*Manatus Australis*), which, when dried and salted, is a standard article of food among the Indians. In the great lakes is also found a large freshwater shark, said to be as dangerous and voracious as its salt-water cousin. Amongst the freshwater fish the best, both in lake and river, are the gnaspote, mojarro, and savallo. They are all good eating, grow to a good size, and take a fly or bait with readiness.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

General Information.—The salmon fishing is very poor; sea-trout fishing very good when the fish are running. It is no use for sea trout before the end of July. The salmon take the fly very badly. On the west side of Hall's Bay debouches Indian Brook, a capital salmon and sea trout stream. Sea fishing in abundance, often quite inshore.

Trinity.—Some 60 m. from St. John's. There is good trouting here, fish running large.

UNITED STATES.

General Information.—The sea fishing is very good and varied along both Atlantic and Pacific coasts. At Eagle Lake, Texas, there is capital black bass, perch, and catfish fishing. The lake is within 1 m. of the railway station, and boats can be hired.

Gallatin (Montana).—Northern Pacific Railway. Capital accommodation at Missouri Forks Hotel. Fishing is excellent, so is the trouting.

Monterey (California).—S.P.R. 140 m. from Frisco. Vast quantities of salmon can be taken in the sea with a spoon or other trolling bait.

St. Paul's (Minnesota).—Near here is Lake Minnetonka. Here is Lake Park Hotel, very comfortable, where boats and fishermen can be had. Fishing very good; no trout, but plenty of bass, pike, muskellunge.

WEST INDIES.

Bermuda.—The lagoons and inside the coral reefs are alive with strange fish, from the shark down to the beautifully tinted sergeant-major.

ASIA.

ASIA MINOR.

Sabanga.—There is a large lake here full of pike, siluris, &c. The accommodation is bad.

INDIA.

General Information.—There is excellent mahseer fishing in the Punjab, in the North-west Provinces and in Central India, in all rivers running through hilly or mountainous country. As a rule, all rivers rising in the Himalayas hold mahseer, as well as the rivers rising in the elevated plateau of Central India; but these rivers are only fishable as long as their course is through hilly and rocky country. It is little use fishing in the plains. Fishermen are recommended to take with them two greenheart salmon rods, spliced (Castle Connell rods are the best), as in hot climates the ferrules of braided rods are apt to become loose and to fall off, with reels holding from 150 to 200 yards plaited hemp or silk line; a 12ft. or 14ft. trout rod, reel, and line; several hanks of good fresh salmon gut (avoid gimp); a stock of gaudy salmon flies, not too large (about No. 5 Limerick); large stock of golden spoons, gilt on both sides; phantoms, &c.; swivels, treble gut, spinning traces, triangles, split rings, &c.; and a good big gaff (not forgetting cobbler's wax).

Assam, Upper.—Some capital mahseer fishing can be obtained in this district, especially in the neighbourhood of Depong.

Burmah.—A fly and trolling rod would be the best to take. As for tackle, take a few bright-coloured flies. Some bottom fishing may be had on the lake at Rangoon, for which a boat is necessary. Up the river to Thayetmyo very large cat-fish may be taken; they are very strong and give tolerable sport, but are filthy fish in their feeding. Any large coarse bait will take them. There is fly-fishing on the river that leads to Tonghoo, and fish have been taken at a place called Shaygeno; this stream, unlike the muddy Irrawaddy, is clear in parts. Take plenty of gut of different strengths, a few bright spinning baits, plenty of hooks of all sizes, casting lines of course, and some small bright trout flies. Cobble's wax, too, is unknown in these parts, and should be carried in a tin box, because of the heat.

Hurdwar.—On the Ganges, where it leaves the Dhoon, good fishing up as far as Rikkikate, about 20 miles from where the Ganges leaves the Himalayas, where the best fishing is to be had. Fish run very large. There is a species of pike or fresh-water shark, and sometimes a mahseer, to be killed in the Ganges and Jumna canals.

Jhelum.—In the north the Jhelum affords splendid mahseer fishing at Tangrote (about 25 miles above the town of Jhelum, which is reached by rail), where it is joined by the Poonch river. There is a good bungalow at Tangrote for the accommodation of travellers, and supplies are plentiful. It is best to fish from a boat, several of which, with boatmen who understand their work, can be hired on the spot. The most deadly bait is a large golden spoon, fishing very deep. One should use very strong tackle, as the fish run very large (up to 50lb.), and are very game. An 18ft. salmon rod, with 200 yards of line and the strongest and newest treble gut spinning tackle, are recommended. Best months—March and April, September and October.

Madras.—In the moat round Fort St George, there are some large fish, which take a salmon fly well. Use treble gut, as they will bite through single.

Nowgong Cantonment (Bundelcund), reached by road from Cawnpore or Futtehpore on the E.I. Railway. There is very good mahseer fishing in the Dessau, 5 miles from Nowgong, in October and early in November, also in March, April, and May. A kind of trout rises well to the fly. The mahseer in this river do not rise so readily to a fly or minnow as to a small pellet of paste about the size of a pea, thrown like a fly in the rough water. A very small triangle should be used instead of a single hook, as the paste is not so easily flipped off in throwing, and a triangle will hold a lively fish better than a small single hook. The Betwa near **Jhansi**, the Kane above **Banda**, and the Sone in **Bewah**, are all first-class rivers for mahseer, with the chance of a shot at a crocodile or tiger. The large artificial lakes of Bundelcund—whose swampy margins are frequented by thousands of snipe in the winter months—are well stocked with coarse fish, roho (a species of carp) running up to 30lb. or 40lb., and a kind of pike also growing to a great size. Roho take a small pellet of paste (the water having previously been baited) on a small hook with fine tackle, and the pike are killed with frogs or live bait. Fishing with a cast of small trout flies on an evening, one may kill great numbers of small fish, not unlike sprats, called "chilwa."

Nowshera.—By rail to Goojerat. Drive 20 miles to Bhimber, then two marches (about 25 miles) on the Cashmere road to Nowshera, on the Tawi river, where there is a travellers' rest-house. There is good mahseer fishing for about 25 miles up the Tawi to **Bajaori**, and for some distance down, as far as its junction with the Chenab. There are rest-houses at **Chungus** (about 12 miles) and **Bajaori**, and supplies are plentiful. Best months—March, April, and May, August, September, and October. This is not a snow river, and the best fishing is to be had in August and September between the showers. Three marches will take one from Nowshera to Chowmook or to Kotli on the Poonch.

Poonch.—From Tangrote one may have splendid sport for about 50 miles up the Poonch river as far as the city of Poonch. There are travellers' rest-houses at about every 10 or 12 miles, and supplies are plentiful; but, as the road does not always follow the river, it is advisable to take tents. There are rest-houses for travellers at Chowmook, Kotli, and Sairee, all close to the river, and there is a good bungalow at Poonch. Starting from Tangrote in March or April, one can fish up the Poonch river till the beginning of June, the large fish running up as the season advances. Fish deep in rough water, and keep out of sight, as the water is remarkably bright, except when snow-broth is coming down, and the fish wary. After fishing up to Poonch one can cross over into Cashmere, distant five or six marches, where good fishing can be had in the Jhelum. Some heavy mahseer are to be killed at **Sopur**, spinning a natural bait, and fishing deep just below the bridge. Higher up the river, above where it runs into the Walloor Lake, some fine fish (something like trout, or at least spotted like them), up to 8lb. or 10lb., can be killed spinning a small artificial minnow or phantom from a boat. One should let out a lot of line and get the boatman to paddle slowly up stream. June is the best month; but, as mosquitos are troublesome at night, muslin mosquito curtains should be taken. Some nice mahseer are to be killed in the **Sind** river just above its junction with the Jhelum at **Shadipoor**. All up the Jhelum as far as Islamabad numbers of small so-called trout can be killed with a mulberry, and occasionally a good one with a minnow, especially between the bridges at **Srinuggur**. At Islamabad some capital fishing may be had, the so-called trout rising readily to a trout fly or to a mulberry, or to a small pellet of paste used as a fly. At the end of August or beginning of September one should commence to fish down from Poonch, finishing up at Tangrote in October. There is heavy rain in August and September, and the best fishing is to be had after a spate. There is no snow-broth at

this season. To fish the Poonch and tributaries use an 18ft. salmon rod and 150 yards of line; gaudy salmon flies (about No. 5 Limerick) and golden spoona. The fish run large, and are very game, especially those of from 10lb. to 20lb. Fish up to about 15lb. take a salmon fly readily, but the most deadly bait for the large fish is a golden spoon gilt on both sides. Use treble gut for spinning, but single gut for fly fishing.

Rajaori.—On the Towhi. There are plenty of mahseer here, but they run small.

Ropur.—On the Sutlej. At the foot of the hills good mahseer fishing, the fish running very large.

Sialkote.—In November there is good fishing to be had in the Chenab where it is joined by the Tawi about 15 miles above the cantonment of Sialkote which is reached by rail to Wazeerabad, and thence by stage carriage.

Solun.—On the high road from Kalka to Simla there is good mahseer fishing in the Giri river, a tributary of the Jumna, near Solun.

Tangrote.—First rate mahseer fishing, the fish running very large. (*See Thelum.*)

JAPAN.

General Information.—The streams of the interior contain a trout-like fish, which the Japanese, who are expert anglers, catch with native-made flies; but it is impossible to get leave. Around the coast, however, there is plenty of good salt-water fishing obtainable at any time. Bonita and albacore afford capital sport, and a large mackerel-shaped fish, about six feet in length, takes live bait readily, and is strong enough to pull an unwary hand out of the boat. The best tackle to take will be large and small spoons, rigged with strong swivels and gimp nozzling, and an assortment of sea-hooks. Lines of native manufacture fully equal if they are not superior to any that are made at home, can be procured in the Japanese shops.

MAURITIUS.

General Information.—All round the island rivers flow to the sea from the elevated interior, which is very rainy. In these rivers there are large eels, and a fish called a carp by the Mauritians. There is also in the Grand River and Black River a freshwater mullet, called a "sheet." Both the carp and the sheet take a fly. A more deadly way of catching them is with a large live grasshopper, and in this way fish of 2lb. and 3lb. are caught. Large-sized gaudy flies are the most killing. Into many tanks and ponds in the island have been introduced from China the gourami, a game fish. They grow up to 20lb., and are usually caught with wasp grubs. The carp, so called by the Mauritians, is a grey perch. It is a very game fish, fond of the most rapid eddies, and rises boldly to a fly. Carp are never caught above any of the falls unless there are side channels at an easy gradient, as for instance on Grande Rivière, Nord-ouest, at the falls from the reservoir, and those below Beau Basin. At Grande Rivière, Sud-est, a fall occurs within a half-a-mile of the mouth of the river; no carp can be caught on the river above that; while below—the river so far is tidal, and must be fished from a boat, the banks being precipitous—are a great number of carp, particularly under the falls, and at the foot of the projecting cliff, in which is the cave with the statue of Notre Dame de la Misericorde at the entrance. Carp are caught with a live prawn among the breakers on the bar at the mouth of the Rivière des Aiguilles, and not ten yards inside, in the short space of tidal water, are caught with a fly. With regard to flies; on Tamarind River—the best river—an imitation of a large yellow-bodied grasshopper, common in that part, is killing; also of young wasps; earlier still after rain an imitation wasp grub of dirty yellow chenille, or a strip of wash leather on a slip of cork. On Grande Rivière, Nord-ouest, a small green grasshopper kills well, as also the green and yellow cabbage grub. On this river on hot clear days fish are taken with a small lizard an inch long, cut out of indiarubber. It is just the colour of the common lizard there when it comes out of the egg. Where the Reduit and Rouge Rivers run in is a good spot. All the rivers on the south coast are good, especially the Rivière des Aiguilles, where fish run larger than elsewhere. The deep and sequestered pool under the waterfall on the little river Bain des Negresses is said to hold some peculiarly large ones, but the pool is most difficult of access, owing to a belt of swamp and luxuriant tropical jungle. There is a rock overhanging the pool, some sixty or seventy feet perpendicularly above it, and from it a line may be dropped. There is a fair river at Flacq, on the north-east of the island, and more easily fished than most of the others. The sheet are principally found on the upper waters of the rivers; Grande Rivière, Sud-est, where there are no carp, being the best. The immense eels that affect the rocky pools, half filled with boulders beneath the waterfalls, are difficult to catch. Even when hooked, if they once succeed in getting hold of the boulders that form the bottom and sides of the pools there is no chance of getting them out. A live duckling, with a couple of strong hooks on gimp secured beneath its wings, is the best bait, as the eel will take that about dawn or twilight, and may then be run ashore before he has time to recover from his surprise. These eels are four to six feet long, and as large round as a man's thigh, so a stout stick or an axe will be wanted to quiet them.

EUROPE.**AUSTRIA.**

General Information.—The streams of Transylvania hold trout in some quantity. The rivers of Lower Hungary, especially the Theiss, hold schille, pike, carp, sterl, dick, hawsen, &c.

Achenwald.—By staying at the inn some fishing can be had in Ache. Lake Achensee, and a considerable part of the river, is preserved by the monastery of Pertisan.

Aussee (Styria).—Trout and grayling. (See Ischl.)

Bregenz.—On Lake Constance. (See Switzerland, Constance.)

Bruck (Styria).—On Lamnitzbach; trout. Murz.

Bruneck.—On Ahrenbach. Trout, grayling.

Buda Pesth.—Similar fishing as at Pressburg. The Margaretherr Insel (Margaret Island) a short distance from the capital—steamboats every half-hour—contains two restaurants, and capital bank fishing; no charge for angling. Platten See (*Balatan Lake*) is near Pesth. Large pike, perch, wels, burbolt, pike-perch, bream, and schneider (or cutter fish). The latter has a knife-like edge along the belly; they are herring-size. From Pesth go to Siofok, per railway; put up at Mr. Kariberger's hotel, who will give free permission to fish the lake. Off the jetty is capital perch fishing. The bait, a portion of a raw cray fish (the universal bait for large fish). A steamboat crosses the lake daily in three-quarters of an hour to Fuered, a mineral water bathing place. Boats to be had here, but none at Siofok.

Forcheim.—Between Miremburg and Bamberg. At Muggendorf, on Wiesent, good trout and grayling fishing can be had. Leave can be obtained.

Fured (Hungary).—On Platten See. Station Szantod, on the Stuhlweissemburg Railway from Vienna. This lake contains many varieties of fish. The autumn is the best time. Mayer's hotel is the best. Boats can be hired.

Gmunden.—On Traun. There is a lake here. The Sonne is a good inn. The grayling fishing from hence to Ischl is good; above here it is preserved.

Gross Reifing (Styria).—On Salza. Trout, grayling.

Hallstadt.—See Ischl.

Innsbruck (Tyrol).—At Mittenwald, on the Bavarian frontier, the Isar contains trout and grayling; leave is easily procurable. Three hours' drive from Mittenwald is Partenkirchen, two hours distant from which is Eib See, containing coarse fish. The fishing is let to a professional. An hour from Mittenwald, at the village of Krin, is a small lake, containing trout. Walchensee, some three hours from Mittenwald, is a post station on the lake of the same name, which contains fine trout, as does Kochel See, a lake half an hour's walk from one end of Walchensee. These lakes are rented by various people, who doubtless would give leave. Boats can be had. Walchensee is the only station on that lake, but on Kochel See there are two, Kochel and another place. Close to Leefeld, a small village two-and-a-half hours from Innsbruck, is a small lake containing trout.

Ischl.—On Traun. The landlord of the Kaiserin Elizabeth has large fishery rights as far as Hallstadt. Below the falls there are plenty of Hitchen. Permission must be obtained. (See Gmunden.) The Grundlesee is twenty-four miles from here. A conveyance runs from Ischl to Aussee, three miles from the lake, and on the borders of the lake is a very comfortable hotel, the Erzherzog Johann. The fern fly, Hoffmand's fancy, and the coch-a-bonddhu are good flies on Traun, and wading is necessary. On Grundlesee the trolling with artificial bait is good, but they must be large. It is a good plan to troll up the Grundlesee to the Töplitzsee which is joined to the former by the Traun. There is good fly-fishing in Töplitzsee, especially by two waterfalls. For this lake use Hoffmand's fancy, dressed large, and No. 2 body, crimson mohair ribbed with gold; hackle, red; wing, the starling or mallard; hook, No. 6 or 7 Limerick. (See St. Gilgen.) The water near Golsern, an hour's distance from the Hallstadter See, on the Ischl road, is very good. A couple of hours on the road to Salzburg brings you to the Wolfgang See. There are two stations here. St. Gilgen, on the Salzburg road, and Wolfgang, a village on the opposite side, where there is a small but clean and comfortable inn. The lake contains very large trout, pike, char, chub, and other white fish. From Wolfgang you can fish the Schwarz See, a lake about an hour and a half up the Schafberg mountain. The trout rise freely. A couple of hours' drive from Wolfgang is Fuschel See, containing plenty of char and white fish, and a few big trout. There are two stations here, Fuschel, at the mouth of the lake, and Hof, near its head. Permission to fish in Wolfgang See and Fuschel See is obtainable at the inns. Eight miles from Hof, over the hills to the left of the Salzburg-road, is Hinter See, containing good trout, which rise well. The fishery is rented by the head forester of the district. Hof is two hours from Salzburg.

Jenbach (Tyrol).—On the Innsbruck line. Achen See lies near. We understand that let to a professional fisherman, in which case permission is easy. Trout very large.

Kochel.—See Innsbruck.

Kufstein.—On the Innsbruck line. Two hours' walk from here is a lake by the village of Bernstadt.

Lambach.—Half-way between Lintz and Gmunden on Alm and Traun, great quantities of grayling. Leave can be obtained.

Lienz.—On Isel. Trout, grayling.

- Meran** (Tyrol).—The rivers Etoch and Passer are accessible from here, but they are too near their mountain sources to be good for angling.
- Palfau** (Styria).—On Salza. Trout, grayling. Between here and Wildalpen is a fair hotel (Kaiser Gams), where free fishing can be had.
- Pressburg** (Hungary).—On the Danube. Excellent fishing for all kinds of large fish off the promontories within a short distance of the town. A spinning bait most useful for pike-perch, which are caught here occasionally of 30lb. in weight. Wels are fished for with live baits, near the bottom, and are taken up to 300lb. in weight, and more; they are also fished for with a live duck as bait. The Neutra, a branch of the Danube, is a more sluggish stream, and abounds with wels, barbel, and perch; also a fish of the shad species, called *zaerthe*. Anglers' licence is five gulden, or ten shillings per annum.
- Reutte**.—An hour's walk from here, at the village of Heuterwang, are three lakes—the Heuterwang See, a quarter of an hour's walk from the village, the Plan See, and the Bach See, the source of the Arch. The fishing belongs to a peasant of Heuterwang. All fish caught must be given up alive, or paid for at the market price. Fridays and Saturdays only can the boats be obtained, unless a high price be paid. The fish are rhenken, running up to 6lb., char and trout. The little stream by the village is a good spot. There is a clean little inn here, the *Grosses Wirthshaus*. It is necessary to order meat some time in advance. There is a lake near Ehrwald, a village three hours distant from Heuterwang, containing plenty of trout; the master of the inn here has the right of fishing. Near Lermoos are two lakes, one close to the Innsbruck-road, and another, *Weisse See*, near the village of Biberweir; this last lake contains plenty of char, though no trout. The master of the Post Inn at Lermoos holds the fishery rights, as also of a small stream holding a few trout. There are two small lakes, with a boat on them, close to the Innsbruck-road, two hours from Lermoos, which contain trout. The master of the inn of the village of Nasserreit has the fishery rights. At Weissenbach, one station on from Heuterwang, is the *Lech*, containing a few trout and grayling; the fishing free. Some hours up the river, in *Lechthal*, the trouting is much better. One hour's drive from Weissenbach is the village of *Nesselwangle*, the commune of which holds the fishery rights of the *Holden See*, containing large pike and white fish; there is no doubt leave would readily be granted; the accommodation here is good. At the village of *Tannheim*, some distance from *Nesselwangle*, are lakes *Vile-Alper See* and *Trau-Alper See*, containing trout, char, coregoni, and plenty of perch; the latter lake lies an hour's climb above the former. The fisherman who owns the fishing readily gives leave; accommodation very bad. *Schattwald* is the next village; accommodation good. The *Vils* runs close by, containing plenty of trout. The parish priest owns the fishery, and grants leave. Three hours' drive brings you to *Immenstadt*, on the Munich and Constance line.
- Schmeks** (Hungary).—Fair fishing.
- St. Gilgen**.—Good fishing, trout and grayling, three miles from *Ischl*. Good trolling.
- Salzburg**.—See *Ischl*.
- Taufers**.—On *Ahrenbach*. Trout, grayling.
- Vienna**.—Excellent fishing for *salmo hucho*, wels, pike, perch, barbel, &c., in the Danube, close to the town. The fishers here use brass wire lines, and throw them with a heavy lead attached into the rapid stream, and now and then haul up a monster wels.
- Walchensee**.—See *Innsbruck*.
- Weichselboden** (Styria).—On *Salza*. Trout. Preserved by Count *Meran*, who often gives leave. Fishing very good.
- Wildalpen** (Styria).—On *Salza*. Trout, grayling. Preserved by the monastery at *Admont*, but leave is only occasionally granted. Fishing very fair. Hotel: *Zisler's*.

BELGIUM AND LUXEMBOURG.

- General Information**.—There is fair trout and grayling fishing in the *Semoi* and *Boeq*. The *Ourthe*, near *Houffalize* contains trout and grayling, and large chub, and is good for general fishing. A few salmon trout are netted occasionally near *Tilff*. The *Hoyobx*, which joins the *Meuse* at *Huy*, is full of large trout, but is very strictly preserved. Fair general sport can be had in the *Ambleve*. *Aywallie* is a good spot. In the *Molignée* the trout are plentiful, but small; this river joins the *Meuse* at *Moulin*. At *Tagnion* on *Ambleve*, and in a tributary near *fair* trouting can be had. *Tagnion* is near *Spa*. *Hamolx*, on the *Huy-road*, is a good fishing quarter on the opposite side of the *Ourthe*. Fair accommodation can be had. There is good fishing in the *Lesse* near *Chanly*, which can be reached from *Grupont* on the *Great Luxembourg* line.
- Comblain la Tour**.—On the *Ourthe* and *Ambleve*. Trout, roach, chub, and few salmon lake in the season.
- Deekirch** (Luxembourg).—On *Wiltz*. Trout, chub. Fishing good, and preserved by the landlord of the *Hotel des Ardennes*. Fishing begins April 1, and ends in November. Fishing licence 3 fr. per annum.
- Dinant**.—The *Boeq* runs six miles from here, close by the village of *Spontin*. The river rises between the villages of *Sey* and *Mohville*, and joins the *Meuse* at *Yvoir*; trout are plentiful. The red and black hackles are good flies. Leave can be obtained for some portion of the water from the owner of the *Hotel de la Tête D'Or*; also from the burgo-master of the village of *Purnode*. At the former place the *Meuse* contains plenty of the coarser kind of fish, and abounds in the queer fish called *Hotische*, or *Hoteux*. It has no

- longer any salmon, and few trout. Le Salm gives fair trout fishing. Station, Vielsalm. The Lesse joins Meuse about one and a half miles above the town. The fishing is very good. Rochefort is the best place to stop at. The railway runs through the place.
- Bttelbruck** (Ardennes).—Sura; trout; river much fished. Hotel accommodation fair.
- Herbeumont** (Ardennes).—N.s. *Beatrix*. On Semois; trout, chub. *Hotel*: Vasseur, where fishing can be had.
- Huy**.—Hotel du Mouton Bleu. Some good trouting can be had in the neighbourhood.
- Laroche** (Ardennes).—Ourthe; pike, chub, dace, trout. Any amount of coarse fish, but the trouting has greatly fallen off.
- Lige**.—On Ourthe. Roach, chub, and gudgeon.
- Marloie**.—On Ourthe. Fair fishing.
- Namur**.—On the Meuse. Chub. A few trout, barbel, perch, and pike. Above Namur the river is clear and rapid, but below slow and dirty.
- Orval** (Ardennes).—N.s. *Thorenvillie*, 6 m. Marche; trout; preserved; by staying at the inn (comfortable) d. and w.t. can be had.
- Rochefort** (Ardennes).—On L'Homme and Lesse. Trout and grayling. Good fishing, but all preserved. A day or two may sometimes be had. Apply to landlord of Hotel de la Cloche D'Or. Some distance below the river runs through an estate belonging to the King of the Belgians, and ten miles down joins Meuse. There is a good inn here. Three miles below Rochefort another good stream joins Lesse. The Semois runs near here.
- Spa**.—Hotel D'York and others. On Wavay. Some little fishing can be had 2 m. down the river. There are no fish by Spa.

DANUBIAN PRINCIPALITIES.

- Cervanoda**.—See Kustendjee.
- Kustendjee**.—On the Black Sea. There is a rail from here to Cervanoda. Good accommodation at either place. Fair fishing in the Danube, consisting of the shaden, reaching 350lb.; the deek, 400lb.; the shill, 40lb.; the forgoache, 50lb.; the hoochan, 70lb.; the stirl, 20lb.; also sturgeon, pike, trout, carp, &c. There is a large lake an hour's walk from here containing many heavy fish, especially the *Lucio perca*.
- Roumania** (GENERAL INFORMATION).—There is splendid pike, perch, and coarse fishing in the lakes and the tributaries of the Danube in the Debrogea. Arrange to go with local fishermen. From Braila or Galatz the angler can obtain permission from the domain authorities, and go with the boat from the Quay, which is to a great extent a guarantee that he will be brought back again.
- Bucharest**.—Coarse fishing in a stream near, free.
- Sulina**.—Pike and coarse fishing. There is a fish something like a dace, and running up to 2lb., which takes a fly, fishing near the pier.

ICELAND—DENMARK.

- Reykjavik**.—There are eight salmon rivers within from one hour to six days' journey. Salmon fishing is mostly very poor, owing to the persistent use of nets in every spot where the riparian farmers can set one with effect. Very fair sport is to be had, however, by renting a river or buying the nets off a portion of one. The eight rivers are (1) the Ellidáar, one hour from Reykjavik. Herra Thomsen, its owner, resides at Reykjavik, and lets the fishing to anglers at 10s. 6d. per day. (2) The Laxá, in Kjós, one day's ride from the capital. The whole river is to be rented for from 60l. to 100l. Application to be made to the priest at Reynivellir. Excellent accommodation at that place. (3) The Minni Laxá and (4) Stærra Laxá, distant two days' journey. Quarters at Gröf farm and Hrúni parsonage. (5) The Leirárvogar Laxá, distant two days' ride. The nets could be bought off this river for about 20l.; it is believed the fishing would then be very good. Quarters at Llerá farm. (6) and (7) Grimsá and Nordrá, two tributaries to the Western Hvítá; three days' ride, or one day by boat, from Reykjavik. Good quarters at Hvítárvellir and Thverá farms. (8) The Laxá falling into the Straumfjardar Ös; one and a half days by boat, and six days' ride, from Reykjavik. Quarters at Miklaholt parsonage. Good trout fishing in Thingvall lake, one day's ride, and in its outlet (Sög). The trout run up to 7lb. Quarters at the farms. There is also good trout fishing in nearly all the rivers that do not drain glaciers. There are now two good hotels at Reykjavik—the Hotel Iceland, newly built, and the Alexandra, formerly the Merchants Club-house. As travelling is mainly on pony-back, take an English saddle well stuffed, also a portable tent, waterproof rug, and a pair of thick Canadian blankets to sleep in, preserved soups and meats, cheese, ham, biscuits, oatmeal for porridge, and some such cooking apparatus as the "Rob Roy"—that is, heated with spirit, fuel being very scarce. Clothing should consist of a couple of suits of warm thick material, a stout mackintosh, and a pair of strong fisherman's boots coming well up the thigh for riding in, as rivers have constantly to be forded. In the north there are now seven rivers in which salmon may be caught. (1) The Laxá from Mývatn, very good. Nearest port, Húsavík, where steamers call about half a dozen times during the summer. Accommodation fair. Apply to the factor, Mr. T. Gudjohnson. The nearest salmon fishing is some 5 m. off at Laxármýri, a large and comfortable farmhouse. The farmer readily gives permission to fish, the angler to retain the trout, but give up the salmon. Quarters are not now obtainable at Laxármýri, but there is an inn at Húsavík. Another good fishing station on this river is at Grenjadar-

stadir, a very good farm, and the home of a clergyman—about 12 m. from Húsavík. (2) Ós Laxá, a few hours' ride from Skagaströnd, a port also called at by steamers. (3) The Laxá from the Laxárvatn, one day's ride from Skagaströnd. Quarters at Hjaltabakki parsonage; priest speaks English. (4) Vatnsdalsá, a good river, but, it is believed, the best stretches of water are rented. (5) Víðidalssá, two days' ride from Skagaströnd. Quarters at Borg; farmer speaks English. (6) Míðfjarðrá, three days' ride from Skagaströnd. Quarters at Reykir farm and Melstadr parsonage. (7) The Laxá, falling into the Hvammsfjörðr; one day's ride from Stykkishólmr, a small port called at by steamers. Several very fair farms in the valley, at one of which a room could be had. Excellent trout fishing to be had in the lakes on the Arnarvatnsheiði, in Svínvatn, near Stóradalr; also in the upper waters of the Laxá from Mývatn. The best way to the lake is up the Laxárdalr; Grenjadarstadir should be made a half-way house. There are a vast number of char in Mývatn, but they refuse to take the fly. There is, however, excellent trout fishing in the Laxá, about 2 miles from its outlet from the lake. Good quarters are obtainable at Skútustadir, a parsonage at the south end of the lake; and also at Hopstadir, a farm lying nearer the river. On the road to the Dettifoss from Húsavík is the Botnsvatn (bottom water); good trouting. No fishing in lake Hoskuldsvatn. Ordinary salmon flies, especially the silver doctor, snowfly, Childers, "Butcher," and "Jock-Scott," for salmon, and for trout small gaudy grilse flies with red woollen or tinsel bodies, bound with gold or silver twist, golden pheasant tails, and brownish wings, have been found the most killing. July and August are the best months in Iceland, but when it is purposed to rent a river or buy the nets off a portion of one, the angler should visit the island not later than the middle of June, that all obstacles may be removed and the first run of fish allowed to enter the river. If this is not done, the angler would, in a dry summer, wait a long time before he got any fishing, as most of the rivers frequently fall very low in the months first named. A good deal of fishing is preserved by the Icelandic Angling Club. Apply to the hon. sec., H. Gibson, Esq., 40, East-road, Levenshulme, Manchester.

FRANCE.

General Information.—The trout fishing in the department Morbihan does not open until June 1. This rule applies only to the canals and navigable streams. Near Brooms, in the Côtes du Nord, there are some streams. Fishing poor. The lake at Jugon contains pike and perch. Any person may fish with rod and line only in any public water, that is, in all navigable rivers, canals, and their cuts or affluents, the maintenance of which in good condition is chargeable to the state, and into which a fishing boat can at all times enter. No one, however, must use night lines, trimmers, bankrunners, or any instrument stuck in the bank. This does not apply to ponds or lakes which belong to the riparian proprietors. In all other rivers and streams the right of fishing belongs to the riparian proprietors. No fishing after dark is permitted. Every department makes its own byelaws, and settles its own closing time; and as these generally vary, it is well to ascertain the particulars, as sometimes the fishing on one bank of a river is closed, and the other side open. All information can be obtained at the prefecture of the principal town of each department. The French Government maps are good. For Normandy or Brittany comfortable quarters can be had at Havre, with the Montivilliers and Epouville fishing a day or two at Cany, also at Pont Andemer and Pont l'Évêque. Some sport is to be had with trout, many of them large, at all the above places. There is no salmon fishing worthy the name in Normandy. Brittany will afford good sport among trout, and a salmon here and there; also capital sea-fishing, both from boats and from rocks on parts of the coast. The streams are generally preserved; it is probable that permission may be obtained by proper application. For Brittany, as stations choose Pont Scorff, Quimperlé, and Pont Aven; very good sea-fishing is also to be had near the latter place. Anyone has a right to fish from a public path. Plenty of pollack along the rocky coasts of Normandy and Brittany, and bass in all the estuaries.

Abbeville.—Not far from here is a large lake, containing pike, perch, bream, roach, &c. The fishing is sometimes let, but leave can no doubt be obtained. The sea-fishing is sometimes good, but you must go out some way.

Aix-la-Chapelle.—Four hours' drive from here is a stream at Montjoie. At Dären, an hour by rail from here, there is good grayling fishing.

Aix-les-Bains (Savoie).—Hotels: De l'Europe, d'Aix, and others. On Lake Bourget; ferox, pike, perch, dace, chub, bream, but the lake is very deep. Baits are easily procured. The best way of fishing is with a natural bait trailing from a boat, with 500 or 600 yards of line out. Large dace may be caught with fly all along the deep, wooded side of the lake, and there are some splendid perch round the shallow weedy bays. Two small streams run into the lake here, holding small chub and dace, and in the autumn a few trout.

Anney (Savoie).—Hotels Verdun, Geneva, d'Angleterre. On Lake Anney; ferox, pike, perch, chub, char. Fishing fair.

Arcahon.—There is a little fishing, but poor, in the lakes along the coast N. and S. of this place.

Avranches (Manche, Normandy).—The Léez and Celune fall into the Bay of Mont St. Michel here. The fishing close to the town is not good for much, but by going a few miles up either river good sport can be had. On the Léez, Tirpiéd (six miles from Avranches), Bricey (ten), and Cuves (twelve), are the places to put up at, though the accommodation is

- very rough. On the Celune, Ducey (seven), and Les Biards (thirteen) accommodation very bad at the latter place, but the fishing good. The diligences run close to all these places. Leave is easily obtained. Salmon may sometimes be taken.
- Bagnolles de l'Orne.**—Hotel de Bagnolles. Some fishing can be had here.
- Bagnolles-les-Baux** (Orne).—On Vée. Hotels St. Lucile and St. Marguerite. The lake here contains plenty of coarse fish.
- Bar-sur-Aube** (Paris and Mulhouse Railway).—Fair troutling in the Aube; free. Fishing is also good at Longchamps and Bennepont.
- Baud** (Brittany).—The Hotel de la Grande Maison is rough and uncomfortable, but the charges are moderate. The Eval, which runs near, contains fine trout and perch.
- Bayonne.**—At Cambo, fifteen miles off, good troutling can be had in Nive and other streams. *Inn:* Hotel St. Martin, Cambo.
- Belle-Ile-en-Terre** (Brittany).—(See *Paimpol*.)
- Bergues.**—Some six miles from Dunkerque. Large pike are to be caught in the fosse. Permission must be obtained from the officer in command.
- Besancon.**—Barbel and other coarse fish, very scarce owing to netting. There is good accommodation. Go to Pontardier and Metiers-Travers in Switzerland for troutling. Metiers-Travers is on the Reux. By descending the river you get to Boudri.
- Biarritz.**—At Cambo some good troutling can be had, also dace. The Nivelle holds good trout.
- Boulogne-sur-Mer.**—Fair sport is to be met with up the Liane at Questreques, Cremarest, and Bournonville, more especially at the latter in the spring. Sea trout are often caught at the weirs. Near Montreuil there is good fishing in the Canche, especially in the upper part of it at Parenty, Beusent, and Inxent. The best of the above places is Beusent, where the stream is very open all the way up to Parenty. At Bermeuilles, about one mile from Beusent, accommodation if required may be had at a farmhouse, though they are all within a drive from Boulogne. 23 m. off is Fauquemberg. There is fair troutling from 6 m. above, to Lumbers, 9 m. below. At Lique, 17 m. from Boulogne, there is fair troutling. Apply to Mons. Claude Hess, wine merchant, 54, Grand Rue, for information. Some good pollack fishing near here; fish large; use a spinning eel.
- Brest.**—An excursion may be made from here to Landéoc, where there is a good salmon and trout stream (the Buis, which falls into the Aulne at Logonna Quimerch). This stream may be followed up to Braspars, a small village with poor accommodation, and thence to Huelgoët, which stands on a lake, where there is a capital inn. Good fishing may be had at Pontargonet, and in the stream that supplies the lake. From Huelgoët a mail road leads to Morlaix. From Huelgoët go to Commanna, where the trout fishing is very good, but the accommodation poor. Good sea fishing.
- Brevieres** (Tarentaise).—On Isère; plenty of trout. Accommodation (Aub. du Soleil Lévant) wretched.
- Caen** (Normandy).—On Orne; dace, pike, &c. There is good fishing on the Orne, a few miles from Caen; there are trout at a place called Harcourt. There are various trout streams in the neighbourhood, mostly preserved by the proprietors. Hotel: Hôtel d'Angleterre. In the Fosse Anglaise are chub, tench, pike. There is some fishing in the Ouystreham Canal.
- Cannes** (A. M.).—Slane runs 3 m. off; dace, chub, grey mullet, eels, and a few trout. Hotels: Garribaudy (nearest the river), Beau Site, and many others. Fishing is sometimes moderately good, especially some four miles up the stream just below Oribeau. Some fair troutling can be had twelve miles off across the hills near Grasse. At times mullet, mackerel, wrasse, and other sea fish can be taken between Cannes and the Isle Marguerite.
- Cany** (Normandy).—There is fair troutling here; also at Villefleurs, three kilomètres off.
- Caseres.**—On Garonne. Plenty of chub, and a very few trout.
- Cette.**—Pretty good fishing in the marine canals that intersect the town. Plenty of sea-bream (*dorade*, locally).
- Chausey, Iles.**—Very good sea fishing; many large pollack, and grey and red mullet abundant.
- Cherbourg.**—On the Divette. Grey mullet and small bass are to be taken by angling near the dock gates and pier head; atherine or sand smelt, at the influx of the river Divette, on the east side of the floating basin. The townspeople fish with throw-out lines, and angle also with rods from the outer part of the quay walls, taking with the lines numbers of flounders, from 6 in. to 9 in. long. There are several rocky shoals in and outside the harbour, where pollack are taken. Some trout in the river Divette; pools and streams for both fly, minnow, and dapping. The river contains also eels, roach, and minnows.
- Clermont** (Puy de Dome).—At Mont Dore, a watering place a few miles off, good troutling may be obtained. Accommodation is very good.
- Cong.**—Tolerable fishing in the lake. There is little or no chance on the river.
- Corps** (Dauphiné).—On Drac and Souloise. Drac holds few fish, and is much discoloured. Souloise joins Drac here. Troutling good from a mile below the mill to its source (some subterranean pools 8 m. up). There is good troutling at St. Firmin, 16 m. from Corps. (See *St. Firmin*.)
- Orieuil.** (See *Treport*.)
- Dax** (Landes).—On Adour; pike, roach, dace, chub, perch.
- Dieppe.**—Near the neighbouring station of St. Aubyn there is a little trout fishing; leave from the landowners, who require careful negotiating. From the quays there is good rod fishing for grey mullet, baiting with ragworm.

- Dijon.**—On Ouche; a few trout. Accommodation good. There are several good places within a circuit of twelve miles. The middle of May the best time.
- Dinan** (Brittany).—Rance; carp, dace, pike. Some trout can be had at Guenroc (good accommodation), 15 m. up the river. Some trout can be had also at St. André des Eaux, on Rance, 12 m. off; also at Hinglé, 6 m. off. The river can be fished to where it joins the canal, from which point there is the towing path into Dinan. At Bobatail, 5 m. from Dinan, are some lakes holding pike, but preserved. There is a fair trout stream 12 m. W. of Dinan, and a lake, which is preserved. At all the locks in the canal stray trout are to be found. Minnow fishing is best, owing to the rivers being overgrown. No fishing is allowed for a month before the harvest, because of the crops. In South Brittany is excellent trouting, particularly at Carbaix. Good accommodation.
- Dinard.**—There is no freshwater fishing here, but plenty of sea fish of all kinds.
- D'Ivorne.** (See Geneva, Switzerland.)
- Dôle** (near Dijon).—Some dace and chub can be had here.
- Dunkerque.**—The canals are full of roach, perch, and eels. There are carp and pike in the fosse of the fortifications. Large pike are caught at Bergues.
- Eaux Chaudes.**—Difficult fishing, owing to rocks and trees. Trout small.
- Embrun** (Dauphine).—Some distance beyond here there are good streams in the valleys of L'Argentière and Val Louise.
- Evreux.**—There is some good trouting for some distance above the town. Leave must be obtained.
- Foix.**—On Ariège. A few good trout.
- Gabas.**—Last village before the Spanish frontier, beyond Eaux Chaudes. Trout both above and below, but best about two miles above, at the foot of the Pic d'Aule. The Lac d'Aule, near the eternal snows, contains fine trout of most superior quality, but very capricious in rising or taking any bait. Small flies best.
- Givet.**—On Meuse. There is capital pike fishing here.
- Gouarec** (Brittany).—The best trout fishing in Brittany, formed by the junction of the Blavet, Salon, and some streams. Quarters are bad.
- Granville.**—Small grey mullets are to be caught off the quays, using the tail of a rock-worm, and sand eels on long-lines shot at low water on the sands.
- Grenoble.**—The Isère and Drac, and several smaller streams, run near the town. The trout fishing is very poor. Some trout fishing can be had about thirty kilometres off, in a river preserved by a society. Application must be made to the Mayor of Voreppe. *Hotel:* Hotel des Ambassadeurs. About 4 m. off is Lake La Frais, holding good trout.
- Gringamp** (Brittany).—On Trieux and Blavet; trout, salmon, and dace fishing good; on the head waters of Blavet especially so. At St. Nicholas du Palern 15 m. is good fishing (Blavet running 2 m. off). *Hotel* Johannin being comfortable. March, April, and May are the best months. *Hotel:* Hotel de France. (See Paimpol.)
- Havre.**—There is good smelt fishing off the wooden piers on the beach of Ste. Adresse, a suburb of Havre, also a few small shad and gobies. The baits are the squid, calmer, and other species of cuttle-fish; the large sand-worms, and the centipede-like red or green worms found in the harbour mud or under rocks in muddy ground at low water; also shrimps, which are freely taken by small whiting, &c., early in the season, and the mussel. Open a good lot half an hour before you reach your fishing ground, let them dry a bit, and put them on very carefully; they are a most killing bait. The sand-smelt is taken in the harbour, and in large numbers along the beach, by fine tackle, with three or four hooks baited with bits of fresh-skinned shrimps. There are some deep weedy ponds three miles from here, where fair sport with roach and rudd may be had. Near here flows the Lézarde; trout. This river, flowing through the villages of Rolleville and Epouville, and the town of Montvilliers, falls into the Seine two miles below Harfleur, a little above which town it is joined by a smaller and shallower stream coming down through the adjacent valley of Gournay. From Montvilliers up to Rolleville is the best fishing part. Besides trout in this part of the river there are a few little eels and lampreys. Montvilliers is one hour by road from Havre. Leave can readily be obtained on polite application to the various millers. Flies for the Lézarde should be small and tackle very fine. The season is from Feb. 1 to Oct. 31. The stream in the valley of Gournay contains a few good fish, and may be fished either near the metal-rolling works of M. E. Hubin (distant about a mile and a half from the Harfleur Railway Station), application being made to the manager (*directeur*), or, if unsuccessful here, at the Corderie, half a mile further up, where the *directeur* readily gives leave. Good sport may be obtained in the following trip: Rail to Yvetôt, half-way between Havre and Rouen, diligence thence to Cany, from which town down to Villefleurs and beyond, even down to the sea at Veulettes, you may fish many miles of a large and well-stocked stream, abounding in trout of superior size and flavour, particularly near Villefleurs. But be careful to ask permission (which will scarcely ever be refused) whenever it is desirable to enter the premises of mills, farms, &c., or to go on any path which is not evidently public. Flies here may be somewhat larger than for the Lézarde. Crossing the Seine by the Honfleur steamer (passage thirty-five minutes), and proceeding by rail to the neighbouring station of Pont l'Évêque, there is fair fishing up several miles of a good large stream, where nobody will make any difficulty. Very large trout, but not very numerous, may be found in the Risle, at and above Pont Audemer, accessible by a little steamer from Havre, or by *voiture publique* from Honfleur.

- Any hotel keeper at Pont Audemer will give information as to the best waters, and persons from whom to obtain permission.
- Hennebont** (Brittany).—On Blavet; trout, dace, and occasionally salmon and sea trout. The water between here and Lochriste is the best. Use large and bright flies. One side of the river is preserved, the other free. No difficulty will be found in a gentleman obtaining leave on giving up every alternate salmon he catches.
- Hesdin.** (*See Montreuil.*)
- Hyères.**—The little river Gapeau, flowing into the sea a few miles below Hyères, holds an abundance of good chub, roach, gudgeon, &c. The fishing is free. Begin at a point about two miles from the town, and fish downwards. At the mouth of the Gapeau grey mullet may be taken with the ragworm occasionally. At the peninsula of Glens, opposite Hyères, there is good fishing from the rocks in deep water for sea-bream, wrasse, &c. The ragworm is the best bait. There are good points for fishing on both sides of the peninsula. Wherever you see deep water, you may be sure that fish abound. The local fishermen will often try to persuade you to go out in the roads in one of their boats. This appears to be a delusion. The landlord of the humble inn at Glens will at any time be able to find a boy, who for a few *sous* will get you a good stock of bait (ragworm, small prawns, &c.) The prawn is the most killing bait. Some trout are reported between Hyères and Cannes.
- Josselin** (Brittany).—On Oust; trout. The fishing is fair. The Croix d'Or is a good inn.
- Lamballe** (Brittany).—The river here is devoid of fish.
- Landivisian** (Brittany).—On Elorn. Trout.
- Lanleff** (Brittany).—On Leff. Trout.
- Lannion** (Brittany).—Fair fishing can be had in the neighbourhood. (*See Paimpol: Tréguier.*) Salmon may be taken in the Guer. Sea trout are plentiful below the town, and above brown trout are numerous.
- Lanslebourg.**—On the top of Mont Ceniz Pass is a lake containing trout. Leave to fish must be obtained from the monks at the hospice.
- Laruns.**—On the road to Eaux Bonnes. Trout.
- Le Faouet** (Brittany).—*Hotel:* Lion d'Or. There are five rivers within easy reach, all full of trout. Above Le Faouet to the north is the Ellé, a heavy river, containing good trout and lots of dace. The Laita is heavily wooded, and contains fine trout and dace. At the valley of St. Barbe there is good fishing for small trout. Below Le Faouet the Ellé is deep and still. At the junction of the Laita is a good spot. (*See Quimperlé.*)
- Le Lauzet** (Savoy).—*Hotel de l'Europe;* poor. There is a lake near here full of trout.
- Louvie.**—Between Pau and the mountains. A few trout.
- Luz** (Hautes Pyrénées).—There are many lakes within reach holding good trout, especially Lac Bleu. Small trout abound in the mountain streams.
- Marselles.**—Good sea-fishing from the piers or boats. Suitable tackle may be hired, and various baits bought, at a kind of open-air shop nearly opposite the Bourse.
- Melrand** (Brittany).—At the junction of the Blavet and Sar, one of the best fishing stations in Brittany. About ten miles south of Pontivy.
- Mentone.**—Eight miles off runs Carei, holding good trout.
- Mexidon** (near Caen, Normandy).—On the Dives. About two miles of water is let by the season. Fair fishing both below and above it.
- Mont Dore les Bains.**—*Hotel:* De Paris. Ochaubourg on Dordogne. Trout.
- Montreuil.**—On the Canche. There are trout here, and good sport may sometimes be had as far as Hesdin. 6 m. below Hesdin, Contes joins Canche (trout), and 5 m. further down, at Beaurainville, another good stream joins.
- Montvilliers** (Normandy).—On Lézarde; trout; fishing indifferent. Some trouble in getting leave from the millers.
- Morlaix** (Brittany).—Fair fishing can be had in this neighbourhood. (*See Brest.*)
- Mortain.**—Three hours from Vire by diligence (approachable also by diligence from Avranches, St. Hilaire, and Granville). A little trout fishing in the Canche, 4 m. below the town, off the high road to St. Hilaire on the left. The fishing is open for the most part. The cooh-y-bondhu is the favourite fly, and May-fly in its season. Showy flies useless in general. *Hotels:* De la Poste and St. Guillaume; both dirty; but fair table d'hôte at former, with board at 4*l.* per day. Good lodgings may be had for 15*l.* per month, including linen and attendance. The only trout in the two tumbling streams close to the town are fat little things, rarely more than five inches long.
- Murat** (Cantal).—Fair trouting here.
- Nice.**—Some fair grayling fishing can be had at St. Martin Lantosque, where are two fair hotels. Some 12 m. off, near the Chapel of Madona di Fenestra, is a lake holding good trout.
- Ostend.**—Very fine smelts can be caught in the harbour from the quays; also flounders, &c.
- Oughterard.**—Tolerable fishing is to be had here.
- Paimpol** (Brittany).—Good sea-fishing round the coast. *Hotel:* Hiegnel. The principal rivers are the Leff, the Trieux, the Jaudy, the Guindy, and the Guer, all containing trout; and the best localities for sport are Pontrieux, Guingamp, Roche-Derrion, Lannion, and Belle-Isle-en-Terre. Salmon may be caught at Lannion and Pontrieux. At Tréguier there is good fishing in the tidal river.
- Pamiers.**—On Ariège; trout. Poor fishing. Fishing may be got a few miles higher up.
- Pau.**—Good general fishing, with worm, gentle, and fly, in the Gave. Plenty of chub everywhere, gudgeon, and a good many trout, which take fly and natural minnow well. The neighbouring village of Coarraze is a good station for trout and general fishing. Many large

trout lie under the railway bridge, also below the canal company's weir a little higher up. Cheap and pretty comfortable quarters.

- Plestein** (Brittany).—The Douron runs near; salmon and trout. Accommodation bad.
- Ploermel** (Brittany).—*Hotel*: Hotel du Commerce, good. On the Lake Etang-du-Duc. Pike and eels in the lake, but the banks are very weedy. The millpool in the stream contains some good trout.
- Pontgand** (Brittany).—A secluded village. There is a nice trout stream here, much wooded. The fish average two to the pound.
- Pontivy** (Brittany).—The Blavet runs near. It is used as a canal. There are many over-shots where good trout may be taken. *Hotel*: Hotel des Voyageurs, by no means first-class. The trout fishing, in the department of Morbihan, is prohibited until June 1. This applies, however, only to the canals and navigable streams. (See *Melrand*.)
- Pontrieux** (Brittany). (See *Paimpol*.)
- Pont-Scorff** (Brittany).—On Scorff; good trout; salmon sometimes.
- Quimper** (Finisterre).—On Odet and Steyr; sea-trout and trout. Mackerel's guts are very good bait for sea-trout here. The flies must be small. Red hackles, red and black palmers, coch-y-bonddhu, and dotterel hackle for March and April. Later come in wren's tail, alder fly, and March brown; and a fly, body, peacock's harl, ribbed with gold; hackle, red; wing, woodcock.
- Quimperle**.—On Ellé; salmon, trout, dace, &c. The fishing is very fair, especially up the river at Le Faouet and Pont Aven, at which latter place there is fair accommodation. For flies use red, yellow, and brown bodies.
- Quintin** (Brittany).—There is a tolerable trout stream here, and the quarters are good.
- Roche-Derrien** (Brittany). (See *Paimpol*.)
- Rosporden** (Brittany).—There is a fine lake here, but the banks are very much over-grown.
- Rostrenan** (Brittany).—The lakes of Glomel lie near; also the canal connecting Brest and Nantes. There are good pike in both. *Hotel*: Les Trois Piliers.
- St. Brieuc** (Brittany).—*Hotel*: La Croix Blanche. A few trout may be taken in the river.
- St. Caradec** (Brittany).—A village near Lonnéac. There is a fair stream here containing trout.
- St. Firmin** (Dauphine).—On Severesse; trout. Fair anglers' accommodation. 4 m. down from St. Firmin Severesse joins Drac. Fishing poor, but it is best above St. Firmin, 6 m. up to Roux, and beyond to La Chapelle. There is only a cabaret at Roux; at La Chapelle fair anglers' accommodation at the hotel. General flies are hare's ear and yellow, dark and light coch-y-bonddhu, black hackle, and plain body, or ribbed with silver, and red spinner. The head waters of Drac are well worth fishing.
- St. Germain-en-Laye**.—There is little fishing here. It is 20 m. from Paris.
- St. Jean de l'Isle** (Brittany).—On Bance; trout fishing fair. Accommodation poor.
- St. Malo**.—There is fair sea-fishing off here; pollack round all the shoals; mackerel, conger, bass at the mouth of Bance; pout, plaice, bream in the offing.
- St. Martory**.—On Garonne; abundance of chub, barbel, &c., and a few trout.
- St. Omar**.—Good fly fishing. The Hotel de la Poste is the best inn. The Aa is two miles off, and the Lye nine miles. They contain very fine trout.
- St. Pol-de-Leon** (Brittany).—The Dourdoof runs near; sea-trout and yellow trout. The river is preserved, but leave can be obtained.
- St. Valéry-en-Caux**.—A trip may be made from here, through the little watering place of Venettes, fishing up the river past Villefleurs to Cany. Trout plentiful but small.
- St. Valéry-sur-Somme**.—There is but little fishing for coarse fish. At Eu, near here, there are a few trout.
- Toulouse**.—On the Garonne; chub, barbel, and chondrostomes (*sièges*), with gudgeon, and a few perch, carp, pike, and eels. The *Ramier du Bazacle*, a large island just below the weir is the best station; leave may be obtained from the proprietors of the *Moulin du Bazacle*. The *sièges* are caught in tolerable numbers in the rapid currents, from the shore, or better from boats, with soaked wheat, sometimes with redworm, or the chrysalis of the silkworm, which may be bought very cheaply late in the summer. *Sièges* and chub often take fly freely, morning and evening. Large barbel are sometimes caught ledger-fishing. On the weir is a capital station when the water is low enough to allow of walking thereon. The little river Lers is full of small chub and gudgeon. Fishing may be begun from the bridge on the Las Bordes road, some two and a half miles from Toulouse, and fished up stream, unless the water is high. Small redworm pays best here. The Touch, another small stream, a little farther from Toulouse, is about the same fishing. The mouth of the Ariège, distant about eleven miles up the Garonne, is a good general fishing place. At Toulouse the sport is generally very inferior.
- Tours**.—On the Loire. The Cher and canal are within an easy walk, and at no great distance are the Indre and Vienne, and the little streams, the Bresne, Romer, and Cisse, which latter joins Loire at Vouvray. Loire contains salmon, pike, barbel, dace, &c. In the smaller streams and ponds are carp, eels, and perch. The most likely places for pike are on the Loire at Nolsay or Vernan (between this place and Amboise), or below Tours, at the junction of the Cher and Vienne respectively. The fishing in the neighbourhood of Tours is not so good. On the Cher, Chenonceaux, Azay-sur-Cher, and St. Avertin, offer the best chance. On the Indre, Montbazon is a likely spot. Minnows, gudgeon, or small dace and perch can generally be obtained at the market every morning.
- Treguier** (Brittany).—Between here and Lannion is the Guindry. Salmon and trout.

Treport.—Sea-trout, trout, roach, &c. Within a quarter of a mile is a lock, with two heavy falls—a good spot. Fair trout fishing can be had at Orieuil, also in a stream some two leagues off. A few trout and some large roach can be caught in the canal leading to Eu, one league off. The fishing at Gameches, four leagues off, is fair, but the river is much netted from here to Eu; as the water is let leave must be obtained. By paying, good pike fishing can be had in Lake L'Hable, at Cayeux-on-the-Sea, two and a half hours' drive off. Also bream, tench, roach, and eels in this lake. Above Eu the river is let, we believe to an Englishman, for a league.

Vichy.—Good trouting in the valley of the Lichon and Allier, free.

Vire.—Fishing protected among the numerous woollen mills. The best water is by Graverie, five kilomètres on the high road to Thorigny. Here the Vire and Viraine have united, and form a large open river. Good trout, but dace without end in the holes. There is a tidy village fishing inn at Graverie; or board and lodging may be had at the Hôtel St. Pierre, in Vire. The Vire, above the town and the mills, runs through a perfect jungle.

Vorreppe. (See *Grenoble*.)

Yvetot.—At Cany some fair trouting can be had.

GERMANY.

Ahrweiler.—On Ahr; trout.

Altenahr.—On Ahr; trout, grayling, chub, dace, &c. By staying at the hotel leave can be had. The Ahr joins Rhine between Remagen and Linz. Ten miles from Altenahr is Neuenahr. Fishing is poor. Twenty-five miles off is a large lake full of good perch.

Baden-Baden.—Fair trout and grayling fishing in the Moeng, some little way off. The river is preserved, we believe. At Gernsbach trouting can be had in the Murg. Tickets for Murg to be obtained at a shop in the Colonnade by personal application; d.t., 5 marks; w.t., 20 marks; m.t., 70 marks; s.t., 80 marks. Another ticket, 2m. 60pf., must be obtained from the police. The fishing, about 10 m. long, runs from close above Gernsbach to above Forbach, passing Oberstroth, Hilbertsan, Wissenbach, Langenbrand, and Gansbach (*km*: Gasthaus-zum-Waldhorn, clean and cheap). The upper part is the better trout and grayling water, and the lower for chub, &c. At Forbach is a decent inn, the Lion. Some distance farther up is Schönmülsach. The Post is a good inn. The Schönmünz joins Murg a few hundred yards above, and is a good trout stream. There are a few small trout and dace in the stream running through Baden.

Berchtesgarden (Bavaria).—There is good fishing in the river, from this place to the König See. Leave must be obtained. The landlord of the Watzman Hotel will give an introduction. At the lower end of the König See is a rustic inn. Good trouting can be had at Reichenhall. Hoffman's Fancy is a good fly here.

Berlin.—The Spree. No angling near, being so much netted. The river is a filthy ditch.

Bertrich.—On Moselle. There is a decent trout stream here.

Biberich (Baden).—Fifteen miles above Offenburg. On Kinsig. Trout, grayling, chub, dace. The landlord of the principal inn has the right of fishing, which is very fair.

Blankenheim.—On Ahr; trout; fishing good, but preserved.

Bonn.—Trout, grayling, and chub. Fair general fishing in the Rhine, chub, dace, bleak, &c. There are many barbel, and a few pike and large perch. Chub may be taken freely with Dutch cheese, also with a parboiled paste composed of flour, milk, and eggs. The Sieg, flowing into the Rhine, 2½ m. below Bonn, on the opposite bank, contains various coarse fish. Near Bonn is Königswinter, at the foot of the Severn Mountains, and nearly opposite Königswinter is Rolandseck, both fair spots for a little sport. The Ahr joins the Rhine at Remagen, some miles above Bonn. Half way up the Kreuzberg, a hill just outside Bonn, is a pond containing abundance of very fine carp, leave for which may sometimes be obtained. A small stream flows into the Rhine some 3 m. below Bonn, on the same side. By fishing up 1½ m. excellent sport may be obtained, either with redworm or grasshopper, among chub, &c., with the chance of a trout.

Borsek (Bavaria).—Good trouting four hours off; permission from landlord of hotel.

Coblentz.—There is a lake near here containing very large pike and perch; fishing free; you must pay for the fish at the market price. Plenty of general fishing both in Rhine and Moselle.

Daren. (See *Aix-la-Chapelle*.)

Darmstadt.—Not far off are the Maine and Rhine. Pike and other fish can be caught in the Groesse, Woog, Amosen, Teich, &c., near the town.

Donauschingen (Baden).—Brigach; chub, grayling, trout. Breg, 3 m. off, at Votterdingen; trout; fishing fair; the landlord of the hotel can get leave. *Lakes*: In Prince Fürstenberg's park is a large lake holding good trout. *Hotel*, Schutren.

Donauwerth (Bavaria).—On Danube. (See *Munich*.)

Dresden.—The Elbe; pike, perch, and the usual fish. Annual licence 6s. per annum within 4 m. of the town; beyond that is free. At Pirna, half an hour off by rail, there is some fair trout fishing; also at Schandau, two hours' distant, a little fishing can be had in the Elbe, below the town. Quantities of small fish may be caught at the junction of the Weiseritz, 1 m. down. There is good trouting in the Polenzthal Valley, 2 m. walk from Rathen, one station beyond Schandau.

Dusseldorf.—On Rhine. There are a few salmon and trout, with plenty of chub, and other fish. In May, a fish called May-fish runs up the river; they will not take a fly.

Bms.—On Lahn; trouting poor, but plenty of chub and coarse fish.

Frankfort-on-Main.—Plenty of coarse fish and chub above the town; preserved by an association, who issue daily tickets for a small fee. Plenty of barbel here. Some good trouting at Heigenbrücken and Lahn. two hours off by rail.

Freiburg (Baden).—*Hotel:* Sommer's Zum Zähringer Hof. On Dreisam; trout and grayling. 10 m. N. at Waldkirchen there is good trouting in Elz; apply to the landlord of the post-house. At **Ochs (Hotel:** Wilden Mann) some trouting can be had by leave from the proprietor. At **Feldburg**, 24 m. off, the hotel on the spot rents the fishing of Feldsee; trout run large.

Füssen (Bavaria).—On Lech; huchen. There are several lakes near here; Hupfen See and Banwald See, and some smaller tarns near Hohen-Schwangan, a residence of the king. The two lakes first-mentioned contain pike and a few trout and coarse fish; leave can be obtained easily. The small lakes are strictly preserved by the king. There are some small lakes near Rosskaupfen two hours from Füssen. An hour's ride from Füssen is Reutte, in Tyrol, on Lech, containing trout and grayling. The fishing is free and not very good. There are two lakes near Reutte, the one nearest the town contains plenty of carp. Near Reutte is the Arch Stream rising in some lakes, and contains trout and grayling. The master of the Crown Inn will give leave to fish it. (*See Ischl.*)

Haachenburg.—Six hours from Cologne *via* Au. By staying at the Kronen Hotel fair trouting can be had.

Hanau-on-the-Main.—Twelve miles by road from Frankfurt. The Kinsig river runs near the town, and is full of pike, chub, &c. Half an hour's ride from Hanau is a submerged valley. When the Main becomes flooded, the water and fish enter the valley, the latter being left behind in the old peat holes when the waters have receded. Very large pike and perch are then to be had. The landlord of the inn near there charges ninepence for every pound weight of fish you take away. Wines and restauration good, and moderate charges.

Hausach (Baden).—Kinzig; grayling, chub, trout, &c. *Hotel,* Railway; the landlord can obtain some fishing for a few days.

Heidelberg (Baden).—On Neckar; barbel, chub, dace, roach, perch, May-fish; fishing very poor. D.t. 3d. Ordinary English flies answer here. The May-fish is the shad. Good trout fishing 8 m. from Heidelberg by payment of 9d. for every pound weight of fish you catch and take away with you. Very large trout at the Wolf's Spring, 2 m. off; bottom fishing for chub near the barge wharf is best. (*See Neckar-Steinach.*)

Hesse Cassel.—There is a fair trout stream near.

Hof (Bavaria).—(*See Ischl.*)

Homburg (Baden).—Gutach; trout, grayling; preserved for 2 m. by the landlord of the Bear Hotel; fishing fair; wading necessary. The brooks Esbach and Ober Eslenbach, near the town, are small, and contain a fair stock of chub. They are preserved by the landlord of the hotel Victoria, who has some trouting also. Nidd runs 4 m. from here. Tickets, 4d. per day, can be obtained from the burgermeister. Plenty of chub and white fish, also pike.

Immenstadt (Bavaria).—On the Munich and Constance line. (*See Reutte.*) In the Alp See there are plenty of pike, but no trout. There are one or two lakes near Martinzell, on the Munich line, an hour from here.

Kissingen (Bavaria).—*Hotel:* Royal Kurhouse. Saale; pike, barbel, chub, &c.; a small fee required for permission. There is good trouting at Neustadt (10 m. off).

Klagenfurt.—On Worthersee; pike, roach, &c. The Glanfurt holds roach, but leave must be obtained. *Hotel:* Kaiser v. Oesterreich.

Königsberg (Prussia).—No one allowed to angle in the river Pregel, as it is farmed by the fishermen. Thirty marks, or 30s. penalty. The Castle lake, near the town, is about 4 m. long, and the residents on the banks are allowed to fish from their lawns. The lake contains very large carp and perch. There are restaurants on the banks, and guests are allowed to angle from their gardens.

Kreuznach.—On Frahe; chub, perch, &c. Fishing indifferent.

Lorch.—Trout fishing in the Whispfen, which runs into the Rhine here. Apply to the landlord of the White Swan, where good accommodation can be had. The stream is small, so only good in the spring.

Mannheim (Baden).—Good pike and coarse fishing in the Rhine and Neckar. For Rhine a yearly ticket is to be obtained from the police at the Kaufhaus, also permission from a Herr Meyer, who rents fishing (his address can be obtained from any fishmonger). For Neckar, ticket, 3 marks, must be obtained from Schloss. Fair fishing; very good chub fishing near railway bridge; also good fishing in docks, but is preserved by a society of 10 members at 80 marks each. At Mannheim is an English fishing tackle maker, W. Collingwood, opposite station; very obliging, and knows the river well.

Martinzell (Bavaria).—(*See Immenstadt.*)

Mendorf.—There is a brook between here and Schlangenbad holding trout; you cannot fish with a fly. The landlord of the Crown will give leave. Mendorf is distant from Wiesbaden a quarter of an hour by rail.

Mentz.—In the Mendorf brook there is good trout fishing.

Münden (Hanover).—There are three rivers here, the Fulda, Verra, and Weser. Only coarse fish, barbel, chub, &c. There is splendid pike fishing in a large pool, formerly the bed of the Fulda.

Munich (Bavaria).—In the Isar and Ammer fair grayling and huchen fishing can be had; leave not very difficult to procure. The best fishing is in the Danube, between Donauwerth and Regensburg, and in the Inn, between Passau and Rosenheim; leave on Inn is procurable for a small sum. There is a comfortable inn at Newhaus, an hour from Passau. Güging and Braunau, higher up the river, are good stations. Accommodation bad.

Murnau (Bavaria).—There are two lakes here, Staffell See and Bieg See, containing trout. We believe the landlord of the principal hotel can obtain leave. By taking a cross road Saulgrub can be reached. Accommodation indifferent. The Ammer runs near, containing trout. The fishing between Saulgrub and Unter Ammergau is very good, but it is doubtful whether fishing can be had at this latter place. At the village of Baiersoyen, three quarters of an hour from Saulgrub, on the road to Scongau, is a small lake containing trout, and within an hour of Baiersoyen, at Wildsteig, is another lake.

Neustadt.—(See Kissingen.)

Neckar-Steinach (10 m. from Heidelberg).—Fair trouting; tickets from the inn-keeper.

Nieder Andorfer (Bavaria).—On the Innsbruck line. Two hours and a half off is Walch See, containing good trout.

Oderbruck.—Oder. In the pools are large trout.

Offenburg (Baden).—Kinzig; chub, grayling, pike, perch, trout, roach; preserved by the municipality; s.t. (only) 14 marks. The mill stream is preserved by the miller; payment required. *Hotel, Fortuna.*

Passau.—On Inn. (See Munich.)

Pirna (Saxony).—Half an hour by rail from Dresden. (See Dresden.)

Prague.—On Moldau. There are plenty of fish here, and trout in its tributaries.

Prenzlau (Brandenburg).—*Hotel: De Prusse.* On Uckerlake. Good fishing.

Regensburg.—On Danube. (See Munich.)

Reichenhall. (See Berchtesgarden.)

Ravensburg (Württemberg). (See Constance.)

Remagen. (See Altenahr.)

Rosenheim (Bavaria).—On Inn. A small river here joins Inn, which contains grayling.

Schandau (Saxony). (See Dresden.)

Schaltenhofen.—On Wottawa; trout; a good station.

Schlangenbad (Nassau). (See Mendorf.)

Schwabach (Nassau).—The landlord of the Hotel Metropole rents 25 m. of a fine stream, which he preserves for his visitors; as does also the landlord of the Hotel Nassau.

Schwartzburg (Thüringen Wald).—Splendid trout fishing in Schwartz, also grayling; permission to fish is given by landlord of hotel Zum Weissen Hirsch, Schwartzburg, to visitors staying at hotel; speaks English, and very obliging. The Prince also has fishing, but never gives permission. Book to Blankenburg, and drive.

Senierke.—On Bode; good trouting; permission easily obtainable.

Siegburg.—A village ten miles from Bonn, on the river Sieg; good fishing. (See Bonn.)

Stettin.—The Oder; wels, pike, perch, bream, pike-perch, and roach. Fishing free, except for pike, 6s. annually. Best fishing in the Haff, or lake, between Stettin and the Baltic. There are several lakes between Stettin and Berlin, the proprietors of which generally give leave to angle.

Tolz.—On Isar. Plenty of coarse fish, and some trout.

Triberg (Baden).—Gutach; trout. Some little fishing is attached to two or three of the hotels here. The town waters are let at 10 marks per season.

Vienenburg.—On Ecker; good trouting, belonging to Count Stolberg; permission impossible. Leave is sometimes given, however, by Herr von König for his fishing at Torfhaus, near Vienenburg.

Volmar-on-Sea.—Pike, perch, &c.

Walporsheim.—Ahr; trout, chub, &c.; fishing poor below, but fair above. Accommodation can be had.

Weimar.—The fishing is poor here. A few trout and coarse fish. The river is, we believe, unpreserved.

Weinheim (Baden).—Good trout fishing; permission can be obtained at the various inns, where there is a "Forellenfang;" accommodation fair.

Wiesbaden. (See Mendorf.)

Wildbad (Württemberg).—By paying three florins a week to the lessee leave may be obtained to fish in the river. There are a few trout and grayling.

Windisch Matrei.—*Hotels: Hotel Zum Rautler and Schloss Weissenstein.* Isel. The landlord rents the fishing. Good trouting can be had in the Deferegger-Bach, which flows into Isel at In der Huben; the fishing begins at Hopfgarten. Fishing is also good higher up at St. Veit.

Wolfach (Baden).—Kinzig; grayling, trout, chub, &c.; preserved partly by the landlord of the hotel. Wolf; same fish. *Hotel, Salmen.*

Wolfsberg (Lavantthal).—*Hotel: Schellander.* On Lavant; trout and grayling; preserved, but leave can be had on payment. There is a papier mache mill some 2 m. above, which at times injures the fishing below. Above, the fishing is much better. The Arlingbach, a tributary of Lavant, holds fine fish, but is much overgrown.

Zalsow (Bavaria).—Good trouting; leave from landlord of hotel.

HOLLAND.

General Information.—Excellent sport among pike, perch, carp, roach, and bream in nearly all of the numerous canals. A licence for fishing with any tackle or net, 7 florins 7 cents. Anyone taking out a licence may fish, provided he has leave over the requisite water. As a rule, permission is freely accorded. Pike fishing may be had on the Maes, near Grave, which is reached by steamer from Rotterdam or Bois le Duc; at Nymegen, about 9 m. from Arnheim; and at Ouderkerk, on the Elzel, 6 m. from Rotterdam, between Rotterdam and Gouda. To Ouderkerk a boat runs twice a day from Rotterdam. There is some jack fishing to be had in the river at Loo, the station for which is Appeldore. The fishing belongs to the king, but leave may be obtained through one of the innkeepers without much difficulty. North Brabant, in the rivers Tongreep and Dommel, which run east and west of the village of Valkenswaard, a few pike are to be had, but they are not very large. The rivers in North Brabant are muddy and sluggish; they seem well stocked with eels. There are no trout, but plenty of roach and dace. Smelts can be taken from many of the quays and piers, and flat-fish and eels are numerous.

Delft.—Plenty of small coarse fish in the canals.

Maestricht.—On Maes; coarse fish, including pike, bream, roach, chub, &c.

Rotterdam.—Coarse fish, eels, and plenty of fine carp in the canals.

ITALY.

General Information.—Bass, grey mullet, and varieties of the bream are caught at most Italian ports.

Ancona.—On Lago Maggiore. There is good trolling here.

Baveno.—On Lago Maggiore; ferox, pike, and perch. The lake is very deep.

Breno. (See Iseo.)

Cadanabria.—Lake Como. Some dace-like fish, about $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. a piece, can be killed with fly here; also large trout trolling.

Capri.—Hotel: Tiberio. Good fishing.

Como.—On Lake Como; trout, pike.

Desanzano.—Six hours from Milan. On Lake of Garda. There is fair trout trolling in summer. A fish called *cavedoni* rise freely to the fly, but run small.

Florence.—There is tench fishing in Lake Bientina and also in the Arno.

Genoa.—Grey mullet can be caught at the entrance of the Bisagno stream almost close to the city walls; also bass, bream, and red mullet.

Iseo.—On Lago d'Iseo; tench, chub, pike, and a few large trout. The tench and chub are fond of polenta and silkworm grub, and may be taken from the shore. At Breno the Oglio runs into the lake. Lake trout constantly ascend the stream from the lake.

Ivrea.—There are four small lakes near here, also the river Dora, containing trout and perch. The Hôtel de l'Europe is comfortable. The town is situated at the entrance of the Val d'Aosta.

La Thuille de Ste. Foi.—In the Val de Tignes. Hotel: Des Voyageurs. There is good trouting in the Isère and Lac de Tignes.

Les Tavernettes.—Mont Cenis. Hotel: Posthouse of the Mont Cenis. There is a lake near here, belonging to the monks at the Hospice, containing fine trout; leave must be obtained.

Majolica.—On Lake of Como. There is some trouting here.

Rimasco.—On Val Serments. There is a tolerable inn here. Trouting very fair.

Sardinia, Island of.—Trout reported in all the streams. Good hotel at **Cagliari**.

Sils-Maria Engadine.—There are two lakes here and plenty of trout. The hotel is comfortable. Sils Lake is better than Silva Plana Lake. June and July are the best months; September is a fence month.

Spexia.—There are trout in a stream about 6 m. E. Good hotels.

Varallo.—This is a good head-quarters to fish the streams on the Italian side of Monte Rosa, all of which contain trout. It is next to useless to fish when the snow is melting.

NORWAY AND SWEDEN.

General Information.—*Salmon and Sea Trout.*—It may be said that all the salmon rivers of any value or accessibility are already leased. Now and then one gets into the market from its owner being prevented from going out, but generally the chance is eagerly embraced by personal friends. There are, however, many short, shallow, and comparatively worthless rivers advertised every year. These are mostly in the hands of Norwegian speculators or middlemen. The greatest caution is necessary before signing the contract and paying the rent (which is always paid in advance). References to former tenants should be insisted on, as well as accurate information respecting nets, traps, and other fishing rights. *Trout and Char.*—The trouting tourist, in looking at his map, sees a country studded with innumerable lakes, and laced over with a network of streams. All of these contain trout, some of them char, and some of them grayling. Almost all these thousands of lakes and streams are open to him, except, of course, those up which salmon and sea trout run, and even these, above the falls, may be fished by asking permission from the farmers. It must, however, be borne in mind, that the angler has

no right to fish or to trespass on the limited crop of grass, and care should be taken not to do more damage than is unavoidable. It is well to employ a son of the farmer as gillie or boatman if possible. Boats may generally be obtained, and should be subjected to a good overhaul before pushing off, as those little in use are often unseaworthy. If a man goes to Norway to fish, he must make that his one object. We should recommend him to take a district (such as Telemarken, Söteredal, or Jotunheim), and work it thoroughly. The best sport is not obtained in turbulent water, however likely looking, but in the more evenly flowing streams connecting lakes. The rivers on the east of the great watershed of the Dovrefjeld and Fillefjeld are better in this respect than those on the west. The smaller rivers are better than the very large ones, and this holds good also with respect to the lakes. In these the best places are at the inlet and outfall, and about any islands or banks, just where the shore disappears at a depth of four or five feet. On a lee shore during windy weather large trout will often take close to the bank. Before many years pass over, it will be necessary to lease trout fishing; indeed, many lakes are at the present moment rented, although permission to fish is seldom withheld. *Tackle.*—The salmon fisher knows all about tackle when he ascertains upon what kind of water he is to be located. The ordinary patterns, in different sizes to suit the rapid changes in the height of the river, are all that will be required; 120 to 150 yards of running line, treble and single gut for heavy and fine water. Dependable tackle cannot easily be obtained in Norway. For trout, Scotch lake flies, larger or smaller according to amount of wind, will kill on the lakes. Red-bodied flies with mallard wings are best for rivers; all the principal makers know the tackle required. Mr. Cummins, of Bishop Auckland, in his catalogue, gives a list of flies which he found killers during a trouting tour in Norway. A supply of spoons, phantoms, and Devon minnows for lake spinning should be taken. The gut should be strong, and the line 60 yards. A 14ft. double-handed trout rod, with extra tops, and tops for spinning, would be best if only one rod be taken. An 11ft. rod and finer tackle all round would be occasionally useful. The net should be a folding one, and large and capable of being fastened to the pannier strap. A rod box, made with straps at each end to sling it under the shafts of the carriage, is a great protection to the rods. The rivers are mostly unsuitable for wading. Good waterproof boots, and gaiters to guard against the heavy dew, will be found better than waders. A good macintosh, reaching down to the gaiters, is indispensable, and a sou'-wester would be found a comfort. Should the traveller drink whisky, he had better bring his supply from England, as no spirits can be obtained in Norway, except at Christiania, Bergen, and Trondjem, and such large towns. *Steamers, &c.*—Wilson's line of steamers from Hull and London to Bergen and Christiania is deservedly popular, and much used by sportsmen. Berths should be secured as early as possible. The Halvorsen line from Newcastle to Bergen is supposed to be quicker, but these steamers are not so comfortable as the Wilson boats (*see advertisements in the Field* and other papers every week during the season). The sea voyage is so short, about thirty hours from land to land, that few tourists travel *via* Calais and Denmark. Fares about the same by the Wilson and Halvorsen lines, 6*l.* return, inclusive of victualling. There are local steamers on every fjord, and on most of the larger lakes. Information in the "Norges Communicationer," a kind of Bradshaw, to be obtained at Bennett's shops at Bergen or Christiania, or at Beyer's in the main street (Strandgaden), Bergen. The land travelling is by carriage, stolkjærre for two persons, or open carriage for three or more. The less luggage taken the better. *Guide Books, Maps, &c.*—Baedeker's "Norway and Sweden" contains all the requisite information for travelling, as well as numerous maps. After fixing on a district for fishing operations, it would be well to order the sheets of the Ordnance Survey through Stanford's, of Charing-cross, or they might be selected at Bennett's or Beyer's at Christiania or Bergen. Information as to money, luggage, language, posting, &c., is given in the various guide books.

In Norway the occupier of land has *primæ facie* an exclusive right to all fisheries upon it; and, except on public or waste lands, no one else can claim any right to use a rod, even on waters in which there are no salmon or sea trout. Where, as is commonly the case, strangers are freely allowed to fish for trout, char, or grayling, they do so by the permission of the occupier express or implied. Strangers should be careful not to trespass, and should always apply for permission at the nearest house, even when they believe that they are upon waste lands over which the public have rights of common. The most important rivers in the province of Tromsø are the Reisen, Skibbotten, Maal, Skö, Salang, and Lokhelle; the others, though numerous, are for the most part short, and so rapid that fish cannot run up any great distance from the sea. The larger rivers were once full of salmon and sea trout, but the stock of fish has been seriously diminished. Beginning from the frontier of Finnmarken, and following the coast line of Tromsø Amt southwards to the borders of Nordland, the names of the rivers succeed each other in their natural order.

BURFJORDS R., 7 *m.*—A small stream falling into the Burfjord, a branch of the Kvænangen Fjord.

BADDERN R., 9½ *m.*—Rising in the Baddern Vand, a lake, 1 *m.* long full of non-migratory fish, the river of the same name falls into the Kvænangen Fjord. At but a short distance from the sea fish are stopped by a waterfall, immediately below which a good number of salmon are taken every year.

BUOSSA JOK, 6 m.—A small stream, draining half-a-dozen lakes of no great size, and falling into the Kvenangen Fjord.

NAVUN JOK OR KVÆNANGS R., 17½ m.—This river rises on the borders of Finnmarken in a large bog; and in 14 m., measured from the point where it leaves the bog, falls into the head of the Kvenangen Fjord.

NIEMENAİKA R., 14 m.—Issuing from the Sioka Lake, on the borders of Finnmarken, the Niemenaiika falls into the same fjord less than 2 m. E.S.E. of the mouth of that river.

OLMA R., OR ABBO JOK, 10½ m.—From Lake Abbo, 3½ m. long, to its mouth in the Kvenangen Fjord, the Olma is 7 m. long.

NAVET R., 21 m.—From its source in the glaciers of Bezegeł Haldi to the Kvenangen Fjord the Navet is a broad and quiet stream, with but three rapids. Close to its mouth salmon, which are there pretty numerous, are stopped by a waterfall. There are trout in the upper part of the river.

OKSFJORDS OR STORSKOGS R., 17½ m.—From its rise in Bokkilgaissak, between the valleys of the Navet and Reisen, the Orksfjords River flows northwards through Storskogsdalen, and 14 m. from its source falls into the Orksfjords Lake, 3½ m., long. The lower end of this lake is not more than half a mile from the sea. The river is full of fish.

REISEN R., 70 m.—Next to the Maal, the Reisen is the largest river in the province. It rises close to the frontier of Finnmarken, in a lake of the same name, and reaches the sea at the head of the Reisen Fjord. Above Elvevold, 3½ m. from the head of the fjord, there are heavy rapids; thence the river is navigable to a point a little above Sappen, the last farm in the valley, and distant by water more than 35 m. from the sea. Salmon run up the Reisen for more than 63 m., and there are in the valley about forty landowners entitled to fishing rights. Half a mile from its mouth the Reisen is joined by the Samuel River, a large tributary, in which a strong current and frequent changes in the course of the stream render navigation difficult. Salmon, however, pass some way up it, and it also holds trout.

ROTSUND R., 14 m.—From its source in the mountains above Djævledal, the Rotsund is for some way a wild torrent, but in its lower course through Rotsunddal, its fall is less considerable, and at last, a broad and steady stream, it enters the Rotsund.

NORMANDVIK R., 5 m.; VINTERDALS R., 7 m.; NJAAMEL R., 9½ m.—Three glacier streams rising among the snow mountains north of the Kaafjord, and falling into the Lyngenfjord. The first-named holds trout; the others contain no fish.

KAAFJORDS R., OR GUOLAS JOK, 10½ m.—From Guolasjavre, a lake 4 m. round, the Kaafjords River has a rapid fall until within 4 m. of its mouth at the head of the Kaafjord, it reaches the more level part of the valley.

SKARDALS R., 3½ m.—Rising in the Beolajavre, a lake 1 m. long, the Skarsdals River falls into the Kaafjord.

MANDALS R., 17½ m.—On this river, running into the Kaafjord, a certain number of salmon are taken below a waterfall which stops their further ascent.

SKIBBOTTEN R., 35 m.—The Skibbotten River is formed by the junction of two smaller rivers, which both rise in Russian Finland. The Skipajok, Ortaajok, or Didnoajok—for in different portions of its course it is known by all three names—is the more northerly of the two, and is a mere torrent with frequent waterfalls, while the Kjerring River or Galgoajok flows through a chain of lakes differing but little in their level until between Galgo Lake and its junction with the Didnoajok it forms a succession of heavy rapids. Two miles lower down, the river now known as the Skibbotten passes Helligskoven, a "fjeldstue" or mountain station for the convenience of travellers. Immediately below the station the river flows through a small lake, called Bassejavre, between which and the sea, a distance of 18 miles, there are several rapids, and the river is seldom fordable until where close to its mouth it becomes much wider, and has formed extensive sandbanks. This was at one time a good salmon stream, but of late years, owing to constant netting, salmon and sea trout have almost disappeared. The Skibbotten, however, is full of large trout.

The Gakkajok, a tributary of the Didnoajok, is celebrated for the number of small trout, all of them of excellent flavour and readily caught.

KIT R., 8½ m.—This short stream rises in 4 small lakes between the Markusfjeld, Moskovarre, and Mandfjeld, and falls into the head of the Lyngenfjord, close to the mouth of the Lyngdals River.

LYNGDALS, OR SIGNALDALS, OR STORFJORDS R., OR OMASI JOK, 28 m.—From its source in two neighbouring lakes, Cassa and Guovda, the latter and larger, 2½ m. long, the Lyngdal runs S.S.E. for about 7 m., until, after receiving a tributary from the Kolta Lake, it skirts the southern end of the Markusfjeld, and then flows N.W. into the head of the Lyngenfjord. Less than two miles above its mouth it is joined by the Martindals River, 4½ m. in length, and erroneously laid down on Munch's map, and described by Broch as a separate river. In the lower part of its course the Lyngdal frequently undermines and washes away part of its banks, which are steep and of loose material. This is a great hindrance to navigation, though boats can still be used to a certain extent.

LYNGDALS R., 9½ m.—A small river, also falling into the Lyngenfjord, but on its western shore, about 10 m. S. of Lyngen Church. It is a rapid glacier river, with a large volume of water. A good many salmon are taken near its mouth.

POL R., 3½ m.—Quite a small stream, falling into the Lyngenfjord just north of the Lyngdals River. There are a couple of mills close to its mouth.

- KVALVIK R.**, $8\frac{1}{2}$ m.—This river drains a number of glaciers. It holds no fish.
- BOTTENVIK R.**, $3\frac{1}{2}$ m.—Another glacier stream falling into the Lyngenfjord, 2 m. N. of the church. $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. above the mouth of the river there is a waterfall.
- STOR R.**, 1 VARTO, $3\frac{1}{2}$ m.—Rising in a small lake called Langvand, this stream falls into the Lyngenfjord on its west shore. It is famous for the number of trout.
- FASTDAL R.**, $4\frac{1}{2}$ m.; **BENDALS R.**, $3\frac{1}{2}$ m.; **VAGASSEN R.**, $4\frac{1}{2}$ m.; **GAMVIK R.**, $1\frac{1}{2}$ m.; **BUS R.**, $1\frac{1}{2}$ m.; **BENDALS R.**, $4\frac{1}{2}$ m.; **STOR R.**, $5\frac{1}{2}$ m.; **BOTTEN R.**, 6 m.—These are mere glacier streams draining the high ground between the Lyngenfjord and the Ulsfjord.
- JÆGERVANDS R.**, $\frac{1}{2}$ m.—A short length of river between the Jæger vand, a large lake, and the eastern shore of the Ulsfjord. Salmon are numerous.
- STORSTENNES R.**, $3\frac{1}{2}$ m.—A fair-sized mountain stream rising in a small lake under the east face of Isskarstind, and falling into Kjosén, an arm of the Ulsfjord. Full of fish.
- TYTTEBER R.**, 5 m.—This stream rises close to the sources of the Fastdal River, but flows S.W. into Kjosén. Its mouth lies $3\frac{1}{2}$ m. E.S.E. of the mouth of the Storstenness.
- KJOS OR JER R.**, $3\frac{1}{2}$ m.—Rising in two tarns in Goalsevarre Kjedel, this stream falls into the head of Kjosén.
- FORMES R.**, 6 m.—A glacier river falling into Kjosén on its southern shore.
- JÆGTEVIKS R.**, $1\frac{1}{2}$ m.—Rising in the Langvand, a mountain tarn, this river, after flowing through the Jægtevand, a lake a mile long, falls into Kjosén, $3\frac{1}{2}$ m. W. of the mouth of the Formes River.
- STOR R.**, $3\frac{1}{2}$ m.—Another small stream, rising about a mile W. of the Langvand; it also falls into Kjosén, $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. N.W. of the mouth of the Jægteviks River.
- LERBUGT R.**, $4\frac{1}{2}$ m.—Flowing out of the Troldvande, two tarns not far from the Langvand, the Lerbugt flows south into the Sörfjord, a branch of the Ulsfjord. The river has no great fall, and is well supplied with water.
- LAX OR SÖRFJORDS R.**, 13 m.—From its source between Blisemaalstind and Pigstind, this river at first flows W. until within $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. of the Balsfjord, whence there is a track; it turns N.E. through a cultivated valley, and falls into the Sörfjord near its head.
- SKOGNÆS R.**, $4\frac{1}{2}$ m.—A mountain stream falling into the Sörfjord on its western shore.
- SOMMERBUGT R.**, $2\frac{1}{2}$ m.—Another small stream, also falling into the Sörfjord a mile south of Sörfjords Church.
- LAVANGS R.**, 7 m.—Rising on the south-west side, and skirting the west and north sides of Bjørnes Fjeld, the Lavang falls into the Sörfjord a mile north of the church. Less than 2 m. from its mouth the Lavang receives a tributary, according to the Amt map, from Nakkejævre, a lake 1 m. long. In the Beskrivelse, however, this lake is said to be drained by the Nak, a tributary of the Bredvik River, and to be full of fish.
- BREDVIKS R.**, 15 m.—Rising in Bjørneskarret, this river, owing to its slight fall, follows a tortuous course to the Ulsfjord. A mile above its mouth it is joined from the south by the Nak, a tributary more than 7 m. long. The valley of the Bredvik is wide and open, and both main river and tributary are well stocked with fish—the former with salmon and trout, the latter with trout, char, and a few salmon.
- OLDREVIKS R.**, 7 m.—This river falls into the Ulsfjord on its western shore, almost opposite the mouth of the Jægervands River. It is a good-sized stream, and full of fish.
- SKITRN R.**, $8\frac{1}{2}$ m.—A mountain stream, with a heavy fall. It flows into the Grottsund opposite the southern end of the Langsund, and is said to hold no fish.
- GOATTEVUOBME R.**, 8 m.—Another stream of a like nature, also falling into the Grottsund, less than 9 m. N.E. of the town of Tromsø.
- TROMSDALS R.**, $3\frac{1}{2}$ m.—Another small mountain stream falling into the sound opposite the town of Tromsø.
- STORSTENSBUGTS R.**, 5 m.—A small stream falling into the head of the Ramsfjord.
- ANDERSDAL R.**, 8 m.—Rising in a small tarn under Svartnæstind, this stream flows north, and falls into the Balsfjord immediately south of the entrance to the Ramsfjord.
- NORDKJOS, OR STOR R.**, 14 m.—Flowing out of Tabmokvand, a hill lake 1 m. long, this river falls into Nordkjosen at the head of the Balsfjord. At first but small, 7 m. from its source it has become a broad, deep, and still river. It is a good trout stream, and some salmon are taken near its mouth. Boats can ascend the river for about a mile, and there is a road to Overgaard 6 m. up the valley, whence again a track leads north-east, through Martinsdal, to the head of the Lyngenfjord, 7 m. off.
- HOLE R.**, $3\frac{1}{2}$ m.—Rising in the Storvand, a narrow lake 2 m. in length, the Hole River within a mile from its mouth is joined by the Tver, 4 m. long, from the west, and by the Markenæs, a tributary of like length, from the east. The Hole falls into Sorkjosen at the head of the Balsfjord. Both the main river and its tributaries are mere mountain streams, and, except in time of flood, of inconsiderable size.
- SAG R.**, $11\frac{1}{2}$ m.—Issuing from the Tagvand, a small lake among the Maartinder, this river, known as the Tommer in the upper part of its course, after a rapid descent of 6 m., falls into the Sagelvand, a lake $2\frac{1}{2}$ m. long, whence it emerges as a broad and shallow stream, and, after a further course of $3\frac{1}{2}$ m., enters the head of the Balsfjord. There is a waterfall close to the mouth of the river, which is said to contain a good stock of fish, probably trout and char only.
- HOLMENÆS R.**, $1\frac{1}{2}$ m.—A short stream, carrying off the waters of the Jasopvand, a lake $3\frac{1}{2}$ m. long and 1 m. broad; it falls into the Balsfjord, $3\frac{1}{2}$ m. S.E. of the church.
- BAKKEBYN R.**, $4\frac{1}{2}$ m.; **SAND R.**, 7 m.; **SKUTVIG R.**, $4\frac{1}{2}$ m.—These and a number of

other still smaller streams, rapid in the upper part of their course, but more tranquil as they approach the sea, serve to drain the peninsula between the Malangsford and the Balsford. They are said all of them to hold fish, probably trout, or trout and char only. On the Sand River there is a waterfall close to its mouth.

LAKS R., 4½ m.—From the Fiskelövande two lakes, respectively 1½ m. and 3¼ m. long, the Laks River runs to the Aursford, a branch of the Malangenford. Below a waterfall, 200ft. in height, the stream is rapid, and there is good salmon fishing. Trout are plentiful above the fall.

MAAR R., 9½ m.—Shortly after its issue from among the Maartinder this river becomes a quiet stream, flowing between high banks. There is a waterfall a short distance from the sea, below which the river is broad and shallow. The Maar falls into the Aursford, a branch of the Malangsford, and is reported to be a good trout stream.

MAAL R., 112 m.—Great Rosta Lake, 24 m. long, and for the greater part of its extent situate upon Swedish territory, is drained by two rivers, one a tributary of the Tornea, which falls into the Gulf of Bothnia, the other the Rosta River, which, after flowing for about 7 m., enters Little Rosta Lake, 6 m. long. Soon after leaving this lake the river, now broad and quiet, receives two tributaries, the Tamok and the Divi, one on either bank, and thenceforward is known as the Maal. Below the junction of the three streams the river has but a slight fall, and its waters from time to time separate and form several channels, until at Fossli, 21 m. from the sea, they plunge over the Maalsfoss, a waterfall of between 30 and 40 feet in height. Less than a mile below Fossli the Maal is joined by the Bardo, its most important tributary. As there is but one short rapid between this junction and the sea, boats can come right up to the falls, while coasting vessels can reach Brandskognæs, 17 m. from the mouth of the river. The Bardo rises in the Altevand, a lake 28 m. long, and has a course of 44 m. to Fossmo, where there is also a waterfall. The two falls lie about a mile apart, and at about a like distance from the junction of the rivers. They stop the further ascent of salmon, and, owing to the deadness of the water lower down, it is only for a short distance immediately below them that salmon can be taken with a rod. On the Maal, salmon have been almost exterminated. The river and its tributaries have now for some time been under the care of a fishery association. Above the Fossli Fall the Maal contains a few trout and grayling. The Bardo and its tributaries, on the other hand, were at one time full of trout and char, but of late years their numbers have been recklessly thinned. 7 m. from its western end there are narrows upon Alte Lake. These are not more than 70 yards across, and through them runs a stream, against which boats must be towed. Roads run up the main valley as far as Kongslø on the Little Rosta Lake, and up Bardodal as far as Stromslø, 12 m. below the Alte Lake. The farmers are many of them well-to-do, and at their houses accommodation may be had far superior to that in any other valley in Tromsø Amt. Maalsnæs, at the mouth of the Maal, is a place of call for the main line steamers between Trondhjem and the north, and also for the s.s. Tromsø, a local steamer trading to and from the town of the same name. The Maal Valley may also be reached from Sövelen i Salangen, another place of call for the s.s. Tromsø. There is now a good road from Sövelen through Bardodal, to the Maal Valley, a distance of about 35 m.

TORN R., 1½ m.—From a lake of the same name, 2½ m. long, the Torn River flows west into the Røgsford; though short, it is deep and broad, and has so strong a stream that it is only with difficulty that a boat can be rowed against it. The Røgsford is in reality brackish water, separated from Malangsford by the narrows of the Røgsford Strommen, through which sea water enters the Røgsford at high tide.

FINFJORDS R., 1½ m.—Rising in the Finfjordsvand, a lake nearly 4 m. long, this river also falls into the Røgsford. Ofjord, on the eastern shore of the Gisund, is by water less than 3¼ m. distant from Kløven, where all coasting steamers call.

TOMMER R., 9 m.—Rising at the foot of Hjertind, the Tommer river falls into the Rølsenvand, a lake so little above sea level that the influence of the tides is felt even some little way up the river. There are salmon in this stream, but it is only during autumn floods that it is worth fishing. By water Rølsen lake is 4½ m. distant from Kløven.

SKØ R., 15 m.—Within a short distance from the point where it issues from a lake of the same name, the Skø is joined by a tributary called the Gumpe, and, after a further course of 7 m., falls into the Rølsenford, less than 3 m. S.W. of the outlet of the Rølsen Lake. Salmon ascend the Skø as far as Storfos, a waterfall, 3¼ m. from the sea. A fishery association for this river was formed in 1873, and a fishery district with a coast line of 19 m. placed under its care.

LYSBOTTEN R., 12 m.—This and the two following rivers are in the island of Senjen. Two short links of river connect the greater Lysbotten Lake with the lesser, and that again with the sea. As the lakes drained by this outlet are many, and some of them large, it would seem that the stream ought to hold salmon.

GRÆSMYR R., 8 m.—Græsmyr Lake, 1 m. in length, receives at its upper end the Skar and Mosk Rivers, and is drained by the Græsmyr River, which, after a course of about 2 m., falls into the Gisund half-way between the steamboat stations Kløven and Gibostad.

LAX OR LOKHELLE R., 17½ m.—This river, or rather chain of lakes, is navigable by boats for a distance from its mouth upwards of about 7 m., and salmon can ascend still further. There are a few salmon casts in the short lengths of stream connecting the different lakes, but the greater part of the fishing is in the lakes themselves.

ESPNÆS R., 4½ m.; **BRODSTAD R.**, 7 m.; **LOKSE R.**, 7 m.—Three small streams, falling into the sea between the Reisen and Salangen Fjords. The first-named would appear to be a mere mountain torrent; the second and third may possibly hold a few salmon near their mouths, and yield trout fishing higher up.

SALANGS R., 30 m.—Rising on the borders of Sweden, the Salangs River runs north until 5 m. from its mouth it turns westwards, and flowing through the Ovre and the Nedrevande, two lakes, each of them a little less than 2 m. in length, falls into the Sagfjord, near Sövecin i Salangen, one of the s.s. Tromsø's calling places. Though the Salang is very rapid, salmon can ascend as far as a waterfall called Kistefoss, 7 m. from the sea, and 3½ m. above the upper of the two lakes. Boats can be towed from the lower into the upper lake; the rapid between the lower lake and the sea is quite impassable. There are about eleven landowners entitled to rights of fishery on the Salangs River. The best netting station is at Strokenes, at the bottom of the rapid between the lakes, where almost every fish might be netted. Apart from the lakes, the only rod fishing for salmon is upon the 3½ m. of water between the upper lake and the Kistefoss. From Sandvik, a farm on the south shore of the upper lake, there is a good road into the valley of the Bardo, and along that river to its junction with the Maal. There is also a road up the Salang Valley to Moholt, 21 m. from the sea. A fishery association for the preservation of salmon in the Salang River was constituted on Feb. 18, 1876.

SAG R., 8 m.—The Sag River takes its rise in two small hill lakes of the same name, and falls into the Sagfjord 1 m. W. of the mouth of the Salang. It is a mere torrent.

SPANDALS R., 14 m.—From its sources close to the boundary of Norlauds Amt the Spandals River flows northward into the head of the Lavangen Fjord. It is an impetuous and turbid stream. It holds few fish.

FJORDBOTTENS R., 4½ m.—A small stream falling into the head of the Gratangen Fjord.

STOR R., 5 m.—Rising in Ovrevand, and flowing through Mellemvand and Nedrevand, three small lakes, the Stor River falls into the head of the Gratangen Fjord, close to the mouth of the Fjordbotten River. Fish can run up for a distance of nearly 2 m., until just below Nedrevand they are stopped by a waterfall 200ft. in height. A good many salmon are taken in the pool below the fall, above it trout are plentiful.

LABERG R., 6 m.—Rising in a lake of the same name, the Laberg falls into the Gratangen Fjord, about 5 m. W. of the mouth of the Stor River.

FOLVIK R., 3½ m.—An impetuous mountain stream falling into the Gratangen Fjord, 2½ m. W. of the mouth of the Laberg River. It does not hold many fish.

SKODBERG R., 11½ m.—Two short links of river 1½ m. in length, connecting the Skodberg Lake with the Salt Lake, and the latter with the Gravfjord. As the lakes are but little above sea level, the river has no great fall, and is said to be full of fish.

The salmon fishing in Sweden is not so much sought after as that in Norway. In the rivers flowing into the Baltic and the Gulf of Bothnia salmon do not take the fly well. Still most of the rivers contain salmon where they can get up; and hold trout, char, and grayling above the falls and in the lakes. Coarse fish are also to be found in some lakes and rivers; large pike and perch are often taken when spinning.

In Sweden the inns are decent, and food more plentiful than in Norway. There are salmon in all the rivers, though in some, as the Dal and Umea, they are stopped by falls within a few miles of the sea. In the Dal, below the falls at Elfearleby, some good fish may be taken spinning. The principal fish of the country is the grayling, which may be caught anywhere. The best rivers for fishing that run into Lake Wenern are the By, the Tryks, the Nors, the Klar, and the Let, all with an extensive lake system. There is also the large Dalslands Canal. In Wenern, besides the ordinary fish, is a large salmon, rather pale in flesh. No large rivers run into Lake Wetter, but the Rivers Gûtha and Matsala run out of it, with five or six lakes connected with the latter. Permission to fish must be obtained from the landowners. Both salmon and trout fishing have very much fallen off of late years. Except in out-of-the-way places, better sport can be obtained in Ireland or Scotland.

Alesund.—At the mouth of the Stor Fjord. Here are many salmon rivers, and the fishing is taken. The principal streams are the Valdal, Stordal, Stranden, Simelven, and Nordal. In this latter river the pool next the sea is the best.

Alten.—On Alten; salmon and trout; the fishing is not now very good.

Arvica (Sweden). On Bze Elfven. This stream runs from this town to Lake Wenern. There are pike in the river, and lake trout and *Lucio perca*.

Bergen.—There is no fishing to be obtained in the immediate neighbourhood, but daily steamers run to the Hardanger, Sogne, and Nord fjords (which see), and the railway runs twice a day to Vossevangen. On this line the Dale river is passed. This fishing is much spoiled by the cloth factory, still heavy fish are often killed. The next river is the Bolstad, running from the Evanger lake into the fjord at Bolstadøren. This and the Evanger river at the other end of the lake are first-rate fishings, and are let. Several salmon of over 50lb. have been killed here on the rod. There used to be some good char fishing in the Evanger lake, but the natives have killed most of them with a bait (?) called a "pilk."

Bolstadøren.—A day's journey from Bergen. On the Bolstad river; salmon and trout. The river is a good one, is accessible from Bergen, and has a good inn. The fishing is now let.

Brundnaasen.—(See Christiansand.)

Carlstad (Sweden).—(See *Gothenburg*.) On Lake Wenern. The Clar here joins Wenern. This river rises far up on the Norwegian fells. A little distance to N.E. of Carlstad lies Christineham, a capital station. The fish in Wenern consists of lake-trout, which run to spinning bait, silver-lax (a species of trout), which rise freely to a fly, the brown trout run to a fair size in the lake, also burbot, pike, perch, *Lucto perca*, tench, bream, roach, and graylings are plentiful in the Clar.

Christiania.—(See *Lasjo Yarn Verk*.)

Christiansand and Setersdal.—On the Topdal Fjord. Two rivers run into this fjord, the Torrisdal and the Topdal. The fishing ground is very limited. (See *Vieglund*.) There is no rod-fishing in the Topdal except about $\frac{1}{2}$ m. below a fosse at Boen. Emst's Hotel is very fair. The Torrisdal is 10 m. from Christiansand. The fishing is let. Sea trout will rise well in the salt-water fjords. Next comes the Mandal river, 4 m. N. of Christiansand; the fishing is taken. Good quarters can be had close by at Brandedaasen. The Mandal holds large fish, and can be tried up to Næsvand. 2 m. on, the Undals river crosses the road. The stream is small, and holds small fish. Vieglund is the station. 1 m. W. is the Lynga, in which there are some fair pools, and, as the road runs parallel with it, the accommodation is good. The Quinna comes next. There are several pools, all taken. It can be fished for about half a mile up to a fosse. Tolerable accommodation can be had at a farm. From Flekke Fjord follow the land route to Stavanger, as there are many small rivers crossing the road, in most of which fishing can be had. The rivers near Christiansand are early, so that the angler need arrive about the middle of June. Wilson's steamers to Christiania touch here on their way from Hull and London. There are some early salmon rivers between here and Stavanger, but they are let. Setersdal, due north, affords good trout fishing. Kilefjord and Byglands Vand contain trout and char. Accommodation may be had at small hotels kept by the captains of the little steamers which ply on these lakes. The living is as simple as the charge is reasonable, and these captains speak English. Odde in the Hardanger, or Dalen in Telemarken, may be reached from Setersdal. A guide and pony are necessary for either journey. Hovet Vand, a small lake opposite Byglund on the east, contains large trout. It is a stiff climb. A boat there can be had.

Diset.—On Rena; trout. This place is two stations below Lake Storöen. The fishing is very good; so also is it at Lonsset, the next station above. At the northern end of the lake the fishing is also first-rate. This district is but two days from Christiania, and the accommodation is very decent and the charges moderate.

Drontheim.—The rivers between this and the Stor Fjord are preserved. In the Nid, by Drontheim, leave can be obtained. The Sundal, Eikisdal, Gula, and Surendal are all taken. North of Drontheim is the Namsen river, a station on which costs from 100*l.* to 120*l.* a month. There are also several small streams near.

Falkenberg (Sweden).—There is some capital salmon fishing here, but preserved.

Forde.—On the Stavs Fjord. The Fölster runs into the sea here; good salmon fishing.

Gottenborg (Sweden).—Salmon, trout, grayling. The Gotha runs out of Lake Wenern. The lake is fed by twenty four streams. The town of Wenersburg lies at the southern extremity of Wenern, and Carlstad on the north (see *Carlstad*), Mariestad and Lidköping on the East, and Arnal on the west. At either of these towns good and cheap accommodation can be had. Lake Wettern is connected with Wenern by a canal thirty miles long. There is a very good trout stream about 20 m. (English) away, holding very large trout. (See *Kongelf*.)

Gouwerod.—(See *Laurvæl*.)

Guldholmen.—Near Tana mouth. A steamer calls once a fortnight. The best plan to fish Tana is to take boats up to Gallagher Gualka, 10 m. above the Polmac. Tents will be required, and plenty of provisions. At Polmac lives one Shanker, a merchant, where boats and accommodation can be had, but he is fearfully exorbitant in his charges. Here the Polmac river joins Tana. This stream rises in a large lake, full of fish. The sea-trout fishing is capital in the salt water at the mouth of the river.

Hardanger Fjord.—EIDE.—Excellent hotel, kept by Møland, who owns the small river, which contains sea trout and occasionally a few small salmon. The water is so trapped that the only chance of sport is during a flood. The Graven lake near here is not worth fishing, but between Graven and Ulvik the mountain road passes the Espeland lake, said to hold trout of great size, though, as far as our experience goes, 1*lb.* or 1*½**lb.* would be the average.

EIDFJORD.—On the river Eidfjord, which runs into the Hardanger Fjord some little way S. of Bergen. The river has a fishable length of about two miles. It is not a good river, and very rapid, but famous for the size of its sea trout. Very deep and careful wading is necessary. The best cast is known as the Long Hole. There is an inn at Eidfjord kept by the brothers Neilsheim; the accommodation is good. The salmon river is no doubt let. The best time is from the middle of July to the end of August.

Havstadt.—On the Förde, which runs out of a large lake, the Jølster Vand, but having a fosse between it and the sea. Sea trout abound. Good quarters can be had at the post station.

Hoas.—(See *Klethammer*.)

Iotunheim.—This district should be thoroughly worked by the energetic trout fisher. It is reached from the Gudbrandsdal high road on the way from Christiania to Romsdal, or from the Valdres route over the Fillefjeld by ascending from Fagerlund, Skogstad, or Nystnen, where a guide and the necessary pony or packhorse may be hired. The

same may be done at Aardal in the Sogne fjord. This district is very rich in lakes and streams, and tolerable accommodation can be obtained at the Tourist Club buildings and small hotels known to the guide.

Jerkin.—Through the valley runs a good stream, containing plenty of trout and grayling.

Kauford.—There is a stream here containing salmon. From the fosse to the sea, some few hundred yards, the fish rise to the fly.

Kile.—(See Volden.)

Klethammer.—A post station on the banks of the Undal. Above the station the brown-trout fishing is excellent, also below, as far as the hamlet of Romfog; thence to the sea, 30 m., the salmon fishing is excellent. The best fishing ground commences 2 m. below the post station, Snova, to about 2 m. below the post station Hoasas, a distance of 2 m. Only a good fisherman is likely to have much sport. Good accommodation can be had at Snova and Hoasas, and also at a large farmhouse between the two. White bread, &c., can be obtained at Undalsoran, at the river's mouth, and Christiansand is only a day's journey.

Kongelf (Sweden).—12 m. from Gottenborg. A steamer runs daily between these two places in the summer. There is a comfortable little inn here, and trout, perch, and pike fishing; some salmon also. May is the best month. The same trout flies are used as in Scotland, only larger; and Scotch lake trout flies are admirable on the Götha.

Kvenesdal.—A small village, on the Quinna Elv; salmon and trout. A very fair stream, especially from the fosse, about five miles above the village, to the clergyman's house, a short way below it. Lodgings with difficulty may be obtained. The river is now taken.

Læmjo Yarn Verk.—On the post-road between Christiania and Molde, near the head of the Romsdal Valley. The station is clean, and the charges moderate. The distance is some 2½ days from Christiania. There is abundance of trout in a lake near the inn door. The best fishing is in a lake—Aur-Soen, some twenty miles north.

Laurvik.—The Lauen flows by the town. Salmon run large. There are few good casts. Leave to fish is rather difficult to obtain. Three miles from Laurvek is the fishing lodge of Strobbo, belonging to Capt. Maynard. Here there is an admirable cast, but a boat is desirable. There is little good water below, but half a mile higher up, near a bridge, there are two or three excellent casts. The best fishing is in the upper parts of the river, at Gouverod, in Laurdal and Cara Foss. The cast here is of limited extent, but very good. The fishing season in the Lauen begins early. June and July are the best months. There are but few sea trout in the Lauen, but in a stream which falls into the fjord, near Laurvek, at the iron works, they are numerous.

Lillehammer.—The river Laager contains very large trout. (See Christiania.)

Lönsset.—(See General Information; Dist.) Lönsset is at the southern extremity of the Storsjön lake, and is easily reached from Christiania. The route is as follows: Christiania to Eidsvold, by rail, 42 m.; thence to Stor Hamar, on the Miösen, by steamer, 42 m.; thence by rail to Grunnsät, 25 m.; and thence by carriage to Lönsset, 30 m. All along this route the stations are the very cleanest and most comfortable in Norway. There is good trout and grayling fishing here. In Klar Elv, running out of Femund Sö, there is good trouting.

Mandal.—On Mandal; salmon and trout; let.

Molde.—The Romsdal river, the Bauma, is a fine salmon river, and belongs to Englishmen. There is a small lake on the other side of the fjord opposite Næs where we have caught trout up to 3 lb. It is about 1000 ft. above the fjord. A boat can be had. The great salmon rivers, the Eikisdals, the Sundals, the Surendals, and others, are well known to the salmon fisherman, but do not affect the angling tourist.

Nord Fjord.—In this district there are many good salmon rivers, but they are all let. The Stryen and the Olden rivers are good, and are leased. The Gloppen is a short river, affected up to the Foss by the rise and fall of the tide. It is fished from a place called Sandene, and is probably taken. There is good trout fishing above the passes and in the lakes.

Nord.—On the Eid, which runs out of Horningdale Lake; salmon, &c. Accommodation very fair.

Quickjock (Sweden).—A village in Japland. Lodgings can be obtained at the house of the pastor. The fishing is good both in the lake and two rivers; pike, trout, and grayling. The best time to go is in the autumn, arriving at the end of August. Quickjock is some three weeks from London. Sulitelma lies some thirty miles off.

Romfog.—(See Klethammer.)

Sarna (Sweden).—On Ostre Dal; trout, grayling, pike, perch; fishing very good, and free. The accommodation is clean and good.

Snova.—(See Klethammer.)

Sogne Fjord.—VADHEIM.—Most of the fjord steamers call here. Here commences the route north to the Romsdal. At

SANDE, the first station, there is good trout fishing and accommodation.

NEDRE VASSENDE, at the end of the Jölster lake. There is good trouting in both the lake and river. A good place to stop at.

LYSTER FJORD, a branch of the Sogne fjord. Most of the streams are from glaciers, and unsuitable for fly work. At Skjolden and Fortun sea trout, and large ones, may sometimes be taken in a spate by spinning; the natives then kill hundreds with their favourite bait, a bunch of worms.

AARDALS river contains few, but mostly heavy, salmon. It is a short river. It may not be let, but information as to this could be obtained from Herr J. Gran, Bergen.

AUHLAND.—There are very few true salmon in this river, though the natives apply the term "Lax" to the very large sea trout which abound here. These run to 15lb. or 16lb. and over, and afford capital sport. The fishing is let.

GUDVANGEN.—A small salmon and sea-trout river, too clear to be of much account. The fishing, such as it is, is let.

LØRDAL.—This is one of the very best salmon rivers in Norway. The trout fishing on the river above is good. At Husum and at Hæg good quarters and excellent trout fishing may be obtained. These two stations are on the Valdres route to Christiania (*see Valdres*).

Stavanger.—There are many small rivers in the neighbourhood, but most of those containing salmon are let. At Sand, on the new route to the Hardanger, is the famous Suledals Elv, let on a forty-years' lease.

Stordalen.—First-rate fishing can be had here.

Strand.—First-rate fishing is to be had here.

Sylte.—On Bomsdal Fjord. There is a small river here.

Telemarken.—A district unsurpassed for its trout-fishing capabilities. It lies in the centre of southern Norway, and may be reached from Odde in Hardanger on the west, or Kongsberg on the east. It is traversed by good roads, and the accommodation is first-rate. Dalen on the Bandags Vand, and Botten are good central stations to work from.

Valders.—This is the route over the Fillefjeld from the Sogne fjord at Lørdal to the Mjøsen lake at Gjøvik, or the Randsfjord at Odnes, from both of which places Christiania can be reached in a day. All along the route comfortable station houses will be found, and at many places tolerable trout fishing can be obtained. Fagermo is a good example; the hotel is good, the landlord speaks English, and ten brace of trout (the largest we caught was 8½lb.) may reward a day's fishing in the river. The lake here is no good. At Tomlevold there is another good hotel; the trout run very large, coming up from the Randsfjord, but the river is much trapped.

Tromsø.—Near here good sport can be had in the Mois Elv and Reisen.

Undalsoren.—(*See Klethammer*.)

Vehlungnes.—On Rauma. Route, from Bergen to Molde by steamer, thence by steamer to Vehlungnes.

Vigland.—Ten miles from Christiansand. On the Torrisdal; salmon, &c. Fishing now let. Lodgings can be had generally at the different saw mills. A boat is necessary. There are plenty of sea trout. The pool below the foss is a good one; so is the Bay pool, which is two pools down, and the Farm pool, which is next below to the Bay pool. The fishing extends to some 1½ m. downwards from the foss. There is another good cast by the ferry, 1 m. lower.

Volden.—On the Stor Fjord. There are many small rivers near here and Kile, where sport can be had; and plenty of farmhouses on this fjord, where lodgings can be had. (*See Aalesund*.)

Vossvangen.—This favourite spot has long since lost its reputation as a fishing station. It contains some half a dozen hotels, Fleischer's being one of the largest and best hotels in Norway. The lake is nearly depleted of fish. The road to Gudvangen passes some beautiful water, but the sport to be had is poor. The best places are—

TVINDE.—Just before this station the river often fishes well. Large trout run up from the Løne Vand in wet weather. Near

VINJE, the next station, the Mørkadals river and lake afford good sport. The key of the boat may be obtained from the landlord, one Knut Vinje, whose hotel is homely but comfortable.

OPHEIM lake may be fished, and boats had at the hotel here. Trout small.

RUSSIA.

General Information.—There is capital salmon fishing on the Siberian coast. Nicolavsk, the seaport of the Amoor, is a good spot.

Finland.—You can get to Uleaborg by steamer from Stockholm, changing at Abo, or can take the steamer from Stockholm to Tornaa, and from thence travel by road to Uleaborg. A Foreign Office passport is requisite, and must be viséd by the Russian consul here or at Stockholm. As to money, take gold in preference to circular notes, though the latter will pass. Fishing and shooting are free, and a fair amount can be had. Grayling, trout, and salmon are abundant in all the rivers from Uleaborg to Tornaa, but salmon only take the fly at some distance up the rivers. Plenty of good grayling may be taken close to the Uleaborg town with a red palmer fly in July. Of course you must rough it, but not very much, as good quarters are to be had in all towns and villages. A good travelling map can be bought in Stockholm, Tornaa, or Uleaborg. Very little luggage should be taken; but warm flannels are almost a necessity, as the nights are sometimes cold. Start as early as possible. Living is very cheap in Finland. The portion of Murray's "Handbook for Russia" that is devoted to Finland has special reference to angling, giving a long account of trout fishing in the Vuoska, near Imatra (June to September best months).

There appears to be good salmon fishing at Anjala, but permission is necessary; also in the Vuoska in June and July, when the fish run from Ladoga; also near Tornaa, and in all the streams running there into the Gulf of Bothnia; in the Kumo river, at Kuopio; near Nyslott, in Lake Peruwessi; at Joensuu, in Lake Enowesi; near Jyväskylä, at the Haapakoski Falls; at Tammerfors; and throughout the waters of the Kumo lake system. The salmon run up the rivers shortly after the ice breaks up. This is generally about the middle or end of May, according to the season. Salmon in Finnish and other rivers running into the Baltic do not take the fly. The fishing at Imatra is in the hands of a club, but with an introduction to a member leave to fish could probably be got. Land at Abo, and work up the coast by road as far as Tornaa, giving the innumerable rivers that would be crossed on this route a trial. A small town is generally to be found at the mouth of each river of any size, and the accommodation in Finnish towns is generally good, whereas at country stations it is wretched, food (i.e., edible) being almost unobtainable.

St. Petersburg.—Three hours from here is splendid trouting, preserved by a club of limited numbers. At Serriskaisa, 40 miles off, on the Warsaw Railway, runs a free stream holding plenty of small grayling. Fish below the village. Opposite Schlüsselberg, where the Neva leaves the lake, fine grayling are often taken.

SPAIN AND PORTUGAL.

General Information.—One of the best rivers is the Ason, falling into the Bay of Biscay near Larédo, about forty miles from Santander, between that place and Bilbao. The best place for fishing the river is Marron, a league up stream. There is no inn, but lodgings can be had at the farmers'. The river is good up to Ramales, where there is an indifferent inn. The fish are salmon, sea trout, and trout. The salmon fishing is let to a company, who sometimes give leave. The Pas, near Santander, contains salmon. There is another river near Puente d'Eume, in Galicia, between La Coruna and Ferrol, containing salmon, sea and yellow trout. The accommodation at Puente d'Eume is very indifferent. Another river, running into the sea near Santa Marta, between La Barquera and Carifio, contains fish, but the accommodation at Barquera is bad. Almost all the rivers in the north of Spain contain small trout. There is good trouting in a river near Aviles in the Asturias. The Ebro contains very large trout, dace, and barbel. There are trout and some salmon in the rivers of the north of Portugal. Neither the Tagus or Douro hold salmon or trout. Within easy access of Porto sport can be had. The rivers are all free, but care must be taken not to damage the crops. Good sea fishing all along the Atlantic coast. Bass, grey mullet, bream, and mackerel more or less abundant everywhere.

Avila (Spain).—*Inn:* Dos de Mayo, kept by an Englishman. Good trouting.

Balearic Islands.—Palma (capital of Majorca). Plenty of sea-fishing. Grey mullet abundant, and numerous other kinds. Fishing both from the rocks behind the pier and from boats in or near the harbour. Water very clear.

Barcelona.—Moderately good sea-fishing from the piers.

Cuenca.—Some trouting can be had here.

Juy.—On Minho; salmon and trout.

Orense.—On Minho; salmon and trout.

Ovar (Portugal).—Twenty miles by rail from Oporto. An hour's ride from here brings you to Oliviera d'Azemeis, where fair quarters can be had. The Karina is five miles from here. Trout, barbel, &c., plentiful.

Potes (Spain).—Good fishing.

Rivadavia.—On Avia; salmon. There is a fair hotel here.

San Sebastian.—Large mullet and other fish may be taken from the public promenade along the quay, and numerous varieties of small fish from boats in the roads.

Valencia.—A little freshwater fishing in the river Guadalaviar. Sea-fishing at the Grao or harbour, distant three miles from the town.

Vigo.—Trout in streams in the neighbourhood. *Hotel:* Continental.

SWITZERLAND.

General Information.—Fair trout fishing is to be found in the Grisons and in the Braie in the Canton of Fribourg, and in the principality of Lichtenstein, on the north frontier of the Grisons, at Balzers. The flies used are ordinary English ones. A very good fly for Switzerland is a pale yellow silk body, no hackle, and wings the tip of two ginger hackles with a fibre or two worked down for legs; also bluebottle, soldier palmer, coch-y-bondhu, red and grey spinners, black gnat, coudung, white moth. There are trout and coarse fish in the Vaudois and Stockalper canals, which join Lake Lemán at the eastern end; fishing free, but cantonal licence required. Plenty of trout in the Golsern Zee, in the Maderauer Thal.

Amstey.—Trout in River Reuss; fishing licence necessary, cost 15 francs; no day or week ticket. The same rule applies to the Golsern Zee, in Maderauer Thal.

Andelfingen (Zurich).—On Thur. Fair fishing. Accommodation bad along the stream, except at Winterthur.

Andermatt.—*Hotel:* Bellevue. There is some good trouting in Oberalp See, about 5 m. off, also some fish in the river.

Appenzell.—Good trouting in Sitter, especially early in the season. For some parts of the stream an angling licence of 20fr. is imposed.

Bâle.—There is very fair trout and grayling fishing in the Birs, some 3 m. from Bâle. By application to the proprietor of the Three Kings leave may be obtained to fish the upper stream of the Wiesen. The middle of August is the best time.

Berne.—On Aare. Between this and Thun there is good fishing. Good fish can be taken below the weirs.

Bienne.—At Soncebey is the Birs River.

Brunnen.—(See *Glarus*.) Trout in streams, but fishing licence necessary; cost 10 francs.

Constance.—The Hôtel Brochet is good and reasonable. In fishing the lake it is as well to make a bargain for a boat for the day, six francs is quite sufficient. The fish are silber lachs, lachs forelle (the first a fish peculiar to the lake and running from 10lb. to 15lb., and the other, *Salmo ferox*). *Salmo hucho* (for which fishing Bregenz, at the Austrian end of the lake, is the best locality), the grayling (also found principally at Bregenz), char, gwyniad, ruten, waller (which reach 20lb. and feed on the bottom), *Lucio perca*, pike, carp, tench, bream, chub, roach, rudd, dace, and carp bream. The lower lake is best for pike. On a fine summer evening the half-mile below the bridge abounds with fish of all sorts. Half an hour's pull down the Rhine there are some stakes in mid-stream: this is a good place for chub and grayling. At Mülheim, two hours' drive from Constance, there is a trout-stream: the fish are small; there is another at Ravensburg, half-an-hour by train from Fredericks-haven.

Coppet.—A station near Montreux on Versoix. Good trouting.

Cottallod (Neufchâtel).—The Reuve here runs into the Lake of Neufchâtel. The river rises at St. Sulpice, and passes the towns of Fleurier, Couvet, and Travers, where good fishing quarters can be had. The fishing is fair.

Couvet. (See *Cottallod*.)

Davos Platz.—A watering place on the Grisons. Nearest station, Landquart, two stations short of Coire, 12 m. off. There are two lakes—one, Davoser See, 2 m., the other 4 m. off—and a stream by the village. Trout and ferox. There are two boats on Davoser See. Flies must be larger than at home. A small grasshopper is a good bait. The fishing begins in January, and ends on Sept. 25. No fishing allowed in June, July, and part of August in the river. Deep trolling is best on the lakes. Hotel: Belvedere, and many others.

Fleurier. (See *Cottallod*.)

Fribourg.—Twenty miles off is the Lac Noir; pike, perch, tench, dace, and small trout in the stream. There is a first-class hotel on the bank, and an omnibus meets the train at Fribourg. The fishing is good; boats can be had.

Geneva.—On the Rhone. During summer there is no fishing to be had below the Arve mouth, owing to the melting snow from the mountains. Above the junction, however, a few trout may always be got by fishing very early or late. Commence at a mill on the north bank, about a quarter of a mile above the junction, and fish as far as the water is clear and deep, which it is for some fifty yards below the big rock opposite the junction. Deep wading is absolutely necessary. You will here pick up a few brace of trout, some of them up to 2lb. or even more, possibly a stray grayling or two, and a kind of dace which sometimes rises greedily. For flies, coachman, coch-y-bonddu, and black palmer, in the order named; but by far the best is a March brown tied with a long body, Mayfly fashion. The fishing cannot be said to commence until the Arve clears; in fact, from October to March is about the season. Go by rail to the first station from Geneva on the French line, and commence fishing at an island, and fish down to La Plaine station, or even below it if you have time, returning to Geneva by the evening train. Fish of from 10lb. to 20lb. may be taken, all with fly. Wading here, as elsewhere, is absolutely necessary. December and January are good months. In addition to the above-mentioned flies (several sizes larger), a red palmer is good, and for a big fish the following: tail, a bit of scarlet ibis, a third of an inch long; body, hare's lug and olive ribbed with narrow gold twist, a big bunchy sooty olive hackle all the way up, very small dark mallard wing, and two or three horns of either red macaw or dyed swan; medium salmon size. The best place for trouting is about 10 m. above Bellegarde, but the poaching is awful. At La Plaine, London joins Rhone (trout and grayling), much poached. Large trout are to be taken in the lake of Geneva by trolling with minnow, under sail if possible. Fish very deep, with at least six yards of gut and sixty or seventy yards of line out, and very late in the evening or at night. Perch and small dace may be caught in large quantities also in the shallower parts of the lake. Of the various streams in the neighbourhood the Versoix is the best, and is about twenty minutes from Geneva by train. The Versoix rises at D'Ivoire, on the French frontier, where there is a good inn, but the fishing is preserved, we believe. The Swiss portion of the stream is free, and falls into the Lake of Geneva, at the village of Versoix.

Glarus.—On Lintel. The fishing is nearly ruined by mill refuse.

Interlaken.—There are trout in both lakes, and grayling in the river.

Isles, Les.—Fair trouting.

Kandersteg.—Some good trouting can be had in a small lake near here in the meadows between the Gemmi Hotel and Victoria Hotel on the left-hand side of the road going towards the Gemmi Pass.

Latour.—Near Tunis, in the valley of the Albigenes. There is good grayling fishing here.

Laufenburg.—Hotel: Post. There is a large salmon fishery here. Apply to landlord.

- Lausanne.** (*See Orbe.*) The Aubonne is a fair stream; trout and grayling. The best way to fish it is to take the train to Allamann and fish down to the lake, or *vice versa*. The Versoix is also good, one hour and a half by train from Lausanne. Both rivers are open wading is necessary. There is good trolling in the Lac de Bret, 10 m. off; leave must be obtained. Fair trouting in Orbe, 1½ hours by rail.
- Lucerne.**—There is fair trolling in the lake; pike, perch, and trout. In the river any quantity of chub may be taken, and occasionally some fine trout and grayling. The flies for the lake should be large but sombre. The river flies are the yellows, and a fly with a green body, red hackle, and red partridge tail wing.
- Meiringen.**—On Konder. Trout may be taken with a sunk grasshopper in the eddies. (*Hotel, Sauvage.*) There is a small trout stream 3 m. off. There are a few trout in Aar; all fishing free.
- Morgenthal.**—On Aar; trout and grayling. The fishing is fair. There is a little stream joining Aar here in which good sport can be had. The innkeeper gives leave.
- Mülheim.** (*See Constance.*)
- Neuchâtel.**—On the lake of Neuchâtel; plenty of large trout, pike, perch, &c. Bottom fishing can be had at the Pierre à Mazel, a small rock about 100 yards from the port of Neuchâtel. Very large perch can be killed here.
- Orbe.**—About 12 m. from Lausanne on the Lake of Geneva. The Hôtel de France is good. Fair grayling fishing. At Val Orbe, 14 m. up stream, there are a few trout.
- Poschiavo.**—*Hotel: Croce Bianca.* On Lake Poschiavo; large trout.
- Schaffhausen.**—On Rhine; salmon are sometimes taken trolling, a few trout are caught occasionally, and there are plenty of pike, chub, and perch. The Schweitzerhof is a good hotel, and grants leave to fish. The Laufen Hotel, opposite the Schweitzerhof Hotel, is very good. Salmon fishing below the fall; permission freely granted. The best method is to trail an artificial bait from the ferry canoe. A mackintosh necessary in any weather. There are fine trout, perch, chub, and a fish called nose, from the length of his prominent upper jaw—a species of grayling; they are abundant.
- Sirt.**—*Hotel: Du Fer à Cheval.* Good sporting quarters. Plenty of trout.
- Stachelberg, Baths of.** (*See Glarus.*)
- St. Blaise.**—On the Thiele. There are fish in the river, but they rise very badly.
- St. Gothard.**—There are trout in the Lake of St. Gothard, but few in the river.
- St. Moritz.** (Upper Engadine).—A day's diligence journey from Chur. There are several large hotels. There are three lakes connected by the Inn, all containing trout. The upper lake, Silser See, is the best, distant six miles. There is a clean little inn here, the Alpen Roas.
- Storiz.**—On Aa. Poor fishing, owing to the foul water. The Bridge of Wyl, a short way above the town, is a good spot.
- Tavannes** (Berne).—On river Birs. There is a good inn here.
- Thun.**—(*See Berne.*) There is good spinning in the lake, and fly-fishing for trout and grayling in the river. The red grouse and black palmer tied rough are good flies, mounted on No. 7 or No. 8 hooks. Salmon may also be killed. The Hôtel de la Croix Blanche and the Belle Vue are good.
- Thunis** (Via-Mala).—On Rhine. There is fly-fishing here, and also in a stream a mile off. The Via-Mala Hotel is very good.
- Travers.** (*See Cottaiwald.*)
- Uster** (Zurich).—There is fishing in the stream connecting Pfaff Lake with the Grifensee.
- Vallorbe.**—There is good trouting in Lac de Joux. Good accommodation.
- Vevey.**—On Lake of Geneva; trout, perch, pike, &c. There is fair trout fishing on the river Veveys, which runs into Geneva here.
- Visp.**—At Nœnbrücke; trouting can be had in the Rhone.
- Winterthur.** (Zurich). (*See Andelfingen.*)
- Zell.**—There is a lake here, and the fishing is good.

AUSTRALASIA.

General Information.—There are plenty of various kinds of fish in all the rivers and water holes. The Murray cod is a large fish, running up to 100lb. They are very good eating. The bream are something like the English bream, but much better eating. They afford capital sport. At Seymour, 500 miles above the junction of the Goulburn with the Murray, the fishing is very good. Large-sized Limerick hooks are the best to take out, which answer well for yellow perch, bream, cod, and large eels. In the upper part of the Hunter, dapping for perch with a grasshopper is good. Quantities of little fish the size of bleak, may be taken with an artificial fly. In almost every one of the rivers on the Australian continent which flow southward and eastward, from the great chain of hills which run more or less parallel to the coast, very good sport may be had with the artificial fly from October to April. The fish is the Australian grayling (*Noto-thymallus australis*, McCoy), which swarms in all the running streams wherever there are rocks and gravel—certainly from the Glenelg, on the borders of South Australia, around the coast as far east and north as the Hunter in New South Wales. It breeds in the winter months on the long flat banks of sand and gravel, and in summer is

found in the shallow broken water, in localities precisely similar to those in which one would look for a grayling in an English river. In weight the Australian grayling averages from 1lb. to 1lb. when in season. They will take almost any fly which kills grayling in England, showing a preference for the duns, the black and red ant, and the midge. The hooks should be of the smallest size (No. 12 or 13), and the tackle of the finest possible description. At Anderson's Creek, on the Yarra, about thirty miles above Melbourne, is a good spot. In the Gippsland rivers the sport is better, and the fish larger. The upper waters of the Mitchell, the Macalister, the Dargo, &c., swarm with grayling. In the pools a fish called here the "perch" (a species of the genus *Lates*), going up to 8lb. or 10lb. in weight, with large golden scales, and excellent eating, is found. A small frog, trolled as if for a pike, is a good bait for him. The English salmon and trout are now fully established in the colony. In a few years Tasmania promises to afford the finest angling in the world, if the colonists will only take care of the fish.

Melbourne.—A good many species and varieties of fish are to be found in bays and rivers, within easy distances, and at certain seasons. In the former the pilchard has been taken. A variety of mackerel, too, affords good sport. Another fish is often taken in the upper parts of the bay—the snapper. It makes its appearance twice during the year, March and September, and is sometimes taken off the piers up to 25lb. by means of strong hand lines. Another fish frequently taken in the bay, and by the same means, is known as the pike. In form it much resembles the river pike; but it differs materially from those in colour, being a sort of silvery-grey on the back, and glistening white on the sides and belly. Some of them are nearly a yard in length, but seldom exceed 5lb. or 6lb. in weight. The pike has a pretty close resemblance to another fish sometimes, though not often, taken in the bay, known as the baracouta, a very voracious creature, who will strike at a piece of white or red rag, or even a bit of wood. They are most readily taken with a line or lines let over a ship's or a boat's stern when scudding under a stiff breeze. In New Zealand it abounds to an extraordinary degree. Another fish very abundant at times here is known as colonial salmon, and which, when they come close in shore, afford capital sport.

Tasmania.—The following are some of the fish to be caught here:—*Trumpeter*: Weight 1lb. to 40lb. or more. Recherche Bay, some sixty miles from Hobart Town, is the great ground. When on the feed they are a very resolute, bold-biting fish. They move in shoals. Try and keep them round you with plenty of burly, and be careful not to let one break away after being hooked, or the whole lot will most probably bolt.—*Bass* or *Bastard Trumpeter*: This fish sometimes takes a small hook when rod-fishing for mullet. Weight, 1lb. to 7lb.—*Ling*: Very rare. Weight, 1lb. to 8lb.—*Perch*: Very similar in shape to the English fresh-water of same name; weight, 2oz. to 8oz.; are black-red and silver; black the best, 1lb. to 8lb.; these fish give good sport. The white are caught near the city, the black farther down. Adventure Bay, thirty miles distant, is a good spot.—*Bream*: 6oz. to 3lb. Much like the British bream in shape, usually caught in brackish water, or just above it; fine eating, and good sport. Bait, a shrimp is the best; mussel next.—*Trevally*: Weight, 1lb. to 6lb.—*Mullet*: Tasmanian herring. Weight, 3oz. to 1lb.—*Salmon*: A coarse fish, weighing from 1lb. to 12lb. It must be cooked very fresh, or is unsafe.—*Flathead*: White and firm eating. Requires careful handling, as it possesses two little poisonous spikes on either side of his flat head. Weight, 2oz. to 4lb.—*Rock Cod*: Rather delicate, but a little soft. Late in the afternoon or evening is the great time to catch them. Weight, 3lb. to 10lb.—*Baracouta* (3lb. to 10lb.), *Kingfish* (4lb. to 15lb.): Saltwater pikes, shaped like a jack, with abundance of teeth. Very abundant. Tow a piece of red wood with one or two hooks attached, barbs filed off, and they seize it on the top of the water. As soon as you have got him aboard you can easily shake the hook clear. *Kingfish* are always caught at night, near the bottom, and a hook without barb should be used with them. There are also *whiting*, scarce; *sprats*, not looked after; *skate*, and a few other coarse fish; amongst these are *horse mackerel*, *parrot fish*, and *leather jackets*, both the latter with rat-like teeth, and the last are very troublesome, cutting off your bait without your being able to feel them.—*Conger Eels*: Very large; from 10lb. to an enormous size.—*Guard Fish*, *Flounders*, and *Soles*: The latter scarce, but inferior to the flounder, which is remarkably good. The last three are seine fish only. The mode of fishing is generally with a hand line from a boat, two or three hooks are best on small outriggers (about four to six near Hobart Town) for perch, flathead, and trevally; rock cod require a larger hook. As you go down to the ocean you use larger up to No. 5, according to circumstances. A sinker is used at the bottom, with the lowest hook just off the ground. With anything like a Dartmouth rig (the snood and hooks below the sinker) you would constantly lose your bait before you got your line or snood up from the bottom. For real trumpeter try by letting down a sinker, hollow at bottom to contain fat, and not dropping the killick until you find coral or weed; rock or sand will not do. Rod fishing from wharves, rocks, &c., is good amusement at times with small fish, with no float, a small sinker, and two or three No. 5 Limerick hooks. Mullet give the largest amount of sport. You usually vary the contents of your basket with a mixture of flathead, trevally, and perch; very rarely indeed by a bastard trumpeter and rock cod later in the day or evening. The fresh-water herring—often called the fresh-water mullet, or cucumber fish—is a very delicate fish; it is from 5in. to 9in. in length, and will very frequently take a fly. When bottom fishing from a boat, it is generally in very strong running water; consequently, you require a large cork float balanced by a ledger lead or similar, or your hook would not get down till it had awum past you. Plumb the depth, and fish a very little off the bottom; a No. 6, 7, or 8 Limerick

hook, partly concealed by a turn round of red hackle, and a gentle on the point. Throw up stream, and watch the float as it swims past; strike very quickly, but not too strongly. You often hook a fish just at the end of the swim, as you pull up for a fresh cast. There is a pretty little (native) fish called trout, spotted, but with no scales, which is very plentiful in most fresh-water creeks. It is about 3in. or so long, and can be caught in large quantities by using a fine line, and the two top joints of your rod; bait, a gentle.

NEW ZEALAND.

General Directions.—Take plenty of strong eel lines with you, as the eels are very large and numerous. The sea fishing is also good. In the Taranaki province the so-called mountain trout are to be found. The *Salmo fario* is now thoroughly established, and grows to an enormous size. The trouting is the finest in the world.

ADDENDA.

ENGLAND.

Canterbury.—Members of the Stour Fishery Preservation Society limit their members to 20 resident and 20 non-resident; entrance 84s., s.t. 84s.

Littleport.—Dr. Coombs, of Littleport, is now sec. of the association. Line 3—*for* "C. Goddard," *read* "C. South, Railway Crossing." Line 8—*instead of* "with Capt. Taylor's water," *read* "with Mr. H. S. Luddington's water, which extends from Capt. Taylor's for 1 m. towards Littleport; a limited number of permissions granted by Mr. Luddington and Mr. W. C. Peacock."

IRELAND.

Ballynahinch.—There are twenty-one stands for salmon and sea trout, and five for sea trout only; boats free. A visitor can take out a friend or friends on his stand for 5s. each per diem; this includes ladies. The charge for friends on the sea-trout stands is 2s. 6d. No Sunday fishing.

NOTABLE FISH.

Date.

Fish.

Weight.

REMARKS.

lbs. oz.

NOTABLE FISH.

Date.

Fish.

Weight.

REMARKS.

lbs.

oz.

DIARY.

NOTABLE FISH.

[illegible]

NOTABLE FISH.

[illegible]

DIARY.

NOTABLE FISH.

Date.

Fish.

Weight.

REMARKS.

lbs.

oz.

DATE												
—	No.	lbs.	oz.	No.	lbs.	oz.	No.	lbs.	oz.	No.	lbs.	oz.
Salmon												
Grilse												
Sea Trout...												
Ferox												
Brown Trout												
Grayling ...												
Chub												
Dace												
Roach												
Pike												
Perch												
Bream												
Barbel												
Carp												
Tench												
TOTAL												
Largest fish killed ...												
REMARKS...												

DIARY.

TOTAL.[illegible]

DATE												
—	No.	lbs.	oz.	No.	lbs.	oz.	No.	lbs.	oz.	No.	lbs.	oz.
Salmon												
Grilse												
Sea Trout...												
Ferox												
Brown Trout												
Grayling ...												
Chub												
Dace												
Roach												
Pike												
Perch												
Bream												
Barbel												
Carp												
Tench												
TOTAL												
Largest fish killed ...												
REMARKS...												

Digitized by Google

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

MEMORANDA.

Date.

DIARY.

MEMORANDA.

Date.

MEMORANDA.

Date.

DIARY.

MEMORANDA.

Date.

MEMORANDA.

Date.

THE FIELD,

THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN'S NEWSPAPER.

Published every Saturday, price. Sixpence.

LEADERS

ON interesting Sporting subjects are given every week in **THE FIELD**.

"SHOOTING."

CONTENTS: Original Articles and Correspondence on Shooting Adventures, Game Preservation, New Guns, Cartridges, and all the paraphernalia of a sportsman.

"ANGLING."

ARTICLES and Correspondence on Fishing, Reports from the Rivers, Fish Preservation and Culture, and all matters connected with river, lake, or sea fishing.

"HUNTING."

DESCRIPTION of Hunting Countries, reports of Runs with the various Packs of Hounds, Hunting Appointments, Visits to the Kennels, Notes from the Shires, &c., are given during the season.

"THE TURF."

REPORTS of all the principal Race and Steeplechase Meetings are given, together with Notes and Anticipations on Future Events, Sales of Blood Stock, &c.

"COURSEING."

REPORTS of all Meetings are given weekly for the duration of the season.

"DOGS AND HORSES."

ARTICLES and Correspondence on the above subjects, Reports of Horse and Dog Shows, &c.

"THE VETERINARIAN"

GIVES full and practical instruction for the management of Cattle in health and disease.

"THE COUNTRY HOUSE."

UNDER this heading will be found Articles, Notes, Queries, &c., on all Subjects and Inventions that concern the Country House.

"POULTRY AND PIGEONS."

ARTICLES on their management, accounts of Pigeon Races, &c.

"ARCHERY."

ALL the principal Matches throughout the United Kingdom are reported during the season.

A CHESS PROBLEM

IS given constantly, with annotated Games, and Chess news.

Also Articles relating to "THE NATURALIST," "FOREIGN FIELD SPORTS," "RACQUETS," "BILLIARDS," &c., &c.

SUBSCRIPTION—Quarterly, 7s.; Half-Yearly, 14s.; Yearly, £1 8s.

"GOLF."

REPORTS of Golf Contests, Description of Links, &c.

"LAWN TENNIS."

REPORTS of all the principal Matches, and Notes on the Formation of Courts, &c.

"SWIMMING."

FULL REPORTS of all the principal Contests of the Season.

"YACHTING."

ARTICLES on Yacht Building, Reports of Matches, Accounts of Cruises, Correspondence, Yacht Intelligence, &c.

"ROWING."

REPORTS of Matches and Regattas, Articles on Training.

"ATHLETIC SPORTS"

ARE fully reported every week during the season.

"FOOTBALL"

REPORTS of Association and Rugby Matches during the season.

"BICYCLING AND TRICYCLING."

REPORTS of the principal Races, Descriptions of New Machines, Accounts of Tours, &c.

"CRICKET."

FULL and accurate Reports of all Matches of interest are given during the season.

"TRAVEL AND COLONISATION"

CONTAINS Articles upon Explorations in little known parts of the world, their capabilities for colonisation, stock-raising, sport, &c.

"THE FARM"

GIVES practical advice for the proper management of Farms (both arable and pasture) and Farm Stock, Reports of Agricultural Shows, Sales of Shorthorns, &c.

"THE GARDEN."

PRACTICAL instruction for laying out and managing Flower and Kitchen Gardens, Grape Houses, Orchard Houses, Forcing Beds, &c., are given.

"CARDS."

WHIST Hands illustrated by "Cavendish," with Notes on other Games.

OFFICE: BREAM'S BUILDINGS, LONDON, E.C.

THOMAS & SONS' FLY-FISHING JACKET,

MADE IN

"Rain but not Air-proof" West of England Tweeds,
In which hooks will not readily stick; are wonderfully impervious to weather. No buttons to catch the line. Plenty of good pockets for fly books. Will not work up round the neck in casting. Made according to practical suggestions from the most celebrated anglers of the day.

"A thing of comfort and a joy for ever."—*Vide*

TESTIMONIALS.

"Red Spinner," Angling Editor of the "*Field*," writing on Fishermen's Comforts, says :

"A distinctive suit for fishing is money well spent; and the fly-fisher especially requires something more than the commonplace cut of jacket. For years I read a small paragraph at the bottom of one of the *Field* columns advertising the Thomas fly-fishing jacket, and smiled at the notion that such an article could be anything different from the ordinary shooting coat or Norfolk jacket. It was said to have gusset sleeves, a fastening for the wrist, plenty of good pockets for fly books, and that it would not work up round the neck in casting. The time came when, at the persuasion of a friend, I got one, and can say that in fly-fishing or spinning I never previously knew what real comfort in casting was, the 'gusset sleeves' allowing of that perfect freedom of the shoulders so seldom realised."

R. B. Marston, Esq., Editor of the "*Fishing Gazette*," says :

"I have worn one of Thomas and Sons' fly-fishing jackets for some time, and can speak highly of it."

Sir Henry Clavering, Bart., writes :

"The fishing jacket has arrived. It is a perfect fit, and leaves nothing to be desired. The material could not be better."

THOMAS & SONS,
SPORTING TAILORS,
32, BROOK STREET, LONDON, W.
BRANCH—60, CASTLE STREET, LIVERPOOL.

1892 Back

HARDY'S GOLD MEDAL CANE-BUILT RODS,

As made for the late H.R.H. Prince Albert Victor and leading Sportsmen.

With and without Steel Centres. For Salmon, Trout, Grayling, Mahseer, &c.

The GOLD MEDAL, "FISHERIES" EXHIBITION, LONDON, 1883.

Only PRIZE MEDAL "INVENTIONS" EXHIBITION, LONDON, 1885.

Only GOLD MEDAL, LIVERPOOL, 1886. Only PRIZE MEDAL, NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE, 1887.

1889, Awards PARIS and COLOGNE.

THIRTY-ONE PRIZE MEDALS, &c., Largest Number held by any House in the World.

Only Makers of "H. C. Pennell's," "H. S. Hall's," "Marston," "Kelson," "Hi Regan," "Red Spinner," and "Major Tule's" Pattern Cane-built Fly Rods, &c.

The "PERFECTION," "GEM," "BADMINTON," the "PERFECT TEST" ROD, the celebrated "ALNWICK" GREENHEART, and "HOTSPUR" RODS.

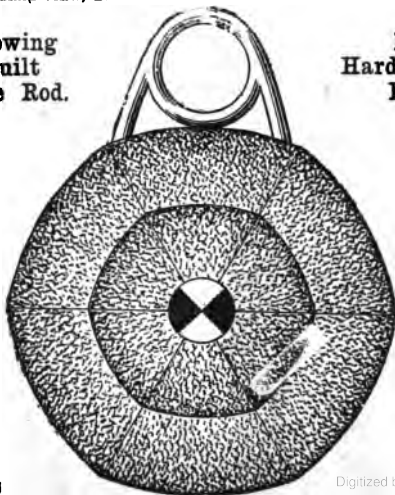


(GENERAL VIEW) LONDON AND NORTH BRITISH WORKS, ALNWICK.

Section showing
Double Built
Steel Centre Rod.

ALL RODS
SHOULD BE
FITTED
WITH THESE
RINGS.

CATALOGUE
FREE FOR
THREE
STAMPS.



Fitted with
Hardy's New Patent
Bridge Ring.

THE ONLY
PERFECT
RING
IN
EXISTENCE.

CATALOGUE
FREE FOR
THREE
STAMPS.

**HARDY
BROTHERS,**

**LONDON & NORTH
BRITISH WORKS,
Alnwick, England**

Digitized by

ANDERSONS'

ONLY
LONDON ADDRESS,

37,
QUEEN VICTORIA
STREET,
LONDON, E.C.

The "BUCKLAND" WADERS for LADIES.



Entered at
H.M. Stationers' Hall.

SEND
FOR

NEW
Illustrated

PRICE
LIST,
GIVING FULL
PARTICULARS

OF EVERY

WATERPROOF
REQUISITE FOR

River, Loch, and Sea Fishing.

Digitized by Google



HARVARD COLLEGE LIBRARY

GIFT OF

DANIEL B. FEARING

CLASS OF 1882 · · · A.M. 1911

OF NEWPORT

· 1915 ·

THIS BOOK IS NOT TO BE SOLD OR EXCHANGED

